The Carlisle Herald.

VOL. 71. NO. 24.

Republican State Ticket.

FOR AUDITOR GENERAL.
COL. DAVID STANTON, of Beaver.

FOR SURVEYOR GENERAL,
COL. ROBERT B. BEATH, of Schuylkill.

THERE are said to be some 15,000 colored voters in the State of Ohio. This fully accounts for the new departure on the platform of the Democracy of the State.

IT is stated that Chief Justice Chase has declared that he will support the Democratic candidate for Governor of Ohio, at the next election. Poor Chase, his mind appears to totter under his bodily afflictions. How are the mighty fallen.

THE few Republicans who saw fit to desert their party, on account of the Fifteenth Amendment, are respectfully requested to read the platforms of the Democratic party, in Pennsylvania, and Ohio, and then to figure up how much they have gained by turning their political coats.

CAN any soldier who served faithfully in the ranks, during the war, vote for a man, who in the darkest hour of the struggle, spurned a commission tendered him by the Government, and hurried back to private life in order to win the applause of those who proclaimed the war a failure, and exerted themselves to make it such? If our soldier boys desire such a candidate, the Democratic party has furnished the article.

THAT veteran Republican, Hon. Benjamin F. Wade, of Ohio, has consented to be the Republican candidate for Governor of that State. There is no man living, who has a firmer hold on the affections of the people of that State, than has the bluff, honest old statesman, who represented them in the Senate for eighteen years, and there is no other for whom they will so heartily rally. Wade will make the Democrats of that section comprehend that even their "new departure" will not save them.

JUDGE PACKER, of Carbon county, or of Philadelphia, has lately come to the surface in politics again. This time not as a candidate for President or Governor, but as the victim of a New York "interviewer," to whom the Judge explained the situation. He thinks the late Democratic platform a fraud and a cheat, and that it will not even answer the purpose intended—that of catching weak-kneed Republicans. In this the Judge's head is tolerably clear. After settling this matter, he proceeded to discuss the character of Governor Geary, and his chances for future preferment. He says "the Governor is a very weak man and that he struggles too hard." The Judge ought to remember that the Governor was quite strong enough to beat him a year or two ago, for a little office that Mr. Packer was exceedingly anxious to fill, and that he, of all other men in the State, had better not make that charge. The Judge wound up the conversation by suggesting Hon. James Thompson, as the Democratic candidate for President, which was certainly a very sagacious suggestion. Judge Thompson would be the man exactly—let him be nominated.

HON. FREDERICK WATTS.

The *Valley Spirit* and the *Franklin Repository*, have recently indulged in a very bitter denunciation of this gentleman, which we are bound to believe was occasioned by a misapprehension. The charge made by the *Spirit* as the occasion for the denunciation is as follows:

"Among the most bitter and unscrupulous enemies of the movement to pay the losses of the border counties, was Hon. Frederick Watts of the borough of Carlisle, in the county of Cumberland. His opposition was of the most extreme order. His malignity knew no bounds. With horrid profanity, he denounced the persons who had charge of the bill as thieves and plunderers. His fury seemed almost uncontrolable when he discovered that the general appropriation bill, as it passed both houses, gave $300,000 to Chambersburg. Notwithstanding the fact that the people of Cumberland county are largely interested in this movement, Judge Watts thought proper to interfere by writing a letter to Senator Miller, asking him to record his vote against the then pending bill. Senator Miller had too much good sound sense to follow this advice, and for his action we tender him our thanks."

The *Repository* copied this article, and added,

"The editor of the *Spirit*, when he penned this article, was not aware, perhaps, that Judge Watts also wrote a letter to Governor Geary, after it was manifest that the section in the appropriation bill giving three hundred thousand dollars to the people of Chambersburg, would pass the House, urging him to refuse his sanction to its becoming a law, even at the sacrifice of the general appropriation. If he had known this, his just indignation would have been still more intense. But while we perceive that wanton and unnatural malice towards the people of Chambersburg almost consumes Judge Watts, and that his violent outbursts in public places have transcended all the bounds of decency, and shocked and disgusted his friends, we cannot look upon his conduct quite in the light of our cotemporary."

The truth of the matter is simply this. During the pendency of the bill, reported for the payment of these border claims, Judge Watts wrote a letter to Senator Miller, on the subject of a railroad charter. In the close of that letter he expressed the wish that Mr. Miller would vote against the border bill, for the reason that it was intended to take money from the Treasury of the State, to enrich persons *who never lost anything by the invasions*. This is the full strength of the letter, and it expressed no opposition to the payment of the losses of the citizens who suffered. He never did write a letter, as the *Spirit* seems to intimate, asking Mr. Miller to vote against the appropriation to Chambersburg, nor did he make any other or further opposition to that bill, or to the subsequent one.

The information received by the *Repository*, is also very erroneous. JUDGE WATTS wrote no letter to Governor Geary, urging him to refuse his sanction to the appropriation bill, nor did he communicate with him in any way on the subject of the border damage bill at all. Judge Watts has no malice, whatever, to the citizens of Chambersburg, nor does he oppose the payment of those who have been injured; his only anxiety in the matter was that if there was an appropriation made, it should go to the sufferers, and none others.

This is simply the fair statement of his views and action, on this important matter, and it is but justice that he should be relieved from the prejudice which the misstatements above quoted are calculated to produce.

THE NEW DEPARTURE.

The harmonious Democracy will still have their little difficulties. The new departure appears to be anything but a source of joy to them. Quite a number of their journals fight along on the old line, entirely ignoring the platform of the late Convention, and a few of them are even fierce enough to denounce the new movement in most vigorous terms. The following from the West Chester *Jeffersonian*, one of the ablest of their country organs, well illustrates the harmony that reigns in their camp:

"On the day before the convention, several Democrats went up to Harrisburg from this place, to prevent, if possible, the party from taking the contemplated step. The first one of the 'ring' encountered, on their arrival, was H. G. Smith, of the Lancaster *Intelligencer*; from him they learned that there was a determination to put through the substance of the Vallandigham platform, he going so far as to say, that he was opposed to the repeal of the Fifteenth Amendment.

In the evening, determined to seek the spring head of this dark and hidden stream, R. E. Monaghan, esq., and Jos. Hemphill, esq., repaired to the room of Hon. W. A. Wallace. There they met Wallace, Smith, of the Lancaster *Intelligencer*; James P. Barr, of the Pittsburg *Post*; Hon. B. F. Myers, M. C., of the Harrisburg *Patriot*; J. D. Davis, State Senator from Berks county; Lamberton, of Wilkesbarre; Hon. Samuel J. Randall, M. C.; Wm. Mutchler, of Easton, and two or three others. The conversation soon turned to the platform, when Wallace read some resolutions he had prepared, and Myers some that he had written—both going the whole figure *for the amendments and the nigger*. Mr. Wallace prefaced the reading of his resolutions by the remark, 'that he feared the first one (the negro one) would not suit his friends from Chester.' After hearing it read, the gentleman from West Chester condemned it in the severest terms, saying: *'that it would be ruinous to the party in Chester county and throughout the State*—that the record of the party was such on this question, that it would be impossible to rally it upon such a platform— * * *

And Monaghan, quite excited, arose from his seat and said—"Well, gentlemen, I have not yet learned to be *a damned scoundrel in politics!*" * * *

The ninth resolution was passed by 76 yeas to 58 nays. The announcement of the vote was received with hisses and some little applause. During the debate the excitement was intense, and much feeling was displayed on both sides.

William A. Wallace was then very properly elected chairman of the State Central Committee, in order that he might demonstrate to the people of the State *how totally destitute of consistency is a professional politician.*

This whole affair was a job set up by a lot of scheming, huckstering politicians, headed by such men as Lewis C. Cassidy, William A. Wallace, B. F. Myers, Senator Davis, of Berks, and others; and who no more represent the true sentiments and principles of the Democratic party than do the edicts of the King of Dahomey. * * *

The Democratic party fight always upon principle and from firm and settled convictions, and have no idea of stultifying themselves by going upon their knees to their adversaries and the negroes, apparently asking forgiveness for what might then be called their unholy crusade against the good, just and beneficient acts of the 'trooly loil.' They believe now as they ever have, that these so-called amendments were foisted upon the country by means of fraud, perfidy and force, and that they should and must be repealed by peaceable means, unless passed in accordance with the mode prescribed by the 5th Article of the Constitution.

They accept these amendments as 'fixed facts' not one whit more than they do the Ku-Klux bill, the Bayonet Election law, and many other usurpations of the radicals. You find all such true and tried Democrats as Jeremiah S. Black, Wm. Hopkins, Charles R. Buckalew, Charles E. Boyle and Richard Vaux, opposed to this 'false departure.' It was gotten up by, and solely in the interest of a lot of office-seeking politicians, whose whole object is to obtain votes without the slightest regard to consistency or principle. In their efforts they have been assisted by the New York *World* and a few time-serving newspapers of this State, one, at least, of which has the reputation of having been bought up in the interest of a particular candidate in the last gubernatorial contest.* * * Our suggestion is that there should be another convention called, to expunge this odious and inconsistent resolution, treating it as the famous resolutions of censure against Andrew Jackson were treated by drawing black lines around and through it

GOV. GEARY stopped at the National Hotel, on Friday last, from 11.50 a. m., until one p. m. A great many of our citizens, regardless of party, called upon the Governor. He was on his return from a visit to the Russel Copper Mine, located near Waynesboro'. He addressed a railroad meeting at Waynesboro', on Thursday evening. The Governor expressed himself as delighted with the trip, and his kind treatment at the hands of the good citizens of Waynesboro'. He hopes to visit our county some time again during the summer, when our people has his promise for a more extended call.—*Public Opinion.*

THE Democratic party will soon be on the look out for a candidate for the Presidency. We hope they will not overlook the fact, that Mrs. Victoria C. Woodhull, is a candidate for the Presidency, and might, perhaps, be induced to take a nomination from them, since their new departure.

ARE the Democracy still the white man's party, or does the new departure commit them to negro equality and all its horrible consequences? Now don't everybody speak at once.

POLITICAL.

—HON. WILLIAM A. WALLACE, has been chosen Chairman of the Democratic State Central Committee, for the present campaign. He is one of the most energetic workers in their party.

—The Republicans of Beaver county, have nominated Dr. W. C. Shurlock for the Assembly. Dr. Shurlock has served two full sessions, and is known as one of the very best men in the House. His election is a sure thing.

—THE Republicans of Venango county have nominated C. D. McJunkin, esq., as their candidate for Representative. This is the third time Mr. McJunkin has been nominated from that county, and he will, doubtless, be continued as long as he desires to serve.

—CAPT. GEO. W. SKINNER, will be re-nominated by the Democrats of Franklin county for the Assembly. If Franklin must have a Democrat, the Captain should be the man certain'y, though we think our friends in the county ought soon to elect a Republican.

—HON. RUSSELL ERRETT, of Pittsburg, has been chosen Chairman of the Republican State Central Committee. This is a very excellent choice, and indicates that our friends will make a vigorous and effective campaign. Mr. Errett is a very vigorous worker, and thoroughly understands the importance of the coming campaign.

—HON. HARRY WHITE has received the unanimous nomination for Senator, in the Indiana and Westmoreland district. Gen. White has already represented that district for three terms in the Senate, and his unanimous nomination, though a very high compliment, is thoroughly deserved. He is one of the ablest men in the Senate, and is a most conscientious and energetic legislator.

—THE Republicans of Allegheny county, have nominated for Senators, Hon. James L. Graham, and Hon. Miles S. Humphreys. These are most judicious selections. Mr. Graham has already served two terms in the Senate, and has a most enviable reputation, as a gentleman of ability and integrity. Mr. Humphreys has seen considerable service in the House, where he was regarded as one of the leading and most influential members. Allegheny county is now entitled to three Senators, and appears determined that they shall be of the first-class.

LETTER FROM VICE PRESIDENT COLFAX.

NEW YORK, June 7.—Vice President Colfax in a letter to Whitelaw Reid, dated South Bend, June 5, says:

"I am glad to tell you that the journey from Washington made me stronger, and that here, in the quiet and happiness of family and home, I am regaining strength, which shall be guarded in future more than in the past. I think I have studied out the causes of the attack which prostrated me so suddenly on the twenty-second of May. A bronchial affection of several years' standing, caused by over much speaking in the open air, had been aggravated this spring into a severe bronchial catarrh, accompanied with a slight bilious derangement.

"When the President convoked the Senate, I left for Washington in such impaired health that I told my family it was the first time in twenty years that I had gone to a post of duty with reluctance, but if I stayed at home it would surely be attributed, though unjustly, to hostility to the pending treaty of peace and reconciliation. Although occupying the chair every day of the session, I was under medical treatment the whole time, and so far from the statement being true which has been so widely published, and credited to the New York *Sun*, that I smoked five or six strong cigars that day on an empty stomach, I smoked but one just before breakfast, six hours before the attack. I have had three previous attacks of vertigo, two while speaking, and have been warned by medical friends of the peril of more dangerous attacks, but have failed to heed the warning for the past ten years. Certainly since first elected to preside in the House, eight years ago when my constituency became wider than a single district, I have never risen in the morning here or at Washington that I have not felt that I had twice as much work to do that day as there was really time for. A correspondence of all conceivable inquiries, and all kinds of business, etc., often extending to hundreds of letters per week, I have attended to myself, in addition to official duties, always in hours stolen from rest and frequently in hours stolen from sleep. The very day I was attacked, having felt the oppressive atmosphere of the executive session more unpleasantly than usual, I left it, and going to my room wrote a large number of letters to catch up with arrears of correspondence, returning to the chair at 4 p. m. The blow fell ten minutes thereafter. It is the old story of mental strain without relaxation; but after this serious warning I intend to mend my ways, and to recognize that there is a limit which even the strongest constitution will not allow to be exceeded.

"Let me, in conclusion, correct another erroneous statement that I was not able to talk for a week after the attack. Every day I conversed with my physicians and attendants, but, feeling the necessity of quiet, I declined conversing with nearly all others who visited my room. "Yours truly,

SCHUYLER COLFAX."

We call the attention of the workingmen of the Democratic party, to the following description of the wedding of the daughter of W. M. Tweed, one of the leaders of their party. It will afford them a chance to contemplate the rich towards that follow the practice of Democratic virtues, and to keep them steadfast in the faith.

A GORGEOUS MARRIAGE OF A POLITICIAN'S DAUGHTER—$700,000 IN PRESENTS.—The marriage in New York on Wednesday evening, of Mr. Arthur Ambrose Maginnis, of New Orleans, to Miss Mary Amelia Tweed, daughter of William M. Tweed, the well-known politician, was a notable affair, as rich as, if not far richer, than the celebrated Ovidio diamond nuptials which created so much talk years ago. Trinity Chapel was the scene of the Maginnis-Tweed nuptials, and the streets for blocks around were filled with carriages, while the church was crowded to excess. Afterwards, when the married couple proceeded to the elegant Fifth avenue mansion of the bride's father, they received their friends, standing under a magnificient marriage bell of japonicas at the end of the reception room. The parlors and stairway and upper rooms were all decorated with natural flowers from Mr. Tweed's hothouse at Greenwich. The floral decorations were most profuse and in excellent taste. In an enclosure at the foot of the stairs, on the reception floor, was stationed a band of music, which discoursed promenade music during the first part of the evening, and afterwards played dancing airs. The wedding presents, given by a large number of friends, were displayed in one of the upper rooms, and must have amounted to the value of over $700,000, and presented an appearance of brilliancy which can never have been equalled in munificence. They comprised all sorts of jewelry, with diamonds enough to stock half a dozen stores; silver sets in profusion, and almost everything that the ingenuity of the human mind could suggest in the line of presents. The room which contained this magnificient display was thronged with the guests, who feasted their eyes on the brilliant contents. The bridal trousseau is described as having been the richest ever produced in New York, and fit for a princess. The wedding dress alone, which was of the white gross grain, with a prodigious train and trimmed with point lace, cost $5,000. It took one of the principal fashion establishments in the city two months to complete the whole *trousseau*.

TELEGRAPHIC CLIPPINGS.

Illinois.

CHICAGO, June 12.—A shocking accident occurred about nine o'clock this morning resulting in the death of the victim about an hour afterwards. Matts Lourman, a stone cutter employed by James St. Clair on Ott's building, corner of La Salle and Madison streets, was on top of the building when by some cause not yet developed, he fell to the sidewalk, a distance of sixty feet, striking his head on the edge of a stone.

Jay Cooke, the banker who was run over last week on the corner of West Washington and Des-plaines streets, has declared his intention of suing the city for damages.

The Illinois and Michigan canal will be closed for the purpose of removing the locks on the twentieth.

New Hampshire.

BRADFORD, June 12.—The village of Sunapee Harbor experienced a destructive conflagration last night. The fire broke out about half-past ten o'clock p. m., in one of the mills of Mr. John Smith, and in a short time destroyed his machine shop, foundry, clothes pin and peg mill, dwelling house and outbuildings. The Methodist church, which was recently thoroughly repaired and a new vestry added, with an adjacent dwelling house, was also destroyed. The insurance has not yet been ascertained.

CONCORD, June 12.—The steam saw mill of G. W. Thompson, at Warren summit, together with a barn and car load of lumber, were destroyed by fire yesterday. The loss will be considerable. There is no insurance on the property.

Another Walking Feat.

NEW YORK, June 12.—The feat which Edward Payson Weston, the champion walkist, failed to perform last November, was again renewed this morning at the Empire City rink, Third avenue. The feat consists of walking 400 miles in five consecutive days, the first 112 to be performed inside of 24 hours. Weston is allowed only 45 minutes rest for the first 24 hours. If he accomplishes the 112 miles within 24 hours he will be allowed five hours and twenty-five minutes rest, after which he is to commence his second walk. He started this morning in a velvet suit, but after the fourth circuit of the rink he divested himself of his vest and hat. There are not many present.

Tornado in Massachusetts.

WORCHESTER, June 11.—A sweeping tornado passed through the towns of Paxton, Holden, and West Boyleston this afternoon at 4½ o'clock, demolishing every building in its track, and tearing up trees by the roots. The first account of it received here was of its appearance in the town of Paxton, where it demolished L. N. Parkhurst's barn and blew off one gable of his house. From there it went in a northeasterly direction, and blew down Mr. Bigelow's buildings on the old town farm. From there it went through the woods, sweeping all before it, and striking the house and barn of Lewis Martin, in Holden, entirely demolishing both.

The whirlwind next struck the village of Holden, and five barns, three houses, and one carpenter shop were blown down. Three persons were injured, one, Charles Burrell, seriously. A strip of heavy stone wall some twenty rods in length was blown over, and large trees were blown thirty rods, with upward of a ton of earth on their roots.

The tornado took but a moment for its work, and was accompanied by thunder, lightning, and rain. The last heard of it by any one here was near Oakdale, where trees were blown down.

Awful Tornado in Iowa.

IOWA CITY, June 9.—At 4 o'clock this afternoon the most fearful storm ever witnessed in this section burst upon us. For about forty minutes the rain and hail fell in torrents, accompanied by a gale. The dry goods store of D. Griffiths was unroofed, and the stock was deluged; damage probably $5,000. The fine brick dwelling of Mrs. Downey had the west gable blown in, and one end of St. Joseph school building was also blown in. Two or three other houses are reported unroofed. One man is said to have been killed. Fruit and shade trees were blown to the ground in all parts of the city, and untold damage was done to the grain and fruit crops in the country.

The Peril of New Orleans.

NEW ORLEANS, June 6.—The overflow is fifteen inches below high water mark, and has fallen three inches during the past twenty-four hours. Twelve steam fire engines were throwing out water today, but a heavy rain this afternoon, with a gale from the southeast, prevented a further decline. Several additional pumps of great capacity will be at work to-morrow. A strong southeast wind is prevailing, and will probably cause a further rise in the lake.

Oil Works Destroyed.

NEW YORK, June 12.—Lombard, Ayres & Co.'s oil works, at the foot of West Sixty-sixth street, took fire at 2 o'clock yesterday afternoon. While the workingmen were attending to the stills and working off the charges, a loud report was heard, and flames shot out from the largest still, in which there were over 12,000 barrels of petroleum. Before an alarm could be given the fire leaped into the other four stills, in which there were over 15,000 barrels of oil, and to the iron petroleum tanks sunk in the yard. The oil, bubbling up, flowed over the tanks and from the stills, covering the vast area with a sheet of flame, and enveloping the wharf for a distance of 200 feet in a crackling, seething mass. Fortunately, the wind was blowing off the river, or the shipping and wharves below might also have been consumed.

Sergeant Blake and a platoon of patrolmen kept back the multitude. The firemen directed their efforts to keeping the fire back from the agitator, and succeeded by the greatest exertion in so doing. Seven oil cars were removed up the river to a place of safety.

The fire originated in the large oil still. This fell, on account of the cracking of the wall which encased it, breaking one of the pipes, and letting the oil from the still flow on the fire beneath.

The loss will foot up over $30,000. The tanks and stills, the costliest part of the works, were insured for $15,000. The other buildings which escaped, and the wharves and sheds, were fully insured.

Anthracite Coal Beds in Montana.

WASHINGTON, June 11.—Col. Wheeler, United States Marshal of Montana, has sent on specimens of coal found at Mullen's Pass, within fifteen miles of Helena, on the route of the Northern Pacific Railroad, which more nearly resembles anthracite than any ever found outside of Pennsylvania. It is hard and glossy, but is not so heavy, and burns with a flame. Near where it was found are fine specimens of iron ore, which very closely resembles that of Iron Mountain in Missouri. The same coal has also been found on Dearborn river in Montana.

California.

SAN FRANCISCO, June 10.—Mrs. Fair's death warrant has been signed, and is in the hands of the sheriff.

Winnipeg Territory.

ST. PAUL, Minn., June 11.—A gentleman arriving from Manitoba reports that on May twenty-fourth the American Consul, J. W. Taylor, was assaulted by a Canadian soldier, who struck at Taylor with a club, but fortunately missing him. Taylor escaped to the Consulate and immediately pulled down the American flag, which was flying in honor of the Queen's birthday. No action has been taken by the authorities on this outrage. Other acts of lawlessness have been committed by the soldiers, who are fast instituting a reign of terror.

THE APPROPRIATION BILL.

The list of Appropriations by the late Legislature is at length published. The whole amount appropriated is extremely large, amounting to nearly six millions of dollars. We append a number of the more important items:

Governor	$ 5,000
Secretary of the Commonwealth	3,500
Deputy Secretary of the Commonwealth	3,250
Auditor General	3,000
Surveyor General	2,500
Attorney General	3,500
Adjutant General	2,500
State Treasurer	5,000
Superintendent of Common Schools	2,500
State Librarian	1,200
Assistant	900
Superintendent Public Printing	1,600
Governor's Private Secretary	2,000
Governor's Messenger	900
Governor's postage, telegrams, stationary, &c	2,000
Sec. of Commonwealth's office	17,775
Auditor General's office	19,475
Land Department office	21,350
Attorney General's office	3,200
Adjutant General's office	15,044
Pensions and Gratuities	100,000
Common Schools	650,000
Expenses of Department	8,723
Soldiers' Orphans' Department	520,000
Salaries of Judges	245,000
Expenses of Legislation	375,000
Public Printing	50,000
Interest on Funded Debt	1,700,000
Deaf and Dumb Institution	50,590
Pennsylvania Blind Institution	33,000
Western Insane Asylum	33,000
Harrisburg Insane Asylum	70,000
Danville Insane Asylum	250,000
Pennsylvania Training School	23,000
Philadelphia House of Refuge	37,500
Western House of Refuge	25,000
Eastern Experimental Farm	2,000
Chaplain Senate	300
Chaplain House	300
Harrisburg Fire Companies (7)	700
Eastern Penitentiary	33,656
Western Penitentiary	29,358
Board of Public Charities	4,600
State Library	9,013
Military Claims	40,000
Phila. Centennial Celebration	5,000
Chambersburg Damages	300,000

GEN. SHERMAN AND THE PRESIDENCY.—The New York *Herald* and some other journals have been endeavoring to put Gen. W. T. Sherman on the track as the Democratic candidate for the Presidency in 1872. The General is now at Fort Sill, Comanche Reservation, and under date of May 25, addresses the following decisive letter to the editor of the *Herald*:

I have been skirting the Texas frontier for the past month, and here for the first time I meet files of Eastern papers, by which I see quite an unnecessary muss has been raised by a purported speech made by me at a supper of the Union League Club of New Orleans the night preceding my departure from that city. Whoever reported that as a speech by me committed a breach of propriety, for Gov. Warmoth presided, and before I consented to respond to a call I was assured by the president of the society that no reporters were present, and that whatever was said would be sacred and confined to the persons present. Now as to politics. I think all my personal friends know my deep-seated antipathy to the subject, yet as you seem not to understand me, I hereby state, and mean all that I say, that I never have been and never will be a candidate for President; that if nominated by either party I should peremptorily decline, and even if unanimously elected I should decline to serve. If you can find language stronger to convey this meaning you are at liberty to use it. I am your obedient servant.

W. T. SHERMAN, General.

A CYCLONE ON THE PRAIRIES.—A report comes from Chicago of a remarkable phenomenon called a "cyclone," near Mason city, Illinois, last Friday morning. A smoke-like column was seen to gather near the earth, on an open prairie, six miles from the town. From this column three narrower spire-like columns ascended, until they seemed to attach themselves to a cloud which was passing above. The "cyclone" then moved slowly towards the town, but finally changed its course, and disappeared, after passing over a track nearly three miles in length and from twenty to eighty feet in width. Its forward motion was not at a greater rate than six miles per hour, while its rotary motion was "of inconceivable velocity." Eye witnesses report that flashes of lightning passed constantly through the cloud, accompanied by cracking reports, like the rattle of musketry, and that at a distance of a mile an odor was inhaled resembling that of burning sulphur. In its track every particle of vegetation was burned to a crisp, and for some distance the earth was plowed up to a depth of six inches. Fortunately no houses were in the path way of the storm.

NEWS ITEMS.

THE first threshing machine set up in Illinois is still in good running order.

IT is stated that diamond cutting in the United States is done only in Boston.

EXPELLERT cassimeres are manufactured chiefly by Chinese labor, at Oregon City.

FROM 3,000 acres of beds in Chesapeake Bay, are annually gathered 25,000,000 oysters.

IOWA has planted a corn crop to raise 100,000,000 bushels. All that remains is to raise them.

THE Boston *Post* thinks that London is to be "pitted" on account of the prevalence there of the smallpox.

MANY California sheep owners are offering their stock at fifty cents a head on account of the drought.

A NEW ENGLAND editor has heard so much recently of "Annie Versary," that he solicits an introduction.

THE whole yearly income from the meat stock of the United States is estimated at no less than $600,000,000, including beef, dairy, and labor of working oxen.

THE four highest mountains in the State of Vermont rank as follows, in feet above the level of the sea: Mansfield, 4,270; Camel's Hump, 4,188; Jay Peak, 3,675; Ascutney, 3,320.

OVER 600 acres of timber land on Welsh Mountain, near Reading, were burned on Saturday.

AN Irish potato tree is a Thomasville, Ga., sensation. Potatoes grow on its branches as well as on its roots.

THE estimated expense of running the Brookline, Mass., Fire Department for 1872, including an item of $248,000 for salaries, is $876,480 over last year.

THE Rutgers College seniors and scientifics paid their last visit, as undergraduates to college, on Wednesday morning, and received their grade.

PRINCE ALEXIS, the coming Russian, is having a cottage superbly fitted up at —[The remainder of this thrillingly interesting narrative may be found in any of the watering-place advertisements.]

EARLY cherries, near Galesburg, Ill., will be a failure. Southern Illinois strawberries are sold at Cairo, and are superior to the southern. About 150,000 bushels of wheat are in store in Hudson, Wis.

THE Milford (Del.) *Friend* says 1,500 bushels of trout, beside stingers and sharks, &c., were hauled at Cedar Beach lately. There were 500 bushels more in the seine, but they were allowed to escape in order to save from a break.

JEFFERSONVILLE, Kentucky, has disinterred another gigantic fossil mummy. The shin bone was three feet long; two grinders were each half an inch long, and the remains indicated a man twelve feet high.

LANCASTER raised $1,500 of 15,000, at one meeting, to make Franklin and Marshall College free to Lancaster youth. Several thousands had been subscribed previously, so that the result is certain.

THE human mind appears to have a constitutional propensity to exaggerate the size of hailstones. Those that fell in the recent storm which burst over the upper Hudson have been thus described: "Of the size of nuts;" "four inches and a half in circumference," and "as big as a boy's hat."

THE citizens of New Orleans are beginning to call for such reformation in the naming and numbering of the streets, as may enable people to find their way about. It is already conceded that at night by the aid of a street lamp at "Forty-first street," would be easier to read than "Tchoupitoulas."

NEW ZEALAND has offered to aid Mr. Webb's steam enterprise with an annual subsidy of $250,000 or more, and the little kingdom of Hawaii, however, with a population of only 60,000, and a revenue of $400,000, has come forward nobly and voted $25,000 in gold a year to any steam line which will connect it, by a monthly service, with Australia and California.

Items About Home.

THURSDAY, JUNE 15, 1871.

STRAWBERRIES are fast "playing out."

CHERRIES, in abundance, are offered in market at five and seven cents per quart.

BARLEY will also be cut on Saturday next, at the same time and place as the trial of mowing machines. Let everybody attend.

ICE can be procured at all hours of the day, from "Bossy" Wetzel, of the Franklin House. He has still a large supply on hand.

FREEZO.—Mr. Conrad Earnest, still makes his daily rounds with the ice wagon, all reports to the contrary notwithstanding. He sells three pounds for *one cent*—and does not weigh close.

THE *Printer's Circular*, for June, by R. S. Menamin, of Philadelphia, is upon our table. It is an ardent advocate and a warm defender of the "art preservative."

OFFICERS Faber and Stout, made a raid on a "rookery" in Locust alley, on Saturday night last, and succeeded in capturing six individuals, and placed them in Fort Foreman.

SHAPLEY & HALBERT, on the corner of North Hanover and East Louther streets, have an immense stock of furniture, from the very best Eastern manufactures. Give them a call.

ALL persons favorable to a "Fantastic Parade" on the afternoon of the fourth of July, will meet at the Good Will Engine Hall, on Saturday evening, June 17, at 8 o'clock.

SOUTH EAST END.

If our readers will notice the trees, they will observe that the leaves are much closer this year than last. This is said to be a sure indication of a bountiful crop. We sincerely wish it may prove true. Fruit of all kinds, excepting late apples, will be a full crop.

THE farming community, and all others interested, should not fail to attend the mowing match, on next Saturday afternoon, at one o'clock. It will take place on the farm of Mr. Hemminger, on the Chambersburg Pike. A number of machines will take part in the trial.

MR. L. T. GREENFIELD, the popular dry goods merchant, at No. 18 East High street, opposite the "Bentz House," left for the Eastern cities, on last Monday morning, to lay in his stock of Summer goods. Look out for his new ad. next week.

MR. J. M. WALLACE (and lady,) of THE HERALD, and Mr. Wm. Kennedy, (and lady,) of the *Volunteer*, left for Williamsport, on Tuesday afternoon, to be in attendance at the Editorial Convention which convenes in that city today (Wednesday.)

ST. JOHN'S COMMANDERY, No. 8, K. T., of this place, will leave for Harrisburg, on the three p. m., train this afternoon. A number of the members will join them at Mechanicsburg, and also the Singer Cornet Band of that place; its services having been engaged for the occasion.

CHOICE FLOWERS.—A choice selection of hot house and other flowers was sold at public auction, at the market house, on last Saturday afternoon. The stock of flowers belonged to the Carlisle Barracks, and was exposed to auction on account of the proposed removal of the Post. Great bargains were obtained on this occasion.

AMERICAN NEWSPAPER REPORTER.—The *Reporter* comes to hand on Monday morning of each week, and is eagerly perused, not only by the editors, but by the employees of THE HERALD OFFICE. It contains much valuable information to editors, and printers generally. It is published by Geo. P. Rowell & Co. New York, and furnished at $3 per annum. Success to it.

SUDDEN DEATH.—This community was startled on last Wednesday evening, by the news of the sudden death of Mr. Christian Mellinger, of Stoughstown, this county. Mr. M. was well-known throughout the county, having held the office of County Treasurer, prior to Mr. Wetzel's election. It is thought that he had a stroke of apoplexy.

MR. DAVID RHOADS, has announced himself as an Independent Candidate for the office of County Treasurer.

A BLACK kid glove was picked up on West North street, on last Monday afternoon. The owner can have the same, by applying at THIS OFFICE.

LEW A. SMITH, teller at the Carlisle Deposit Bank, showed us some large double cherries, a few days since, far surpassing anything that we have yet seen in the cherry line this season.

THE crop prospect is excellent in every quarter. The farming community give words of cheer from their districts. The season is very forward, and the earth is full and bears on its bosom the germs of a rich harvest.

MR. WM. H. COINMAN, of this place, is authorized to receive and receipt for subscriptions due THE HERALD. He is at present in the lower end of the county, and will call upon our friends indebted to us for the paper.

MR. GEORGE WETZEL placed on our table, a stalk of rye that measures nine and one-half feet. Also, a stalk of wheat measuring six and one-half feet. These stalks of grain were taken from the field of Mr. D. Widders, in Upper Allen township. Who can beat them?

SEVERE CUT.—On last Friday afternoon, as Mr. William Rice, stage driver on the route between this place and Landisburg, was placing a large cross cut saw in the stage, he received a terrible gash on the back of the left hand. He immediately proceeded to Dr. J. J. Zitzer's office, and had the wound dressed. The hand is slowly improving, though very painful.

CHEAP TINWARE.—Messrs. Rhinesmith & Rupp, Nos. 62 and 64 North Hanover street, offer great inducements to those of our citizens wishing anything in their line. Their stock is large, and embraces every article to be found in a first-class tinning establishment. They are determined not to be undersold by any other parties, and, therefore, mean "biz." They have the agency of the genuine Cucumber wood pump. If you wish anything in their line, pay them a visit. Read new ad. in to-day's paper.

THE Watkins Glen [including a half mile section hitherto inaccessible to the public] and the "Glen Mountain House" connected with this attractive and popular Summer resort, are open for the season of 1871, and already thronged with visitors. The pathways, railings, bridges and "resting places" are reported to be in excellent and safe condition, and the Mountain House—under the superintendence of Joshua Jones, formerly, for many years proprietor of the celebrated Arbor Hotel, at Elmira, N. Y.,—has been refitted and newly furnished, and is in complete order for the reception and accommodation of guests, and the furnishing of unlimited refreshments to transient parties. The principal visitation months are June, July, August, September and October.

AN AMUSING SCENE.—It is one of the most amusing sights in the world to watch a young fly attempt to peregrinate slantindicularly across the head of one of our short-haired young men. We mean one of those heads which has been scissored down, rasped, filed, and finished off with sand-paper and emery, so that the minutest phrenological bump stands out in as bold relief as a hill of potatoes. He (the fly) travels so loosely, and mixes his feet up very much like a bashful bachelor trying to skate. No use trying to enjoy a sermon with one of these heads on an exact line between you and the preacher, and an unfortunate fly on it essaying desperately to get across from the northwest to the southeast corner to see a friend.

POISONING DUMB ANIMALS.—On last Sabbath evening, a small terrier dog belonging to Mr. Henry Harkness, residing on North Hanover street, suddenly sickened and died in less than ten minutes. About the same time a mare and colt belonging to him, were also seized with symptoms similar to those which the dog had been subjected to, but have not as yet proved fatal. The animals refused all nourishment, and drank no water until Tuesday; they suffered terribly and worked as if suffering from convulsions. It is thought that both animals may recover. Mr. H. is at a loss to account for this singular disease, although it is the opinion of several gentlemen who witnessed their sufferings that it was the result of poison. This fact seems to be still further strengthened by the sudden death of the dog.

FAST TYPE SETTING—*Prizes Awarded.*—The Committee on Fast Type-Setting, appointed by the International Typographical Union, late in session at the city of Baltimore, made the following report: The first prize is a silver composing stick, six inches long, and two inches deep, (regular size), and similar in pattern to those now in every day use. The inscription on the stick is, "*Printers' Circular* Prize for Fast Type Setting." Champion Prize. Awarded to George Abrensberg, of Philadelphia, he having set 1,822 ems nonpareil type in one hour, in the *Day* office.

The second prize, consisting of a silver medal, with Franklin's head on one side; and on the reverse, the legend. "PRINTER'S CIRCULAR Prize for Fast Type Setting." Second Prize Awarded to W. A. Edwards, of Norfolk, Va., he having set 1,620 ems, nonpariel type in one hour in the *Journal* office, Norfolk, Va.

The third prize, consisting of a silver medal, similar in all respects to the medal for the second prize, but lighter in weight. Awarded to James M. Butler, of Little Rock, Arkansas, he having set 1,706 ems, in a single hour.

THE seventeenth anniversary of the Epsilon Chapter of the Phi Kappa Sigma fraternity, was celebrated in a becoming manner, Tuesday evening of last week. The members met in their hall about ten o'clock, and were regaled with an oration by J. H. Graham, jr.; a history of the past year by W. H. Himes, and a general interchange of brotherly sentiment. The supper came off at the Franklin House, and was hugely enjoyed, as the "set out" was all that could be desired in quantity and quality; reflecting credit on mine host Wetzel and his estimable lady. Quite a number of distinguished guests from home and abroad participated in the entertainment, and there were to be heard in after-supper speeches, divines, eminent in their calling, lawyers of standing, editors of note, and business men of wide repute. Many happy hits were made in a friendly way, so that at a late hour the company dispersed well pleased, only regretting the briefness of the evening.

This fraternity stands highest in our College, and already on its rolls are names celebrated in the history of our country.

ARRESTS.—On Saturday evening last, Officer Corbet undertook to quiet some parties who were behaving improperly in the vicinity of Karn's hotel. They did not heed the admonition, but made a "raid" on the officer, and took his cane from him, but they were finally overpowered and placed in Fort Foreman.

TAX PAYERS TAKE NOTICE.—The County Treasurer will visit the following places during the present week:

Newton, at McBride & McCleary's hotel, June 14; at Mellinger's, June 15.