

# Democrat and Sentinel.

THE BLESSINGS OF GOVERNMENT, LIKE THE DEWS OF HEAVEN, SHOULD BE DISTRIBUTED ALIKE UPON THE HIGH AND THE LOW, THE RICH AND THE POOR.

NEW SERIES.

EBENSBURG, APRIL 11, 1855.

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## TERMS:

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## Select Poetry.

### OUR CHILDHOOD.

BY GEORGE D. PRENTICE.

"The sad—yet sweet—to listen  
To the soft wind's gentle swell,  
And think we hear the music  
Our childhood knew so well;  
To gaze on the even  
And the boundless fields of air,  
And feel again our boyish wish,  
To roam like angels there!

There are many dreams of gladness  
That cling around the past—  
And from the tomb of feeling  
Old thoughts come throbbing fast—  
The forms we love so dearly,  
In the happy days now gone,  
The beautiful and lovely,  
So fair to look upon.

These bright and lovely maidens  
Who seemed so formed for bliss,  
Too glorious and too heavenly  
For such a world as this!  
Whose soft dark eyes seemed swimming  
In a sea of liquid light,  
And whose locks of gold were streaming  
O'er brows so sunny bright.

Whose smiles were like the sunshine  
In the spring time of the year—  
Like the changeful gleams of April  
They followed every tear!  
They have passed—like hope—away—  
All their loveliness has fled—  
Oh! many a heart is mourning  
That they are with the dead.

And yet—the thought is saddening  
To muse on such as they—  
And feel that all the beautiful  
Are passing fast away!  
That the fair ones whom we love,  
Grow to each loving breast,  
Like tendrils of the clinging vine,  
Then perish where they rest.

And can we but think of these  
In the soft and gentle spring,  
When the trees are waving o'er us,  
And the flowers are blossoming!  
For we know that winter's coming  
With his cold and stormy sky—  
And the glorious beauty around us  
Is blooming but to die!

## Romance of History.

From the Home Journal.  
THE IMPERIAL DANDY.  
A REMINISCENCE.

ALEXANDER OF RUSSIA, passed through Brussels on route for his own capital, from Paris, where he had been resting his worn limbs, and displaying his handsome person for a season, shortly after the issue of that great day of Waterloo, which had changed the respect and destinies of dynasties and of nations. The Belgian provinces, for a long time annexed to France, had been placed under the sovereignty of the House of Orange—and William of Nassau, but a few months before reinstated in his hereditary dominions, had united these possessions to his crown.—His principal residence, and that of his officers of state, was at the Hague; but he occasionally visited Brussels; and, that his appearance there might not be deficient in pomp and regality, was generally accompanied by his household, and by the representatives of foreign powers at his court, and their suites. The visit of the Czar chanced to correspond with one of these royal migrations to the Belgian metropolis, and a ball at the palace, in honor of this event, was announced for the evening succeeding his arrival. To this, as a member of the corps diplomatique, I was favored with an invitation; so, donning my court dress—then worn on such occasions, without risk of subjecting ourselves to imputed violation of republican simplicity, or of unbecoming compliance with royal and imperial custom—I made my way through pages, ushers, and chamberlains, to a suite of splendid apartments filled with rank, fashion, chivalry and beauty. A plain monster would have been such an anomaly in this courtly assembly, that I silently acquiesced in the title which had attached to my person in my progress from landing-place to landing-place along the lofty stairway I was required to ascend, and the last usher bowed me into the room as Count Something, or Somebody—a sobriquet, however, which attracted a little notice as if he had been content to introduce me under my own legitimate patronymic. The Emperor had not yet made his appearance; and, as seats were not permitted in the presence of royalty, the company soon became impatient of the guest of the evening. The ladies stood in a row next the wall, extending from one end of a very spacious apartment to the other; the gentlemen in detached groups

in different quarters of the room—most of them, being military men, in gorgeous regiments, and some almost bowed down by the weight of decorations attached to their button-holes, or suspended from their necks. Many showed, in addition to these flattering testimonials, other tokens of hard-fought fields and hair-breadth escapes; and maimed limbs and scarred faces told of other and ruder sports than those for which they were at present assembled. But all went merrily now, and as the military bands, which had lately marshalled them in

"Battle's magnificently stern array," announced the hero of the pageant, "grim-visaged war" would hardly have recognised in countenances glowing with anticipations of festivity, and smoothed to smiles of gentler gallantry, features so lately compressed in sternness, or distorted with pain on the blood-stained fields where for years he had been accustomed to encounter them. On came the Czar, accompanied by the King of Holland, the Prince of Orange, and a brilliant staff, himself the cynosure of wondering eyes—as well he might be, for seldom had nature and art combined to produce a finer specimen of humanity. Somewhat exceeding the common height, of fair complexion, with just enough of *embon-point* to indicate perfect, but not ruddy health—his appearance, apart from his half-military costume, was rather that of the well-bred gentleman than of the hero, or the grandee. His face—round, smooth, and somewhat florid, with light whiskers, but no moustache—had neither a martial nor very intellectual expression; but was not wanting in animation, and bespoke amiability and good-fellowship, rather than disposition or capacity to command. An approach to baldness was perhaps no disadvantage to him, as it gave elevation and expansion to his forehead, and a lordly character to the head, which, well-placed on his manly shoulders, seemed better adapted to this emblem of peaceful sovereignty than to the warrior's helmet, or the conqueror's wreath. His dress was faultless. A scarlet coat, fitting so tightly to his person, as, but for the color, to seem part of it, was crossed by the broad ribbon of St. Andrew, and bore no other insignia; while his well-formed limbs, in white knee-breeches, as they were called, and silk stockings of the same color, terminated in feet of proper proportions, encased in pumps, fastened by large buckles of gold. Moving gracefully to the middle of the room, he took his stand in front of the line of assembled beauties—scarcely all were lovely women—and lifted his right eye to her, and directing it to the right to left, and then from left to right, of the dazzling array, with as much *sang froid* as if he had been inspecting a file of soldiers, he fixed at last on one of the expectant and agitated bevy, let fall his glass, stepped forward, and putting his arm daintily around her waist, without uttering a word, led her out in a *polonaise*—a dance between a walk and a waltz—in which he was followed by the principal personages of the assembly, each of whom had provided himself with a partner, though with less of the *Grand Seigneur* in making his selection. A very few turns round the room sufficed for his gratification, when, restoring the fair, exultant, and doubtless envious favored one, to the rank from which he had withdrawn her, he stood in the middle of the room, apart from all others, complacently looking down on his own fine limbs, with the air of one well satisfied with their symmetry and their achievement. Theirs was rather more of dandyism than of dignity in this self-adulation—more of the *petit maître* than of the Emperor; but then an Emperor is but a man, and few men, so favored by fortune, position and personal endowment, would have been less desirous to display them. After a few moments' repose, the same ceremony of selecting and leading out a fair partner was repeated, and this, at intervals, three or four times during the evening, after which he conversed for an hour or two with his royal associate, and then withdrew, with his august prescience might be no longer a restraint on festivities which proceeded more gayly, and more naturally without him.

Would you think, gentle reader, that in this identical hall, but three short months prior to this festive evening, and on an occasion like this, was held that bright assembly Byron has immortalized, when

"Belgium's capital had gathered there,  
Her beauty, and her chivalry," that the cannon's rude throat might disturb its joyousness, and turn to mourning its sounds of revelry? Yet so it was; and as Emperor, princes, heroes and beauties glided past me in the dance, obtrusive fancy led me back to the fatal night which had blighted with terror, checks that, but a moment before, had been suffused with pleasure, and changed to stern and, in many instances, eternal adieu, the lover's vow and the gallant's adulation. Alas! how many a brave spirit did that solemn and unexpected sound summon to the deadly battle-field, never to return; how many a bereaved fair one retired from that gay chamber, to hide her blighted hopes in seclusion, or the grave! The spectres of that brief past mingled with the living who now thronged the animated hall, and mirth and festive music though countenanced on this occasion by Russia's imperial autocrat, appeared inharmonious and out of place in precincts so lately invaded by the trumpet-call of war, and the awful summons of that still greater potentate—Death.

Long speeches, before a jury that have become restive and jaded by a long trial, like long sermons on a summer afternoon before a sleepy congregation, don't set a cause forward much, sometimes. A "Philadelphia lawyer," and of course not a know-nothing, once remarked on this subject: "I either have a good cause or a bad one. If a good one, it don't need a long speech—if a bad one, the less I say about it the better."

## LEGISLATIVE PROCEEDINGS.

In the House, on Thursday, March 15th, Mr. Cummings, (city) called up the bill to erect the new county of Conemaugh, and on the question of proceeding to the consideration of the bill, the yeas and nays were called and were as follows:—Yeas 44, nays 16.

YEAS—Messrs. Avery, Bergstresser, Crawford, Cummings, (Phila. co.) Daugherty, Donaldson, Downing, Dunning, Eyster, Fearon, Frailey, Free, Gross, Harrison, Herr, Hodson, Holcomb, King, Krepps, Lane, Lathrop, Lowe, McClean, McCombs, Morris, Morrison, North, Page, Pennypacker, Powell, Rittenhouse, Ross, Rutter, Sherer, Smith, (Phila. city) Steel, Stehley, Thompson, Thorn, Waterhouse, Wickersham, Wright, Yorks and Strong, *Speaker*—44.

NAYS—Messrs. Bowman, Caldwell, Cummins, (Somerset,) Eyster, Fry, Guy, Kirkpatrick, Laporte, Leas, Linderman, McConnell, Reese, Simpson, Smith, (Blair,) Weddell, and Witmer—16.

The bill then being before the House on second reading.

Mr. McConnell said, this project had been agitated for the last ten years, and hitherto unsuccessfully. Cambria is a small county, and ought not to be dismembered, to build up a place like Johnstown, which had grown rapidly in the last few years, owing to the immigration of Irish, German, and other foreigners. The member from Cambria, Mr. King, who was urging this bill, was deeply interested in that borough, and would undoubtedly be profited by the erection of the new county, and fixing Johnstown as the county seat. Indiana is also a small county, where people live by their honesty and industry. The new county bill named one township of Indiana county, named Wheatfield, which contains about 125 voters, and has prayed this House not to be separated from that county. The county of Indiana had recently subscribed \$120,000 to one railroad, and issued bonds to the amount of \$150,000 more for the North Western railroad. In addition, they had recently built a new court house, a new jail, and now were purposing a new poor house. Their taxation was heavy, and they did not wish any of their territory to be taken from them. The part to be cut off was but one and a half hour's ride from the borough of Indiana. Mr. McC. continued at some length in opposition to the bill, explaining his past course and present position towards Pine county, &c.

Mr. McConnell moved to amend the bill, by striking out of the bill all the territory included within the bounds of Indiana county, which was briefly debated by Messrs. King, McConnell, and Cummins, of Somerset; and was agreed to, as follows:—Yeas 31, nays 31.

YEAS—Messrs. Allegood, Baul, Bowman, Caldwell, Craig, Cummins (Somerset,) Downing, Eyster, Fletcher, Foster, Franklin, Free, Fry, Guy, Harrison, Herr, Hodgson, Holcomb, Hubbs, Laporte, Leas, Linderman, Lowe, McConnell, Magill, Morrison, Pennypacker, Reese, Sherer, Smith, (Blair,) Thorn, Weddell and Witmer—33.

NAYS—Messrs. Avery, Bush, Christ, Clapp, Crawford, Daugherty, Donaldson, Dunning, Gross, King, Kirkpatrick, Krepps, Lathrop, McClean, McCombs, McCullough, Maxwell, Morris, North, Orr, Page, Powell, Ross, Rutter, Stehley, Sturdevant, Wright, Yorks, Ziegler and Strong, *Speaker*—31.

Adjourned.

Wednesday, March 21, Messrs. Harrison and Eyster moved to re-consider the vote on the amendment offered by Mr. McConnell, to the first section of the bill to erect the new county of Conemaugh; which was agreed to, as follows:—Yeas 45, nays 27.

YEAS—Messrs. Avery, Baker, Barry, Bergstresser, Baul, Carlisle, Christ, Clapp, Crawford, Cummings, (Phila. co.) Daugherty, Donaldson, Downing, Fearon, Fletcher, Foust, Frailey, Fry, Gross, Gwinner, Harrison, Johnson, King, Krepps, Lathrop, Lowe, McCalmont, McCombs, Maxwell, Mengle, Morris, North, Orr, Page, Palmer, Powell, Rittenhouse, Sallade, Simpson, Stehley, Sturdevant, Waterhouse, Wright, Ziegler and Strong, *Speaker*—45.

NAYS—Messrs. Allegood, Baldwin, Caldwell, Chamberlin, Criswell, Cummins, (Somerset,) Foster, Franklin, Free, Herr, Hodgson, Holcomb, Hubbs, Linderman, McConnell, McConeky, Pennypacker, Reese, Sherer, Thompson, Thorn, Weddell, Wickersham and Witmer—27.

The question being on the motion of Mr. McConnell, to strike from the bill the township of Wheatfield, Indiana county.

Mr. McConnell was opposed to the erection of this new county, and intended using every means in his power to prevent the passage of the bill. He did not believe it good policy in legislators to cut the State up into small municipalities, thus adding to the local and county taxes without giving corresponding advantages to the people. These projects were often got up by speculators and property holders in and about the proposed county seat, with the object of increasing the importance of the place, giving a fictitious value to property and speculating successfully upon the excitement they often have themselves solely created. He thought the Legislature should narrowly watch these schemes, and refuse to endorse any which did not come recommended by the wish of the people interested, and by the strongest proofs that there was a necessity for a change. The people of Johnstown were naturally anxious to have their town made a county seat, but he did not think that, under the circumstances, Conemaugh county proposed to take one township from Somerset and one from Westmoreland, two from Somerset and the balance from Cambria. He did not believe there was any necessity for the county, or that the people interested desired it, but he was especially anxious to save the county of Indiana from mutilation. Indiana county

was now of good size and shape, and there were many reasons why it should not be dismembered. The roads running through it, and connecting even its extreme limits with Indian borough, were good and generally easy of travel. Recently the citizens had subscribed large amounts for the construction of railroads within her borders, which would increase the facilities for people reaching the county seat. They had subscribed \$170,000 to the construction of the branch road from Blairsville to Indiana, which will go by the boundaries of Wheatfield township, and 12,000 to the North Western railroad.

They have also lately constructed a number of public buildings, and are now about purchasing a farm on which to erect a poor house, all of which have been, and will be, sources of great expense and heavy taxation. All portions of the county have been taxed to meet these expenses; among the rest, the people of Wheatfield township, which it is now proposed to take from that county and make part of another county, in which it will be compelled to bear its part of exactly similar burthens. He considered this an act of injustice, which he could not sanction. Some of the citizens of Wheatfield township, are now only eight miles from the borough of Indiana. If this new county be erected, they will be twenty miles from Johnstown, which is a great inconvenience to the people when applied to this case, is entirely against this bill. Wheatfield township contains about 325 voters, all of whom are opposed to this bill. He had not heard of a single one, who was not anxious that it should be defeated. If trusted their wishes would not be disregarded, and in a master so seriously affecting their interests and comfort. He did not think that whole districts should be annoyed and dissatisfied, merely to gratify Johnstown, or any other town ambitious of being made a seat of justice. He had the strongest confidence that this bill would not pass; but he would not permit himself to believe that the Legislature would refuse to strike from the bill that part including Wheatfield township, Indiana county, in the face of their manifestations of decided hostility to it. He has always been friendly to the erection of the county of Pine, but that was because the people of Indiana county were favorable to that, if any division was to be made. He had for several years heartily supported this measure, and had used every exertion to pass it. But if the Legislature should determine to erect Conemaugh county, he could not urge the erection of Pine, as Indiana county could not be cut at both points.

Mr. Cummings thought the indications this morning, were, that the bill would pass. He thought it wrong—that there was no justice in it—and knew that the people of the proposed county did not ask for it, outside of the borough of Johnstown. The people of Somerset county did not want it, not even the people of the districts proposed to be embraced in it. This their vote of last fall had shown. He had told the people of those districts, that if they wished to be cut from Somerset county, they should vote for him; if they did not, they should vote against him. This, he had done, because he had supported the new county of Conemaugh last winter, and wished them to express their feelings on this subject. They understood the issue, and voted against him almost unanimously, showing that they wanted no change in their county relations. He cannot see why a new county should be formed. Take a straight line from Ebensburg to Johnstown, and the distance between the points is about 13 miles. If they get the territory they desired from Somerset county, the distance from Johnstown to that end of the county would be 10 miles; and the county would contain but 300 square miles, while it would spoil the shape of the counties of Somerset, Cambria and Westmoreland. He wished the gentleman from Cambria (Mr. King) would give a good reason why the bill should pass. The people of Somerset county, living in the parts proposed to be placed into Conemaugh, never go to law—have not to his knowledge brought a suit for thirty years, and it was a matter of comparative unimportance whether they were nearer a seat of justice than they now are. He hoped this bill would not pass; but if it did, he would try to be content.

Mr. King replied, but so indistinctly as to be almost inaudible at the opposite side of the Hall. He said the people had recently been thinking of this subject, had instructed their Senator to go for this bill; which was an indication of their feelings. The population of Johnstown is between five and six thousand, and were greatly inconvenienced from want of access to the sheriff and other county officers, and jail and other county buildings. In consequence of these disadvantages, the people there had been very anxious for some years, for the erection of the new county.—His election had turned on this question. He, however, now gave notice that at the proper time, he would move to amend the bill, so as to leave the erection of the new county to the voters within the prescribed limits.

Mr. McConnell and Mr. King further debated the question; when,

Mr. Daugherty made a few remarks introductory to a letter he handed to the clerk to be read, from parties residing in the northern part of Cambria county.

Mr. Foster moved an amendment to the amendment, so as to cut from the bill that portion relating to Westmoreland county; which was disagreed to.

The motion of Mr. McConnell to strike out Wheatfield township, Indiana county, was then lost, as follows: Yeas 29, nays 41.

YEAS—Messrs. Allegood, Baldwin, Caldwell, Cummins, (Somerset,) Edinger, Eyster, Fletcher, Foster, Franklin, Fry, Guy, Gwinner, Herr, Hodgson, Hubbs, Johnson, Leas, McConnell, Magill, Morrison, Muse, Pennypacker, Reese, Sherer, Steel, Weddell, Wickersham, Witmer and Wood—35.

NAYS—Messrs. Barry, Bergstresser, Chamberlin, Crawford, Cummings, (Phila. co.) Donaldson, Dunning, Foust, Frailey, Gross, Harrison, Holcomb, King, Krepps, Lane, Morris, Page, Palmer, Powell, Rittenhouse, Smith, (Phila. city) Stehley, Wright, Yorks, and Strong, *Speaker*—25.

The second section was then read and agreed to, as follows:—Yeas 42, nays 25.

YEAS—Messrs. Avery, Baker, Baldwin, Barry, Bergstresser, Christ, Clapp, Crawford, Criswell, Cummings, (Phila. co.) Daugherty, Downing, Dunning, Edinger, Eyster, Fearon, Frailey, Free, Gross, Harrison, Holcomb, King, Krepps, Lane, Lathrop, Lowe, McConeky, Maxwell, Morris, North, Orr, Page, Palmer, Pennypacker, Rittenhouse, Ross, Simpson, Smith, (Allegheny,) Smith, (Phila. city) Stehley, Sturdevant, Thompson, Thorn, Waterhouse, Wood, Wright, Yorks and Strong, *Speaker*—50.

Mr. Foster moved the bill be postponed for the present; which was lost as follows:—Yeas 26, nays 45.

YEAS—Messrs. Bowman, Caldwell, Cummins, (Somerset,) Eyster, Foster, Franklin, Free, Fry, Guy, Gwinner, Herr, Hodgson, Hubbs, Leas, Linderman, McConnell, Mengle, Muse, Reese, Rutter, Sherer, Thompson, Thorn, Weddell, Wickersham and Witmer—26.

NAYS—Messrs. Avery, Barry, Bergstresser, Christ, Clapp, Clapp, Clapp, Crawford, Criswell, Cummings, (Phila. co.) Donaldson, Downing, Dunning, Edinger, Eyster, Fearon, Frailey, Free, Gross, Harrison, Holcomb, Johnson, King, Krepps, Lane, Lathrop, Lowe, McCombs, Maxwell, Morris, North, Orr, Page, Palmer, Pennypacker, Rittenhouse, Ross, Simpson, Smith, (Allegheny,) Smith, (Phila. city) Steel, Stehley, Sturdevant, Waterhouse, Wright, Yorks and Strong, *Speaker*—45.

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The question being on the first section, Mr. Weddell wished to represent his constituents, who were opposed to the bill. They had many objections to it, one of which was that the great natural barrier of Laurel Hill would be between Johnstown and the part of Westmoreland county, proposed to be taken from that county, and will be, sources of great expense and heavy taxation. All portions of the county have been taxed to meet these expenses; among the rest, the people of Wheatfield township, which it is now proposed to take from that county and make part of another county, in which it will be compelled to bear its part of exactly similar burthens. He considered this an act of injustice, which he could not sanction. Some of the citizens of Wheatfield township, are now only eight miles from the borough of Indiana. If this new county be erected, they will be twenty miles from Johnstown, which is a great inconvenience to the people when applied to this case, is entirely against this bill. Wheatfield township contains about 325 voters, all of whom are opposed to this bill. He had not heard of a single one, who was not anxious that it should be defeated. If trusted their wishes would not be disregarded, and in a master so seriously affecting their interests and comfort. He did not think that whole districts should be annoyed and dissatisfied, merely to gratify Johnstown, or any other town ambitious of being made a seat of justice. He had the strongest confidence that this bill would not pass; but he would not permit himself to believe that the Legislature would refuse to strike from the bill that part including Wheatfield township, Indiana county, in the face of their manifestations of decided hostility to it. He has always been friendly to the erection of the county of Pine, but that was because the people of Indiana county were favorable to that, if any division was to be made. He had for several years heartily supported this measure, and had used every exertion to pass it. But if the Legislature should determine to erect Conemaugh county, he could not urge the erection of Pine, as Indiana county could not be cut at both points.

Mr. Cummings thought the indications this morning, were, that the bill would pass. He thought it wrong—that there was no justice in it—and knew that the people of the proposed county did not ask for it, outside of the borough of Johnstown. The people of Somerset county did not want it, not even the people of the districts proposed to be embraced in it. This their vote of last fall had shown. He had told the people of those districts, that if they wished to be cut from Somerset county, they should vote for him; if they did not, they should vote against him. This, he had done, because he had supported the new county of Conemaugh last winter, and wished them to express their feelings on this subject. They understood the issue, and voted against him almost unanimously, showing that they wanted no change in their county relations. He cannot see why a new county should be formed. Take a straight line from Ebensburg to Johnstown, and the distance between the points is about 13 miles. If they get the territory they desired from Somerset county, the distance from Johnstown to that end of the county would be 10 miles; and the county would contain but 300 square miles, while it would spoil the shape of the counties of Somerset, Cambria and Westmoreland. He wished the gentleman from Cambria (Mr. King) would give a good reason why the bill should pass. The people of Somerset county, living in the parts proposed to be placed into Conemaugh, never go to law—have not to his knowledge brought a suit for thirty years, and it was a matter of comparative unimportance whether they were nearer a seat of justice than they now are. He hoped this bill would not pass; but if it did, he would try to be content.

Mr. King replied, but so indistinctly as to be almost inaudible at the opposite side of the Hall. He said the people had recently been thinking of this subject, had instructed their Senator to go for this bill; which was an indication of their feelings. The population of Johnstown is between five and six thousand, and were greatly inconvenienced from want of access to the sheriff and other county officers, and jail and other county buildings. In consequence of these disadvantages, the people there had been very anxious for some years, for the erection of the new county.—His election had turned on this question. He, however, now gave notice that at the proper time, he would move to amend the bill, so as to leave the erection of the new county to the voters within the prescribed limits.

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YEAS—Messrs. Allegood, Baldwin, Caldwell, Cummins, (Somerset,) Edinger, Eyster, Fletcher, Foster, Franklin, Fry, Guy, Gwinner, Herr, Hodgson, Hubbs, Johnson, Leas, McConnell, Magill, Morrison, Muse, Pennypacker, Reese, Sherer, Steel, Weddell, Wickersham, Witmer and Wood—35.

NAYS—Messrs. Barry, Bergstresser, Chamberlin, Crawford, Cummings, (Phila. co.) Donaldson, Dunning, Foust, Frailey, Gross, Harrison, Holcomb, King, Krepps, Lane, Morris, Page, Palmer, Powell, Rittenhouse, Smith, (Phila. city) Stehley, Wright, Yorks, and Strong, *Speaker*—25.

The second section was then read and agreed to, as follows:—Yeas 42, nays 25.

YEAS—Messrs. Avery, Baker, Baldwin, Barry, Bergstresser, Christ, Clapp, Crawford, Criswell, Cummings, (Phila. co.) Daugherty, Downing, Dunning, Edinger, Eyster, Fearon, Frailey, Free, Gross, Harrison, Holcomb, Johnson, King, Krepps, Lane, Lathrop, Lowe, McConeky, Maxwell, Morris, North, Orr, Page, Palmer, Pennypacker, Rittenhouse, Ross, Simpson, Smith, (Allegheny,) Smith, (Phila. city) Stehley, Sturdevant, Thompson, Thorn, Waterhouse, Wood, Wright, Yorks and Strong, *Speaker*—50.

Mr. Foster moved the bill be postponed for the present; which was lost as follows:—Yeas 26, nays 45.

YEAS—Messrs. Bowman, Caldwell, Cummins, (Somerset,) Eyster, Foster, Franklin, Free, Fry, Guy, Gwinner, Herr, Hodgson, Hubbs, Leas, Linderman, McConnell, Mengle, Muse, Reese, Rutter, Sherer, Thompson, Thorn, Weddell, Wickersham and Witmer—26.

NAYS—Messrs. Avery, Barry, Bergstresser, Christ, Clapp, Clapp, Clapp, Crawford, Criswell, Cummings, (Phila. co.) Donaldson, Downing, Dunning, Edinger, Eyster, Fearon, Frailey, Free, Gross, Harrison, Holcomb, Johnson, King, Krepps, Lane, Lathrop, Lowe, McCombs, Maxwell, Morris, North, Orr, Page, Palmer, Pennypacker, Rittenhouse, Ross, Simpson, Smith, (Allegheny,) Smith, (Phila. city) Steel, Stehley, Sturdevant, Waterhouse, Wright, Yorks and Strong, *Speaker*—45.

The second section was then read and agreed to, as follows:—Yeas 42, nays 25.

YEAS—Messrs. Avery, Baker, Baldwin, Barry, Bergstresser, Christ, Clapp, Clapp, Clapp, Crawford, Criswell, Cummings, (Phila. co.) Donaldson, Downing, Dunning, Edinger, Eyster, Fearon, Frailey, Free, Gross, Harrison, Holcomb, Johnson, King, Krepps, Lane, Lathrop, Lowe, McCombs, Maxwell, Morris, North, Orr, Page, Palmer, Pennypacker, Rittenhouse, Ross, Simpson, Smith, (Allegheny,) Smith, (Phila. city) Steel, Stehley, Sturdevant, Waterhouse, Wright, Yorks and Strong, *Speaker*—50.

Mr. Foster moved the bill be postponed for the present; which was lost as follows:—Yeas 26, nays 45.

YEAS—Messrs. Bowman, Caldwell, Cummins, (Somerset,) Eyster, Foster, Franklin, Free, Fry, Guy, Gwinner, Herr, Hodgson, Hubbs, Leas, Linderman, McConnell, Mengle, Muse, Reese, Rutter, Sherer, Thompson, Thorn, Weddell, Wickersham and Witmer—26.

NAYS—Messrs. Avery, Barry, Bergstresser, Chamberlin, Crawford, Cummings, (Phila. co.) Donaldson, Dunning, Foust, Frailey, Gross, Harrison, Holcomb, King, Krepps, Lane, Morris, Page, Palmer, Powell, Rittenhouse, Smith, (Phila. city) Stehley, Wright, Yorks, and Strong, *Speaker*—25.

The second section was then read and agreed to, as follows:—Yeas 42, nays 25.

YEAS—Messrs. Avery, Baker, Baldwin, Barry, Bergstresser, Christ, Clapp, Clapp, Clapp, Crawford, Criswell, Cummings, (Phila. co.) Donaldson, Downing, Dunning, Edinger, Eyster, Fearon, Frailey, Free, Gross, Harrison, Holcomb, Johnson, King, Krepps, Lane, Lathrop, Lowe, McCombs, Maxwell, Morris, North, Orr, Page, Palmer, Pennypacker, Rittenhouse, Ross, Simpson, Smith, (Allegheny,) Smith, (Phila. city) Stehley, Wright, Yorks, and Strong, *Speaker*—50.

Mr. Foster moved the bill be postponed for the present; which was lost as follows:—Yeas 26, nays 45.

YEAS—Messrs. Bowman, Caldwell, Cummins, (Somerset,) Eyster, Foster, Franklin, Free, Fry, Guy, Gwinner, Herr, Hodgson, Hubbs, Leas, Linderman, McConnell, Mengle, Muse, Reese, Rutter, Sherer, Thompson, Thorn, Weddell, Wickersham and Witmer—26.

NAYS—Messrs. Avery, Barry, Bergstresser, Chamberlin, Crawford, Cummings, (Phila. co.) Donaldson, Dunning, Foust, Frailey, Gross, Harrison, Holcomb, King, Krepps, Lane, Morris, Page, Palmer, Powell, Rittenhouse, Smith, (Phila. city) Stehley, Wright, Yorks, and Strong, *Speaker*—25.

The section as amended was agreed to; also the fourth.

When the fifth was read, Mr. Cummings moved to amend by striking out the proviso to that section; which was disagreed to.

The section was agreed to; also the remaining sections, without a division.

Mr. Daugherty offered a new section, leaving the question of the erection of the county to a vote of the people of Cambria county, on the second Tuesday of May.

Mr. King moved to amend, so as to leave it to the people of the districts comprising the new county; which was agreed to.

Mr. McConnell moved to add a proviso, that no township shall be included in the county, which shall not give a majority in favor of the new county; which was disagreed to, as follows:—Yeas 21, nays 44.

YEAS—Messrs. Bowman, Caldwell, Cummins, (Somerset,) Fletcher, Foster, Fry, Gwinner, Herr, Hodgson, Hubbs, Leas, Linderman, McConnell, Magill, Mengle, Morrison, Muse, Pennypacker, Reese, Simpson, Smith, (Blair,) Thompson, Thorn, Weddell and Wood—21.

NAYS—Messrs. Avery, Baker, Baldwin, Barry, Bergstresser, Clapp, Crawford, Daugherty, Donaldson, Dunning, Edinger, Eyster, Foust, Frailey, Free, Fry, Gross, Gwinner, Harrison, Holcomb, King, Krepps, Lathrop, Linderman, Lowe, McCalmont, McCombs, McConeky, Maxwell, Morris, North, Orr, Page, Palmer, Rittenhouse, Ross, Rutter, Smith, (Allegheny,) Stehley, Witmer, Wright, Yorks, Ziegler and Strong, *Speaker*—44.

Mr. McConnell offered a new section authorizing the people of Wheatfield township, Indiana county, to vote for or against the new county, and providing that if a majority of the people are in favor of it, they shall be included, and if not, they shall not be included.

After a few remarks from Messrs. McConnell and King, the new section was disagreed to, as follows:—Yeas 28, nays 35.

YEAS—Messrs. Baldwin, Bowman, Caldwell, Cummins, (Somerset,) Foster, Gwinner, Herr, Hodgson, Hubbs, Leas, Linderman, McConnell, McConnell, Magill, Mengle, Morrison, Muse, Pennypacker, Reese, Sherer, Simpson, Smith, (Allegheny,) Smith, (Blair,) Thorn, Weddell, Wickersham, Witmer and Wood—28.

NAYS—Messrs. Avery, Baker, Barry, Bergstresser, Crawford, Daugherty, Downing, Dunning, Edinger, Eyster, Fearon, Foust, Frailey, Free, Fry, Gross, Harrison, Holcomb, Johnson, King, Krepps, Lane, Lathrop, Lowe, McCombs, Maxwell, Morris, North, Orr, Page, Palmer, Rittenhouse, Ross, Rutter, Stehley, Wright and Strong, *Speaker*—35.

The title was then agreed to, and the bill ordered to be transferred for a third reading. A motion was made to suspend the rule which prohibits a bill from being twice read on the same day, and read the bill a third time by its title; which was agreed to, as follows:—Yeas 52, nays 22.

YEAS—Messrs. Baker, Baldwin, Barry, Bergstresser, Bush, Carlisle, Chamberlin, Clapp, Crawford, Criswell, Cummings, (Phila. co.) Daugherty, Donaldson, Downing, Dunning, Edinger, Eyster, Fearon, Foust, Frailey, Free, Gross, Guy, Harrison, Holcomb, King, Krepps, Lane, Lathrop, Lowe, McConeky, Maxwell, Morris, North, Orr, Page, Palmer, Pennypacker, Powell, Rittenhouse, Ross, Smith, (Phila. city) Steel, Stehley, Sturdevant, Waterhouse, Wright, Yorks, Ziegler and Strong, *Speaker*—52.

NAYS—Messrs. Bowman, Caldwell, Cummins, (Somerset,) Fletcher, Foster, Fry, Gwinner, Herr, Hodgson, Hubbs, Leas, Linderman, McConnell, McConnell, Magill, Morrison, Muse, Reese, Thorn, Weddell, Wickersham, Witmer and Wood—22.

The bill then passed finally, as follows:—Yeas 45, nays 27.

YEAS—Messrs. Baker, Baldwin, Barry, Bergstresser, Clapp, Crawford, Crawford, Criswell, Cummings, (Phila. co.) Daugherty, Donaldson, Downing, Dunning, Edinger, Eyster, Fearon, Foust, Frailey, Free, Gross, Guy, Harrison, Holcomb, King, Krepps, Lane, Lathrop, Lowe, McConeky, Maxwell, Morris, North, Orr, Page, Palmer, Pennypacker, Powell, Rittenhouse, Ross, Smith, (Phila. city) Steel, Stehley, Sturdevant, Waterhouse, Wright, Yorks, Ziegler and Strong, *Speaker*—45.

NAYS—Messrs. Bowman, Caldwell, Chamberlin, Cummins, (Somerset,) Eyster, Foster, Fry, Guy, Gwinner, Herr, Hodgson, Holcomb, Hubbs, Leas, Linderman, McConnell, Mengle, Morrison, Muse, Pennypacker, Powell, Reese, Rutter, Wickersham and Witmer—25.

The third section being before the House, Mr. McConnell moved to add a proviso, requiring the citizens of Johnstown to defray the expense of erecting the public buildings.

Mr. Hubbs hoped this amendment would be adopted. The people of Westmoreland county had recently purchased a farm, and erected a commodious poor house, and were now erecting a new set of public buildings—part of which expense had been paid by the township proposed to be taken from Westmoreland. It