The Herald.

A. K. RHEEM,
J. A. DUNBAR, } Editors & Propr's

CARLISLE, PA.

Friday Morning, March 26, 1869.

THE men who talk the most in Congress are not the most influential. Debate seldom determines legislation in either the Senate or the House. The work is principally done in the committee rooms.

☞A Democratic paper, in alluding to the pursuit, just now, of the Republicans for office, says, "the Democrats can look on, laugh, and enjoy the fun." Sorry fun for them, poor fellows! To be stripped of everything, offices and stealings, is no pleasant affair. As to the laugh, our Copperhead friends, in these latter times, do that on the wrong side of the mouth!

THE New York *Herald* and *Sun* both warmly advocate the appointment of Horace Greeley as Minister to England. The editors of these papers are his rivals, and their support is therefore more valuable. His appointment by Grant would give universal satisfaction, and the Republican press everywhere ought to advocate it.

☞All Ireland is signing petitions for or against the disestablishment of the Irish Church. The mass of the people demand immediate disestablishment; the nobility violently protest against it. The latter very naturally expect that the disestablishment of the Church must soon lead to the disestablishment of other abuses which will concern them more directly than the Church.

☞General Longstreet, it is stated, will peremptorily decline the Surveyorship of the port of New Orleans, on the ground that to accept it would expose him to the imputation of supporting the Government in consideration of a pecuniary profit. This elevates still higher the reputation of the General, at the same time justifying, in the strongest possible manner, the action of the President.

☞KU-KLUX has entirely vanished from all parts of the South. The most unfrequented by-road in that locality is now as safe as a sidewalk in a Northern city. There is no more hanging of negroes, no whipping of Union men, no defying of Federal officers. This wonderful change is no doubt to be attributed to the good sense of the "unrepentant," who are now perfectly satisfied that the "lost cause" will never be regained.

☞Gen. George H. Thomas makes a rule of refusing all endorsement of an applicant for a civil position, unless the party is a wounded soldier, so maimed that he is unable to work, or a soldier's widow, actually in need of means to support her family. The grim warrior is very rough on all who do not come within these claims, asking his influence.

SECRETARY BOUTWELL says the income from customs is increasing. This is the result of the Tariff established by the Fortieth Congress, which, though insufficient, was a return to true financial principles. The record shows that whenever we have a high tariff home industry is benefitted, and the receipts from imports increased. The people ought to understand that the Free Trade movement is supported almost entirely by New York importers; and that is one reason why we are glad that Mr. A. T. Stewart is not at the head of the Treasury Department.

WE learn from Harrisburg that the supernumerary officers of the House expect to get pay for doing nothing by the aid of the Democratic members. Nothing more natural. That party generally puts its arms full length into the Treasury whenever it gets a chance, and out of pure sympathy stands ready to help whoever meditates such a purpose. The present opportunity to act on this principle is too good to be lost, and we ask the people of Pennsylvania to mark well Democratic members who vote to consummate the outrage of paying twenty-seven officers whom a month ago the House voted there was no earthly use for.

☞The new Cabinet is giving the greatest satisfaction to the country. One fact is particularly to be remarked. Every member is a sound and unquestioned Republican; but of the whole seven, not one sought or desired his position. Like the President, each member can say, "the office came to me unsought." The President and Cabinet will work in perfect harmony, and with a sincere determination to place the country on its feet by administering the Government with honesty, faithfulness and economy in every department. With the President and his counsellors agreed in their action, we may feel certain that the policy of the administration will in no respect be far [illegible]ng.

DE[illegible]RE seems to be in earnest in trying [illegible]allow up the Eastern Shore of Mary[illegible] and a fragment of Virginia, and thus [illegible] a peninsular State. Her Legislatu[illegible] initiated steps for a convention to b[illegible] about such a consolidation. There a[illegible] or two barriers in the way, however, which Delaware may not have thought. Will free Virginia, or even the Eastern Shore, aristocratic and high-toned as it is, be willing to accept the pillory and whipping-post, and, for aught we know, the ducking-stool and other furniture of the Middle Ages? Will the lawyers of these counties to be annexed, take kindly to what the Chief Justice of Delaware calls, with delicate euphemism, "her peculiar modes of procedure?" And, finally, if they should, will the Congress of the United States consent to anything which involves such retroaction?

The Result of Friday's Election.

From all parts of the county, from which we have heard, comes the cheering and gladsome news that our friends did unusually well on Friday last. In many places, we gained even upon our vote of last fall for Grant, while in many of the strong Democratic Townships we succeeded in electing several of the most important officers.

We have said that from all portions of the county comes this pleasing intelligence, but, we wish to make a correction. The West Ward of Carlisle furnishes the single, hideous exception. For reasons that pain us even to allude to, many of our Republican friends acted in a manner highly reprehensible and utterly inexcusable.

Despite defeat and weariness, we might almost say, of body and soul, there are a few earnest, active men in this town, who year in and year out labor most assiduously not only to keep up our own party strength, but also use their utmost endeavor to win converts from the wayward Democracy. These men *should*, at *all times* and under *all circumstances*, receive not only the thanks, but also the *votes* of every man in our midst who loves and cherishes the honest and generous principles of the Republican party above the meanness and sordidness that has for years past held together and furnished capital for the bitter and malignant Democracy. That this statement is true, no honest Republican will for a moment entertain a doubt, and, yet, that it was utterly ignored and repudiated by a large number of our *pretended* party friends, the result of last Friday's election too plainly and painfully discloses.

Men who have worked hard and earnestly, while others rested and slept, who have shivered in the rain and cold while others enjoyed their pleasant apartments and warm stoves, who have suffered hunger and thirst while others have revelled in feasting and drinking—men who have done and endured all these things for the good cause were mercilessly and deliberately slaughtered at the polls on last Friday; and that, too, by those who have never done an honest hour's work, nor undergone a single inconvenience in behalf of the interest and welfare of the party with which they wish to be classed as members. And what reason is there assigned for all this unpatriotic and ungenerous conduct by the few out of the many who acted the shameful part, who *dare* to assign their reasons therefor? Simply this: the men whom we nominated were in Council last year, and by their votes indicated their determination that this little Borough, that has so long stood still, should receive from them a new spirit of enterprise. But why should this, say you, cause men to desert their party standard and vote for those who were most active in days gone by in favor of the enemies of our common country? For this simple reason, we answer: because these gentlemen, short-sighted enough not to see that as the town increases in size the value of their property increases, feared that increased taxes might in some event or other be levied upon them. True, this is a purely sordid and selfish reason, but it is none the less the one which controlled a large number of our disaffected friends. Others, it is true, had personal reasons for cutting different ones of our candidates, but the main cause we have given above. The personal reasons were no less contemptible and inexcusable than the general one. But, thanks to the true Republicans, we are glad that these men succeeded in defeating but *one* of our candidates for Council, and we are none the less sorry that they even succeeded in doing this. The man they defeated has worked not only harder and more unceasingly for the party, but also has spent more hours' and days' labor in behalf of the welfare of *this Borough* than *all* the taxes of these disaffected gentlemen for years past and years to come could pay him.

In this connection we are glad to learn that Mr. C. E. MAGLAUGHLIN, who was elected by the votes of these old fogy gentlemen, is himself a strong improvemant man, and if he takes his seat in Council will steadily vote in a manner which will give no satisfaction to them. We say if he takes his seat in Council, for the simple reason that we believe him under the law to be entirely ineligible. The Act of the Legislature uses these strong and emphatic words: "No District Attorney shall be eligible to a seat in the Legislature, or to any other office under the laws and Constitution of the State, during his continuance in office." The position of Councilman in this Borough is clearly an office under the laws of the State, and, therefore, we believe Mr. Maglaughlin to be equally clearly ineligible. And if our view of the case be correct, a new Councilman will have to be elected. The friends of improvement can then concentrate their forces upon a single candidate, and will be fully able to demonstrate to our old fogy, stand-still friends that they are just no place at all.

Friends, disaffected Republican friends, we dislike to upbraid you, but knowing our duty to our party, we cannot shirk it now, and sincerely hope that hereafter you will never give us occasion to use bitter words towards you.

☞The State Senate, by a vote of twenty-four to eight, has passed the bill to allow parties in interest in suits to testify before the Courts of the Commonwealth. It is to be hoped that the comp[illegible]will show an equally intelligent equally [illegible]ion of the subject, and be rule at present in declaring it. The jurisprudence which[illegible]—the system of of the parties who ne[illegible] the mouths most of the matter in dispute[illegible] know of mediæval ignorance and cow[illegible] which cannot be swept away too soon.

☞Dr. Worthington, now President of our State Senate, is, it is said, to have the position of Surveyor of the port of Philadelphia.

Compliments Between Friends.

The *Volunteer* of last week charged our distinguished Copperhead Representative, Col. (?) Richard J. Haldeman, with having dodged the vote on the passage of the Public Credit Bill, and remarked: "Had Mr. Glossbrenner still been in the seat now occupied by Mr. Haldeman, a stentorian 'no' would have been the response when the vote was taken on the Schenck bill."

Whereupon the gallant Col. (?) responds in a letter to this week's *Volunteer,* in which, from the "Congressionable Globe," he shows that upon this same bill, when it was up during the last session, Mr. Glossbrenner voted in the affirmative, while he himself on a test vote this session voted to table the bill and thus kill it. And further, charges the *Volunteer* with misrepresenting him before he is warm in his seat.

These are the first compliments that have taken place between Messrs. Bratton and Haldeman since the famous "greenback fight" of last summer and fall, and certainly they may be said to be exceedingly kind and pleasant.

In another column, the *Volunteer* gives a sarcastic fling at our *distinguithed* Representative at Harrisburg, Mr. Theodore Cornman.

It says, "The brief sketches of the Members of the Legislature, as they appear in the Harrisburg *Patriot*, provoke a good deal of laughter, if nothing else." Now, as Mr. Cornman's "sketch" is the only one that has been circulating around these parts, the hit is most palpable. Go in, Mr. Bratton, give your party enemies fits. We admire your spunk.

The Copperhead Press on the Administration.

The Copperhead press at the present moment reminds us of a pack of snarling curs driven from a bone. They set up an impotent howl over everything done by the party which is master of the situation. They tell their ragged, hungry followers that they must open the battle against the Administration, no matter under what plea. If no reason can be found for it, never mind—open the battle. Without principles that will give them a foothold, they rave away, and, instead of a sensible fight, they remind us of a lot of "Celestials," with their gongs, lanterns and antics, giving us a burlesque representation of war.

When GRANT first came into office, they charged him with desiring to dictate entirely as to who should fill the numerous offices in the gift of the government; now they accuse him of weakness and of having surrendered to the Senate and the heads of departments the appointment of all civil officers; and yet President GRANT only does exactly what he said he intended to do from the first—turn over to the head of every department the selection of the officers appertaining to that department. It would be an impossibility for one man to attend to the crowd of office-seekers who infest the capital. He could not be President and office-waiter at the same moment. It is an absolute necessity that the business should be managed as General GRANT suggests and as he now acts.

How the departments will be handled will be best shown by the improvements in the army and navy. Retrenchment, concentration and effectiveness are the rule. No drones in the hives, of any section; should and, doubtless will be the aim of the administration. Already the army is preparing for the proper reduction. The navy is to be concentrated at Key West, where it will be within reach for foreign complications. If we may judge of the other departments by what we already observe in the army and navy, we think the Copperhead snarlers will find ample room to spit out their comic venom. The government is on the right track, and the best proof is that the "snakes" are hissing.

Grant and the Amendment.

It is admitted on all hands that Gen. Grant is one of the most moderate and conservative men in the country upon the slavery or negro question. Indeed he has never been charged or suspected of any special regard for the black race, or a fanatical disposition to elevate them at the expense of the whites. If any prominent man has occupied a position upon this question more favorable to arriving at a moderate, dispassionate and wise conclusion, we do not know who he is. Yet General Grant, in view of all the circumstances which surround it, declares it to be very desirable that this question—which has so long agitated the country, and will be likely to agitate it while any portion of the citizens are excluded from the right of suffrage—should be settled *now*, by the ratification of the suffrage amendment to the constitution. If Gen. Grant, upon a calm survey of the whole field of argument, has been forced to the conclusion that the peace and harmony and all the best interests of the country demand the ratification of the amendment, we trust that few reasonable and thoughtful men of any party, and no Republicans, will continue to resist the settlement of the question in the only way which can stand.

THE last Mexican statement is that the situation of Juarez has become critical. The advices just previous represented him as in far from an enviable position, and yet as the strongest party. It remains for future developments to decide whether the judgment is made from sufficient grounds or is local and partisan. At any event, there is no prospect of conciliation in the country.

NOVA SCOTIA has not been making idle threats to unite her destinies with the United States rather than submit to an odious and compulsory adhesion to the Canadian Dominion. A power-
vo entiment is reported to exist in fa-
In a nexation to the United States.
little Prov pression of opinion, the
scheme, would declare for the

The Payment of the Debt.

The bill to strengthen the public credit, which declares the government bonds payable in gold, except when otherwise expressly stipulated, and which was defeated by the pocket veto of Andrew Johnson—has again passed the House of Representatives in a slightly modified form, and will no doubt pass the Senate and receive the approval of President Grant, as it merely reiterates the sentiments of one of the clauses of his inaugural. Mr. Boutwell, Secretary of the Treasury, has been fully committed to the same view ever since the question came up; so that the Government and the Administration in every department are now harmonious and united in a determination that the public faith shall not be violated—that the national creditors shall be paid according to the letter and spirit of the contract. This will improve the public credit to an extent that will save millions to the Treasury, and enable us to pay off the debt by the simple policy of honesty, with two-fold more ease than it could be done if a suspicion of repudiation, total or partial, were allowed to darken the financial horizon.

MR. SCHENCK'S Public Credit bill, having been signed by the President, is now a law, and the United States stands before the world as an honest nation. If that is not a subject for national pride, of what could we be proud?

Letter from Washington.

[Special Correspondence of the CARLISLE HERALD.

WASHINGTON, D. C. March, 16, 1869.

WHO SHALL CONTROL THE APPOINTMENTS.

The Pennsylvania Congressional delegation, with the exception of the Philadelphia members,—who declined to go, waited upon the President on Saturday, to present their views with respect to the Pennsylvania appointments. Senator Cameron, as spokesman, stated that it had been agreed upon between them, that the appointments for each Congressional District should be controlled by its Representative when a Republican; and those for the State at large and the Democratic Districts, by the Senators—excepting that the more important offices in Philadelphia should not be so controlled by the Representatives of that city alone. The President replied that having due regard to his object, the selection of the right men, he would consider their suggestions. This may be regarded as an attempt to apply the old rule to the new President. The big State of Pennsylvania was a fit one to make the experiment. In this view, the interview is interesting and instructive.

EX-PRESIDENT JOHNSON GONE.

Mr. and Mrs. Johnson, and their son Robert, together with ex-senator Patterson and family, who have all made their home at John F. Coyle's this city since the 4th of March, left here for Tennessee last Thursday; were met at the Ferry in Alexandria, by a concourse of citizens, and accompanied to the railway station; accepted—that is Mr. Johnson—a public reception at Lynchburg on their arrival, the same evening attending a banquet, and making a responsive speech, and resumed their journey Tennesseeward the next morning.

NOMINATIONS.

The President has nominated Joseph P. Smith, Assessor of Internal Revenue, 21st District, Pennsylvania, vice Frost, deceased. Israel Washburn, Jr., Collector of Customs for Portland and Falmouth, Maine, whose commission expired January 29, 1869. C. C. P. Clarke, Collector of Customs for Oswego, New York, vice Van Dyck, whose commission expired January 18, 1868. Henry D. Moore, Collector of Customs for Philadelphia, in place of Marks, resigned.

OFFICIAL VISITS.

The House Committee of Ways and Means, headed by the chairman, General Schenck, Friday, paid a visit to the President and Secretary Boutwell, as is customary after the organization of the Committee. They also called upon Commissioner Delano. They had a long conversation with Secretary Boutwell relative to financial matters, during which the Secretary declared that it was his intention to sell gold publicly, and never at private sale; and also that it was his opinion that he had the power to invest surplus gold in bonds, and he thought he would do so. The Secretary further informed the Committee that the receipts from customs were increasing.

HORACE GREELEY.

The Star of this city is down heavy on Horace Greeley, for recommending in the Tribune that the clerkships in the Department be given to young men, with the understanding that they leave at the end of four years, and with the admonition to save at least one-third of their salaries during that time, with which to help themselves in some way of life independent of Government employment thereafter, taking a quarter-section of land to cultivate, if they cannot do any better. Greeley's antipathy to small office-holders, is I think, so strong as to make him extravagant on that subject; but the lazy, unmanly spirit in which many seek, by getting into office, to shirk an independent struggle in the world to make a position for themselves by their own proved abilities and merits, is some excuse for this, in a man like Greeley, who has achieved such wonderful success in an independent career. He is neither an "inspired idiot," nor an idiot who has "lost his inspiration;" but a man possessing a mass, and activity, of brain—though not the most methodical in the world—rarely equalled; and manifesting a rapidity and correctness of mind in concrete matters which has distinguishing him above all contemporary journalists. No other one man living, probably, has conferred equal benefits upon the mind of the country at large.

AN IMPORTANT ENTERPRISE.

The colored men of Washington—some of them of means and intelligence—have undertaken the very important enterprise of a National weekly newspaper, organ of race, to be published here in Washington, and to be owned and conducted exclusively by an association of colored men. The project has been under consideration a long time. Frederick Douglass is talked of for its editor. If it succeeds, it must exercise a guiding political influence over the great mass of the colored people of the whole country; for there are no people more tractable than this race—in their present condition, at least—to those who have their respect and trust.

J. EVANS.

[COMMUNICATION.]

DEAR HERALD.—On the evening of the 17th, we listened to Mr. GOUGH'S lecture, and never in our life before, did we hear a more truthful exposition of the horrors of drunk ness; never before were all the arguments and sophisms, apparently mitigating the crime of its continuance, more manfully met and their fallacies more ludicrously exposed. The picture of suffering, painted by the orator, the heart-broken mother, the sister drudged to death to sustain a drunken brother, are of every day occurrence, and should have touched a chord in the heart of every man, which shall cease to cease to thrill only with life. The orator's personal suffering, should be enough to arouse every one from his apathy, and his present position be sufficient to awake, in each, purer emotions and higher aspirations. Young man, has a friend ever laid his hand on your shoulder and asked you to leave off drinking? perchance then if you had looked forward, like the orator, the same glimmering light, shining through the curtain of futurity, would have met your gaze, and ever growing brighter as you neared it, as in his case have blazoned into noon-day splendor, to shine long after he has been gathered home to the fathers.

Yours, PHILO DOZ.

A Terra Haute paper says a Democratic bolter from the Indiana Legislature, just returned from the State capitol, exchanged his cribbed stationery for a plow and paid for his wife's new dress in postage stamps. The wife of a "resigned" representative in a southern county offered in part payment for a bill of dry goods $88 in postage stamps, which she said her husband had drawn from the Legislature.

Record of a Strong Company.

The National Life Insurance Company, which received its charter from the national Congress in July last, has already made its record in unmistakable characters. With its agencies as yet only in process of organization, it has, as we learn, issued insurance to an amount exceeding seven million dollars. This we think is a very marked success—it is so much needful work well done.

The Company does a strictly cash business as being in its judgment the simplest and best for both the insurer and the insured, and it never complicates its affairs with either notes, loans, or dividends, and thus leaves no door open to misapprehension or disappointment in the future. While the principle of "so much insurance for so much money" is rigidly adhered to, and every poicly has thus a fixed and determinate value, all accumulations that might otherwise be declared as dividends at some future time, *are discounted in advance*, and the exact pro rata is *counted in* with the amount of each policy when it is issued.

Managed by men of the highest financial ability and undoubted integrity, protected by a large paid up cash capital, and possessing all the elements that have given success to other similar enterprises, we should expect this would become one of the most successful institutions of its kind.

PERSONALS.

Brick Pomeroy has been lecturing in Detroit, at a pecuniary sacrifice.

An exchange says A. J. don't like Grant's inaugural, and thinks he would veto it if he could.

General Samuel Fessenden, father of Senator Fessenden, died at Portland Maine, on Friday.

President Grant's appointment of three women as postmistresses has attracted to Washington a rush of female office seekers.

A Chicago auctioneer shot at a man for calling him a thief, and fatally wounded a bystander.

Gen. Grant's inaugural has been translated into Russian, for the St. Petersburg and Moscow papers.

It is rumored that Rev. Petroleum V. Nasby, postmaster at Confederate Cross-Roads, is to be transferred to the post office at Toledo.

Of the late confederate generals, Wade Hampton is still a confirmed rebel, while Longstreet is a confirmed surveyor.—*Chicago Post.*

Chief Justice Pearson, of North Carolina, decides to admit the testimony of a colored man against a white, charged with marking his neighbor's sheep with his own initials.

The wife of General Kilpatrick is the niece of the Archbishop and the Secretary of War of Chili, and was, at the time of her marriage, the belle of Santiago.

Gen. Jas. Longstreet, the recently appointed collector of the port of New Orleans, had a lengthy interview with Commissioner Delano on Tuesday,

Bishop Ames, of the Methodist church, declared in a conference held at Alexandria, Va., that tobacco was doing more harm to the church than whisky."

A Washington despatch says that it is definitely settled that Joubert, a wealthy (French) colored man, is to be the Assessor of the First District of Louisiana.

George Francis Train sold recently, in Omaha, 16 lots for $12,000, and still owns five thousand just like them, which are now worth $4,000,000, and are rapidly rising in value.

The N. Y. Express says: Among the passengers who arrived at the City of Baltimore from Liverpool, was the Queen of the Gipsies of England. Her name is Hickbocazo. She has been dethroned by her turbulent subjects in England, and is to go to Philadelphia, with a few faithful followers.

MISCELLANEOUS ITEMS.

Florida has corn knee high.

Boston now has strawberries, but is obliged to pay two dollars for five.

There are 8,000,000 horses in the United States, worth upward of $2,600,000,000.

The authorities of Newark, N. J., get rid of vagrants by paying their fare to the next town.

Better that not a dog should be permitted to live than that one human being should die of hydrophobia.

Fourteen members of the Minnesota Legislature refrained from making speeches during the whole session.

A doctor in Meriden, Conn., goes his rounds on a velocipede. He "makes a great deal of practice by running up against people.

A Jersey exchange, noticing the fact that the steam man has gone to Harrisburg, malignantly observes: "He will be no novelty, as all the men steam there."

The New York undertakers think a man has no business to die or allow his friends to die unless provision is made in advance for the funeral expenses.

The Mississippi steamboat Richmond boasts a daily paper called the Richmond Headlight, the editor of which keeps a game cock on board to occasionally divert the editorial mind.

Kansas has a population of about $400-000. It has 600 miles of railroad in active operation. There are published in the State, ten daily and fifty weekly newspapers. The State has a debt of $1,000,000.

Secretary Cox says the President has fully determined on the policy of sending Quakers to deal with the Indians, and will soon begin appointing prominent members of that society as superintendents and Indian agents.

The election for directors of the Fort Wayne and Chicago railroad company, last week, resulted in a complete triumph for the Pennsylvania interests. Messrs Fisk, Jay Gould, and party do not seem to have been able to make a respectable front.

A Brave Minister.—A minister was conducting a marriage at Andersonville the other day, when the father of the bride burst into the room and commanded him to desist. The clergyman refused, when the father shot him down with a charge of buckshot from a double barreled shot gun. Struggling up from the floor, mortally wounded, the minister said, "I will finish this job," and proceeded with the ceremony, pronouncing the couple man and wife. He then fell exhausted and died.

Town and County Matters.

Wanted—A School Teacher to go to Maryland. Apply at this office.

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Religious.—Rev. Mr. Pardoe, the new Pastor of the First Methodist Episcopal Church, will preach in that church on Sunday next.

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Dosh Again.—We have a number of times spoken of the superior quality of Tobacco and Cigaes, kept by Geo. G. Dosh, and wish to add that in the way of Tobacco pouches, Pipes &c., he is is unrivalled.

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Our Beef Report.—The quality of Beef at market on Wednesday last was upon the whole so fair that we do not feel disposed to occupy our space with a detailed report of it. We have our Commissioner's eyes upon the market, however, and will be obliged to report all decidedly inferior qualities.

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Sales of Real Estate.—The Assignee of Adam Senseman sold at public sale on Tuesday morning last the residence of Mr. Senseman on West High street, to Mr. A. H. Blair for $5,500. The livery stable on the corner of Pitt street and Dickinson alley, belonging to the same estate, was sold to Mr. H. K. Peffer for $2,035.

"YE VELOCIPEDE."—Carlisle has at length, not to be behind her neighbors, obtained a velocipede school, one having been established in Rheem's Hall. The velocipede excitement is now at fever heat, and the Hall is crowded nightly with ladies and gentlemen, some to enjoy the riding and others to witness the graceful exercises. The mania to ride the velocipede is increasing, and some of our young men have become so proficient as "equestrians" that they can "cut stars."

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"WHEELER AND WILSON SEWING MACHINE."—We call the particular attention of our lady readers to the advertisement, in another column, of this celebrated Sewing Machine. We have seen certificates in its favor from hundreds of ladies, who vouch for its excellence, *utility, speed* and *durability* being among its qualities. Mrs. McCulloch, lady of the late Secretary of the Treasury, says: "We used it during the war to make clothing for our volunteers in the service and for the hospitals, and this work was very heavy, being coarse woolen and cotton fabrics. After ten years use, it is still in good working order, nothing having been broken but a few needles." J. M. & L. H. Fulmer are the only authorized Agents for Carlisle.

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☞Our old friend, Col. **CHARLES McCLURE**, honored us with a call the other day. He has been on duty in the Indian country for four years past, where, under the direction of Gen. Sherman, he has been teaching several tribes of the Aborigines the art of Agriculture. The Col. is now in Washington in consultation with the War Department, in reference to the poli cy of further educating the Red Man. Th Col. is looking remarkably well, thoug considerably bronzed by frontier service.

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MRS. EVERETT'S LECTURES.—Mr **SUSAN EVERETT**, M. D. an accomplish lecturer on medical and hygenic topi will commence a course of lectures to l dies exclusively in Carlisle, on Mond afternoon next at 2½ o'clock. Mrs. E lectures are very highly spoken of by c contemporaries and we bespeak for c ladies some very profitable instruction.

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CONFERENCE APPOINTMENTS.—t the recent session of the Central Pennsylvania Conference of the Methodist Esccpal Church, held at Danville, the lowing appointments were made for C lisle District:

J. Curns, Presiding Elder.
Carlisle First Church, H. C. Pardo
Carlisle Emory Church, to be suppd; G. D. Chenoweth, Supernumerary.
Carlisle Mission, I. L. Chandler.
Mount Holly, J. Max Lantz.
Chambersburg, S. Barnes.
Shippensburg, W. A. Houck.
Shippensburg Circuit, J. Lloyd.
Newville and Rehoboth, W. H. Eith.
Mechanicsburg, J. H. M'Garrah; O. Ege, Supernumerary.
Carlisle Circuit, J. A. Ross, J. B. Shayer.
Duncannon, G. T. Gray.
Newport, A. R. Miller. One o be supplied.
York, W. R. Mills, W. H. Norcross.
Wrightsville, J. W. Olewine.
Shrewsbury, W. A. M'Kee, H. Mensch.
Castle Fin, J. A. M'Kindless.
Hanover and New Oxford, J. A Dixon.
York Springs, J. M. Clark, J. B. Young.
Gettysburg, H. C. Cheston. On to be supplied.
Mont Alto, J. W. Feight.
Waynesboro, J. A. DeMoyer.
Green Castle, G. D. Pennepacke.
Mercersburg, J. H. S. Clarke.
M'Connellsburg, H. Linn, L. Edsill.

S. L. Bowman, Professor at Dikinson College, member of Emory Churc Quarterly Conference.

T. P. Ege, President Irving Female College, and member of the Mechanicsburg Quarterly Conference.

George A. Singer, Professor in Jumberland Valley Institute, and membr of Mechanicsburg Quarterly Conferene.

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SEASONABLE HINT.—The work of Spring cleaning will soon commnce, and white-wash pails and brushes will be at a premium. Every neat and careul housewife will soon be operating t "putting things to rights," and in beautfying her premises. To those interested in this matter we would say that a very superior white-wash paint, can be madeby taking two quarts of skimmed milk, eiht ounces of freshly slaked lime, six ounce of linseed oil, two ounces of white burgudy pitch, and three pounds of Spanish wite. The lime must be slaked in water ad exposed to the air mixed in about onefourth the milk. The oil in which the pitch has previously dissolved) must be added a little at a time. Then add therest of the milk, and afterwards the Spaish white. Color it to suit (if you do nt prefer a white paint) with Spanish brown to make a red pink; with Spanish brown and finely pulverized clay to make a stone color; with yellow ochre or chrome to make a yellow color, and so on.

—o—

TREMENDOUS EXCITEMENT.—Carlisle shook to its centre by the immense throng winding their way to W. C. **SAWYER** & Co's Dry Goods store. This fine stock of Dry Goods and Carpets is being closed out, at less than wholesale prices. All persons in need of House furnishing goods, can save at least twenty-five per ct. by purchasing of this well known stand. They have on hand a fine stock of Lowell, three Ply, Carpets, English and American Ingrains, Cottage, Rag and Linen Carpets, all below any prices offered by any house. Save money by calling at this store before purchasing elsewhere.

Remember they are closing out to quit.

—o—

FIENDISH OUTRAGE.—On Wednesday afternoon a horrible outrage was committed in Chambersburg. A negro outraged the persons of three white girls, and made his escape from the town. As soon as the facts became known pursuit was given, and yesterday morning he was overtaken and captured near Hoguestown, in this county. The most intense excitement prevails in Chambersburg, and the feelings of the citizens are wrought to such a frenzy at this unparalleled crime, that open threats of lynch law are made. Our informant, from whom we gather the above facts, was unable to furnish us with details or names.

—o—

BEWARE OF IMPOSTERS.—Keep an eye on persons soliciting contributions for benevolent purposes. In many cases they are extorting money from the people by false representations. Before you dispense your charities be sure that they will be properly appropriated. Make the solicitors give you such evidence as will satisfy that they are acting with full authority. The liberality of our community is so well known that swindlers come among us quite frequently and successfully ply their nefarious vocation. In the future we hope more care will be observed by our citizens.

—o—

CARPETINGS.—Leedom & Shaw 910 Arch St. Philadelphia, advertises in this issue. We would invite the attention of the reader to this store as the representative Carpet Store of Philadelphia. A full stock of Goods in their line. Purchasers will do well to give them a call.

—o—

W. T. Hopkins, whose Hoop Skirts are so favorably received throughout the country, has removed from Arch St. to 1115 Chestnut St. Philadelphia, as will be seen by adv. in this issue.

FND!—On Saturday last a port mon was found on West High street. It conned a small amount of money. The owr, by describing it and paying for this not, can obtain it at this office.

—o—

0 REWARD.—Lost, on February 27 in, or near, the Market, a large BWN FUR CAPE, lined with black silk. Aly at No. 43, West High street. *

—o—

HANKS.—Our thanks are hereby teered to Hon. **RICHARD J. HALDEMAN** fo very handsome volume, containing t Memorial Addresses, delivered in the Hse of Representatives, on the Life and racter of **THADDEUS STEVENS**.

Hon. B. F. **BUTLER** sends us a copy of speech on the Reduction of the Army.

—o—

ENDOWMENT OF DICKINSON COLGE.—Rev. Dr. **DASHIELL**, President of ickinson College, recently received at the sion of the Central Pennsylvania M. E. onference a gift from a layman of the andsome sum of $25,000 to endow a chair that College. A few more such "gifts" ould place this time-honored institution n a firm foundation.

We learn that Col. **THOMAS BEAVER**, of anville, is the princely donor.

—o—

A GOOD MOVE.—Mr. Cornman, our member at Harrisburg, reported a bill in the House of Representatives, one day last week, authorizing the trustees of the State Lunatic Hospital to remove to the Cumberland County Insane Asylum such cases as may be pronounced incurable. This is a move in the right direction, and we sincerely hope the bill may become a law.

—o—

TOTAL ECLIPSE OF THE SUN.—On the 7th of August next there will occur one of the most interesting eclipses of the sun that has or will occur in the United States for many years, and will be a tot l blotting out for a time of that luminary. In the parlance of astronomers, "this same eclipse," that is, an eclipse caused by the same means, occurred a little less than 18 years ago—in 1851—and though not total in this latitude, was truly interesting, and caused much speculation among the learned. On this occasion the eclipse begins at sunrise in the Pacific Ocean, east of Japan and becomes total first upon the earth in Siberia. It is total at noon in Alaska, and ends in the ocean at sunset just north of Beaufort, North Carolina.

—o—

EASTER SUNDAY.—The 28th of this month will be Easter Sunday, and it will be observed with due solemnity by our Catholic, Episcopal and Lutheran fellow-citizens. After Easter, those who have fasted during the lenten season, can again return to the "flesh-pots."

—o—

MOVING DAY.—A large number of families are preparing to move on the first of April. Every house offered for rent is promptly secured, the demand being greatly in excess of the supply.

—o—

MONEY is charged with being the root of evil; and yet everybody likes to dig and get it—or get it without digging. It is an evil which many good men appear to take vast satisfaction in handling. On the first of next month, money will be a root in great demand, and we pity those who on that day find themselves "short."

—o—

SMALL COIN.—There is a proposition to go further in the coinage of nickel pieces for five cents. Why not give us a ten cent piece of the same, and thus put out of sight one more denomination of the stamps?

—o—

WINTER.—*Another Snow.*—On last Tuesday night, after a spell of uncomfortably cold weather, we were favored with another snow storm, which it is to be hoped will be "the last of the season." People have become tired "t waiting for the Spring," as old Winter makes as many "last appearances" as a favorite actor.

—o—

NEW ISSUE OF POSTAGE STAMPS.—A new issue of postage stamps may soon be expected. In design they will be unique. Introducing the national colors, each series will typify a chapter in our country's history. It is to be hoped that while they are beautifully allegorical they will not lack that essential which has been lost to the old ones, a bountiful supply of gum.

—o—

☞The Rev. W. R. **MILLS**, the estimable Pastor of the First Methodist Episcopal Church of Carlisle, having been transferred by his Conference to York, Pa., left here for his new charge on Thursday. On Sabbath morning last, Mr. Mills delivered his farewell sermon to the members of his congregation, which was a truly eloquent and deeply affecting one. The Rev. gentleman and his amiable family bear with them to their new home the good wishes not only of those of their own denomination, but also of all who had the pleasure of their acquaintance.

—o—

☞The Monthly Sermon before the Young Men's Christian Association of Carlisle, was delivered on Sunday afternoon last, in the Second Presbyterian Church, by the Rev. **GEORGE NORCROSS**, the Pastor. A very large number of persons were present, including members and clergy of nearly all the various denominations of the borough. The discourse upon this occasion was an able and appropriate one, and was listened to with marked attention by the intelligent auditory present. These sermons are delivered monthly by the different Pastors of the borough, and all our people, particularly the young, are earnestly urged to attend.

—o—

ORGANIZATION OF THE NEW COUNCIL—*Election of Officers.*—On Wednesday evening last the new Council met, organized and selected its officers for the ensuing year, with the following result:

President of Council—Chas. E. Maglaughlin.
Clerk—Charles Cornman.
Treasurer—Jos. W. Ogilby.
High Constable—Peter Monyer.
Tax Collector—A. J. Welsh.
Clerk of the Market—A. S. Lyne.
Street Regulators—Robt. Sheafer, Thomas M. Baird, John Martin.
Street Commissioner—John Boyer.
Policemen—Emanuel Swartz, John Crozier, Levi Minich, Jesse Humer.

This being the old police force, no action having been taken on a new one.

It will be observed, that of the above twelve appointments, just one-half are Republicans and one-half Democrats. This gratifying result has been attained through a union of a portion of the Democratic members with the Republican members, in the interest of the old police officers of our borough. The Democratic hurrah-boys of the East Ward had announced their purpose to revolutionize the police system of our borough by turning out all the old members of the force, and substituting for them new men of their own choice. Their slate has thus been broken and the slate-makers discomfited for at least another year.

—o—

We are glad to hear that the Constitution Bitters of Seward & Bentley, are fast superseding the great variety of miserable nostrums sold as Bitters, and the probability is that the sale of Bitters will soon be confined to the Constitution. We hope it will be so, for they are every way worthy of success.

Use Seward's Cough Cure for Bronchitis.

BOROUGH ELECTION.—*Official Returns.*—The following is the official vote of the election held on Friday last:

Chief Burgess,	*E. W.*	*W. W.*	*Total.*
John Campbell,	259	247	506
Charles W. Weaver,	173	184	357
Ass't Burgess,			
Lewis C. Faber,	301	198	499
Francis Eckles,	139	234	373
Assessor,			
John Gutshall,	319	208	527
Rob't M. Black,	125	233	358
Auditor,			
M. W. Hackman,	314	206	520
S. D. Hampton,	130	233	363

EAST WARD.

Town Council.

W. J. Cameron,	302	*John Hays,*	49
Jno. S. Low,	291	*Rob't Sheafer,*	155
C. F. Shrom,	299	*John Plank*	140
L. Masonheimer,	312	*Jacob T. Zug,*	120
Peter Spahr,	208	*Lewis, Faber,*	118
John Park,*	105		
Judge.			
Fred'k Cornman,	314	*John Martin,*	128
Inspector.			
John S. Lyne,	311	*Wm. Hoffer,*	130
School Director.			
Henry Saxton,	435	[No opposition.]	
Justice of the Peace.			
E. L. Shryock,	202	*John Hyer,*	62
M. Holcomb,*	178		
Constable.			
C. P. Sanno,	331	*P. B. Myers.*	99

* Independent Candidates,

WEST WARD.

Town Council.

J. Masonheimer,	203	*C. P. Humrich,*	226
C. Maglaughlin,	231	*W. F. Sadler,*	249
Dr J. J. Zitzer,	179	*S. Wetzel, Jr.,*	227
Wm. H. Miller,	191	*G. E. Sheafer,*	227
Judge.			
Henry S. Ritter,	201	*John R. Turner,*	237
Inspector.			
H. L. Hecker,	201	*B. K. Spangler,*	286
School Director.			
Jas. Hamilton,	437	[No opposition.]	
Constable.			
Emanuel Line,	211	*Wm. Lippert,*	142
		Jehu Lippert,	67

—o—

THE new law requiring every package of fine-cut tobacco to be stamped is very sullenly accepted by chewers. It will not tend much, however, to curtail the sale of the weed.

—o—

SPANISH REVOLUTION.—The quiet, bloodless revolution in Spain has taken everybody by surprise. Queen Isabella, by the voice of popular indignation, was compelled to flee and take refuge in foreign lands. Whether monarchy shall be discarded and a Spanish republic succeed, is a subject for statesmen. At present her prime ministers are looking about for a ruler. Of course royal blood is very plentiful in the Continental countries and they will likely succeed. As soon as the Imperial family is domiciled in the palace, it is expected that the prince of the household will order a "Regulator" Cook Stove because it is the only pattern which has a rotary top, excellent baking quality, beautiful castings, full equipments combined. In the mean time the families of Cumberland County can call at WALKER & CLAUDY'S West Main St., Carlisle and purchase the inimitable article the "Regulator."

—o—

Medical science is making rapid progress—so rapid, indeed, as to render it difficult for practitioners to keep pace with its developments. Tonics are taking the place of drastics, and a careful system of diet and exercise is dispensing with drugs to a remarkable degree. Dr. Bence Jones, of London, has discovered in the animal system a substance called animal quinoidine. To a deficiency of this, in the human system, are evidently due those diseases caused by malarial poison, for it is now well known that these poisons destroy this substance. Our object then should be to keep the system supplied with material from which this substance is elaborated. In the Zingari Bitters we find just such a combination as is required. These Bitters will positively prevent or cure all malarious diseases.

—o—

There are many natural causes that are daily producing an injurious effect upon the hair, by slow but sure approaches. To those who are the victims of any disease of the scalp, a sure preventive is a public benefaction. This, we are told, has been found in the discovery of the celebrated "Barrett's Vegetable Hair Restorative."—*Worcester Spy.*

—o—

LITTELL'S LIVING AGE, No. 1294, for the week ending March 20th, contains Charles Dickens, *Contemporary Review*; "Very Latest Robinson Crusoe," *Once a Week*; A Marine Candle, *Once a Week*; The Country House on the Rhine, Part XVII, by Berthold Auerbach, author of "On the Heights," &c., translated for *The Living Age* from *Die Presse;* Vapours, Fears and Tremors, *Blackwood's Magazine;* The Chinese Mission to Christendom, *Blackwood's Magazine;* From an Island, Part I, by Miss Thackeray, *Cornhill Magazine,* Court Dress Reform, *London Morning Post, etc.;* Count Bismark on the State of Europe, *Spectator*; besides short articles, and poetry.

To new subscribers, remitting to the publishers for the year 1869, THE LIVING AGE is sent from the beginning of Auerbach's romance (No. 1277) to January 1st, 1869, *free of charge.*

LITTELL & GAY, Publishers,
30 Bromfield st., Boston

—o—

Choice Family Groceries. Finest quality of Teas. Choice brands of Family Flour. Buckwheat and Corn Meal; and a fine assortment of Queensware and Glassware at

J. M. MASONHEIMER'S
South-West Corner Pitt
Feb. 2 -3m. and Pomfret Sts.

GRAND JURORS, April Term,

Court of Oyer and Terminer, and General Jail delivery, and Court of Quarter Sessions of the Peace 1869.

Addams Samuel L	farmer	Southampton
Alexanker Elias	merchant	Frankford
Beltzhoover George	farmer	Monroe
Beltzel Daniel	brick-maker	Mechanicsb'g
Brandt David	farmer	Newton
Chambers Thomas U	farmer	Middlesex
Caldwell David	farmer	Penn
Davidson John M	farmer	Mifflin
Danner Philip	laborer	L Allen
Elliott John	farmer	Middlesex
Hemminger Jacob Sr.	wagonmaker	Mifflin
Hays Wm J Jr	farmer	Southampton
Lockey M D	farmer	Frankford
Moore Johnston	farmer	Carlisle
McDannel Wm S	Butcher	Newville
Martin Abm	farmer	Frankford
Murphy John	clerk	Newton
Mumma Jacob	farmer	Silver Spring
Otto George	farmer	S Middleton
Pislee D J	farmer	Newton
Sheafer John D	farmer	Middlesex
Sheafer Samuel	butcher	S Middleton
Spotts Abm	farmer	Dickinson
Zook John	farmer	U Allen

TRAVERSE JURORS, April Term, Oyer and Terminer and General Jail delivery, and Court of Quarter Sessions of the Peace, and Court of Common Pleas, 1869.

Bloser Peter	farmer	Frankford
Banks Wm O	merchant	E Penn
Bestem Geo B	carpenter	Carlisle
Bobb Geo	merchant	Mechanicsb'g
Bear Wilson	butcher	E Penn
Bloser John	gent	Frankford
Burtnett J M	shoe-maker	Frankford
Brandon Wm T	farmer	S Middleton
Brinks Anthony	contractor	Mechanicsb'g
Bricker John	cabinet-m'k	Newville
Britton Thos H	farmer	Southampton
Chestnut James	farmer	Southampton
Cox Wm A	clerk	Ship Boro
Darlhausen John	farmer	Frankford
Duey John	farmer	Silver Spring
Dunlap James	farmer	Penn
Davidson John S	gent	W Penn
Davidson Wm	farmer	Newton
Eckels Wm H	merchant	Silver Spring
Elliott Abm	farmer	Middlesex
Fortney Jacob	farmer	U Allen
Foreman J K	carpenter	Southampton
Fleming Wilson	farmer	S Middleton
Fitting John	butcher	New Cumbl'd
Feeman Adam	machinist	New Cumbl'd
Fleming Geo	farmer	Ship Twp
Green Wm	farmer	Newton
Heberlig Joseph	merchant	Newton
Hoerner David	fuller	S Middleton
Jacobs Joseph	farmer	Mifflin
Kesht Jacob	farmer	Frankford
Klink Alex	inn-keeper	Silver Spring
Linthurst Chas A	res keeper	S Middleton
Moore John T	laborer	Penn
Mateer Bailey	laborer	L Allen
McCrea John	farmer	Mifflin
Means Wm D	farmer	Southampton
Neff J C	dentist	Carlisle
Peoples Wm	dyer	Mechanicsb'g
Peller J N	laborer	Dickinson
Rupert Howard	farmer	Dickinson
Sharp Thomas	farmer	Newton
Stevick Felix	farmer	Hopewell
Trego John K	laborer	Penn
Walters Wilson	farmer	E Penn
Waggoner Jacob	farmer	Middlesex
Zinn Adam	farmer	S Allen
Zeigler Jesse	farmer	Middlesex

OYER AND TERMINER and General Jail Delivery

Barr Rob't L	farmer	Hopewell
Claudy Jacob	gent	Newville
Claudy Ab'm	gent	Penn
Dumbaugh David	res't keeper	Mechanicsb'g
Fries Joseph	shoemaker	E Penn
Graham J E B	farmer	S Middleton
Gracy J Sharp	farmer	Newton
Greason Samuel	farmer	W Penn
Hartzler Christian	farmer	Hampden
Harlan James M	farmer	Mifflin
Hall Jacob	farmer	Southampton
Kuhns A S	farmer	Newton
Lantz Jacob	farmer	E Penn
Lehman Jacob	farmer	Monroe
Lerew Wm	farmer	Dickinson
McCullough A S	merchant	W Penn
Myers Ab'm	dealer	Newton
Megaw Samuel	farmer	Mifflin
Roth Ferdinand	farmer	E Penn
Sroby John M	farmer	S Middleton
Trimble Geo	farmer	Hampden
Wonders Wm B	farmer	Ship Twp
Wild Samuel G	druggist	Newville
Young Simon	smith	New Cumbl'd

MARKETS.

CARLISLE PRODUCE MARKET.

Carlisle, March 25th 1869.

Family Flour	7 50
Superfine do	600
do RYE	6 50
WHITE WHEAT	1 40
RED do 100 to	1 30
RYE	1 30
CORN	70
OATS, (new)	60
CLOVERSEED	8 75
TIMOTHYSEED	2 50
FLAXSEED	2 25
BARLEY to	1 70

General Produce Market.

Carlisle, March 25th, 1869.

Corrected Weekly by Andrew Washmood

BUTTER	40	BACON SHOULDERS,	14
EGGS,	22	BACON SIDES,	15
LARD,	18	WHITE BEANS	3 25
TALLOW,	10	PARED PEACHES,	25
SOAP,	8	UNPARED PEACHES	18
BEESWAX,	35	DRIED APPLES,	2 50
BACON HAMS	18	RAGS,	4

SPECIAL NOTICES.

FISH AND SALT.

Wm. Blair & Son, "South End," Carlisle, offer FISH & SALT in any quantities, at less prices than they can be brought from the cities. If not satisfactory return them and get your money

Call and see our immense stock of QUEENSWARE, GLASSWARE, TUBS, CHURNS, BASKETS, SPOONS, KNIVES and FORKS, WAITERS and a thousand others things that housekeepers want.

We sell cheap for cash, *Wholesale and Retail,* and warrant all we sell.

26mar69.

☞ In one of Doctor Ayer's lectures he states that Chemistry confers more practical benefits on mankind than any other science, yet from no other source could *more* be so easily obtained. The arts and economies which chemistry would teach, if more thoroughly and generally studied, would speedily exercise a most beneficient influence. He freely confesses that he is indebted to this science for the virtues of his remedies, and advises that the practical application of chemistry to medicine, the arts, manufactures, and agriculture be enjoined upon our colleges and schools.—*Wrightsville (Pa.) Star.*

ATTENTION MERCHANTS!

Merchants will do well by calling to see the large assortment of NOTIONS AND FANCY DRY GOODS, such as Gloves, Hosiery, Neck Ties and Bows, Suspenders, Paper and Linen Collars and Cuffs, Trimmings, Stationery, Shaving, Tooth and Hair brushes, Soap and Perfumeries, Drugs, Shoe Blacking, &c., &c. at

COYLE & CO,
No. 11, South Hanover Street.
Carlisle Pa.

19mar 6t

50,000 best No. 1 Pales for sale low at the yard of A. H. BLAIR.

5mar 69.

DR. JACKSON'S ANALEPTICA.

NEW REMEDY IN CONSUMPTION.—A Physician who had Consumption for several years with frequent bleedings of the lungs, cured himself with a medicine unknown to the profession, when his case appeared hopless. He is the only physician who has used it in his own person, or who has any knowledge of its virtues, and he can ascribe the degree of health he now enjoys to nothing but the use of his medicine; and nothing but utter despair and entire extinction of all hope of recovery, together with a want of confidence in all others induced him to hazard the experiment. To those suffering with any disease of the Lungs he proffers a treatment he confidently believes will eradicate the disease. Price $1,50 per bottle or $8 a half dozen, sent by express. Send for circular or call on DR. E. BOYLSTON JACKSON,

No. 250 North Tenth Street, Philadelphia.

For sale by Henry F. Geyer, Mechanicsburg, Pa., and Druggists generally.

22may 68 1y.

WIRE RAILING, WIRE GUARDS, for Store Fronts, Asylums, &c. Iron Bedsteads, Wire Webbings for sheep and poultry yards, Brass and Iron wire cloth Sieves, Fenders, Screens for coal, ores, sand, &c. Heavy Crimped Cloth for spark arresters Landscape Wire for Windows &c., Paper Makers Wires, Ornamental Wire Works. Every information by addressing the manufacturers, M. WALKER & SONS' No. 11 North Sixth street Philadelphia.

12feb 69-y.

☞ DEAFNESS, BLINDNESS, and CATARRH treated with the utmost success by J. ISAACS M. D. and Professor of *Diseases of the Eye and Ear in the Medical College of Pennsylvania. 12 years experience* (formerly of Leyden, Holland,) No. 805, Arch St., Phila. Testimonials can be seen at this office. The medical faculty are invited to accompany their patients, as he has no secrets in his practice. Artificial eyes inserted without pain. No charge for examination.

12june 68 1y

300,000 feet of dry pine boards for sale cheap now is your time, builders, at the cheap yard of

5mar 69. A. H. BLAIR.

HORSE and Cattle Powders and Liniments, together with a large assortment of fresh Drugs and Medicines, Dye Stuffs, &c., &c., just received at Cornman & Worthington's Drug Store, No. 7, East Main Street Carlisle.

BUY CHEAP FOR CASH.—Three per cent deduction on all coal of half-ton and over, delivered in town for the cash. No allowance when a charge is made at A. H. BLAIR'S.

5mar 69

NEW ADVERSISEMENTS.

AN ORDINANCE relating to Cellar Doors, Door Steps and Pavements on College Street.

Be it enacted and ordained by the Town Council of the Borough of Carlisle and is hereby enacted by the authority of the same.

SEC. 1. That from and after the passage of this Ordinance it shall be unlawful for property owners in said Borough to extend into the pavements, any Cellar Doors for a greater distance than 3 feet 9 inches, nor any Door Steps to a greater distance than 3 feet 6 inches on any of the streets in said Borough.

SEC. 2. That all foot pavements hereafter laid on College Street, shall extend into said Street 12 feet, and all pavements on said Street now laid of a less width, shall be extended to 12 feet within six moths from the passage of this Ordinance. Enacted into an Ordinance this 16th day of March, 1869.

C. P. HUMRICH,
Pres't. Town Council.
J. CAMPBELL,
Chief Burgess.

ATTEST—J. M. ALLEN,
Sec'ty of Corporation,
26mar3t

U. S. INTERNAL REVENUE.

Collection of Annual Taxes for 1869.

COLLECTOR'S OFFICE, 15th District, Pa.,
Mechanicsburg, Pa., March 20, 1869.

Pursuant to the Internal Revenue Laws of the United States, all persons assessed on the annual list for 1869 for Special Taxes or Licenses, tax on Incomes, Carriages, Gold Watches, Plate, &c., are hereby notified that the collector of this District or his Deputy will be present to receive the aforesaid Taxes at the time and places below named:—

CUMBERLAND COUNTY.

At Heck's hotel, Lisburn, on Saturday, April 3rd, 1869, for Lower Allen township, Cumberland county, and Fairview Township, York county.

At Kline's Hotel, Bridgeport, on Monday, April 5th, 1869, from 7 o'clock, A. M., to 12 o'clock, M., for East Pennsboro and Hampden twps., Cumberland County.

At Goldsboro, on Monday, April 5th, 1869, for part of 7th Division including Conewago, Newburg and Warrington townships York county.

At the office of the Assistant Assessor at Shippensburg, on Thursday, April 8th, 1869 for the townships of Shippensburg, Southampton, and Hopewell and the Boroughs of Shippensburg and Newburg.

At the office of the Assistant Assessor at Newville, on Friday and Saturday, April 9th and 10th, 1869, for the townships of Mifflin, Frankford, West Pennsboro, Penn and Newton and the Borough of Newville.

At the office of M. C. Herman, Esq., Rheem's Hall, Carlisle, on Monday and Tuesday, April 12th and 13th, 1869, for the townships of North Middleton, South Middleton, Middlesex and Dickinson and the Borough of Carlisle.

At the Collector's office in Mechanicsburg, on Thursday and Friday, April 15th and 16th, 1869, for the townships of Silver Spring, Upper Allen, Monroe and the Borough of Mechanicsburg and the townships of Monaghan, Carroll, Franklin and Washington in York county.

TAKE NOTICE.—By the Laws, as amended March 2nd 1867, parties failing to pay at the time specified above will incur the following expenses. 20 cents for notices and 4 cents per mile for service of same with 5 per centum penalty and interest at one per centum per month additional.

The above mentioned places have been selected as the most central in the several Divisions, but taxes will be received on the days specified at any of the points most convenient to the tax payer.

On the 8th, 9th, 10th 12th 13th and 14th of April collections will not be received at the Collector's office in Mechanicsburg as he will be absent filling the above appointments.

WM. PENN LLOYD,
Collector, 15th District, Pa.

Philadelphia, March 10th, 1869.

We beg leave to inform you that we are prepared to offer for your inspection, our usual assortment of

MILLINERY GOODS,

Consisting of the *Newest Shapes* in Straw, Silk and Gimp Hats, Bonnets, &c; Velvets, Silk Goods, Ribbons, Flowers, Feathers, Ruches, Crapes, Blonds Braids, Ornaments, &c., &c. We shall be happy to wait on you at our store or receive your order. *Prices low for cash.* Yours, &c. H. WARD.

Nos. 103, 105 and 107 N. Second St., Philad'a.

March 12 1mo.