



PIERCE & KING!

MOUNTAIN SENTINEL.

Andrew J. Rhey, Editor.

EBENSBURG, PA.

Thursday, October 21, 1852.

DEMOCRATIC TICKET.

For President, FRANKLIN PIERCE, of New Hampshire.

For Vice-President, WILLIAM R. KING, of Alabama.

Who General Scott is.

I NOW HESITATE BETWEEN EXTENDING THE PERIOD OF RESIDENCE BEFORE NATURALIZATION TO TWENTY ONE YEARS, AND A TOTAL REPEAL OF ALL THE ACTS OF CONGRESS ON THE SUBJECT—MY MIND INCLINES TO THE LATTER.—Scott in 1844.

The above sentiment is Gen. Scott's. We have seen it in his own handwriting, over his own signature.—ED. PENNSYLVANIAN.

YOU ARE INSTRUCTED NOT TO ENLIST FOREIGNERS FOR THE BATTALION OF ST. PATRUCIA HAS TAUGHT US THAT FOREIGNERS CANNOT BE TRUSTED.—Gen. Scott's Instructions to his Recruiting Officers during the Mexican War.

Henry Clay's Opinion of Military Men. Better that war, pestilence and famine should sweep over the land, THAN THAT A MILITARY CHIEFTAIN SHOULD BE ELEVATED TO THE PRESIDENCY.—HENRY CLAY.

Gen. Scott on Naturalization. We are liberal enough to open the door to the children of foreigners who may be born here, without allowing their fathers to come here to help govern us.—WILFIELD SCOTT.

Gen. Scott on Slavery. If I ever, as GENERAL SCOTT, at the head of the armies of the United States, as PRESIDENT SCOTT, deprived my commission, or as PRESIDENT SCOTT, if it should please the people to elevate me to that high station, IF I EVER DO ANY THING CALCULATED TO IMPAIR THE EFFICACY OF THE FUGITIVE SLAVE LAW, OR HAVING A TENDENCY TOWARDS ITS REPEAL, THEN WRITE INFAMOUS BEFORE MY NAME, WRITE INFAMOUS AFTER MY NAME, AND KICK ME INTO THE GUTTER.—Letter of Scott to R. A. Upton, Esq., of Louisiana.

The Presidential Election takes place on the first Tuesday of November, being the 2nd day of the Month.

No paper was issued from this office last week. A reference to the obituary column will explain the cause.

A meeting of the Democracy of Allegheny township will take place at Loretto, on Saturday, the 30th day of October. Turn out, Democrats, and let the watchword be, PIERCE, KING THE UNION AND VICTORY. Success must and will crown your efforts.

Big Cambria Has Done Nobly! Never in the political history of the county did the Democracy present a more united front than on the second Tuesday of October, and never before did they gain so complete, so overwhelming a victory over the whig party. Too much commendation could not be bestowed upon the gallant Democracy of this county for their noble efforts in behalf of the WHOLE TICKET and their triumphant success over the whig forces. One fire more, and our victory will be complete. Our opponents are disheartened and feel that inevitable defeat will be their portion upon the 2nd day of November. Go to work then, Democrats, and rally in your strength for the election of PIERCE and KING, on Tuesday week, and achieve a National Victory as you have done a State one. You were united in a common cause at the State election and a glorious victory was gained—he united in November and a thrice glorious victory will be obtained. A victory not only of Party, but a victory for the Union, the Constitution and its Compromises. Rally then, and pour one more broadside into the ranks of the opposition, and the shattered, twice-defeated whig party will be numbered "among the things that were."

The majority of Judge Woodward over Bufington in this county is 601. This is a great result. All over the State the whigs had circulated the report that Judge W. would lose heavily here and that his opponent would have a majority. But the whig "bowl of soup" was upset, and Cambria, glorious Cambria, true to her long cherished principles, gallantly sustained Judge W. notwithstanding the base and unworthy attempts of the whigs to defeat him. You have signally rebuked the opposition by your manly support of Judge W., and consigned to oblivion the foul slanders of his enemies. Col. Hopkins for Canal Commissioner has a majority of 733 over Jakey Hoffman of Berks. Col. Shaffer, for Congress, has a majority of 842 over McCulloch. Collins, for Assembly, has a majority of 487 over Litzinger and 630 over Satterfield. Schell, for Assembly, has a majority of 521 over Litzinger and 654 over Satterfield. Durbin, for Sheriff, over McVicker, 986. Stull, for Commissioner, over Oster, 583. McConnell, for Auditor, over Hughes, 690. Sheridan, for Coroner, over Lewis, 838.

Democrats, the result is worthy of all praise. You have spoken in thunder tones and proclaimed your party. We congratulate you upon so successful a termination of your unceasing efforts and express the hope that, on the 2nd day of November, you will exhibit a still greater attachment to your cherished principles and nominees, by increasing the vote in favor of those noble champions of the Democratic Cause, PIERCE and KING. Give them not less than 200 majority.

THE PRESIDENCY.

On Tuesday, the 2nd day of November, the contest in the Union between the Democratic and whig parties will be decided at the Polls.—That there will be a favorable decision and all-to-be-praised victory in favor of the eternal truths of Democracy and the standard bearers of the party, PIERCE and KING, we firmly believe. The recent hard-fought battle in the Keystone State, so happily terminating in the success of the democratic candidates, by an increased majority, not only has had an excellent effect in our sister states, where we find the Democracy since the reception of the glorious news battling for their principles with renewed energy and confident hopes, but gives to the indomitable Democracy here the prestige of a still greater triumph in November next. In many places leading whigs are abandoning their party and enrolling themselves under the Democratic Flag, and from the rank and file of the opposition accessions are daily occurring. These "signs of the times" are significant and denote the utter prostration that will inevitably occur to the Federal whig forces on the first Tuesday of November. Defeat, certain and overwhelming must and will result to the whig party and its "military candidate."

Against the military character of Gen. Scott we urge nothing, and we would be the last man to deny to him that merit, in this respect, which rightfully belongs to him. He has proven himself a good soldier and has fought the battles of his country well. So has many another man about whom there is not so much fuss made.—He is vain, irritable and over-bearing, as the history of his life shows from the time of his quarrel with Gens. Jackson and Wilkinson, to the difficulties he had with his brave compatriots in the Mexican war. Exclusively a military man, having no high or commanding civil qualifications, should be a potent reason why he should not be elected to the Presidency. With his military character we have nothing to do, but with the opinions which he has placed on record we have all to do. And it is because those opinions are at variance with the principles of the democratic party, and dangerous to the interests of the country and the rights of the people, that we oppose Gen. SCOTT; and further do we oppose him, because he is the machine in the hands of the Northern Agitators and Abolitionists, Seward, Johnston, Vinton, Greeley & Co., to be used at their pleasure for the advancement of their nefarious schemes for the dissolution and dismemberment of the Union. That Union which the Democratic party has so earnestly labored for the stability and preservation of, and which can be perpetuated only through the workings of Democratic measures and by the elevation of Democratic candidates. Gen. Scott has written that if he had been a member of Congress in 1842, he would have voted for a National Bankrupt Law; an act which if in force would allow the wealthy to escape from the just payment of their debts, while the laboring man is held to a strict accountability. Gen. Scott has written that he would vote for establishing a National Bank, to rob and plunder the poor as did the old United States Bank; and, if elected, he would recommend such an institution to be the means of corrupting the elective franchise of the country, as it did in the time when Old Hickory put his heel upon it.—Gen. Scott has written that he is in favor of a Distribution of the Proceeds of the Public Lands among the States, a scheme for the enriching of speculators by means of the labor of the industrious and the thrifty. Gen. Scott has written several letters concerning the down-trodden and home-oppressed foreigner, who seeks an asylum in this free land, where he can honestly earn a livelihood "by the sweat of his brow," and worship his Creator "according to the dictates of his own conscience." In 1844, Gen. Scott was "fired with indignation" against the foreigners, and went for a TOTAL REPEAL of the Naturalization Laws. In 1844, he was the candidate of the Native American party for President. In 1844, under the signature of Americas, Gen. Scott wrote as follows:

"We are liberal enough, to open the door to the children of foreigners who may be born here, without allowing their fathers to come here to help govern us."

Query? We should like to be informed how the children are to be born here, if the fathers are not allowed to come. This slight mistake is an evidence of the General's great statesmanship! In 1852, when the General is a candidate for office, he loves to hear "that rich brogue," as he said a few weeks ago in Cleveland, Ohio; but in 1844, when the General was "fired with indignation," and sat down, as he says, in "my parlor in the Astor House, New York," to write a letter for the purpose of rallying a Native American Party, and claimed to be the FOUNDER and PROJECTOR of the American Party, "that brogue" had no charms for him, it grated harshly on his ears and he loved it not. We greatly mistake the character of those who have been born in Ireland, or who are the descendants of Irishmen, if such "blarney" from the "indignation" candidate, does not rain his prospects with them. As one descendant, we are free and proud to acknowledge that against General Scott we will vote with a right good will, and in that manner contribute our share to rebuke him for the manner in which he "butters them (our Irish friends) up, and slithers them down."

Democrats, the whig party calculate upon your votes to elect SCOTT. The whigs know their party is in the minority and is rapidly passing away, and therefore expect "aid and comfort" from the Democracy. Look at the political opinions of Gen. Scott, and when you are asked to vote for him, reply, as the true-hearted Democrats did when requested to sign the Cooney document in New Hampshire, (see outside of this week's paper,) "No, I have always been a Democrat." Can any Democrat vote for the candidate of that party which stigmatized our wars as UNHOLY, UNJUST and DAMNABLE; as ACCURSED and WICKED? No. Can any Democrat vote for General Scott with his opinions in writing that he is "in favor of a National

Bank and Bankrupt Act, and in favor of preventing foreigners from obtaining any political rights? No. When asked to vote for the candidate of the whig party, Gen. Scott, give your answer—"No, I am a Democrat, and Scott is a whig, nominated and supported by the whig party, and if elected would carry out the peculiar views of that party, and much as I respect him for his military qualifications, nevertheless, we are divided on principles and I must and will give my support to that man who is the embodiment of Democratic measures, FRANKLIN PIERCE, the Young Hickory of the Granite Hills." He has never swerved from the beaten track, never deviated from the Democratic faith, but has been as true and constant to that faith as the needle to the pole; has always been guarded by the precepts of the Constitution of his country, to the preservation and continuance of which, as well as to the perpetuity and Union of the States his life has been devoted. Go to the Polls, democrats, on the 2nd day of November, and give to PIERCE and KING your warm and enthusiastic support, so as to rid the Nation of this Galphimism-abolition-whig party, and your country under democratic rule will continue to be the "asylum of the oppressed," and through the instrumentality of democratic principles will continue to be happy, prosperous and free. Come out in your might and battle manfully for your cause, and another victory will be yours. Let the watchword be, PIERCE, KING, THE UNION, THE CONSTITUTION AND THE COMPROMISE.

CAMBRIA ALL RIGHT!!

MEETING IN JACKSON TOWNSHIP.

The Democrats of Jackson township, met at the hotel of Mr. Rager, on Thursday evening, the 6th inst. We never witnessed so large and enthusiastic a political meeting in Jackson township. A beautiful hickory pole, 165 feet in length, had been procured, and was raised in an admirable manner and without accident, bearing a large banner on which was inscribed "JACKSON, PIERCE, AND KING."

After the Pole was raised the meeting was organized by appointing officers.

The meeting was then addressed by Thomas Jones, M. Hasson, Charles Murray and A. J. Rhey, Esqrs., after which an adjournment took place with nine cheers for the candidates of the Democratic Party. In the evening there was a cotillon party at the hotel, and the enjoyment of the dance was participated in by all present. The Ladies of Jackson township presented a magnificent wreath to the Ebensburg delegation when leaving, for which they received many kind thanks and parting cheers. Jackson township never felted and the democracy of the Laurel Hills will poll a larger vote for the PIERCE and KING in November. Look out for the Jackson men. Go ahead, the snake was scotched on the second Tuesday of October, and you must kill him on the first Tuesday of November.

RICHLAND AWAKE!

An enthusiastic meeting of the Democracy of Richland township was held at School House No. 4, in said township, on Thursday evening, the 7th inst. The meeting was organized by the appointment of the following officers, viz: President—GEORGE ORRIS.

Vice Presidents—Henry Topper, Samuel Noon, Secretaries—Jacob R. Stull, Daniel Hostler.

Dr. Wm. A. Smith then addressed the meeting at length, and was followed by Wm. Palmer Esq., and Col. T. L. Heyer, the latter gentleman addressing the meeting both in German and English. The remarks of the speakers were warmly applauded, and a determination evinced that Richland "should do better" at the polls. The meeting then adjourned with three cheers for PIERCE and KING, and three cheers for the State and County tickets. For the manner in which the Democracy of this township did their duty at the election since the meeting we refer with pride to the returns in this week's paper, and we feel satisfied they will again be found at their posts on next Tuesday week, when the Presidential battle will be fought. Turn out, Democrats, and another victory will be yours.

Meeting in Clearfield.

The Democrats of Clearfield township held a meeting at the house of Henry Harber, on Saturday evening, Octbr. 9th. There was a large assemblage of the Democrats of that noble township gathered together, and it seemed as if the fires of 1844 were re-kindled. A delegation from Ebensburg, and one from Loretto, accompanied with their Bands, were received upon arrival with prolonged cheers.

The meeting was ably addressed by Col. John Kean, Michael Hasson, Patrick Shiels, John B. Hoover and Charles Murray, Esqrs. An adjournment then took place with three times three cheers for the Democratic cause and candidates. Clearfield did gloriously at the State election and promises better for PIERCE and KING. Keep the ball rolling—the whigs despair of success.

Destructive Fire.

About two o'clock on Monday Morning Octbr. 11, a fire occurred in our village, by which four families were left without a home. The fire originated in the house of Michael McCabe, and appears to have been the result of carelessness. The other sufferers by the fire were J. Maloney, who had a trifling insurance on his property.—Mrs. Topper likewise insured to some extent, and Mr. Ackinson. Fortunately the morning was very calm, otherwise a much greater amount of damage would have been done.—Crus.

The Mexican Allies.

No quarter for traitors. The Democratic doctrine is, "our country, always right." Let it not be forgotten that in the late Mexican war—a war with which we were precipitated by a act of Mexico, the Whigs were the allies of our enemies. They gave "aid and comfort" to the foe. They come before you, now, seeking to monopolize the GLORY of that war. Let justice be done. If that war was just and honorable, let the Democracy have the credit of it.—Let not the culture perch in the Eagle's eye.

ELECTION RETURNS OF CAMBRIA COUNTY.

(OFFICIAL.)

Table with columns for various offices: C. Com'r., S. Judge, Congress, Assembly, Sheriff, Coroner, Auditor, and various names of candidates and their respective vote counts.

Total 1923, 1190, 1814, 1213, 1950, 1108, 1767, 1791, 1280, 1137, 2048, 1062, 1817, 1234, 1872, 1182, 1884, 1046

Democrats in Roman and Whigs in Italics.

Melancholy Accident.

On Tuesday afternoon, October 12, as JAMES MAGEHAN, Esq., of Summitville, was returning from the election, whilst walking up Plane No. 5, he was struck in the back by a freight car and thrown upon the track, the wheels of the car passing over his legs and crushing them in a frightful manner. Medical attendance was immediately procured but the injuries received were so serious as to cause death in a few hours.

Mr. MAGEHAN was one of the oldest residents of the county, having removed here from Adams county in the year 1800, and at the period of his death was 77 years of age. He was for many years Deputy Surveyor of the county, and a Justice of the Peace, which office he held at the time of his decease. He had hosts of friends here and elsewhere, who knew him but to regard and respect him. One by one are the old residents passing away from our midst, leaving the hearth-stone desolate and the arm-chair vacant. Soon they will all be gathered to the homes of their fathers and none be left to depict the hardships and privations they underwent when this county, now in its rose-bud bloom, was a dense forest. May Heaven's choicest blessings rest upon them.

Fatal Accident.

On Saturday last, two unfortunate Irishmen, whose names we could not learn, laborers on the Central Railroad, while in a state of intoxication, fell over the edge of the deep cut on McGrann & Reilly's section on to the rocks below, a distance of sixty or seventy feet. They were instantly killed.

The Junior Democracy.

The Junior Democrats of Ebensburg raised a PIERCE and KING Pole, 69 feet in height, on Saturday, October 9. A few nights afterward some infamous scoundrel cut an axe and cut it down. The boys, nothing daunted, have procured another Pole, cut in the woods by the axe that lowered the first one, and intend to raise it on Saturday next. The pole is about 78 feet long and will have attached to it a banner and streamer; the banner bearing the motto, PIERCE, KING, THE UNION AND VICTORY. Go ahead, boys, never give up.

A Convert.

Since the election, JOHN F. BARNES, Esq., of Johnstown, one of the prominent whigs of the county, has renounced the whig party and its doctrines and enrolled himself in the Democratic party. He made a speech to the Democrats of Richland tp., a few days since. Mr. B. will prove a valuable and efficient soldier in the Democratic ranks. We congratulate him upon his entrance into the right fold, and welcome him as a brother in arms in the good cause.—We learn that several whigs in and about Johnstown will hereafter vote with the Democratic Party.

Official Vote for Congress.

The following is the official vote for Congress in this district, by which it will be seen that Col. SHAEFER, the worthy candidate of the Democratic party has gained largely over his opponent.

Table with columns for candidates: McCulloch, Shaffer, and their respective vote counts.

Official Vote for Assembly.

The following is the official vote for Assembly. The candidates of the Democratic party, Messrs. COLLINS and SCHELL, are elected by a large majority. They will prove themselves to be valuable members of our State Legislature. Collins has 820 over Litzinger, and 844 over Satterfield. Schell has 1020 over Litzinger and 1044 over Satterfield. Messrs. Clark and Shires, Maine Liquor Law candidates, had 98 votes in Bedford, and Messrs. Clark and Gebhart 3 votes in Cambria.

Table with columns for candidates: Collins, Schell, Litzinger, Satterfield, Bedford, Fulton, and their respective vote counts.

Majority for Keast year 793, for Schell 772.

Oh, the Rotten Tariff!

We clip the following item from the last Lawrence Journal, published at New Castle. \$28 a pound for Pig Iron! Only think of that, ye croaking pig whigs!

Pig Iron.—On Thursday last, Mr. Todd of Big Bend, made a sale of one hundred and fifty tons of pig iron to Mr. McCormick, of the Orizaba-Iron Works, in this place, at twenty-eight dollars a ton. This is a pretty fair price under the tariff of 1846, and much higher than it has been for a number of years.

DEMOCRATIC VICTORIES.

The majority for Judge WOODWARD in fifty-one counties, is 11,007; the majority for HERRICKS is 15,104. The counties to hear from gave Bigler, in 1851, a majority of 5,300. If they voted in the same way at the election on Tuesday week, the majority in the State will reach 20,000! Glory enough for one day.

The "Hoosier State" all Right!

The election in Indiana has gone overwhelmingly Democratic. The majority for Wright, Dem., for Governor, will reach 17,000! In 1851, the majority was 6,900. Hurra for the Hoosier State.

Great Victory in Ohio!

The Democrats have elected their State Ticket in Ohio by a majority of 7 to 10,000! Fourteen Democrats and seven Whigs elected to Congress. The "Buckeye State" all right.

Florida Wheeling into Line!

Returns of the election in Florida, leave no doubt that the Democrats have carried the Governor, member of Congress and a majority of the State Legislature. Glorious result.

Alabama, the Horae of King, Never Fails!

The returns from Alabama, indicate that the State has gone Democratic by a large majority. The election was for Representatives.

The "Monumental City" Democratic!

J. Smith Hollins, Democrat, was elected Mayor of Baltimore, on Wednesday last, by the immense majority of 3,684; a great gain. Maryland will surely go for PIERCE and KING in November.

The "Palmetto State" for Pierce and King.

The election in South Carolina has resulted in favor of the Democrats. The Charleston Standard says the State is almost unanimous for PIERCE and KING.

FROM OUR EXCHANGES.

It is getting to be "the thing" among the fashionables and wealthy of our large eastern cities to spend the winter months in Italy. It is said that a large number of the ladies of New York, Philadelphia and Boston are about starting for Florence and the other cities of Italy, to meet other American Ladies who are now in London or Paris, but who will in December, go to Italy.

The English gardeners have turned their attention to the improving of the Hollyhock, and from the success met with, many of them think it will become a formidable rival to the Dahlia; a great variety of shades of color, have already been produced and luxuriance and compactness of leaf.

Gen. Scott has been to visit the Blue Licks of Kentucky. However blue they may be they cannot compare with the blue Licks he will get in twenty-four of the States in November next.

A Liverpool Paper says, "great interest has been excited from the fact that five of the most celebrated clippers, two English and three American, are now on their way to this port, and the port of London, with cargoes of tea.—Though the times of starting differ, there will be opportunity, sufficient, afforded for testing their respective merits and qualities of the craft. Chrysolite, for Liverpool, and Stormaway, for London, both English, sailed on the 14th of July. The Surprise and the Challenge, for London, and the Race Horse, for Liverpool, (all American) sailed on the 15th of July. We may add that not a few wagers are pending the result.

A WELL PAID GENERAL.—Gen. Scott, who has been a feeder at the public crib for some forty-four years, receiving during that time an average of \$5,513, or an aggregate of \$200,000, no longer ago than 1836, and while in receipt of this large and full pay per annum, was an applicant before Congress for the benefit of the invalid pension act, alleging that he had been wounded in Canada, and was not able to do active duty. His petition was reported against unanimously.—Cucin. Enquirer.

The Washington correspondent of the Baltimore Sun, says that the Rev. Father Mathew has presented the Sisters of the Visitation, with the sum of Ten Thousand Dollars, to aid in paying for the New and beautiful Academy which they are erecting in Washington.

Catharine Hayes is about to pay a visit to Iranistan, the residence of Mr. Barnum, in order to be present at the marriage of that gentleman's daughter.

"A Fire in the Rear."

General Scott during his late electioneering tour, in Ohio, made a speech at Cleveland, during the delivery of which an Irishman shouted, "Hurrah for Lundy's Lane," whereupon the General said "I love that rich brogue." This saying is happily "hit off" in the following piece of poetry:—

"I LOVE THAT RICH BROGUE." "I love that rich brogue." Now Gin'ral you're jokin. 'Tis cruel at Patrick, such fun to be pokin. That brogue you've heard two score years every whitt. And not loved it before a d—l a bit.

"I love that rich brogue." You love it, how well. Let your long spoken sentiments honestly tell. You would welcome us here from Erin's green land. But in making her laws, you'd give us no hand.

"I love that rich brogue." Did you love it when, So indignantly "fired," you snatched up your pen, In the Astor House parlor, and earnestly wrote, That Irishmen were not deserving a vote?

"I love that rich brogue." Ah you loved it indeed, When you gave your assent to the infamous creed, When you claimed that that party, the leader to be, Who would take from the Irish, their rights to be free,

Did you "love that rich brogue," when you told us your mind, To repeal all naturalization inclined, No matter how decent or honest men we, That Paddy should never a citizen be.

"I love that rich brogue." I know you belong, To the party who always love Irishmen wrong, As the day when their votes are wanted draws near. Although we're but cat's paw the rest of the year.

"I love that rich brogue." When did you begin? When Greeley told you, you couldn't get in, That you never could sit in the President's Chair, If you couldn't get Patrick to help you up there.

You love it as well, perhaps you'd be owlin', Faithful, after election day—in the mornin', When for President Pierce, it falls on your ears, That some "rich brogue" in three illigant cheers

"I love that rich brogue." No doubt Misher Scott, Our votes you'd love better still, would you not? Now Gineral be aisy, quit coaxin' or tazing, When Pat's after voting, it's himself he'll be plazing.

"I love that rich brogue." 'Tis blarney old fellow, You can't sugar that pill so that Paddy will swallow; Couldn't he see what you are, he'd inadve to a fool,

That same Native's wolf covered up with Scott wool. \*Native American. SHILLALAH.

TO WHIPPING MOTHERS.—A little boy yesterday tumbled into the dock. A sailor sprang in and brought him out again, about half dead with fright and excessive draughts of salt water. When he recovered from the shock, he began to sob and cry most piteously. He was assured that he was not hurt. "I know that well enough," said he with a fresh burst, "but mother said she would lick me if I got drowned, and I know she'd do it, for she always does."—Day Book.

Hon. Thos. L. Clingman is out in the Raleigh Standard, in a strong letter against Gen. Scott.—Mr. Clingman has been well known as a distinguished Whig member of Congress.

UNFORTUNATE FOR THE WHIGS.—Iron keeps rising, and as a natural consequence, the spirits of the whigs keep falling. What a pity it is that a little bit of "national ruin" could not be got up for the special benefit of the party that "rises as the country sinks, and sinks as the country rises."

Won't somebody please to blow out a furnace, or stop a forge until after the election?—Key-stone.

DIED.

At his residence in this place, on Saturday, the 9th inst., JAMES RHEY, Esq., in the sixty second year of his age.

This has passed away another of our old and respected citizens, whose long residence in the county, and extensive business made him familiarly known to the people of the whole county. His father was born in Dublin and emigrated to this country, when he settled near Newry, then Bedford, now Blair county, where the deceased was born on the 27th of February 1791. At a very early age he came to this county, then almost a wilderness, where he continued to reside until the time of his death. Possessing a strong natural mind, great enterprise and energy, his business pursuits were varied and active; and he took a deep interest in whatever contributed to develop the growth and improvement of our town and county. Kind and benevolent in his disposition, his duties as a neighbor and citizen were cheerfully performed, and in the relation of husband and parent his loss will be irreparable. For the last two years his health had been gradually declining, so that his death came not unexpected, but found him fully prepared to meet it. He was buried in the burial ground of the Catholic church in this place, and the long train of friends who followed him "to that bourne from whence no traveller returns," attests the esteem in which he was held by that community in which he had so long resided.