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J. M. Weakley, J. M. Wallace.
EDITORS AND PROPRIETORS.
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HARRISBURG LETTER.

HARRISBURG, APRIL 2, 1872

Last week was spent in getting ready for the end of the session, that is by rushing through the greatest number of private bills possible. The Appropriation bill was passed and sent to the committee of conference. The Apportionment bill gave considerable trouble during its consideration. The Senate bill made several modifications on that passed by the House. On the first vote against the Senate bill it was lost, Senators McClure and Weakley voting against the Senate bill. The vote was afterwards reconsidered, and the bill sent to a committee of conference. At this writing, the committee have not yet reported on it.

In the House the great scheme of removing the Capital to the city of Philadelphia received its final defeat, by a decisive vote. This was, perhaps, the most foolish proposition, in all respects, that has been produced in the Legislature for many years. It contemplated, in plain terms, the ultimate expenditure of at least five millions of the peoples' money, and, perhaps, even that sum would not be sufficient for the purposes. The amount of jobs which could be carved out of the distribution of this large amount of money in the erection of State buildings, would be almost beyond computation. Unless a very marked reformation has been wrought within a short time, the stealings in this transaction would be immense. Then the transfer of the government to the metropolis of the State would necessitate the increase of salaries of all officers, and the inauguration of extravagance in all respects. But fortunately the scheme has been defeated, and the people will not be swindled on that transaction for at least another year.

The great contested election case from the Fourth Senatorial District was determined on Wednesday last, by the report of the committee admitting Col. McClure to the seat. This result had been anticipated for some time. The committee reached this result by throwing out the vote of some seven or eight districts, in which frauds and irregularities were proved. This action is contrary to the doctrine usually advocated by the Democracy in contests heretofore held which was averse to throwing out divisions because of irregularities. Whether or not the action of the committee was just, there is no one outside of themselves can determine, as the mass of testimony taken before them is so great as will effectually deter any other persons from investigating it. The report of the committee was signed by the four Democratic Senators; the minority has not yet made its report. Since his admission Colonel McClure has generally acted with the Republicans.

The Constitutional Convention bill is giving its full share of trouble. The House passed a bill providing for the election of the greater part of the Convention, in the usual or ordinary manner of voting. The Senate bill provided for the election of the entire Convention in such a manner as to make both the political parties equal. These two bills were sent to a committee of conference which made a report to the Senate on Monday evening. This provided for the election of twenty-eight members of the convention at large on the principle of limited voting—each voter voting for but fourteen. The remainder of the delegates are to be elected from the different senatorial districts—each district choosing three, and electing them in the ordinary manner. This report was by a unanimous vote of the Senate referred back, with instructions to insist on minority representation. It is not in order to predict exactly in what shape the bill may pass finally, but the chances are that the convention will be elected in such a manner as will give both political parties an equal representation.

Unless some very unusual occurrence shall take place to prevent it, this Legislature will have dispersed before this letter reaches its readers. For many reasons it has been a very unsatisfactory session. On account of the death of George Connell, the Senate was in a political dead-lock at the time of its meeting. This has continued nearly all the time since. The disease which for so many weeks prevailed here to an alarming extent, made invalids of more than one-half of the Legislature, for the full half of the session. Yet with all these disadvantages, the session will have accomplished all the important measures which were cast upon it by the demands of the people and has fully done its share of private and local legislation.

THE WAR CLAIMS.

GEARY AND JORDAN ON THE STAND.

Full Report of their Testimony.

Yesterday morning the Evans investigating committee held another session in one of the senate committee rooms, where they examined a young man named Hopkins, a clerk in the office of Yerkes & Co., who testified that the business of the house was done with Messrs. Hartranft and MacVey, as private individuals. That they had no reason to suppose that any public funds were used by those officers, who at all times paid the regular rate of six per cent for accommodations to them as private individuals.

The committee then proceeded to the executive chamber, but owing to the illness of his child, his excellency had not yet reached his office. Thence they proceeded to the office of the secretary of the commonwealth, where Colonel Francis Jordan received them in his usual gentlemanly manner. After a few friendly words Colonel Jordan was sworn. Mr. Wallace led the questions:

Q.—You are Secretary of the Commonwealth?

A.—Yes, sir.

Q.—Were you such in 1867?

A.—I was such in 1867.

Q.—Do you know anything about the circumstances surrounding the passage of March, 1867? [Meaning the joint resolution authorizing the appointment of a special war claim agent.]

A.—I have official knowledge of its passage, in the ordinary routine of legislation. I do not recollect the date now; but I remember the resolution came before me in the ordinary routine of legislation. It came from and was registered by my chief clerk. It came to me in the routine of business and was read by me. According to our rules, if I see any objections to a resolution or bill I note them and lay them before the Governor, with those objections. When I read this resolution it occurred to me that it was deficient in three particulars: First, It did not state what the agent should do with the money when he collected it. Second, It provided for no report of the progress of the work, which I inferred would necessarily continue for a considerable length of time. And, in the third place, there was no security provided in the resolution for the faithful performance of duties, which is ordinary with men trusted with public money. I noted these objections on a slip of pape and laid them before the Governor. Sometime during the same day the Governor brought the resolution back into my room here, with the objections in his hand, and remarked to me that he thought the objections were well taken, but that he considered this a matter of great importance that should be attended to, as the session was near its close, and that he considered he could protect the interests of the State by requiring an agreement and bond from Mr. Evans which would answer the same purpose nearly as well as if it had been inserted in the resolution, and he requested me to prepare a bond and agreement to carry out that idea.

Q.—Which you did?

A.—Which I did.

Q.—They have been printed?

A.—They were the same as already published. That agreement and that bond were filed in the office in the ordinary way, along with what is called a rough draft of the commission. When a commission is made out we keep the rough drafts and papers pertaining to the matter wrapped inside, and the whole endorsement is laid away. That is all I know in reference to the passage of the resolution.

Q.—Were you called on in reference to the approval or signature of the governor?

A.—I take it for granted that I was; but I have no recollection of the fact.

Q.—Have you any knowledge or recollection of any one appearing for Mr. Evans, desiring that the same should become a law?

A.—No sir; no recollection of the subject.

Q.—Did you see Mr. Evans before the passage of that resolution?

A.—The first time I met him was in connection with this transaction; but at what particular time I cannot recollect. When I first saw him I cannot say; it might have been before I received the resolution, or after it had been approved.

Q.—Do you know anything of the division of the commission retained by Mr. Evans?

A.—Nothing, except what I have gathered from the published reports of the testimony before your committee.

Q.—Do you not know of any one else—of any state official—who was benefited directly or indirectly from these commissions?

A.—I have no knowledge on that subject.

Q.—Do you know of any other persons?

A.—I do not.

Q.—You yourself have never received anything?

A.—No, sir; I never received anything.

Mr. Wallace—Excuse the question.

Mr. Jordan—Certainly.

Q.—Can you tell us whether there is anything in the State department connected with the collection of the war claims of 1862-63?

A.—I have never seen any such papers.

Q.—Are there no communications from Washington, no memorials or letters from the government of the United States, or the Treasury Department, by which the accounts between the State of Pennsylvania and the United States for the State War Claims in connection with the State tax are given, showing their adjudication and settlement?

A.—I have no knowledge of any such papers, except such as are referred to in publications made. In one of the Governor's published letters something is said about papers, but my knowledge is derived entirely from the letter.

Q.—Is there no letter on file in the department from Colonel M'Michael reporting the settlement of the direct tax? Is it stated by Colonel M'Michael that he had made a report?

A.—I know of none. I never looked for one. There possibly may be, but I do not know it.

Q.—Would it not be in your power to have a search made?

A.—It would be, and I will endeavor to obtain it, if required.

Q.—You have no report from Mr. Evans except what is given in the papers?

A.—I think not.

GOVERNOR JOHN W. GEARY:

Q.—Do you know George O. Evans?

A.—I do.

Q.—When did you first become acquainted with him, and through what medium?

A.—I became acquainted with George O. Evans in March, 1867. I cannot tell now by whom I was introduced to him, but I had letters from a number of gentlemen residing in Philadelphia introducing and recommending him as a man eminently competent for the duties required of an agent under the joint resolution then under consideration in the Legislature.

Q.—Was the resolution introduced before the acquaintance began?

A.—About the same time.

Q.—Do you know who originated that resolution?

A.—I do not know anything further about it than that which I learned from the Hon. George Connell, then chairman of the Finance Committee of the Senate. He gave me the first intimation that the State owed a large debt to the United States, and that the State of Pennsylvania had a large number of claims that should be settled in favor of the State and which should be made an offset against the claims of the United States. From Mr. Connell, as chairman of the Finance Committee, and from other members of the Senate and House of Representatives, I learned positively that all the vouchers of the State, with the exception of $112 50, had been disallowed and suspended; that there was but little prospect, if any, of obtaining any large amount of claims in favor of the State, as they had already been disallowed for a number of years, and that the necessary proof required to sustain them or cause them to be allowed, was then exceedingly difficult to obtain in consequence of the scattering of the officers concerned, from whom the vouchers were taken. He thought further that if a special agent would be appointed, not only to act under the act of Congress of July 27, 1861, but also under the authority of the Legislature, that by furnishing the necessary explanations, or such as could be obtained, a portion of our vouchers might be allowed and credited to the State at Washington.

Q.—You approved the resolution?

A.—I approved the resolution after it passed.

Q.—And appointed Mr. Evans, and took the bond as printed?

A.—Yes, sir.

Q.—Was there not any arrangement for the division of commissions arising under those claims?

A.—None, directly or indirectly, to my knowledge, in the whole scope of the government, from the chief executive down to the lowest of the Commonwealth.

Q.—Was there any investment or agreement by which any state officer received any of this money?

A.—None, to my knowledge.

Q.—Was there, or was there not, any money, directly or indirectly, secured for your benefit.

A.—None, whatever.

Q.—Do you know what Mr. Evans did with his money, to your knowledge?

A.—No, sir; not one dollar, not one cent, not one single item.

Q.—Did you not meet Mr. Evans at West Point.

A.—Yes, sir. Mr. Evans came there and told me that certain persons at Washington were endeavoring to stop the payment of a sum which he stated to be nearly $300,000, by some undue interference. Some one had stated to the Treasurer of the United States that he [Mr. Evans] was untrustworthy, and should not receive the money, whereupon I sat down and wrote a letter to the Treasurer requesting him to issue a draft payable to my order alone, and to hand the draft to Mr. Evans. Mr. Evans then left West Point, obtained the draft, and when I reached New York he came and handed me the draft at the hotel—the Fifth Avenue hotel. The next day I came on to Harrisburg and put the money in the Treasury.

Q.—Detail the circumstances surrounding D. C. Forney at Harrisburg about that time.

A.—The recollection I have was, immediately upon my return from New York and from West Point, I observed D. C. Forney and Wien Forney sitting in the executive chamber. It so happened that I was very much engaged and they remained there for a considerable length of time. At length they came in [to his office] and said Mr. Evans owed them $5,000 each, and asked me to use my influence with Mr. Evans to get him to pay the money. I told them *no*, very peremptorily and very austerely, that I had nothing whatever to do with Mr. Evans' debts, nor the debts of any other man in the State. I was so sharp about it, that I think I gave them mortal offense. That was all.

Q.—Was there no arrangement by which you aided at any time in obtaining money from Mr. Evans for Mr. Forney.

A.—No, sir.

Q.—Do you know anything about papers on file in reference to the claims of 1862-3, save those printed?

A.—No, sir; not one.

Q.—Did you ever see the report of Col. M'Michael?

A.—No, sir.

Q.—By Mr. Graham.—Had you any knowledge of your private secretary at that time having received $2,500 from Mr. Evans?

A.—No, sir.

Q.—When did you first obtain any knowledge that he had?

A.—The first I knew of it was in reading Mr. Evans' testimony before the committee. In this connection I will state that I have no recollection of Mr. Dunglison having mentioned the subject of the appointment of Mr. Evans, or in any way speaking of it during the time he remained my private secretary. I will state in addition, that I have given you a detailed statement of all the circumstances in connection with the war claims that I know officially; and as I am now on oath, I desire to repeat, and I do repeat, that what I have given you is the truth. There was no little labor involved in the preparation of the statement, which you will see from the amount of statistics quoted.

Q.—By Mr. White, of Allegheny—When did Mr. Evans make his first report to you when he was appointed?

A.—I cannot give the time, but think it was in the latter part of May.

Q.—Did he state to you that he had collected some $78,000.

A.—He gave me the exact amount of collections, and showed me a certificate of the third auditor. I then told him to comply simply with his agreement, which was on file here, and make his settlements with the accounting departments.

Q.—By Mr. White, of Allegheny—When he collected the second claim of $105,000, he also reported to you then?

A.—I was not aware of the collection at the time. It was not until 1870.

Q.—By Mr. White, of Allegheny—Then in your message of 1868 you mentioned the settlement of this claim. You did not state that you had collected any money?

A.—No, sir.

Mr. White.—The reason why I ask it is that I think that if you had made that known to the Legislature they would have stopped any further collection at ten per cent. on this money.

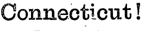
Governor Geary.—Mr. White, I do not appear here for the purpose of entering into an argument with you on the subject. I will answer any question you may ask, but I will not enter into any argument with you.

Q. by Mr. Graham—Was there any arrangement between you and Mr. Evans by which he was to be allowed ten per cent. on all the collections?

A.—None such, but that seemed to be the understanding at the time. He claimed it, and there seemed to be no dispute between him and the members of the Finance Committee.

Major W. C. Armor, who signed the agreement, testified to his signature, when the committee adjourned.

Connecticut!



THE SECOND GUN!

LARGE REPUBLICAN GAINS IN ALL PARTS OF THE STATE—GOVERNOR JEWELL AND THE ENTIRE REPUBLICAN TICKET ELECTED—A REPUBLICAN GAIN OF SIX REPRESENTATIVES.

HARTFORD, Conn., April 1.—Returns from all sections of the State show heavy Republican gains, and places the election of Jewell and the rest of the ticket beyond a doubt. In the Legislative districts the Democrats have suffered terribly, fifty-four towns alone showing a Republican gain of six Representatives. In this city the Republicans have elected their entire ticket.

It looks as if Jewell was elected by the people. There is a net Republican gain of six Representatives in fifty-three towns.

THE WHOLE TICKET ELECTED IN HARTFORD CITY.

In Hartford city the Republicans elect Henry C. Robinson, Mayor, by over 350 majority, and all their city ticket, and also carry five wards out of seven.

THE SAME AS LAST YEAR.

MIDDLETOWN, April 1.—Middlesex county gives Jewell a majority of over 2,000—about the same as last year.

RETURNS FROM NINETY TOWNS.

HARTFORD, April 1.—Returns from ninety towns show a loss of sixty votes for Jewell, counting Hubbard's total vote and 999 Temperance and Labor Reform votes against him. This does not include New Haven, which gives Hubbard only 397 over all.

NEW HAVEN, April 1.—Fairfield county, except one town, gives Jewell 6,611; Hubbard, 6,570. The other candidates are not reported.

The day was mostly clear with strong west winds and occasional snow squalls. The roads are deep with mud. The vote was not as large as last year.

HARTFORD, April 2—2:30 a. m.—If the towns unheard from are the same as last year, the result will not be changed. Jewell's plurality is 2,074 majority; over all, 280.

The Senate will probably stand 14 Republicans to 7 Democrats, and the House about the same as last year, when the Republican majority was 21.

TOTAL.

Jewell	44,735
Hubbard	42,662
Gillette	1,300
Harrison	395

WASHINGTON, April 1.

The news from Connecticut to night was received with considerable surprise by the Democrats. They seem to have had an idea that the anti-Grant Republicans would unite with the Democracy to defeat Governor Jewell. The returns, however, show that the Democrats are worse beaten than they were the last time, and they naturally ask themselves who are the men who are to run the Cincinnati convention and help us to elect an opposition candidate to Grant. Some of them take the same view of the matter that the rebel general did of the Confederate defeats during the war, and look upon New Hampshire and Connecticut as blessings in disguise. The more practical Democrats regard it as the precursor of defeat at the Presidential election, and many of them have come to the conclusion that there is nothing in the Cincinnati movement.

OHIO ELECTIONS.

CINCINNATI, April 1.

The city and county elections passed off quietly to day. Party lines were closely drawn. There was much "scratching," and the vote cannot be ascertained until to-morrow.

The Democratic judges will almost certainly be elected. Yaple (Dem.) leads his opponent for judge by 1,500. O'Conner, the other Democratic candidate, has two Republican opponents.

The vote for the county board of control is nearly even, with a slight advantage to the Republicans. The indications are that the next board of councilmen will be Democratic, and the board of aldermen slightly Republican.

TOLEDO, April 1

The Republicans carry this city by an increased majority.

[Communicated.]

PHI KAPPA PSI.

THIRTEENTH ANNUAL SYMPOSIUM OF THE PENNA ZETA.

One year ago we all thought that there never had been, and that there never would again be such a joyous band of Phi Psi's collected together, as then made the "Mansion House" resound with fraternal songs and happy speeches. But as the welcome anniversary day once more came round the "old boys" came with it, and the Zeta chapter of Penna. has lost none of its merited renown for Grand Symposiums. At eight o'clock, about forty-five members assembled in the Chapter Hall, where an hour was passed in exchanging mutual greetings, and where classmates of years ago clasped hands and became for the hour active workers in their old Chapter, and here the fire was kindled, and fagots put on which made the blaze burn brightly by the time we had reached the hotel. At nine o'clock we repaired to the Bentz House, and quietly took possession of the lower parlor, when M. C. Herman, esq., class '62, was called to the chair and declared the Symposium in regular session. J. Harry Shopp, class '72, in a short, but eloquent address gave welcome to our visitors, his remarks were well-timed and truly spoke the sentiments of his Chapter. He was followed by our chronoster, W M. Bottome, class '73, who read to us an elegantly composed article on "Memories and Revelations since last we met." We would much like to repeat some of the jokes that were brought forth upon the unsuspecting member, but of course over this we are compelled to draw the veil of secrecy. The loud and frequent applause showed the appreciation given to his efforts. Thos. M. Chaney, M. D., class '62, of Maryland, delivered the Anniversary Oration. Its composition showed labor and interest, while his practical but polished remarks were well received. J. L. Shelley, class '71, gave to us the Anniversary Poem, which was a model of beauty and elegance. Jack always had a marvelously smooth way of saying everything, but when he had The Fraternity for his subject, he even surpassed himself. This was an end of the literary exercises; and it was just the time, as occasional glimpses of the banquet had made the boys restless and each one was eager to test its quality. We hereupon took our march for the dining hall. It is absolutely impossible for us to attempt to describe the feast that our kind host had prepared for us. It was grand, his bill of fare was complete and not made merely for show, as each tempting viand when called for was forthcoming. Much praise is due to Mr. Bentz, and by no means would we forget the one in charge of his culinary department. After the banquet the following regular toasts were called and warmly responded to:

Our Fraternity—M. C. Herman, esq.

The G. A. C.—D. J. Myers, jr., class '72.

The Grand Chapter—W. R. Woodward, jr., class '71.

Our Alma Matres—F. E. Beltzhoover, esq.

Our College Days—A. Sharpe, esq.

Our Wives, Sisters, &c.—Geo. E. Wilbur, class '73.

These were followed by a large number of promiscuous toasts in which all had a chance to allow their overflowing spirits to have exit. We will mention only a few:

Our Boat Club—Jos. P. Gross, class '72

The Army and Navy—Geo. M. Long, U. S. N.

Our Former Symposiums—T. M. Chaney and J. H. Rives, M. D.

Study Sociability &c.—J. Horace Lind, class '73.

At short intervals good old Phi Psi songs filled the hall, and animated each heart. We thought not of sleeping guests, and under the good feeling of the occasion felt capable of enduring all their maledictions. But an end must come to all things and to the eating and speaking of our Symposium there had to be an end, though its memories will live forever. We left the Bentz House at an *early* hour, as quietly as we went every one highly pleased with the occasion. We will now live in the memories of Friday evening, the twenty-second ultimo, until we can look ahead and live in anticipation of the good time coming when the Zeta will hold her Fourteenth Annual Symposium.

The following members of the Fraternity sent letters of regret at their inability to be present: Gen. H. H. Bingham, Philadelphia; Theodore Tilton, New York city; Chaplain McCabe, New York City; Col. W. H. Harrison, Philadelphia; Dr. S. S. Apple, Allentown; Dr. E. L. Evans, Philadelphia; D. W. McCurdy, C. E. Merritt, J. M. McDowell, M. A. Points, T. J. Hunter, L. M. Bacon, esqrs., Prof. W. Handy Dashiell; and many others.

EGROEG E. RUBLIW.

AN occurrence which makes the very blood freeze within the veins of the reader, came to light last Monday over in Clifton, Calumet county, Wisconsin. Thomas Downing, who for some time has lived alone in a small shanty, back from any road, over in that locality, and quarried stone for a livelihood, was taken violently sick at his home on the twenty-second of last January with bilious fever, and was confined to his bed from that time until Monday, March 4. During the long weary days of his illness no one called—no one to lend a helping hand in administering to the wants of the sufferer; and all because the location of his residence was so secluded that he had not been missed from his daily round of toil. Last Monday, however, came the good Samaritan. A gentleman who had sold Mr. Downing, a quantity of butter last Fall called at his residence on Monday to make a collection on the same. Upon approaching the house there were no visible signs of life, but from the interior emanated pitiful wails that were most harrowing to the soul. An entrance was forced, and the suffering man found on his bed with boots and clothes all on, in which condition he had passed the length of time above stated, without the comfort of fire, and for the last fifteen days without food or water. In this condition he was lifted from his cot, and conveyed to the house of a near neighbor, medical aid was at once summoned, and, at this writing, he is pronounced in a fair way to recover.

METHODIST CONFERENCE.

LOCK HAVEN, Pa., March 26.—Religious services conducted by Rev. J. W. Haughawout. The journal was read and approved. The committee on Dickinson College reported favorably in regard to the affairs of that institution.

James F. Davis was made supernumerary with an appointment. The committee on memoirs was granted permission to prepare a memoir of Rev Dr. Ryan, of York, and furnish the same for publication in the annual minutes.

The following paper, signed by J. B. Young, W. M. Neminger and H. C. Pardoe, was read and adopted:

WHEREAS, Our beloved brother, John D. Brown, intends to return to his work in India;

And Whereas, His zealous, intelligent and constant labors among us in behalf of foreign missions has been crowned with great and gratifying success, rendering that cause more interesting, familiar and weighty in our view, and bringing us to feel more deeply than ever our responsibilities.

Resolved, That we tender to Brother Brown our hearty thanks for the instruction and encouragement we have gained by intercourse with him, that we assure him of our tender sympathies in the approaching trial that awaits him in parting from his children, for the sake of preaching Christ in India, and that we will follow him with our prayers that God may powerfully bless him and make him a mighty instrumentality in the redemption of the land of the Hindoo to Christ.

Rev. Dr. Hodgson addressed the conference in a very touching and felicitous manner in relation to the transfer of Brother Brown to his foreign work.

The amount of $853 11 was announced as being the collection for the expenses of the general conference delegates.

The tract committee presented a report which was read and adopted.

The report of the Sunday School committee elicited considerable discussion.

The committee on Dickinson seminary reported as follows:

WHEREAS, It has been one of the great objects of this conference to secure a first-class literary institution within the bounds of our conference, and God has blessed us with such an institution in Williamsport Dickinson seminary; therefore,

1. *Resolved*, That we hear with pleasure and gratitude of the continued prosperity of that institution.

2. That we have the most implicit confidence in the present efficient president, Rev. W. Lee Spottswood, D. D.

3. That we pledge ourselves as a conference to contribute to the support of Williamsport Dickinson seminary by securing for it all the patronage we can.

4. That having heard a statement from the majority of the directors, we discover nothing in the present management or future prospects of the seminary to shake our confidence in its financial success.

Resolutions of thanks were tendered the trustees of Lock Haven Methodist Episcopal church, citizens of the city and others. The conference joined in singing

"Then let our bodies part
To different climes repair,
Inseparably joined in hearts
The friends of Jesus are"

Prayer was offered by Rev. Mr. Brown.

The bishop, after brief words of encouragement and hope, read the following appointments for

CARLISLE DISTRICT.

Thompson Mitchell, presiding elder. Carlisle, first church, G. T. Gray; Emory and Newville, Wm. M. Frysinger; Mount Holly, R. Mallalieu; Chambersburg, first church, T. M. Reese; second church, A. M. Kester; Shippensburg, W. C. Hesser; Shippensburg circuit, E. White; Rehoboth, J. A. Dixon; Mechanicsburg, J. M. Lantz; York, first church, D. S. Monroe; Duke street, G. W. Miller; Wrightsville, H. M. Ash; Shrewsbury, J. Lloyd, E. E. A. Deaver; Castle Fin, I. Edwards; Hanover and New Oxford, Wm. H. Keith; York Springs, S. M. Frost; Bendersville, J. H. S. Clarke; Gettysburg, J. B. Young; Mont Alto, H. M. Minnigh; New Cumberland, J. M. Clarke, J. S. Comp; O. Ege, supernumerary; Duncannon, C. Graham; Newport, H. C. Cheston; Liverpool, J. W. Feight; Waynesboro', J. Donahue; Greencastle, A. H. Mench; Mercersburg, W. W. Reese; M'Connelsburg, R. H. Wharton, J. M. Duncan; Cove, to be supplied. T. P. Ege, president of Irving female college, member of Mechanicsburg quarterly conference.

William Earnshaw, chaplain National asylum for disabled soldiers, Dayton, Ohio, member of Warrior's Mark quarterly conference.

W. Harden, J. F. Ockerman, H. M. Harman transferred to Baltimore conference; J. W. Langley, transferred to Philadelphia conference; Jas. Mullin, transferred to Wyoming conference; J. A. Fullerton, to West Virginia conference; J. D. Brown to India conference; A. Hartman, transferred to Kansas conference.

Next conference will be held at Chambersburg, Pa. Time not given.

SENATORIAL CONFERENCE.—The Conferees of Franklin and Cumberland counties met in Shippensburg, on the twenty-seventh ultimo, for the purpose of electing a Senatorial Delegate from the Nineteenth Senatorial District to the tenth of April Republican State Convention.

David A. Wertz, Edward G. Etter and H. Myers appeared as Conferees from Franklin county, and Henry Snyder, Lemuel Todd and Jos. W. Ogilby appeared as Conferees from Cumberland county.

The Conference was organized by electing Lemuel Todd chairman, and Henry Myers secretary. After considerable discussion, E. G. Etter, of Chambersburg, was elected Senatorial Delegate, and the following resolution was passed:

Resolved, That the Senatorial Delegate from the Nineteenth Senatorial District to State Conventions, shall be chosen alternately from Cumberland and Franklin counties, commencing with the latter county, and that each county, in its turn, may nominate and appoint the delegate without requiring the formality of a conference, or the assent of the other county.

LEMUEL TODD, Chairman.
HENRY MYERS, Sec'y.

SECRETARY DELANO has addressed a letter to Governor Burbank, of Idaho, by direction of the President, requesting him to issue a warning to all persons not to attempt to settle or invade the Indian reservations in that Territory.

IT appears from the testimony before the Judiciary Committee, that nearly two hundred of the very lowest criminals have been released at various times from Blackwell's Island, by Judges Cardozo and Barnard, in violation of the forms of law.

PERSONAL.

MISS CHARLOTTE CUSHMAN is 58; no more.

JOSEPH STANLEY, a colored man of New York city, worth $75,000, died suddenly on Sunday.

GENERAL SICKLES, United States Minister to Spain, is expected to arrive in Madrid on or about April 7.

FATHER GAVAZZI, the well-known priest and politician, contemplates visiting America, and expects to sail from Rome some time during April.

THE members of the Japanese mission, now in this country, inform their agents in London that they will leave Washington in the beginning of May.

NAGAOKA, one of the Japanese princes ruling in the north of Nephon, accompanied by a student, passed through Chicago, eastward, on Sunday evening, to join the ambassadorial party.

J. SELLA MARTIN and George L. Ruffin, the Massachusetts delegation to the New Orleans Colored Convention, have left Washington for that city. Both of these delegates are strong Grant men.

GENERAL BELKNAP, the Secretary of War, was among the first to give the idea and plan of establishing the system of storm-signals his hearty support. His organization of it within his department reflects the highest credit upon his administration.

BRIEF ITEMS.

THE smallpox is spreading in New York and is on the increase in Brooklyn.

HON. T. V. WALKER, ex-U. S. Senator from Wisconsin, died of apoplexy Friday.

THE notorious thief and bank robber, Dutch Heinrich, was sentenced to ten years in Sing Sing, Saturday.

THE Missouri Legislature has extended the limits of St. Louis on the western and northern boundaries.

WEBER'S picture establishment, in New York, was damaged by fire to the extent of $20,000, Saturday.

THE crew of the steamer Hornet have recovered $2,700 as extra wages for being discharged in a foreign port.

THE first through train from Louisville to New York, passed over the iron bridge at Cincinnati, on Monday.

COL. A. T. HAMMOND, reporter of the Supreme Court of Georgia, has been appointed Attorney General of the State by the Governor.

CARL VOGT, the alleged Belgian murderer, has been identified as Stupp, the superintendent of the murdered man's estate.

AN attempt was made by some unknown miscreants, on Thursday, to throw the Boston express train off the track, at William's Bridge, which was frustrated by the alertness of Mr. and Mrs. Reidinger, who reside near the spot.

Home and County Items.

THURSDAY, APRIL 4, 1872.

DON'T neglect securing your seats for Anna Dickinson's lecture.

IMPORTANT.—Not to overlook the advertisement of the new firm, at the old central corner. MILLER & BUTTORFF.

REMEMBER Anna E. Dickinson will lecture in Rheem's Hall on the ninth of April, at 8 p. m.

THE Cumberland Guards (colored) were paid off by the Military Board, a few days since.

THE latest—a man and woman going down Main street, the other afternoon, each leading a pig.

MR. JOHN FALLER, sr., an aged and respected citizen of this borough, fell dead in Bosler's warehouse yesterday afternoon, while engaged in conversation.

BY the executors of John Jacobs, sr., deceased, in Middlesex township, on the road leading from New Kingston to Sterrett's Gap, valuable household and kitchen furniture. On Friday, April 12, 1872.

MR. HENRY BROWN, on West Pomfret street, has a fine lot of Brahma chickens on hand. To those of our citizens who intend raising chickens, and wish to obtain eggs, we would recommend that they patronize Mr. Brown.

THE proprietor of the hall, in response to the appeal in our last, had a new floor placed in our composing room. Major, you could still further favor us by continuing the good work three stories higher up. Do you understand?

THE colony from Penn and Dickinson township, this county, take their departure to-day, for their Western homes. We sincerely trust that they may have a pleasant trip.

REV. CHARLES S. ALBERT, of Lancaster, the newly-elected pastor of the First English congregation of this place, will preach his introductory sermon on Sabbath next.

EASTER Rabbits were plenty in market on Saturday last, at 10 cents each. Mr. Shrodenbaugh, baker, had a large number of them for sale. The purchasers of the animals were certain of one egg.

MR. DUFFY LOUDON, left this place on Tuesday morning last for New York; and from thence he accompanies Paymaster Long, on the Steamer Portsmouth to Rio Janeiro, where they will join the Lancaster, and from that point their destination is unknown, being subject to orders. Mr. L. has been chosen as assistant clerk by Captain Long.

COWARDLY ACT.—On Monday night last, some maliciously disposed persons plugged shut the key holes of the doors of each of the engine houses in this borough. We did not suppose there were any persons in this place that would be guilty of committing such an act. A reward of $10 is offered for the arrest of the persons so engaged.

CAR SHOPS.—Work has already commenced on the proposed car shops, by Messrs. F. Gardner & Co. The Messrs. Sheaffer, carpenters, have received the contract for covering the roof with H. W. Johns Patent Asbestos coating. This is said to be one of the best roof coatings in use at the present time. The first premium was awarded it at the American Institute in 1870. The Messrs. Sheaffer are the agents for this section of the country.

ARRESTED ON SUSPICION.—Wm. Early and Mary A. Comfort, were arrested by the Deputy Sheriff of Frederick county, Maryland, at or near Shippensburg, Pa., and brought to this place by Constable Jacob Keefer. They are suspected of having killed a man by the name of—— Osburn, near Fishing creek, in said county. The body of Osburn was found near the shanty in which these people lived, murdered, but in what manner we cannot say. These parties had fled before the body was found. They have with them two little children, one a boy about three years old and a baby about ten months old. They are held here until they are removed by a requisition.

THE "calithumpian" serenaders were out in force the other night.

MARCH, marched out "like a lion," and April came in like one.

YOUNG AMERICA has abandoned marble playing, and is now engaged in "flying kites."

THE present is a good time to subscribe for THE HERALD, only $2.00 per annum in advance.

MR. A. J. SITES, has just received a large lot of apples, oranges, lemons, &c., which he will dispose at low prices. Fresh fish received daily.

MR. J. P. NEFF's mammoth advertisement appears in the present issue. To those of our friends who use the "noxious weed," go and pay Mr. Neff's establishment a visit. To those of our lady readers who wish to obtain anything in the fancy goods line, drop in and see his stock before going elsewhere.

NOTICE.—All the members of True Friends' Lodge, K. of P. No. 56, are urgently requested to be present at the regular meeting to-morrow (Friday) evening, at the usual hour. Important business to be transacted.

PERSONAL.—Rev. J. E. Babb, formerly of this county, but at present a resident of Indiana county, this State, paid us a visit on Thursday last. The Reverend gentleman expressed himself as well pleased with his Western home.

MR. L. V. FALLER, of Pittsburgh, returned home on a brief visit, on the first instant.

AMERICAN STOCK JOURNAL.—The April number of this excellent periodical has been received. It is replete as ever with useful, and to the enterprising stock-breeder, indispensable information. Every department is ably sustained with well written articles, illustrated by some twenty-five engravings of dairy fixtures, buildings, horses, cattle, sheep, hogs, poultry, dogs, etc. All our subscribers can receive free specimen copies by addressing the publishers, N, P. Boyer & Co., Parkersburg, Pa.

OUR citizens will be pleased to learn that Rev. W. M. Frysinger, the popular and efficient pastor of the Emory congregation, has been returned to this place for another year. Rev. J. D. Brown, of the First charge, at his own request, will return to the missionary work in India. Rev. Mr. Gray, succeeds him.

COMING.—The Wonderful Maryland Fire King will give two entertainments in Rheem's Hall, on Thursday and Friday evenings, April 4 and 5. This individual has created sensation wherever he has appeared. The press and medical faculty of Baltimore have pronounced him a fire-proof man. Admission 35 cents; children 20 cents.

POPULAR HOTEL.—To those of our citizens who may visit Lancaster, and wish a pleasant house to stop at during their sojourn in that city, we would recommend the Leopard hotel, corner of Duke and East King streets, Mr. George Sensenich, proprietor. Mr. S. has earned an enviable reputation as a caterer to the wants of the public. The clerks are attentive and obliging, and the tables supplied with the best that the market affords.

PUBLIC SALES.—As we have been giving our readers an account of the prices realized at the sales in the centre and "upper end" of the county, a subscriber has handed us the following returns of sales in the "lower end:"

Mr. Joseph Eberly's sale in Hampden township, amounted to $3,400; called by Mr. John Sheaffer.

At John Mateer's sale, in East Pennsboro' township, a yearling colt sold for $150, and one young mare for $242.

At Mr. John Smith's sale, in the same township, cows sold as high as $70 a head, and sheep at $16 apiece.

At Mr. H. Bowman's sale, in Lower Allen township, cows sold at $80 a head.

Mr. John Sheaffer's (auctioneer) sale, in Hampden township, amounted to $3,000.

SUDDEN DEATH.—It becomes our sad duty to chronicle the sudden death of Miss Lizzie Ensminger, daughter of Mr. Samuel Ensminger, of this borough, on Sabbath evening last. The day of her death she complained of feeling weak, but nothing serious was apprehended, as she was able to perform her accustomed household duties; but on that evening she suddenly died.

This sudden visitation of Providence has cast a gloom over our borough, and the sympathies of the entire community are with the sorrow-stricken family.

The remains were interred in the Public Cemetery on Wednesday forenoon, and were followed to their silent resting place by a large number of citizens, and also by the choir of the First Methodist church—of which she was a member—who sang a requiem at the grave.

FIRST OF APRIL.—The first was an unusually bright and clear day, (for a wonder,) though the air was cool and bracing. At an early hour the streets were thronged with people and continued so throughout the day. The Banks transacted an unusually large amount of business; their labors extending into the "wee sma' hours" of the following day. Money matters were unusually "tight," so the "knowing ones" inform us.

The streets were filled with wagons containing every conceivable description of "household and kitchen furniture." Many persons in the suburban districts, also engaged in this pleasant pasttime. In Plainfield we have been informed that with the exception of three families, everybody changed their habitation.

BOROUGH FINANCES.

The following table, exhibiting the amount of orders paid out during the year 1871, by the Town Council, has been handed us by the present borough treasurer, Joseph W. Ogilby, for publication:

R. McCartney, services clerk		$5 00
Wm. B. Parker, services		50 00
C. P. Humrich, services		50 00
Fire Co., Appropriation		550 00
Clock expense		25 00
Regulator		5 00
Printing		134 00
State tax		111 65
Preparing duplicate		20 00
Stationary and stamps		8 45
Hire		3 00
Gas and water bills		1,128 35
Expenses lamps and plugs		256 88
Expenses at market house		22 13
Posting bills		75
Repairing pumps		4 00
Secretary		150 00
Treasurer		175 00
Clerk of market		25 00
Janitor		80 00
Curator of grave yard		25 00
Interest on coupons and judgment		152 45
Lamp lighters		415 07
High constable		525 00
Extra police		17 00
Justice's fees (Smith)		2 00
Cleaning grave yard		58 70
Cleaning spring		46 88
Work on streets	2,331 18	
Stone and curb	601 50	
Repairing tools	14 65	
Powder, &c	13 05	
Lumber, &c., for street commissioner	157 01	$3,120 20
Bonded debt		7,361 67
Interest on bonded debt		3,204 00
		$10,505 67

RHEEM'S HALL, Tuesday evening, April 9, Miss Anna E. Dickinson.

WINTER has ceased "lingering in the lap of Spring."

THE Messrs. Sheaffer, carpenters, will accept thanks for favors received during the past week.

SPECIAL NOTICE.—Do not fail to read Miller & Buttorff's new advertisement in this paper.

THE Rev. Alexander Wiley, of Philadelphia, Pa., will preach his introductory sermons in the Bethel, on West street, on next Sunday at 11 o'clock a. m., and 7 p. m.

THE new Street Commissioner, Mr. Black, has a force of workmen engaged in improving Court House Avenue.

D. A. SAWYER leaves for the city in a couple of days, and will have open next week a choice stock of dress goods, shawls, cassimeres and notions: Do not fail to call and examine his stock.

WHAT can be the matter with the Water Works? The fish still continue to come through the pipes in large numbers, all sizes and kinds, from the minnie, to the "cattie" of 6 and 8 inches in length.

THE RT. REV. DR. HOWE, Bishop of the Diocese of Central Pennsylvania, will preach in St. John's Church, on Wednesday evening, April 10, and administer the sacred rite of Confirmation. The service will begin at half-past seven o'clock.

THE alarm of fire on last Saturday evening was occasioned by the burning of a stable on Locust Alley. Although the firemen were promptly on the spot, their services were not called into requisition, as the flames were extinguished before any serious damage was sustained. The work of the incendiary.

MISS ANNA E. DICKINSON.—This eloquent female orator will deliver the closing lecture of the course of "Popular Lectures and Concerts" in Rheem's Hall, on Tuesday evening, April 9, at 8 o'clock. Tickets for lecture to be had at Piper's and Neff's stores and of John G. Orr, A. Blair or J. H. Bosler.

NEW LIVERY.—Our former townsman, Mr. Lewis Bosh, late of the firm of Bosh & Bretz, has opened a new livery in Chambersburg. Mr Bosh has fitted his stable up in first-class style, keeping good animals and new vehicles. We would recommend him to the citizens of our sister town.

SQUIRE SMITH, late Justice of the Peace, announces in the present issue, that he will in the future, direct his special attention to the collection and settlement of all claims, such as book accounts, vendue notes, and to the selling and renting of real estate. Office in the Court House.

JOB WORK of every description executed promptly at THIS OFFICE. We have just received a large lot of superior envelopes which we will dispose of at a low price. Have also received a large lot of "ornate" cards, which cannot be surpassed for beauty and novelty as business cards. Paper books a specialty. Give us a call, as we guarantee satisfaction or no pay.

IN our notice of the entertainment given by the Aid Society of the Methodist church, we inadvertently omitted referring to Mr. John Spahr's assistance in getting up the entertainment. At a meeting of the Society on Monday evening last, the members unanimously tendered a vote of thanks to Mr. John Spahr, for the efforts put forth by him to make the "Oratorio" a success. Also, to Mr. William Spahr and the other young gentlemen who so kindly volunteered their services.

CLOTHING EMPORIUM.—We would direct attention to the ad. of H. S. Ritter & Son, Drapers and merchant tailors, No. 44 West Main street, which appears in the present issue. Their stock of cloths, cassimeres, and vestings is one of the finest ever brought to this place. Their long experience in the clothing business enables them to say that their prices cannot be surpassed. Cassimeres by the yard at all prices. A full line of furnishing goods always on hand. If you wish to obtain a "knobby" suit of clothes and a perfect fit, pay them a visit. Agents for the Original Howe Sewing Machine Improved.

EVERYTHING new and beautiful can be seen in a few days at the cheap dry goods store of Duke & Burkholder, North Hanover street. Mr. Burk. is now in the East, and will thoroughly canvass the market to obtain the latest styles. You can feast your eyes and adorn yourselves in all the novelties of the season. It is a popular query how these young men can sell so cheap, nevertheless they do it, and they say they intend to cut goods lower than ever this spring, therefore, look out for some extra good bargains. Don't purchase till you have examined this new and splendid stock.

LITTELL'S LIVING AGE.—The last two weekly numbers of *The Living Age* contain: Wanderings in Japan, *Cornhill Magazine*; Sir Henry Holland's Recollections, *Quarterly Review*; Mahomet, *British Quarterly Review*; The Fourth Gospel, *Contemporary Review*; The Kriegsspiel, *Fraser's Magazine*; English Rural Poetry, *Cornhill Magazine*; The Situation in France, *Economist*; the continuation of "The Story of the Plebiscite," by the distinguished French writers MM. Erckman-Chatrian, and of "Off the Skelligs," by Jean Ingelow; besides short articles, poetry, etc. The subscription price of this 64 page weekly magazine is $8 a year, or for $10 any one of the American $4 magazines is sent with the *Living Age* for a year. Littell & Gay, Boston, Publishers.

LIST OF PATENTS.—The following patents were issued from the U. S. Patent Office, to citizens of Pennsylvania, outside of Philadelphia, for the week ending March 26, 1872:

Reported for THE HERALD by Alexander & Mason, solicitors of patents, 605 Seventh street, Washington, D. C.

Steam water ejector, Jno. Habermehl and Henry Kleman, Allegheny; fanning mill, H. K. Stoner, West Lampeter; method of detaching boats, L. H. Watson, Pittsburg; music leaf turner, Wm. Weaver, Phœnixville; water tube steam boiler, C. G. Beitel, Easton; tool for enlarging oil wells, C. Bullock, Meadville; sash holder, A & L. S. Griffin, Scranton; conical stop cock, J. E. Jones, Tidioute; preserving sweet potatoes, J. C. Tilton, Pittsburg; ice cream freezer, T. Weaver, Harrisburg; preparing fertilizing material from earth, S. Brown, New Oxford; apparatus for carbureting air, Geo. Reznor, Mercer; cultivator, Jacob S W. Spangler, York.

RE-ISSUES.

Attaching carriage wheels to their axles, W. Elder, Mill Hall.

JUST received a fine lot of Syrups at the New Store of James Green & Co.

TRIBUTE OF RESPECT.—At the regular meeting of Conodoguinet Tribe, No. 108 I. O. R. M., held at their Wigwam, on the twenty-eighth of March, 1872, the following preamble and resolutions were unanimously adopted:

WHEREAS, It has pleased the Great Spirit to call to the happy hunting grounds our beloved brother, George H. Goetz; therefore,

Resolved, That in him we lose a true and faithful brother, and bowing to the will of the most Holy Spirit, we deeply regret the loss.

Resolved, That while the sympathies of this tribe are with the family of the deceased brother, we will do all in our power to ameliorate the loss of the same.

Resolved, That the Wigwam be draped in mourning for the usual period.

Resolved, That these resolutions be published in the Carlisle and Greencastle papers, and a copy be sent to the family of the deceased.

SAMUEL KRONENBERG,
C. C. FABER,
A. B. EWING,
Committee.

EDUCATIONAL.—Below is given the standing of five scholars who stood highest during the past term in "The Oaks" high school of South Middleton, taught by J. Zeamer.

		Attendance	No of studies	Nos.
1	Martha J. Means,	121 days	13	7,669
2	John P. [illegible],	116½ "	13	7,172
3	Carrie A. Nailor,	112 "	13	6,484
4	Maggie Means,	110 "	12	6,368
5	Sarah E. Searight,	110 "	13	6,224

Misses Martha J. Means, Carrie A. Nailor, Maggie A. Means and Master Chalmers Stuart received medals for good conduct, punctuality and diligence. In the primary school of the same place, taught by Mrs. J. Zeamer, the following pupils received medals for good conduct, &c: Clara Danner, Annie Danner, Charlie Nailer and Robert Y. Stuart.

The whole number of pupils on the roll of "The Oaks" high school for the past term was 29 and the percentage for the term 87; that of the girls during the fourth month reaching 100. The whole number of pupils of "The Oaks" primary was 47, the percentage of term 80; that of the girls during the sixth month reaching 94. The lowest average attendance of any one month in the high school was 19; highest 27. The lowest average attendance of any one month in the primary was 27; highest 35. These schools have again been opened for a summer session of twelve weeks with the most encouraging prospects

SUNDAY SCHOOL CONVENTION.—The third Quarterly Convention of the Middle District Sunday School Association will convene at Mount Holly, on the twentieth day of April, at 9 o'clock, a. m., and continue in session until Sabbath evening. Each school in the district is requested to send three delegates, one of which shall be the superintendent to the Convention, provided with a written report stating the number of officers, teachers, pupils, volumes, amount of money expended and in treasury, and the condition of the schools. Delegates should be present at the opening session. It is hoped that all schools closed during the Winter will be reopened prior to and represented in the Convention. Able lecturers will be present to give instructions on the Holy Land, the Tabernacle, class and blackboard exercises, &c. The exercises will be varied, entertaining and instructive.

A cordial invitation is extended to the clergy in the district, and all lovers of the Sabbath School work, to attend and participate in the exercises.

By order of the Executive Committee.

W. H. RUSSELL,
Secretary

GRAND Jurors, April Term, Oyer and Terminer and General Jail Delivery and Court of Quarter Sessions, 1872.

Graham Alfred M	laborer	Frankford
Griffen Wm	shoemaker	Shipp'g Boro'
Leidig Geo W	farmer	Monroe
Lyne Levi	"	Southampton
Kisinger Joseph	laborer	W Pennsboro'
Davidson John S	gentleman	W Pennsboro'
Bosh Lewis	liveryman	Carlisle
Baker David R	farmer	Southampton
Hale Martin G	"	Southampton
Baker Henry jr	"	Hopewell
Reeser John B		Hampden
Young Lewis	blacksmith	N Cumberland
Goodyear Benjamin	farmer	S Middleton
Gutshall John	"	Mifflin
Heberlig Adam	"	Hopewell
Naugle Sam'l	"	Southampton
Wills John	laborer	E Pennsboro
Yohl Daniel	farmer	S Middleton
Myers Jacob	"	S Middleton
Shaffner Geo	laborer	Penn
Croman Fredk	cabinetmaker	Carlisle
Deen Simon	plasterer	Mechanicsburg
Wagner Wm	farmer	Frankford
Hoover David	miller	Middlesex

Traverse Jurors, April Term, Oyer and Terminer and General Jail Delivery and Court of Quarter Sessions of the Peace and Court of Common Pleas, 1872.

Wm Jacoby	farmer	W Pennsboro'
Hartzler Sam'l N	"	Lower Allen
Moore Thomas	blacksmith	Dickinson
Shively David	farmer	Frankford
Lantz Levi	"	Upper Allen
Sherman Salsberry	merchant	Mifflin
Boll John	farmer	Mifflin
Hook Eugene	"	Southampton
Dick Andrew J	"	Hampden
Cockley Sam'l G	shoemaker	Mechanicsburg
Garner John L	dealer	Shipp'g Twp'
Anderson Thomas	farmer	Silver Spring
Beetem Geo S	carpenter	Carlisle
Brown Wm A	farmer	Penn
Peffer Wm	gentleman	Carlisle
Otto John	farmer	Dickinson
Orth Hiram	tailor	Lower Allen
McDerman John	blacksmith	Newville
Baker John	farmer	S Middleton
Smith Charles A	painter	Carlisle
Isenberger H D	laborer	N Cumberland
Lesher John jr	farmer	Middlesex
Keefer Daniel	"	Hopewell
Trego Parker M	"	Penn
Wise John F	farmer	Mifflin
Marshall James	gentleman	Carlisle
Cox John J	"	Shipp'g Twp'
Blosier Wm	cabinetmaker	Frankford
Bitner Mathias	farmer	Lower Allen
Simmons Jacob	"	Silver Spring
Bosh G G	tobacconist	Carlisle
Reap John	shoemaker	Penn
Fosnought John	farmer	Newton
Davis E R	merchant	Shipp'g Boro'
Bear Wilson	butcher	E Pennsboro'
Mull Zebe P	merchant	Mifflin
Carothers James M	farmer	W Pennsboro'
Coover George	gentleman	Shipp'g Boro'
Eichelberger Jacob sr	"	E Pennsboro'
Miller John A	miller	Southampton
Bugerd John	farmer	Monroe
Zeigler A B	liveryman	Carlisle
Gardner Henry	machinist	Carlisle
Mayberry Peter	farmer	Frankford
Martin David	"	Middlesex
Grider John jr	miller	W Pennsboro'
Young John	dealer	Lower Allen
Hartz Peter	laborer	Monroe

Traverse Jurors, April Term, and Court of Common Pleas, 1872, (second week).

Bixler Joshua P	merchant	Carlisle
Stone Samuel	farmer	Frankford
Diller Wm	"	W Pennsboro'
Hantch Nathan	tailor	Carlisle
Mullen Henry R	innkeeper	S Middleton
Steigleman J W	farmer	Silver Spring
Smith James H	laborer	W Pennsboro'
Sweigert Sam'l B	papermaker	S Middleton
Killian John M	butcher	Newville
Devenney John	farmer	Upper Allen
Elliott James	Justice	W Pennsboro'
Taylor Philip	farmer	Southampton
Faber Lewis	mason	Carlisle
Shreiner J H W	painter	Carlisle
Senseman Adam	coachmaker	Carlisle
Weaver David	farmer	Upper Allen
Pague John	butcher	Shipp'g Boro'
Beam Sam'l	blacksmith	Newton
Albright Willoughby	farmer	S Middleton
Dysert Adam	shoemaker	Carlisle
French Sam'l	cooper	W Pennsboro'
Mater John	farmer	E Pennsboro'
Seaver Levi	"	Penn
Williams David	"	Newton
Myers Benj	farmer	[illegible] Pennsboro'
Sheaffer Robt	carpenter	Carlisle
Kennedy Cornelius	farmer	Frankford
Monyer Peter	confectioner	Carlisle
Gardner Eugene	printer	Mechanicsburg
Mowers John	blacksmith	Shipp'g Boro'
Leidigh Adam	merchant	S Middleton
Clendenin James	farmer	Middlesex
Noaker W H	"	Dickinson
Gixler Jeremiah		Dickinson
Bowers Adam	liveryman	Newville
Crop Geo W	plasterer	Carlisle
Lindsay John	miller	W Pennsboro'
George Eli	innkeeper	[illegible] Pennsboro'
Hoch George	sadler	[illegible] Pennsboro'
Clendenin Calvin	tanner	Silver Spring
Beetem Samuel	farmer	Middlesex
Ginter Daniel M	laborer	Southampton
Zug David	farmer	S Middleton
Kerr James A	butcher	Carlisle
Eberly Jacob	gentleman	Mechanicsburg
Bowman Geo U	"	Carlisle
Brenneman Isaac	"	Middlesex
Peffer Lafayette	farmer	Dickinson