

Mountain Sentinel.

"WE GO WHERE DEMOCRATIC PRINCIPLES POINT THE WAY;—WHEN THEY CEASE TO LEAD, WE CEASE TO FOLLOW."

VOLUME VIII.

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THE DEMOCRATIC NOMINEES.

Air—Dandy Jim.

Often have been told of late,
That Pennsylvania is the State,
Without whose full and free consent
No man has yet been President.

Then let her hills and valleys ring
With loud Huzzas! for Pierce and King!
Right well their names, the people please,
The Democratic nominees.

New Hampshire sends her patriot son
To lead the hosts of Freedom on;
"The Gallant Pierce," right well we know,
He fought for us in Mexico.

Then let our hills and valleys ring, &c.

And Alabama sends her pride,
The Statesman true, the patriot tried;
The North and South, unite to bring
The Gallant Pierce, the veteran King.

Then let our hills and valleys ring, &c.

Pledged to the Union of the States
New victory on our banner wait;
North, South, East, West, unite to sing
Huzza for Pierce! Huzza for King!

Then let our hills and valleys ring, &c.

Then whig bring on your WINFIELD SCOTT
Right on we move, we falter not.
For Pierce and King, we'll put right through,
In spite of "Pigs and Feathers" too.

Then shall our mountain echoes ring,
With our glad shouts for Pierce & King,
The victory won, Huzza for these
Brave Democratic nominees.

I am One Hundred Years Old to-day.

The attention of many of our citizens has doubtless been arrested by the appearance of an old colored man, who might be seen sitting in front of his residence, in East Union Street, upon mild clear days, respectfully raising his hat to those who might be passing by. His attenuated frame, his silvered head, his feeble movements, combine to prove that he is very aged; and yet comparatively few are aware that he is among the survivors of the gallant army, who fought for the liberties of our country "in the days which tried men's souls."

On Monday last we stopped to speak to him, and asked him how old he was. He asked the day of the month, and on being told that it was the twenty-fourth day of May, replied with trembling, "I am very old—I am a hundred years old to-day." His name is Oliver Cromwell, and that he was born at the Black Horse (now Columbus) in this county, in the family of John Hutelin. He enlisted in a company commanded by Captain Lowrey, attached to the 2d New Jersey regiment, under the command of Col. Israel Shreve. He was at the battles of Trenton, Princeton, Brandywine, Monmouth, and Yorktown, at which latter place, he told us, he saw the last man killed. Although his faculties are failing, yet he relates many interesting reminiscences of the Revolution. He was with the army at the memorable crossing of the Delaware on the night of the 25th of December, 1776, and relates the story of the battles on the succeeding days with enthusiasm. He gives the details of the march from Trenton to Princeton, and told us, with much humor, that they "knocked the British about lively" at the latter place. He was also at the battle of Springfield, and says he saw the house burning in which Mrs. Caldwell was shot at Connecticut Farms. His memory, in reference to persons engaged in the war, is very good; and frequent applications have been made to him by persons seeking evidence for pensioners. He says that the branch of the army with which he was connected, was disbanded in Little Britain, in New York, a short distance from West Point. His discharge was signed by Washington, and stated that he was entitled, "by reason of his honorable services, to wear the badges of honor," which he did for many years after peace was declared. His eye brightens at the name of Washington, and in all his conversations he exhibits that deep seated attachment to his illustrious commander, for which all soldiers of the Revolution are celebrated. His discharge was taken from him when he made application for his pension, by the pension agent, Joseph McVaine, Esq., and by him forwarded to the War Department, where it doubtless remains now. He mourns over it much, and always speaks of it being taken from him with tearful eyes.—*Burlington Gazette.*

Gen. Pierce's Generosity.

In addition to the facts about Gen. Pierce, which have been given to the public since the adjournment of the convention, we are informed by a personal friend, who was the surgeon of one of the ten regiments, that after the battles of Contreras and Churubusco, Gen. Pierce, in visiting the hospitals crowded with wounded soldiers, expressed his feeling by distributing a large sum of money among the unhappy sufferers; and when he returned, receiving a balance of \$240, he added \$600 to it, and expended it among his men. He also by his influence or purse, procured them free passage by the railroad. He sent money to many old soldiers.—*Philadelphia Arrows.*

THE TRAVELLED WHISPER.

"I'll tell the tale as 't was told to me."—*Scott.*
"I do not like to say anything about it," whispered Mrs. Sawyer to her next door neighbor, Mrs. Ashton, "but they do say that Miss Bates, our new music teacher, is no better than she should be. I don't think that I shall send Anna Maria or Sarah Jane. True, she comes highly recommended, but Mrs. Goodenough, whose daughter went to school last year within twenty miles of Miss Bates' father's tells me that her daughter heard from one of her school-mates a slight whisper to Miss Bates' disadvantage; and people are best known at home you know."

Mrs. Ashton held up both her gloved hands in wonder and approval of this sentiment, and then hastened away on her round of morning calls, all the wiser for her visit to Mrs. S.

Her next stopping place was at Mrs. Willis. She found that lady over her sewing in the sitting room, and quite alone.

"I am delighted to see you," cried Mrs. Ashton breathlessly from fast walking. "How are you and your charming daughters Melissa, Ann and Julia? The latter are at school I dare say. By the way Mrs. Willis, I have been greatly shocked this morning. I never should have dreamed of such a thing as Mrs. Sawyer has just been whispering to me. I can hardly believe it now. But I must beg you not to say a word about it to any soul living. I am shocked to think such a thing could have happened!—Pray, don't mention it from me on any consideration, but they do say that Miss Bates, the new music teacher, has a very bad character at home. Mrs. Sawyer has it on unquestionable authority, and has declined the idea of sending her daughters on that account. But she is young and pretty poor thing! and I am very sorry for her, and wouldn't injure her for the world!"

Mrs. Willis laid down her work with consternation pictured in her face; and the two ladies whispered and nodded significantly for the next two hours. At the end of that time Mrs. Willis remembered that she had a host of calls to make and trying on her bonnet the two ladies went out together.

Before night, the whisper that Mrs. Sawyer had thoughtlessly echoed from the tongue of a school girl, had traveled all through the village and ten miles into the country, and there was a prospect of its traveling on, as far as the Academy of B— was known, and blighting in every family where it was carried, the fair fame of a pale faced, sweet young creature, who bent with patient assiduity over her task, unconscious that a breath, more fatal than the rimoon of the desert, had passed over her character. If there is not deliberate cruelty in thus murdering the reputation and destroying the influence of another, and that other a stranger, timid and sensitive as the Mimosa which shrinks from the slightest touch, tell me in what cruelty consists? And yet it was all the work of a whisper; a thoughtless and unmeaning whisper. Miss Bates' reputation was re-established when she learned, after weeks of suffering, the exaggerated reports everywhere in circulation in regard to her, and brought testimonials of her innocence from her native town and from the first persons in other communities with whom she chanced to be before acquainted; it was re-established when she had stayed long in the Academy at B— and lived down the aspersions so cruelly cast upon her.

But her case is not an insulated one. Many a reputation has been wrecked by busy bodies who have little to do at home and go abroad for employment—who love to gossip over their neighbors' affairs, and help on, with railroad speed, THE TRAVELLED WHISPER.

Honest Labor.

Labor, honest labor, is mighty and beautiful. Activity is the ruling element of life, and its highest relish. Luxuries and conquests are the result of labor; we can imagine nothing without it. The noblest man of earth is he who puts hands cheerfully and proudly to honest labor. Labor is a business and ordinance of God. Suspend labor and where is the glory and pomp of earth—the fruit fields and palaces, and the fashionings of matter for which men strive and war? Let the labor-scorners look around him, look to himself, and learn what are the trophies of toil. From the crown of his head to the sole of his foot, unless he is a Carib, made as the beast, he is the debtor and slave of toil. The labor which he scorns has tracked him into the stature and appearance of man. Where gets he his garments and equipage? Let labor answer. Labor—which makes music in the mine, and the furrow, and at the forge. O, scorn labor, do you—man who never yet earned a morsel of bread. Labor pities you proud fool, and laughs you to scorn. You shall pass to dust forgotten, but labor will live on forever glorious in its conquests and monuments.

A negro in Memphis, who, in an affray with a white man, had his skull broke and about two ounces of brains let out, was so disappointed at the favorable prospect of his recovery, that he deliberately tore off the bandage from his head, trust his hand into the imperfectly healed wound, and literally scraped his own brains out. Of course he didn't live long after that, says the *Appeal*.

Mr. King's Acceptance.

We copy from yesterday's *Union* the following letter from the Hon. Wm. R. King, accepting the nomination for the Vice Presidency:

Senate Chamber, June 22, 1852.

Gentlemen: I have the honor to acknowledge the receipt of your letter, notifying me that I have been nominated by the Democratic Convention as Vice President of the United States. This distinguished manifestation of the respect and confidence of my Democratic brethren commands my most grateful acknowledgments, and I cheerfully accept the nomination with which I have been honored.

Throughout a long public life I am not conscious that I have ever swerved from those principles which have been cherished and sustained by the Democratic party; and in whatever situation I may be placed, my countrymen may rest assured that I shall adhere to them faithfully and zealously—perfectly satisfied that the prosperity of our common country and the permanency of our free institutions can be promoted and preserved only by administering the government in strict accordance with them.

The platform as laid down by the Convention meets with my cordial approbation. It is national in all its parts; and I am content not only to stand upon it, but on all occasions to defend it.

For the very flattering terms in which you have been pleased, gentlemen, to characterize my public services, I feel that I am indebted to the personal regard which I am proud to know you individually entertain for me, and that you greatly overrate them. The only merit I can lay claim to is an honest discharge of the duties of the various positions with which I have been honored. This I claim—nothing more.

With the highest respect and esteem, I am, gentlemen, your fellow-citizen,

WILLIAM R. KING.

DEMOCRATIC COUNTY CONVENTION.

The Democratic County Convention for Cambria county, met in the Court House, in Ebensburg, on Tuesday, June 29, 1852, at 2 P. M.

On motion of J. C. O'Neill, WILLIAM PALMER, Esq., of Jefferson, was elected chairman of the Convention, and JAMES CARROLL and SAMUEL BRACKEN, Secretaries.

The credentials of the different delegates were then presented in the alphabetical order of their districts.

Allegheny—Geo. Delany, M. McGuire.

Blacklick—John Gillen, Jr., A. R. Longenecker.

Cambria—Peter O'Neill, Andrew Lewis.

Carroll—James Carroll, Robert McComby.

Cleonaugh—M. Durbin, P. McGough.

Conemaugh Bor.—Jesse Patterson J. Kingston.

Conemaugh Tp.—S. Bracken, M. Stewart.

Ebensburg—J. C. O'Neill, Jno. Lloyd.

Jackson—John Singer, W. W. Harris.

Johnstown—C. L. Pershing, J. B. McCreight.

Loretto—Geo. McGough, Sebastian Fry.

Richland—J. F. Stull, J. Weisinger.

Summershill—Wm. Palmer, M. O. Skally.

Susquehanna—John Baum, Wash. Lloyd.

Washington—Thos. Collins, Thos. H. Porter.

White—John Burgoon, Rich. McGuire.

Mr. J. C. O'Neill then addressed the chair and said, that as the delegates were about equally divided in regard to candidates, and in view of the importance of the elections next fall, and for the Union and Harmony of the Democracy of the county, he was strongly in favor of a division of the offices. He was anxious that the county ticket should be composed of good men taken from each faction of the party, and then the entire party of the county could unite as one man and triumph over whiggery. He said, give our side of the house the Sheriff, and the other side the member for the Legislature, or vice versa—let us compromise on fair and honorable terms—let us resolve to make concession to each other as far as men are concerned, and act together on principle, let us sacrifice our personal feelings for men so as to offend none and please all.

The Convention then proceeded to make nominations for county offices.

James Myers, of Ebensburg, and Augustin Durbin, of Munster, were then nominated for Sheriff.

The convention then proceeded to ballot with the following result.

Durbin. Myers. Zahm. Linton. Harris.

1st	15	16	1	
2d	16	15	1	
3d	16	15	1	
4th	16	15	1	
5th	16	15	1	
6th	16	15	1	
7th	16	15	1	
8th	16	15	1	
9th	16	15	1	

Fourteen more ballots were taken each of which produced the same result as the 9th, and at 8 o'clock P. M. after the 23d ballot, the convention adjourned until Wednesday morning at 8 o'clock.

SECOND DAY.

The President called the convention to order, all the Delegates were in attendance, except one (Mr. Washington Lloyd, of Susquehanna Tp.) who was non est inventus.

The President, Wm. Palmer, Esq., then offered his resignation, both as president and as a delegate. A vote of thanks was given the President for the ability with which he had presided on yesterday.

On motion, W. W. Harris, Esq., of Jackson, was called to the chair.

A paper was read signed by Thos. McConnell, of Summershill tp., who had been elected a delegate at the primary election, deputizing John McCoy as his substitute, in the event of Mr. Palmer, (the first substitute) resigning.

A vote was then taken, whether McCoy or Palmer should be admitted, and resulted largely in favor of Palmer, who resumed his seat as chairman of the convention.

The convention proceeded to the 24th ballot for Sheriff, which resulted as follows:

Durbin	16	Myers	14	one blank	Augustin Durbin	having received a majority of all the votes cast, the chair announced him as the nominee.
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The convention then proceeded to nominate candidates for Assembly.

The names of Messrs. Wm. A. Smith of Ebensburg; Thos. Collins, of Washington; John Matthews, of Johnstown; William Kittell of Ebensburg; W. W. Harris, of Jackson; P. Shiels, of Loretto; D. K. Kinports, of Susquehanna, and George Walters, of White, were then submitted.

Before a ballot was taken, Mr. J. C. O'Neill, said, he would again urge the delegates the propriety of compromise, concession and union, for the welfare and success of the party. One section of the party had their favorite nominated for Sheriff, give to the other the candidate for assembly in the person of Dr. Wm. A. Smith; a man whose integrity, worth, and ability he could vouch for.

The balloting was then proceeded with and resulted as follows:

Collins	2	5	9	13	15	16
Smith	6	10	11	12	10	8
Matthews	8	7	8	6	6	7
Kinports	3	4	3	withdrawn		
Shiels	4	4	3	withdrawn		
Kittell	8	1	do			
Harris	4	withdrawn				
Walters	2	do				

The chair announced that on the 6th ballot, Thos. Collins, having a majority of votes, is the nominee for assembly.

Mr. Peter O'Neill then offered the following resolution, and moved its adoption, which motion was seconded.

Resolved, That the candidate this day nominated for the Legislature, be and is hereby instructed to vote for the passage of a law at the next session of the Legislature, for leasing the canals and railroads belonging to the commonwealth, to the highest bidder, or for such change in their present management as will reduce the large expenditures upon them, and tend to increase the revenues of the State.

Cyrus L. Pershing, Esq., said, he was not opposed to the resolution nor was he prepared to say now that he was in favor of it. He thought its introduction not germane to the duties of this convention. Sufficient consideration had not been bestowed upon this important subject by the delegates, and he desired the representatives not to be instructed for or against such a measure, but left free to act, satisfied that he will do what is best for the interests of the Commonwealth.

The previous question was called and sustained, and the vote being taken by yeas and nays on the passage of the resolution, resulted, yeas 4, nays 20.

The convention then proceeded to nominate a candidate for the office of County Commissioner.

The names of M. M. Adams, of Washington; J. R. Stull, of Richland; W. W. Harris, of Jackson; David Summersville, and Isaac Gifford, of Susquehanna, and P. Braniff, of Loretto, were submitted.

Mr. Harris then stated that he was not a candidate for the office and declined.

The ballots resulted as follows:

Stull	15	18
Adams	9	10
Sommerville	4	3
Gifford	1	
Braniff	2	

On the 2d ballot, Jacob R. Stull, having received a majority of votes was declared by the chair duly nominated.

Mr. John Lloyd then offered the following resolution, and moved its adoption, which motion was seconded.

Resolved, That the candidate for assembly be instructed to vote against any proposed division of Cambria county, as we firmly believe that a division of the county is not demanded by the wants, wishes or interests of the tax payers of the county.

At the request of Mr. Pershing and several other delegates Mr. Lloyd withdrew the resolution.

On motion, the convention proceeded to nominate a candidate for Auditor.

The name of W. W. Ivory, of Washington, was submitted. The nominations were then closed. A motion was made that the nomination be unanimously confirmed. Objected to. Mr. Collins stated that Mr. Ivory was not a candidate. The yeas and nays were called on the motion to nominate him, and resulted, yeas 8, nays 22.

Nominations were again made for the office of Auditor, and the names of John A. McConnell, of Clearfield; Wm. Russell, of Washington, and Robert McComby of Carroll, were submitted.—The first ballot resulted as follows:

McConnell	17	McComby	14
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John A. McConnell having received a majority of votes, the chair announced him as the nominee.

On motion the convention proceeded to nominate a candidate for Coroner.

The names of William Russell, of Washington, and Campbell Sheridan, of Johnstown, were submitted. The ballots resulted as follows:

1st	2d	
Sheridan	15	18
Russell	15	13

Dr. Campbell Sheridan having received a majority of votes, was declared by the chair to be the nominee.

Mr. John Lloyd then offered a series of resolutions, endorsing the nominations of Pierce and King, for President and Vice President, and William Seagriff, for Canal Commissioner, read, and were unanimously adopted.

Mr. J. B. McCreight, chairman of the committee on resolutions offered a series of resolutions which were read.

Mr. Thos. Collins said he held in his hand a letter from John Kean, late member of the Legislature from this county, and desired the chairman to read it. The letter was read. It stated that he (Mr. Kean) was not a candidate for a re-nomination, but held himself bound by all the ties of gratitude and affection to his democratic constituency. Mr. Collins moved that "the letter be inserted in the proceedings of the convention," which motion was amended by Mr. J. C. O'Neill, as to read "in the order in which it was offered." The amendment was adopted. The letter was afterwards withdrawn.

The hour of 12 o'clock having arrived the convention adjourned until 2 o'clock P. M.

AFTERNOON SESSION.

The report of the committee on resolutions being before the convention, a committee consisting of M. Hesson, Wm. Kittell and Joseph M'Donald, were appointed by the chair for the purpose of assimilating those offered by Mr. Lloyd, and those offered by the chairman of the committee, Mr. McCreight, and the resolutions were adopted.

Resolved, That the Democracy of Cambria county, through the representatives of the party here assembled in county convention, do most heartily and cheerfully ratify the nominations of Gen. FRANKLIN PIERCE, of New Hampshire, for the Presidency, and Wm. R. KING, of Alabama, for the Vice Presidency of the United States; believing, as we do, that the National convention could not have made a more fortunate selection among the number of distinguished candidates presented for its choice.

Resolved, That however desirous we may have felt for the elevation of the favorite son of Pennsylvania, JAMES BUCHANAN, yet, in yielding our first choice, we pledge our hearty and enthusiastic support to the decision of the convention, and feel that "A Democrat is unworthy of the name who would not waive his personal preference among good men for the sake of the time-honored principles of his party;" and at the same time we are also assured that "men are but the creatures of a day, whilst principles are eternal."

Resolved, That the Democracy of Cambria county belong to the NATIONAL DEMOCRACY, knowing no North, no South, no East, no West, but regarding the Union of the States as one and indivisible as a whole, while the integral parts should be protected in all their individual rights. It is, therefore, our duty, as it is also our pleasure, to proclaim our attachment to and advocacy of the Platform of Principles promulgated by the Baltimore Democratic convention, regarding the ascendancy of those principles as necessary to the perpetuation of our free institutions, and the onward and upward progress of our glorious Republic.

Resolved, That we after abandonment by the Whig party of all their heretofore cherished doctrines, and the assimilating of their views to those of the great Democratic party of the country, as shown by the adoption of their Platform by the late Whig National convention, is only to be regarded as a ruse for the purpose of perpetuating their power, while it stands as an admission of the orthodoxy of the Democratic creed.

Resolved, That the Democratic nominee for the Presidency has evinced, by a life of devotedness to democratic principles, that his administration will be characterized by a radical adherence to the old and well-tried policy, which rendered the administrations of a Jefferson, a Jackson, and a Polk, the brightest in the history of our country. Whether in the councils of his native state, in the Congress of the Republic, or on the battle fields of Mexico, "Young Hickory of the Granite Hills" has shown himself a worthy son of a Revolutionary sire.

Resolved, That we are willing to award all due honor and praise to Gen. Scott, (the Whig nominee for the Presidency,) as a military hero and skillful officer, as a civilian we regard him as being entirely incompetent to administer the affairs of the Government. The Democracy of the country regard "Principles, not men," as their motto. Gen. Scott, so far as he has given publicity to his political principles, has been the advocate of the old doctrines of the Federal school. He has expressed his attachment to the expressed sympathy of the Whig party of the country with the enemy, who signified the war as "an accursed and unholy war," and invoked the foreign foe to receive our brave troops with "bloody hands," and to furnish them with "hospitable graves."

Resolved, That all the military glory acquired by General Scott, was gained in the prosecution of wars declared while the Government was administered by the Democracy of the country, and while the same wars were opposed by the party of which he is now the nominee for the highest office in the world. General Scott was the soldier by profession, while General PIERCE, the Democratic nominee, actuated by the same patriotic motives which influenced the sons of

Cambria to march under their country's banner.

voted, volunteered as a private to do battle for the honor and glory of his native land. The Democracy of Cambria will show at the ballot box, in November that they can appreciate the possession of valor and patriotism as highly when evidenced by the subordinate, as by the commander-in-chief.

Resolved, That while the Democracy of our county presents an unbroken front in the advocacy of our candidates for the Presidency and Vice Presidency we at the same time point with pride, and confidence to our State candidate for the important office of Canal Commissioner, WILLIAM SEAGRIFF stands pre-eminent as an unwavering Democrat and an honest man. The Democracy of Pennsylvania, in October, will give the enemy a foretaste of what they may expect in November, by recording an overwhelming majority for the upright, intelligent, practical, nominee for Canal Commissioner.

Resolved, That this convention hereby endorses and approves the course of our members in the last Legislature. Col. John Kean and William P. Schell, Esq., fulfilled the trust reposed in them by the Democracy of this district as faithful and efficient public servants. Their bold and manly opposition to all encroachments of corporate monopolies, and their defence of the rights and interests of their constituents have given them a hold upon the confidence and esteem of the Democracy of Cambria which time cannot efface.

Resolved, That while we regard Col. John Kean as having been more immediately the representative of the people of Cambria, and point to his official acts with just pride and admiration, we were by no means indifferent as to the official career of his worthy and intelligent colleague Wm. P. Schell; and while we disavow any desire to interfere in the pre-choice of a candidate by the Democracy of Bedford and Fulton counties, we are constrained to avow that it would offer the Democracy of Cambria a pleasure to record once more at the polls their appreciation of the man and their approbation of the representative.

Resolved, That the administration of Gov. WILLIAM BIGLER, has thus far met the entire approbation of the Democracy of the State.—His pledges have been redeemed and Pennsylvania once more has an Executive officer worthy of her fame.

Resolved, That M. Stewart, John C. O'Neill, and W. W. Ivory, be appointed as conferees, to meet conferees that may be appointed by the Democracy of Bedford and Fulton counties, to appoint a Senatorial delegate to the next 4th of March convention, and that our conferees be instructed to support the nomination of Thos. Collins as the choice of the Democracy of Cambria county.

Resolved, That, Thos. A. Maguire, Robert Stewart, and Patrick Shiels, be appointed conferees, to meet like conferees that may be appointed by the Democracy of Bedford and Fulton counties, to appoint a representative delegate to the next 4th of March convention, and that this convention hereby instructs said conferees to vote for and support the selection of Col. JOHN KEAN, as a delegate to said convention; and further that our delegates to the State convention be instructed to vote for the nomination of the Hon. THOMAS IVES, of Potter co., for the office of Surveyor General.

Resolved, That Robert P. Linton, W. W. Ivory and George Murray, be appointed Senatorial conferees, to meet like conferees that may be appointed by Blair and Huntingdon counties, to appoint a Senatorial delegate to the next 4th of March convention, and that said conferees be instructed to vote for and support the selection of Capt. RICHARD WHITE, as said delegate.

Resolved, That S. J. Renshaw, John Crouse, and Wm. Kittell, be and are hereby appointed Congressional conferees, to meet like conferees that may be appointed by Somerset, Blair, and Huntingdon counties, to place in nomination a candidate for Congress, and that said conferees be instructed to vote for and support the selection of Emanuel Shaeffer, Esq., of Johnstown as said candidate.

Resolved, That experience and precedent has established the policy of making the nominating convention the convention for the year, and that in the event of there being any necessity for there assembling of the Democracy of Cambria, before our next annual convention, that this convention be notified to meet, through a joint call of the President of the county convention, and the chairman of the county committee.

Resolved, That the Board of Canal Commissioners have discharged their duties in a manner highly satisfactory to the Democracy of the State. They deserve and receive the cordial support of those who hold the interests of Pennsylvania as paramount to the interests of monopolies.

Resolved, That the proceedings of this convention be published in the Democratic papers of the district.

Resolved, That Joseph McDonald, of Ebensburg, chairman, John Daugherty, of Ebensburg; George Walters and Jacob Khine, of White; John Douglass and Peter McGough, of Clearfield; Michael McGuire and George Delany, of Allegheny; Patrick Braniff and Sebastian Fry, of Loretto; David Sommerville and Francis Benner, of Susquehanna; Jacob Luther and James Carroll, of Carroll; William O'Keefe and John McBride, of Cambria; James Murray and Henry Rager, of Jackson; John Angus and Samuel Bracken, of Conemaugh; Jordan Marbourg and Jacob Fronheiser, of Johnstown; Elisha Luckett and Charles Murray of Conemaugh Borough; J. F. Stull and J. Weisinger, of Richland; John McCoy and Thomas McConnell, of Summershill; W. W. Ivory and B. McCoolgan, of Washington; and T. Gillen and A. R. Longenecker, of Blacklick, be and they are hereby appointed as the Democratic county committee for the ensuing year. The Convention then adjourned.

WILLIAM PALMER, President.

JAMES BRACKEN, J Secretaries.

* Resolution as reported by Mr. Lloyd.

"If you want every body to know where you are, what you are doing, what you want done, and how cheap you are selling every thing, from a "needle to an anchor," advertise.

DON'T LIKE THE PLATFORM.—Horace Greeley, the peace-loving and philosophical Scott Editor, says he don't exactly like the Platform recently constructed by the Whig Convention. No wonder. The man that was to be hung didn't exactly like his platform.