

Democrat and Sentinel WHITE & DEVINE, Editors and Proprietors. EBENSBURG.

WEDNESDAY MORNING FOR PRESIDENT, BUCHANAN. Subject to the Decision of the National Convention.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS .- Fstray, by A. M. White-Notice, by G. M. Reed-Notice, by A. C. Mullin-List of Causes-Estray, by N. Noel-Com.nr's. Appeals-Auditor Notice's, by J. S. Rhey-Notice, by J. C. Noon-Notice, by P. S. Noon-Notice, by Wm. H. Gardner-Notice, by M. Hasson-Tavern Stand for rent, by P. Shields.

to-We are indebted to Messrs. Smith and Bernhard of the House, and Messrs. Cresswell and Maguire of the Senate for Legislative documents.

To Advertisers.

Persons sending in advertisements will please mark the number of insertions required, or they will be continued till forbid, and charged accordingly.

Gov. Bigler.

The election of this gentleman to represent this State in the Senate of the United States for the ensuing six years is warmly received by the Democracy of the State, and gives much satisfaction. Although we have expressed an opinion in favor first choice for this distinguished station, yet we are highly gratified with the election of Gov. Bigler. Stricken down as that gentleman was in the gubernatorial canvass one year since, whilst battling in defence of civil and religious liberty, as the first victim of Know-Nothing intolerance, we cannot but regard his election now as a triumph to fifteen thousand. of truth over fanaticism, and a pointed rebuke to the new fangled party that thought they had secured the complete political prostration of a faithful public servant.

Our Members.

It is pleasing to the Democracy of this representative district, to observe the bold, consistent, and direct course pursued by our Representatives at Harrisburg. Public opinion justifies us in saying that, thus far, Maj. Bernhard and Captain Smith have entirely carried out the wishes of their constituents, and have shown that they deserve the confidence reposed in them. They are always to be found at their posts in the House, vigilant and attentive, not only to the interests of their

own district, but also of the Commonwealth at large. Laborious and industrious, they have car- every sentime at contained in your favor of their attention to their own doors. We have givried their share of influence. As a citizen of Cam- yesterday. I am now, and have for many bria county, we were gratified, whilst listening to a debate in the House, the other day, to witness the applause bestowed by members on some romarks made by Mr. Smith, on the motion to print Gen. Jackson's Farewell Address. The Know-Nothings were seized with a terror and quaking | ly prepared to meet the duties and responsiat the very mention of the old Hero's name, and commenced a terrible caterwanhng: in the midst of their tribulation, Mr. Smith got up and settled the hash for them, in one of his off hand pithy speeches. We subjoin an imperfect report of the remarks, which though incomplete, may yet serve to give an idea of that gentleman's style of speaking; a style, which direct, energetic, and business like, is always efficacious in a deliberative assem-

MR. SMITH .- Mr. Speaker, the more I have the nominee. In this I shall be guilty of bad heard said against the printing of this address, and the more I have reflected upon it, the more am I impressed with its virtue and its importance, and the greater has my anxiety become to have it printed and freely circulated.

Had there been no opposition to the printing of this address, I would have been satisfied with the number of copies the resolution proposes to have printed, viz: 10,000 copies in the English language, and 5,000 copies in the German language, but I am now convinced, that that number is not sufficient.

It is a document which should be in every house in the Union. It is a document which should be read and re-read by every citizen of the United States, both old and young. No document ever set forth so many important truths and useful lessons, or hung out so many glorious beacon lights as the Farewell Address of Gen. Andrew Jackson. There is a greatness attaching of Gen. Henry D. Foster of Westmoreland as our to the Farewell Address of that illustrious sage and hero, which should render it hallowed in the ble horses, and Wm. Carney of Cambria township recollection of every American citizen, and which should cause it to be cherished and treasured up as an example of greatness.

Mr. Speaker, there cannot be too many copies of this address printed and circulated, and I now move to amend the resolution by increasing the number of copies to be printed in the English,

A License Bill.

We have received a copy of a bill reported by Judge Wilkins of the Senate, to repeal the res-

training liquor law, and substitute one to regulate That Gov. Bigler will faithfully represent the tavern licenses, and to restrain the use of spirituinterests of Pennsylvania in the United Statea Senate, we have no doubt. Possessing much ous liquors. It consists of twenty-eight sections. ability, and intimately acquainted with the wants It provides that no person hereafter, unless he be and wishes of the people, united to habit of a citizen of the United States, and of a good mor-

Gov. Bigler for Buchanan.

Immediately upon the election of Gov. Bigler to the U. S. Senate, telegraph reports were sent over the Union, stating that he was opposed to the nomination of Mr. Buchanan In the following letter to Mr. M' Kinley former Editor of the Democratic Union, a flat contradiction is given to the whole story, and his position already defined. Philadelphia, Jan. 15th, 1856.

My DEAR SIR-I most heartily concur in months past, been the open advocate of Mr. BUCHANAN for the next Presidential nomination. His great State has peculiar claims to the honor of presenting the man, and her vast interests are entitled to the care of one of her own sons. Besides, Mr. B. is most eminentbilities of the station, and in my judgment, is the most available candidate for his party. His old enemies have been silenced by the voice of popular sentiment, and his friends are strengthened by the certainty of his success in Convention and at the polls.

It is my intention, when at Washington City, in the capacity of a Senator, to promote the nomination of this eminent statesman by evey proper means, as I shall surely, to the same extent, aid his election should he become faith to no man who favored my election to at the Court House, in Ebensburg, on Saturday, the Senate, for my Presidential preferences January 19, 1856, at 2 o'clock P. M. were freely declared to the members of the Legislature, and others, previous to my election. You can make any use of this com-

munication that you may deem proper. Very truly, your friend, WM. BIGLER

I. G. M'KINLEY, Esq., Harrisburg, Pa.

Horse Thieves.

Our county has been infested for several years with a gang of horse thieves, and it has been impossible for the officers of the law or the owners of horses to arrest them. We are informed that a number of persons who reside in this county are strongly suspected. Last summer Mr. Geo. Settlemyer, of Summerhill township lost two valualost two, together with a number of others taken Pryce, of Cambria; Joseph Cole, of Carrol, and about the same time. Mr. S. received information from a citizen of Luzerne county, that he could obtain his horses by going to the place and burg. proving them ; he went on and found one of them. the other having been killed by hard usage .--Carney has received information that his horses are there also.

We copy the following from the Greensburg Democrat:

HORSE THIEVES .- A man by the name of Rutter, who had been arrested in Luzerne County, was taken to Pittsburgh Jail on Thursday morning by Constable Mechling. For a number of years past, there appears to have been a regularorganized hand o f horse thieves, who have depots and assistants through Pennsylvania and extending into New York. Rutter and a man by the name of Brown were arrested in Wilkesbarre. through the efforts of Mr. Sloan, of Derry Township. Information also was obtained by him of a number of horses which had been stolen from this informed that steps are being taken to arrest some other parties who belong to the band, and that the whole concern will be exposed and the guilty ones brought to punishment. We do not feel at American Republic, he might be master of liberty to make public any further particulars at

The Late Borough Ordinance.

Our citizens generally seem disposed to obey the Borough ordinance lately passed by our Town the case of Mr. Crampton at some length, Council; this is right, we like to see a law abiding community. The Council deserves the thanks of the citizens for the course they have pursuedour high-ways and side walks have been encumons, sleighs, and slop at kitchen doors. While we are disposed to give the members of that body full credit for what they have done, and justly so,) we hope they will not think hard of us for calling en our devil strict orders to take his ashes to the rear of the office, and as soon as the frost leaves the huge pile at our front door, we will remove it.

Godey's Lady's Book.

We are in receipt of the February number of Godey. This number is a capital one. Each number fully comes up to its promises. The enare not excelled by any Magazine now published. This number contains one hundred pages of excellent reading matter, No lady should be without it. Send \$3 to L. A. Godev, No. 113, Chesnut street, Philadelphia, for the Magazine and you will not be beholding to your neighbor.

Cambria County Agricultural Society.

" Cambria County Agricultural Society" was held

In the absence of the President, James M'Dermit, Esq. was appointed President pro lem. R. L. Johnston, Esq., Chairman of the Com-

was, on motion, read and accepted, and the committee discharged from further duty.

The Society then proceeded to the election of named persons were selected.

President-Edward Shoemaker, Esq., of Cambria township.

town, and Augustin Durbin, Esq., of Munster. Managers-Michael M'Guire, of Allegheny: John H. Douglass, of Clearfield; William D. Alexander Cover, of Summerhill.

Treasurer-John Williams, Esq., of Ebens-

Secretary-A. J. Rhey, of Ebensburg. On motion, it was Resolved, That the annual membership of this Society be one dollar, and that the Secretary be directed to so amend the Constitution of the So-Resolved. That the proceedings be published in

the County papers. On motion adjourned,

By order of the President,

A. J. RHEY, Secretary. " Echo" & " Tribune" please copy.

The Case of Mr. Crampton.

The London Shipping Gazette discusses and closes with this language : "Mr. Crampton, although not publicly im-

peached, is openly charged with having taken advantage of his position at a foreign court to bered long enough with coal, ashes, wood, wag- transgress, and encourage others to violate, the laws of the country in which he is resident. To this charge Mr. Crampton has as yet vouchsafed no answer. The United States government, therefore, reasonably asks for explanation and satisfaction. Mr. Crampton has hitherto, by the manner in which he has discharged the important functions entrusted to him, secured the esteem of every member of the Cabinet of Washington, and generally of the American people; and when the accusations were brought against him, his simple denial would have no doubt been satisfactory to the American government. The Pritish Minister, however, refused to make any angravings, fashion plates, and embroydery patterns | swer to the charges until he had communicated with the government at home, and, hav- head of the French government; and, assuing so communicated, finally decided upon ming that it reflects the opinions and views of saying nothing, either in explanation, exten- Napoleon III, we do not hesitate to say that uation, or defence of his conduct. What it will be perused in these countries with emother course was open to the United States inent disappointment and dissatisfaction Government than to require from the British After a most careful consideration of its con-

ish Minister refused to give? And what France does not think she will find her ac-Pursuant to public notice a meeting of the reason can possibly induce the British Gov- count in a further prosecution of the war, and ernment to decline giving such explanation ? that it is the deliberate opinion of the cabinet Either Mr. Crampton has transgressed the of Paris that the object of the war has been neutrality laws of the United States, or he accomplished in the fall of Sebastopol and the has not. If he has not, what so easy as to destruction of the Russian fleet in the Euxine, say so? Why has the settlement of the mat- To the censure upon certain members of the ter been delayed so long? Why leave so English press with which this brochure opens, unpleasant a question an open one just pre- we frankly admit that we are amenable. We mittee of Arrangement of the late County Fair, viously to the publication of the President's have been the consistent and determined adsubmitted the Report of said Committee, which Message? This document has, no doubt, vocates for the conquest of a secure peace. been delayed until Mr Buchanan's despatches We have endeavored to show that the security arrived, so that the dispute between the two of Europe against the aggression of Russia is Governments could have been referred to as only to be obtained by the sword. We are officers for the ensuing year, when the following past, if mentioned at all. But if the report still of that opinion, and are, in the present to which we have directed attention be true, posture of affairs, sufficiently perverse as to and the British Government have really de- place more reliance in the arbitrament of batclined to give the required explanations, we the than even in the * sage resolutions and cannot be surprised if such conduct be allu- calm attitude of the allied governments ' ded to in the Message with asperity, and the But the feature in this brochure which dismissal of Mr. Crampton should close the we least like is the apologatic time which it first seene of a very unpleasant if not a dis- assumes for Russia, and the rather undignicreditable transaction

[From the Washington Union.] The Old Guard can Never Surrender. In the present situation of parties, it is impossible to estimate too highly the importance

of the approaching political contest. Never chanics' Institution, at Manchester, on the was a graver or more vital issue presented to 14th December, Mr. Bright M P., in the the American people than that which must in- | course of a speech, deprecating the war, said : evitably enter into the Presidential canvass of | " Many of you have relatives or friends in 1856. This issue is union or disunion. We America. That young nation has a populaspeak not as an alarmist, but in the honest tion about equal to ours in these islands. It conviction that nothing but the triumph of has a great internal and external commerce. the Democratic party can save the country It has more tonnage in shipping than we have. from an Abolition President. Never were It has more railroads than we have. It has the enemies of the constitution and the Union more newspapers than we have. It has instronger, more determined, or more favored stitutions more free than we have-that horby circumstances, than they will then be rid slavery of the South excepted-and which For years fanaticism, political, social and reli- is no fruit of its institutions, but an unhappy A correspondent of the National Intelligen- gious, has left no effort untried to destroy the legacy of the past. It has also a great manuthey are marshalling their every man to make is the young giant whose shadow ever grows, one last great effort The country and the and there is the true rival of this country. county, some of which were recovered. We are aragua, and if he listened to the seductive in- constitution have but one hope, but one friend, How do we stand or start in the race? The vitations from the parties in the adjacent the Democratic party It battles for no more United States Government, including all the States, who wish to reconstruct the Central party ascendency, but for the constitution. In Governments of all the sovereign States, raidefence of this noble instrument it enters the ses in taxes probably from £12,000,000 to contest. Its cause is the cause of the Union- £15,000,000 sterling in the year. England Central America. He has as many fighting the constitution and the Union, one and in- this year will raise in taxes and loans, and separable. By these they have lived; by will expend, nearly £100,000,000. This ly emigrant settlers for the farms. The wri- those they will conquer or they will fall-for population must raise, and will spend, probathe Old Guard can never surrender its proud bly, £80,000,000 within this year, more than banner! Our cause is a glorious one, and that population will raise and spend, and in with a proud and willing heart will every true America there is far less poverty and pauper-Democrat do battle in it. The struggle will ism than in England. Can we run this race be fierce, but the victory will be all the proud- on these terms and against these odds? Can er for that. The hopes of the people are in we hope to be as well off as America, if the the Democracy, and their eyes are fixed upon products of our industry are thus swept away them as they marshal their tried men for bat- by the tax-gatherer, and in the vain scheme tle. They expect to see every D mocret at of saving Europe from imaginary dangers? his post, and ready for action. Our enemies Can poverty be lessoned among us, can eduare harmless while we remain true to our- cation spread, can the brutality of so many of selves. Dissension and division alone can our population be uprooted-can all or anydefeat us. These then, are the enemies we thing that good men look for come to ushave most to guard against. United-of one while the fruits of our industry, the foundaheart, of one mind, and of one faith-the tion of all social and moral good, are squangreat national Democratic party may defy all dered in this manner ?--- Pursue the phantom the combined hosts of fanaticism. Now all is of military glery for ten years, and expend in bright before us. Each day that comes shows that time a sum equal to all the visible propus the old legions which time and again have crty of Lancashire and Yorkshire, and then done battle in the good old cause, wheeling compare yourselves with the United States of into line all eager for the fray. And when America, and where will you be? Pauperthe battle signal sounds to the music of the ism, crime and political anarchy, are tha legaloft its proud banner in spite of all its foes there is no escape for us unuess we change our

CARDING STREET, STREET Rupture Between France and England.

Judging from the tone and temper of some of the leading Engli h journals, we should say that the extents cordiate between the two great Western Powers, and about which so much has been sung on both sides of the channel, was in a fair way of being seriously interrupted. We copy the following from the London Herald, of the 28th ult :---

"In our second edition of yesterday appeared the most remarkable and important document which the progress of the war has vet produced-we refer, of course, to the State paper published in Paris, in the shape of a brochure, entitled ' Necessity of a Congress for Pacifying Europe by a Statesman." Its inspiration, is not its direct authorship, has been referred to that source from whenee have proceeded many of the ablest papers on the Eastern question which have of late been given to Europe. In a word, it is recognized by the French press as the production of the Government the explanations which the Brit- tents, we have come to the conclusion that

fied character of the appeal to that power to take the initiative in the formation of a Peace Congress."

Mr. Bright on the United States.

At a public meeting of the Marsden Me

Vice Presidents-E. A. Vickroy, Esq., of Johns-

as will promote the welfare not only of Pennsyl- | fifth section thus designates the rates; vania but that of the whole union.

In the election of Gov. Bigler another proof is also given that the Democracy are not disposed to for that purpose, shall be \$10,000 or more. forget those who stand firm and true to the time young men of the country forget that in his career another example is given of the beautiful workings of our republican form of government, and what may be accomplished by industry, intelligence, and integrity. That the highest station in the land may be reached by pursuing a straight forward course, and to which the poor may aspire as well as the rich-

Starting in life without friends, or rich relations to aid him, his success in life so far is owing to his own industry and application. Whether we regard him as the poor printer boy-editormerchant-legislator-governor-or citizen, he has always been found active, useful, industrious, and desirous to promote the welfare of his native State, and in the new station to which he has just him a successful career, and feel assured that the interests of the Keystone State will be faithfully attended to in the Senate of the Union.

State Treasurer.

The Legislature on Monday last elected Henry S. Magraw, Esq. formerly of Pittsburg, but now of Lancaster, to the office of State Treasurer for one year from the first Monday of may next. The election was effected upon the first ballot, Mr. half the rates and sums above enumerated: Magraw receiving 79 votes, and the present incumbent Eli Slifer 42.

Mr. Magraw is a gentleman of decided ability, of strict integrity, excellent business habits, and will no doubt prove bimself a splendid officer .--He is well known to the Democracy of Western Pennsylvania for his activity, and the consistency of his course in many a political contest in our State, and his election was well merited. The unanimity with which he was nominated in caucus by the Democratic members of the legislature is a high compliment to his worth, it being done on the first ballot, and such an occurrence we believe has not taken place in Pennsylvania for many years.

Report of the Canal Board.

On our outside page, will be found some extracts from the annual Report of the Canal Board. They will doubtless be read with interest by our readers. Had we space enough, we should like to lay the entire Report Lefore them. It is a document which does honor to Peunsylvania. The retiring President, Col. Hopkins leaves the Board, respected by all parties, for his energy, his fearlessness, and devotion to the interests of the State.

great in fustry, he cannot fail to discharge his du- al and sober character, shall keep a public house. ties to the satisfaction of the people of his native Also, that there shall be two classes of taverns ; State. To the people of this county he is well the one class to be chargeable with a high rate of known as on two successive occasions they aided assessment, and authorized to retail wines, branin electing him to the State Senate to represent dy, spirits, malt and brewed liquors; the other the old district of Indiana, Armstrong, Clearfield, class chargeable with low rates of assessments, and Cambria. From his long experience in the and authorized to retail cider, beer, ale, porter legislative and executive departments of the State and mult liquors. The fourth section provides he has become familiar with its interests, and will that the Judges of the several Courts of the Quarbe enabled to beneficially aid in such legislation ter Sessions shall hear the applications, and the

For the first class \$1000, in all cases where the adjusted yearly rental or valuation of the house and property occupied or intended to be occupied

For the second class, where the rental shall be honored principles of the party. Nor should the \$8000 and not more than \$10,000, the price of the license shall be \$800.

For the third class, where the rental shall be \$6000 and not more than \$8020, the price of the license shall be \$600.

For the fourth class, where the rental shall be \$4000 and not more than \$6000, the price of the license shall be \$400.

For the fifth class, where the rental shall be \$2000, and not more than \$4000, the price of the license shall be \$200 For the sixth class, where the rental shall be

\$1000, and not more than \$2000, the price of the icense shall be \$200.

For the seventh class, where the rental shall be \$500 and not more than \$1000, the price of the

license shall be \$100. For the eighth class, where the rental shall be \$300 and shall not be more than \$500, the price of the license shall be \$50.

For the ninth class, where the rental shall be of the license shall be \$30.

For the tenth class, in all cases where the rental shall be under the sum of \$150, the price of the license shall be \$25.

Sec. 6. That those tavern, inn, and hotel keepers, who apply for a license to vend and retail little Cambria. only cider, beer, ale, malt and brewed beverage. shall be classed in the same manner as above mentioned in the preceding 4th section, and shall be severally assessed and taxed according to the class a which they shall respectively be placed at one

Another section re-enforces the Sunday Liquor Eaw.

State Military Convention.

A State military convention assembled at Harrisburg on Monday last, and organized by electing Gen. George Cadwalader, of Philad'a., President

A series of resolutions were adopted, and a committee appointed to draft a bill to regulate the military system of this State, and to urge its passage upon the Legislature. We hope the convention may result in accomplishing what is so much desired by our military friends, the encouragement of our patriotic volunteers, for we know not how soon their services might again be required.

To all whom it may Concern.

We are reluctantly compelled to call on all who

are indebted for subscription, job work, or advertising, to call and settle their accounts, or they will have to be placed in the hands of a proper officer for collection. Persons to whom we are indebted, force us to take this step. We have been publishing for several years without dunning-few country papers can say the same.

and we are sorry that we are compelled to do it 55- The Postmaster at Harrisburg publishes an now. We have a great many subscribers on our The Snow Drifts. official notification to the effect that the State of list who have not paid a farthing since we com-We mentioned in our last number that our Pennsylvania has provided by legislative enact- menced publishing the Democrat, which is going ment for the payment of postage upon all official on five years. We will take any kind of marketletters or documents addressed to the Governer, ing from those who own us, at market prices. and our streets have again assumed their wonted business appearance. Lumber, Pork, Beef, Oats, Secretary of the Commonwealth, Superintendent of Common Schools, Deputy Secretary of Common Wheat, Corn, in fact every article of marketing Moore's Hotel. Maj. Gideon Marlett has leased this Hotel, now is coming in by sled loads. We understand that Schools, Auditor General, State Treasurer, Secoccupied by Frederick Snyder. His reputation as a number of the cross roads are still blocked up, retary of the Land Department, and State Libraan excellent landlord is well known, as his table and that the fall of snow in this section is the rian. Similar provisions has been made for the Members of the Legislature while in session. always bore the evidence. deepest known since the winter of 1832 & 40.

It appears that Rutter and Brown are the in dividuals who made way with Settlemyer's and Carneys horses.

Prosecuting Attorney.

T. L HEYER, Esq., Prosecuting Attorney for this county, has removed from Johnstown to this place. His office may be found next door to his residence, formerly occupied by T. C. M'Dowell, he formed a government of the heads of both Esq. We welcome the Col. as one of our citizens, the old parties, and appears thus to have fused hoping that his new associations will not cause him to regret that he has become one of us. We may here remark that Col. Hever is an excellent german scholar. Germans wishing to transact business in their own language, can have it attended to by calling on him at his office.

Treasurer.

Our newly elected Treasurer, Mr. Charles D Murray, took the oath of office on Saturday last, and entered upon its duties. Mr. M. has all the requirements to make himself and obliging and Treasurer, made a capital officer, a so anable and courteous, and as a financier he has few equals. He leaves the office with hosts of friends, to await a higher calling from the Democracy of

County Auditors.

The Board of County Auditors finished their labors on last Monday. The duties and labors of making out the annual statement fell upon two of the Board, Mr. Joseph Hoge and Michael D. Wagner, Mr. M. F. Wagner not being present at the settlement. As long as we are favored with such officers as Hoge and Wagner, the Commissioners will experience no trouble in set tling up the affairs of the county.

To the Lovers of Fun and Amusement.

It will be seen by an advertisement in to-day's paper, that a ball will be given at Mrs. Litzinger's Hotel, on Wednesday evening next, and from the arrangements that are making, it promises to be a grand affair. Charles will be on hand in his own proper person to render the evening pleasant and agreeable. To all who are fond of the mazy dance, we say go and take a trip.

Plank Road Election.

The following gentlemen were elected officers of the Ebensburg and Susquehanna Plank Road, for the ensuing year :

President-Edward Shoemaker. Secretary-John Lloyd. Treasurer-Wm. Kittell. Directors-Johnston Moore, Ezekiel Hughes, John Lloyd, Amos Johnston, Edward Roberts.

Interesting from Central America.

cer, writing from San Juan, says that Colonel Walker is now the undoubted master of Nicmen as he wants, and says that he desires onter adds :--

"He came on the invitation of the Democratic party of Nicaragua to assist it to regain power, to enable it to free and then to tranquilize the country. Beating the opposing party and obtaining possession of the capital, and thus to have appeased their strifes and entirely to have suppressed domestic warfare. The Government of Rivas, the new President, is now acknowledged by the country; and the people look with hope to the future for a repose from civil war never before secured to them. This seems to be the actual condition of affairs, so far as I can learn from various authorities.

It is stated further, that the Mosquito business is much the more complicated of the two. in consequence of the difference of opinion be tween United States and Great Britain. He

" The British assert the protectorate claimed before and since the treaty, which our peorender. ple thought the treaty had extinguished, and her officers must execute it if occasion requires them to act. The treaty, as construed by them, confirms the protectorate, and the Admiral had his orders, and he has given them to his subordinates. We have two guns brigs lying near us, and when the 'Osprey' urer, the following resolution was offered by steamer came in two or three days since the Charles D. Manly, of Delaware, and unanisenior officer took the occasion to make his instructions known to Com. P., which were to the effect that arms and armed men and war-

like stores would not be suffered to land at Greytown, &c. A strong British force is always here or close by, and the practical exercise of the disputed protectorate is not far off, now that the West India squadron is so largely increased. You may confidently look out for trouble in this quarter.

" Our Government has adopted its policy. and we must carry it out at all events; but it appears to me that Walker furnishes the only solution to the Mosquito difficulty. If he should be strengthened by our people getting access to Nicaragua, in a year or two Mosquito will drop into her natural position as an integral portion of either Nicaragua or Costa Rica. Opinion and necessity will do it without a 77 years of age; the two youngest being the friend knowing nor dreaming of the intense quarrel. The assumed protectorate cannot King of Portugal and the Duke of Parma, suffering to which they were being subjected, stand against the wishes of the Mosquito people, as well as against the interests of Central America and the United States. England Lippe has reigned the greatest number of the precise nature of their distress, the hand could not insist under such a condition of affairs. No one but his Majesty Augustus in the last century ; while at the bottom of so far as to render them better housed. But Fitzclarence Bumbo and his two keepers rel- the list stands the Emperor of Russia, who, this was unfortunately not so; and in the escape."

THE POETRY OF CONGRESS .- Some inspired ings of that body a month hence as well as now :

THE DEMOCRATIC CAUCUS -In the caucus | Europe !' of the Democratic members of the Pennsylvania Legislature, on Friday night last, for the nomination of a candidate for State Treas-

mously adopted : Resolved, That the Democratic members of the Senate and House of Representatives of Pennsylvania, in caucus assembled, do hereby express their unanimous approbation of the course pursued by the Democratic members of the House of our National Congress, for their steady and unyielding support of the national principles of the party, which know " no North, no South, no East, no West"and urge upon them the propriety of still adhering to their nation's honor

ender of Gotha for 1856, contains some statistics which are interesting. The oldest of Duke of Mecklenberg Strelitz, who is nearly

unmarried, three are widowers, and one is were deeply touched at seeing the entire elevpoet, getting tired of the prosaic telegraph des- divorced, of the remaining number two have en frozen stiff in death and he at once cen-Plank Roads were not passable, owing to the patches of Congressional proceedings, has put the contracted morganatic marriages, viz : the sured himself for not having exercised a betgreat depth of snow. The roads are now passable, matter in a new form, which will answer the do- King of Denmark and the Elector of Hesse. ter protective care over the family. The be-Of the heirs apparent and presumptive, twen- reaved mother of the eleven little ones was yet ty-six arc sons, two daughters, twelve broth- alive, and we are informed is doing "as well ers, three uncles and one cousin. The oldest as could be expected under the peculiar cirof the heirs presumptive is the heir of the Duke cumstances." The father is a perfect brute, of Modena, who is 73 years of age. mother for several months. AF The Cambria Iron Company at Johns-

constitution and its friends. For this aim facturing interest in different branches. That combined-for the Old Guard can never sur- course, and resolve to disconnect ourselves from the policy which tends incessantly to embroil us with the nations of the continent of

> From the Baltimore Republican, 11th. Distressing Calamity --- A Family of Eleven Frozen to Death.

> An old friend informs us that a neighbor of his, residing upon a cold, bleak portion of the suburbs, has been visited by a dreadful calamity, one most afflicting to the parties bereft, and which made us shudder when he, in a feeling manner, broached to us the sad intelligence. The whole offspring of one family-eleven in number-frozen, literally frozen to

death ! It is too well known that Wednesday night was one of the very coldest that has transpi red for many a year in this latitude ; and that suffering was intense. The miserable wreck of a shanty in which this large family were harbored was scarce fit to protect the hardiest THE RULERS OF EUROPE .- The Court Cal- of the brute creation. Not a flame nor a spark of fire was beneath the roof to cheer their countenances nor to warm their little forty eight sovereigns of Europe is the Grand | feet ; but there they were compelled to remain during that entire cold and bitter night-no the former of whom is eighteen and the lat- yet it is not to be doubted that had they been ter seven years. The Prince of Schaumberg only able to make known to the community years, having taken the reins of government of charity would have been extended at least ish it now, and Bumbo, I hear, would gladly as is well known to all, mounted the throne in morning, when a guardian of the family lookthe present year. Six sovereigns are as yet ed into the miserable residence, his feelings

"Banks a hundred and five ! Banks a hundred and seven : Banks a hundred and one ; Wants a hundred and 'leven. Pennington four and three; Richardson seventy-two; Fuller thirty. Dear me! When'll the trouble be through ?" town, employs about 1500 men.

LT Congress is not yet organized.