

# Mountain Sentinel.

"WE GO WHERE DEMOCRATIC PRINCIPLES POINT THE WAY;—WHEN THEY CEASE TO LEAD, WE CEASE TO FOLLOW."

BY ANDREW J. RHEY.

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## MISCELLANEOUS.

### From the (New York) Irish American. Catharine Hayes, the Beautiful Garryowen Girl.

When, a few short years ago, in our native city of Limerick, we had the pleasure of knowing a young and beautiful girl, with gossamer form, transparent skin, and clustering auburn curls, tripping it of a morning to school with a light heart and a merry face, the daughter of an industrious and most respectable lady, whose sole thought and care in this world were her two female children, we little imagined that we should now, in the city of New York, the great American capital and emporium of wealth, commerce, literature, art and fashions, have it within our power, or within our province, to welcome, as we do with our whole soul, Catharine Hayes—one of the greatest vocalists of the age—to these shores, to follow in the footsteps of her sister syster, Jenny Lind, in a triumphant professional career.

Catharine Hayes has passed the Rubicon of such discriminating, critical audiences as Dublin, Edinburgh, London, Paris, Milan, and Rome; at all which capitals she accomplished triumphs of the highest nature. She is published to appear in concert, under the special patronage of Queen Victoria. Sometime in August we shall have her in New York, to be received, may we hope, with a fervor and enthusiasm not beneath that so justly bestowed upon the Swedish Nightingale.

We have no doubt whatever as to the manner in which her presence will be hailed by the Irish residents of this and other cities. This class of our population will, we are confident, be proud of their fair and gifted countrywoman, and leave nothing undone to her honor. This feeling and sentiment will not, however, be confined to them. The educated, the fashionable, the generous, the kind, American people, of all sections, will be ready to compliment and respect her as the child of genius and one of the Queens of Song.—No public man was ever more popular in this country than Tyrone Power. He was beloved by all without distinction. And his fate will be ever lamented as much on this side of the water as in Europe. No race distinction was exhibited in his person; he was received and treated as a brother and a friend. It must be thus with Catharine Hayes. Besides her magnificent vocal abilities, she is a most virtuous lady and gentlewoman; as a fondly devoted daughter and attached relative, as a missionary of benevolence and charity, she knows no superior.

As an actress, in opera, Miss Hayes carries off the palm from her illustrious contemporary, Jenny Lind. Her teaching as a musician, under Garcia, has been of the most careful nature.—But it is in the singing of Irish melodies she will electrify and delight her hearers most. In this region of song she never had a superior—she has no living equal. Moore was never so faithfully represented. To the pathos of a gushing heart, which cherishes a love for native land, she unites the melody of a voice as sweet as ever murmured from woman's lips, and a taste as pure as the bubbling streamlet which sparkles in the sunbeam.

Miss Hayes was enjoying one of her greatest successes at the Queen's Theatre, London, some two years ago, on her return from Italy, when her eye rested on a calm and benevolent countenance which beamed upon her from one of the private boxes. She got suddenly faint and was obliged to retire for the moment. The face which affected her so much was that of the (then) Protestant Bishop of Limerick, who first induced her to leave her retirement, and ever remained her earnest and steadfast friend. After a little reaction had set in, she came forward with such emotion as she never before experienced. She sang one of Moore's simple, touching, and beautiful songs.—The whole house was enraptured. It was hushed into deepest silence.—Anxious to cheer, the will was yet suspended, the better to drink in the draughts of glorious melody which flowed through the vast area. A gentleman stood up in the middle of the first tier of boxes. He was of portly person, florid countenance, and distinguished air. He would no longer control his feelings; but, waving his hat high over his head, he cried out in a rich, mellifluous, but by no means vulgar Irish brogue—

"Bravo my darling; could Ireland for ever." It is impossible to give any idea of the result produced by this simple incident. The whole house, from ceiling to foot-lights, came down with one irrepressible burst of cheering, which was repeated over and over again.

Dr. Joy will precede Miss Hayes to make all necessary arrangements for her debut and professional progress; and he has been fortunate enough to secure the eminent and invaluable services of Mr. Brough, than whom no gentleman is more popular in that profession which he has pursued for a while for a career of commercial life. The experience of the latter gentleman in all matters which appertain to music and the drama in this country, will smooth the way for Dr. Joy; and Miss Hayes' interests in this regard cannot be committed to more capable or appropriate hands.

## Great Ratification Meeting! THE DEMOCRACY AROUSED!!

An immense and enthusiastic meeting of the Democrats of Pennsylvania, was held in the Court House at Reading, on Thursday evening, June 6th, 1851, to ratify the nominations of the State Convention. The spacious Court Room was crowded to its utmost limit, with a vast throng, eager to renew their vows of attachment to the Democratic creed and Democratic candidates. On motion of H. A. MCHLENBERG, the meeting was organized by the appointment of the following officers:

President—JOHN LAPORTE, of Bradford county.  
Vice Presidents—J. Glancy Jones, and William Strong, of Berks; Simon Cameron, of Dauphin; James Harvey, of Philadelphia; Samuel Strohecker, of Centre; S. N. Palmer, of Schuylkill; Samuel W. Black, of Allegheny; Franklin Vansant, of Bucks; John Barr, of Lancaster; C. R. Buckalew, of Columbia; John S. Rhey, of Armstrong; John Cessna, of Bedford; Joshua Y. James, of Warren; William S. Ross, of Luzerne; M. B. Lowry, of Erie; John C. Plumer, of Westmoreland; Thomas J. Power, of Beaver; Nicholas Snyder, of Crawford; Wesley Frost, of Fayette; J. S. McCalmont, of Clarion; John Kugler, of Montgomery; John R. Donnel, of York.

Secretaries—J. L. Ringwalt, of Monroe; W. W. Dallas, of Allegheny; I. G. McKinley, of Dauphin; Thomas McDonough, of Philadelphia.

On motion of Mr. STROONG, a committee of three was appointed to wait upon Col. BIGLER, and invite his attendance at the meeting.  
Mr. MCHLENBERG, on behalf of the Committee of Arrangements, offered the following resolutions, which were unanimously adopted:  
Whereas, It has been usual for the Democracy of the State after a nomination made, to assemble in mass meeting to express approbation of the acts of their representatives, and whereas upon the present occasion, when the candidate for the highest office in the gift of the people has been selected with a unanimity almost unparalleled, and when the best interests of the State demand that the Democracy should unite in a vigorous effort to redeem the old Keystone, it is peculiarly proper that such expressions of opinion should be made to show the world that the Democratic Party stands united as one man. Therefore—

1. Resolved, That the Democracy of Pennsylvania in mass meeting assembled, do hereby ratify and approve of the nomination of WM. BIGLER, of Clearfield, for Governor, whose pre-eminent qualifications for the chief magistracy of the Commonwealth, known and admitted as they are by friends and foes, must command success.  
2. Resolved, That we one and all pledge our best exertions to secure the election of Colonel WM. BIGLER, and that if a vigorous effort and a good cause can secure success, the State must and shall be redeemed.  
3. Resolved, That we heartily approve of the nomination of SETH CLOVER, of Clarion, for the office of Canal Commissioner, and that, as with the Governor, we will use our best efforts, to secure his success.

Col. BIGLER was then introduced to the meeting, and returned thanks for the cordiality with which his nomination had been received, in a brief and appropriate address.  
Col. SAMUEL W. BLACK followed, in a speech of great fervor and eloquence, which was rapturously applauded.

At this stage of the proceedings, the crowd became too great for the Court Room to contain, and the meeting was therefore adjourned to Centre Square, where a platform had been erected, for the officers and speakers.

The meeting was here eloquently addressed by Hon. John Cessna, followed by Col. John W. Forney, George R. Barrett, Esq., Hon. John S. McCalmont, and Daniel Dougherty, Esq.

Each of the speakers was listened to with the deepest attention, and drew from the assembled multitude frequent bursts of deafening applause.

The meeting adjourned with nine hearty cheers for BIGLER and CLOVER.

## A Coincidence.

It is worthy of note, as a somewhat extraordinary coincidence, that the three first officers of the Democratic Mass Meeting on Thursday evening—Hon. JOHN LAPORTE, President, and Gen. WILLIAM S. ROSS, Vice President on his right, and Hon. STRANGE N. PALMER, Vice President on his left—were old school-mates and intimate companions, who grew up together at Wilkesbarre, and the sons of three of the 132 Democrats in North-Eastern Pennsylvania, who voted for THOMAS JEFFERSON in the dark days of 1799. This striking coincidence proves that the same devoted spirit which nerved the fathers of Democracy to combat the tyranny of Federalism, still lives in their sons and descendants.

A company has lately begun taking out copper from a mine about four miles from Strasburg, Pa. It was worked previous to the Revolution, but has remained idle ever since. The main shaft is upwards of 80 feet in depth.

## JUDICIAL CONVENTION.

HARRISBURG, June 11, 1851.

Pursuant to the call of the State Central Committee, the delegates to the Democratic Judicial Convention assembled in the Hall of the House of Representatives, at Harrisburg, at 10 o'clock A. M.

On motion of John Cessna, Hon. JAMES M. PORTER was called to the chair, for the purpose of a temporary organization, and Denj. E. Chain, Samuel L. Young, R. B. Roberts and R. A. Lambertson were appointed Secretaries.

The list of undisputed delegates were then called over, when it appeared that the seats of the delegates from the counties of Philadelphia, Lancaster, Bucks, Union and Juniata, and the Senatorial delegates from Luzerne, Columbia and Montour were contested.

Mr. Whallon moved that the Convention now proceed to decide the contested seats in the following order:—First taking up the districts in which the greatest number of seats are contested, and proceeding in that manner until all districts are disposed of which shall be entitled to more than one seat in this Convention. Then the districts in which single seats are contested shall be taken up in their alphabetical order.

Mr. Lowry moved to amend so as to take up the contested seats in the alphabetical order of districts.

Mr. Cessna moved an amendment to the amendment, "that the Convention now proceed to the consideration of contested seats, commencing with the districts containing the largest number of delegates, in alphabetical order; which was agreed to; the amendment as amended, agreed to.

The Convention then proceeded to the consideration of the contested seats from Philadelphia county, one delegate from each side being allowed one hour to argue the case.  
Capt. Small then addressed the Convention at length, in support of the claims of one set of delegates.

Mr. Brightly next addressed the Convention in support of the delegates claiming under the certificate of Wm. Curtis.

Capt. Small next spoke at some length in reply to Mr. Brightly.

Mr. Cameron moved that the subject of the Philadelphia contested seats, be referred to a committee to determine which set of delegates are entitled to seats, or whether either set are entitled to seats; which was disagreed to.

The delegates certified to by Mr. Curtis, were then admitted without calling the yeas and nays.

The Convention next proceeded to the consideration of the Lancaster contested seats.  
Mr. Wilmot moved to admit the delegates appointed by the Convention called by the Amwake committee.

Mr. Cessna moved to amend so as to admit the delegates appointed by the Convention called by the Fordney committee.

Mr. Reynolds then addressed the Convention at length, in support of the Fordney delegates.  
Mr. Amwake next addressed the Convention until the hour of one o'clock, when the Convention adjourned until three o'clock this afternoon.

## Afternoon Session.

The Convention met pursuant to adjournment at 3 o'clock.

Mr. Amwake resumed, and concluded his remarks in support of the delegates appointed under the call of his committee.

Mr. Reynolds rejoined and replied to the remarks of Mr. Amwake.

Mr. Wilmot addressed the Convention in support of the Amwake delegates.

Mr. Whallon spoke at some length in support of the Fordney delegates.

Col. Black, of Allegheny, next addressed the Convention in support of the Fordney delegates.

The discussion was further continued by Messrs. Wilmot and Black, when the motion to admit the Fordney delegates was agreed to—yeas 86, nays 29, as follows:  
Yeas—Alexander, Anderson, Ard, Bailey, Blackmore, Bredin, Brewer, Brightly, Bruner, Burke, Byerly, Cessna, Chaise, Clarke, Coleman, Collins, Cooper, Cummings, Cunningham, Eldred, Felton, Fetter, Flood, Foster, Foulkrod, Fox, Gibson, Gloninger, Glossbrenner, Guernsey, Hastings, Haviland, Hickman, Hirst, Hopkins, Hugus, Ives, Jackson, Kerr, (Allegheny,) Kerr, (Cumberland,) Keenan, D. Laird, W. H. Lambertson, Leet, Leidy, Lippencott, Longenecker, M'Cartney, M'Claskey, M'Clean, M'Donald, Macfarlane, M'Farland, M'Kibben, Mann, Maxwell, Maynard, Meany, Miller, Nixon, Oakland, Packer, Plumer, W. A. Porter, Reeder, Ritterson, R. B. Roberts, Salmon, Shannon, Smith, Snodgrass, Stahlke, Stokes, Strong, Thomas, Trout, Wallace, Watson, Weidman, Whallon, Wilkins, Winchester, Worthington, Wright, J. Young and S. L. Young—86.

Messrs. N. W. Sample, Geo. Sanderson, David Laird, John L. Reynolds, John S. Dougherty and Andrew Leader were admitted as delegates from Lancaster county.

The contested seats from Bucks county were then taken up.  
A motion was made to admit C. W. Everhart, Fox and Wm. Kinsey as delegates from Bucks.

Mr. Hirst, of Philadelphia, moved to amend so as to admit W. Beaus, James Ott and Caleb Wright.

Mr. Wright then addressed the Convention in support of the claims of himself and colleagues.

Mr. Hirst moved the appointment of a committee, equal to the number of Senatorial delegates, to nominate officers for the permanent organization of the Convention; which was agreed to.

The Convention then adjourned until 8 o'clock this evening.

## Evening Session.

The Convention met at 8 o'clock, pursuant to adjournment.

The Convention resumed the consideration of the contested seats from Bucks county.

Mr. Fox addressed the Convention in support of the claims of himself and colleagues, and was replied to by Mr. Wright.

The question was further discussed by Messrs. Wilkins, Mercer, Reeder and Hirst, when the previous question was called and seconded, and the amendment disagreed to—55 to 63. The original motion was then adopted; and Messrs. C. E. Dubois, Chas. W. Everhart, E. J. Fox and Wm. Kinsey, were admitted to seats in the Convention.

The Chair then announced the following as the committee to report officers for the permanent organization:

- | DISTRICTS.           | DISTRICTS.          |
|----------------------|---------------------|
| 1 Wm. L. Hirst,      | 14 C. D. Eldred,    |
| Chambers M'Kibben,   | 15 Jonh Criswell,   |
| 2 Joseph Collins,    | 16 H. M. Nicholson, |
| S. D. Anderson,      | 17 U. Mercer,       |
| J. Lippencott,       | 18 John Hastings,   |
| 3 S. N. Rich,        | 19 Wm. Maxwell,     |
| 4 J. J. Lewis,       | 20 J. E. McFarland, |
| 5 Wm. M. Heister,    | 21 T. Cunningham,   |
| 6 C. E. Dubois,      | 22 Samuel W. Black, |
| 7 John Weidman,      | Wm. Kerr, Alleghy   |
| Geo. Sanderson,      | 23 J. D. Leet,      |
| 8 Simon Cameron,     | 24 John Cessna,     |
| 9 H. C. Longenecker, | 25 John S. Rhey,    |
| 10 S. C. Dimmick,    | 26 J. R. Crawford,  |
| 11 Moses M'Clain,    | 27 H. P. Laird,     |
| 12 Adam Ebaugh,      | Wm. Y. Roberts,     |
| 13 Wm. Kerr, Camb'd. | 28 C. W. Hegins,    |

On motion it was ordered that when this Convention adjourns it adjourn to meet at 8 o'clock to-morrow morning.

The Columbia, Luzerne and Montour contested seats were then taken up.  
After a discussion between Messrs. Wright, of Luzerne, and Mr. Baldy, the contestant, Wesley Roat was admitted to a seat.

Adjourned.

THURSDAY, June 12, 1851.

The Convention met at 8 o'clock, pursuant to adjournment.

The delegates in attendance from Montgomery county substituted Adam Hirst in place of Nathaniel Jacoby.

John B. Sterigere then presented a letter from Nathaniel Jacoby, deputed him to act in place of said Jacoby.

A motion was made to admit Mr. Hirst; when Mr. Fulton moved to strike out the name of Adam Hirst and insert that of John B. Sterigere.

After a few remarks by Messrs. Sterigere, Rich, Thomas and Chain, the motion to admit Mr. Sterigere was agreed to—yeas, 83; nays, 36.

The next question in order was the contested seat in Union and Juniata.

A motion was made to admit C. H. Shriner to a seat; when  
Mr. Keenan moved to strike out the name of C. H. Shriner and insert the name of S. E. Hench.

After a discussion of some length by Messrs. Hench and Shriner, the motion to admit S. E. Hench was agreed to—yeas, 83; nays, 34.  
Mr. Hirst, from the committee on officers, reported the following gentlemen as officers of the Convention; which report was unanimously adopted.  
PRESIDENT—WILLIAM WILKINS.  
VICE PRESIDENTS—James M. Porter, Simon Cameron, Dr. T. J. P. Stokes, Francis Cooper, Stephen D. Anderson, Levi Foulkrod, Joseph Ritterson, Israel Thomas, Dr. Jesse Joseph, C. W. Everhart, Newton D. Strong, N. W. Sample, C. D. Gloninger, James Nil, Asa Packer, Thos. E. Potts, Paul Leidy, James Burnside, A. Porter Wilson, John B. Shannon, E. B. Chaise, Timothy Ives, Arnold Plummer, M. Whallon, James Keenan, Wm. Kerr, James A. Gibson, William Hopkins, James Lee, J. A. Fulton, W. H. Miller, Job Munn, Joseph B. Ard, Harrison P. Laird, Franklin Kearcher.

SECRETARIES—J. B. Petriken, James L. Reynolds, Henry J. Stahlke, W. T. H. Pauley, John Hickman, Wm. H. Wallace, John Oakford.

The President upon taking his seat addressed the Convention in a brief, but most able and eloquent speech.

The Vice President and Secretaries then took their seats.

Mr. Rich submitted a resolution returning the thanks of the Convention to Hon. James M. Porter, temporary president, and the other temporary officers. Adopted.

On motion, the Convention then proceeded to make nominations for Judges; when  
Mr. Cessna nominated James Campbell, Winchester " Luther Kidder, Sanderson " Ellis Lewis, Pauley " J. B. Gibson, Petriken " J. L. Maynard, Burke " Walter H. Lowrie, Leet " J. S. Black, Cunningham " R. Coulter, Lewis " T. S. Bell, Ard " A. Wilson, Longenecker " Joel Jones, Miller " G. W. Woodward, Weidman " David J. Krause, Sample " Milton C. Rogers, Alexander " A. H. Heppburn, Whallon " James Thompson.

Mr. Porter submitted a resolution that the members of this Convention, in voting for candidates for the Supreme Bench, shall vote for five candidates, and that the candidates having a majority shall be nominated; but no one having less than 67 votes shall be nominated.

Mr. Lowry moved to strike out "five" and insert "one."

Mr. Reeder moved to strike out the above and insert the following, as an amendment to the amendment:

That the Convention do now proceed to a viva voce vote for candidates to be placed upon the ticket for Judges of the Supreme Court, and that each delegate, as his name is called, shall vote for one person from the State at large; and at the end of each ballot, in which any persons shall have received a clear majority of all the votes polled, the candidate who shall be highest in votes polled shall be placed on the ticket; and that the balloting shall continue until five candidates are thus elected.

Mr. Wright then read a letter from Judge Woodward, on the subject of the nomination, which was ordered to be entered on the minutes.

After some remarks by Messrs. Wright, Wilmot, Petriken, Miller, Lowry, Anderson, and Reeder, the amendment moved by Mr. Reeder was disagreed to—yeas, 30; nays, 101.

H. P. Laird moved an amendment to the amendment, that the Convention proceed to vote for the number of persons to be selected on each vote, and that the candidate having the highest number of votes on each ballot shall be nominated, provided that no one shall be nominated by less than a majority of the whole number of votes given on said ballot.

Mr. Lowry accepted the amendment of Mr. Laird, when  
Mr. Mercer moved to amend by striking out and inserting.

That we now proceed to a vote, each delegate voting for five candidates at first, and on each subsequent vote for as many as remain to be nominated; and on each vote the candidate having the highest number of votes shall be nominated, provided no one shall be nominated without having a majority of the whole number of votes.

The Convention adjourned until 3 o'clock.

## Afternoon Session.

The Convention again met at 3 o'clock, and resumed the consideration of the resolution of Judge Porter and the amendments offered thereto.

After some remarks by Messrs. Hirst, Rhey, Porter and Reeder, the amendment of Mr. Mercer was disagreed to—yeas, 57; nays, 72.

The original resolution was then slightly modified and adopted without a division.

The Convention then proceeded to a first vote, and the result being ascertained, it appeared that

J. S. Black	had	99 votes.
James Campbell	"	87 "
Ellis Lewis	"	78 "
J. B. Gibson	"	69 "
W. H. Lowrie	"	68 "
T. S. Bell	"	54 "
L. Kidder	"	39 "
James Thompson	"	37 "
J. W. Maynard	"	33 "
G. W. Woodward	"	29 "
Richard Coulter	"	23 "
A. S. Wilson	"	21 "
M. C. Rogers	"	15 "
Joel Jones	"	7 "
D. J. Krause	"	7 "

On motion, the nominations were unanimously confirmed by the Convention.

Mr. Burnside submitted the following resolution, which was unanimously adopted:

Resolved, That this Convention congratulate their Democratic brethren, lately assembled at Reading, on the nomination of Col. Wm. Bigler, for Governor, and Seth Clover, for Canal Commissioner, and at the bright prospects we have of giving our old enemies a New Orleans defeat in October next.

Mr. Sterigere moved that the President and Vice Presidents be a committee to prepare and publish an address to the Democracy of Pennsylvania, in favor of the ticket nominated; which was adopted.

On motion of Mr. Wilmot, the thanks of the Convention were returned to the President and officers of the Convention, for the faithful and impartial manner in which they had discharged their duty.

On motion of Mr. Sterigere, the President of the Convention was requested to inform the nominees of this Convention of their nomination.

On motion of Mr. Fulton, it was Resolved, That the proceedings of this Convention be published in all the Democratic papers of the State.

After a few eloquent and appropriate remarks from Judge Wilkins, recommending the ticket and taking leave of the members.  
On motion, the Convention adjourned sine die.

## The Difference.

The Providence Post thus pithily shows the difference between the Democratic and Whig parties in this State:—

In 1847, the Pennsylvania Legislature passed a law denying the use of the jails of that State for the detention of the fugitive slaves while awaiting their trial. At the last session of the Legislature, a bill to repeal this law was passed by both Houses, but Governor Johnston refused to sign it, and it was thus lost. At the late Democratic State Convention, the subject was under consideration, and the following resolution was adopted:—

Resolved, That the 6th section of the Act of Legislature of Pennsylvania, passed on the 24 of March, 1847, denying, under a severe penalty, the use of our State jails for the detention of fugitive slaves, whilst awaiting their trials, ought to be expunged from our statute books, both because it interposes obstacles by means of State Legislation to the execution of the provisions of the Constitution of the United States, and because it is a virtual disregard of the principles of the compromise, and is calculated seriously to endanger the existence of the Union.

At the same time that the Democratic Convention was in session at Reading, a portion of the Whig party held a Convention at Pittsburg, and after nominating General Scott for the Presidency, adopted the following resolution:—

Resolved, That we regard the existence of slavery in the Southern States as a local institution, for which they alone are responsible. That so far as it is recognized in the national constitution, they are willing to execute the same in good faith, but that Pennsylvania, having long since abolished slavery upon her soil, is utterly hostile to its further extension, or any interference with it by her State officers.

## The Sting of the Locust.

A correspondent of the Germantown Telegraph, writing from Horshamville, says:—

"I hasten to inform thee, for the benefit of the many readers of thy paper, that Elwood M. Walton, oldest son of Lewis Walton, of Moorland township, Montgomery county, aged near five years, was stung by a locust on the back of his right ear, on Seventh day last. He was standing in the house, near the door, when it flew in and stung him, which alarmed his parents very much, having previously understood that their sting was usually fatal.

However, they at once caught a chicken, cut it in two, and applied half of it while yet kicking, to the puncture or wound; in half an hour took it off and applied the other half, and left that remain on about an hour, it giving him relief. This was then also taken off, and in five minutes after the child went into spasms, and was in such agony that it required two persons to hold him.

His ear turned to a dark color, red streaks running down his breast and round his eye the half of a chicken was again put on, and in ten minutes after he began to feel relief and in a short time he was perfectly calm. It required, however, the third chicken to remove all the poison, the first coming off very green, and each succeeding half less green until the last; which was nearly or entirely free from any discoloration. The child is now, the second day after it was stung, playing as usual."

RELEASE OF KOSSUTH.—The Asia brings a report that the Cabinet of Vienna has at length consented to set Kossuth and the other refugees still with him, at liberty, on condition that they immediately leave Europe.

THE TURK.—Brown, of the Indianapolis Sentinel, is a proselyte to the short dress movement; but he thinks there is no use in cutting off any of the lower end; all that is needed is to hitch 'em up so as to cover the upper end—the bosom and neck!

PANAMA RAILROAD.—The superintendent of that road writes that it is completed from Navy Bay to Gatton. (ten miles,) with the exception of one and a half miles to be built on piles, and will be finished in June.

A Washington letter to the New York Herald says:—"Josiah Randall gave the mission to Russia, and Dr. Eckhart, the Presidency of the Philadelphia Mint."