

der certain restrictions, without the Emperor's consent. If they pass both houses by a vote of two-thirds, two-thirds of all the members being present, during three consecutive sessions, they take effect without his approval. This provision reconciles the republicans to imperial rule, as there is a probability that, under it, a democratic government may ultimately be reached.



MOUNTAIN SENTINEL.

EBENSBURG, PA.

Thursday, May 3, 1849.

THE SENTINEL, has much the largest circulation of any paper published in this county—and as an advertising sheet offers superior inducements to merchants and business men generally. Those desirous of making use of this medium for extending their business can do so by either sending their notices direct, or through the following agents: John Crouse, Esq., Johnstown. E. W. Carr, Evans' Buildings, Third st., Philadelphia. Wm. A. Kinsler, Pittsburg. George Pratt, 151, Nassau st., New York.

Our contemporaries will accept our warm thanks for the complimentary manner in which they have been pleased to notice our return to the "chair editorial."

Our friends LITZINGER & TODD have just received a fine assortment of goods. They appear to have monopolized the custom of the ladies especially, for the last few days. Well they are generally possessed of a fine taste, and know where to get goods that will suit them. See advertisement in another column.

MERCHANTS' HOTEL, PHILADELPHIA.—Chambers McKibbin, Esq., formerly Postmaster in Pittsburg, has united with his son in the proprietorship and management of this well known and popular Hotel. Their advertisement will be found in another column of today's paper. Judging from the extensive public patronage they enjoyed while connected with the Exchange Hotel, Pittsburg, we feel confident their kindness and urbanity will be equally effective in drawing them "crowded houses" in their new location; and we take great pleasure in recommending their house to our friends visiting Philadelphia, and the traveling public generally.

Appointments.

Col. MILTON ROBERTS has been appointed Postmaster for this place in the room of Rees J. Lloyd, removed.

GEORGE SAYLOR has been appointed Postmaster in the borough of Johnstown, in the place of Jordan Marbourg, removed.

We believe that both these gentlemen are well qualified to discharge the duties of their office, and since the no "proscription party" now in power had determined on the removal of the old incumbents, against whom no charges could be preferred, we are glad they have received the appointment.

"To that have Tears to Weep Prepare to shed them Now!"

The great Democratic party is ruined! The glorious principles by which our country has been governed since the formation of the Republic are proved to be all wrong! and Jefferson, Monroe and Jackson were fools and demagogues! This miraculous and immortalizing discovery has been recently made by one of the editors of the "Johnstown News," published in the borough of Johnstown, Cambria county, Pennsylvania. He is a genius of the "first water," and will, we doubt not, ere long occupy a higher niche in the scroll of fame than any man now living. Well may the Democratic party weep and tremble in their shoes, that such a champion has appeared on the public stage against them.

Seriously, we would advise some kind friend of the editor of the "News" to have him hooped as soon as possible as he stands in imminent danger of bursting. The manner in which he "slashes and cuts away" at the poor locofocoes is a caution to Davy Crockett, and he appears to be vain enough to imagine that he has genius sufficient to knock our whole party into a three cooked hat. We are not acquainted with him—never had the honor of seeing him—but we imagine him to be a rather "verdant" youth, small in stature, with a very full development on that part of the head where phrenologists place the bump of "self-esteem." The manner in which he writes would lead one to suppose that he is "up to the eyes" in love with some fair Senorita, too, for his articles are somewhat like love letters, inasmuch as they are very wordy without point, and meaning nothing, end just as they commence. His imagined importance makes him feel a little pugnacious, and like the Irishman, he is anxious, in order to get into a quarrel, that some one would be kind enough to "tread on his coat tail, just." We are sorry that we cannot accommodate him, but we have no taste for newspaper quarrels and are disposed to keep out of them as long as possible.

Our advice to the editor of the News, and we give it in a spirit of kindness and friendship, for we would not wound the feelings of the dear little fellow for the world, is to suffer his feelings to cool down until they approach a common sense heat, and to write no more until he has accomplished this desirable end. When he has done this, we think he will not manifest

so strong a disposition to engage in a newspaper quarrel and that he will confine his writings to the broad platform of common sense.

Slavery.

We learn from our exchanges that the question of emancipation is beginning to elicit the attention of a number of the most influential men in several of the Southern States, and that public discussions, and public Conventions to devise means by which the abolition of slavery will be brought about is now of frequent occurrence. A few years ago any man mentioning the subject of abolition would have subjected himself to a heavy coat of tar and feathers, but now public sentiment is undergoing a rapid change, and the question of emancipation is boldly discussed in Delaware, Kentucky, Missouri, Tennessee, Maryland, Virginia and Texas. In Kentucky, especially, the subject meets the approbation of such a large portion of her citizens that we should not be astonished if the Convention, which is about to meet to amend the constitution of the State, would take the necessary steps to provide for the gradual liberation of her slaves. A meeting was recently held in Lexington, at which Henry Clay made a short though eloquent speech, when resolutions were adopted which declared:

"That as hereditary domestic slavery, as it exists amongst us, is contrary to the rights of mankind—opposed to the fundamental principles of free government—hostile to the prosperity of the Commonwealth, it ought not to be made perpetual—and that the convention about to meet to amend the Constitution of this State, affords a proper occasion, on which steps should be taken to ameliorate the condition of slavery in such a way as shall be found practicable in itself, just as regards the masters of slaves, and beneficial to the slaves themselves."

There is something so manly and straightforward in the following article from that well conducted paper, *Neal's Gazette*, and which is so essentially different from the tone usually used towards country papers by our city contemporaries, that we cannot refrain from publishing it. The custom of patronizing city papers and permitting their local papers to get along as best they may, is practiced to a very great extent in this county, and to the favorable consideration of such we commend the following remarks in the hope that it may have a tendency to awaken them from their error.

"Take your county paper by all means, and do not allow the Gazette to interfere with it.—There are none of you who are not able to subscribe two dollars for a local journal and two dollars for a good city weekly, nor do we see how you can do without either. The one gives you county and State intelligence; the other, general news and literature. It is a mistake for you to neglect your local editors for those who live in great cities. Of course, the Philadelphia weeklies, with their immense editions, can afford to publish larger papers for the same money; but this is not every thing, as you would find if the local journal in your vicinity should ever have to stop. We want no subscribers at the expense of the country papers. But if fathers wish to bring up their children right, and afford them both pleasure and instruction at little cost, they will take the Gazette for themselves and family, in addition to the local paper."

Pittsburg City Strip.

At a meeting of the Select Council of the City of Pittsburg on Monday evening last, the following resolution was offered and adopted. If it passes the Common Council, and it is believed it will pass, it will raise the city strip to something near its par value. It is high time that something should be done to redeem this trash, as there is a large amount of it in circulation; and the poorer people are beginning to experience heavy losses from it.

Resolved, That the Finance Committee be, and they are hereby authorized to negotiate a Temporary Loan, not to exceed the sum of one hundred and fifty thousand dollars, by a hypothecation of Gas Stock, or such other security as they may deem proper; and that they place funds in the hands of the Treasurer for the resumption of the certificates of Loan of the denomination of one, two and three dollars of the city, at par, in such sums as may be presented.

Profession in 1848.

"If I ever accept that office, it must be untrammelled by PARTY obligations of any kind."

"I have no enemies to punish nor friends to reward."

ZACHARY TAYLOR."

Will some of our whig friends tell us what these declarations mean, or if they mean what they express, how they can be reconciled with the policy that is now being pursued at Washington? Was it not declared by the whigs at every public meeting, on the highways and byways, that Gen. Taylor was not a party man, that he "hated, loathed proscription," that if elected he would turn out no man for a difference of political sentiments, and that every officer should be heard in his own defence before a removal would be made? How has these whig pledges been kept? Are they considered obligatory on the party, by the party, after they have got into power? Let the thousand removals that have been made without cause in almost every city, town and village throughout the length and breadth of this Union answer. There is no man, no matter how insignificant the office he holds, whose "honesty and capability" will save him if he is a democrat; and it is determined by those in power in Washington to drive from office every incumbent who refused to sacrifice his principles, and to fill their places with the partisans and advocates of whiggery.

We know these reminiscences of an electioneering campaign are very disagreeable to the present administration, but our only object in alluding to them was to prove that the whigs had before the election, and their no-party

professions were only made for the purpose of misleading the people. The miserable attempt to shelter themselves from the responsibility, under the pretext that the public interests require the removal of men whose only fault was a difference of political sentiment, is too contemptible to be practiced by any set of men. So far as the removals are concerned, we care not a straw about them; in fact we would rather see proscription carried to its full extent. This course will have a tendency to satisfy democrats who were galled into the support of Taylor that no confidence is to be placed in whig pledges or promises. And if the whigs will be just and acknowledge that the election of Taylor was carried on false principles, and that their promises to the people were made only for the purpose of deceiving them, all this turmoil about removals will cease, and they will be permitted to carry out their feelings of proscription to their hearts content.

All Hall, Virginia!

The Pennsylvanian of the 1st inst., received at this office this morning, in relation to the recent election in Virginia, says:—

The Democrats of Virginia have discharged their whole duty to their country. As far as heard from, the Whigs lose a member of Congress in the 7th district, (Mr. GOGGIN)—one in the 11th district, (Mr. BURTS)—one in the 11th district, (later represented by the present Secretary of the Navy, Mr. PASTOR)—and one, probably, in the 11th district, (Mr. FLOUNSA) four in all. The Democrats may lose a member in the 17th district, lately represented by Mr. BROWN, but it is by no means certain. If the Democrats gain, as they have a chance to do, eight more members in the Congressional elections yet to occur in Maryland, Delaware, Rhode Island, Massachusetts, North Carolina, Alabama, Mississippi, Louisiana, Tennessee, Indiana, Missouri, and Kentucky, and we think they will make an aggregate gain of at least that number, the Whigs will be in a minority in both branches of Congress, and General TAYLOR, self deprived of the veto, will be useful only in signing bills passed by Democratic majorities. We shall not be at all surprised, either, if the Democrats gain enough, in the coming elections, to be strong enough in the House of Representatives to carry their measures against both Whigs, Free-Soilers and Independents!

These are the conquests, let it not be forgotten, of the party that has been declared by the Whigs to be utterly bankrupt and destroyed—torn by dissensions, and weak, because deprived of patronage. So powerful is this great party at present, that if the elections for Congress in Pennsylvania and other States had yet to be held, the administration of Gen. TAYLOR would hardly have a corporal's guard to excuse its deceptions or to defend its inconsistencies in the proper branch of the National Legislature.

More United States.

The territory not yet formed into States, will make forty-six and a half States as large as Pennsylvania. Of these thirty-five will be North of 36° 30'—or free States. Eleven and a half South of 35° 30'—or Slave States, supposing the Missouri Compromise line to be adopted.

The United States will then consist of Seventy-Six Sovereign States, Tyrants! tremble.

Should Oregon, California, and New Mexico fly off, and the Rocky Mountains be the division between the United States of the Atlantic and the United States of the Pacific, the Atlantic Union will contain fifty-seven Sovereign States; the Pacific Union nineteen gigantic Sovereign States. Tyrants! still tremble.

These calculations are based upon the recent report of the United States Commissioner of the General Land office—and take in all the United States territory of every kind not yet formed into States. God save the Union.—West Chester Union.

MARRIED.

On the 26th ult., by the Rev. A. McElwain, Mr. JOHN CAMPBELL, of Huntingdon county, to Miss JANE PROSDROOF, of Cambria county.

At Huntingdon, on the 26th ult., by the Rev. John Peebles, Dr. HORACE W. SMITH, formerly of this place, to Miss REBECCA A., daughter of the late Isaac Dorland, Esq., of Huntingdon.

ATTENTION CAMBRIA GUARDS!

An adjourned meeting of the "Cambria Guards" will take place at the Court House on Friday evening the 11th inst., at half past seven o'clock. Persons desirous of becoming members of this old company are invited to attend.

May 3, 1849.

PUBLIC SALE.

BY virtue of an Order of the Orphan's Court of Cambria county, there will be exposed at Public Sale on the premises on Monday the 11th day of June next, a certain TRACT OF LAND, situate in Cambria township, adjoining lands of John E. Jones, Richard Edwards, Richard Bennett and others, containing 189 Acres and the usual allowance. There are on the premises a CABIN, MOOSE AND CANYON, and between 40 and 50 acres cleared; the property of David Davis, deceased. Sale will commence at one o'clock on said day, when the terms of sale will be made known by William Davis and Thomas M. Jones, Administrators of the estate of the said deceased.

By order of the Court, WM. KITTELL, Clerk. May 3, 1849.—30-31.

The Holidaysburg Register will give the above three insertions and charge this office.

MEN'S fine calf and kip Boots, Women's Congress Shoes, Lasting, Buck and Goat Shoes, Seal and Merc. R. R. Slippers, Misses colored Kid, patent and calf Boots, Boys' thick and kip Boots and Shoes just received by L. & T.

ISSU. Mackeral and Codfish, just opened and for sale by L. & T.

New Arrival of CHOICE AND FASHIONABLE SPRING AND SUMMER GOODS.

LITZINGER & TODD,

TAKE pleasure in announcing to their friends and the public generally that they have just received from the eastern cities, at their Store Room in Ebensburg, a large and splendid assortment of

NEW & FASHIONABLE GOODS, selected with great care and at the lowest prices, which enables them to dispose of them on the most reasonable terms.

The stock comprises the usual assortment of STAPLE AND FANCY DRY GOODS,

Consisting in part of Black and Brown American and French Cloths, plain and fancy Casimeres and Cashmeres, plain and fancy Tweeds, blue, black, Cadet and fancy Sateen-cloth, red, white and yellow Flannels, plain and plaid Alpaca, French, Domestic and Earlston Ginghams, brown and bleached Shirtings, Irish Linens, Russia Diapers, Cotton Diapers, Linen Napkins, Ticking, Crash. A rich assortment of embroidered, cassimeres, silk and fancy Vestings; new style of Linen Lustrés; Printed, black and plain Lawns; mode silk Tissues; satin stripes Barages Muslin de Laines, black Gros de Rhine, Barage Scarfs, and plain and fancy De Laine Shawls; fancy dress Buttons, Fringes and Flowers. A complete assortment of Bonnet and Fancy Ribbons; fancy Combs, Brushes &c., &c.

Boots and Shoes,

of every description, moleskin, fur, pearl, legion and broad Hats; Ladies and Misses pearl braid, silk, and pearl gimp Bonnets. A splendid assortment of Quenettware, (new style), Hardware, Drugs, Umbrellas, Parasols, Books and Stationary, Groceries, Fish, Salt, Nails, &c., &c.

All of which they are determined to sell as low for cash or country produce as any other establishment west of the Allegheny mountains. Ladies will find it to their advantage to call and examine this splendid stock of goods before purchasing elsewhere.

May 3, 1849.—30-31.

Receipts and Expenditures of Ebensburg Borough from the 1st day of April A. D. 1848, until the 21st day of April A. D. 1849, inclusive.

CR.

By cash paid on Orders,	\$296 17
	296 17

Dr. Robert Davis, Treasurer in account.

To amount received of R. Roberts High Constable,	\$235 77
To amount received of R. Roberts as Peddlers License,	6 00
To amount received of E. Hughes (Burgess) as Peddlers License,	39 90
To amount received of J. Thompson, Jr., Weighmaster,	13 21
To amount received of Wm. Kittell Weighmaster,	3 09
To amount received of W. Batman Weighmaster,	16 00
	\$313 97
Balance due Borough,	17 80
Settled in Council this 21st day of April A. D. 1849.	296 17

E. HUGHES, Burgess.

May 3, 1849.—30-4.

MERCHANTS' HOTEL,

Fourth Street, between Arch and Market, PHILADELPHIA.

THE Proprietorship and Management of this well known hotel, (which is located in the very centre of business,) having this day passed into the hands of the subscribers, they beg leave to state that it is their purpose to render it worthy of the liberal patronage with which it has been heretofore sustained, and hope, by unremitting attention, to deserve the patronage of their friends, who may visit the city on business or pleasure.

C. & J. McKIBBIN, Formerly of the Exchange Hotel, Pittsburg. May 3, 1849.—30-1m.

SEALED PROPOSALS,

WILL be received by the Commissioners of Cambria County at the House of Samuel Bracken, in the Borough of Johnstown until Friday evening the 25th of May inst., for the erection of a Bridge over the Conemaugh River at Johnstown, a plan and specification of the Bridge will be exhibited at the Public House above named for five days before the letting, the Bridge will be built on the Barr plan of a single arch and will be required to be completed on or before the first day of November 1849.

ATTEST, JAMES McDERMOTT, Clerk. A. BURGOON, G. W. EASLY, } Commis'rs. May 3, 1849.—30-31.

ACT OF 10th APRIL, 1849.

ENTITLED "An act to create a sinking fund and to provide for the gradual and certain extinguishment of the debt of the Commonwealth."

"SECTION 29. That from and after the passage of this act, the State Treasurer be and he is hereby required to abate five per centum of the purchase money due on all unpatented lands appropriated on warrants heretofore granted: Provided, The said purchase money be paid into the treasury on or before the first day of May eighteen hundred and fifty."

"SECTION 34. That the Assessors of the several counties of this Commonwealth be and they are hereby authorized and directed to re-assess between the periods of the triennial assessments, all real estate which may have been improved by the erection of buildings or other improvements subsequent to the last preceding triennial assessment, subject to appeals as now provided by law, and all re-assessments made during the past year, are hereby declared to be as valid and effectual as if made in pursuance of law."

We the undersigned Commissioners of Cambria county publish the foregoing in pursuance of a circular issued by the Auditor General.

A. BURGOON, } Commis'rs. G. W. EASLY, }

Commissioners office Ebensburg, May 3, 1849. } 30-31.

BOOKS AND STATIONERY, also, plain and embroidered Envelopes, fancy Note Paper, Motto, silvered and gami Wafers, Quills, Sealing Wax, Pencils, Pass Books, &c., for sale at the store of LITZINGER & TODD.

LIST OF JURORS FOR JULY TERM, 1849.

GRAND JURORS.

Andrew Callahan, Clearfield, Adam Hebel, Summerhill, Joseph Burgoon, Washington, Peter M'Gough, Clearfield, John M'Garity, Washington, Elisha Gorschuch, White, David Somerville, Susquehanna, Joseph Dodson, Allegheny, Nathan Crum, Summerhill, Anthony Lambaugh, Jackson, Matthew Ivory, Allegheny, John B. Brookbank, Summerhill, Jacob Krings, Richland, Peter Summers, Summerhill, Abraham Stutzman, Conemaugh, George Berkpik, Richland, John M'Gough, Sr., Washington, Henry Weaver, Summerhill, Jacob Paul, Jr., Richland, Felix O'Neill, Cambria, George Elder, Allegheny, David Spielman, Summerhill, David Frosser, Conemaugh, John P. Parrish, Carroll.

TRAVERSE JURORS.

FIRST WEEK.

Emericus Bender, Carroll, William Litzinger, Allegheny, Michael Leavy, Allegheny, James Cunningham, Susquehanna, Robert Kerr, Conemaugh, John Hamilton, Johnstown, Patrick Cullen, Summerhill, James Fagan, Carroll, Samuel Reed, Jackson, Samuel Black, Washington, John Reed, Conemaugh, Michael Driscoll, Allegheny, John Egan, Conemaugh, Wm. Nelson, Cambria, Raphael Cooper, Summerhill, Michael Shoup, Richland, Augustine Little, Allegheny, Jacob Mack, Cambria, George Heisel, Richland, William Roberts, Jackson, Richard Nagle, Jr., Susquehanna, Ephraim Crum, Summerhill, John Plunkett, Carroll, Patrick Roddy, Susquehanna, George Litzinger, Allegheny, Augustine Holt, Carroll, Jacob R. Stull, Richland, D. C. Zahn, Cambria, Daniel Dimond, Summerhill, Lewis B. Dunmyer, Richland, Peter Kaylor, Cambria, John Philipps, Johnstown, John P. Strayer, Conemaugh, Thomas M. Jones, Cambria, Joseph Walters, Allegheny, John Youtter, Johnstown.

SECOND WEEK.

[ADJOURNED COURT.]

David Trexler, Allegheny, John M'Mullen, Allegheny, John B. Donoughue, Allegheny, Jacob Shaffer, Jackson, Michael M'Guire, Allegheny, John Pergrin, Jackson, Jacob Luther, Carroll, Patrick Donoughue, Washington, John Kinnorpe, Susquehanna, Robert Trotter, Washington, George Delany, Allegheny, Blossius Noel, Carroll, Joseph Lecca, Summerhill, George Bruce, Allegheny, John D. Hughes, Cambria, John Pringle, Johnstown, Francis Cooper, Allegheny, Samuel Will, do, Charles Bradley, do, James Myers, Cambria, Allen Rose, Richland, Wm. Brown, Clearfield, Alexander Lane, Conemaugh, Casper Dimond, Summerhill, Isaac Gifford, Susquehanna, Thomas Gallaher, Allegheny, Jacob Kaable, Conemaugh, James Douglass, (of Wm.) Carroll, Wm. J. Williams, Cambria, George W. Munson, Johnstown, Alexander M'Mullen, Allegheny, Adam Fockler, Johnstown, Peter Gordon, Jr., Susquehanna, John Morgan, Jackson, Lamer Cassidy, Allegheny. May 3, 1849.—30-31.

C. H. HEYER,

ATTORNEY AT LAW,

EBENSBURG, PA.

Office one door west of J. S. Buchanan's Store. April 12, 1849.—1f.

E. HUTCHINSON, JR.,

ATTORNEY AT LAW,

EBENSBURG, PA.

April 12, 1849.—1f.

JOHN FENLON,

ATTORNEY AT LAW,

EBENSBURG, PA.

Office one door west of J. S. Buchanan's Store. April 12, 1849.—1f.

DR. THOMAS C. BUNTING,

South-west corner of 7th & Race sts.

PHILADELPHIA.

April 26, 1849. 29.

J. McDONALD,

ATTORNEY AT LAW,

EBENSBURG, PA.

All business in the several Courts of Blair, Indiana and Cambria counties entrusted to his care, will be promptly attended to. Office, opposite J. S. Buchanan's Store. April 12, 1849.—1f.

NOTICE.

The Enrolled Militia of the 199th Regiment P. M. are notified that there will be no training this Spring. The Militia Law having been remodeled, the 199th Regiment of the 2d Brigade 12th Division of the Pennsylvania Militia is therefore among the things that were. Captains of Companies will govern themselves accordingly.

By Order, April 26, 1849.—29-31.

NOTICE.

A Tract of unimproved Land, covered with valuable Timber, lying about five miles West of Ebensburg, enquire of JOHN WILLIAMS. Ebensburg, April 12, 1849.—12-1f.

A Large lot of Glass, Nails and Salt, just received and for sale at the store of MURRAY & ZAHM.

The Largest, Cheapest and most Fashionable Stock of Goods, adapted to Gentlemen's Spring and Summer Wear, is just receiving at

WM. DIGBY'S CHEAP CASH CLOTHING STORE, 136 LIBERTY STREET.

THE Proprietor of the above establishment would respectfully inform his numerous customers, that he has just returned from the Eastern cities with the most splendid assortment of goods in his line, that was ever brought to this city, comprising all that is now fashionable, elegant and cheap in Cloth, Cashmeres, Cashmerettes, Drap De Fete, and every description of Cotton, Linen and Woolen summer stuffs, Shirts, Cravats, Hdk's, Suspenders, &c., of the newest styles; which, together with his very large and fashionable stock of Ready-made Clothing, he is prepared to offer at his usual low prices. Country Merchants, Contractors and all who purchase largely, are particularly invited to call and examine the stock which is decidedly the largest and most fashionable in the city, and great attention has been paid to get it up suitable to the wholesale trade. Orders in the Tailoring line executed in the most fashionable manner, and that nothing may be wanting to ensure the newest and best style of cutting. A gentleman who has had great experience in the Eastern cities, has been added to the establishment. April 12, 1849.—27-3m.

CABINET MANUFACTORY!



THE undersigned having associated themselves in the Cabinet Making Business, under the firm of Lloyd & Litzinger, beg leave to inform the citizens of Ebensburg and vicinity, that they intend manufacturing to order and keeping constantly on hand every variety of BUREAUS, TABLES, STANDS, SETTEES, BEDSTEADS, &c., &c., which they will sell very low for cash or approved Country Produce. All orders in their line of business will be thankfully received and promptly attended to. Persons desiring cheap furniture are assured that they will find it to their interest to call at their Ware Room, opposite Litzinger & Todd's Store, and examine their stock before purchasing elsewhere. They hope by a close attention to business to merit a liberal share of public patronage. All kinds of Lumber taken in exchange for Furniture.

STEPHEN LLOYD, Jr. D. A. LITZINGER. April 12, 1849.—27-6m.



FARMERS LOOK HERE! SADDLE & HARNESS MANUFACTORY.

THE undersigned having associated themselves in the Saddle Business in the building formerly occupied by a Printing Office, respectfully beg leave to inform their friends and the public generally that they will keep constantly on hand a large and splendid assortment of

SADDLES, BRIDLES, HARNESS, COLLARS, WHIPS, &c., &c.

All of which they will sell as low for cash or country produce as any other establishment in this county. Any orders in their line of business will be promptly executed at the shortest notice.

Farmers and others desiring cheap bargains will find it to their interest to call at No. 6, and examine their stock before purchasing elsewhere.

The highest market prices will be given for Lumber and Hides in exchange for harness.

C. G. CRAMER, HUGH MCOY. April 12, 1849.—27-6m.

Administrator's Notice.

All persons indebted to the estate of John Moran, late of Washington township deceased, are requested to make immediate payment to the undersigned residing in Washington township, Cambria county, and all persons having claims against said estate will present them properly authenticated for settlement. ALICE MORAN, Administratrix. GEO. BURGOON, Administrator. April 12, 1849.—27-6f.

NOTICE.

ALL persons knowing themselves indebted to the subscriber, either by Note or Book Account, will call and settle the same. The accounts &c., are left at his old stand with Mr. Frederick Kittell, who is authorized to receive and receipt for all moneys paid him for me. JOSEPH PATTON. April 19, 1849.—28-1f.

NOTICE.

At a Public Sale made by Peter Helman in Jackson township, on the 6th day of November last, the following property among other articles, were purchased by the subscriber, and left with the said Peter Helman, to wit: 1 Bay Horse, 4 Cows, 1 Sow, 6 Pigs and 8 head of Sheep.

The public are hereby cautioned against meddling with any of the above described property without my orders, as I am determined to enforce the law against any person or persons that may feel disposed to do the same. GEO. C. K. ZAHM. April 26, 1849.—29-31.

LOCUST POSTS.

An excellent lot of Locust Posts suitable for fencing on hand and for sale by MURRAY & ZAHM. April 12, 1849.

FOR SALE

A Tract of unimproved Land, covered with valuable Timber, lying about five miles West of Ebensburg, enquire of JOHN WILLIAMS. Ebensburg, April 12, 1849.—12-1f.

A Large lot of Glass, Nails and Salt, just received and for sale at the store of MURRAY & ZAHM.