



DEMOCRAT & SENTINEL

RICHARD WHITE, Editor and Proprietor. CHARLES WIMMER, Printer.

EBENSBURG. THURSDAY MORNING, SEPTEMBER 8.

FOR GOVERNOR, WILLIAM BIGLER. FOR SUPREME JUDGE, JEREMIAH S. BLACK. FOR CANAL COMMISSIONER, HENRY S. MOTT.

FOR ASSEMBLY, WILLIAM A. SMITH, WM. J. DOUGHERTY, GEORGE C. K. ZAHM, JAMES J. WILL, NICHOLAS NAGLE, MICHAEL D. WAGONER.

William Orr, Michael Maguire, Anthony Lambaugh.

THE CONTRAST.

When our forefathers had concluded to throw off the yoke of kings, they made a declaration of independence signed by their own hands and sent it to the world to be tested, to stand or fall as public sentiment and courage might determine.

With this cue, the democratic party have at all times followed the example set them, and IN THE OPEN DAY proclaimed their doctrines, and challenged the opposition of the land.

How has it been with our opponents? They skulk from the daylight. They seek the shades of secrecy and obscurity.

"HENRY S. MOTT, the Democratic candidate for Canal Commissioner, has been charged with having joined the Know Nothings. This charge has been repeated over and over again for the last month, and Mr. Mott has never denied it."

when he pursued the words, 'we hope, he will contradict the charge without any further delay.' How does it come to pass that he is not equally as solicitous to see Judge Pollock deny 'without any further delay, the very same charge which has been preferred against him with all due formality as to time and place and with the allegation of its entire truth, if denied by the gentleman himself.

"To be or not to be" a Know Nothing is now the question which more than any other agitates the political cauldron in Pennsylvania. The result of the coming election will settle, at least for a time, the truth and vitality of the great principle for which Washington, Madison, Morris Pinckney and their co-laborers nobly and successfully contended for in the formation of the great charter of our liberties.

The Democracy Aroused!

A large and enthusiastic meeting of the Democracy of the Mountains, was held at the Court House in Ebensburg, on Tuesday evening, Sept. 5th.

President, — M. HASSON, Esq. Vice Presidents, — WM. PALMER, Esq., Col. JOHN MCGOUGH and JOHN SINGER, Esqrs. Secretaries, — MONTGOMERY DOUGLASS and A. J. RHEY.

Gen. McDonald, in a few brief remarks, stated that the meeting had been assembled to hear several distinguished Democrats upon the political questions of the day, and introduced to the assembly Hon. A. C. DODGE, U. S. Senator from Iowa, whose presence was hailed with the liveliest demonstrations of applause.

Gen. Dodge said he was proud of the occasion to address the democracy of Cambria. His visit here was accidental; for a few days he had been detained in one portion of the County on account of sickness in his family.

"We are very well satisfied, that the Editor of the Alleghenian has no manner of sympathy with the Know Nothing pirates; he is a respectable man, and none such who properly estimates the good opinion of this community, would hazard his fair name and reputation by even a quasi-endorsement of their foul and pestilent doctrines; that he despises them with a hearty good will we cheerfully admit and that he foresees the baleful effects on society which would result from the successful propagation of their infamous creed, his intelligence as well as his desire to the preservation of the political as well as religious rights of his neighbors fully attest."

"The Editor is a whig—we may say an ultra whig, although his Magnus Apollo, Horace Greeley, his favorite candidate for the next Presidency, has sadly degenerated, in these days of whig and abolition fusion, from the political faith of Henry Clay. It being conceded then, that the Editor is perfectly sound in his opposition to Know Nothingism and that he expressed his true sentiments

charge by a bold and manly denial, and publish his opinions, so that the people whose right it is to know the rules which govern candidates, could act understandingly. In conclusion, the honorable gentleman stated, that if, during the course of his remarks, he had in any manner offended his whig friends, if any of them were present, he would in all kindness withdraw any expression calculated to wound their feelings, not desiring intentionally to injure his fellow man. With an expression of thanks for the generous attention of his audience, Senator Dodge concluded his remarks, having been greeted at numerous points during the delivery of his speech with most unbounded applause.

Hon. P. C. SHANNON, of Pittsburgh, was called upon to address the meeting and responded in his usual eloquent and masterly style. He called the attention of those present to the time, when two years ago, he had the pleasure to address the Democracy of Cambria in Ebensburg, and of his confidence then in the ultimate victories of October and September, and said that he was as confident now that old Pennsylvania would proclaim to the Union an overwhelming victory for our party in October next.

In 1852 the whigs appealed, as they had no right to appeal, to the religious sentiments of the people—they had the audacity and impudence to drag such sentiments into the political arena. But how stands it now? They say now that the whig Irish brigade, and attempted as my friend from Iowa says, to "waddle" the people but they did not succeed. Now the opposition is on the other tack. There is no love now for the "brogue" and the "accent," but recourse is had to the opponents of our foreign population and Whigs, Natives and Know Nothings join hands together in this course.

Penn. the founder of our powerful state, has rendered its name immortally by the promulgation, in 1782, of religious toleration and right of conscience to man. You may search the page of history from the most remote age and where will you find words so richly and truly eloquent upon that subject? The Constitution of this state guarantees each and every man full and entire freedom of conscience, and safety from all religious persecution. The Constitution of the United States, framed by men whose equal the world has never produced, grants to all citizens full, perfect and free liberty of conscience. Upon the constitution of the state and of the country the democracy stand and they are determined to preserve that sacred bond notwithstanding the assault made upon it by those who desire to produce a state of things, despotic, proscriptive and antagonistic to the free principles of our fathers contained within it. Judge S. denounced in emphatic terms the Know Nothing party, and in alluding to it said, if we lived under a monarchy, a despotism or czarism, we might probably not complain of the aggressive, despotic spirit of such an organization, but living as we do, in a land sacred to liberty, where liberty is a consecrated thing to the heart of man, we would express our emphatic dissent to the measure of the measure of that midnight association whose deeds far exceed the light of truth. He spoke of Judge Pollock evading an answer to the charge made against him that he belonged to such society, and doubted if Judge P. would deny the charge in his speech to be made in Pittsburgh to night. He referred at length to the Nebraska question, and said that Judge P. in his Sullivan county letter terms popular sovereignty a "false pretense." Should not, in the words of the speaker, the dozen or more of men, who emigrate to Kansas or Nebraska from Ebensburg to-morrow, or next month, have the right to form their own laws? The people there have the right to form institutions for themselves, under which they shall exist as a sovereign and independent state, and the people of Massachusetts or Pennsylvania have no right to extend the strong arm of their authority over the western pioneer and make the sons of the forest live under the laws which we at a distance shall dictate to them as the best for their happiness and comfort. Judge P. further referred to other questions which divide parties and said that the conclusion of his speech in an eloquent and impressive manner presented to the Cambria Democracy to stand firm in support of the candidates of the party and those principles which are the sure foundation of the future greatness and power of the country. He was warmly applauded during the delivery of his remarks, after which he proposed three hearty cheers for Bigler, Black and Mott, to which the meeting loudly responded.

Gen. McDONALD, of Cambria, on behalf of the democracy thanked the distinguished speakers for their eloquent and cool stirring addresses and then proceeded at some length to address the meeting in an able and powerful speech upon the principles of our party. He was listened to with great attention, and during his remarks was frequently interrupted by the loud applause of his hearers. He discussed the principle of what the whigs call the "Nebraska inquiry," and simplified and reduced the operation of self-government so that all could well understand the meaning of the state and county tickets and hoped that the democracy of Cambria would give to each a hearty support, all the candidates being entitled to our confidence and united action.

Jno. C. O'NEILL, Esq., offered the following resolutions, which were unanimously adopted: Resolved,—That the democracy of Cambria have full and unbounded confidence in the administration of FRANKLIN PIERCE, and ratify and approve its policy. Our President has proved himself true to the interests of the country and firm and faithful in his course to the principles of his party.

Resolved.—That the right of the people to govern themselves, and frame their own laws, a principle re-established by the passage of the act to organize the territories of Kansas and Nebraska, meets our cordial approbation, and we declare our determination to adhere to such principle no matter what miserable subterfuge our enemies may invent to cloak their opposition to it.

Resolved.—That the manly, consistent and determined democracy of Gov. BIGLER entitles him and the State ticket to an increased majority in little Cambria.

Resolved.—That the eminent ability and unchanged democratic of Hon. J. S. BLACK, our candidate for the Supreme Bench, and the competent character and faithful principles of Hon. H. S. MOTT, our candidate for Canal Commissioner, deserve at our hands a cordial and united endorsement which we will give them in October next.

Resolved.—That the candidates of our country ticket are of true and tried democracy and acknowledged capacity, and they shall have our undivided support.

is unabated—our admiration of his purely democratic course in the Senate unchanged. Resolved.—That we witness with painful feeling the formation of a secret political organization in this Union under the name of 'Know Nothings' or 'Sons of the sires of '76,' whose principles so far as we can judge, being antagonistic to the liberal principles of the democratic party, and, if carried out, subversive of the constitution of the country, merit and receive our unqualified condemnation.

Resolved.—That the heartfelt thanks of this meeting are hereby expressed to Hon. A. C. DODGE, Hon. P. C. SHANNON, and Gen. J. S. McDONALD, for the eloquent manner in which they have defended the interests of the democratic party and elucidated its principles.

Resolved.—That the proceedings of this meeting be published in the papers of the district.

Democratic Meeting.

A spirited meeting of the sterling democracy of this county was held opposite Mrs. LITZINGER'S Hotel, in this place, on Monday evening last. Being Court-week it was of course a gathering from every quarter of the county. We were never more gratified than on this occasion. We are often tauntingly told by federalists, that the democratic party is losing its fire—its vitality—its unity, its organization. This, an 1 similar demonstrations throw out the entire state, prove those charges to be as false as malicious. It was a cheeringly enthusiastic gathering. It proved in evidence not to be mistaken that the pulsations of the untainted democracy of little Cambria, still beat in unison with the great heart, of the national party of the union—and that the pure spirit of democracy, burns in them with the same vigor, and undiminished lustre, as in the days of Jefferson, of Jackson and Polk.

We are glad to see so healthy a feeling manifested—our country, fellow-citizens, are united to the core. They have no feelings in unison with the proscriptive or disorganizing aims of the day. The prospects of a glorious victory over the numerous "isms" that constitute the cohorts of federalism, grow brighter every day. From every quarter of the state, we have the cheering intelligence, that the sterling democracy is preparing to fight the battle of the second Tuesday of October next, with unsurpassed energy and zeal.

The meeting was organized by the election of the following officers:

President: John H. Douglass, Esq., of Clearfield; Vice Presidents: Col. Jno Singer, of Jackson; Thomas Jones, Esq., of Jackson; J. Cob R. Stull, Esq., of Richland; John Dougherty, Esq., of Ebensburg; David Sommerville, of Susquehanna; William Palmer, of Summerhill; Col. Jno. Kean, of Summerhill; Wm. O'Keiff, of Cambria; Jas. Carroll, of Carroll; Michael Noon, of Cambria; John Flick, of Carroll.

Secretaries: Christian Harrison, of Jackson; Augustan Weakland, of Clearfield.

After the organization Gen. Joseph McDonald was loudly called on to address the audience. He responded in tones of stormy eloquence. He was listened to with attention, and his remarks received the hearty approbation of the audience. After the General concluded the following resolutions were read and unanimously adopted.

Resolved.—That in the administration of GEN. PIERCE we repose the utmost confidence and that his high toned and thoroughly national character is well calculated to give us character abroad and security and confidence at home;

Resolved.—that we most heartily approve of the administration of Gov. Bigler, and that as he has proven himself to be a democrat of the genuine Shunk and Jackson school, the democracy of little Cambria are determined to endorse the measures of his administration, by giving him on the second Tuesday of October next a majority of at least 800.

Resolved.—That in our nominee for the Judge of the Supreme Court, Judge Black, we have a man not only pure but above suspicion, one whose ability and integrity amply qualify him to discharge the duties of that important office;

Resolved.—that we will support our worthy candidate for the office of Canal Commissioner;

Resolved.—That we will enter heartily into the support of our County ticket, believing that there is nothing to gain by permitting a whig to fill even the most unimportant County office. We are determined to vote the whole democratic ticket and use all honorable means to secure its triumph.

NEWS PER TELEGRAPH.

LATEST FROM EUROPE.

ARRIVAL OF THE PACIFIC.

CAPTURE OF BOMERSUND CONFIRMED. The U. S. Mail Steamer Pacific arrived at New York yesterday morning, with Liverpool dates to the morning of the 23 ult. The Africa arrived out at 6 1/2 A. M. on the 20th.

The fall of Bomarsund is confirmed by this arrival. It appears that a considerable part of the garrison had retired before the attack, leaving only a garrison of two thousand, and that it was intended to evacuate and destroy the works entirely, but the attack of the allies prevented this intention from being carried out. The attacking force amounted to twelve thousand, mostly French, and the fleet, or a portion of it, seems also to have fired upon the works.

Fifteen sail of the line, of which four ships and four steamers were French, are stated to have lain within range of the works during the fight, and probably a part of them, at least, participated in it. The credit of the victory, such as it is, is given to the French. The loss was not great, the French having about 120 killed, and the British only three or four.

The detached forts Tzeo and Nottich were first taken. They were garrisoned by about 120 men each. Fort Tzeo was attacked by the French—and of its defenders, seventy were killed or wounded, leaving only thirty-five captured unhurt. Fort Nottich seems to have made less resistance, as 115 prisoners were taken in it.

The attack on the main fortress then commenced. One account says it was bombarded from 5 A. M. on the 15th, to 2 P. M. on the 16th, and that part of the works were blown up before proposals were made to surrender. About 1500 prisoners were taken, who were embarked on board the allied fleets. The capitulation is said by one account, to have taken place at 12.30 P. M. on the 16th. The allies claim to have captured a hundred pieces of cannon. Gen. Baraguay D'Hilliers, commanding the land forces, had a narrow escape, cannon ball having passed between him and the aid-de-camp with whom he was conversing.

Admiral Napier had warned all neutral vessels to leave Riga before Aug. 10th. It was supposed that place would be next attacked. The Black Sea and Danube. The Russian steamer, Wladimir, has again distinguished herself, by calling at the coaling station of Koslov, where she coaled, destroyed two Turkish brigs, and put to sea in safety. She is now said to have been on her way from the United States to Sebastopol.

The Crimean expedition is said to be temporarily deferred, on account of cholera and fever among the troops. It is asserted that 7,000 French and 500 English have died of cholera at Varna. Bucharest is quiet in the occupation of the Turks. The Austrians have not yet entered Wallachia, but it is again reported that orders for their march had been issued.

England. A collision had occurred on the South Eastern and Brighton railway, by which two or three persons were killed and over a hundred badly injured. Spain. Madrid is comparatively quiet. An important piece of news is however, published by the Paris Patrie, to the following effect: On the 13th, a deputation composed of the leaders of the barricades and of the clubs, waited on Espartero to request him to suppress the articles in the decree convoking the Cortes, which lays down that the dynastic question cannot be discussed by the new Constituent Assembly. Espartero at first replied to the deputation that they ought either to share the confidence reposed in him by the nation, or else govern in his place.

A long and warm discussion ensued, at the end of which Espartero, in taking leave of the deputation, recommended them to address their petition to the Council of Ministers. The delegates withdrew in great excitement. Notwithstanding these dangerous symptoms, the government is thought to be strong enough to carry out its policy.

Miscellaneous. Considerable excitement existed at Berlin, from the circumstance that boats from the allied fleet had been discovered taking the soundings of the Prussian port of Memel. The French government has made contracts at Danzig for water supplies for the French fleet in the Baltic. This indicates the expectation of a protracted campaign.

Greece. King Otho is again becoming contumacious. He now refuses to disband the irregular troops.

Table with 2 columns: Nat. and Adop. Rows include State department, translators and foreign consuls, Post Office, and average of 25 years.

Adopted Citizens in Office.

A correspondent of the Ledger has taken pains to enquire at the departments in Washington, respecting the number of adopted citizens in the employment of the General Government, and reports officially, the following:

Table with 2 columns: Nat. and Adop. Rows include State department, translators and foreign consuls, Post Office, and average of 25 years.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

NOTICE.

To the claimants upon the Main Line of the Public Works. The Commissioners appointed to examine all claims for Repairs and Motive Power upon the Main Line of the Public Works, contracted prior to December 1st, 1853, will meet at Hollidaysburg, on Monday, the 25th day of September, 1854, for the purpose of examining such claims as may not have been presented to them while upon the respective divisions of said Main Line.

ALSO: for the purpose of examining all claims for WOOD, upon the Allegheny Portage Rail Road, furnished from the first day of December last. Claimants will be required to establish the liability of the certificates to their several bills, or otherwise sustain said bills by such evidence as may be satisfactory to the Commissioners. THOMAS A. MAGUIRE, Secretary.

September 7, 1854. Tribune, Johnstown; Alleghenian, Ebensburg; Standard, Whig and Register, Hollidaysburg, will please publish until 25th inst., and forward bills to the Secretary of the Board.

STRAYED AWAY!

FROM the subscriber, living at Munster, Cambria county, about the middle of July, a large brindle cow, supposed to weigh four-hundred pounds. The person returning the cow to the subscriber or giving any information as to her whereabouts will be liberally rewarded. DANIEL BRADLEY, Sept. 7, '54.

GOTTLIEB HAHN & CO. Ebensburg, Cambria County, Pa., respectfully inform the citizens of Cambria county, that they have established in the best and experienced style in the town of Ebensburg a Beer-Brewery, under the firm of CAMBRIA BREWERY.

They will have always on hand a good quality of OIL BEER, LAGER-BEER &c. Sept. 7, '54.—3 M.

TO OUR ADVERTISERS, SCHNEIDER'S HOTEL, Ebensburg, Cambria Co., Pa. The subscriber would respectfully inform his many friends in the town and country, that he has now arranged his house, and is now prepared to accommodate all who may favor him with their custom. His table is well supplied with the best of the market can afford. His Bar contains Liquor of the best Brands, also Lager-Beer, &c. &c. FREDERICK SCHNEIDER, July 20, '54.—1y.

Public Sale. Will be offered at public vendue at the residence of the subscriber, in Cambria Township, about two miles south of Ebensburg, on MONDAY, the 18th day of September next, the following property, to wit: 3 heads of horses, cows, young cattle, hogs, 1 two horse wagon, ploughs, harrows and a variety of farming implements too numerous to insert. Sale to commence at 10 o'clock A. M. of said day, when due attendance and a reasonable credit will be given. WILLIAM O'CONNELL, August 29, 1854.

GRAND EQUESTRIAN FESTIVAL. JAMES M. JONES & CO'S Newly Equipped European and American CIRCUS. Will perform at Ebensburg on Friday, September 8th—



The Stud of Horses is unsurpassed in country and the proprietors have secured the services (from the various European and Eastern establishments) of the most talented company of Equestrians, Gymnasts, Athletes and Clowns, which has ever travelled in the West.—To be accompanied by the Celebrated Bugle and String Band of Richard Willis, from New York, who challenges competition.—Fair list of performers see bills. Doors open at 2 o'clock, and 7 o'clock, P. M. Admission—25 cts. WM. JUNE, AG'T.

ADMINISTRATORS NOTICE.

NOTICE is hereby given that letters of administration upon the estate of John Cahill, late of Allegheny township, dec'd, have been granted to the undersigned by the register of Cambria county. All persons therefore indebted, will please make immediate payment and those having claims against the same, will please present them duly authenticated to the undersigned for settlement. CHARLES MCGOVERN, Administrator. Aug. 1, 1854.

FOR RENT.

THE undersigned will rent for a term of years a farm within one mile of Loretto, adjoining the farm of Michael Leavy, Esq. The farm is very productive and convenient, and will be rented either on the shares or for money, and immediate possession given. A large house and lot at the Summit, convenient to the Catholic Church will be rented or sold and immediate possession given. Application to be made to the undersigned. M. HASSON, Ebensburg, August 29th '54.

GREAT EXCITEMENT ABOUT TURKEY!

England wants a limb, France wants a wing, Russia wants the whole Turkey with the stuffing! MESSRS. DAVIS & EVANS would respectfully inform the citizens of Ebensburg and vicinity that they will remain in the town for a few days for the purpose of taking in all the latest and most improved styles. They have secured the room in the Academy Building, where they will be happy to wait on all who wish to have a correct likeness taken. Sick and deceased persons taken on the shortest notice. Copies will be taken from old pictures if desired.

LEWY & CO., Wholesale and Retail Merchants, Johnstown, Cambria Co., Pa. August 31, '54.

PUBLIC SALE.

THERE will be sold at the residence of the subscriber in BLACKLICK Township on Tuesday the 19th day of September next, a number of horses, cows, sheep and hogs. A four-horse wagon, a two-horse wagon, a one horse buggy, and a sleigh. Horses, gears, ploughs, harrows, and a variety of farming implements too tedious to mention. A quantity of household and kitchen furniture will be sold at the same time. Also hay by the ton and cut by the bushel.—Due attendance will be given, and the terms made known on the day of sale. JOHN GILLIAN, August 24 '54.

New Establishment.

THE undersigned would respectfully inform the citizens of Ebensburg and vicinity that he has opened a Grocery Store on Sample street adjoining his residence, where he will be happy to wait on all who may wish to favor him with their custom. He has received a good assortment of Groceries of all kinds, viz.—Flour by the barrel, or by the small, choice of the best quality, Rice, Pepper, Sugar, Tea, Coffee, Ginger, in fact every article kept in the grocery line. Beer and Sarsaparilla always on hand. Bacon of a superior quality. He hopes by strict attention to business to merit a share of the public patronage. MARK EDWARDS, August 24 '54.

FOR SALE.

THE subscriber offers for sale the farm on which he now resides, situated about 2 miles from Carrolltown, Cambria county, and joining land of Felix Short, Thomas Eger and M. J. Haynes, containing about 200 acres, 90 of which is improved, having thereon erected a two-story hewed log house and a hewed log house of 14 stories, with other suitable buildings. There is an orchard with 150 fruit trees, of different sorts, and there is plenty of good springs over the place with water power for a saw-mill. The place will be divided to suit purchasers, if required, an undoubted title and reasonable terms will be given. FRANCIS GILLESPIE, Carrolltown, August 10, '54.—3t.

DRUG AND MEDICINE STORE.

THE undersigned would inform his many friends in the town and country, that he has received a new and large assortment of DRUGS AND MEDICINES. He solicits the patronage of the public, and gives the assurance that every kind of orders such as RECIPES, &c., promptly, and to lower prices as in other stores will be attended to. FREDERICK SNYDER, July 20, 1854.

YOKE OF OXEN, LARGE SIZE—WELL BROKEN FOR SALE.

Apply to ROBERT FLINN, No. 2, A. P. R.R. Aug. 16,—1t