



Democrat and Sentinel.

M. C. DEVINE Editor and Proprietor. G. D. MURRAY, Assistant Editor.

EBENSBURG.

WEDNESDAY MORNING, OCTOBER 28.

WANTED—Beef, Pork, Corn, Oats, Buckwheat and Potatoes for subscription, advertising and job work done at this office. We hope this notice will not be neglected by all who know themselves indebted to us.

See new advertisements.

The Democracy of Pennsylvania.

The Democracy of Pennsylvania have just passed through an exciting contest and achieved a signal victory over the combined forces of their opponents. Packer's majority over the united vote of Wilmot & Hazlehurst will not we think, fall below 10,000, and may possibly reach 15,000. The news of this signal and decisive victory has been received with a thrill of pleasure by true patriots in every section of the Republic, affording as it does additional evidence that our noble old Commonwealth is still true to the Union, still occupies the proud position of Keystone of the Federal Arch.

The campaign just closed although not so exciting as the Presidential contest last fall, in many respects bore a strong resemblance to it. The same talk about bleeding Kansas, the curse of slavery, southern aggressions on the rights of the North with which the ears of the people were regaled in 1856, was rehearsed by David Wilmot and his aids during the late contest. The result proves that Abolitionism has neither a local habitation or a name on the soil of Pennsylvania, and that her sterling democracy, in the language of Washington, will stand by the Union "in any event."

It was natural that our illustrious Chief Magistrate should look with peculiar anxiety to the result of the contest in this his own dear native State. If Wilmot had been elected Governor, it would have been universally regarded as a condemnation of the administration of Mr. Buchanan by the people of his own State. Those who hoped that this would be the result have been woefully disappointed. Pennsylvania has proved her fidelity to her own son and the time honored principles of the Democratic party by rolling up a large and increased majority for the Democratic States ticket.

In a contest for the perpetuity of our free institutions the Democracy of Pennsylvania have never been found wanting. They have always been at their post, ready for action in the hour of danger and trial. By their vote last fall at the October Election, they prevented the election of John C. Fremont to the Presidency, and the triumph of Black Republicanism, which would have inevitably led to a dissolution of the Union.

It is not a little gratifying to find by examination of the official returns of the elections during the last three years, that the democracy of Cambria, throughout all the changes and vicissitudes of the political arena, remained true to the principles and landmarks of the Democratic party. Cambria county is now the banner county of Western Pennsylvania, and all true patriots will re-echo the hope, that she may remain in her place of power and beauty forever.

Examination of Teachers.

A public examination of Teachers for the Common Schools of Ebensburg and Cambria township, was held at the Court House in this place on last Friday. Mr. McCormick, the County Superintendent, was in attendance, and gave all the aspirants to the honorable profession of teaching the "young idea how to shoot," a thorough and careful examination in all the branches of education usually taught in our Common Schools. The result was highly satisfactory, and we are confident that all to whom certificates were granted, will make excellent Teachers.

In the evening an interesting and instructive Lecture was delivered by Mr. McCormick, on the "System of Education by Common Schools," which was listened to by a large and attentive audience of ladies and gentlemen. The people of Cambria have been peculiarly fortunate in securing the services of Mr. McCormick as "Superintendent," as his exertions have contributed much towards forwarding the cause of education by Common Schools in this county. A grateful people appreciate his worth, and future honors are in store for him.

We had yesterday the pleasure of talking by the hand our esteemed friend, David Caldwell, Esq. Prothonotary elect of Huntingdon county. Mr. Caldwell is a democrat of the Jeffersonian school, and his election in a Black Republican county to an important and responsible office proves that on his "native heath" his name is Caldwell if not "M. Gregor."

Malicious Mischief.—Five boys from 15 to 18 years of age were lodged in the jail in this place yesterday by Constables Gageby and Bowers, on a charge of setting fire to a haystack belonging to a Mr. Mitchell, of Commonwealth township.

Speaker of the House of Representatives.

We are pleased to observe that a number of Democratic papers, in different parts of the State, have expressed a preference in favor of George N. Smith, member elect from this county to the next House of Representatives of this State, as Speaker of that body. Capt. Smith has already served with distinguished ability in that body, for two successive sessions, and his triumphant election for the third time, over the formidable opposition arrayed against him, is the best evidence of the confidence of the Mountain Democracy, in his integrity and ability as a Representative. He is possessed of the honesty, firmness and knowledge of parliamentary rules, necessary to constitute a good presiding officer, and his election as Speaker of the House, would be nothing more than a well merited compliment to the man, and the gallant constituency which he represents.

John Bearer, Esq.

The above named gentleman, yesterday entered on the discharge of the duties of the office of County Commissioner, the oath of office having been previously administered to him by a magistrate, in the presence of a quorum of the Board. From our knowledge of Mr. Bearer, we are confident that he will make an honest, competent and obliging officer. The Democracy could not have selected a better man for the post.

Mr. Clark whose term of office has just expired, was a very prompt and accommodating officer, and we wish him success in whatever vocation in life he may engage in. Inasmuch as he is a Black-Republican of the "straitest sect," of course it would be the height of folly for him to expect another office at the hands of the people of Cambria.

RHIZOMA LODGE, I. O. O. F., was organized at Jefferson, on Friday night last, by D. D. G. M., J. M. Campbell, assisted by a number of Past Grands. The following members of the Lodge were elected and duly installed as officers for the present term: N. G., Wm. H. Gardner, V. G., Wm. R. Hughes, Sec'y, R. A. McCoy, Asst. Sec'y, D. H. Huber, Treasurer, E. Crum.

TEMPLE OF HONOR.—The following members of Highland Temple No. 10, were elected as officers, last evening, to serve for the next semi-annual term: W. C. T., C. T. Roberts; W. V. T., D. F. Evans; W. R. G., A. Kinkead; W. A. R., D. H. Davis; W. E. R., G. W. Brown; T. Lewis Hoover; W. U., J. L. Stough; W. D. U., Thomas L. Jones; W. G., John Gitten; W. S., John J. B. Jones; Chaplain, N. I. Roberts.

High Prices.

It is certainly astonishing how provisions, &c., keep so enormously high, notwithstanding the scarcity of money. There certainly never was more abundant crops throughout the United States than those of the present year, yet the price of Grain of all kinds continues high, at least in this country. There is a time when forbearance ceases to be a virtue, and we think it is high time the people should resort to some expedient, with the view of obtaining provisions at reasonable rates. A word to the wise is sufficient.

NEW POST OFFICE.—The Post Master General has erected a new post office at Glen Connell, Chest township, in this county, and appointed Joseph Gill, Esq. Post Master. Mr. Gill is one of the most active and energetic democrats in the northern section of this county and is eminently worthy of the confidence of the National administration. He will, we are confident, make a prompt and obliging Post master.

ARBITRATION.—The arbitration between A. M. & R. White and the Penna. Rail Road comes off to-day, (Thursday.) It has brought quite a number of persons to town as Attorneys and Witnesses—among whom we notice Hon. H. D. Foster, Wm. A. Stokes, Esq., Cyrus L. Pershing, Esq. and Hon. Thos. White.

ATLANTIC MONTHLY.—This is the title of a new magazine published in Boston, by Messrs. Phillips, Samson & Co. The first number presents a beautiful appearance, and is well stored with useful and interesting reading, evidently from the pens of first class writers. We recommend the monthly as a fit companion for the parlor or reading-room.

A SPECK OF WAR.—It will be seen by the telegraph dispatch inserted in another column, that one of the Mormon leaders has held most threatening language against the United States authorities. Brigham Young has also made a speech equally bold and defiant.

It is said that the seat of Mr. RUTHERFORD, of the Dauphin district, in the State Senate, will be contested by Mr. HALDEMAN, on the ground of fraudulent voting on the part of the Black Republicans.

A daughter of Mr. Valentino Maltzey of Jefferson, aged about three years was drowned in the race of Andrew Englehart's Grist Mill on Thursday of last week.

Thanksgiving Day.

Governor Pollock has appointed Thursday, the 26th of November, as a day of Thanksgiving and Praise throughout the Commonwealth.

GODBY'S AND GRAHAM'S Magazines for November have been received. They are both spirited numbers.

Senator Hunter denies that he is opposed to the administration of Mr. Buchanan.

Pennsylvania Rail Road stock is down to \$82 per share.

COMMUNICATIONS.

Mr. DOAX having agreed to hold himself personally responsible for the following communication, we give it a place in our columns. We are inclined to think that he is a vile slanderer, and if any fair one feels disposed to prove him such, we beg leave to say, that we will be happy to afford an opportunity for so doing, through the columns of our paper. If the controversy goes on and Mr. Doax is vanquished, what a Hooping and Hurraing there will be among the ladies, and won't Mr. Doax feel bad!

For the Democrat & Sentinel.

Mr. Editor:—Sir:—I observed a great number of young ladies present at the examination held last Friday by the County Superintendent. I am not much of a grammarian, but I feel disposed to challenge on the subject of Grammar. Now I will venture a brace of hoops that not one of them can decline Matrimony. DOAX.

For the Democrat & Sentinel.

Interesting to all Owners of Buildings.

Every inch of rain that falls on a roof yields two barrels of water to every ten feet square—seventy-two barrels ar yielded by the annual rain in this climate on a similar surface. A building 30 by 40 feet, yields annually 864 barrels—this is more than two barrels a day, for every day in the year. Many have more than double that of roofing, and of course, will have double that amount of water. Therefore it is recommended to all owners of buildings in the Borough, to have spouting on all of their buildings, and also, to have good cisterns to receive and preserve all the rain water, again the time of need; if it will not be needed, so much the better.

Suppose a fire would break out, where is the water to come from, your pumps would soon be pumped dry. By having a good cistern at every house, there would be an abundant supply of water. And in addition to that, let every person have one of Barker's force pumps in his well, as it is preferable to any other for common use. And in case of fire the hose can be fixed on in a half minute's time, which will throw a continuous stream of water on the fire. And if you can afford it, have an extra one; it can be moved to any point you wish, and put into box to be filled with water, and attach to it a long hose, which will be more convenient to extinguish the fire. The Summer is the time to provide food for the Winter. In like manner, now is the time to prepare against fire and not when the fire will stare you in the face.

STEPHEN LLOYD, Sr.

EBENSBURG, October 26, 1857.

Another Horrible Tragedy in Iowa.

We have received, through a letter to this city, the following account of one of the most horrible butcheries we have ever heard of since the days of Adam Horn. The information is from one whose responsibility cannot be questioned. The account comes in a private letter, and is said to have occurred on the 17th ult:

It appears that a man named Adams was married a short time since to a Miss Jenkins, who had previously been engaged to another man named Harley, Harley, on the morning of the wedding-day, had threatened Miss Jenkins with revenge if she persisted in marrying his rival, but she laughed to scorn his threats, and as appointed, was bound in wedlock to Adams. On the 16th of September, Harley came to Adams' house while the latter was absent with his wife, and finding it only occupied by an old negro woman, knocked her down with an axe, fracturing her skull, and then proceeded to demolish all the furniture, and disfigure the premises, knocking down partitions and breaking the plaster off the walls. Adams and his wife returned at night, and their feelings on perceiving the work that had been wrought, may better be imagined than described. Medical assistance was obtained for the old woman, and her few broken, wandering words, ending, it is said, almost in a shriek at the mention of the name of Harley, indicated to Adams the probable perpetrator of the outrage. Accordingly, the next morning he armed himself with a rifle and a knife, and went in search of Harley. He had not far to go, for about one hundred yards from the house, on the road which passed through a strip of woods, he met Harley, apparently proceeding to complete his work of destruction. A farmer's boy, who happened to be a short distance behind, was the sole witness of the dreadful scene that ensued, and which froze his blood with terror. A short but violent conversation commenced between the two, when Adams discharged his rifle, only wounding Harley in the arm. Harley, a large, athletic man, then closed with him, and a terrible conflict ensued. Adams at last received a fatal blow from his antagonist's knife, and Harley, though cut almost to pieces, raised the dead body, if possible more bloody than his own, with the knife still sticking upright in his breast, and carried it into the presence of Mrs. Adams. The boy followed mechanically to see the denouement, too frightened to summon assistance, and too weak to give it himself. Mrs. Adams received the murderer with a dreadful shriek, and fell fainting upon the corpse. Harley, weak and exhausted, had still strength enough to draw the bloody knife, and cutting her features until not a lineament was recognizable, plunged it into his own heart, and fell back, his hand still grasping the long hair of his victim. The boy at last sufficiently recovered himself to run for aid; when it came, both men were dead, and Mrs. Adams insensible, having almost bled to death. Great excitement prevailed. She was carefully removed and attended, but cannot recover. Adams had been decently interred, but when I left proposals had been made for mailing Harley's body to a tree. Adams was universally respected, being the editor of the Ware county Sentinel, the only paper in that section.—Staughton (Wis) Independent.

The return Judges of Allegheny county were four days in footing up the returns of the late election.

Pennsylvania Election—The Full Official Vote for Governor.

We have at length received the official returns from every county of this State, and subjoin the vote for Governor in full:—

Table with columns: County, Packer, Wilmot, Hazlehurst, Dem., Rep., Am.

Total 188,887 146,136 28,132

Packer over Wilmot, 42,751

Packer over both, 14,619

We do not think it necessary to fill our columns with the votes by counties for the rest of the State ticket, as it varies, but little from the vote for Governor. The total vote for Canal Commissioner, Supreme Judges and on the amendments to the Constitution is as follows:—

Canal Commissioner.

Table with columns: Name, Votes

Supreme Judges.

Table with columns: Name, Votes

Amendments to the Constitution.

Table with columns: Amendment, For, Against

We compare the vote for Governor with that for President, last year, as follows:—

President, 1856.

Table with columns: Name, Votes

Governor, 1857.

Table with columns: Name, Votes

Suspended Railroads.

Within the last thirty days the following railroad companies are reported as having either gone to protest on their floating debt, suspended, or made an assignment of their property:

Table with columns: Names, Total liabilities

PLOUGHING BY STREAM.—Mr. H. F. French, who attended the late fair of the Suffolk County Agricultural Association at Ipswich, England, writes to the New England Farmer that he saw an acre of ground ploughed in one hour, by a steam plough on exhibition there.—Bulletin.

Some of the Western papers have placed their money columns in mourning, by inverting the columns "rules" and putting an obituary head at the top.

From the New Haven Register.

The London Press on the Connecticut Memorialists.

The following extract is taken from a lengthy editorial article in the London Daily Telegraph of the 19th ult., on the subject of the memorial addressed to President Buchanan by Professor Silliman and the forty gentlemen of Connecticut who undertook to instruct the President in his official duty. The Telegraph speaks in a plain and forcible manner of the folly of the memorialists, and its article is the more noticeable from the fact that it appears in a journal entertaining as strong anti-slavery views as the memorialists themselves. The Telegraph, next to the London Times, has the largest circulation of any daily journal in the British metropolis. It is a paper of and for the people, and has always spoken favorably of the United States and the American people. It says:

"No one who has read the articles which have appeared from time to time in this journal on the question of slavery will accuse us of supporting for one moment a system which we have regarded with horror and indignation; but we cannot help rebuking a spirit of aggression on the part of the Connecticut ministers, seeing that the sole ground of their dislike to Mr. Buchanan's policy is that he has not put down with a strong hand the pro-slavery party in Kansas, and thereby endangered the safety and well-being of the Union. The fact is, that these northern ecclesiastics would not hesitate to sacrifice the best interests of their country to carry out their convictions, and are only restrained by their want of influence and power."

"It is to such men as President Buchanan, who, with the genius of an experienced diplomatist, takes the whole bearing of a question, and does not act upon partial principles, that the decision of a matter involving so large an interest may most securely be intrusted; and we view with sincere satisfaction the stern but quiet rebuke which he has given these self-constituted counsellors in his reply, and the statesmanlike manner in which he repudiates the charges brought against him. These imputations are of such a character that, if true, they ought to consign his name to infamy; on the contrary, as he justly remarks, if they be not true, they must rebound with withering condemnation on their authors. It is not a light accusation they prefer against the Chief Magistrate of their country, and with remarkable calmness and candor he proceeds to disprove their allegations."

"Had Mr. Buchanan been the man to be intimidated by the indiscreet outpourings of a few Connecticut clergies, he would not have been the person to rule over twenty-eight millions of free and enlightened subjects. It is not usual for the chief magistrate of a State to enter into a vindication of his policy to private and obscure individuals. The President might have preserved a dignified silence, and allowed the results of his administration to show the wisdom of his acts. He has, however, ventured, with that courtesy which so highly distinguishes him, to reply to the charges brought against him by Prof. Silliman and his supporters; in his explanation he entirely refutes their arguments, and manifests that true and liberal spirit of action which cannot but render his administration beneficial to his countrymen, and exalt the name of America throughout the civilized world."

RATS.—An agricultural writer estimates that every rat eats and destroys, on an average one pint of grain, or its equivalent in other food, per week. A farmer who has been troubled with this species of vermin, calculates that on an average, every farmer in the State of Pennsylvania (taking that State as a sample) supports ten rats on his premises. Ten rats at a pint each per week, would consume eight bushels of grain per year; or taking 150,000 as the number of farmers in the State, it takes, 1,200,000 bushels annually to support the rats of Pennsylvania. A very considerable contribution towards the maintenance of a nuisance.

MAN AND WOMAN TAKEN IN MICHIGAN.—One night last week, as we learn from the Lapeer (Mich) Republican, a disgraceful outrage was perpetrated in that place. It appears that a man and woman but recently arrived there, and keeping a saloon, were suspected of being rather loose in their habits consequently a party of disguised men repaired to the domicile of their miserable couple, and rapping at their door, were answered by the man of the house, who was immediately seized, tarred and treated to a gratuitous ride upon a sharp edged rail. While this was going on, a part of the gang entered the house and dragged the woman from her bed into the street denuded and exposed her to the gaze of the obscene rabble, hauled her through the mud, and applied a swab dipped in a mixture of tar and feathers to her person. They were then let go.

Expressions of Hostility by the Mormon Elders.

DISCOURSES BY HEBER C. KIMBALL AND BRIGHAM YOUNG.—THE WOMEN AND CHILDREN TO BE ARMED.—PREPARATIONS FOR A SIEGE. ST. LOUIS, October 26.—The Republican of this city publishes a discourse delivered by Elder Heber C. Kimball, at Salt Lake City, on August 30th. Strong grounds are taken against the United States Government, and a determination expressed to resist its troops to the last extremity. The women and children are called upon to arm themselves, and the people generally exhorted to lay up their grain and otherwise prepare for the conflict. During the discourse, Kimball says:—"We are the kingdom of God—the State of Deseret, and will have Brigham Young for Governor, just so long as he lives." Brigham Young made a speech equally bold in declarations of hostility against the United States.

Minnesota Election.

The Chicago Times gives returns from all the counties in this Territory from which it appears that the majority for Sibley, the Democratic candidate for Governor, will be between 2000 and 3000! The Legislature will stand: DEM. REP. Senate 20 17 House 45 35 65 52 Democratic majority on joint ballot 18.

From Utah.

St. Louis, Oct. 24.—Capt. Van Vleet, who left Utah on the 14th ult arrived last night. He met troops on September 22d, two hundred and thirty miles beyond Laraine. They were all well. He met Col. Johnson on October 1st ninety miles east of Laraine, and Governor Cummings thirty miles beyond Kearney. Some supply trains were within one hundred and forty miles of the Valley, while others were far behind, and not likely to arrive this season.

Van Vleet traveled over 2,400 miles since the first of August, and was treated with much consideration. The leading men of Salt Lake City express but one opinion, that government troops or officers can never gain foothold in their dominions.

Heavy snow fell at Fort Bridges on the 15th ultimo.

Mr. Morupisel, a delegate to Congress from Utah, accompanies Van Vleet to Washington to-day.

Messrs. Nichols and Reber, engineers of Magraw's wagon train, have also arrived.—They left Pacific Springs on the 7th ult.—They think the train will winter at Fort Laramie, and report the cattle of the Government train as dying very fast, and the mules breakdown. Grass is scarce.

Col. Hoofman, commander of Fort Laramie, denies having caused the Mormon train to be overhauled.

THE MORMONS.—The Washington States, alluding to the recent rumors of hostility, on the part of Brigham Young and his followers, says:—"Should the Mormons resist the United States laws and authorities, conscientiously exercised, they will be expelled, ere long from the Territory; for the presence of a hostile community in the central part of the continent, and on the great line of communication across it, cannot be endured. Congress will, in this event, not fail to legislate upon the subject; and may, according to Judge Douglas's suggestion, repeal the Act establishing a Territorial Government, and partition the Territory between the adjacent States and Territories."

Gov. Packer's Inauguration.

The Harrisburg Herald states that arrangements are now in progress for a grand military and fireman's parade there, on the occasion of Gov. Packer's inauguration. Several first class fire companies from Philadelphia have signified their intention of being present, and we have no doubt companies from all the neighboring towns will be in attendance. A military company and a band from Williamsport will escort the Governor elect to the capitol, and an effort will be made to secure the attendance of a large number of volunteer companies from other places.

EDITORS ELECTED.—A number of the editorial fraternity of Pennsylvania have been chosen for various positions of trust and responsibility.

G. Nelson Smith, of the Echo, is re-elected to the Legislature from Cambria, as is also John Hodgson, of the Jeffersonian, from Chester county; J. Heron Foster, of the Pittsburg Dispatch, and Col. A. K. McClure, of the Chambersburg Transcript, the latter beating our friend Sanson, of the Fulton Democrat, about 100 votes. E. J. Keenan, of the Greensburg Democrat, is elected Register and Recorder of Westmoreland county, and Col. T. B. Seagriff, of the Genius of Liberty, Prothonotary of Fayette county.

BANKS IN JERUSALEM.—Gov. Johnson, in his message to the Legislature to the above named State, recommends the winding up all the Banks in the State, because he says they have origin in error, and will end in ruin and fraud. He wishes to return to a hard-money system.

TO BE SOLD.—The Philadelphia and Sunbury Railroad will be sold at Sheriff's sale, in that city, on the 2d of November. The Illinois Central Railroad, the most extensive single railway improvement in the country, made an assignment on Sunday. The same day the New York and Erie Railroad also assigned. Their great financier, President, at a salary of \$25,000 a year could not save it.

A REQUIREMENT.—We learn that the officers of the Pennsylvania Rail Road Company have recently given notice to the local transporters along the line of the Columbia Road, that they will each be required to give security to the company in the sum of \$8000 to meet any damages which may be incurred by reason of accidents happening at the private switches where the local transporters run their cars on the sidelings. Things on that road, we imagine, are not as they used to be.

TURF NEWS BY THE ARRIVAL OF THE BALTIC.—We learn that the race for the great Ozarowitch Handicap, at New Market, resulted in the triumph of Mr. Ten Broeck's Pricess. The success of the American horse was received with great cheering, and she immediately became the first favorite in the betting for the Cambridgehire stakes, to be run for at New Market, on the 27th of October. Before the race, 100 to 1 was laid against Pricess.

The American horse Accoents died from an attack of cholera. Prior had been stricken jut of all his engagements for the present year.

In the race with Saunterer, the Babylon paid forfeit.

MUSLIMAN WRITERS speak of an ignorant Arab, who being asked how he knew anything about the existence of a God, replied:—"Just as I know by the tracks in the sand, whether a man or beast has passed there, so when I survey the heavens, with its bright stars, and the earth with its productions, do I feel the existence and power of God."