

The Senatorial Conference from Cambria county, are hereby notified to meet at the Exchange Hotel, in Hollidaysburg, on Saturday, 12th February.

Gen. Robert Patterson.

We notice with feelings of pleasure, that the name of the above distinguished Pennsylvanian is mentioned in connection with a Cabinet appointment in the administration of President Pierce—that of Secretary of war.

Ten New Locomotives.

A joint resolution was reported in the House of Representatives of this State on Wednesday last, authorizing the Canal Commissioners to purchase ten new locomotives, to be used upon the Columbia and Portage Roads.

Executive Mansion.

A bill has been introduced in the Legislature, providing for the construction of a suitable house for the Governor of the State to reside in.

Chief of the Indian Bureau.

We cheerfully endorse all our neighbors of the Hollidaysburg Standard says in the following article, recommending of one of the best and most steadfast Democrats in the State.

Col. Samuel C. Stambaugh.

In these times of cabinet-making, when almost everybody are trying their hands, it may not be out of place in us if we should make a simple suggestion—not in the way of forming a Cabinet for President Pierce, in whose ability to perform all the functions devolving upon him as Chief Magistrate we have the most unlimited confidence.

American Sunday School Union.

Gov. Cobb, of Georgia, has been constituted a life member of this Society, by a contribution of \$100 from Sunday School children in Pennsylvania, Maryland, Virginia and Georgia.

Terrible Calamity.

On Thursday last Lieut. James W. Shaumburg, of Washington city shot A. H. Fuller, with a revolver, as he was entering the National Hotel, and it is believed the wound will prove fatal.

LOCAL ITEMS.

Application is being made to the Post Office Department, to establish a Post office at Munster, in this county. An office is much needed at that place, as the citizens thereof, and the farmers in the neighborhood are at present subject to great disadvantage in receiving their letters and papers, being obliged to go to the Summit, a distance of 4 1/2 miles for them.

The Conference of Cambria, Bedford and Fulton counties will meet at the Washington Hotel, Bedford, next Monday, 14th inst., instead of the 22d, to select delegates to the 1st of March Convention.

Yesterday, at Washington city, in presence of the members of the Senate and House, the Electoral votes would be counted, and Franklin Pierce and Wm. R. King be declared President and Vice President from the 4th of March next, for four years.

On Monday, Hamilton placed a new "Concord Wagon," of admirable construction, upon the Plank Road, to run daily from Jefferson to Ebensburg. Four horses brought it into town on Monday in fine style, Barney holding the reins with all the sang froid of an "old stager."

John Dougherty, Esq., clerk for Messrs Reilly and McGrann, section 101, Pa. R. R., had his ankle severely sprained at the Summit, on Sunday last, by his horse falling upon his leg.

On Sunday night last, Mr. Michael Kane, a young man aged about 22, was frozen to death near Jefferson, in this county. He was seen in the evening in a state of intoxication, and in wandering around at night fell into a mill-race; he succeeded in getting out, and lay down in a fence corner, where he was discovered in the morning, dead. An awful warning to those who indulge too freely in ardent spirits.

On Wednesday last, Mr. Mathew Smith, a laborer at the Penna. Railroad Tunnel, near the Summit, fell down one of the shafts, a distance of 210 feet, to the bottom, where there was a boat four feet of water. He died on Saturday evening. It is wonderful that he was not instantly killed.

We had a visit on Saturday, from Tnos. Collins, Esq., member of the Legislature from this county. He is looking quite well, and his health has been almost entirely restored since his residence in Harrisburg.

The weather, last week, was wet, foggy, disagreeable, and unhealthy; bad enough to keep everybody within doors. The snow all disappeared, and mud, deep mud, assumed its place. Monday, Tuesday, and Wednesday nights, of this week, were very cold; to-day, snow is falling, and sufficient for sleighing is anxiously looked for. Get ready the robes and belles.

Dr. Thomas C. Bunting.

The following notices commendatory of our estimable and gallant friend Dr. Thomas C. Bunting, late Register of Wills, Philadelphia, will meet with a hearty response not only from those who served with him in Mexico, but from all who enjoy the pleasure of his acquaintance.

This gentleman, who was Surgeon to the Pennsylvania regiments during the war with Mexico, and who, since the ending of that memorable campaign, has been Register of Wills at Philadelphia, has, we observe by the Eastern papers, retired to private life.

From one of the Philadelphia papers we select the following compliment to the Doctor and his public course:—"He has made a most competent and efficient officer, and has given entire satisfaction to the members of the Bar, and to all having business in his office. He retires with the best wishes of hosts of friends for his prosperity, and of whatever he may have made during his term of office, he is fully deserving of it; and we are glad to see him in the office."

United States Review.

The New Hampshire Patriot in its issue of the 25th ult., thus speaks of this Review:—"The two numbers issued, evince a high order of talent. The tone, style, and temper of its political articles are admirable. It discusses the great questions of the day with rare ability, in a tone dignified and courteous, but firm and decided, and in a forcible and elegant style, exhibiting much information, good sense and judgment."

If these two numbers are fair samples of what the work is to be, true, national, progressive, American principles will have in it an able, judicious and efficient advocate, and the Democratic party a worthy organ. We therefore, commend this Review to the patronage of our friends."

The Patriot, our readers are aware, is published at Concord, the residence of Gen. Pierce and enjoys his confidence. We are glad to see that the United States Review is hailed by such authority, as the organ of the Democratic party. It is published in New York, by Theodore A. Foster, at \$3 per annum.

Gov. Cobb, of Georgia, has been constituted a life member of this Society, by a contribution of \$100 from Sunday School children in Pennsylvania, Maryland, Virginia and Georgia. Gov. Allen, of Rhode Island, has received the same mark of respect from the children of that State, and not to be outdone in benevolence, the Sunday Scholars of Philadelphia, have raised the requisite funds to constitute Gov. Bigler also a life member.

On Thursday last Lieut. James W. Shaumburg, of Washington city shot A. H. Fuller, with a revolver, as he was entering the National Hotel, and it is believed the wound will prove fatal. The difficulty arose about a bill of board owing by Shaumburg to Fuller. The former was immediately arrested and is now in jail.

For the "Sentinel."

A. J. Rhey, Esq.—Having just received the Sentinel, and casting my eye over the Editorial column, it fell upon an article at the bottom from the "Providence Journal," which strikes me as showing the editor thereof as being a "little hard strained."

Said Yankee editor takes all his brethren to task for calling Mrs. Pierce the "Lady of the President elect;" and sagely informs them, in the most positive manner, that "they are legally married and she is entitled to the name of wife."

I ask you, my fashionable friend Rhey—or I may perhaps more appropriately say, who understands fashionable life,—is it not the custom, everywhere, (and custom forms law,) in recording the names of Men and their Wives, to enter them "Mr. A. and Lady?" and who questions the legality of their association as such—man & wife? This one instance will suffice—now for the great American Lexicographer, Noah Webster—refer to the large edition of 1845—page 488,—and see how much there is in the term "Lady" to shock his over sensitive modesty—Lady, "a word of complaisance, used of woman."

Yours Truly, NEX CAD.

In answer to our correspondent's question we would state that it is customary, for the husband to record the names, when, for instance, he stops at a hotel, Mr.—and Lady. He should, in our opinion, use the word wife. It sounds more home-like. We do think there is a reluctance to use the word wife, why we cannot imagine. People evince a disposition to avoid using it, in its proper place. Fashion makes the word "Lady" more refined, therefore it is used. Why, now-a-days, a marriage is always a marriage in "high life," never a wedding; in low life it is a wedding. We see no reason for the distinction, the word marriage should be used in all cases.

So, in speaking or writing of man and wife, we do contend, that it is more appropriate, and better illustrative of the existence of a "bond of union," to say Mr.—and Wife, than Mr.—and Lady.—[Ed. "Sentinel."]

Soldiers of 1812.

We publish below the bill offered the Senate, of the United States, by Senator Brodhead, of this State, for the relief of the Soldiers of 1812. It was offered in the Senate on the 20th ult., read twice, and on motion of Mr. Brodhead, referred to the Committee on Public Lands, and ordered to be printed. The amount to the United States is insignificant, and still it would brighten many a desolate hearth, and cheer many a poverty-stricken veteran, or his suffering relatives. Sufficient reward should be granted to those brave men who, during the late war against the tyranny of England, perilled their lives to defend their country's rights, and we hope for the honor of the nation, knowing the good that this bill will bring with it, that it may pass and give joy to the hearts of the recipients:

A BILL.

Extending the provisions of the several laws granting bounty lands to the officers and soldiers who have been engaged in the military service of the United States. Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the provisions of the several laws granting bounty lands to the officers and soldiers who have been engaged in the military service of the United States, shall be, and the same are hereby extended so as to grant to each of the persons described therein a quantity of land which, in addition to that to which he may be entitled under any other law of Congress, shall not in the whole exceed the quantity of a quarter section, or one hundred and sixty acres; and each of the officers, musicians, and privates, engaged in the naval, marine, gun boat, or flotilla service, or in defence of the coast, in any of the cases mentioned in said acts, and who have received prize money, shall be entitled to the benefits of said laws as thus extended. Sec. 2. And be it further enacted, That after the passage of this act, all warrants shall be issued in the names of the persons who rendered the service for which they are granted, whether living or dead, and shall inure to the benefit of the warrantee, if living, and if not, to the heirs specified in the several laws extended by this act; and failing the heirs at law of the warrantee, according to the laws of the place in which he had his domicile at the time of his death; and all patents for lands located with any such warrants, shall, in like manner, issue to the warrantee; and in case of his death before the issuing of said patent, the title thereby conveyed shall inure to and vest in his heirs as aforesaid, or his or their assignees or devisees, as the case may be; provided, however, that no person who has perpetrated a crime, or who has been convicted of a crime, shall be entitled to the benefit of any of the provisions of this act.

Resolution Relative to the Purchase of Materials.

The following resolution of the Canal Board was lately adopted. It is highly proper, and will no doubt lead to a better system of economy. Canal Commissioners' Office, Harrisburg, Jan. 22, 1853.

Resolved, That hereafter it shall be the duty of the Superintendents on the Philadelphia and Columbia and Portage railroads, and the Supervisors of the canals, before contracting for lumber or other materials, for the repairs of said railroads and canals, to give ten days public notice by printed hand-bills, to be put up in the most public places in the vicinity where such repairs are to be made, that sealed proposals will be received for furnishing whatever kind of material may be required; and that in all cases the contracts shall be awarded to the lowest responsible bidder; and it shall be the duty of the said Superintendents and Supervisors to furnish the Board with a full statement, from time to time, of such bids: Provided, however, That in cases of great emergency, as when the property of the State may be destroyed by fire or freshet, such notice shall not be deemed necessary.

Sailors Flogging Themselves.

The following is published in a late letter from Norfolk:—"The United States frigate Haritan is here, of which you are aware. I have learned from one of her officers, that since the abolition of flogging in the navy, the men who were disposed to do their duty, seeing they were compelled to do more than their own, in consequence of a large portion of the men being confined as punishment for neglect of duty, and various other offences, took it into their heads that something must be done to prevent the continuance of such a state of things. They therefore formed themselves into vigilance committees, and took upon themselves the punishment of offenders, by tucking them up and giving them half a dozen or a dozen with the cat, as the case required, the officer of the deck being always particularly oblivious just about the time the operation was performed."

Arrival of the Atlantic—Three Days Later.

The Atlantic arrived this morning with Liverpool dates to the 26th. FRANCE.—Napoleon has informed the officers of State of his approaching marriage. His speech is an able document. He says he conforms to the national wish, and marries; but in the choice of a partner he casts away old political traditions. Royal alliances substitute family interests for National. It is, besides, humiliating to go begging for a wife. For seventy years past, foreign princesses have ascended the French throne only to be unhappy, with the exception of Josephine, and she was not of royal blood. He sneers at Austria jumping at an alliance with Napoleon First, and sarcastically alludes to the long chase of Louis Philippe's son after wives, and instances the Dutchess of Orleans as a princess of third rate rank. For himself, he says he does not want any monarch's alliance, and frankly admits that he is a *parenu*, elected by a Great Nation. He is therefore determined to select a wife to please himself, and so being more free, will not be the less strong.

The lady is said to be endowed with every virtue. She will soon be presented to the people and the army, at Notre Dame. There was a great sensation on the Bourse, and the funds fell, but recovered. The marriage takes place on the 30th. Belgium has discharged all foreign officers from the army. Another Madial case occurred at Genoa. The victim is Daniel Mazzinghi, a surgeon, who is sentenced to three years imprisonment for the crime of preaching. The Turks are pursuing operations vigorously against the Montenegros. On the 15th of January, Omar Pacha took Grapoo by storm, but afterwards, in attempting to surprise the Capital of Montenegro, in the mountain, he was repulsed. A great meeting was held at Essex Hall on the 25th, in behalf of Madial. Another was held at Birmingham. Napoleon contemplates sending a colony of half a million of emigrants to Algeria. It is reported that the Pope is dangerously ill of apoplexy.

The Ericsson Engine.

The editors of the New York Post state, as an evidence of their full confidence in the calorific motor, that they have contracted with Captain Ericsson to furnish them with one of his engines for use in their office. They add:—"It is already in a state of considerable forwardness. Patterns are prepared by Captain Ericsson and the machinery is making by Messrs. Hogg & Delamater. It is to have sufficient power to drive one of Hoe's rotary presses at the rate of 10 000 impressions an hour, and four job office presses, with a reserve force of two or three horse power, and yet to occupy only the space enclosed in a cast iron box six feet square and between five and six feet high. It is to be finished and in operation by the middle of April. If it succeeds, of which, of course, we have no doubt, we shall feel proud of the distinction which will properly belong to the journal that first avails itself of so important an improvement. If it fails, we mean the world shall know it, and the reasons why, if we can ascertain them."

Race of a Madman.

John Madden, an Irishman, living in Warren, while in a state of delirium tremens on Thursday morning of last week, left his family of children, whom the mother had entrusted to his charge for a few days, and taking off his boots and stockings, and coat, which he left by the way side, ran from Warren to Spencer, a distance of twelve miles, before he was overtaken, although immediately after he left he was hotly pursued with horses and carriages. The race occurred during the severe storm of that morning, and when Madden was overtaken, his feet and legs were badly frozen and his feet much lacerated by contact with the frozen earth. His flight through West Brookfield, Brookfield, and East Brookfield, in the face of the storm, and almost in a state of nudity, is described as frightful, while his speed was almost that of a deer. He was taken back to Warren, and upon being asked where he was going, he guessed he was going to sign the pledge.—Barre Gazette.

Monument to Henry Clay.

A number of distinguished members of Congress of both parties have recently in a published card recommended to the country the erection of a suitable Monument to the illustrious Clay, in noticing which the Washington Union, with great propriety and justice says:—"However many of the American people may have differed from Henry Clay on certain dividing issues agitated during his life, none will deny to him the great qualities which impartial history must award to him as a bold, eloquent, and patriotic leader, and as the advocate and the champion of our country's cause during more than one trying crisis. The closing scenes of his life were among the brightest of his career, and the evidence of his great power as a statesman and a patriot were never more brilliant. The thousands who have responded to his appeals and who have admired his character, will not fail to assist in the tribute by which the affection and the gratitude of those who were his neighbors during his lifetime, propose to commemorate his long and distinguished services to his country."

Children of Israel once complained of the hardship of making bricks without straw.

The children of Israel once complained of the hardship of making bricks without straw, a difficulty overcome now-a-days by the inventors of juleps using a glass or silver tube.

ONE WEEK LATER FROM EUROPE.

Anticipated Coup de Main by Louis Napoleon against England.

The Royal Mail Steamship Canada arrived here this morning, at 7 1/2 o'clock, with dates to the 23d ult., having been detained until Sunday morning. The Steamship City of Manchester, from Philadelphia, arrived at Liverpool on the morning of the 20th. ENGLAND. Mr. Gladstone has been re-elected to Parliament. Serious apprehensions are entertained in England that the Emperor Napoleon is meditating a coup de main in the way of a descent on England. The Government is making inquiries of the various railway companies how many men and horses and munitions of war they can carry in a specified time to certain points in case of an emergency. Large military stations are to be formed near Birmingham, and no more regular troops are to be sent from home. Napier, the English ship builder, has received an order from the French Emperor to build him 16 frigates. The English Admiralty, however, cancelled the order, and gave Napier a similar order. Since the departure of the Africa, £2,000,000 sterling in gold has been shipped to Australia for the purchase of gold dust. Guano has been discovered at the Falkland Islands.

PARIS, Friday Evening, Jan. 21.

The Emperor's marriage to Mademoiselle Montego, is announced to take place to-morrow week, in the Church of Notre Dame. A dowry of 5,000,000 francs is demanded for the bride. The announcement has taken Paris by surprise, and is unfavorably received. She is Spanish by birth, and the grand-daughter of the British Consul at Madrid. Her mother is Irish by birth, named Fitzpatrick, and her father, the Spanish Count Montego. The Emperor made formal proposals on Sunday, and accepted, and the next day he informed his ministers of the determination he had formed. One report states that all the Ministry, except one, resigned, but that the Emperor refused to accept their resignations. It is said that the civil marriage has already taken place, and that the religious ceremonies will be performed on the 23d. The Emperor has refused to accept the resignation of M. De Drouyn De L'Huy. There is great activity at the various navy yards. No less than 25 line-of-battle ships, 15 frigates, and 15 smaller vessels of war are building at the different French navy yards. On the same day fixed for the marriage of the Emperor, Prince Napoleon Jerome is to espouse the daughter of Prince Wagram. The Legislative body has been summoned to meet on the 22d, to receive a communication from the Emperor relative to his marriage. Simultaneous with the announcement of the marriage of the Emperor, came a disastrous fall on the Bourse, which the government papers say is owing solely to a check given to speculation. On Wednesday, the 19th, the Bourse was more depressed than at any time since the coup d'etat. The whole of the Orleans property is now alienated—the year allowed for the sale having expired. It is reported that the renewed attempt to effect a fusion of the Count Chambord with the Orleans princes, promises to be successful. The Budget for 1854 shows a large increase over that of the present year. Disastrous accounts of floods in the various departments have been received, causing most deplorable results. Many of the rivers are overflowed, causing great injury to the towns along the banks, and much destruction of property. Business in Paris is limited, the export trade having been checked. The retail trade in the manufacturing towns has also been depressed. The corn market of Paris is declining, and the business in the departments quiet. Barley, Rice and Oats are declining. BUSINESS. The Tuscan Monitor contains an official contradiction of the death of Francis Madial. AUSTRALIA. The dates from Sydney are to the 16th October. The Sydney papers apprehend a scarcity in breadstuffs. The steamship Great Britain arrived at Port Philip in November. Adelaide papers of the 8th of October quote Flour at Melbourne at £10 a 47 per ton, and Gold at £3 7s 6d to 45 10s 6d per ounce. CHINA. The Liverpool papers contain Hong Kong dates to Nov. 29th. The imperial troops had gained a decisive advantage over the insurgents. The Shanghai dates are to the 25th November. The import market was favorable to large transactions in tea. Prices are maintained. The exports show a deficiency of \$2,000,000, from the previous year. The export of silk is less by 21,000 bales. The United States ship Plymouth, was at Macao. Freights from Canton to New York, were \$10 for tea and \$25 for silks.

THE SUNBURY AND ERIC RAILROAD.

Allotment of Sections of Sunbury & Erie Railroad, from Sunbury to Williamsport—38 miles—made at Williamsport—January 14th 1853. Sections 5, 6 and 7, R. E. Monger. Section 8, Geo. S. Sluman. " 12, James Cameron. " 13, E. W. Graham. " 14, David Marc. " 15, Ralph Bogie. " 16, M. Allister, Reynolds & Olen. " 17, O. Bryan, Smith & Co. " 18, H. H. Shack. " 19, Riddle, Sallada & Co. " 20, do do. " 21, Bradford & Bogie. " 22, Parsons, Ives & Parsons. " 23, C. & C. Kennedy. " 24, Moor, Grier, Bice & Griffey. " 25, Geise, Hagarty, Steuart, Blair. " 26, Robert Crane. " 27, Dull, Criswell & Dull. " 29, do do. " 31, Martin & Allen. " 32, do do. " 33, John B. Beck. " 34, Macklin & Bogie. " 35, M. K. Moorhead. " 36, do do. " 37, Funston & Updegraff. " 38, Parsons & Tallman. Sections 1, 2, 3, 4, 9, 10, 11, 27 and 30 were reserved.—Lycoming Gaz.

MURDER IN BALTIMORE.

Baltimore, Feb. 4.—A colored man named Samuel Howard, living in the western part of this city, this afternoon deliberately put a pistol to his wife's head and fired a heavy load of shot into her skull, producing an awful and instantly fatal wound. He had been charging her with infidelity a short time before the commission of the act. He immediately fled, and has not yet been arrested.

FROM OUR EXCHANGES.

The Mayor of Baltimore has received a letter from Gen. Pierce, declining a public reception on his passage through that city. The committee appointed by the council to make arrangements, has been discharged.

The late Amos Lawrence of Boston, gave away during his life more than \$500,000. On his pocket book was inscribed, "What shall I profit a man if he gain the whole world and lose his own soul?"

When did Egypt resemble a dry lemon? After the Jews had left it. (Diasos of the Boston Carpet bags, is under indictment for perjury, trusting this pun.)

The President of a debating society out west lately decided that "the milk of human kindness" literally meant milk punch with a little nutmeg in it.

We are pleased to learn, says the Pittsburg Union Feb 3, that the Hon. Wilson McCandless has arrived home from Havana, in improved health.

General PIERCE will leave for Washington about the 15th inst. He has declined all public ceremonial receptions on the route.

"One of our country exchanges says:—"An old sheep gave birth yesterday to a lamb, belonging to a young widow lady in the village with six legs."

The latest application of India Rubber, is for horse shoes. It is stated that experiments made previous to the present cold weather, indicate that they will prove fully as durable as iron, having all its toughness without its brittleness or weight.

"If a man is seated on a broken bottle and can't rise without running a pitchfork into his head, which had he best to do—continue his squaw or undertake to get up?"

Some cool headed philosopher says, if nature designed man to be a drunkard he would have been constructed like a churn so that the more he drank the firmer he would stand.

A young lady residing in Boston, only 18 years of age, died on Tuesday, of erysipelas, after a sickness of only two or three days. She was seized with the disorder while in the act of being measured for a ball dress, and faintly away. Before the ball took place she was in her shroud.

The New York Times calls Billy Bowlegs "Mr. William Cruikshanks," This is carrying politeness some considerable distance.

An idea may be formed of the immense business done at the St. Charles Hotel in New Orleans, when we state the fact, that on a single day, Monday, Jan. 24th, there were 239 arrivals! We presume there is not another hotel in the world that does so large a business as the St. Charles.

The following is supposed to be the number of newspapers in the world:—"Ten in Austria, fourteen in Africa, twenty-four in Spain, twenty in Portugal, thirty in Asia, sixty-five in Belgium, eighty five in Denmark, ninety in Russia and Poland, three hundred in Prussia three hundred and twenty in other Germanic States, five hundred in Great Britain and Ireland, and eighteen hundred in the United States."

Veli-Pacha, the new Turkish Ambassador, in Paris, is 30 years of age, and is seemingly rich as to be called the Mussulman Rothschild. It is said he spent fifty million francs on his journey from the Sublime Porte to the Barrier de l'Étoile. All his attendants were during the whole trip, the Turkish costume.—He gave away twenty thousand dollars in gratitude to servants, postillions and chambermaids, from Marseilles to Paris.

"Dobby, the door bell rings, and you must run, light the match, and touch the slavings, and let the burnt stick and brands get on fire in the fire-place, or they will think we don't keep a fire in the sitting-room, and that would not be genteel."—"Yes—there—it is all roaring, and the bell rings again—shall I go now?"—"Oh! Lordy, marm, it was only a pedler."—"A pedler! Confound him!—take the fire apart, and get ready for another alarm."

PARDONS.

The following is a copy of the bill concerning pardons by the Governor, that was recently submitted to the Senate by Mr. Crabb, of the city.

Sec. 1. Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met, and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same, That it shall be the duty of the Governor, whenever he shall pardon a convict, confined in any penitentiary or jail of this Commonwealth, of any one bound over for trial for a violation of law to cause to be published as soon as practicable thereafter, once a week for two weeks, in at least one newspaper printed in the county in which the penitentiary or jail in which such convict shall be confined, may be located, or in which such accused person may reside, the reasons, if any, which have influenced him in granting such pardon, together with the names, if any, of such persons who may have petitioned for the pardon granted. Provided, There shall be no newspaper printed in the proper county, then the publication shall be made as aforesaid, in a newspaper printed in an adjoining county.

Sec. 2. That it shall be the duty of the Secretary of the Commonwealth, upon the granting of a pardon by the Governor to a convict, to cause to be made out and delivered to the pardoned convict, a duplicate copy of such pardon, the production of which shall be conclusive proof of such convict's restoration to citizenship.

Sec. 3. That any expense which may be incurred by carrying into operation the provisions of this act, shall be paid out of the contingent fund of the office of the Secretary of the Commonwealth.

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