



Democrat and Sentinel.

RICHARD WHITE, HENRY C. DEVINE, WHITE & DEVINE, Editors and Proprietors.

EBENSBURG.

WEDNESDAY MORNING, NOV. 6.

WANTED—Beef, pork, corn, buckwheat, etc., for subscription and advertising to the Democrat & Sentinel.

Principles are Eternal.

The result of the great struggle for the Presidency throughout the Union, on last Tuesday, affords overwhelming and convincing proof alike of the stability of the Union and the Democratic party, when the men who rallied under the banner of Black Republicans shall have disappeared forever from the theatre of life, and the dangerous and pernicious principles and objects of their party be remembered only as a "schoolboys' tale, the wonder of an hour," the democratic party will still survive, full of its original spirit, because its principles are eternal, and can know no variability or shadow of change.

The election of James Buchanan while it secures the ascendancy of the only national party in the country during the next four years, will certainly reduce "bleeding Kansas" stock far below par. It is impossible to conjecture to what new lumbag the "freedom shriekers" will resort, in order to keep up the shadow of an organization. Perhaps they will go back into the stables, alleys and cellars from which they emanated about a year ago. Perhaps they will adopt once more the dark lantern as their motto, and be content to be recognized as the disciples of Ned Buntline. But it matters not how treacherous their objects may be, the National Democracy will always stand ready to prevent them from laying sacrilegious hands on the Union and the Constitution. James Buchanan is triumphantly elected, and we confidently predict that he'll make a glorious President, the opinion of the Solon that controls the "Johnstown Tribune" to the contrary notwithstanding.

OFFICIAL ELECTION RETURNS OF CAMBRIA COUNTY.

W. S. CALOHAN.

The last "Standard" contains a fulsome eulogy on William S. Calohan, and insists upon his re-appointment. This article was imprudent at this time. The Democratic journals in Cambria county, who have long since taken ground against Calohan, did not write to agitate that question, but leave it to the Canal Board, who certainly are the competent judges, and we regret that the "Standard" has seen fit to renew the discussion of last fall. However, it is probably all right for the "Standard" to go in for Hollidaysburg and Hollidaysburg people, and we suppose that Calohan may fairly be considered as belonging to that place, inasmuch as the Hollidaysburg papers last fall announced that the Superintendent had commenced operations there by purchasing an ore farm in the neighborhood. Calohan also made himself conspicuous by his movements in regard to the Superintendent's Office. He had fallen so violently in love with Hollidaysburg that nothing could induce him to keep the pledge he had made, to bring it to Cambria county. He took care to put this matter on record at the time. Our statement has never been contradicted; it stands there yet, and W. S. Calohan has suffered himself to remain during a year under the charge of falsehood. Lately he has become alarmed about his prospects, and is doing a strong business in the way of getting up petitions, and we are informed that signers were procured in Johnstown to a petition for his appointment, by promising that if he was appointed he would bring his office to Johnstown! Representations are made to other people, that the signing is a mere matter of form, that the Canal Board have pledged themselves to appoint Calohan, that in fact he has secured the office for a term of years, &c., &c. Others are told that the opposition declared against him by the Democratic journals of this county, had ceased. And this is said too, when it is well known that the Democratic party in the county have openly repudiated him.

The "Standard" has something to say about superior management, &c. The board will hardly be humbugged by this "puff." Any improvements that have taken place are to be attributed to the energy and searching vigilance of the Canal Board themselves, Calohan's negligence and inattention are as notorious as his want of capacity. It is unjust to other officers on the road, to claim for Calohan's credit what is due to them. Mr. Brydon, for instance, has been unceasing in his vigilance and industrious attention to the forwarding of the public business, has been almost constantly on the road, while Calohan can hardly ever get out of Hollidaysburg, even when he does visit this portion of the State.

We presume however, that the Canal Board are not pledged to appoint Mr. Calohan, and that they will try the individual on his merits, and will give the proper weight to documents gotten up in the manner we have explained. We presume that the Board are not pledged in advance to outrage the public opinion, and that the other side will have a hearing. There certainly can be found men in Pennsylvania, upon whose records there is no

stain, to whom can be entrusted the Public Improvements.

We regret deeply that we have again been compelled to bring the name of William S. Calohan into our columns and in terms unfriendly to him. We have no desire to attack him. It is his fault, not ours, that we stand in opposition to him. It was his fault that we were obliged to publish to the world the pledge to which we have alluded, and it was his fault that he did not fulfil it. When our duty as the conductors of a public journal, required us to mention his name in connection with an event, whose tragic character gave it a deep interest, and renders it not likely to be forgotten, it was his fault that we could not praise him, and it was his fault, not ours, that he then convicted himself before the public of incompetency, and when charged with cowardice and falsehood, by responsible men, it was his fault, not ours, that he did not vindicate himself.

The present notice has been forced upon us. Public notice would not permit us to pass unnoticed the "Standard's" assertion, that a failure to appoint Mr. Calohan "would be an insult."

HUZZAH FOR CAMBRIA! THE STAR OF THE WEST!!!

Glorious Victory!—The Fusionists and Democrats Rejected, and the "Dark Lantern" Party Routed up Salt River.

Last Tuesday was a proud day for the democracy of Cambria, and from the returns which will be found below, it will be seen that they turned out manfully to sustain the Constitution and Union of their country. The vote was the largest ever polled in the county, being 4759!!! and our majority is such, as has stricken terror to the FUSIONISTS and BLACK REPUBLICANS.

Nobly have the Democracy of Cambria done their duty, and more than redeemed their pledge to their brethren of the State. They have rolled up a majority for Buchanan and Breckinridge of 3322!!! and that too notwithstanding the herculean efforts of the pie-bald opposition. Again we say, all honor to the Democracy of our little county, who have always proven their devotion to the country, and readiness to rally with alacrity under its flag to sustain the Constitution and laws of the land.

OFFICIAL ELECTION RETURNS OF CAMBRIA COUNTY.

Table with columns for Districts, Buchanan, Fremont, Fillmore, and White. Lists various districts like Allegheny, Blacklick, Cambria, etc., with corresponding vote counts.

THE RESULT, ACCORDING TO PRESENT APPEARANCES.

Table titled 'The Electoral Vote' showing results for Nov. 1852 and Nov. 1856 across various states like Connecticut, California, Illinois, etc.

BREADSTUFFS FOR ENGLAND—During the last month there was shipped from Philadelphia, by packets and steamers, over 80,000 bushels of wheat, 50,000 bushels of corn, and 10,000 bbls Flour, to England.



Pennsylvania Gone for Buchanan.

JAMES BUCHANAN CHOSEN President of the U. S.

THE TOTAL ROUTE AND ANNIHILATION OF SECTIONALISM.

JERSEY AND DELAWARE WHEELING INTO LINE.

THE UNION AND THE CONSTITUTION VINDICATED.

Glorious Result in the State.

BUCHANAN'S PLURALITY IN PHILADELPHIA 18,566.

MAJORITY OVER ALL 6203.

A THOUSAND CHEERS FOR THE OLD KEYSTONE, AND A PENNSYLVANIA PRESIDENT.

THE BOROUGH OF BEDFORD GIVES BUCHANAN 121; FILLMORE 11; FUSION 98. Of the Fusion vote, 14 were for Fremont and 74 for Fillmore. COLUMBIA COUNTY. This county gives Buchanan about 1500 majority. WYOMING COUNTY. In the Williamsport district, Buchanan, 452; Fillmore Union 293; Fillmore straight 14; Fremont Union 287.

NORTHAMPTON COUNTY. The latest report fixes the Democratic majority at 3,790 over the Fusion ticket. DAUPHIN COUNTY. Harrisburg district gives Buchanan 1054; Fillmore 91; Fusion 1012. The Fusion vote is divided—Fremont 336; Fillmore 676. Dauphin county gives a Fusion majority of about 500.

LANCASTER COUNTY. The returns received indicate a plurality of about 1500 for the Fusion ticket. The regular Fillmore ticket received about 600 votes. The city of Lancaster gives Buchanan a majority of 1194, being a gain over the vote of October of 613. Mount Joy gives 100 majority for Buchanan, and Columbia 112.

LYCOMING COUNTY. Muncy gives Buchanan 81; Fusion 114; Fillmore 3; showing a Democratic gain of 25. Wolf township gives a Democratic gain of 18. From returns now in Buchanan's Majority over Union ticket will be about 700. DELAWARE COUNTY. Delaware county gives 500 Fusion majority.

UNION COUNTY. Gives the Union ticket about 500 majority. SNYDER COUNTY. Gives Union ticket 150 majority. CUMBERLAND COUNTY. The returns received up to midnight indicate that Buchanan's majority will be about 400. MONTOUR COUNTY. The borough of Danville gives 26 Fusion gain. The other townships give 25 Union gain.

PERRY COUNTY. Millersburg gives Fillmore 150 majority. THE LEHIGH REGION. The following Democratic majorities over the Fusion ticket, are reported in the Counties named: Monroe, 1,800; Carbon, 800; Lehigh, 1,000; Bucks, 700; Northampton, 3,600.

MIFFLIN COUNTY. The borough of M'Veytown and one adjoining township gives 32 Democratic gain. FRANKLIN COUNTY. Franklin county is reported at 200 majority for Buchanan. HUNTINGDON COUNTY. In Mount Union district Fillmore has 19; Fremont 32, and Buchanan 112, being a Democratic gain of 6.

YORK COUNTY. The majority for Buchanan, in York county, over all, is 2,300; over the Fusion ticket 3,500. CHESTER COUNTY. The returns from 17 townships give the straight Fillmore ticket 305; Fillmore Fusion 100; Fremont, 1831; Buchanan, 1,436.—There are 35 districts to hear from. Buchanan will have about 500 majority in the county over the Fusion ticket. There will be about 1,000 votes cast in the county for the Fillmore ticket. TIOGA COUNTY. Lawrence township give a Fremont plurality of 250. Tioga township, Fremont plurality of 163.

exception of one Ward, shows a Republican gain of 1000, an American gain of 2000, and a Democratic gain of 1500, as compared with the last Governor's vote.

Kings county, complete with the exception of two small towns, gives Buchanan 13,042; Fillmore, 8242; Fremont, 7411. The gains on the vote of 1854 are about three thousand Democratic; 1200 American, and 1800 Republican.

Buffalo shows a Buchanan gain of 1,033; a Fremont gain of 2,267, and a Fillmore loss of 667. In Rochester City the Democrats gain 300; the Republicans 1705, while the Americans lose 285.

The returns from the interior show large Republican gains in all the counties, but whether sufficient to overcome the large majority which the Democrats have in the Eastern part of the State, is still questioned, although the chances favor the Republicans.

The Tribune estimates that Fremont has carried the State by 25,000, and King, Republican, for Governor, 15,000. The Congressional districts embraced in the city have gone Democratic, but the interior is Republican.

NEW JERSEY. NEWARK, Nov. 5.—The Democratic majority here is 1500. The returns of the State arrive slowly, but sufficient have been received to indicate a plurality for Buchanan of doubtless 3500.

TRENTON, Nov. 5.—The indications are that the State is largely Democratic, but that Newell, Republican is elected Governor. The Republican Senator is elected in Mercer county by at least 300 majority. The opposition elect two members of Assembly, being a gain of one.

Newell's majority in the county is so far 126, and will be increased to upwards of 200. Robbins, Republican, for Congress, will have a large majority. The First Congressional district gives Mr. Clawson, Republican, a considerable majority for Congress.

The Democrats gain one Assemblyman in the Camden district. Kille, Dem., for Assembly, is defeated in Salem county by Jones, Fusion. VIRGINIA. In Alexandria city and county, the majority for Fillmore is 204, being a Democratic gain on last year of 157.

Taylor county is reported as giving Buchanan 150 majority. Berkeley county gives Buchanan 150 majority. DELAWARE. The complete vote of the city of Wilmington gives Buchanan a majority of 162, being a Democratic gain of 25.

The entire Democratic ticket in New Castle county is probably elected by about 500 majority. Brandywine Hundred gives 130 majority for Buchanan. New Castle Hundred gives 38 Democratic majority.

White Clay Creek Hundred gives 170 Democratic majority. Christina Hundred gives Buchanan 173 majority. MARYLAND. Baltimore county gives a Fillmore majority of 500, a loss of 200.

Carroll county gives 296 majority for Fillmore, a loss of 200. Cumberland county is reported as giving 200 majority for Buchanan. Montgomery county gives about 140 majority for Fillmore. MASSACHUSETTS. The city of Boston gives Fremont 2,100 plurality. The towns generally, as far as heard from, give Republican pluralities.

The returns from 76 cities and towns give Fremont 13,000 majority. Gardiner is re-elected Governor. The following members of Congress have been elected:—First District—Robert B. Hall, Rep. Second District—James Buffington, Rep. Third District—Wm. S. Darnell, Rep. Fourth District—Linus B. Cennis, Rep. Fifth District—Anson Burlingame, Rep. Sixth District—Timothy Davies, Rep. Seventh District—N. P. Banks, Jr., Rep. Eighth District—C. L. Knapp, Rep. Ninth District—Eli Thayer, Rep. Tenth District—C. C. Chaffee, Rep. Eleventh District—H. L. Dawes, Rep.

ELECTION RETURNS OF PENNA. UN-OFFICIAL.

Table with columns for Counties, Buchanan, Fremont, Fillmore. Lists counties like Adams, Allegheny, Armstrong, Beaver, Bedford, Berks, Blair, Bradford, Bucks, Butler, etc., with vote counts.

From a Cape of Good Hope Paper.

FRIGHTFUL DEATH BY A LION.

On Friday morning, the 13th of June, several wagons, forming part of the second division of the command, left Mooi River Dorp for the lager at Maaike. They rode the first evening as far as Riet Spruit, a noted place for lions. Mr. Philip Van Collier and his brother, wishing to proceed, inspanned their wagons about midnight, although they were strongly advised by their companions not to ride before morning.

They had scarcely ridden an hour when the oxen were suddenly frightened. Philip Van Collier jumped off his wagon and endeavored to turn them, but, not succeeding in doing so, sprang upon the wagon trap, from which he must have been immediately dragged by a large lion with such force as to break one of the trappings. He was heard to cry out twice for help, but in the confusion of the moment was not missed, his brother Adolphe being at the time on horseback, endeavoring to stop the oxen, which were going on at a fearful rate through the veld.

With much difficulty he succeeded in doing so, and then returned to look for his missing brother, whose body he found about daybreak, and the lion crouching about twelve yards from it. With a feeling of desperation he leveled his gun and fired at the animal.—The aim was good, and, as the ball passed right through its head, it fell down on the spot.

On coming nearer to his brother's body the poor man was sadly shocked at its mutilated condition, the lion having carried it a long distance, and then devoured the greater portion. The remains were hastily conveyed to town, and upwards of eighty persons attended the funeral. Poor Philip Van Collier leaves a widow and several children to deplore their loss, and his melancholy end.

P. S.—We have since learned that, previous to the oxen becoming frightened, the lion first attacked, without any provocation, Adolphe Van Collier and three other men who were riding on horseback some distance in front of the wagon. Having unfortunately no guns with them, they jumped off their horses and stood between them and the lion. The lion, however, appeared more anxious to attack them than their horses; upon which they shouted and threw their hats at him, and afterwards fired the grass, when he left them and went to the wagon. The surrounding country being all occupied, the lions appear to have concentrated themselves at this spot, where they are extremely bold.

LARGE SHIP.—The "Cathedral," a noble vessel, lying at Shippen street wharf, where she arrived a few weeks since, is the largest sailing vessel that ever entered our port. She brought a cargo of guano from the Chincha Islands, consisting of 2800 tons. Most of this has been discharged, and on the two upper decks the odor is so strong as to render respiration nearly intolerable. The ship draws 25½ feet of water; her length is 235 feet length of the keel 225 feet, depth 30½, breadth of beam 44 feet. There are three spacious decks. The staterooms are handsomely fitted up in style. The rooms of the captain and mate have every convenience, and are provided with firearms in abundance. There is a large dispensary, with instruments and medicines useful in a long voyage. The owners are Train & Co., of Boston. The captain is Mr. Wm. H. Howard. The ship was built about 18 months since, at Portsmouth New Hampshire, and has made three voyages, two to Live-pool and one to the Pacific.

The Latest News from Europe.

New York, Nov. 8. The steamship Vigo, arrived at noon today from Havre, whence she sailed on the 19th ult., bringing three days later news from the Continent. The Paris conference was to re-assemble on the 15th ult.

NAPLES. The German papers state that the King of Naples has urged the colonists of St. Petersburg, Vienna and Berlin, to conclude in favor of the Kingdom of the two Sicilies, a treaty analogous to that guaranteeing the integrity of the Ottoman Empire. The latest advices state that the preparations for the defence of Naples are being redoubled. No modification of the Ministry had taken place. All are anxiously looking for the Allied fleets.

The French squadron was anchored in the Roads at Toulon, ready to depart. Four Sardinian ships were also ready at Genoa. An English steamer arrived at Ajaccio, on the 12th, with orders to Admiral Dumas to sail, and accordingly two steam-frigates put to sea, the next morning. The remainder of the squadron sailed in the evening.

THE GAMBLERS ALARMED. The following narrative—a true one—describes a scene that actually took place not many years since in a country village in the State of Maine. One evening in the month of December, 1834, a number of townsmen had assembled at the store of a Mr. Putnam to talk over matters and things, smoke, drink, and in short do anything to kill time.

Three hours had thus passed away. They had laughed and talked and drank, and had a good time generally, so that about the usual hour for shutting up shop each of the party felt particularly first rate. "Come," says Charles Hatch, one of the company, "let's all liquor, and then have a game of high low, Jack."

"So I say," exclaimed another; "who's got the cards?" "Fetch on your cards," drawled out a third person, his eyes half closed through the effect of the liquor he had drunk. After drinking all round, and an old pine table was drawn up before the fireplace, where burned brightly a large fire of hemlock logs, which would snap and crackle, throwing large live coals out upon the hearth.

All drew around the table, seating themselves on whatever came handiest. Four of them had rolled up to the table some kegs, which from their weight were supposed to contain nails. "Now," said Hatch, "how shall we play—every one for himself?"

"No, have partners," growled out one man. "No, hanged if I play so," shouted the former, bringing his fist down upon the table, knocking one candle out of the stick, another upon the floor. "Come," said Hatch, "no quarrelling; all who say for having partners stand up."

Three a one. "Now all who say each one himself stand up." The remaining one immediately got up. "You see, Barclay," said Hatch, "the majority are against you. Come, will you play?"

"Well, as I don't want to be on the opposite side, I'll play," answered Barclay, somewhat cooled down. Mr. Putnam was not in the store that evening, and the clerk who was busy behind the counter, had taken very little notice of the proceedings. About half-past ten Mr. Putnam thought he would just step into the store and see that everything was safe. As he went in he walked up towards the fire. When within a few steps of where the men were sitting, he started back in horror. Before him sat seven men, half crazy with liquor and the excitement of playing cards. There they were, within a few feet of the fire just described; and four of them seated on kegs of powder!

Barclay who was a very heavy man, had pressed in the head of the keg on which he sat, bursting the top hoop, and pressing the powder out thro' the chinks. By the continued motion of his feet the powder had become spread about the floor, and now covered a space of two feet all around them. Mr. Putnam's first movement was towards the door, but recovering himself, he walked towards the fire. Should either of them attempt to rise, and scatter a few grains a little further into the fireplace where lay a quantity of live coals, all would be lost.

At that moment Hatch looked up, and seeing Mr. Putnam with his face deadly pale, and gazing into the fire, exclaimed—"Putnam, what ails you?" and at the same time made a motion to rise. "Gentlemen, do not rise!" said Mr. Putnam; "four of you sit on kegs of powder—it is scattered all around you—one movement might send you all to eternity. There are two buckets of water behind the bar. But keep your seats for one minute and you are saved—move and you are dead men!"