

THE BEWITCHED CLOCK.

BY THE OLD 'UN.

About half past eleven o'clock on Sunday night a human leg enveloped in blue broad cloth might have been seen entering Deacon Cryphs Barber's kitchen window. The leg was followed, faintly, by the entire person of a live Yankee, attired in his Sunday go-to-meeting clothes. It was in short, Joe Mayweed who thus burglariously, in the dead of night, won his way into the deacon's kitchen.

"Wonder how much the old deacon made by orderin' me not to enter his door again?" soliloquized the young gentleman. Promised him I wouldn't, but didn't say nothing about widewid's. Widders is just as good as doors, if there ain't no nails to tear your trousers out. Sallie'll come down 'n' the critter promised me I'm afraid to move about here, 'cause I might break my shins over somethin' ather, and wake the old folks. Cold enough to freeze a Polish bear here. O, here comes Sallie."

The beautiful maid descended with a pleasant smile, and a tallow candle, and a card of Lucifer matches. After receiving a rapturous greeting, she made up a rousing fire in the cooking stove, and the happy couple sat down to enjoy the sweet interchange of vows and hopes. In the course of true love ran no smoother in old Barbary's kitchen than it does elsewhere, and Joe, who was just making up his mind to treat himself to a kiss, was startled by the voice of the deacon, her father shouting from his chamber door:

"Sally! what are you getting up in the middle of the night for?" "Call him it's morning," whispered Joe. "I can't tell a fib," said Sally. "I'll make it truth, then," said Joe; and running to the huge, old fashioned clock that stood in the corner, he sat it at five.

"Look at the clock and tell me what time it is," cried the old gentleman.

"It is five by the clock," answered Sally, and corroborating her words the old clock struck five.

The lovers sat down again and resumed their conversation. Suddenly the staircase began to crack.

"Goody gracious! it's father."

"The deacon! by thunder!" cried Joe, "hide me, Sally."

"Where can I hide you?" cried the distracted girl.

"O, I know, I'll squeeze into the clock case," and without another word, he concealed himself in the case, and fastened the door behind him.

The deacon was dressed, and sitting himself down by the cooking stove, pulled out his pipe, lighted it, and commenced smoking deliberately and calmly.

"Five o'clock, eh?" said he. Well, I shall have time to smoke three or four pipes, and I'll go and feed the critters."

"Hadn't you better feed the critters fust, sir, and smoke afterwards?" suggested the dutiful Sally.

"No, smokin' clears my head and wakes me up," answered the deacon, who seemed not to want to ruff his enjoyment.

"Burr-r-r-whizz-ding-ding-ding-went the clock."

"Tormented lightning!" cried the deacon, starting up, and dropping his pipe on the stove, "what'n creation's that?"

"It's only the clock striking five!" said Sally, tremulously.

"Whizz! ding! ding! ding!" went the clock furiously.

"Powers of marsey!" cried the deacon. "Strikin' five! it's struck a hundred already?"

"Deacon Barbary," cried the deacon's better half, who had hastily robed herself, and now came plunging down the staircase in the wildest state of alarm, "what is the matter with the clock?"

"Goodness only knows," replied the old man, "it's been in the family a hundred years, and never did I know it to carry on so before."

"Whizz! bang! bang! bang!" went the clock again.

"It'll burst itself," cried the old lady, shedding a flood of tears, "and there won't be nothin' left of it."

"It's bewitched!" said the deacon, who retained a layen of good old New England superstition in his nature. "Any how," said he, after a pause, advancing resolutely towards the clock, "I'll see what's got into it."

"O, don't!" cried his daughter, affectionately seizing one of his coat-tails, while the faithful wife clung to the other. "Don't!" churshed both the women together.

"Let go my raiment!" shouted the old deacon. "I ain't afeared of the powers of darkness."

But the women would not let go; so the deacon slipped out of his coat, and while, from the sudden sensation of resistance, they both fell heavily to the floor, he darted forward and laid his hand upon the door of the clock case. But no human power could open it. Joe was holding inside with a hard grasp. The old deacon began to be dreadfully frightened. He gave one more tug. An unearthly yell, as of a fiend in distress, burst from the inside, and then the clock case puffed head foremost at the deacon, fell headlong on the floor. The current of air extinguished the lamp—the deacon, the old woman and Sally, fled up stairs, and Joe Mayweed extricating himself from the clock, effected his escape in the same way in which he had entered.

The next day all Appleton was alive with the story of how Deacon Barbary's clock had been bewitched, and though many believed his version, some, and especially Joe Mayweed, affected to discredit the whole affair, hinting that the deacon had been trying an experiment of testing frozen cider, and that the vagaries of the clock case existed only in a distempered imagination.

However the interdiction being taken off, Joe was allowed to resume his courting, and won the consent of the old people to his union with Sally, by repairing the old clock, till it went as well as ever.

A delightful story of Kentuckian sympathy is told by a correspondent of the Musical World. Miss LEHMAN, who has been giving concerts at the West, with very ill success, owing to a succession of rainy evenings, went to Louisville in hope of better fortune. On the evening of her first concert it chanced to rain again, and there were but few present. She was quite unwell, and in low spirits. As she was singing "Sweet Home," the associations it recalled, and the contrast of her situation in her own happy home, surrounded by relations and friends, with her present position—her ill health, her pecuniary misfortunes, in a land of strangers—all these recollections thronging her mind, overcame her. She sang "Home, home! sweet—" and bursting into tears, she retired sobbing from the stage. This was too much for the gallant Kentuckians present. They at once proceeded to use their wrought-up feelings as a sympathy power to turn a wheel of benevolence in her favour. A complimentary concert was improvised for Monday evening, and a complimentary concert here meant something. One gentleman has already disposed of one hundred and fifty-five tickets. The house will be crowded, and Miss Lehman will unquestionably realize a handsome amount.

TERMS.

The "MOUNTAIN SENTINEL" is published every Thursday morning, at One Dollar and Fifty Cents per annum, if paid in advance or within three months; after three months Two Dollars will be charged.

No subscription will be taken for a shorter period than six months; and no paper will be discontinued until all arrearages are paid. A failure to notify a discontinuance at the expiration of the term subscribed for, will be considered as a new engagement.

ADVERTISEMENTS will be inserted at the following rates:—50 cents per square for the first insertion; 75 cents for two insertions; \$1 for three insertions; and 25 cents per square for every subsequent insertion. A liberal reduction will be made to those who advertise by the year. All advertisements handed in must have the proper number of insertions marked thereon, or they will be published until forbidden, and charged in accordance with the above terms.

All letters and communications to insure attention must be post paid. A. J. RHEE.

\$500 CHALLENGE.

WHATEVER concerns the health and happiness of a people is at all times of most valuable importance. I take it for granted that every person will do all in their power, to save the lives of their children, and that every person will endeavor to promote their own health at all sacrifices. I feel it to be my duty to solemnly assure you that worms, according to the opinions of the most celebrated Physicians, are the primary causes of a large majority of diseases to which children and adults are liable; if you have an appetite continually changeable from one kind of food to another, Bad Breath, Pain in the Stomach, Picking at the Nose, Harshness and Fullness of the Belly, Dry Cough, Slow Fever, Pulse Irregular—remember that all these denote worms, and you should at once apply the remedy:—

Hobensack's Worm Syrup.

An article founded upon Scientific Principles, compounded with purely vegetable substances, being perfectly safe when taken, and can be given to the most tender Infant with decided beneficial effect, where Bowel Complaints and Diarrhoea have made the child debilitated. The Tonic properties of my Worm Syrup are such that it stands without an equal in the catalogue of medicines in giving tone and strength to the Stomach, which makes it an infallible remedy for those afflicted with Dyspepsia, the astonishing cures performed by this Syrup after Physicians have failed, is the best evidence of its superior efficacy over all others.

THE TAPE WORM.

This is the most difficult Worm to destroy of all that infest the human system, it grows to an almost indefinite length, becoming so coiled and fastened in the Intestines and Stomach effecting the health so sadly as to cause St. Vitus Dance, Fits, &c., that those afflicted seldom if ever suspect that it is Tape Worm hastening them to an early grave. In order to destroy this Worm, a very energetic treatment must be pursued, it would therefore be proper to take 6 or 8 of my Liver Pills so as to remove all obstructions, that the Worm Syrup may act direct upon the Worm, which must be taken in doses of 2 Tablets or fulls 3 times a day these directions followed have never been known to fail in curing the most obstinate case of Tape Worm.

Hobensack's Liver Pills.

No part of the system is more liable to disease than the Liver, it serving as a filterer to purify the blood, or giving the proper secretion to the bile; so that any wrong action of the Liver effects the other important parts of the system, and results variously, in Liver Complaint, Jaundice, Dyspepsia, &c. We should, therefore, watch every symptom that might indicate a wrong action of the Liver. These Pills being composed of Roots & Plants furnished by nature to heal the sick:—Namely, 1st, An Expectant, which augments the secretion from the pulmonary mucous membrane, or promotes the discharge of secreted matter. 2nd, An Alterative, which changes in some inexplicable and insensible manner the certain morbid action of the system. 3rd, A Tonic, which gives tone and strength to the nervous system, renewing health and vigor to all parts of the body. 4th, A Cathartic, which acts in perfect harmony with the other ingredients, and operating on the Bowels, and expelling the whole mass of corrupt and vitiated matter, and purifying the Blood, which destroys disease and restores health.

TO FEMALES.

You will find these Pills an invaluable medicine in many complaints to which you are subject. In obstructions either total or partial, they have been found of estimable benefit, restoring their functional arrangements to a healthy action; purifying the blood and other fluids so effectually, as to put to flight all other complaints which may arise from female irregularities, as headache, giddiness, dimness of sight, pain in the side back, &c.

None genuine unless signed J. N. Hobensack, all others being base imitation.

Agents wishing new supplies, and Store Keepers desirous of becoming Agents must address the Proprietor, J. N. Hobensack, Philadelphia, Pa. For sale by Murray, Zahn & Co., and E. Hughes, Ebensburg; A. Durbin, Munster; Johnston, Johnstown; McCloskey, Summitville; Enoch Rees, six miles west of Ebensburg; and by every respectable dealer in the State. Keyser & McDowell, wholesale agents, No. 140 Wood Street, Pittsburgh, who will supply agents at the Proprietors prices. Price, each 25 cents!! July 22, 1855.

Ezekiel Hughes,

Ebensburg, Pennsylvania.

DEALER in staple and fancy dry goods—groceries, wholesale and retail—fish, hardware and cutlery; guns, nails, bar-iron, sheet-iron, sheet-zinc, stoves of all kinds, stove-pipes and sheet-iron ware, tin ware, copper and brass kettles, &c., &c. Grain, wool, butter and other country produce bought and sold.

Also, A dealer in white pine, poplar, ash and cherry lumber; lumber always on hand, and a large quantity constantly on hand for sale. Cash always paid for lumber sent to order or such as suits the present demand of the market. A large lot of new goods as embraced in the above list just received and more opening for sale at the lowest market price. September 28, 1852—49-1f.

Executor's Notice.

WHEREAS, letters testamentary have been granted by the Register of Cambria county, on the last will and testament of Jane Ann Hallegan, deceased, to the subscriber, residing in Washington township, in said county, all persons indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment, and those having claims against said estate to present them duly authenticated for payment. JOSEPH NOEL, Executor. May 26, 1853—31-8t.pd.

JOB WORK

Neatly and expeditiously executed at this Office.

CONSUMPTION DISARMED OF ITS TERRORS!!

HASTINGS' COMPOUND SYRUP OF NAPHTHA.

A quick and positive Cure for Consumption, decline, asthma, spitting of blood, night sweats, husky throat, wasting of the flesh, bronchitis, coughs, colds, and all diseases of the chest and lungs.

This celebrated preparation is pleasant to the taste, and is so speedy in its operations that patients plainly feel its good effects in a few minutes after taking the first dose.

Hastings' Compound Syrup of Naphtha

is now acknowledged by all the ablest physicians of both hemispheres, to be a quick and positive remedy for arresting the formation of tubercles on the lungs; and removing those already formed; and also to be the speediest and most effective of all medicinal agents in the cure of all other diseases of the throat, chest and lungs. Language cannot express the value of Hastings' Naphtha Syrup in these diseases. It not only cures them effectually, but it gives immediate evidence of its ability to do so: for in a few minutes after the first dose has been taken, the patient feels that a powerful agent is in the system, strongly working for his good. Its operations are never delayed—it at once flies to, and attacks the root of the disease with an energy unknown to other medicines; and that disease must be deeply seated indeed which can resist its unrivalled influence. Hence it has frequently cured a painful cough in a day, which had defied other popular remedies for a month; and has removed difficulty of breathing and pain in the throat and chest, in a few minutes, by the surprising energy of its action in clearing the passages of bile and phlegm. It is believed that no person has given Hastings' Naphtha Syrup a trial, who has not felt benefit from it, and acknowledge its virtues. And this conviction is further established by the opinions of the London Lancet, London Medical Times, and most other responsible publications, devoted to the same interests. Until the appearance of the Naphtha Syrup, the medical faculty had always regarded Consumption as an incurable disease, and the records of medical science exhibited no authenticated case that weighed seriously against that opinion. Since Dr. Hastings' discovery, however, of the new and greatest property of Naphtha, when united with other ingredients, nearly a thousand cases of absolute phthisis positively cured through its agency, have been substantiated; and this well established fact, in connection with a mass of experiments successfully made of its virtues by the ablest physicians of Europe, clearly prove that Hastings' Compound Syrup of Naphtha is a positive cure for Consumption, even in its worst stages. Three of the main causes of this property of Naphtha have been discovered. They are its extraordinary subtlety, strength, and pervasiveness; for the moment it is received into the system, it extends itself throughout, making a passage of every pore, no matter how much clogged up they are, and dislodging the particles of corruption in the strength of its ascent to the upper regions of the frame and thus producing through ventilation; and hence it is a never failing remedy in Oppression of the chest and difficulty in breathing; person thus affected, feeling after taking it, as if it had forced a passage through some channel which their disease had stopped up, and the re-opening of which was the only result necessary to the restoration of health. Such indeed, are the promptness of action and energy of Hastings' Naphtha Syrup, in all the diseases for which it is recommended, that from the time they commence taking it patients know

THAT IT IS CURING THEM;

an effect nearly the reverse of that which attends the earlier use of every other known medicinal remedy. For Coughs, Colds, Sore Throat, Night Sweats, Pains in the Breast, Back, &c., spitting of blood, bilious and asthmatic Affections, it is also admitted to be a speediest and most vigorous and effective remedy extant; and its effect in all Asthmatic complaints is equally decided and remarkable. Lassitude of the mind; flabbiness and wasting of the flesh; and all disposition to inactivity and melancholy forebodings, are also quickly corrected by the Naphtha Syrup; which, in a wonderful manner revives the spirits, corrected by the flesh and muscles—braces the nerves and increases the weight. Thus, those who use it according to directions, generally increase its weight about a pound a week; and may take it for no other purpose than the dissipation of melancholy, or the increase of bodily strength. In fine, a single trial of Hastings' Compound Syrup of Naphtha, is all that is required to secure the confidence of patients, and cause them to forego all other remedies in its favor. The Syrup is made up in six ounce bottles, each accompanied with a pamphlet, containing directions, certificates, &c. Price one dollar each, or six bottles packed up in a box, and ready for transportation to any part of the world, can be had for five dollars.

N. B.—Hastings' Naphtha Syrup, being a very expensive preparation, cannot be left with Agents on sale, or return, as is the case with the majority of the quack nostrums of the day, which cost little more than the price of the bottles. Persons who want it to sell again must pay cash for it, with the usual commission off. Therefore patients who cannot obtain it in the places where they reside, should write to us direct for a supply, and we will forward it to them without delay (packed up in a manner to secure its safe delivery) provided they can be reached by Express, Stage, Route, or any other mode of conveyance. All letters must be post paid—contain the price, of the number of bottles ordered, and be directed to C. V. CLICKENER & CO., No. 81 Barclay Street, New York, who are Dr. Hastings' general Agents for America. Agent—Frederick Kittell, Ebensburg, December 16, 1852—8-6m.

LYON'S

MAGNETIC POWDERS,

FOR THE DESTRUCTION OF COCKROACHES, BED BUGS, MOTHS, ANTS, FLIES, FLEA, AND INSECTS ON PLANTS, WITHIN TEN MINUTES AFTER BEING THROWN IN THEIR VICINITY.

This preparation is a powder compounded of Plants, Herbs, and Flowers, free from any substance which could possibly injure man or domestic animals, and is devoid of any disagreeable odor. It has been examined by the medical faculty of France, Russia, Sweden and Denmark, from all of whom ample testimony of its efficacy can be produced.

ALSO,

LYON'S

MAGNETIC PILLS,

For the Destruction of RATS and MICE, within five minutes after being thrown in their vicinity.

Read the following Letters:

NEW YORK, October 1, 1850.

I have made a chemical examination of the Vegetable Powder prepared by Mr. Emanuel Lyon, for the purpose of destroying insects. I do not find it to contain anything deleterious to health, or what might be considered poisonous to the human species; but it is very destructive to insects, whenever they are forced to inhale the fine particles of dust occasioned by throwing the Powder forcibly in places where they frequent.

JAMES R. CHILTON, M. D. Chemist.

NEW YORK, HOSPITAL, June 9, 1850.

I have analyzed Emanuel Lyon's Magnetic Powders for the destruction of insects, and certify that it is entirely free from mineral or other corrosive poison. As the result of my examination I would say that is a combination of various vegetable substances having a peculiar influence on the insect kingdom, and that it may be used with perfect safety. In reference to its utility, its effects are astonishing. I believe it to be a skillfully prepared substance by which a valuable result is obtained, which does effect what Mr. Lyon says, and is well deserving of public patronage.

LAWRENCE REID, Professor of Chemistry.

NEW YORK HOSPITAL, June 1, 1850.

Dear Sir:—It affords me great pleasure in stating that I have extensively used your Powder for the destruction of insects of all kinds, (especially Bed Bugs and Roaches) and unhesitatingly pronounce it the best and only article I have used in its operation. I have also experimented with your Pills, and find them equal in all respects with your statements. Hoping that you may prosper, I remain your friend.

JOHN L. ROOME, Sup't. N. Y. Hospital.

GINSON HOUSE, Cincinnati, October 9, 1850.

We procure from Mr. B. H. Meakings, some of Lyon's Magnetic Powder and Pills, and cheerfully certify as to its perfect efficacy in destroying Roaches and Rats within a few minutes after its application. It is the most simple, yet perfect remedy we have ever seen.

I. K. & D. V. BENNETT.

NEW YORK, Irving House, April 21, 1849.

I have used Emanuel Lyon's Magnetic Powder and Pills for the destruction of Insects and Vermin, and I have found the most happy result, and cheerfully recommend them to those who may be troubled with these insects, as a sure method of destroying them.

DANIEL D. HOWARD, Proprietor Irving House.

We certify to the above.

S. THAYER COZZENS, American Hotel. PRESTON H. HODGES, Carlton Hotel. These articles received a premium at the Fair of the American Institute in 1848, and the highest premium at the Fair of 1850.

PRICE—Lyon's Magnetic Powders, 25 cents per Flask; Pills, 25 cents per Box. All Orders must be addressed (post-paid) to C. V. CLICKENER & Co., General Agents, 81, Barclay Street, New York.

Agent—Fred. Kittell, Ebensburg; James Bell, Summit; G. H. Muckerhidge, Johnstown. December 16, 1852—8-6m.

WM. McFARLAND & SON.

Cabinet Ware Rooms, Allegheny Street, Hollidaysburg, Pa.

Would respectfully invite the attention of the public to their superior stock of

FURNITURE

of every description. Furniture of all kinds manufactured to order on the shortest notice. All orders from a distance promptly attended to.

April 29, 1852.

A fresh arrival of Boots, Shoes, Summer Hats, Caps, Fancy Gimp and Florence Straw Bonnets, Powder, Gun Caps, Shot, Lead, &c. received this day and for sale at the cheap store J. MOORE.

June 26, 1851.

2000 pounds wool, butter, eggs wanted by J. MOORE

Wool, Butter, and all kinds of Grain, taken in exchange for goods at J. Moore's store.

The highest price paid for wool at the store GEO. J. RODGERS.

Whiskey, White Lead, and Lined Oil for sale by J. Moore.

40 Barrels Cornmeal Salt for sale by J. Moore.

This Way!

For the highest prices are paid for hides, skins and tanner's bark in either trade or cash by J. MOORE.

THIS WAY FOR GOOD AND CHEAP GOODS.

Will be opened this week at the brick store of J. Moore, in Ebensburg, a general assortment of cloths, cassimeres, satinetts, tweeds, and a great variety of summer goods, Together with any quantity of prints, delaines, lawns, cambreres, ginghams, lustres and other dress goods.

ALSO A LARGE

and good assortment of hardware, queensware, saddlery, clothing, stationary, drugs, &c., &c. Persons wanting boots and shoes, hats and caps, or ready made clothing, will find it to their advantage to call at the

Brick Store.

The subscriber, thankful for past favors, earnestly requests his customers, and the public generally to at least call and examine his stock; and if he cannot suit every person in quality and price it is not his fault. Produce and lumber of all kinds taken in exchange for goods; and he also takes CASH when offered.

J. MOORE.

Ebensburg, April 28, 1851.

WM. DAVIS. JOHN LLOYD.

Davis & Lloyd,

Having formed a partnership in the MERCANTILE BUSINESS,

Would respectfully solicit the patronage of their friends and the public generally. Call and see us at b old stand of William Davis. April 29, 1852.



AYER'S CHERRY PECTORAL

For the Cure of COUGHS, COLDS, HOARSENESS, BRONCHITIS, WHOOPING-COUGH, CROUP, ASTHMA, AND CONSUMPTION.

To cure a cough with soreness and soreness of the body, take the Cherry Pectoral on going to bed, and wrap up warm, to sweat during the night. For a cold and cough, take it morning, noon, and evening, according to directions on the bottle, and the difficulty will soon be removed. None will long suffer from this trouble when they find it can be so readily cured. Persons afflicted with a seated cough, which breaks them of their rest at night, will find, by taking the Cherry Pectoral on going to bed, they may be sure of sound refreshing sleep, and consequently refreshing rest. Great relief from suffering, and an ultimate cure, is afforded to thousands who are thus afflicted, by this invaluable remedy. From its agreeable effect in these cases, many find themselves unwilling to forego its use when the necessity for it has ceased.

From two eminent Physicians in FAYETTEVILLE, TENN., April, 16th, 1851.

Sir:—We have given your Cherry Pectoral an extensive trial in our practice, and find it to surpass every other remedy we have for curing affections of the respiratory organs.

DRS. DIEMER & HAMPTON.

To singers and public speakers this remedy is invaluable, as by its action on the throat and lungs, when taken in small quantities, it removes all hoarseness in a few hours, and wonderfully increases the power and flexibility of the voice.

Asthma is generally much relieved, and often wholly cured by Cherry Pectoral. But there are some cases so obstinate and so violent, entirely to no medicine. Cherry Pectoral will cure them, if they can be cured.

Bronchitis, or irritation of the throat and upper portion of the lungs, may be cured by taking Cherry Pectoral in small and frequent doses.—The uncomfortable oppression is soon relieved.

Rev. Doct. Lansing, of Brooklyn, New York, states:—

I have seen the Cherry Pectoral cure such cases of Asthma and Bronchitis, as leads me to believe it can rarely fail to cure those diseases."

For croup, Give an emetic of antimony, to be followed by large and frequent doses of the Cherry Pectoral, until it subdues the disease. If taken in season, it will not fail to cure.

Whooping cough may be broken up and soon cured by the use of Cherry Pectoral.

The influenza is speedily removed by this remedy. Numerous instances have been noticed where whole families were protected from any serious consequences, while their neighbors, without the Cherry Pectoral, were suffering from the disease.

SALEM, Co., 11th, June 1851.

Doct. J. C. Ayer:—

I write to inform you of the truly remarkable effect of your Cherry Pectoral in this place, and in my own family. One of my daughters was completely cured in three days of a dreadful Whooping Cough, by taking it. Dr. Means, one of our very best physicians (freely states that he considers it the best remedy we have for pulmonary diseases, and that he has cured more cases of Croup with it than any other medicine he ever administered.

Our clergyman of the Baptist Church says that during the run of influenza here this season, he has seen cures from your medicine he could scarcely have believed without seeing it.

Yours respectfully, J. D. SINCLAIR, Deputy Postmaster.

From the distinguished Professor of Obstetrics and Materia Medica Bowdoin College.

I have found the Cherry Pectoral, as its ingredients show, a powerful remedy for colds, and coughs, and pulmonary diseases.

PARKER CLEVELAND, M. D.

BRUNSWICK, Me., Feb. 15, 1851.

DR. VALENTINE MOTT.

The widely celebrated Professor of Surgery in the Medical College, New York City, says:—

"It gives me pleasure to certify the value and efficacy of Ayer's Cherry Pectoral, which I consider peculiarly adapted to cure diseases of the Throat and Lungs."

Cures of severe diseases upon the Lungs have been effected by Cherry Pectoral in such extensive cases as warrant the belief that a remedy has at length been found that can be depended on to cure the Coughs, Colds and Consumption which carry from our midst thousands every year. It is indeed a medicine to which the afflicted can look with confidence for relief, and they should not fail to avail themselves of it.

PREPARED AND SOLD BY JAMES C. AYER, Practical and Analytical Chemist, Lowell, Mass.

Sold in Ebensburg by Fred. Kittell, and by Druggists and Dealers in Medicine every where. August 19, 1852—44-9m.

STORE'S CHEMICAL HAIR INVIGORATOR.

This delightful and popular article in the best preparation for the hair which long experience and scientific research has produced, either as an article for the toilet, or its beneficial effects in all the diseases to which the human hair is liable. It will impart to the roughest and coarsest hair the most beautiful appearance, entirely cleansing it from all impurities.

But while we assert that it is the best article for the toilet of those who wish to retain the hair in all its youthful

LUXURIANCE AND BEAUTY.

It must not be forgotten that in all diseases of the hair or scalp, such as the falling of the hair, dandruff, pimples, or sores on the scalp, &c., it is, perhaps the article which has given decided satisfaction in every instance where it has been used.

Its operation in case of baldness is peculiarly active, so that, in numerous, where other remedies have been tried in vain, STORE'S CHEMICAL INVIGORATOR has superseded the ornaments of art, by reinstating, in full plenitude, the permanent gifts and graces of nature. It is possessed of a character wholly differing from the Oils, Greases, Restoratives, &c., which are now so numerously foisted on the public, under the pretence of being newly discovered for baldness, gray hair, &c.