The Carlisle Herald.

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THE Democracy have a deplorable scarcity of candidates for State officers this year. The modesty of their politicians is a most remarkable feature in these degenerate times.

THE Legislature still prolongs its sessions. Of course the members will take extra pay. For this little additional expenditure we may thank the tactics of a Democratic Senate.

THE Republican State Convention to nominate candidates for Auditor and Surveyor General, met yesterday in Harrisburg. James McCandlish Esq., and R. M. Henderson, represent this county and Senatorial District in the Convention. The nominations have not reached us at the time we go to press.

THE Legislature of Connecticut has declared Marshall Jewell the Republican candidate elected Governor of that State, and he was on Tuesday last inaugurated. The Democracy had perpetrated a number of glaring frauds to secure the election of their candidate, but they were discovered and exposed, and the consequence is, that the Republicans will now enjoy the full benefit of their hard earned victory. Among their other contrivances to defraud the people of their choice, the New Haven Democrats had stolen one hundred Republican votes out of one same number of Democratic tickets. This was a very smart fraud, and came very near succeeding. The Legislative committee however made a canvass of the ward, and discovered that one hundred more persons had voted for Jewell than the ballots indicated. They accordingly subpœnaed the voters, and proved the casting of a hundred more vote for Jewell than the return showed. This gave him a majority and he was declared elected instead of English. Thus the boldest fraud ever perpetrated at an election was discovered, and the end for which it was committed frustrated.

MR. MARK M. POMEROY, the great apostle of the red hot Democracy, has had some family difficulties which have finally resulted in his settling on his wife $20,000, absolutely, and some $600 per annum in addition, and dissolving the matrimonial relation in that case. We see in one of the daily papers the following editorial extract on the subject credited to Brick's paper.

"This proceeding, we understand, was mutually desired to legalize an amicable negotiation about a separation that has practically existed for many years; and the alimony is about equivalent to the voluntary annuity that has hitherto been granted, notwithstanding the disparaging rumors of neglect that have often been circulated by those whose ignorance of the facts was only equaled by their mischievous malignity toward a man whose sins are not akin to hypocrisy. Circumstances of peculiar delicacy have compelled Mr. Pomeroy to submit silently to imputations of dishonor; and, with this final action, it is to be hoped, all vituperation will cease."

By all means let vituperation cease. It certainly never should have begun. What the merits of *this family fight* may be exactly, no one except the parties knows, nor does any one, who has anything but his neighbors' business to attend to, care. Let Brick's troubles find the oblivion now, to which he will be consigned within the next five years, lest, really, what he calls their moral in waiting. There is no more telling on whom a Democratic nomination for State officers may fall. Whoever may receive it will doubtless find it an empty honor.

Private bills are still in order. The only public bill which will engage the attention of either body, is the one entitled "An act to defray the ordinary expenses of the State Government," better known as the appropriation bill. The Senate took it up on Tuesday last, and Friday evening had passed it to the third reading. It is unnecessary to give any of its details as it is subject to whatever changes may be made by the Committee of Conference to which it will be finally referred.

The Border Raid Bill is finished for the present session, at least there will be no appropriation made by the State for the payment of the losses. The House passed the bill striking out the appropriation, and providing for the adjustment of the claims and a demand on the Federal Government. This the Senate refused to concur and the House refused to appoint any committee of conference.

There is an unusual number of visitors in the city to-day, with a fair prospect of many more arriving to-night and to-morrow. The Grand Encampment and Grand Lodge of the Odd Fellows, are holding a meeting, and the Republican State Convention will meet to-morrow. Many of the most distinguished members of the Order of Odd Fellows, are present, and a very interesting and pleasant session is anticipated.

The most prominent candidates before the Convention for Auditor General, are Senator Allen, of Warren county, and Col. Stanton, of Beaver. Col. Stanton's friends, have made a rather active canvass of the State, and are very confident that he will secure the nomination. He is a cousin of Edwin M. Stanton, whom he resembles, considerably, and is a gentleman of fine abilities, and much personal strength. Senator Allen, has a good military record, and has been in the Legislature for four or five years. He has very considerable ability as a lawyer, is an effective speaker, and has a good legislative record. He is very popular in his own district, and is a skillful and untiring worker. With either of these gentlemen, for a candidate, and proper effort on the part of our friends, there can be no doubt of a Republican triumph at the coming election. For Surveyor General, there is a scarcity of candidates, and it is impossible to say, who may be named by the Convention. Mr. Humphreys, one of the Allegheny delegation, in the House, has been spoken of lately, and would make a most acceptable candidate. Before this letter has reached its readers, the whole question will be settled, doubtless, to the satisfaction of every one.

LOUISVILLE hails the construction of a pork house 130x290 feet, four stories of stone and brick, with railway track, and having 2,500 hogs daily capacity. It will, when completed, use 30,000 cubic feet of stone, 700,000 bricks and 750,000 feet of lumber.

IN three months of 1871 San Francisco imported 10,700,804 pounds of rice, 15,926,865 pounds of sugar, 2,766,196 pounds of coffee, and 863,742 of tea direct from the Pacific. Last year they exported 15,000,000 pounds of wool. The Central Pacific Railroad alone runs 4,070 freight cars.

WE think there are the materials in the Democratic party in this county, to get up a very considerable disturbance on the subject of nominations, about as soon as the weather gets warm. The coming campaign is one in which there are a good many prizes to be won, and there is a very large number of respectable Democrats who are just willing enough to try to win them. Suppose we enumerate them, just to keep our readers advised as to what good things are in store for some of the good boys of the Democracy.

First, there is the office of President Judge, a very respectable, honorable and entirely comfortable position. It lasts ten years, and there is attached to it the snug little salary of $3,500 per annum. The salary is of course, a mere bagatelle, and nearly every lawyer who has been ten years at the bar, and who has the remotest hope of ever being spoken of for Judge, will tell his country friends confidentially, that there is no money in it, and that his practice even now brings him a larger remuneration. When we were very young, we believed all that sort of thing, but we confess we are getting somewhat skeptical about it. We have never yet met a country lawyer, who wouldn't on the shortest sort of notice, be made Judge of his district, even for a very small fraction of an unexpired term. The Judgeship of a district like ours, is certainly all things considered, the most desirable office in the State, and we know a good many gentlemen who realize this truth fully. The two gentlemen who do the ornamental part of the county judiciary, have also very neat and comfortable positions, in which there is much respectability, and not much labor.

Leaving the Judiciary, the legislative field has this year an unusual harvest. This county is entitled to a representative, and has even chances this year for a Senator. These offices are by no means as bad things as may be supposed. Legitimately, they are worth while their duties last, to a resident of this county, nearly three hundred dollars per month, clear, and although we know that Cumberland always sends gentlemen of a very high order of ability, we doubt whether as a rule they would make that sum at any other employment. This though is all they get, as it must not be imagined for a moment, that there any little perquisites lying loose around Harrisburg, or that any person would think of picking them up if there were.

Coming down the list, we reach the County Treasurer. His is a somewhat important office. He collects and disburses about $100,000 every year, and is paid somewhere near $4,000 per annum. Perhaps his bank account may be worth something, and if it is, what is to hinder some flourishing bank from paying for it. Then the duties don't prevent a man from running a hotel, keeping store, farming, or doing almost any other legitimate business. This little berth is a snug one decidedly.

Then comes the office of Commissioner which gives more trouble than any of the others. The duties of this office require a man's daily attention, or else he loses his day's pay. Then occasionally he gets into complications with bridge contracts, and has trouble with his accounts, and has even been known to come into the Quarter Sessions, as defendant in a prosecution for malfeasance in office, we can't say that we would like to be commissioner, but there are a good many good men who have tastes that way.

For all these offices there are a good many aspirants in the Democratic party, and as a nomination is regarded equivalent to an election, there is a pretty fierce struggle about commencing. For the President Judgeship, Judge Graham, *and Messrs. Miller and Pomroe* are spoken of. Judge Graham has greatly the advantage in some respect, having the prestige of having served two full terms, and being familiar with the business of the district, and not complicated as counsel with any business now pending. He has the disadvantage of having sentenced a great many people, and decided a great many cases. As these operations always hurt somebody, he cannot hope to have escaped without making enemies. The other gentlemen have also their friends and will likely make a close contest for the honor. The candidates for associates are not as yet active.

The Senatorial aspirants are numerous and active. Mr. Miller would take a renomination easily. Messrs. Cornman, Peffer, Chesnut, Rhoads, Bowman, and several others are, by no means averse to the distinction. For Representative, Messrs. Williams and Cope and sundry others, will be on hand, and for Treasurer, all the Democrats in the county not heretofore mentioned, without distinction of race, color, or time of apprenticeship to the party. On the whole there will be a livelier fight this Fall among the Democracy than has taken place for years.

HARRISBURG LETTER.

HARRISBURG, May 16, 1871.

This is the day upon which the Legislature would have adjourned had the Senate been ready and willing. It was not however, and consequently adjournment is put off until, perhaps, some time next week. The real reason for this is that a Democratic Convention meets here next week, and the Democratic members are desirous to be here in a body at that time. They perhaps wish to present to the Convention the aggregate wisdom and virtue of the Democracy of the State, and induce them to select the standard-bearers of the coming campaign from their numbers. As there is great uncertainty at present as to who the lucky men will be, there is a fraternal invitation is extended to *all* the members of our illustrious order, and the sir knights of Pilgrim Commandery will consider themselves personally complimented if they will be privileged upon that occasion to meet and greet, with knightly salutation, *very many* of their *brethren sister* commanderies.

The character and extent of the arrangements to be made, in order to render the event successful, must very much depend upon the number of sir knights who can be expected to be present and participate. Our preparations must be made with a view to have all who expect to be present properly and comfortably accommodated.

In order, therefore, to enable the committee to act intelligently and satisfactorily in carrying out the objects of their appointment, you will oblige us by informing us at your earliest convenience the probable number of sir knights we may expect to attend from your commandery.

We respectfully urge upon each commandery receiving this communication to give it prompt attention, that the committee may be afforded the facility of contributing their part to make the grand encampment a grand success.

For the information of all sir knights and their friends who contemplate visiting Harrisburg upon that occasion, the committee have ascertained from the proprietors of our principal hotels the rate of boarding at which, they will accommodate guests at that time, which will be *three dollars per day*, inclusive of lodging, or *two dollars and fifty cents per day*, without lodging. These are the terms proposed to us in writing by the proprietors of all our first-class hotels, and no departure therefrom or imposition will be practiced by any.

Comfortable and commodious tents will be provided by the committee for such commanderies as desire them. Please inform us whether it is the wish of your commandery to be thus provided for. The committee will take pleasure in locating tents for those who desire them at pleasant and convenient positions, and will arrange hotel accommodations for such as request us so to do.

With a view to assure the sir knights throughout the Commonwealth of the cordiality with which their presence will be greeted at the annual conclave, we subjoin the following resolution, unanimously passed by our city council at one of their late meetings.

"*Resolved*, That the hospitalities of the city of Harrisburg are hereby tendered to the R. E. grand commandery of Knights Templar and visiting sir knights of Pennsylvania, during their sojourn here, at the time of their grand conclave, in June next.

All communications should be addressed to John A. Small, chairman of the committee.

Hoping that your commandery will be fully represented, we remain

Fraternally yours,

JOHN A. SMALL, Chairman.

William H. Smith, David Mayer, D. L. Maurer, R. J. Young, George P. Owen, J. B. Hollabaugh, Samuel H. Simon, D. W. Cox, H. A. Sturgeon, I. D. Lutz, J. F. Kuipe, J. M. Wiestling, H. H. Christman, George F. Rohrer, Committee of Arrangements of Pilgrim Commandery.

THE total property of the United States was $15,000,000,000 in 1870, against $13,000,000,000 in 1860. The increase for the decade was 25 per cent, against 75 per cent increase in the preceding. But this covers a long war.

THE graduates of the University of Lewisburg, Pa., resident in New York, met in the Astor House, Thursday night, and were addressed by the Rev. Dr. J. R. Loomis, the Rev. Mr. Davies, M. R. Baker, A. K. Geier and D. E. Bue.

ROCKFORD, Illinois, has had a convention that resolved to complete the Madison and Portage Railroad, thirty-six miles long, to Stevens' Point, seventy miles further, where it will connect with the North Pacific. It will depend on the lumber trade at first.

THE BORDER DAMAGES.

GOVERNOR GEARY transmitted to the Legislature, last week, the following special message concerning the border damages:

EXECUTIVE CHAMBER, HARRISBURG, May 12, 1871.—*To the Senate and House of Representatives:* GENTLEMEN—The claims of a large portion of the citizens of the border counties of the State for extraordinary losses arising from the late war, demand the dispassionate and serious consideration of the legislature, and it is but just to a people who have been called upon to bear unequal burdens in our national deliverance, that they should have the fullest exercise of the sovereign power of the Commonwealth to secure just restitution from the General Government. Most of these losses were suffered because of the State, in discharging the full measure of her duty, in maintaining free government, patriotically and promptly transferred her own defensive troops to strengthen the shattered federal armies, and our citizens thereby suffered for the general welfare. Leaving all abstract principles out of view, justice and fair dealing demand that proper restitution be made to our citizens by the General Government; and it is due to the claimants that the legislature take such action in the matter as will secure a most careful adjudication of the losses, and clothe the officers of the State with the amplest power and authority to enforce their payment. While justice should be secured for all our citizens, the people of Chambersburg have been almost utterly crushed in their business operations, and their condition should hasten the general action of the legislature. The blow struck at Chambersburg was a wound inflicted upon the Commonwealth, and it should be the pride as well as the pleasure of every patriotic citizen to sanction such action as will secure reasonable restitution to the citizens of the ill-fated town, as well as to others who suffered. I earnestly recommend that the legislature in its wisdom shall adopt such measures as will provide the necessary means for adjudicating these claims, and pressing them on the national government to an early and just settlement. Should the legislature approve this suggestion, it will afford me great pleasure to do everything in my power as executive of the State to effect the desired results, and I suggest also that it might be well to invoke the aid also of our Senators and Representatives in Congress.

JOHN W. GEARY.

THE KNIGHTS TEMPLAR DEMONSTRATION.

The following address has been issued by the Committee of Arrangements of Pilgrim commandery, No. 11, Knights Templar, of the city of Harrisburg, to the various commanderies in Pennsylvania:

The committee appointed by Pilgrim Commandery of Knights Templar to make arrangements for the proper reception and comfortable entertainment of the grand commandery of Pennsylvania and subordinate commanderies of Masonic Knights Templar upon the occasion of the annual grand conclave, to be held in this city on the thirteenth of June next, earnestly desire to make such preparations in behalf of Pilgrim Commandery as will be evidence to the visiting sir knights that the generous hospitalities of a Christian knighthood are being extended to them during their sojourn with us, and that the honor and fair fame of the fraternity shall suffer no detriment.

All worthy sir knights will doubtless concur in the opinion that such a display should be made upon that occasion as will add new lustre to the cause of knighthood in the great commonwealth, whose capital will be honored, for the eighth time, by our assemblage.

BRET HARTE's ten thousand dollar contract with Messrs. Osgood for a year's leisurely labor, suggests recollections of the rates of remuneration paid to the poets and authors before fancy prices came into existence. Milton received twenty-five dollars for his "Paradise Lost," with twenty-five more for the second edition, and forty dollars afterwards, making in all the sum of ninety dollars. Dryden, for his: "Ode on St. Cecilia's Day," received in all twelve hundred and fifty dollars, which would be an excellent price at the present increased rates of pay. For his poem bearing the same title, Pope got only seventy five dollars, which was more than it was worth. Goldsmith received, for his "Vicar of Wakefield," the sum of three hundred dollars. The poet Gay made $5,000 by his writings, while Lord Byron earned $75,000 by his works. Sir Walter Scott received $3,000 for his "Lay of the Last Minstrel," and $6,250 for his "Marmion." Campbell was paid $14,000 for his poems. Crabbe got $15,000 for his, while the "Irish Melodies" of Moore gave him $2,500 a year. Successful poets of the present day receive for their productions greater sums than these. Tennyson can always command his own prices, even when—as latterly has been the case—his verses are inferior; and Browning received $2,500 for his "Herve Riel," lately published. In our own country Longfellow, Whittier, Holmes, Howells, Lowell, and the few other really good poets, receive for their writings remuneration of a liberal order; so that there is no longer any danger that our true singers will commit suicide to avoid starvation, like Chatterton, or choke themselves over an unwontedly plentiful meal, like Otway. Excellent poetry is excellently well paid for—as indeed it ought to be, since it is so very rare.

LIVING AT THE HOTELS.—A proprietor of a hotel gives a reporter some figures that are interesting. We copy: "Senator Cameron, at a small hotel in Washington, paid for himself and wife $450 per month, and had but two rooms. Senator Fenton had a parlor and two bedrooms, and an office, and paid $1,000 per month. Mr. S. S. Cox and wife paid $250 per week, and I gave him a buffet supper for 100 which cost him $1,500. Mr. W. S. Huntington gave the Japanese the finest spread ever set in Arlington Hotel; there were twenty persons and he paid $1,000. A parlor and three bedrooms in the second story, with a small family occupying them, are worth to me $450 per week during the season; and one guest pays for a parlor, bedroom, and bathroom $300 per month.

"At the Delevan House, Albany, Dr. Gautier used to pay $375 per week, and General Darling, with a parlor, three bedrooms, and four persons, paid $400. Our hotel at Lake George had 37,000 on the register last season, in four months, we took in that space of time $294,000; and the net proceeds were $52,000.

"The Fifth Avenue Hotel rents for $200,000 a year, including the store beneath it. The St. Nicholas rents for $95,000, although it cost but $425,000. Mr. A. T. Stewart has just rented to Wm. M. Tweed the Metropolitan Hotel, New York, for $65,000 a year, to put his son, Richard Tweed, into business as a landlord; and the Lelands, who go out, paid $75,000,

BRIEF ITEMS.

THERE are 2,000 Chinese on Louisiana plantations.

THE Big Sandy, Kentucky, Railroad, survey has begun.

AN iron bridge is to span the railroads at Menden, Conn.

VERMONT butter is selling at 25 to 32 cents, and cheese at 5 to 8 cents.

A BUREAU county, Ill., butter and cheese factory has 600 cow capacity.

THERE was $38,000 of cable screw wire goods sold by one Boston firm in April.

THE contract for building the St. Louis and Cairo Railroad is signed and sealed.

THE Milwaukee and St. Paul Railroad had shipped 612 barrels of wild pigeons a week ago.

ONE Wisconsin county has made twenty tons of maple sugar this year, one town eight tons.

THE Sebec, Mo., woolen mill has gone to work, and several mills and a tannery are being built.

THE average monthly oil production of Pennsylvania now is about 500,000 bbls. at $3 per bbl.

THE man who asked for a tinker's violin was served with tincture of iodine by his apothecary.

A ST. JOHNSBURY (Vt.) firm manufactured 1,000 scales last week. The story is not fishy, though scaly.

A COLORADO and Wyoming shale contains a half pint of petroleum to the pound and makes excellent gas.

BEYOND 100 tons brought from the Superior Silver mines to Marquette, there are 200 tons waiting shipment.

THE Lutheran Church Synods of Tennessee and North Carolina, which met at Mount Pleasant, N. C., agreed to unite.

THE Massachusetts Legislature ordered the bill authorizing narrow gauge railroads to be engrossed, without dissent.

A COMPANY has organized with $1,200,000 capital to build a suspension bridge across the Mississippi at Fort Madison, Iowa.

SMALL woolen factories that have long been idle in Michigan, are being set at work. Cassimeres and tweeds will be produced.

LOUISVILLE, Ky., notices the refusal of $85 per foot for real estate that could have been bought for $10 per foot three years ago.

THE Queen Anne's and Kent Railroad Md., has reached Centreville. The town has two steamboats, stages, and three vessels, but no hotel.

THERE were 3,689 passengers from abroad arrived at Portland, Maine, during the first quarter of the year. More than half were immigrants.

THE Stony Creek and Easton Railroad has been surveyed five and a half miles from Landale. Only $20,000 subscriptions more are needed.

SOUTH JERSEY has elected directors for the Elay's Landing and Egg Harbor City Railroad, seven miles long. The Camden and Atlantic will run it.

THE New York Post says, that while John Morrissey was bailed for $1,000 for keeping a gambling house, the police won't disturb John Chamberlain, twenty-fifth street, near Broadway, who furnishes unexceptionable lunches.

A NARROW gauge railway, thirty miles long, is being built from Cape Girardeau to the Bolinger county, Mo., iron mines, costing $6,537.60 per mile, and $213,000, including $16,875 for culverts, *bridges, &c., the whole way.* It rises and falls seventy feet to the mile, with curves of 200 feet radius.

Items About Home.

THURSDAY, MAY 18, 1871.

SABBATH last was a delightful Spring day—though the atmosphere was cool.

AUCTION.—Our citizens should bear in mind the auction at the Carlisle Barracks, on Saturday morning next, at 10 o'clock.

THE last Dress Rehearsal of the Phil Harmonic Association, for this season, will be given in Good Will Hall, on Monday evening, May 29.

RESIGNED.—J Wareham, of this place, has been appointed lamp lighter and night watch, by Chief Burges John S. Low, *vice* Casper Ehrle resigned.

REPEALED.—The ordinance passed sometime since, authorizing the opening of South street, was repealed by the Town Council, at their last meeting.

FINE CATTLE.—On Monday last, John Paul, esq., of this county, sold 20 head of fat cattle, to C. C. Switzer, of Harrisburg. The cattle averaged 1,344 lbs

THE best place in town to obtain stoves, tinware, &c., at reasonable prices, is it the Excelsior stove and tinware establishment, on Church alley, in the rear of Rheem's Hall.

LOST.—In Main street, on Tuesday last, a bunch of 10 or 12 dark brown curls; valued chiefly because the loser's own hair. The finder will be suitably rewarded, by leaving at THIS OFFICE.

THOSE of our citizens who fail to obtain ice from the ice-merchants on their daily round, can obtain it at all hours of the day or night from "Bossey" Wetzel, "mine host' of the Franklin House.

ANOTHER.—Yesterday afternoon, two specimens o young America had a lively little "set to," in front of OUR OFFICE. Boys you should remember that "dorgs delight to bark and fight, &c."

HOUSE FURNISHING DEPOT,—D, Sipe & Son, No. 16 North Hanover street, have a large stock of house furnishing *goods on* hand. Funerals, either in town or country, promptly attended to. Wall papers a specialty.

REV. RICHARD CRAIGHEAD, of Meadville, Pa., will preach in the morning, and Rev. Dr. Dashiell will preach in the evening, of next Sabbath, (May 21,) in the First Presbyterian church, of Carlisle.

FROST.—We have been visited with very heavy frosts during the past week, which, no doubt, will prove fatal to the fruit and vegetables. But we will still live in hopes that the damage is not as serious as predicted.

FIRE.—The alarm of fire on last Thursday evening, between eight and nine o'clock, was created by some young men up town. The alarm was "too thin," and our firemen did not respond. Be careful, young men.

REDUCTION.—Ernest J. Krause, brewer of this place, announces that he has reduced the price of beer from five to *three* cents per glass, and thus give, everybody a chance to have a wholesome and cheap drink.

RIGHT.—On last Saturday, the Commissioners instructed the authorities at the jail to have 24 beds filled with straw, for the accommodation of the inmates. A little printer's ink is of great importance, as exhibited by the above transaction.

PERSONAL.—J. R. Cornelius, editor of the Lewisburg *Chronicle*, dropped in on us on Monday last. Mr. C. reports business brisk in his town. He is also manager of the Western Union Telegraph at Lewisburg.

STRAWBERRY FESTIVAL.—The Methodist Episcopal Church, First Charge, will hold an Ice Cream and Strawberry Festival, in the basement of that church, on Saturday, Monday and Tuesday evenings next, May 20, 22, and 23. Tripe, &c., will also be served on the same evenings.

DEPARTURE OF TROOPS.—On Monday last all the recruits at the Carlisle Barracks took their departure for St. Louis. It is whispered around that in two weeks the entire command will bid farewell to the garrison.

NEW POST OFFICE.—A new Post Office has been opened at Hunter's Run, this county, and J. D. Sheaffer, appointed Post Master. This office will, undoubtedly, be of great benefit to a large number of persons residing in the southern part of our county.

IF you wish to select your wall paper from a large and fine assortment of papers, go to Frysinger and Weiser's where you will find over 100 styles in all colors and patterns, carpets in all varieties, double width brussels, rugs, carpet and straw mattings in plain and fancy colors, at Frysinger and Weiser's, No. 23 East Main Street.

ICE.—Mr. Conrad Earhest, ice-merchant, has been doing a "rushing business" in the sale of ice, though the cool weather has deterred many of our citizens from indulging in this luxury, as yet. Don't forget that he sells *three* pounds for ONE CENT, or fifteen pounds for five cents. Mr. E. gives *down* weight, all the time.

LARGE EGG.—On Monday last, a Black Cochin hen, belonging to Mr. Jesse B. Humer, laid an egg, which for weight and size eclipses anything we have lately heard of. The egg weighed 3½ ounces, and in dimensions was 6½ by 7½ inches. If any of our friends can excel this in the egg line, we should be pleased to hear from them. See his advertisement in another column.

BASE BALL.—In the match game of base ball between the students and the town boys, on last Wednesday afternoon, the students gained an easy victory over their competitors. The score standing as follows: Dickinson College, 52; Carlisle, 24. Another game between the same parties, we learn, is on the *tapis*.

YOUNG REBELLION.—Last week some of the boys, pupils of different schools, formed an *impromptu* May Day party, and accordingly went "Maying." But, in one instance they came on, not victorious, but "second best," as they were "kept in" a couple of hours, after the proper time for dismissing school, as a punishment for taking "French leave of absence."

THE Midland Railroad, on the Passaic near Bellville, has an iron bridge, and from there the progressing work runs into a mountain of rock, three-quarters of a mile long, that is being cut from both sides. There are 85 feet to be cut through, of which 48 are stone. The work is advancing rapidly.

SUBSCRIBE for THE HERALD, two dollars per year, in advance.

ON Sabbath evening next, Rev. Joel Swartz, D.D., pastor of the English Lutheran church, of this place, will deliver a sermon from the twenty-first chapter of Exodus, twenty-eighth and twenty-ninth verses.

MAY DAY.—The Board of School Directors, with their accustomed liberality, have decided to grant the schools a "May Day" on Friday of this week. Right, the scholars should have a day of recreation, and no better time could be selected than the present month.

THE Forty Hours' Devotion will commence in St. Patrick's Catholic church, of this place, on Sabbath next. Services on Sabbath evening, and also on Monday and Tuesday evenings following. A number of Priests from a distance will be in attendance at these devotional exercises.

OF how beautiful is the new pattern of single and double width tapestry brussels carpet, just received at the Central Dry Goods and Carpet Store. Do not fail to call and see it. The largest and best selected stock of dry goods in the town. The best selected stock of cloths and cassimeres, parasols, shawls, white goods, table linens, napkins, &c., that is to be found in the county. Call at the Central for bargains in all kinds of dry goods and carpets.

LEIDICH & MILLER.

THE great rush for bargains at the cheap dry good store of D. A. Sawyer, still continues, and bids fair to continue all the season. Open new this week, silk figured grenadines, black grenadines, rich plaids. An entire new stock of lace sacks and lace points. A choice lot of shawls, selling very low. A new and elegant assortment of silk pougee and linen parasols and sun umbrellas. We are constantly making additions to our already large stock. Don't fail to call.

RETURNED.—Mr. M. B. Dusenberre, the well-known and popular agent of the nurseries at Rochester, N. Y., returned to this place last week, after an absence of several months. Mr. D. is now prepared to offer fruit trees, vines, ornamental trees or shrubbery to all of the citizens of this and adjoining counties wishing to so invest. He is accompanied by J. H. Dusenberre, for a number of years foreman of Moore Brothers and Boardman's nurseries. The stock is far superior to that offered last season and the terms are very moderate.

DECORATION DAY.—Tuesday, the thirtieth instant, having been set apart for the decoration of the graves of our soldier dead, it behooves our citizens to act in this matter, and not allow the day to pass by without paying this tribute of respect to the honored dead. Heretofore the Grand Army of the Republic in this place has had charge of the ceremonies, but as that organization has ceased to exist, it now devolves upon our citizens to take some steps for the proper observance of the day, rendered hallowed by the circumstances surrounding it.

COMMENCEMENT EXERCISES.—The exercises attendant upon the Eighty-eighth commencement of Dickinson College, in this place, will be held in Emory M. E. church, on West street, instead of Rheem's Hall, as heretofore. Various reasons are assigned for this proposed change.

Below we append the order of exercises for commencement week:

June 4.—Annual Sermon by Rev. Wm. Cooper, D.D. Baccalaureate Address by President Dashiell.

June 5.—Junior Oratorical Contest.

June 6.—Senior Class Day. General Society Anniversaries. Orator, Rev. B. F. Brooks. Poet, H. C. King.

June 7.—Alumni Oration.

June 8.—Commencement Day.

DEATH OF A CITIZEN.—On Thursday last, Rev. Ephraim Kieffer, of the German Reformed Church, died at his residence on North Hanover street. Mr. Kieffer took sick in December last, since which time he has been confined to his room. Mr. K's family, we understand, were present with him on this sorrowful occasion. Two of his sons, J. Spangler and Harry M., are graduates of Franklin and Marshall College, Lancaster Pa., and a third son is a member of the senior class at the same College. The two eldest sons are ministers of the Reformed church, the oldest being a Professor at Mercersburg, while the second son has a charge at Hagerstown. The third and fourth sons are also destined for the Reformed ministry. The deceased clergyman was well and favorably known in this community, and leaves a large circle of friends and relations to mourn his loss.

DEAD CHILD FOUND.—Last week, John Lane, colored, residing on Locust alley, below Bedford street, discovered a box, containing the dead body of a colored child, in a remote part of the cellar. He immediately apprised Coroner Smith of the fact, who summoned a jury, and an inquest was accordingly held. The jury rendered the following verdict: That the child came to its death in some unknown manner.

The body was, evidently, that of a fully developed infant, and it is supposed had been there about two years. Lane, the individual that made the discovery, had but recently moved in the house. Coroner Smith, since the inquest, has obtained possession of some facts which may, ultimately, lead to the arrest of the parties implicated in this affair. Foul work has certainly been transacted, else why this concealment of the body, for it could easily have been interred in the lot, or even in the cellar. The people that formerly lived in the house, it is said, have very mysteriously left for parts unknown.

ON THE RAMPAGE.—On Saturday afternoon one of the "young bloods" being under the influence of liquor, entered a saloon on "gay Louther," and, began acting in a very boisterous manner. He finally obtained an opponent, in the form of one of Uncle Sam's sergeants, when he was soon compelled to surrender to his adversary.

The same evening, an individual on North Hanover street "raised the breeze" while under the influence of "benzine."

As Officer Sanno and Samuel Stout were in search of John Ruggles, at a late hour the same night, they ran afoul of six "recruits," who were soon placed *hors du combat* by Mr. Stout. Several other individuals, judging from their actions, we should opine, were having a "high old time"; many reasons seem to think this was mainly owing to the sudden reduction in the price of lager beer.

Officer Corbet arrested a soldier the same evening, in a beastly state of intoxication, and committed him to Fort Foreman, where he remained until the next morning, when he was released.

STRAWBERRY FESTIVAL.—The members of Carlisle Council, No. 205, O. U. A. M., intend holding a strawberry festival in Good Will Hall, on Thursday evening, May 25. Strawberries, ice cream and cakes will be served on this occasion. Tickets 20 cents, to be procured from any of the member of the Council.

GREEN GROCERY.—Our young friend, Will. A. Humrich, having recently opened a "green grocery" on the corner of North Hanover and Louther streets, appears to be doing a good business. The want of a store of this kind has long been felt, and now that it is fairly established, we would advise our readers to patronize this new enterprise. His stock comprises sugar-cured hams, dried beef, bologna, canned fruits, and every variety of green fruit and vegetables in season. Give him a call.

HANDSOME RESIDENCE.—Mr. Charles H. Hepburn, cashier of the First National Bank, in this place, has recently had the large brick banking building, on West High street, thoroughly renovated and repainted. The painting was performed by Messrs, John Arney & Son, while the graining on the doors, which is of a handsome design, was executed by Mr. Lingle, of Harrisburg. The building now presents a handsome appearance, contrasting favorably with the residence of Mr. Wm. Piper adjoining. Colonel Bowman, formerly a citizen of this place, but late of Philadelphia, having returned to our town now occupies the property of Mr. Hepburn.

Many of our citizens have painters engaged in brushing up their dwellings, thus giving evidence of good taste, and a desire to have their residences present a fine appearance.

INFORMATION TO SOLDIERS.—The soldiers entitled to a quarter section of the public lands under the acts of Congress, and desirous of locating it and trying their fortunes in the West the experiences of a pioneer may be of advantage. A discharged soldier who has settled in Kansas writes to a Western paper some details of his experience, which will be of interest to those of limited means who wish to engage in farming where land is cheap. He located a homestead of 150 acres in Dickinson county, within fourteen miles of the Kansas Pacific railroad—as good land, he says, as can be found in Kansas or in Kentucky. His homestead cost him $18.50; he has to live on it five years, and at the expiration of that period, if he can prove he has not been absent from it more than six months at one time, he can get a patent for it from Government, and it is then his to dispose of as he thinks proper. The only advantage the soldier has over the citizen in this matter is, that he can take under the Homestead law 160 acres of land within twenty miles of a railroad to which land grants have been made, while the citizen can take only 80 acres. But outside of railroad limits there is no such distinction. Water is found there by digging at an average depth of forty feet. Timber is scarce and lumber expensive. Horses are high, but Indian ponies can be bought at from $30 to $60 each. They are good for herding or for common light service. Texas cattle can be bought, one year old, at $5 to $6; two years old, $10 to $12; three years old, $15 to $20. They are generally very poor when they arrive in the State, but prairie grass is plenty, and they soon improve in condition; purchasers often double their money on them in a single year. Railroad lands are selling from $3 to $7 per acre.

ASSAULT WITH INTENT TO KILL.—On last Saturday night, Mr. W. H. H. Walker, familiarly known by the sobriquet of "Dad," proprietor of the saloon in the basement of Rheem's Hall, while on his way home, was murderously assaulted by a young man well-known in this community as John *alias* "Chief" Ruggles. From all the particulars obtained, the facts of the tragic affair are about as follows:

John Ruggles, the prisoner in question, up to the time of his arrest was in the employ of Allison & Son, fish and produce dealers. On Saturday evening Ruggles had been imbibing rather freely, and at an early hour was ejected from a saloon for the highly insulting manner in which he was then conducting himself.

About 11 o'clock he made his appearance in the saloon in Rheem's Hall, and demanded something to drink, but was refused, informing him at the same time that as the hour for closing had arrived, he would greatly oblige them by leaving; this, of course, he refused to do, when "Dad" politely assisted him to the head of the stairs. Mr. Walker, then returned to the saloon, finished up his business, turned off the gas, and took his departure for home, accompanied by Lou J. Meisel.

Ruggles, evidently had treacherous and murderous designs, no doubt laying in wait for "Dad," from the fact that as soon as Walker started, he followed him closely, and when near Kramer's corner, on the end of the avenue "went for" him, and during the brief struggle inflicted serious wounds with a sharp instrument, supposed to be a knife. Ruggles, as soon as the scuffle had ended started off on a swift run.

Walker finding that he had been injured considerably, started for Dr. Kieffer's office, on North Hanover street. The Doctor upon making an examination ascertained that he had been cut in the abdomen, about an inch and a half from the umbilicus, penetrating the bowels, and the bowels protruding, also a severe cut over the left shoulder blade. The wounds were properly dressed when the injured man was carried to his residence, on Locust alley, between Pitt and West streets. We are pleased to be able to state that he is improving rapidly, and his present prospects indicate a speedy recovery. It was subsequently ascertained that there was no less than five cuts in his coat.

Search was immediately made for Ruggles but he could not be found. On Sabbath morning information was made before Squire Shryock, when a warrant being placed in the hands of Captain Low, he was shortly afterwards arrested in Allison's stable. He showed some resistance, but the Captain knew his man, and acted accordingly, when he finally surrendered, and he was taken to Fort Foreman, where he will remain until the August court, having been unable to procure the necessary bail.

We can scarcely forbear commenting upon this affair, but as the case will, undoubtedly, have a fair trial at the next term of our Quarter Sessions, it is to be hoped that justice will be meted out to this guilty young man, and thus be a warning to this class of individuals that they can no longer act with impunity, and attempt the lives of peaceable and inoffensive citizens while on their way home from their places of business.

MESSRS. JOHN OSBORN AND SAMUEL G. GIVIN will accept our thanks for favors received from them.

THANKS.—We hereby tender our thanks to Messrs. Earnest and Wetzel for bountiful supplies of ice received during the past few days, for the benefit of THE HERALD office employees. May they always be permitted to supply the poor printer with this luxury, is the wish of all connected with our establishment.

RELEASED.—Mr. George L. Goucher hereby notifies our business men, that having recently been released from prison, through the intervention of a friend, he is again prepared to decorate walls, fences, &c., and, in fact, everything pertaining to the *art pastoral*, in his original manner and at prices to suit everybody.

BUTTER, flavored very strongly with grass, has made its appearance in market. "Is it grass butter?" is the prevailing question during market hours. Prime article of butter sells at 25 and 30 cents per pound. As the prospects for pasture are very good, there will, no doubt, be a greater decline in price! Now is the time to pack away butter for Fall and Winter use, as it generally commands very high prices at those seasons of the year. Eggs sell at 14 and 16 cents per dozen, from which we should infer that the "internal revenue" must have been removed from laying chickens, as there seems to be a full supply of hen fruit.

STOVE DEPOT.—A. Woods Walker, of this place, having leased the large frame building on the corner of West High and West streets, is prepared, at all times, to furnish his many friends, and the public generally, with a choice selection of stoves, tinware, sheetiron ware, and everything included in his line of business.

Having a large room, he will store stoves for persons so desiring. By leaving word at his shop, Mr. W. will visit the residence of any of our citizens, take down and remove their stoves to his warehouse, and in the Fall return the same. Those of our citizens desiring any such change, would do well to take advantage of this offer, as Mr. Walker's charges are very moderate.

CIRCULAR.—Comrades: The thirtieth of May has been set apart by the National Encampment of the Grand Army of the Republic, as the day in each year when the army of the living, is to meet in their silent camping grounds, the army of the dead. I know that in every spot in this department where a Union soldier sleeps, a loyal heart will be found to do him honor, and with willing hands strew on the patriot's grave the first spring flowers of the land he died to save and regenerate.

The Grand