



C. D. MURRAY, Editor. D. C. ZAHM, Publisher.

WEDNESDAY, NOVEMBER 16, 1859.

S. M. Pettengill & Co.

Advertising Agents, 119 Nassau Street, New York, and 10 State street, Boston, are the authorized Agents for the 'DEMOCRAT & SENTINEL' and the most influential and largest circulating Newspapers in the United States and Canada.

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The Reign of Abolitionism Over.

When the Democracy in 1856 denounced the Black Republican party as a Sectional organization, its leaders denied the charge. While they were endeavoring to scatter the principles of Abolitionism broadcast over the North, they denied that they were in favor of the dissolution of the Union, or of interfering in the Southern States. Yet the wrongs of the negro, the evils of Slavery and the encroachments of the South, or the rights of the Northern States, were the 'sum and substance of all their speeches, and all of the political articles in their News papers, thus giving to Abolitionism a position of far greater importance than it ever before occupied.

Through their Emigrant Aid Societies, they sent to Kansas, armed with Sharp's Rifles, such men as the miscreant Brown, who faithfully carried out the instructions they had received before leaving home, by fomenting rebellion in the territory and getting up battles on a small scale with the Southern settlers, in order to sustain Greely and his confederates in their talk about bleeding Kansas. Yet they continued to deny that they were Sectionalists or Abolitionists, and called on National men to rally beneath their Standard. The Democracy in that contest defeated them, although they showed that they were powerful in the Northern States. Since then they have been more farless in upholding their Abolition Platform and the 'irrepressible conflict' doctrine of Senator Seward, the practical workings, which were recently fearfully illustrated by the Harper's Ferry insurrection. The mask by which their party endeavored to conceal its principles, has at length been torn off and no National man will hereafter have anything to do with it. Many of its most prominent leaders now stand before the world, the equal of John Brown in guilt and infamy, and equally worthy of the fate which awaits him in a few weeks. The Democratic party in the Northern States are now in a position in which they can easily recover their former strength. The people are indignant at the course the Black Republican party has recently pursued and see the necessity of electing a Democratic President next year, in order to prevent the dissolution of the Union. The Democratic Watchmen are already justifiable in exclaiming 'the storm is over, and day is breaking.'

Under these circumstances, the inquiry who shall we select for our standard bearer next year? becomes one of very great importance. The party can at present boast of a number of able, patriotic and experienced statesmen, any one of whom would make an available candidate, and if elected a model President. But the party also unfortunately contains several aspiring demagogues, who have attained positions to which they should never have been elevated. They will endeavor to control the Charleston Convention, and labor to secure the nomination of their chief. The Democracy have it in their power to prevent this, by sending Delegates to the convention, who will secure the nomination of a patriotic statesman who upholds the doctrines of Jefferson, Jackson and Buchanan. As this is a subject of considerable importance we will refer to it again next week.

The Elections.

Wherever elections have been held during the present year, the Democracy have gained largely on the opposition vote of last year. Notwithstanding the illegal voting in Baltimore, we have carried Maryland by a large majority. It will be recollected that Mr. Fillmore carried the State in 1856 for President. She is now Democratic, and will cast her vote for the nominee of the Charleston Convention. In New York the vote is close but it is probable that our State Ticket is elected. At all events New York is no longer a Black Republican State. Like Maryland she will be all right in 1860. In New Jersey, we have gained largely on the Republican vote of last year, and the same may be said of Ohio, Pennsylvania, Indiana, Iowa &c. The day is breaking & the 'signs of promise' foretell a great political triumph next year.

A Cold Snap.—On last Sunday old mother earth made her appearance enrobed in a mantle of snow. Since then the weather has been quite cold, and the sleighing on the Carrolltown Plank Road excellent.

Mordecai is out of town this week. He started on Monday morning for Monk-barns, the residence of Jonathan Oldbuck Author of 'the History of Cambria County.' He will spend several days with Jonathan who is 'well stricken in years,' and who will doubtless rejoice to see once more, the friend of his early days. When Mordecai returns, we hope to have a very friendly and interesting chat with him.

We would call the attention of our readers to the much improved Fan-auge cutter and Stuffer, and every thing else that a man could think of, in the way of Cutlery and Tinware to be had at the shop of George Huntley.

We were gratified yesterday at meeting on High street, Mr. John D. Hughes, late Mayor of our city. He removed a few weeks ago to Johnstown, and opened a clothing store there. Mr. Hughes is a gentleman, and as a Tailor is hard to beat. While he resided here, he was famous for selling good and cheap clothing. We hope our Johnstown neighbors will properly appreciate his worth, and extend to him a liberal patronage.

In Town.—Mr. Charles Litzinger, formerly of this place, now Book Keeper of the Scott House Pittsburg. He looks well; few persons are better qualified than Charlie for the post of clerk or book keeper in a first class hotel.

We have been prevented by business this week, from giving the usual amount of time and attention to our Editorial duties. We will however make it 'all right' next week.

According to Harpers Weekly, Edmund Burk, the celebrated Irish Orator, was the author of the celebrated saying, so often quoted in obituary notices; 'What shadows we are and what shadows we pursue.'

THE IRON CITY COLLEGE, of Pittsburg, Pa. is now the largest Commercial School in this country.—Pittsburg Dispatch.

Lycium.—The following question has been selected for discussion at the Lycium on next Friday evening. Resolved.—That no American patriot, or friend of the Union, should be in favor of the Execution of John Brown, for his conduct at Harper's Ferry.

The ladies are respectfully invited to attend. EDWARD J. EVANS, Pres.

Another Bear Killed.—A large Bear was killed near the residence of Mr. John M. Bridge, on the Ebensburg & Jefferson Plank Road, on last Monday, by Mr. M. Bridge and two other persons. It weighed one hundred pounds. Several of the carmines are reported to be lurking in the woods south of this place. They are also, we learn, as plenty as 'black-berries,' in the neighborhood of St. Augustine in this county, and several have been killed. The lovers of rare sport, should at once bestir themselves.

Those of our Ebensburg readers who love prime fresh oysters, should call around at the Saloon of Mr. George W. Wisegarver. All the arrangements of the Saloon are tip top, and the oysters large, fresh and juicy. Don't forget to call.

Senator Douglas is now laying dangerously ill at Washington.

We commend the following article from the Hollidaysburg Standard to those of our Republican friends who are in the habit of maintaining that their Party does not sympathize with the Ossawatimie Hero and his followers:

Republican sympathy.—That the Republicans sympathize with Brown and his followers, in their bloody work at Harper's Ferry, if indeed, they do not justify them, is evident from the tone of their leading journals. The New York Tribune, the leading organ of that party is very warm in its support of the desperadoes. When, as at first reported, it was supposed that Brown was mortally wounded, Greely exclaimed: 'We will not, by one reproachful word disturb the bloody shrouds wherein John Brown and his compatriots are sleeping.'

What touching sympathy the leaders of the Black Republicans evince for murderers and traitors! What have you to say about the 'bloody shrouds' of the innocent persons who were shot down by 'John Brown and his compatriots?' And again he says: 'Let the epitaph remain unwritten until the not distant day when no slave shall clank his chains in the shades of Monticello, or by the graves of Mount Vernon.'

Does this not foreshadow more treason, insurrections and murders? Has the 'irrepressible conflict' commenced, and is it to be carried on by fire and sword? Does it call for blood? Are the leaders of the Republican party nothing but an organized band of incendiaries? Such language as we have quoted from Greely's Tribune is, at this time, not only incorrect, it is dangerous; and if persisted in may lead to other and more bloody tragedies than that enacted at Harper's Ferry.

We might quote many extracts from other prominent Republican papers, breathing the same spirit, but deem the foregoing sufficient for the present.

Two Bright Spots.—There are two townships in York county which did nobly at the last election. Look at the returns: Codorus Wright 311 Cochran 311 Mauheim 151 0!!!

Heaven is not to be had by men's barely wishing for it.

There is a company now forming in St. Louis, under the name and style of the 'St. Louis Silver Mining Company,' with a capital of \$150,000, to mine for silver in Arizona. \$25,000—the first assessment, has been paid in, and this is considered a sufficient amount to commence operations on a liberal and profitable scale. The organization is under the general act of incorporation of this State.

The Tennessee Legislature has before it a proposition to expel all free negroes from the State after the first of January 1862.

Quince Blossoms.—Mr. George Gerhart, at the first toll gate on the New Holland turnpike, Lancaster county, has a quince tree now full of blossoms, which bore fruit during the summer. It was raised from the seed and sent from Germany, and was transplanted last February.

A free ride over the railroad is offered as many as five hundred editors, who may wish to witness Congress in session during the winter.

Thousands of wagons are now on the route from Missouri, destined for Grayson, Collin, and the adjoining counties of Texas.

The amount of gold produced during the last ten years by the mines of California and Australia is said to be \$1,400,000,000.

A destructive fire is telegraphed from New Orleans. It extended seven squares—Loss \$250,000. Sixty dwelling were destroyed. The firemen could not get water enough. The fire was the work of an incendiary.

At the recent election in Jefferson Territory for a Delegate to Congress, resulted in the choice of B. D. Williams, Esq., a gentleman of ability and a decided Democrat.

On Monday last, a boy in New York, whilst on his way to the Park Bank, was robbed of \$4,000 in Eastern bills, belonging to his employer, J. Frost, a broker. The robber dashed a quantity of spirits of turpentine into the boys face, and then seized the package of money, and escaped.

The engine, tender, baggage and first passenger cars were thrown off the track of the Pon du Lac Railroad, near Watertown, Wisconsin, a number of persons killed and wounded. The train was an excursion, and the accident was caused by a bull.

A late Utah city paper mentions the arrival of a company of European saints, who came in fifty-six wagons, and numbered about four hundred souls, mostly from Scandinavia. There were six deaths and three burials on their journey of three months through the country.

Brown, the leader of the Harper's Ferry insurrection, spoke from the same stand with Gov. Chase at a political meeting held in Cleveland some four months ago. Chase and Brown were then hand and glove, advocating the same political sentiments.

'We will not, by one reproachful word, disturb the bloody shrouds wherein John Brown and his compatriots are sleeping.'—New York Tribune.

James G. Henderson, who claimed to have invented perpetual motion, died at Free-hoie, New Jersey, on last Saturday. A small machine, one of the earliest made by him, is said to be now running in Brooklyn, N. Y., where it has kept up a ceaseless ticking for nearly six years.

The appropriation for carrying on the Artesian well at Columbus, Ohio, has been exhausted, and the work has stopped unfinished, with the well at the depth of 2-340 feet, four feet deeper than any other Artesian well in the world.

The express from Pike's Peak arrived at Leavenworth on Tuesday night, with the comfortable sum of \$30,000 on consignment and in the hands of passengers. This does not look as if the 'Pike's Peak stories were 'all humbug.'

The churches in New York city were all crowded on last Sabbath, on account of the election coming off on Tuesday. All the political sinners in the city go to church— that is become religious—about election times in order to get the respectable vote. If they are benefited by it, it is a pity we haven't elections all year.

United States Senator from California.—It is rumored that Governor Weller has concluded to appoint a United States Senator to fill the vacancy occasioned by the death of Mr. Broderick, until such time as the Legislature shall elect a successor, and that the fortunate man is Major Samuel J. Hensley, President of the California Steam Navigation Company. We doubt the truth of the rumor and give it for what it is worth. Major Hensley is not a very active politician.

John C. Fremont headed the list of subscribers in California, to the monument to the late Senator Broderick. He gives \$500.

Hon Wm Preston, Minister of the United States at the Court of Madrid, has been granted leave of absence, and is expected to reach his home during this month. He returns on important private business, and his stay will probably be brief.

It is stated that J. Edgar Thompson, Esq., the present efficient President of the Pennsylvania Railroad Company has accepted the Presidency of the Pacific Railroad Company at a salary of \$80,000 a year— This is a large salary indeed. We presume Mr Thompson will continue to fill both offices as President.

The Carlisle (Pa.) Democrat warmly supports the nomination of George Sandersou Esq., the Editor of the Lancaster Intelligencer, as the next Democratic candidate for Governor of Pennsylvania.

At the residence of his father in Johnstown, on Sunday, 6th inst., of Consumption, Dr. THOMAS ROBERTS, aged 27 years and 10 months.

Brown's Speech.—The Clerk having asked Brown whether he had anything to say why sentence should not be pronounced, Brown stood up, and in a clear and distinct voice said:—

'I have, may it please the Court, a few words to say. In the first place, I deny everything but what I have all along admitted, the design on my part to free the slaves. I intended certainly to have made a clean thing of that matter, as I did last winter, when I went into Missouri and there took the slaves without the snapping of a gun on either side, moved them through the country, and finally left them in Canada. I designed to have done the same again on a larger scale; that was all I intended. I never did intend to commit murder or treason, or destroy property, or to excite or incite the slaves to rebellion, and to make an insurrection. I have another objection, and that is it is unjust that I should suffer such a penalty had I interfered in the manner which I admit, and which I admit had been fairly proved. I admire the truthfulness and candor of the greater portion of the witnesses who have testified in this case. Had I so interfered in behalf of the rich, the powerful, the intelligent, the so called great, or in behalf of their friends, either father, mother, brother, sister, wife or children, or any of that class, and suffered or sacrificed what I have in this interference, it would have been all right, every man in this court would have deemed it an act worthy of reward, rather than punishment.

'This Court acknowledges, as I suppose, the validity of the law of God. I see a book kissed here, which, I suppose, to be the bible, or at least the new testament, that teaches me that all things whatsoever I would that men should do to me I should do even so to them; it teaches me further to remember them that are in bonds as bound with them, I endeavored to act up to that instruction. I say I am yet too young to understand that God is any respecter of person, I believe, that to have interfered as I have done.

'I have always freely admitted, what I have done in behalf of his despised poor race was no wrong but right. Now it is deemed necessary that it should forfeit my life for the furtherance of the ends of justice and mingle my blood further with the blood of my children and with the blood of millions in this slave country, whose rights are disregarded by wicked, cruel and unjust enactments. I admit so let it be done. Let me say one word further, I feel entirely satisfied with the treatment I have received on my trial, considering all the circumstances, it has been more generous than I expected; but I feel no consciousness of guilt, I have stated from the first what was my intention and what was not. I never had any design against the life of any person nor any disposition to commit treason or excite the slave to rebel or make any general insurrection. I never encouraged any man to do so, but always discouraged any idea of that kind. Let me say also in regard to the statements made by some of those connected with me, I heard it has been stated by some of them that I induced them to join me, but the contrary is true I do not say this to injure them, but as regretting their weakness. Not one joined me but of his own accord, and a greater part at their own expense. A number of them I never saw and never had a word of conversation with till the day they came to me, and that was for the purpose I have stated. Now I have done.'

Brown was then sentenced to be hung in public on Friday, the second day of December.

Trial of the Harper's Ferry Insurrection.—CHARLESTOWN, Nov. 10.—The Court remained in session until 9 o'clock, when the jury in the case of Cook rendered a verdict of guilty, on the charge of murder and insurrection.

Before the jury retired to consider upon the verdict, Mr. Voorhes delivered a most powerful appeal in favor of the prisoner, which drew tears from the eyes of the most unbiassed of his auditors.

This morning, a motion for a new trial for Cook made by his counsel was argued, and finally overruled by the Judge.

Mr. Harding, the District Attorney, refuses to sign a 'nolle pro.' in favor of Stephens, demanding that he shall be tried by the Virginia State Court. The Court has however handed the prisoner to the United States Marshal, paying no attention to the objections of Mr. Harding.

It is rumored that Green, Coppes, Copeland, and Cook, will all be executed on the same day with Brown.

CHARLESTOWN, Nov. 10.—Evening.—The Court to-day sentenced Cook, Greene, Coppes, and Copeland, to be executed on Friday the 16th of December. It is supposed that Governor Wise will respite Brown and execute the whole of the condemned prisoners on the same day. The Court has adjourned for the term.

About the most remarkable piece of brutality we have ever heard of was perpetrated on Thursday evening in Cincinnati. Some persons unknown caught a little daughter of Mr. Charles Reith, only two years old, stripped and covered her from head to foot with tar, and let her find her home in that condition. No cause is assigned. The father had offered a reward of \$50 for the villains.

The 24th of this month, will be observed as Thanksgiving in fifteen States, namely: Maine, New Hampshire, Massachusetts, Rhode Island, Connecticut, New York, New Jersey, Pennsylvania, Kentucky, Indiana, Michigan, Alabama, South Carolina, North Carolina and Minnesota. Thus far the same day has been fixed upon in all the States where the festival has been appointed.

A party of sportsmen, three in number recently returned from a day's hunt in the neighborhood of Seymour, Ind., bringing in two hundred and twenty quails, sixty-one quails, and twenty pheasants, some pigeons, snipes, and other small game.

At the Chester County Agricultural Exhibition, were three pumpkins, exhibited by Lewis McCullough, of West Goshen, weighing respectively 130, 100 and 80 pounds They command the first premium. Some pumpkins, those.

No man can avoid his own company.—he had better make it as good as possible.

Five Days Later from Europe.—Steamer Hungarian off Cape Race. St. John's N. F. Nov. 10.—The steamship Hungarian, from Liverpool, with dates to the 21st inst., has passed Cape Race. She made the trip in eight days from Liverpool. Her dates are five days later than received by the City of Baltimore, at New York.

The ship Charles Holmes from Liverpool bound to Mobile, was totally wrecked during the gale that has proved so fatal along the English coast. All her crew perished.

The Emperor Napoleon has written to King Victor Emmanuel, urging him to assent to the Villafranca agreement, so as to carry out the treaty of peace with Austria.

The steamer Hungarian sent into this port forty-two persons, that had been saved from the wreck of a vessel from Labrador, through the exertions of the Captain and crew of the steamer. The Hungarian proceeded on her voyage. She is bound to Portland, in accordance with the usual winter arrangements of the Canadian line.

The Hungarian passed the steamer Indian from Quebec bound to Liverpool, on the 31st inst.

The Hungarian arrived on the 29th ult., and the City of Manchester and Canada on the 30th ult.

Another heavy gale had occurred on the English coast, but no disasters by it to American vessels had been reported at Liverpool when the Hungarian sailed.

The Liverpool papers continue to furnish information regarding the wreck of the Royal Charter, but no new facts had been developed.

The prospects of recovering the half million sterling of gold were less encouraging, although extensive preparations for the purpose were being made.

ITALY.—The King of Sardinia had received a letter from the Emperor of France, urging his assent to the terms of treaty with Austria.

Among other things, Napoleon makes the following demands:—That the Duchy of Parma shall be united to Piedmont.

Tuscany shall be augmented to territory and restored to the Grand Duke.

And that the projected Confederation of the States of Italy, shall (with moderate reforms) be carried out.

Garibaldi had arrived at Turin, to hold an interview with King Victor Emmanuel. His reception along the route had been most enthusiastic. He everywhere received many expressions of the faith of the people in his course, and their reliance on him to exert all his influence with the King in their favor.

The report that France intended to aid Spain in the war against Morocco in a similar way to the support given to Piedmont during the late war, is officially disclaimed.

The Duke de Padua had been removed from the French Ministry of the Interior, and Baraull had been appointed his successor.

The preparations of Spain in the expedition against Morocco were being pushed forward vigorously, and it was expected that offensive operations would be commenced about the 8th inst.

The Zurich Conference had reassembled, to take final action on the treaties agreed upon between France and Austria respecting Italy.

Count Karolyty represents Austria in the Conference, in place of Count Colloredo, deceased.

All the treaties would be signed within a few days.

It is asserted that the Congress of the Powers will take place, with the addition of England.

Terrible Shipwreck and Loss of Life.—MONTREAL, Nov. 7.

The following important items of news is taken from the Liverpool Daily Post of the 27th of October, a copy of which was obtained by the steamer North America.

The public will learn with overwhelming grief that the splendid vessel, the Royal Charter, was totally lost yesterday, in Mullia Red Bay, near Bangor.

The melancholy intelligence, which reached us into last night, was brief, but we fear is only too true. Of upwards of four hundred persons who were on board, only ten are said to have been saved. There is some hope, however, that this statement is exaggerated, but under the circumstances the loss of life, it is to be feared, has been immense.

The Royal Charter had about a half a million in gold on board. When the disaster took place is not known, for the telegraph had ceased to work, and so destructive had been the storm along the coast yesterday, that the Chester and Berkenhead railway had been destroyed in two places.

At Penmanne twenty of the bodies of the dead had been washed ashore. The bay in which the catastrophe occurred is two or three miles westward of Puffin Island, Anglesea, and six or seven miles to the northwest of Beaumaris. It has a shallow, sandy beach for several miles, with promontories at each end of the bay. The country around is wild, and there are but a few houses about.

November Elections.—LOUISIANA.—The Americans carried New Orleans by 2500 majority, electing 19 out of 23 Representatives, and all of the Senators— Miles Taylor, Anti-Sliddell Democrat, and Edward Boulinney, American, are elected to Congress by large majorities. Democratic State Ticket elected.

ILLINOIS.—The Returns indicate the election of McClelland, (Dem.) to Congress, in place of Thomas L. Harris, deceased, by 4000 majority.

MASSACHUSETTS.—Banks, (Rep.) has been elected Governor by 9500 majority over all, and 23000 plurality over Butler, (D.) The Republicans have a large majority in both branches of the Legislature.

NEW YORK.—The Republicans on the State Ticket, voted for by the Americans, are elected by large majorities. The Tribune says the balance of the ticket is in doubt. Both branches of the Legislature are Republican.

NEW JERSEY.—Olden, Opposition candidate for Governor, is elected by 2000 majority.—The Senate Democratic; the House doubtful.

WISCONSIN.—Scattering returns show Republican gains, and indicate the election of Randall (Rep.) for Governor.

Golden Eagle was killed last night on the lower St. Lawrence, and brought to Quebec, which was shot while endeavoring to carry off a child about three years of age. This is the only bird in America that will attack the human species. They breed in the North, following at this season the birds and animals that seek a milder climate.

SPECIAL NOTICES.—'ETEN' Those who are in the enjoyment of perfect health frequently have need to have recourse to tonics as preventives of disease. Such are never too well armed against the attacks of 'the vile flesh is heir to.'

Such a medicine they may find in HOSSETT'S TONIC—a medicine that cannot be taken too early without giving vitality and elasticity to the system. At this season, particularly, the strongest man is not proof against the malaria, malarial fevers, and agues, the BITTERS is more potent than any amount of quinine, while the most delicate cases of bilious fever yield to its wonderful effects. Those who have tried the medicine never use another for any of the ailments which the HOSSETT'S BITTERS profess to relieve. Those who have not made the experiment, cordially recommend an early application of the BITTERS, whenever they are stricken by disease of the digestive organs.

Sold by druggists and dealers generally everywhere. See advertisement in another column.

THE GREAT FEMALE MEDICINE.—Females value health should never be without these Pills. It has been admitted by a number of physicians that female cannot too well be valued. They have given health and spirits to hundreds of females who without them would have been their graves. They purify the blood, remove obstructions, and give the skin a beautiful, clear, healthy, and interesting appearance. A box of these Pills is a great medical companion at every day until relief is obtained. A box occasionally, when well, will keep the system in a healthy condition. See advertisement of Dr. Morse in another column.

TO CONSUMPTIVES.—The advertiser having been restored to health in a few weeks by a very simple remedy, after having suffered several years with a severe Lung Affection, and the dread disease, Consumption, is anxious to make known to his fellow sufferers the means of cure. To all who desire it, he will send a copy of the prescription used (free of charge), with directions for preparing and using the same, which they will find a sure cure for Consumption, Asthma, Bronchitis, &c. The only object of the advertiser in sending the prescription is to help fit the afflicted, and he hopes every sufferer will try his remedy, as it will, he trusts, prove a blessing. Persons wishing the prescription will please address REV. EDWARD WILSON, Williamsburgh, Kings Co., N. Y. [Oct 26, 1859—48-84.]

NOTICE.—Persons indebted to the undersigned for Cash in the Probationary Office of Cambria County are respectfully requested to pay the same before or at the next December Court.

J. SEYMOUR M'DONALD, Commissioner.

COMMISSIONER'S NOTICE.—Petition of Margaret Holbrook, No. 9, Sept. by her next friend James W. Term, 1859, in bond of Marriage from the Subpoena in bond of Marriage, No. 1859, in relation to Reel & Heyer, Harrison Kirkland, Esq., appointed a Commissioner to take the testimony of the complainant, and report the same to the Court at the next term.

Extract from Record, certified to 18th day of October, 1859, in relation to J. SEYMOUR M'DONALD, Procy.

NOTICE is hereby given, that I will attend to the duties of the above appointment, at my office in Ebensburg, on Thursday, the 15th day of December next, at 10 o'clock, A. M. when and where those interested may attend.

HARRISON KIRKLAND, Commissioner. Nov. 16, 1859—51-21.

STRAY STEER.—CAME to the residence of the subscriber, residing in Jackson township, sometime in July last, a Black and Brown Steer, with red and white spots. The owner is requested to come forward, prove property by challenge, and take him away, or otherwise he will be disposed of according to law.

THOMAS M. RAGER. Nov. 16, 1859—51-21.

CANVASSERS WANTED.—LIBERAL INDUCEMENTS TO AGENTS! Fifty Dollars a month, and all expenses paid.

We wish to engage an active Agent in every County, to travel and introduce our NEW LOCK STITCH SEWING MACHINE. The Excelsior Machine is just patented, with valuable improvements, which make it the cheapest and most popular machine in existence, and acknowledged to be unsurpassed for general utility. A limited number of responsible agents are wanted to solicit orders, by sample, on a salary of \$50 per month and expenses well paid. For conditions and full particulars address, with stamp for return postage, J. W. HARRIS & CO., No. 13 Shoe & Leather Exchange, Boston, Mass. Nov. 9, 1859—50-84.

BRIDGE LETTING.—PROPOSALS will be received at the Commission Office of Cambria County, in the Borough of Ebensburg, on FRIDAY the 9th day of DECEMBER next until 5 o'clock P. M., for furnishing materials and building a Bridge across the Conemaugh River at or near the upper end of Conemaugh Branch, in said County, plans and specifications will be exhibited in relief office for four days prior to said day of letting.

JOHN BRARER, } Commissioner of Cambria County. ABLE LLOYD, } D. T. STORM, } Commissioners Office, Ebensburg, Pa.

Nov. 9, 1859, 50-51.

Notice is hereby given that I will attend to discharge the duties of said appointment, at my office in Ebensburg, on Thursday the 1st day of December next, at 1 o'clock P. M., when and where all persons interested may attend.

JOHN S. RHEY, Auditor. Nov. 9, 1859—50-41.

ABRAHAM KOPELIN, Attorney at Law—Johnstown

OFFICE on Clinton Street, a few doors north of the corner of Main and Clinton. April 23, 1859.

LUMBER.—PINE POPLAR CHERRY AND ASH LUMBER bought and sold by E. HUGHES.

June 29th 1859. ff.