



POETRY

From the Dublin Evening Magazine.

THE FALLEN.

We had hopes that rose as proudly As each sculptured marble shrine; And our prophets spoke as loudly As their oracles divine.

Oh, they built up radiant visions, Like an iris after rain; How all Paradise traditions Might be made to live again.

How with God-like aspirations, Up the souls of man would climb, Till the fallen, enslaved nations Tread in rhythmic march sublime.

Ab, that vision's bright ideal, Must it fade and perish too? Must its fall alone be real?

By the rushing of the waters Of our native mountain streams, Whose music long shall mingle With thy haunted midnight dreams.

By the wild and wintry tempest, The fierce autumnal breeze— By the howling of the storm-blast Over these frozen northern seas.

By all those happy moments Whose memories thrill thy soul, Memories which drop from thy eyes, And now thy drooping brow;

By love, with all its rapture, By love, with all its tears, Its bliss so mixed with sorrow, Its hope so full of fears.

OUR COUNTRY.

From Bicknell's Reporter. The Past, the Present, and the Future.

Here the free spirit of mankind, at length, Throws its last fetters off; and who shall place A limit on the giant's unchained strength?

It is well, occasionally, not only for the statesman, but the philanthropist, to glance retrospectively at the history of the American Union, to ponder upon the present, and to speculate as to the future.

The seed of emigration and colonization that was planted but a few years back, comparatively speaking, has already become a mighty and majestic tree.

But our own country, its position and prospects, its moral tone, its healthy political character, its future greatness—these are topics well calculated to engage the attention of every elevated and patriotic mind and heart.

The trip will be made one of pleasure rather than toil. Our sons and daughters will settle there, and the interchange of family visits will be but an ordinary occurrence.

And what is the duty of our Statesmen, of our Government under these circumstances, and with these prospects? How should philanthropy and christianity act, so as best to promote the lofty objects of civilization and the sacred purposes of religion?

By the gladsome where first we met, Do I charge thee to remember All thou wouldst most forget.

All thou wouldst most forget.

adapt our government and legislation to the great and comprehensive developments of the future. We repeat the present moment is an important one in our history.

The Free Trade Policy. Resolved upon by the English government, has sadly disappointed our protectionists, who had hoped to find in the example of that government a sort of excuse for returning to the old barbarisms of which, with an instinctive regard for the absurd, they are so fond.

Immediately after planting, the ground was thoroughly rolled. After it had lain a few days it received repeated harrowings, lengthwise of the furrows, in the warm part of the day, which continued until the tops were three inches in height, after which they remained without tillage until some eight inches high.

The yield was about 250 bushels per acre, which was a much greater product than I anticipated, on account of the excessive drought. The whole expense of the tillage of this crop did not exceed four cents per bushel, independent of the planting and harvesting, which cost not less than ten cents per bushel.

Complain Not. Whatever be your condition—inwardly or outwardly—let not a complaint fall from your lips. You may be poor and be obliged to work day by day, but this world is a place of toil.

Don't Believe It. It is said that there are people in the "Mountain Districts" of Kentucky so green that they followed a wagon which happened to pass that way twenty miles, "just to see whether the hind wheels would overtake the fore ones."

A bachelor having advertised for a wife to share his lot an "Anxious Inquirer" solicited information as to the size of said lot.

Three things that ought never to be from home—the cat, the chimney and the house-wife.



AGRICULTURAL.

Culture and Preservation of Potatoes.

Having the present year, notwithstanding the drought, succeeded in growing and preserving a fine and healthy crop of potatoes. I have decided to furnish an account of the circumstances under which they were produced, and my opinion relative thereto, for insertion in your journal, should you deem it worthy of a place therein.

About the first of May, I planted five acres in the following manner:—The soil was a dry, calcareous, sandy loam, gradually rolling, with a southern exposure; the seed used, was both white and purple Mercers, principally large ones, cut into three pieces, and rolled in gypsum, and allowed to lie but a few hours after cutting.

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The hog is universally regarded as one of the most profitable animals on the farm. With proper management he will easily pay the expense of fattening, and often leave a balance of some dollars in the hands of his owner.

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Arriving the Month.—The London Gazette contains some important information for the ladies with regard to the manner of placing their lips when they desire to look amiable, dignified, &c.; says when a lady would compose her mouth to a bland and serene character, she should just before entering the room, say bosom, and keep the expression in which the mouth subsides until the desired effect upon the company is evident.

FRANK COURTESY.—An old Count paid his addresses to one of the richest heiresses of Paris. In asking her hand in marriage, he frankly said to her: "Miss B. I am very old, and you are very young; will you do me the honor to become my widow?"

When Prince Albert gives her Majesty a kiss, and the Queen returns it, what public building does it resemble? The Royal Exchange.

NEW GOODS! THE undersigned having removed to the Store Room formerly occupied by Wm. Kittell, begs leave to inform his friends and the public generally that he keeps constantly on hand a large and splendid assortment of DRY GOODS.

which he is determined to sell as low if not a little lower than they can be procured at any establishment in the country. His stock of Goods has been selected with great care, he feels confident that he can supply his customers with articles of a quality superior to those usually sold elsewhere, and at prices to suit the times.

JOHN S. BUCHANAN. April 12, 1849.—27-4f

FALL & WINTER GOODS. ATEBENSBERG. MURRAY & ZAHM. Have just received from Philadelphia, a large and splendid assortment of NEW GOODS.

Well selected, and bought at the very Lowest Prices, which will enable us to sell Goods Cheap, for we are satisfied with small profits and quick returns. Amongst which, the following articles comprise a part: Superior Wool Cloths, Blue-black and Fancy Cassimeres, Fancy Summer Goods, Bed Ticking and Apron Checks, Cottonades of every description, Gingham, Bleached and Brown Domestic, Manchester and Scots Ginghams, Bamburgs, Alpaccas, and Lawns, Scarfs, Hdkfs., & Collars, Gloves, Hosiery of all kinds, Vestings of all kinds, London and American Calicoes, Tweeds and Kentucky Jeans, Laces, Edgings and Insertings, Artificials, Ribbons and many other articles. Also, Boots and Shoes, of every description, Hats, Caps and Bonnets. Together with a large and splendid assortment of Groceries of all kinds, Books, &c., &c.

MURRAY & ZAHM. Nov. 12, 1849.—27-4f

THE GREAT REMEDY OF AMERICAN OIL, procured from a well in Kentucky, 135 feet below the surface of the earth a certain and infallible cure for Sprains, Strains, Cuts, Bruises, Scalds, Burns, Tetters, Erysipelas, Scald Head, Croup, Whooping Cough, Inflammatory Sore Throat, Sore and Inflamed Eyes, Flatulency, Ulcers, Fever Sores, and INFLAMMATORY RHEUMATISM which yields to its effects in a surprising manner. It has never yet failed when used according to directions. Read the following: MANCHESTER, Allegheny co., Pa. November 18 1846.

This is to certify, that my wife, Margaret Ghriest was cured of a Rheumatic Complaint of seven years standing, by which she was lame as to be obliged to use crutches. In one week she was cured by using the American Oil, and could walk about as usual without her crutches.

CONTRACTION OF THE MUSCLES AND TENDONS. The following is communicated by Wm. Nash Mr. Jackson's agent for Stubenville, O. A gentleman near Stubenville, who had not been able to put either of his feet to the ground for twelve years, in consequence of lameness, by the use of one bottle was enabled to walk two miles to a township election. It is like a sovereign remedy for

DEAFNESS. A lady residing in Allegheny city was effectually cured of obstinate deafness, of years continuance, by the use of less than one bottle of the Oil so that she said she heard better than she had ever done before.

CHOLIC, CRAMP, AND SPASMS. Several cases of the Cramp Cholera have been effectually cured by one dose of the Oil. In the short space of half an hour 149 patients have been cured of this truly curative properties have 1408 393

JOHN RIDDLE, and a gentleman of Pittsburg afflicted with a violent inflammation of the kidneys—the pain of which caused him to faint—was completely cured in three days, by the use of the American Oil. The qualities of this NATURES OWN REMEDY is extremely penetrating and anti-inflammatory, consequently is confidently recommended as a sovereign remedy wherever inflammation exists, either external or internal.

Caution—Be on Your Guard. The surprising excellence and growing popularity of the American Oil, has induced some unscrupulous persons to palm upon the public, miserable imitations of this truly valuable medicine, for the purpose of deceiving the unwary, and defrauding the Proprietor.

Large lot of Bleached and Brown Muslins, just received and for sale very low at the store of MURRAY & ZAHM.

General assortment of Paints and Oils of every description for sale at reduced prices by MURRAY & ZAHM.