



C. D. MURRAY, Editor. D. C. ZAEHL, Publisher.

WEDNESDAY, FEBRUARY 23, 1859.

THE OPPOSITION AND THE TARIFF.

The Opposition press in this State are constantly proclaiming their party to be the advocates of a high Protective Tariff. They evidently wish to create the impression that the "high tariff" doctrine is a plank of their platform, and that the members of their party in every State of the Union endorse the doctrine.

As far as the Republican representatives of Pennsylvania in Congress are concerned, we do not question their sincere desire to procure a modification of the tariff at this session. But it is manifest that other portions of the Republican party would rather the question remain open, that the finances and the Administration may be embarrassed, and some little capital laid by for the next campaign.

Here we have direct evidence that at least two of the leading Republican organs of New York City are using all their power and influence to prevent any alteration in the revenue laws; and yet Republicans would persuade us that their party is a unit in favor of an increased revenue and incidental protection.

We announce with regret the death of JAMES M'DERMOTT, Esq. who was well and favorably known to a large majority of the citizens of this place last Thursday evening. Aged 67 years.

Appointment. On last Wednesday, H. A. Boggs, Esq., was appointed Post Master at Johnstown, by the President. The appointment was immediately ratified by the Senate.

The prospects of the construction of a branch Railroad from this place to Creson are every day growing brighter. From information we have recently received, we entertain scarcely a doubt, but that the work will be at least commenced during the present year.

ADMISSION OF OREGON.

The bill for the admission of Oregon into the Union has been passed by both branches of Congress, and our flag is now adorned with thirty-three stars. The Black Republican members strenuously opposed the admission of the new State, and serious fears were entertained a few weeks ago that their efforts would be successful.

In consequence of a Special Court being held in this place this week, our attention has been so occupied by business incident to it that we have been able to devote but little time to the discharge of editorial duties.

Free Literary Lecture and Reading Room. The Iron City College, of Pittsburg, Pa., employs the most distinguished speakers for its course of Lectures, held in College Hall every Friday evening, and several hundred papers and magazines are taken each week for the Public Reading Room.

We are pleased to be able to state, that J. Lowman of Johnstown, who was dangerously injured a few weeks ago by being thrown from a sleigh in consequence of his horse having run off, is rapidly recovering, and will soon be himself again.

The election in this Borough last Friday, was quite animated and hotly contested. A large vote was polled, and our local politicians were busy all day, working for their respective friends. The principal contests were for Justice of the Peace and Constable.

Table listing names and positions of candidates for various offices, including Justice of the Peace, Constable, and School Directors.

The Appropriation Bill for 1860.

Table listing various government departments and their estimated expenses for the year 1860, such as Secretary of Commonwealth, Auditor General, and State Treasury.

Extradition of Criminals.

The President has issued a Proclamation announcing the conclusion, between Hon. Lewis Cass and M. Saragines, of an additional article to the Treaty between the United States and France, relative to the extradition of criminals.

It is agreed between the high contracting parties that the provisions of the treaties for the mutual extradition of criminals between the United States of America and France, of November 9th, 1843, and February 24th, 1845, and now in force between the two governments, shall extend not only to persons charged with the crimes therein mentioned, but also to persons charged with the following crimes, whether as principals, accessories, or accomplices.

In witness whereof, the respective plenipotentiaries have signed the present article in triplicate, and have affixed thereto the seal of their arms.

Done at Washington, the tenth day of February, 1859.

LEWIS CASS. [SEAL] M. SARTIGES. [SEAL]

Appointed. John H. New has been appointed District Attorney for the Western District of Louisiana, vice Floyd Waldron resigned.

William M. Harrison, Collector of the Customs at Richmond, Virginia, has been reappointed to that position.

Samuel M. Weaver has been appointed Marshal of the Eastern District of Arkansas vice J. J. Quindley, resigned.

President Buchanan. Those who have seen the President lately dispensing the hospitalities of the executive mansion speak of him as exhibiting every sign of life and energy. His step is firm; he reads without glasses.

British Troops Coming. Late advices announced the early advent at New York City of a regiment of British troops. The forty-second regiment of British Highlanders is coming with its bag pipes and clad in its tartan-plaid, in two steamers, at its own risk to Frazer river.

Seized by a Newspaper. A few days since Mr. R. H. Martin, who is in the employ of John H. White, Esq., as one of the superintendents of the laborers at work at the New Washington Spring at Saratoga, New York, was engaged near the steam pump, by some means slipped so that the skirt of his coat caught in the cog of the pump.

Wife Murderer Attacked by Women. At Lynnville, Oregon county, Ill., a few days ago, a shoemaker named Ouz G. Elliott was arrested on the charge of having murdered his wife, whose body was found buried under mysterious circumstances, and whom he had always greatly ill-treated.

The New License System of Indiana. County Commissioners to grant licenses on applicants giving bond and surety; but applicant to advertise two weeks in county papers, license fee from \$20 to \$1000.

Discovery of a Pass in the Rocky Mountains. Intelligence has reached the city that Capt. Palliser, who is at the head of a surveying party sent out by the British Government, has discovered a pass in the Rocky Mountains, about the 51st deg. of latitude.

Gov. Packer has appointed Dr. Thomas S. Kirkbride, of Philadelphia; Dr. John Atee, of Lancaster; Jacob R. Ely, of Harrisburg; Trustees of the Lunatic Asylum.

The Washington States says that it has reliable information that it was determined at a recent Cabinet meeting, not to recall Messrs. Dallas and Mason from their respective missions.

A bill to prevent the emancipation of slaves in North Carolina has been rejected by the House of Representatives of that State.

An American Vessel Destroyed by a British Steamer.

The Navy Department is in receipt of advices from Commander Totten, of the African Squadron, announcing the search, seizure and burning of the brig Rufus Soule, Capt. Anderson, by the steamer Viper of the British Squadron, on the same station.

1st Had the Vessel the American flag flying at the time she was visited by the boat? Answer She had the American flag flying from information from the British government dated the 8th and 22d of July last, there was every just cause to believe that in this case a fraudulent use of the flag was being made, and that the vessel was engaged in the slave-trade.

2d If her papers were correct? Answer. In my opinion they were incorrect, some of them undoubtedly so.

3d If the American flag was still flying when the vessels hatches were opened? Answer. The American flag was not flying when the vessel's hatches were opened. The flag and the papers were thrown into the sea by the captain, without even a suggestion on his part.

From Mexico. New Orleans, Feb. 12.—The steamer Tennessee has arrived from Vera Cruz on the 9th inst.

The following important Mexican intelligence is furnished by the steamer's advices: Zuloaga had abdicated in favor of Miramon, and on the 2d of February Miramon was formally installed as President of the Republic.

Miramon immediately ordered the re-arrest of all the political prisoners who were liberated while Gen. Robles was in power, the dismissal of all the officers of the government and army who aided in influencing the deposition of Zuloaga, and the suppression of Robles' newspaper organ.

Miramon was about marching on Vera Cruz with 5000 men, and Zuloaga would act as President's interim.

Miramon's brother had been defeated at Zacatecas.

General Degollado was threatening the Capital, with 4000 re-organized troops.

The capture of Mazatlan by the Liberals was confirmed.

The French and English commanders had succeeded in enforcing their demands at Vera Cruz. High duties will consequently be forthwith restored, two-thirds of the revenue thus obtained being secured to England and France.

The American Consul at Vera Cruz, promptly protested against such interference, and Juarez was much embarrassed thereby.

The Atlanta Express Robbery.—Arrest of One of the Agents on Suspicion.—On the 28th of January last, the Adams Express Company was robbed of four packages, containing \$40,000 in bills on Southern banks, somewhere between Montgomery, Ala., and Atlanta, Ga. A reward of \$5,000 was offered. Such a train of circumstances was gathered as to warrant the arrest of N. Maroney, the Express Company's agent at Montgomery.

Have we a Democratic Party among us?—This question is promptly and well answered in the following paragraph, which we clip from the Buffalo Post.

Some of the blindest Opposition and false-hearted Democratic presses of the country are tickling their readers by propounding the above interrogatory. Children are said to be pleased with a straw, and so we suppose we ought not to deprive the Opposition of the meagre crumbs of comfort afforded them in this innocent pastime.

It is reported that the King of Sardinia was about to marry the sister of the Empress of Russia, the widow of Duke Leuchtenbeth.

South America.—The Brazilian mails which had arrived at Lisbon, bring the news that Brazil had offered a mediation with Paraguay, in regard to her difficulties with the United States. The American commander had accepted the offer, and the Brazilian Admiral had gone to Paraguay on the mission.

The price of coffee at Rio was unchanged.

Australia.—The Melbourne mail of December 18th, had reached England. Gold to the amount of \$568,000 was on the way to England.

The Cass-Yrissari treaty has been ratified by the Nicaraguan government without alteration. The treaty gives the United States the right of transit between the Atlantic and Pacific, through Nicaragua, by any route.

ONE WEEK LATER FROM EUROPE.

THE PRINCE ALBERT AT ST. JOHNS. St. Johns, N. F., Feb. 17th.—The Galway steamer Prince Albert, which left Ireland for New York on the 6th inst., arrived here this evening.

The Prince Albert furnishes advices one week later news than was received by the America.

The Prince Albert had a boisterous passage, and was slightly damaged. She had the full complement of passengers, one of whom is William O'Brien.

Her dates from Liverpool and London are to the 4th inst. by mail and the 5th by telegraph.

The steamer North American arrived out on the 3d inst.

The English Parliament had opened and the Queen's speech was read.

The speech is non-committal, and almost silent on the war question, which caused a decline in funds both at London and Paris.

A force against Mexico is threatened. Warlike rumors continue, but were still of a contradictory character.

The dispute in political affairs throughout Europe was on the increase.

The Bombay mail of January 11th had been telegraphed.

Tania Topce's forces had been defeated by the British.

The project for the encouragement of cotton cultivation in India, was debated in the Commons on Friday, 4th inst.

The steamer City of Manchester left Liverpool on the 31st inst.

The features of her news were warlike. Preparations were going forward actively in France, but the Ministerial journals kept silent on the subject.

The latest letters speak of the war symptoms as being decidedly on the increase.

Great anxiety was felt regarding the speech of the Emperor of France, which is to be delivered at the opening of the Legislature, on the 7th inst.—It was rumored that he is preparing a surprise for the world, and that war was a certainty.

The Minister of the Colonies decided that the immigration of Africans shall be superintended by Chinese.

Rumors were current in England of extensive warlike preparations for the French, including the addition of three thousand men to the force of the navy.

The marriage of the Prince Napoleon was celebrated at Turin, on the 20th. The bridal party forthwith started for Paris.

Turin letters say that matters looked slightly more pacific there.

The Austrian six million loan was introduced on the London Change at 80. The bears had quoted at a discount for some time, but suddenly improved and closed at a small premium.

Great Britain.—The Queen's Speech. Queen Victoria opened Parliament, in person on the 3d inst.

Her speech commenced with congratulations on the state of the country, and the progress made in India. On foreign affairs it says:

"I receive from all foreign powers assurances of friendly feelings.

"To cultivate and confirm these feelings, to maintain inviolate the faith of public treaties, and to contribute, as far as my influence can extend, to the preservation of general peace, are the objects of my unceasing solicitude."

The conclusion of the treaties in regard to the principalities, and one relative to commerce with Russia are noticed, and the latter is referred to as an indication of the complete re-establishment of friendship between two countries.

The treaties with China and Japan are mentioned as promising great commercial advantages. Satisfaction is expressed at the abolition by France of the negro immigration on the East coast of Africa and the pending negotiations give promise of the total abandonment of the system.

In respect to Mexico, the speech says the "state of the Republic, distracted with civil wars, induced me to carry forbearance to its utmost limit in regard to the wrongs and indignities to which the British residents have been subjected at the hands of the two contending parties. They at length have carried it to such an extent that I have been obliged to give instructions to the Commander of the naval forces in those seas, to demand, and if necessary, to enforce a reparation."

Murder of a Missionary in Oregon.

Among the documents sent to the War Department, on Tuesday, are one purporting to be an authentic account of the murder of the Methodist Missionary Dr. Killman, who crossed the plains in the year 1838, and settled in the valley of the Walla-Walla; here he soon had around him all the comforts of a rural life, and with his interesting family, he commenced his efforts to instruct and enlighten the natives of that region.

The small-pox having broken out among the Indians, spread with great rapidity, and their number falling victims to the disease, the family of the missionary did all in their power to mitigate and assuage the sufferings of these savages by nursing and directing medicines. The family of the missionary were not being afflicted with the pestilence, a suspicion in the minds of the Indians, the pestilence had been brought for the purpose of destroying the red race and obliterating their names. With a view to test the truth the two Indians were sent over to a mission farm that had not been affected by the malady, in order that the missionaries might prescribe for them, which was done, and the red patients returned to their friends to await the issue. By some strange fatality both of those Indians died, which confirmed in the minds of those savages the truth of the suspicion, and the next day the bloody deed, who stole into the chamber of the sleeping family, and buried his bowk in the brain of the missionary, and of his wife, and then other Indians entered and helped themselves to the bodies of the physicians, were butchered, the bones were ground, and once destroyed, the remains of the once happy home were left.

A young girl at this place, who could have two birthdays in every year, she grows up she wishes she had a birthday in every two years.

From the Louisville TIMES. What is at for—this Wood's Restorative?—Is a question asked you hundreds. We answer, without fear or fear of contradiction, that it is the article known which will do all it promises for the human hair. It will restore its natural color. It is not a Hair Eye, speedy and effluents Restorative. BOTTLES \$1; pints \$2; quarts \$3.

Caution.—Beware of worthless imitations as several are already in the market, by different names. Use none unless words (Professor Wood's Hair Restorative) Depot St. Louis, Mo. and New York, blown in the bottle. Sold by all druggists and Patent Medicine Dealers in the U. S. States and Canada.

For sale by Thomas Devine, High Street, Elmberg.

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