formed part of the annual messages of the zed and without binding force.

ent Tariff, its failure may be fairly attri- as that of common sense.

remain uncl langed. There is nothing, in 1847.

slavery, implicit obedience. With an evidence sustained? earnest desire that, by a free interchange In the adoption of the proper remedy and the destruction of a race of men alone mind.

affect the right of property recognized in fects of such a nature as to warrant the emnly protest against the utterance of rash the first proposition, would be a daring public in urging its amendment?

In company with his wife and the sister of which you in company with his wife and the sister of violation of the clear obligations of the That part of the law which authorizes dear to our constituency, and more earn-Constitution. No human being can prethe creation of a new and irresponsible estly against all deliberation by means of on the 12th ballot, nominated the Hon. him, threatening personal violence on the liberal policy of each and every one of send that by this Commonwealth such an interference has ever been attempted.— is liable to exception. Waiving the ininterference has ever been attempted.—
Whatever may be the feelings of the people in opposition to the further extension
ple in opposition to composition to the further extension
ple in opposition to composition to the further extension
ple in opposition to composition to the further extension
ple in opposition to the furt of Slavery, and the consequent increase of in regularly-organized courts, with the and hazardous questions, for the decision were Messrs. Frailey, Ives, Freeman, whole evening, anti-republican and sectional representation in the National Legislature, no effort has ever been made to disturb or destroy has ever been made to disturb or destroy of other. The following tribunal. All history shows that special courts, with the and hazardous questions questions and hazardous questions makes ample provision. Pennsylvania venerates and cherishes the unimpaired institutions of our were the ballotings: the vested rights of citizens of other tribunals clothed with discretionary pow- fathers. States; and when those rights may be en-dangered by the escape of a slave beyond to abuse, and have been instruments of God will so direct the deliberations of the the limits of the State, where the relation oppression. If in these, the early days of General Assembly that "peace and happiis acknowledged, our citizens have acted the Republic, when no reason of urgent ness, truth and justice, religion and piety, on the principle, that no sympathy with State necessity can be invoked, powers of may be established among us for all genindividual suffering ought ever to weaken a high judicial nature over the liberty and erations," the suggestions and recommentheir sense of duty to the plain require property of an individual, are to be invest- dations contained in this annual message

up? What force is to be given to the word on a most precarious tenure. The courts "claim" as used in the Constitution? Is of the United States, whose Judges have An American Industrial Exhibition. not the delivery of the fugitive to be made a pride of character, and over whom a \_\_\_\_ The Government has decided to alonly through the agency of the National controlling influence is exerted by the allow the use of Governor's Island, in a party, and the recent Fugitive Slave law, consequent irreparable injury of an indi- World's Fair, before shipping them from which cannot be misapprehended. The cial power of the Nation might wisely be

that an issue of small notes from State in- power and duty of enacting laws to carry extended. If it be deemed expedient to stitutions, founded on a deposite of stocks, into effect the constitutional direction, deny a trial by Jury, and lodge the adjuwould be highly acceptable to the people. being ruled to be in Congress and in dication of this right of property in the A reference to subjects under the con- Congress only, any interference on the breast of a single Judge, the kind of proof trol of the National Government, has long part of the State authorities is unauthori- required should be indicated, and a full

found favor not only by its consonance performed by both National and State be returned, and the extradition of any with the peculiar relations of the States to Governments, and vests each with power colored person, for whose arrest a warrant the General Government, but in the deep over the subject, the framers of that in- had issued without hearing had before the solicitude felt by individual citizens in the strument failed to express in clear terms, Judge, should be visited with the penalties action of the latter on questions of perva-as in other cases, the obligations of the of kidnapping. These modifications of the law, while they could not interfere resolves of their Representatives in the quired to give such powers to the State with the rights of the owner of the fugitive, councils of the States, the opinions and Legislatures, would authorize the passage would greatly tend to satisfy the minds of wishes of the people are often well col- of laws, and the enactment of regulations citizens anxiously desirous to perform lected, and hence your action is frequent- upon every delegated power of the Na- their constitutional duties. ly of great moment. In obedience, there- tional Government, without regard to the One other matter connected with our fore, to custom, and in order that the sen- action or non-action of Congress. The federal relations claims your attention. It timents of our common constituency may General Government is admitted to be one is the Union of the States, and the dangers have expression either through the Exec. of ascertained powers, but it ceases to be which are supposed to threaten it in conutive Message or the action of their rep- so the moment concernent jurisdiction nection with the question of slavery.— inducements to merchants and business men County to occupy the Court for at least resentatives, it is proper to refer to some vests in State sover eignies. In the prac- Whether slavery be the cause or pretext generally. Those desirous of making use of two months in a constant session. of those questions of general interest, the tical workings of the system of concurrent of infidelity to the Union, and to what this medium for extending their business can disposal of which more especially belongs jurisdiction much evil would arise. Thirtyto the National Government,

one sovereigning might prescribe different one sovereignues might prescribe different my purpose to enquire. There was local A revision and alteration of the Reverules of action-each meant to make ef- disloyalty long before slavery became the nue laws, so as to give adequate and per- fective national legislation, and the dangers immediate source of excitement, and there Philad-lphia. manent protection to the industry of the resulting from conflicting enactments, and will be local disloyalty long after slavery country, are demanded by the prostrate the consequent destruction of harmony and and the questions connected with it are condition of the mining and manufacturing order, could not fail to alarm the patriot. finally adjusted. But be the cause what Canal Commissioner, took his place in interests. The propriety of affording full Whenever power a subject matter is vest- it may, it is in vain to deny that the union the Board on Tuesday last, and therefore protection to domestic industry, in the ed by the Constitution in Congress, and of the States is lightly and irreverently we may expect to hear of the appointenactment of Tariff laws, has been so the power has been exercised, the author- talked of in certain quarters, and made the ments on the Public Improvements in the fully discussed, that a mere reference to ity of the States has been judicially de- subject of heated discussion by rash and former views, is deemed necessary at this clared, as above stated, merged and abol- unreflecting men. I cannot believe, how- course of a few days. time. In a late effort to amend the pres- lished. This is the rule of law as well ever, that any serious design to disrupt

well understood wishes and expectations that legislative action on the part of the at the idea. of the people. It is confidently hoped no States is expedient to aid in the execution What is the National Union? It is the such omission will mark the conduct of of the powers of the general government. basis of constitutional right, the guarantee In this opinion I cannot concur. To ad- of peace, the security of religion, the bul- since a suit for Libel was instituted against A reduction in the rates of postage, and mit the position would imply an inability wark of all law and order. It gives the the construction of railway communica- on the part of the national government to surest pledge of protection to the oppressed tions, to the Pacific, were urged heretofore execute its powers, and would prove de- children of other lands, who coming from upon some remarks we made on an affiof the views then presented is unnecessa- tained by our republican fathers, that the harmony and peaceful refuge. It is liter- Johnstown Echo, relative to the last ry, as time has only strengthened the con- National, and State governments are inde- ally a beacon on the top of a mountain County Convention. The case came up

nor in the; warnings of the future, to jus- extradition of fugitive slaves, being thus consciousness that its founders were the Miles, for the Plaintiff, and Messrs. Johntify the abandonment of the principles, vested solely in the National Government, fathers of the Republic. It is sacred as ston, Foster and Stokes, for the Defend- their piles. All the cheap shoe and cloth- in the different European countries. The sacredly regarded from the foundation of the state of non-intervention in the domestic policy of other communities, and mestic policy of other communities.

he lischarge of Constitutional duty has express an ascertaining right of property political truths, and of revolutionary action House. He is a perfect gentleman, and In this way they sell a great many goods drive the largest ship-of-the-line around dist inguished our government and people, to the person of the fugitive vested in the against the dogmas and fanatacism of ty- a most accomplished lawyer, and the at a large percentage above the actual the world! and if an opinion exists within, or has claimant, then much of the difficulty sur rannies and tyrants. be en mischeviously propagated beyond our rounding the question is settled, and the The union of the States is the outer b orders, that such is not the fact, it is con- mere demand for the person of the fugi. and inner wall which encircles and guards gentlemen on the opposite side of the c eived in error of our true history. Penn- tive fixes his destiny by the terms of the the temple of our independence. The question wasn't slow. sylvania, her people, and and her authori- Constitution. His extradition would be Union alone secures to our commerce This matter was instituted against us. lanche to the small dealers, and many of a total revolution will take place throughties, always have been loyal to the Con- determine! wit nout proof of ownership on protection on every sea, defence to our not because the parties interested felt them are not very conscientious. stitution. They wish it neither to be eva- the part of the claimant, and without evi- citizens on every shore, gives us a proud themselves agrieved, but because they ded or amended. They will not permit it dence of the identity or flight of the per- name among the nations of the earth, and It has been intimated that no questions in the constitution signifies a challenge of glorious destiny, Its preservation ratifies serious injury. But they have signally S. Woodhull, late Mayor of our city. This is no chamera. We mean what connected with the institution of Slavery, the property belonging to the claimant, the assurance that man is capable of self- failed in their malignant intentions, and No man who has ever held that responsitive say-and time, brief in point of duand the rendition of fugitives from labor, and withheld from him-and the enact government, and that equal rights, equal we trust that it will be a lesson to them in there have been indications of a disregard ments on the subject requiring proof of laws, and equal privileges, are alone the eral approbation, than has Mr. Woodbull public eye, to the astonishment of Christian clause of the Constitution relative to fugi- curring decissions of the Supreme Court The dissolution of the National Union and occupy the time and attention of the National Union and occupy the time and attention of the National Union tives from labor, and the legislation under affix this meaning to the term, then the would be the beginning of civil war, the Court for the purpose of gratifying their and very few, if any enemies. it, there ever has been in Pennsylvania, question arises, how, and through whom, strife of sections, of scenes of fraternal own personal spleen. with all her avowed aversion to domestic shall the claim be made, and by what discord. It would raise the arm of the

of moderate and rational opinions, obedito assert this clear right, patriotic citizens would terminate the fearful struggle. It should not be much surprised if the whole Marazine has already made its appearance. implicit, but cheerful, it is proper to refer and express that honest diversity of opin. as jealous strangers, in vexatious disputes Cessna, Esq., of Bedford, was elected affair is a failure. to some of the difficulties in relation to ion must not be impaired. To surrender about rights of navigation, of tribute, of Speaker, Wm. Jack, of Westmoreland, I have just learned that a report will be ands of subscribers the following pointed the subject now existing in the public it, under violent threats and denunciatory transit. It would sacrifice the faith of the Chief Clerk, and a gentleman of Philadelind.

The clause of the Federal Constitution The clause of the Federal Constitution and the privilege of liberty of the navy, and with them the proud recollection of their early exploits. The trorelative to fugatives from labor involves thought and speech. When the enactment these propositions: 1. That involuntary of the National Congress fail to convince phies of the nation would be dispersed, private of the nation would be dispersed, phiese of the nation would be dispersed. service or slavery may exist in the States of the Union by constitutional recognition.

That the escape of the person so held shall not operate as a discharge from such service or labor.

That on the claim of the National Congress fail to convince of the Union by constitutional recognition.

The recently enacted fugitive slave law, while it remains a static delphia, Speaker. On Saturday last, all the members, together with the Canal spirit of malice or jealousy, and there are spirit of malice or jealo To interfere by legislative enactment, ciary declare it otherwise, must be esteembly of the State, which has never known ticipate in the grand festival given in honor Opera House last night. Willis was there ever.—The prosperity of the county in the Honor operation of the logistic part of the county in the state of the state o or otherwise, to destroy or in any way ed a constitutional enactment. Are its dean instant's disloyalty to the Union, I solin company with his wife and the sister of which you live—its thriving character—
in company with his wife and the sister of which you live—its thriving character—

ed by appointment of an inferior tribunal, are respectfully submitted for your con-In the adjustment of rights and official in an irresponsible person, the security of sideration and action. duties under the last proposition, more the life, reputation, and liberty of the citidifficulty has been found to exist. By zen in after-times, when new political or Executive Chamber. whose agency is the fugitive to be given social emergencies may arise, will depend Harrisburg, Jan. 7, 1851. Government? These have been vexed impeachment clause of the constitution. New York Harbor, for a grand Industrial Jones. gave a judicial and legislative interpreta- vidual, results so full of danger to the New York to London. this clause of the Constitution, peace and good order of society, the J

record of the entire proceedings be made State Executives, and the custom has If the Constitution implies a duty to be and reserved. Processes issued, should

and overthrow the government exist, to ture to give expression to the perfectly of eminent legal learning and patriotism, the country. The American heart revolts for valuable public documents.

viction of the propriety and usefulness of the proposed mer, sures.

pendent sovereignties, each acting within and an ensign on a hill' to the lovers of the proposed mer, sures.

pendent sovereignties, each acting within and an ensign on a hill' to the lovers of the proposed mer, sures.

pendent sovereignties, each acting within and an ensign on a hill' to the lovers of the proposed mer, sures. In relation to the extension of Slavery It was doubtless a conviction of the was an emanation of the same pure spirit been ably argued on the part of the Attorand the duty of faithful observance of her soundness of the foregoing views, whice of conceived, controlled, and consumated neys on both sides, we were triumphantly Federal obligations by the Commonwealth induced my predecessor, Governor Shunk our revolutionary struggle. It is the per- acquitted by the Jury, and the prosecutor gold, and a large number of passengers. stagger them a thousand times more. the views expressed in former messages to sanction the act of the 3rd of March feet work of disciplined intelligence and mulcted for the costs. Messrs. Hutchinmy judgm tent, in the history of the past, The power to act on the subject of the rich memories of the past, and by the busy in drumming them up with a view to which will be deposited at Washington, mestic policy of other communities, and of resolute determination of permitting no lion to the Government.

To act differently would be clearly rebelling age, distinguished for its devotion to the cause of human rights, the elevation of the most ingenious and able arguments their establishments profusely distributed nomical are the principle and application, their establishments profusely distributed in our Court of the most ingenious and able arguments their establishments profusely distributed in our court of the sufficient in the case of human rights, the elevation of in the case of human rights, the elevation of in the case of human rights, the elevation of in the case of human rights, the elevation of in the case of human rights, the elevation of in the case of human rights, the elevation of in the case of human rights, the elevation of in the case of human rights, the elevation of in the case of human rights, the elevation of in the case of human rights, the elevation of in the case of human rights, the elevation of in the case of human rights, the elevation of in the case of human rights, the elevation of in the case of human rights, the elevation of in the case of human rights, the elevation of in the case of human rights, the elevation of in the case of human rights, the elevation of in the case of human rights are case of human rights. inter ference with our own. Fidelity in If the word "claim" was intended to man's social condition, the investigation of in the case ever delivered in our Cour, among the passengers as soon as they land, that two tons of coal will be sufficient to

bondman amidst the horrors of servile war;

WM. F. JOHNSTON.

Pay attention to New Advertisements. made.



EBENSBURG, PA.

THURSDAY, JANUARY 16, 1851

ITTHE SENTINEL, has much the largest cir culation of any paper published in this county is sufficient on the Dockets of Cambria -and as an advertising sheet offers superior

John Crouse, Esq., Johnstown. E. W. Carr, Evane' Buildings, Third

WM. T. MORRISON, Esq., the new

We are under obligations to the buted to the omission of the last Legisla- An opinion has been expressed by men any considerable extent in any portion of Hon. Job Mann and Maj. John Linton,

## Our Libel Case.

It will be recollected that some time us by James Kennedy, Esq. It was based

# LEGISLATURE.

On Tuesday of last week the members

Ballots,	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	1 8	9	10	11	12
Black,	9	2	16	16	16	18	19	19	14	13	12	-
Foster.	6		6		9				7	7		1
Woodward	15	15	17	16	17	12	21	17	16	17	21	94
Cameron,	1	1	1								-	7
Plumer,	5	5	4	4	6		6	7	6	5,	5.	5
Brodhead.	4	4	6	9	13	7	14			24	28	31
Sturgeon,		2	6	5		16		23				٠.
Ingersoll,	3											-
Phillips,	4	9	6	4	- 1							
R J Fisher	4 2 2			- 7								
Smith,	2											
Chapman,	4	4	2	1	1							
Yost,	1	1										
Daltas.	2		1									
Stergiere ,	1											
Vaux,	1	2	3	2								
Wright,	1	1										
Patterson,	1		ı									

and mooted questions. The final decision should alone be invested with these ex- Exhibition next year. It is intended, we published and extensively circulated, wents subscribers that have brains, heart, of the Supreme Court of the United States traordinary powers. Rather than hazard presume, to exhibit the products of Amer- we learn that BRODHEAD, was triumphant- accompanied by the necessary forms and soul-a quick eye to perceive a duty in a case to which Pennsylvania was made the chances of illegal decisions, and the ican Industry, prepared for the great ly elected on the first ballot. He received instructions to facilitate its due execu- and a rruth, and manly courage to meet seventy-six votes. The vote of the whigs was scattered, no nomination has

Barker Defeated.

GUTHRIE, the democratic candidate for new questions are constantly springing Mayor of Pittsburg, was elected on Tues- diate answers to enable the parties to day last. The following is the official

GUTHRIE ROGGEN 1147 BARKER

COURT.

Last Court was well attended and considerable business transacted. It was all force, and an improved organization, to of a criminal character, however, and in accelerate the execution of the law, and order to bring up some of the business, the warrants will soon be ready from the there will be a Special Court, commencing engravers press. on the first Monday in March next. There

## "Ireland and her Wrongs."

In accordance with previous announce. ment, JOHN P. O'NEILL, Esq., delivered in the Court House on Tuesday evening or as their friends and representatives, of last week, one of the most eloquent would be pleased to exercise a little pa-Lectures on this subject that we ever list tience. All official communications adened to. He gave a thrilling and truthful dressed to this office will receive the earpicture of the miseries and sufferings of it is not only useless to repeat inquiries his native country, and depicted in a as to what disposition has been made of glowing manner the wrongs inflicted upon them, but the same may prove an absoher by the tyranny of England.

Court House on Wednesday evening of last week. There was about fifteen present, and they quarrelled. Harmonious dient servant, Whiggery.

From New York.

Correspondence of the Philadelphia Inquirer. as worthy of friendly regard. Repetition structive of the theory so zealously main- scenes of misery and discord, expect here davit published by that gentleman in the Arrival of the Steamship Crescent City -Mayor Woodhull-Democratic Ball -The Common Council-Forrest and the application of a power which is to Willis again.

this morning with her precious cargo of very, when it shall be divulged, will Our city now pretty well filled with Cali- It has been made by an Eastern man. relieve them of the burden of a portion of as soon as patent rights shall be secured manner in which he used some of the price, the poor duped strangers thinking it We are not at liberty now to divulge very cheap in comparison with the prices more of this wonderful discovery; but of a California steamer is a perfect ava- that a short time only will elapse before

A meeting will be held to-night, with a tem. Indeed, we assert with the utmost view to making arrangements for the pre- confidence, that the year 1850 terminated son claimed. If, however, the term used ensures to the republic an enlarged and thought they could by this means do us a sentation of a compliment to Hon. Caleb the sovereignty of steam! ble position, has discharged its arduous ration, will evolve this wonder, at pres-

> oration of the battle of New Orleans, will town Telegraph. come off to morrow evening. The event to be commemorated is worthy; but Tam-

# The Bonnty Land Law.

the following important letter from the Commissioner of Pensions, which we copy for public information:

PENSION OFFICE, Dec. 30, 1850. Sin:-Your letter on the 19th inst. and proper estimate of his position. enclosing interrogatories from some of It you want lite ature, as well as news your constituents, the better to enable and general miscellany, he will give you them to prepare their declarations on " Graham" and his paper for. perhaps, the Bounty Land Law of September \$4-but, Graham himself does not want, last, has been du y received, and not re- you, unless you appreciate and support plied to earlier because of the great num- your own county newspapers-he has ber of communications on that subject no just right to receive, or you to remit daily received by the mails and other him \$3, while this debt remains unpaid sources. Thousands interested in the at home. Go to !- you are a dull fellow : law do not at this time I apprehend fully stupid !- and would not understand us. appreciate the difficulties which surround Put your \$2 in a stocking and go to sleep us. The act passed the 28th of Sep- Drowsey !- enact Rip Von Winkle over tember, and soon thereafter a copy was again-but come not to us. GRAHAM

tion on the Bounty Land Act : but, not. We learn this morning that John B. withstanding these efforts to diffuse light up, and urgent appeals made for imme. prepare their declarations. This, I con. ceive, is an erroneous view of the subject. The declaration, according to the forms and instructions already prescribed. ought to be forthwith executed; and, if we need more or different information from the parties, they will be immediately advised thereof. Congress is at this time engaged in providing additional

As new questions arise, they will be promptly examined and settled upon the papers presented and all such decisions recorded for general information. To de. cide by way of anticipation upon cases informally or hypothetically, stated, would not only be extremely inconvenient, but probably productive of mischief. It is earnestly requested, therefore, that all persons interested, either as beneficiars, hest attention it is possible to bestow, and lute hindrance to the despatch of business. Thirty thousand applications have The Whigs had a meeting in the been made; and it is estimated that upwards of two hundred thousand are yet to follow.

I am, sir, very respectfully, your obe-JAS. E. HEATH. Com. of Pensions.

The honorable-House of Representatives.

### The Greatest Discovery of the Age. There has just been brought to light

supersede entirely the present steam New York, Jan. 7. power of the world! This announce-The steamship Crescent City arrived ment may stagger some, but the disco-

out the world, in our motive power sys-

that produced by the discovery of steam The great Democratic ball, in commem- or the magnetic telegraph. - German-

# Sound Advice.

ance. The editor reads his many thous-

a distance. The telegraph and rail-road, have brought the news early to your edi-We find in the Washington Republic tor-earlier than you will get it from afar by due course of mail. Now, encourage his heart and strengthen his hands by a manly support, and let his sheet widen, lengthen and brighten, under the genial influence of a generous

and back them - now.

In addition to these forms and instruc- .. Life's first, best duty, always is at home." tions, a circular was also issued from this Try your suggestion reader, and you Bureau, giving various items of informa- will feel more like a man, the first day