



MOUNTAIN SENTINEL.

EBENSBURG, PA.

THURSDAY, NOVEMBER 15, 1849.

The *Sentinel*, has much the largest circulation of any paper published in this county—and as an advertising sheet offers superior inducements to merchants and business men generally. Those desirous of making use of this medium for extending their business can do so by either sending their notices direct, or through the following agents:
John Crouse, Esq., Johnstown.
E. W. Carr, Evans' Buildings, Third st. Philadelphia.
V. B. Palmer, Esq., New York, Philadelphia and Baltimore.

For the information of our country friends we will hereafter devote a small portion of our paper to giving a list of the market prices of the principal articles of trade. This may be found interesting to such of our friends who are in the habit of dealing in Ebensburg. See list in to-day's paper.

A Fancy Ball.

We have been requested to announce that MAJ. MARLETT intends giving a FANCY BALL at the Portage Exchange at No. 2, A. P. R. R., on the evening of Wednesday next, the 21st inst. All lovers of dancing are respectively invited to attend, who are assured that every arrangement will be made to enable them to pass an agreeable evening. The Major, who is besides a clever fellow, knows well how to get up a Ball, and never neglects anything that will contribute to the pleasure or amusement of his friends.

Business-Men's Almanac for 1850.

V. B. Palmer, Esq., the great newspaper agent, has kindly furnished us with a copy of his "*Business-Men's Almanac for 1850*," containing much "useful information for merchants, manufacturers, mechanics and business men generally."—This work has evidently been gotten up with considerable labor, and such tact is displayed in the selection of its contents as to render the book a necessary article in every office and counting room. It is astonishing the amount of useful information and statistics—useful to all kinds of business men throughout the Union—which the author has condensed into sixty-four pages. Price 12½ cts single copies, or \$1 per dozen. Address V. B. Palmer, Tribune Buildings, New York.

The *Johnstown News* is dead; at least we suppose such to be the fact, as we have seen but one number since the election. It may have been one of the coons that was killed on the 9th of October last, and its editors have departed for Salt River, there to mourn over the sad calamities which have befallen their party. Well, well, whilst in that far off region, they may find a source of melancholy consolation in erecting a monument composed of cider barrels and coon skins to the memory of their favorite pet, the 'Tariff of '42.

Hon. Jesse Miller.

The *Pittsburg Post* of the 9th inst. contains a communication in favor of the election of this gentleman to the office of State Treasurer. Among the number of gentlemen whose names have been brought forward in connection with that office, we know of no one who is better qualified for the station. Perfectly acquainted with the financial condition of the State, and possessing a sound judgment and enlarged experience, his selection by the Legislature would receive general approbation. His honesty and integrity having never been questioned, and his capacity acknowledged on all hands, his election would be a guaranty to the people that the affairs of that important office would be conducted with an "eye single" to the welfare of our good old Commonwealth. The composition of the Governor's Cabinet, and the present financial condition of the State imperatively demand the selection of just such a man as Jesse Miller for State Treasurer.

Look Out!

It is the general impression that the Wheeling bridge must go up or come down, as it will not in its present condition permit the largest size steamboats to pass under it. And as the Wheeling Banks are said to be the principal stockholders in it, in either event their notes will be worthless, the *Pittsburg Post* cautions its readers to be careful how they

handle Wheeling money. We would caution our readers ditto.

Mississippi.

This State has done nobly. The democrats have gained a member of Congress in the place recently filled by Patrick Thompkins, whig; and the gallant Gen. Quitman, the democratic candidate for Governor has, swept everything before him. He is elected by a large majority.

Michigan.

Barry, the democratic candidate for Governor is elected by four or five thousand majority. The Senate is democratic, but the House is whig.

Wheeling District.

Col. T. S. Haymond, the whig candidate for Congress, has been elected in this district. This is a whig gain.

New York Election.

It is now pretty certain that the election in New York has resulted in favor of the whigs. Their majority is probably 1200. The House of Representatives will stand 63 democrats and 65 whigs. These returns are far from being official, but we think they are nearly correct.

The union effected between the two factions of the democratic party was not adhered to in good faith—in fact in many places it was openly denounced on the eve of the election—and the consequence is that they have been again defeated. No other result could have been expected under such circumstances, and the whigs, who of late have had but few opportunities, will of course crowd loud and long over their triumph. Notwithstanding their victory, however, the whigs of New York do not claim the state as properly belonging to them, as will be seen by the following from the *New York Mirror*, a Taylor paper:

There are some sober facts involved in this election well calculated to moderate our joy, and make us thoughtful of the future even in the hour of triumph; since the previous election, that eternal wave of democracy which is ever surging higher and higher, has gained on us greatly; and had the coalition been complete, the whigs must have been overwhelmed in the contest of yesterday. The enemy's centre was broken before the battle began and his wings were weakened by divided counsels. Whenever the democracy of the Empire State presents an unbroken front, the whigs may say to them, as the coon said to Capt. Scott: "It's no use to fire, we'll come down."

Massachusetts.

The election in this stronghold of Federalism was all a one-sided affair as usual. The whigs have carried every thing.

We observe by the last *Crawford Democrat* that Mrs. Maria T. Yates, wife of C. M. Yates, M. D., and sister of the Hon. James Buchanan, died in Meadville on the 2d inst.

The citizens of Pittsburg and Allegheny are beginning to discuss the propriety and expediency of uniting the two cities and the surrounding districts under one municipal government. It is probable that an application will be made to the next Legislature for that purpose.

Dr. Wm. A. Smith.

In the *Pennsylvanian* of the 10th inst. we find the following communication in favor of the election of this gentleman to the post of Speaker of the next House of Representatives. The views of the writer meets with our cordial approbation, and we would be happy to see the Doctor elevated to a post which he is fully qualified to fill. If the possession of an accurate knowledge of Parliamentary rules, and a kind and an accommodating disposition are necessary to make a good Speaker of the House of Representatives, there are but few men whose capacity and qualifications better fit them for the station.

To the Editors of the *Pennsylvanian*.—Although many respectable and competent gentlemen's names, have been recently mentioned in connexion with the office of Speaker of the next House of Representatives—I take the liberty of mentioning another, and a new name, to the Democracy of the House of Representatives; but by no means, a new name, to the Democracy of Pennsylvania.

I mean Dr. William A. Smith, of Cambria county. Dr. Smith combines in himself as many of the necessary requisites, both of head and heart, to make a good and efficient Speaker of the House of Representatives, as any man in this Commonwealth. To an excellent mind, well stored with learning and science, he has added the most extensive fund of political information, as well as the most accurate knowledge of parliamentary customs and usages, which would make him both prompt and efficient in the discharge of the arduous duties of Speaker.

His kind heart, and urbanity of manners, would make the Doctor a most agreeable presiding officer. Independent of all his other qualifications, Dr. Smith is a Democrat, as true as steel; one who has done good service in the cause of sound principles for many years; and who deserves this signal mark of approval, from the party of which he is a prominent and efficient member.

I know of no man better qualified; and certainly, none more truly deserving, than Dr. William A. Smith.

A WESTERN DEMOCRAT.

Horrible Murder.

We copy the following particulars of a most deplorable event, from a late *South Carolina* paper:

Lexington District has been, within a few days past, the scene of a murder, which the time of its perpetration renders extremely revolting. A man by the name of Louis Stack, who resides near John Coogler, some thirteen miles from Columbia, of a dissipated character, being withal strange and peculiar in many of his notions and actions, was murdered during the night of the 31st of October, by Edward A. Hodges, a respectable citizen of this District.

Stack was a married man, the father of several children, and has, on several occasions, upon the death and burial of a child, exhumed the body, retaining it several days, and then interring it again. A daughter of his having recently died in Columbia, was buried there; but Stack, in one of his odd whims, in conjunction with other persons, drove a wagon down to the grave, disinterred the body, and brought it up to his own house; designing to inter it by the graves of his departed children.

It appears from the most correct statements given, (as the evidence of the persons present has not yet been taken), that Hodges was at a neighboring house on the road, on the evening of the 31st—when he was sent for by Stack to come and set up with the corpse at his house. He complied with the request, and was accompanied there by a Mr. Hughes.

On his arrival, he was asked in, and treated very kindly. It seems that a conversation commenced, concerning some trifling matter, when Stack, differing from Hodges, became violently vexed, and gave him the lie, which was promptly returned by Hodges. Whereupon, Stack immediately sprang up, seized upon a loaded gun, and made directly at him to shoot him. In the meantime, Hodges made for the door, but being closely pressed by Stack, drew his knife in self defence, seized upon the gun, averting the muzzle from his body, made several flourishes and thrusts around with his knife to keep him off; thereby inflicting several wounds; one of which striking against the left cheek, inflicted a flesh wound, another severed the temporal artery on the right temple, and the third divided the jugular on the right of the—a deadly wound, which prostrated Stack forthwith.

With singular presence of mind, Hodges sewed up the wound, severing the jugular, thereby stopping the copious effusion of blood. Stack expired the following day.

Spanish Coin.

We hope that the proper committee of Congress will at an early period of the session take into consideration the dilapidated condition of the Spanish shillings and sixpences, and drive them from circulation by substituting something as convenient. Neither a shilling nor a sixpence weighs as much in silver, as our dime and half dime—the coin is so defaced that the stamp cannot be recognized; it is bored or clipped. Why should not our dime and half dime pass for the same value as a Spanish shilling and sixpence, when intrinsically it is worth as much? But some effort should be made to give a circulation to our own coin. Nothing is more inconvenient than adding two cents to a dime and one cent to a half dime to bring it up to the standard value which the Spanish coin bears, when in reality ours is worth as much. Congress can fix the circulating value of the Spanish coin and place it on a par with our own.—*Morning Star*.

Lady Franklin still remains in the Orkney Islands.

Large deposits of coal have been found near Malaga, in Spain.

What does a man die of when he's twenty-one years old? He dies of age.

Union is not strength, as the old toper said when he put water in his brandy.

THE DOCTOR'S FRIENDS.—John Abernethy, the eminent surgeon, used to tell his scholars, that all human maladies arose from two causes—stuffing and fretting.

A correspondent of the *Pennsylvanian* recommends Col. Geo. McFeely, of Cumberland for State Treasurer. The *Reading Gazette* urges Gen. John M. Bicknell, of Schuylkill.

Col. John W. Forney says the Lancaster *Intelligencer*, is very favorably spoken of in many places for Clerk of the House of Representatives at Washington.

Nine miles in twelve minutes have been accomplished of the Hudson River Railroad. The train for Peekskill now starts from Canal street.

We understand, says the *Boston Transcript*, that Capt. Taggart, of Charleston, has completed his Flying Machine, on which he has been engaged for many years.

ARRIVAL OF THE CAMBRIA.

PHILADELPHIA Nov. 10.

The Cambria arrived at Boston on Saturday morning. The wires not working between Boston and New York kept us in Philadelphia from receiving news until yesterday.

Political Summary.—In relation to the extradition of the Hungarian refugees from Turkey, the attitude assumed by France and England has placed the Czar on the horns of a dilemma, and he having no other alternative than to fight or cease bullying, has chosen to pursue a more pacific course. It was reported in Paris, on the 25th of October, that the French Ambassador at St. Petersburg had forwarded despatches to his government, intimating a change in the determination of Russia as regards its disagreement with Turkey. Upon the subject of extradition, so far from forcing matters to extremities, Russia expressed itself anxious to settle the differences quietly, provided no warlike interference was threatened on the part of England. The same rumor was prevalent at Vienna on the 21st.

TURKEY.

The change of creed by Bem, Dembinski and others, is confirmed. The English squadron has left the Adriatic for the neighborhood of Dardanelles, at the request of Sir Stratford Canning. An Austrian fleet, consisting of frigates and brigs is under sail for Dardanelles. At Sebastopol there was a Russian fleet of 26 vessels, and only four hours sail from the mouth of the Bosphorus. The Turkish fleet is anchored across the Bosphorus, at its narrowest point to defend the passage. The Turkish army Wallachia, commanded by Omar Pacha, had been ordered back to Constantinople. A French fleet consisting of sixteen vessels of the line, two frigates and steamers, with 5000 men and 600 guns, is under way for the Dardanelles.

AUSTRIA—HUNGARY.

It is said that Haynau has resigned his post in consequence of the Emperor having ordered the executions to be stopped. He complained bitterly of his authority being disregarded by those who shot Bathany; it having been his express order that he should be hanged. According to the reports from Pesth, the crown of Hungary is now in England, whither it was sent by Kossuth. Szmere executed this commission for Kossuth, and this explains the rumor that Szmere had robbed Kossuth of his jewelry. On the afternoon of the 12th inst. a courier arrived at Pesth from Vienna, with orders to stop the butcheries in that city. The organization of the Austrian army is going on with great activity. A nephew of the unfortunate Bathany has been forced to enlist as a private hussar in an Austrian regiment. Dembinski's sister and brother-in-law were arrested in Cracow on the 17th. They never interferred in politics.

PRUSSIA.

The Convention between the Courts of Austria and Prussia, was ratified on the 12th inst. at Vienna. The exchange of acts of ratification, took place on the day following, when the Arch-Duke John, announced his intention of resigning his office as soon as the other German governments had assembled at the Convention. One hundred and sixty officers of the Hungarian army are expected to ship themselves at Bremen for New Orleans.

ROME.

Gen. Cucchi has resigned his rank as Lieut. General of the Roman army, on the ground that he had engaged to serve a constitutional prince, and not an absolute government. Much excitement prevails in the city. Several young men have been arrested for singing the Marseilles Hymn in the streets. Instead of singing, people now indulge in those recitations. Placards with enormous letters of death to the infamous Priests—death to the Red Triumvirate, cover the walls. Several attempts on the lives of some French officers.

FRANCE.

The leading feature in the week's debate in the Assembly has been the adjourned discussion of the credits for the Roman expenditure, which it was thought would involve the resignation and change of the ministry of France. Eighteen of the June insurgents have been tried during the last few days at Lyons. Disturbances of a serious nature took place at Rheims on the 21st. Lord Normandy has had frequent correspondence with the President, which has occasioned a jealousy on the part of Thiers, who says that the French honor and feelings are made subservient to foreigners. M. De Persigny, who was sent to Vienna for the remains of the Duc De Reichstadt, to have them placed along side those of Napoleon has returned unsuccessful—the Emperor flatly refusing. It is stated that the Sultan has granted to Lamartine gratuitously an immense tract of country situated in a fertile plain, within a few hours journey of Smyrna.

ENGLAND.

Lord Dudley Stuart has published in the *Daily News*, an appeal to the mothers, wives and daughters of England, calling on them to furnish a home for Kossuth, and to extend to him a welcome becoming the British race who are the friends of freedom.

The Hon. Abbot Lawrence, was introduced to the Queen at Windsor Castle, and presented his credentials.

Sir Henry Bulwer took leave of the Queen prior to his departing as Minister to the United States. Sixty shipwrecks took place on the

coast of Great Britain during the equinoctial storms.

IRELAND.

There is nothing of interest occurring. The country is in the same distracted state. Murders and assassinations are prevalent.

Interesting from New Mexico.

The National *Intelligencer* understands that the War Department has received from Col. Washington, commanding in New Mexico, the interesting intelligence, that he had concluded a treaty of peace with the formidable tribe of Navajee Indians. Col. W. returned to Santa Fe on the 25th of September, from an expedition into the country of the Navajees during which the entered into the treaty. From the same source, the *Intelligencer* also learns, that large meetings have been held, for the formation of a territorial government in New Mexico. The first meeting was held on Tuesday, the 21st August, and is styled "a meeting of the citizens of Santa Fe county, held pursuant to public notice, to consult upon the question of a proper territorial government." Over this meeting Captain W. Z. Angey presided, assisted by Rufus Beach and J. W. Folger as Vice Presidents, and Lewis D. Sheets as Secretary. Major R. H. Weightman offered a preamble and resolutions, which (the *Republican* says) were discussed with much ability and amplitude, by Messrs. Messervy, Weightman, Houghton, Smith, Angney, West, Nangle, Ashurst and Tuley; until, the night being far advanced, an adjournment took place to the following evening. On the next evening, the people again assembled, and after the meeting had been organized, the resolutions offered on the previous evening were unanimously adopted. The resolutions strongly set forth the necessity of a territorial government—calling upon the people to assemble in their various districts, in order to further the project.

We observe by another official publication in the *Republican*, that Lieut. Col. Beall, who, in the absence of Col. Washington, was then the military commandant in New Mexico, approved the above proceedings, and recommended the citizens to carry into effect the measure therein suggested.

In alluding to the above proceedings, the *Republican* says, "that differences of opinion existed, creating political arguments and the subsequent formation of two distinct parties," each of which, having its own favorite, met and nominated their respective delegates. It then gives the returns from all the counties, one precinct (Donna Anna) yet to be heard from, as follows:—

County of Santa Fe—Mannuel Alvares, Capt. W. Z. Angney, Dr. E. V. Deroin.
County of Taos—Antonio Jose Martin, Capt. C. St. Vrain, Jose Martin, Antonio Leroux.

County of Rio Arriba—Capt. Chapman, Salvador Lucero, Dr. J. Nangle.

County of San Miguel del Bado—Manuel An. Baca, Gregorio Vigil, Miguel Sena y Romero.

County of Bernalillo—Manuel Armijo, Ambrosio Armijo.

County of Santa Anna—Tomas Baca, Miguel Montoya.

County of Valencia—Judge Otero, Juan Jose Sanchez, Wm. C. Skinner, Mariana Sylba.

Correspondence of the N. O. Picayune.

The Florida Indians.

FORT PEAR, SOUTH FLORIDA, }
OCT. 10. }

GENTLEMEN.—When I last wrote to you, the 'crisis' was 'approaching.' Not the one which you usually see announced in glaring capitals, on the eve of the elections, and in partizan prints—but another. Perhaps it was the same one which played such an important part when a certain place in Mexico was severely threatened with an attack, or siege, during the late campaign there; and which, having been given locomotion, like to have gotten 'fits.' To enjoy the incident, the character of the parties should be known, if not all the circumstances attending it. Our force was but a cypher in comparison with that of the besiegers; and still more so in comparison with the inhabitants; but our hero, and gallant commander, somewhat intinctured with the courage of a Bombastes, and zeal of a Quixotte, at the critical time referred to, (we have not heard whether it was one which 'tried men's souls,' or 'blanched the cheek,') charging up to an important point protected by a battery, and flourishing his sword, commanded vociferously, 'Fire, Capt.—the crisis is approaching.' The captain, noted for his dry humor, very quietly and deliberately, but with a peculiar and facetious smile playing upon his lips, immediately commanded: 'Fire men.' His sergeant, not seeing an enemy near, said: 'Fire at what, captain?' 'At the crisis' replied the captain, in his same undisturbed tone. Whether a volley was fired, or what was the result, never has been learned beyond the incident, having afforded many a merry laugh.

But to resume my thread: My crisis referred to the meeting at Charlotte Harbor, which we learn actually took place, despite the prediction of many of our wiseacres, who were particularly dumfounded at Bow Legs' venturing on board of our steamer. The result you doubtless know—a promise to deliver up the murderers the 19th of this month. As for the rest, as our venerable friend of the *Union* says, 'nous verrons.' Billy could not leave without a parting glass with his white friends, and then soliciting a bottle of the best brandy, remarked, perhaps by way of inducement, 'White man good, Indian good.' I suppose he thought brandy was

so, at all events, if Indian and white man had failed to be.

The cognomen of this same Billy is a slander. It is an inheritance, in name only, from his father. He has, moreover, shown himself more friendly disposed toward the whites than any other Indian; and by it has incurred the displeasure and threats of Sam Jones. Thus, from visiting frequently the bordering white settlements, partaking of the hospitalities of the inhabitants, &c., he speaks and understands English tolerably well. When taken to task for hunting on Sunday, he remarked in his justification, 'White man got him to do it, and if white man work on Sunday,' (which I suppose he had seen,) 'why was it wrong for poor Indian to hunt?'—quite a proof, that, for us.

You will see I am in 'dangerous' parts. Time will not permit my giving you, at present, any typographical or other sketch, explanatory of such a position—this must be reserved for another time.

From Texas.

The steamer E. A. Ogden and Palmietto from Texas, arrived at New Orleans on the 28th ult., bringing Galveston papers to the 24th ult., from which we make up the following summary.

The Brazos is in fine navigable order. The sugar planters in that quarter are busy, reducing their cane to sugar. The yield is abundant.

The light boat of Galveston harbor, arrived on the 21st inst., from Washington. Quitman, eldest son of Col. H. Alsbury, formerly of Galveston, was killed by the accidental discharge of his own gun, while out on a shooting excursion, near San Antonio, a few days since.

The account of goods brought into Galveston, the present fall, has been much greater, than during a corresponding portion of any previous season.

A large number of German emigrants are on their way out to Texas.

Davis, convicted of murder in the second degree, and sentenced to three years' imprisonment in the penitentiary, at the late term of the Walker Circuit Court, has escaped from the Huntsville jail.

Messrs. B. F. Fenton and B. F. Price have become the proprietors of the San Augustine Union. It will continue to be democratic in politics.

The Brenham Star speaks in highly favorable terms of the cotton crop in Washington county.

The editor of the *Egis* of Truth, published at Henderson, has been informed that large bodies of Indians are collecting between the head waters of the Brazos and Trinity. The object of the meeting, he says, is not fully known, but they are supposed to be hostile. It is said that this assembly consists of 'all tribes' on our frontier. Were it not for this statement, we might infer that this was the council of the whole Comanche nation, held in the fore part of September, on the clear fork of the Brazos.

Letters have lately been received from the trading house on the Brazos, near the Camanche Peak. All is quiet in that section. The Indians who have visited the trading house, profess the warmest friendship for the whites, and declare that they are not disposed to resume hostilities. We understand, however, that they still entertain the opinion, that they have the right to make war upon the Mexican settlements.—*Houston Telegraph*, 25th ult.

Prospects for the Supply of Gold.

A correspondent of the *London Times* estimates the present years supply at forty millions; and the question of the standard value of gold will soon be presented by competent writers. The entire product of the American mines, according to Baron Humboldt for a century following the discovery of America, say from 1500 to 1600 was £138,000,000 sterling, or \$690,000,000, and for the century ending 1700, £1,800,000,000.

According to the same eminent writer, the average supply of the precious metals from America was as follows: From 1492 to 1500 \$250,000; from 1500 to 1550, \$3,000,000 1550 to 1600 \$11,000,000; from 1600 to 1700, \$16,000,000; 1700 to 1800, \$35,300,000.

Whereas at this moment, we have a supply from the Ural and Siberia mines, (sources unknown in the last century,) an annual supply of \$20,000,000, and from American mines, excluding California, \$20,000,000. The supply from California mines, it is estimated by many, will be a like sum.

If the moderate supplies of coin during the 16th and 17th centuries contributed to add so materially to the prices of merchandise, what will be the result of the immense yield of 1849 1850?

Female Sarcasm.

Few things are more liable to be abused in society—especially by young ladies—than the gift of liveliness. No doubt it gains present admiration while they continue young and pretty but leads to no esteem—produces no affection, if carried beyond the bounds of graceful good humor. She for instance, who is distinguished for the odd freedom of her remarks—whose laugh is loudest whose *mot* is the most piquant—who gathers a group of laughers around her—of whom shy and quiet people are afraid; this is a sort of person who may be invited out, who may be thought no inconsiderable acquisition to parties of which the general approbrium is dullness, but which is not the sort of person likely to become the honored mistress of a respectable home.—*Table Talk*.

On what part of a ship would you inscribe astronomical diagrams?
The Starboard.