VOL. 69.

MICELLAN EOU.

THE NATIONAL

LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY,

UNITED STATES OF AMERICA.

WASHINGTON D. C.

July 25 1868

Cash Capital - - \$ 1,000,000

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Law office in liding attached to Franklis House, opposite thourt House. Tomy 68 by G. M. LTZHOOVER. TTORNEAT LAW, and Real

Restate Agent pherdstown, West Vieglais, Sor Frometatteentilven to all highless in Jeffer on County and manties adjoiling it.

January 19, 18509. L E BELTOOVER, Attorney

eat haw Officeouth Hanover street, opposite the day goore Carlisle, Pa. ntember 9, 186 AMES A. NBAR-Attorney of Law, Carille, files in No. 7, theom's flatt

WEAK & SADLER. TIORNEAT LAW, Office

C.P. HUMAICHA WM, B. PARKER HUMR & PARKER. TTORNAT LAW. Office on Main St., Du Hall, Carlisle, Pa.

S. PAT AGENCY. C. L. eute drawing a sions &c., and procures patent or inventors WILLIAMNEDY, Attorney

W M. B. LER, Attorney at Low and States Claim Agent, Care lists, Jumbertan Pa Pensions, Rouns Pay &c, promptly edited of Applications will receive impredate at-tention, and the lock forwer ed. No fee repaired within is settled. Feb. 14th, 186

on Office at lence of his mother, Eas

YEO WEICH, D. D. S.-

dence oppositelliste. Pa. 18 fully t, 5A W. SCOTT COYLE S. M. Coxi

BERS osiery, Glovi oleand Stationery Alders will remt a tention.

Mth Hanover St. C risle
Assatzsambersburg Woollen Mills

D40. NEFF.

GRADUATINA. COLLEGE OF DENGERY DENTIST, ... Respectfully settizens of Carliste and vi-cionty that hethersille No 25, West sain Street, latelyly his Father, where hether propred to approve should business. Arti-Bial to-thy libral, Silver, Vulcantte and Pattinum ... Usrate. Usapril 63.

TO H NR N H R. MET TAILOR.

COMPSORTMENT OF FALL INTER GOODS,

eres, Vestings, Grating Gools, &c., erer brought

ENGL AN MANUFACTURERS of the finist of the date.

Mr. Darient proceded enter of One experience is warrant perfect fits, at prompt filling. Place 1, 14, or cut to order. Don't forget the p. 15mm, 634

FRESVAL

Of al Spring Styles of ND CAPS. The Subse, opened, at No. 15 North Hanover St. seth of the Carlisle Depositions, one of all best stock of HATS a CAPS aver old.

Site Haty 'all ayles and qualities Bill Bellust, and avery description of Biff Brius 4, and gray description of Both Hat's objunk rel and told fashions brush, kept, hard and midd to order all warran faction. A full association of STRLW floy-can i the front function of the Whydram is the following the world of the state of the consideration of different Nock-Thes. Petercal, Suring Silks. Sus pan ions. Use from Sigars and Tobice always on the Give me a he my stock, as I fiel condent of plutying you mone?

A. KELLER, Art. A. KELLER, Agt.

GAS E PLUMBIN .. The subseperminently located to Carlisle, respectively located to Carlisle, respectively located to Carlisle, respectively located the public Squir in the rear Storian Church, when they and the subsection of the carcite all of may be entrusted with in a substict, very moderate prices than the carlisle of the carcite all of may be entrusted with in a substict.

HYDRAULIC THING TISINS and all otheracti "REAL BIN VD STEAM PITTING promotly athm at approved style

so till wo

Don't fortinediately in the rear
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be Pirst Piet. E HENWOOD. TTHE EBANK, OF CAR LISTANK, OF CAR
LISTANK, OF CAR
Recently of copend, for transaction
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an output of the state of demand, into et alle wid ga Gold, Silver, Iras Lynn, John Golde Lind, Silver, Iras Lynn, John Golde Lind, John Golde Lind, Lynn, John Golde Lind, Lynn, John Golde Lynn, Talling H. Hoffer, Cushter, Lynn, John Lind, Lynn, John Lind, Lynn, John Lind, Lynn, Ly R. Givan, Til H. Miller, Thomas Paris Helkes, John W. Drais Herman, 21 mar 08 Vinam Wilmer.

JOOUSE. HA IRG, PA.

## Herald

CARLISLE, PENN'A, FRIDAY, JANUARY 15, 1869

4,448 38

44 67

Inter-st certificates out-standing
Interest certificates un-climed,
Domestic creditors cor-

Total funded and unfunded.

rior to their maturity.

I regret to state that the last Legislature;

although fully forewarned in regard to the insecurity and want of proper and sufficient guards for the sufe-keeping of the money of the Commonwealth, failed to de-

practicable period, not inconsistent with other public interests, is of the highest im-

portance to every tax-payer. I cannot, therefore, too strongly urge the stric est

Retrench.nent is emphatically demand

economy in respect to every expenditure and the utmost retrenchment in every de

SPONSLER, te Agent, Scrivener, Convincer Insu Claim Agent. Office MajStreet Nes HLY IMPROVE FARM ADAMS COUNTY AT PRETE SALE.

on the Conswars Creek miles fro

I : Acres of Limestoniand, but about 30 Acres, whare covered vy White Usk Timber. provements are extensive, d consist, viz RGE TWO STOP BRICK MANSION HOUS.

LARGE BANBARN w 90 feet by 50 with agon Shed and stacked, and a newfalling Well o

being clinible and thand of the best of limestone, well want and the cattle access to water from #7 field, a great of the land has been entity limed, then to the condition and the corn ground to f the cost ground pahel for the continu. There is a OrlMill Backmaith in School House with a short distance

SOLICITORS AND ATTORNEYS This Counting, National in its character, offers by reason of its Lorge Copical, low States of Premium and vew Tybes the most describe means of insurange flexy to presented to the post.

The rates of premium, belog Talley reduced, are most set sprongly to the insurers as these of the host most set from the confidentials and the different rates of the host of the different rates with the factor of the different rates. The following the policy locales. See the policy-locales. See the policy-locales.

andersta times which the latter an so apt to cause the Policy-Holders.

Several new and attractive tables are now presented which need only to be understood to prove acceptable to the public such as the INCOME-PRODUCING PRODUCING POLICY. In the ormar, the publicy-holder not only, secures a life in cursur, psyable at death, but will reserve, if living, there a priest of a law years, an annual income equal to the percent 10 per cent, of the part of his policy. In the satter the Company across to return to the assured he total amount of more picked to the percent of the parties.

The attention of persons contemplating insuring their lives or in gessin; the amount of insurance has always and the special advantages offered by the National Life insurance company. THE THRETORY BRICK OD

Antiques of the Company of the Company in City of City of City on and apple of the City of Cit to such agencies, with suitable end reamin, should be addressed to Thir. Courtness (ENERAL MENTS GNAY, in their respective discussions) of their respective discussions. For Pennsylvania and Southern New Jersey, IAY CORKER & CO. Pennsylvania and Southern New Jersey, IAY CORKER & CO. Washington, D. C. For Martland, Vizginia, District of Columbia and West Virginia. A FROR SALE,
Situout 1½ milSouth West of Carlisis,
owned avid 5. Ew. containing about 90.
ACR 1521 all clear under good faces and in
a highor continuat.

The rements are commodious TWO-STORT LOG B, WEATH SOARDED, and PRAME BARN other contient out-bildings. The MONDAY, DEC'R., 14 1868. GREAT TRUNK LINE FROM THE North and outh West to Philadelph a, New York, Reading, ytisville, Eumayan, Ashband, Shamekin, Lebanon, Vlentown, Easton, Ephrata, Litiz, Lancaster, Col-For ide., apply to A. L. PONSLER. 15se)

Leutowi, Easton, Ephrata, Littz, Laucaster, Colmoti, &c., &c.
Trains leage Harcisburg, for New York, ephollows:
6.3.0, 5.00, 5.00, 5.00, a. M., (2.40, noon, 2.05 and 10 5.00, M., connecting with shutlar Trates on the one-yivasia Rail Read, and arriving at New York 11.00, a. M., 12.20 Noon, 2.50 7.50 10 05, P. M., of 616 A. M., respectfully. Sheeping Cardisconnecting nd 6 15 A. M., respectfully Sleeping Cargacom aning 3.50, A. M., and 10.50, P. M., trains without parting 3.50, A. M., and 10.50, P. M., trains without the parting 3.50, A. M., and 10.50, P. M., trains without the parting 1.50 per Harristi are for Reading. Pottsville, Tames 10.50 per Harristi are for Reading. Pottsville, Tames 1.50 per Harristi and Columbia. Only Reading 4.50 per Harristi and Columbia only. For ottoville, Schuylstill Haves and Auburn vis Schuylstill, and Suapuchatom Rallrod, leave Harristill, and Suapuchatom Rallrod, leave Harristill, and Suapuchatom Rallrod, leave Mew Vork at 9.00, A. M., 12.50, Noor and 5.10 p. M. Steeping cars of marristic the Work. A. M. and 3.50 p. M. Steeping cars of marristic theory of the Work of the Marristis Island S. M. and 3.50 p. M. Steeping cars of marristic theory of the Work of the Marristis Island S. M. and 3.50 p. M. connecture, with similar train on East Pannisham California, M. and 2.50 p. M. and 3.50 p. M. connecture, with similar train on East Pannisham California, Color and S. M. an Sale mence at look, P. M., on said day, when till be may gawn by A. L. SPONSLER, Real Estate Agent.

HOR ASTIN & CO'S "Sose to fight out on this line."

VANTED

own a 0.10 A. d. returning belows Pinhadelphia at (0), P. M.
Golumbia Rail Rout Trains leave Reading 7 00, A.
d. and 6.15, P. M. for Ephrata, Littz, Fencaster, Johnshia & J.
Perkiomen Rail Road Trains leave Perkiomen Juncaion at 9.15 A. M. and 5.30 P. M. Asturning: Leave stippass at \$1.10 A. M., and 12.35 P. M. connecting ith similar trains of Reading field Road.
On Sindays: Leave New York at \$0.0 P. M. thibdolphia 8.00 A. M., and 3.15, P. M., the 8.00 A.
I. Tailp running only to Res tings Potteville 8.00, A.
M. Harrisburg 5.50 A. M. and 4.10 and 10.30, P. J. and Reading at 1.30, 3.00 and 7.13 A. M. for Harrisburg at 1.30, 3.00 and 7.15 A. M. for Harrisburg at 1.30, 3.00 and 1.15 P. M. for Philadelphia.
Commutation, Allenge, Season, School-and Excursion Tekets, to and from all philos. At relieved tates taggage checked through, 100 pounds allowed each assembly.

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kukor ngtice of thit:—Our Agents ar

put res pay one dollar for their prisents

fut ressume for their services, in gettin

up Citisa examina the following

ERMS TO AGENTS.

French and English Window Glass Hammered Plate Glass for Skylights Colored and Ornsmental Church Glass. Fluted Glass for Conservatories, Every Size and Thickness, By the Original Case, box, or Single Light. LIVERY AND SALE STABLE.

Between Hanover and Bedford Streets, in real CARLISLE PENN'A. Having fitted up the Stable with New Carriages co., I am prepared to furnish first-class turn-outs to teconomic rates. Tartles taken to and from the prings. Wheeler and Wilson and Elliptic LOCK STITCH Sewing Machines. The Best Simplest and Cheapest. PHESE machines are adapted to do all kinds of family sewing, working equali-well upon slik Linea and Antion goods with all all botton and Linea threads, in king a beatiful an perfect stitch alike on both sides of the articl-swent. Sendum of money by Pration New York Pidthy Kapress. We will jay Kachange as a 25 25 more. Small same thould be but by seed letter or by postal money order to tossibly to lose money seed in either for days. We will no be responsible by the sent as above directed. See that during the properly directed and stamped, as distributed by the service of the company of the property of the company of the property of the company of the property of the company of t word. All machines sold are warranted. Call and eximine at Rall Road Telegraph Office May 24, 1867-tf. , JOHN CAMPBELL. VALU BLE MEDICINES AAA

Strands and win F Abbits, are a soldated about the hume sind style of the strands and strangers and state and the hume sind style of Shark's fitter for the strands to the strands of Shark's fitter for the strands to the strands of Shark's fitter for the strands to the strands of Shark's fitter for the strands of the strands o

SPONSLER'S CCUMN

n length and 45 in brea containing a leleven Parlor Rooms, allewly papered tod. a plants running as the entire ducing an under the wholedles, and an twell of water near theirchen door. buildings belonding to tabove consist. C. Car. laxe House, Wood & Coal. House, n. Bick Smoke House, outry House, ioue, all new except a latter. The is large and highly cultied, containing a with glazed sash. Throunds around the many choice fruit and amontal trees, ng which is a fine apple jard, next

NEW TENANTIOUSE, I feet containing severooms, the out-to same consisting a Wash House, ven, fleg Pen, &c., a Puist the door and lien; garden. BRANCH OFFICE PHILADELPHIA FIRST NATIONAL BANK BUILDING, Where the general business of the Company is trans-serest and to which all general correspondence should be addressed. Jay Cooke, Ph Iada
Q. H. Cherk, billada,
Q. H. Cherk, Childada,
Q. H. Cherk, Cherk, Childada,
Q. H. Cherk, Childada,
Q. H. Q. Farmestock, N. Y.
J. Hinckley Çlark, Phila Ia.
H. Q. Farmestock, N. Y.

Senior Louise Service Service

LUABLE PRATE RESI

JUABLE F.M in Perry Co, Thiorements are nature Log & Weather our our Large Band Spring House with sceleter. Schooluse and Church at a nature distance. At to

with modious lia full diling, occupied as a Store, rivate re-life, situated on Wey Mail Structale, near therener of West. The property cas all the urn improvement The total big feet in fro and 2-0 in depth with a Stata Carriage He on the alley in the rear. The Liga are all n and in good oddition, and thitton is a modesirable one f business. Engoti A. L. SPESSLER.

25au

PE PHOPIRTY AT PUB On rsday, Inuary 14th, 1869. Wild at Polic ale a flurble residence or bust and siq to en Soch Hanover Street. No 35 Late the propertiof Daniel Keller, deceasing property congles of a DUULLE HUMAN PROPERTY OF THE POLYMPH CONTROL OF THE POLYMPH PROPERTY OF THE POLYMPH POLYMPH

GREONE DLLAR SALE!

AGTS AGENTS! Ladies :tiemen inevery town and city the States, o act as Agents for stiro 's Grat One Dollar Sale

Austrio.'s Grit One Dollar Sale of richrashis good, comprising nothing but useful wanted a every family. Each and severy fill be not/for One Bolias, resulting the not-for One Bolias, presents. Watch Dress Pattern, Piece Sog, Sawha Machine, Wool Carpet, Ac. Ac. extra ost. Our Inducements to Agentiways hein nearly double those of any ote in the trade, and our largely increasifies warrants us in continuing the same.

BRAIS TO AGENTS.

Anyending us a Club of Ten, with \$1, will be to receive for the same any one of the fred articles on our Exchange that For Phitty, with \$3, the person will be notitle of the following articles, vis.—Merrsche. 20 yards lieached of Brown Sheetlat Silver-plated Fire-bottle Revolving Cong Porss Pattern, 1 dosen extra qualitylose. Fancy Colored Bed Spread, 1 largomask Table Over, 1 Morocc Albumbures, All-Wool Cassimeres for pant and Verladles' Sorge Got grees Boots besquality, fine Linen Towels, 1 large size young the same of t

Shirtis, Albertshaum, Phpe in case, 1 set of Lec Ot.

For a One Hundred with \$10-1 heavy wilver-nigrared for Picher, 60 yards Bleached or History, and the said or History, and the said First, apprior. White Wood Blankets, 7% and si Jeanoy Casalaips for suits, elegant Berage, attern, 1 Ladies', or Genth' Silver, elegant Bundindatch, 1 Bacon's Harbarrelia Revolver into the sugarated Six-bittle Reporting, 25 yards Henry Capoting, 1 pair into Banklectile North Six December 25 yards Henry Capoting, 1 pair into Banklectile North Six December 25 yards Henry Capoting, 2 heavy line Banklectile North Six December 25 yards Henry Capoting, 1 pair into Banklectile North Six December 25 yards Henry Capoting, 2 heavy Dechool Long Shawl inco Fur Mulf and ape, turk Fronch Call Boos.

App. Just Fronch Call Jamousca warous areas with \$100.—30 yes For it One Thousand, with \$100.—30 yes For it of the state of Oculting Gold Watch and Chain, 1 comblete set Sable Fars.

For f smaller Clubs we will give a pres ntof g mate value.

Agentomers may at any, time make decisions from the Exchange List, and be additable for each article, nave the good rowarhem, without first codering check out in see no prendume, will, be given.

Funded debt, viz:
5p-r cent. Ioans,
12p-r cent. Ioans,
13p-r cent. Ioans,
Total funded,
Unfunded debt, viz:
Relief notes in circula-Original Poetry. For "The Carlisle Herald."

OLD YEAR MUSINGS. BY PHILO DOE. A happy man sat, by the dying year, Down his pale cheek trickled a burning tear, At thought of the past, the future so dim, The few short hours, now loft for him. Like a martyr his life from earliest youth Was given to science in search of truth; And now for his pains, the flend mel Had robbed him of peace, and pictured his folly. His longings, yearnings to see through the dark, That engulis each mortal's frail life bark. Had launched his ressun into wild speculation, The prove there no er was, such a thing as Creating.

That all things per se sprang to animate state,

Were governed by no one, only by fate,

Which means a something they nover have seen
Between them and fortune it always has been, The soul's immortality he does not deny, Where does it go when our bodies die Does it pass to the chadre, the Hebrow shee To await in night a brighter goal? Or flee it like light through space afar, To become a fixed and shining star. In wanderings lost, his reason's o'erthrow And leaves him dying with the year alone To late, he believes through faith is given

His head droops holpless, his eyes widely stare, 'Mid quanting of wine, and booming of gup,' The work of death and the year are done. Governor's Message.

To weary souls, a rest in Heaven; Kind friends, whose counsel he once did slight,

ot many like him, are we ping and tears

Who scarcely have known life's joys or cares;

In that bright land are happy to night.

Are weeping to see the years as they go Leave increased misery, want and wee, so many once happy, n w houseless, hom

Are striving an i fre-xing beyond redress.

The shade of the picture foreshadows despair.

To the Senate and House of Representative of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvenia: of the Commonweatth of remsyrvana.

GENTLEMEN: —For the harmony, and general relations of comity and friendship existing between Pennsylvania and all the other States and Territories of the National money of the Commonwealth, failed to determine upon any mode by which the Treasury may be effectually guarded against the possibility of logs. The present Legislature has it in its power to senter for itself no ordinary honor, by the enactment of such a law, strong and efficient for the purpose indicated, and the enjoyment not only of the approbation, but the permanent gratitude of every citizen. Notwithstanding the satisfactory reduction of the public indebtedness, as shown in the foregoing statements, an immense State debt is still upon us, requiring nearly two million of dollars to be collected to pay the interest accruing upon it annuality. Its extinguishment at the eurliest practicable period, not inconsistent with tion of the Common wealth; for the glad signs of coming political tranquility; and for the success which attonds the progress of our free institutions, we owe a heavy debt of gratitude to Divine Providence. In view of the favorable circumstances under which you are now assembled, it becomes my province and duty, as it is my pleasure, to offer you my hearty congratulations, and to tender you a cordial welcome to the Legislative Halls of the State. This, indeed, affords me a higher gratification because I participate with your constituents in the confidence maniefated by them in selecting you to represent their individual interests as well, as those of the Common wealth. On your wisdom, integrity, judgme-t and discretion, all will undoubtedly rely for the correct determination of every question affecting the largest

tion of every question affecting the largest-interests and gravest responsibilities, and for a continuance, and even an increase, of that prosperity which has hitherto be reat responsibility resting upon me that I undertake the performance of a consti-

tutional duty, requiring that the Governor "shall from time to time give to, the General Assembly information of the state of the Commonwealth, and recommend to their consideration such measures as he shall judge expedient." In conformity with this requirement, your attention will be called only to such matters of public interest as in my judgment deserve careful consideration and action on your part dur-ing the present assign. ing the present session.

The following is a carefully prepared statement of the financial condition of the state for the fiscal year ending November

The reports of the Anditor Genreciated funds in the Treas-ury, unavailable, lotal in Treasury for fiscal year

ending November 30, 1868;

Paymen s, viz:
Ordinary expenses
during the fiscal
year ending November 30, 1868, \$2,454,506 00
Leans, &c., redeemed. 4417.463 64 4,417,463 64 12,8 0 00 1,9;9,600 91 ber payments, terest on loans, prec ated iunds, unavailab e,

Balance in fund November 30, 1868,

\$934,032 76 By the sixth section of the act of May 16, 1861, a sp cial tax of one-philf mill on the dollar was especially set apart for the payment of the interest and redemption of the loan created by an act of May 18, 1861, entitled "An Act to create a loan and pro-vide for arming the State." vide for arming the State." \$319,933 1

Balance on hand September 3, 1867, The receipts from a id tax and lax on gross receipts from September 3, 1863, to November 20, 1868, am'nt to 423,079 20 Total, 748 912 37 nterest paid in January and July, 1868, 160,245 00 Balance in fund November 30, 1868, \$574,667 87

CONDITION OF BALANCES. CONDITION OF THE STATE OF THE S

Deduct balance in Tressury, Nov. mber 30, 1868. 1,018,415 37 Balance in favor of sinking fund, ... \$495,284 76 BEDUCTION OF THE STATE DEBT. By the report of the Commissioners of the Sinking Fund for the year ending September 30, 1807, the "loans redeemed" amounted to \$1,794,569 50, and by their report from September 3, 1867, to Novem-ber 1868, the "loans redeemed" amounted

o \$2,414,916 64, making a total reduction to \$2,414,316 64, making a total reduction of the State debt, in two years and three months, of four million two hundred and nine thousand three hundred and eighty-six delfars and fourteen cents.

The assets remaining in the Sinking Fund are as follows, vizz. Bonds of the Pennsylvania Railroad Company, six million, four hundred thousand dollars, and bonds of the Philadelphia and Brig Railroad Company.

between liberty and licentiousness; to preserve an inviolable respect for the laws, and exercise "eternal vigilance" against any encroachments upon them. It is admitted that a thoroughly educated people alone, can be permanently free. By educational culture patriotism is expanded, and the principles, manners and sontiments of the whole people are assimilated. Many of the sources of isologies and ments of the whole people are assimilated, Many of the sources of jealousy and prejudice are diminished, social harmony largely increased, and the structure of our free and happy system of government comented, strengthened and adorned. 113,994 57 \$33,28 ,946 13

which is the amount of the State debt as efore stated. During the last ei bteen years there has SOLDIERS' ORPHANS' SCHOOLS. During the last of thren years there has been carried upon the accounts of the Auditor General and State Treasurer, and in their several public statements, "depreciated funds unavailable," to the amount of forty-one thousand and thirty-two dollars. I recommend the appointment of a joint committee, by the Legislature, whose duty it shall be to examine the said depreciated and unavailable funds and dispose of them to the best advantage of the In his report the Superintendent o Soldiers' Orphans' Schools exhibits the total expenditure for their support from December 1, 1867, to May 31, 1868, to be \$286,970 26; total number of pupils in the schools 3,431; average cost per pupil \$69 064 for six months; and the average weekly expenses per pupil \$2 654. The \$60 06½ for six months; and the average weekly expenses per pupil \$2 65½. The fiscal year of these schools, like that of the common schools, terminates by law on the last day of May of each year. The present report of the Superintendent, therefore, embraces only six months, and reports will be made up to the 31st day of May, annually, hereafter. The special appropriation of February 25, 1868, made in accordance with an estimate of the Superintendent, presented in my last appropriation of the superintendent presented in my last appropriation of the superintendent presented in my last appropriation and superintendent presented in my last appropriation of the superintendent presented in my last appropriation appropriation of the superintendent presented in my last appropriation predicted and unavailable funds and dis-pose of them to the best advantage of the Treasury; or, it found to be worthless, to cancel and detroy them, so that the ac-counting officers may be relieved from the necessity and responsibility of annually accounting for them. The large cash balance remaining in the Treasury on the 30th of November, 1867, has been used for the payment of the twenty-three million loan and for the liquidation of cutstanding claims against the State. The investment of the funds, in one of the modes recommended in my last an-

Superintendent, presented in my last annual message, exceeded the actual expenses \$4.004 74. \$4.004 74.

Notwithstanding every possible effort has been, and will continue to be made, to economize in the expenses of the present year, and to keep them as far as possible within the appropriation made by the last Legislature, it will readily be observed that there will be a deficit for the year ending May 31, 1869, the amount of which will be carefully ascertained and presented to the Legislature, prior to the close of the present session.

The schools are all in good condition and improving, and their usefulness is daily becoming more manifest. They are among the most philanthropic institutions State. The investment of the runes, in one of the modes recommended in my last annual message, has, therefore, in a great messure, been rendered unnecessary for the present. But in the event of large accumulation of the money hereafter, the recommendations therein given are respectfully referred to and renewed. Whenever tolly referred to, and renewed. Whenever there may be surplus funds in the Treasury, they can, with safety and benefit to the State, be employed in the purchase of its outstanding bonds, and in saving the litterest on them which would accumulate prior to their metality.

daily becoming more manifest. They are among the most philanthropic institutions of the age, and reflect higher honor on the patriotism of the Legislature by which they have been so liberally endowed and upon our people by whout they are sustained. The children who are the recipients of their benefits are the offspring of brave men who voluntarily endangered their lives in the cause of their country in the most trying hour of its existence, and who, glowing with patriotic ardor, and who, glowing with patriotic ardor. in the most trying hour of its existence, and who, glowing with patriotic ardor, fought as bravely and as heroically as the noblest men in the world's history. Thousands of them who left their homes in the bloom of health and with the brightest hopes of manhood, now sleep in death, leaving their widows and little ones to the care of the country in whose service they fell, and which promised them its protection. Their children are the wards of this great Commonwealth; and too much praise cannot be awarded its too much praise cannot be awarded its people for the munificent and tender manner in which they have thus far, through their representatives, discharged the sacred and delicate trust.

AGRICULTURAL COLLEGE.

ed by the people, in legislative expendi-tures, as, well as in every other branch of the government. Their eyes are open to investigate every transaction, and by their ballots they are ready to strike down those who will not take effective action in favor of positive and radical reform. The money paid into the Teasury is the proporty of the people, every one of whom has a just right to hold his representatives to a strict accountability for every dollar that may be appropriated or exponded.

I here renew the remarks made last year on the subject of "annual appropriations." to which you are respectfully referred. For four successive years the general appropriation bills have been signed on the eleventh day of April, being about the time of adjournment. The Governor has been forced either to sign the bills without proper investigation, notwithstanding any objections he may have; suspend the means to defray the operations of the government for the ensuing year; or call an ballots they are ready to strike down those own earnings. History proves that semi-naries of learning cannot be officiently sustained by their own into nal resources. The education of youth in the higher branches of knowledge seems to require the aid of philanthropic contributions. This institution had not these benefits to This institution had not these benefits to any adequate extent, and though the board of trustees bestowed upon it the most anxious care, their zoal and labor, combined with those of its friends, were not equal to a contest with the want of means. Hence the school did, not command the confidence of farmers—who were able to cate their sons, and who could not for get that the character of the college at tached to the character of its graduates; and that its failure would enter into the estimate which the world would place upon the education it bestowed. This means to duray the operations of the government for the ensuing year; or call an extra session of the Legislature. I repeat that "it is earnestly desired that the appropriation bill be taken up, discussed and nessed are a sufficiently early recied durant propriation bill be taken up, discussed and passed at a sufficiently early period dur-ing the ression to enable it to receive that. Thorough examination which its imporfeature has now been removed. The peo-ple, through their Legislature, have enthorough examination which its importance demands."

EDUCATION.

COMMON SCHOOLS.

The annual report of the Superintendent of the Common Schools exhibits the condition of that department in a highly satisfactory manner. Within the State there are 1,918 school districts, 13,766 farms; one at the college, in Centre country to the condition of that department in a highly satisfactory manner. Within the State there are 1,918 school districts, 13,766 farms; one at the college, in Centre country for Section 23, 2382 graded schools; 11,698 school are the law, by the board of trustees, to the public schools; 2,382 graded schools; 11,698 school are the college, in Centre country for Section 20,000 are in Centre and Pennsylvania State six per cent. bonds, payable to it semi-annually. Last year this interest amounted to \$25.642 78. The residue of the fund, \$24.886, 50, has been appropriated, under the law, by the board of trustees, to the payable and the college of the fund. wavalab 6, 41,032 00

8,705,492 6f

Balance in fund, September 3, 1867, to November 30, 1868.

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a salary to secure the services of compensation. It is but fust, and it will neve an eleviting tondency not only upon the teachers; and I am fully justified in urging the necessity of increased compensation. It is but fust, and it will neve an eleviting tondency not only upon the teachers but the manner in which their ditties are preformed.

Your attention is called to the fact that, notwithstanding the sample provision now made by the list for the deduction of all persons between the gies of six and iverty-one years, large numbers of children, principally in our cities, do tell attending the sample into the state of the state, and any kind of achool. Over twenty thousand of the loase of county in ignorance, frequently without employment, and many of them contract habits of vice, which eventually capte them to be committed to houses of refuge county prisons or penitentiaries. Hamanity and sound also that of the interest properties of the manner in the state in the passage of a similar law for considerable numbers of children in the state in the passage of a similar law for the owner, the second of the property and the number of a military organization, but liable to self-and manner to the word of the state of the state, and it is believed that of a chool. Over twenty thousand of this class are found in Philadelphis, and the number in the State is the second to the second the second the second to the second that the second that the second t

Four Normal Schools, are now recognized as State institutions. The number of students attending them during the past year was 2,115, of whom eghty graduated. Two additional Normal Schools will probably go into operation during this year, one located at Bloomsburg, Columbia county, and the other at California. Washington county. The value of these institutions to the common school system cannot be estimated. Our schools are comparatively worthless without qualified teachers, and such teachers always maintains the highest degree of of students attending them during the past year was 2,115, of whom e ghty graduated. Two additional Normal Schools will probably go into operation during this year, one located at Bloomsburg, Columbia county, and the other at California. Washington county. The value of these institutions to the common school system cannot be estimated. Our schools are comparatively worthless without qualified teachers, and such teachers and institutes, where the art of teaching is made a specialty.

A meeting of the presidents and other authorities of a number of our principal is made, sapecialty.

A meeting of the presidents and other authorities of a number of our principal to logical was a specialty.

The Adjutant General presents a full and claser union of all our educational istitutions, and connect by abond of symptathy, if not sof organic structure, the common schools, high schools, academics and colleges. The establishment of such as a desirable.

There is no subject more worthy the

permitted him, upon his own offer, to close up the business of the office, and to transact any other business for the soldier of Pennsylvania at one-half the fies that are charged by ony other private agency in Washington City. This arrangement has thus far been carried out, and I am pleased to add, with vory general satisfaction. All the books and papers of the agency will be transferred to the office of the Adjutant General. the Adjutant General.

other similar institutions annually receive appropriations from the State for their support. These appropriations, in most, if not in all cases, appear to have been adequate for the purposes to which it was intended they should be applied, and are in liberal as can reasonably be expected in the present condition of the Treasury of the State. REGISTRY LAW. At the last session of the Legislature an act was passed known as the "Registry Law," the intention of which was to proteet the ballot-box against corruption and fraudulent voting, to which it has for many years been disgracefully exposed. This law seems to have been so defective This law seems to have been so defective in some of its, provisions as to have received the condemnation of a majority of the Supreme Court, by which it was pronounced "incongruous and unconstitution—al." At the election immediately after this decision, it is alleged that trauds were perpetrated, surpassing in magnitude perhaps, any that have been consummated heretofore in the history of the Commonwealth. These frauds have demonstrated the necessity of the passage of strated the necessity of the passage of strated the necessity of the passage of some law or laws, that will accomplish the desired object, without being subject to the exceptionable features pointed out by the learned gentlemen who pronounced the opinion of the Supreme Bench.

There is no subject of such vital importance to the whose country as the sanctity of the ballot-box, and the protection of all citizens in their right to the elective franchise. This right is our proudest boast. It endows the American citizen with a freedom and a power not possessed by the subject of any other government. It makes him the peer of his fellow manwhatever may be his rank, station, or position in life. To be deprived of it by any means whatever, his boasted freedom becomes a sham—his especial and exalted prerogative a mockery and a farce. What avails it to the citizen that he is entitled to a vote if that vote is to be nullified by fraud? Such guards, then, should be thrown around the pools as will effectually, if possible, preserve them from the taint of a single illegal vote. Not only should falso voting be severely punished, but false swelring to obtain a vote be visited with the pains and penaltics of perjury There is no subject of such vital impor with the pains and penalties of perjury and with perpetual disfranchisement. The people must be perfectly free to regulate their public business in their own way, and when the voice of the majority is fairly and clearly expressed all should bow to it as to the voice of God. They are

of each, which have been matured.

INSURANCE DEPARTMENT

tion in several neighboring States, means of which the interests of ins

is ber-with presented.

Without legislative authority, but, believing my action would be sanctioned by the people's representatives. I appointed Dr. Hiram Corson and Messrs E. C. Humes and A. Boyd Hamilton, commissioners to represent Pennsylvania in that convention. These gentlemen freely gavetheir time and experience, and also incurred a pecuniary expense of about three hundred dollars, to defray which I recommend that an appropriation be made. STATISTICS. the sovereign rulers, and their will must be the law of the land. Corruption of suffrage in a republican government is the deadliest crime that can be perpetrated; In view of the vast amount and great variety of the products of the State, desk for the collection of statistics, relativ deadlest crime that can be perpetrated; itsis assassination of the sovereignty of the people, and will be followed by a despotism; the motive power of which will be money and perjury. And if this privilege be tampered with, sooner or later the sure and indignant popular condemnation will be rendered and condign punishment administered... All good citizens, of whatever political opinion, should lend their aid for the accomplishment of any and overy measure that may tend to seto exports and imports, agriculture, man-ulactures, coal, iron, oil, lumber, &c., might, with propriety and profit be estab-lished. This could be accomplished by the employment of a computent clerk, un-eder the supervision of one of the present heads of department, whose duty should be to collect and publish such facts as might tend to stimulate and increase our might tend to stimulate and increase our productive energies, instill new life and vigor into our manufacturing interests, and lead to more accurate knowledge of all our internal resources and the proper methods for their development. There is abundant space in the Capitol buildings to be appropriated as a receptacle for books, papers mineralogical and geological specimens, and other articles that might be contributed appropriate to such a department and which in a few years would form an invaluable collection. Under legislative direction, the good results would be almost incalculable, and are required by the progressive spirit of the age Before the General Government appropriated public lands to the several States for the purpose of agricultural and military education and the mechanic arts and prior to the time when Pennsylvania endowed-the-Agricultural-College-with her share of these lands, it was dependent whelly upon individual influence, without any other means for its support than its own earnings. History proves that semi-own earnings. History proves that semi-own earnings cannot be efficiently vote being cast upon spurious naturaliza-tion papers, and thus fully secure the purity of the elective franchis

quired by the progressive spirit of the age in which we live.. REVISION OF THE CIVIL CODE. The commissioners appointed to codify RESOLUTIONS OF THE VERMONT he statute laws of the State have dilli

the statuto laws of the State have diffigurity prosecuted the work assigned them, and with very prospect that it will be fully completed within the time prescribed by the legislative resolutions of April 8.

1868; and in further compliance with them, they will cause to be laid before each branch of the General Assembly, and it is present session, various tittes of bills.

LEGIBLATURE.

Your attention is called to the accompanying joint resolutions passed at the session of the Vermon Legislature, bearing a just tribute to the late Hon. Thad leus Stevens. Joint resolutions from the session of the Vermon Legislature, bearing a just tribute to the late Hon. Thad leus Stevens. Joint resolutions from the session of the Vermon Legislature, bearing a sust tribute to the late Hon. Thad leus Stevens a sent you, which I regard as worthy of your consideration, or the late of the la regard as worthy of your consideration, relative to the act of Congress "to estab-lish and protect National Cemeteries," and recommending "to the Legislature of the ts present session, various titles of bills, with brief abstracts of the several sections Congress 'to estab-al Cometeries," and Legislature of the the passage of an ard of commission-per of Pennsylvania, as well as that of a majority, of the States, has at the bul-lut-box proclaimed to the world that all State of Pennsylvania the passage of an act empowering the board of commission-Among the subjects of importance to be citizens of Pennsylvania is the estab-ishment c. in Insurance Department. act empowering the board of commission—lut-box proclaimed to the world that are shaving charge of the Soldiers' National Cemetery at Gettysburg, to transfer all the right, title, interest and care of said Soldiers' National C metery to the General Soldiers' National C meters to the General Soldiers' National C meters to the description of the state was contracted, and that in this Such Departments are in successful operaers are guarded and promoted. So careful a supervision is had over the transactions of insurance companies that

eral Government, upon the completion of IN MEMORIAM. It has been the misforcune of the State during the past-year to loss by death twoof her representatives in the Congress of
the nation, Hon Thaddeus Strvensjof the
Ninth, and Hon. Darwin A. Finney, of
the Twentieth District. Both were natives the Twentieth District. Both were natives of Vermont, but in early life selected Pennsylvania for their home, and identified themselves with her interests, which they were chosen to guard in the Legislature; and the people of the Commonwealth will long remember with gratitude their faithful and efficient services. The first went down to his grave after a long life of public usefulness and in well matured honors; the other in the prime of manhood, which gave promise of a scarcely less brilliant career.

pent the recommendation made to the Legislature at its last session, that an Insurance Department be established, and a superintendent appointed by law, who shall have supervision and control over all insurance companies allowed to transfact business within the State, and annually by publish; under outh, full reports of their transactions. The community is deeply interested in this matter, and demands the protection which can thus only be differed.

New Hospital goather Insane.

The commissioners appointed by an act of the last session up establish an additional State Hospital for the Insane, in have notified me that they will present a report of their proceedings sometime during the present month, which will be communicated when received.

Damages By Raids.

In accordance with an act of the last of the last acsion, providing for an investigation and addindication of the elatims of eitizens.

The cordance with an act of the last of the last acsion, providing for an investigation and addindication of the elatims of eitizens.

The pardon report with powerful and pitiful importunities, as well as conflicting representations, from those in whom he stould be enabled to place the full escation; from those in whom he should be enabled to place the full escations, from those in whom he should be enabled to place the full accompleted to place the full escations, from those in whom he should be enabled to place the full escation; from those in whom he should be enabled to place the full escations, from those in whom he should be enabled to place the full escation; from those in whom he should be enabled to place the full escation; from those in whom he should be enabled to place the full escation; from those in whom he should be enabled to place the full escation; from those in whom he should be enabled to place the full escation; from those in the decision of the last of the full escation. The full acc

in readinest to floor, wire, flooring of the presidents and other feelings, and the present improper on the flooring and the flooring flooring and the flooring floor

prison discipline is adopted, there will die a material decrease of crime, and compar-atively few cases to demand the exercise of the pardoning power. COMMUTATION OF SENTENCES.

NO. 3.

which the present design was established It seems that for y are past no trace of either the original authority or design could anywhere be found, and it is recommended that the Legislature take the

necessary steps to supply the omission, by such means as they in their wisdom shall

STATE BENEFICIARIES.

A number of benevolent, control other similar institutions annually receive the State for their

THE SUSQUEHANNA FISHERIES.

A preliminary report on the Susque-hanna fisheries has been submitted by Col. James Worrall, Civil Engineer, Com-missioner under the act of the Legislature in reference thereto. There are some facts which should be embodied in the re-

port, but which can not be ascertained until early in January. Permission has therefore been granted to the Commission.

er, at his request, to postpone the sub-mission of his regular report until the earliest day practicable during the pres-ent month.

CATTLE DISEASE,

ny of the States. It was therefore deemed important to call a convention of compe-

poses of three commissioners each from the fourteen States represented, appointed in accordance with an agreement by the Several Governers, assembled at Spring-field, Illinois, on the first of December

last, and an account of their transactio

is berawith presented.

COMMUTATION OF SENTENCES.

There-are confined in the Philadelphia county prison the following named contyperson the following named contyperson to the county prison the following named contyperson to the contyperson of the county prison warrants have not beep issued. Edward Ford, sentenced May 12, 1861; Jory Dixon, May 30, 1863; Patrick Finnegan, February 9, 1863; Newton Champion, Decorr ben 1, 1866; and Alfred Alexander and Hester Vaughn, July 3, 1868. Successive Governors for satisfactory readons and Hester Vaughn, July 3, 1868. Successive Governors for satisfactory readons they shall be executed in accordance with the sontence, unconditionally pardoned, or held in close confinement in the county jail during life. The latter punishment, with the additional embitterment constantially preying upon the mind that a death warrant may at any moment be issued, is, perhaps the severest that could be inflicted. It would be most just and merciful to give the Governor authority to commute the sentence of death in the above named cases to imprisonment, at labor in the penitentiary. For such a term of years as the sentence of death in the above named cases to imprisonment, at labor in the penitentiary, for such a term of years as the ameliorating circumstances may seem to justify and demand. One of the convicts named has been imprisoned about eighteen years, and although it night not be advisable to set him at liberty, humanity and the ends of justice require the commutation of his sentence in the manner suggested.

CONCLUSION.

CONCLUSION.

The foregoing subjects have been deemed of sufficient importance to submit at the present time for your information and consideration. Others may occur before the close of the session which may be worthy of special communications. It will be my constant care and determination to co-operate with you in the prosecution of any mensures that may tend to preserve and increase the prosperity of the State and the happiness of its people, with the firm belief that your united wisdom will aim constantly to promote these desirable results.

The prevalence of contagious or epidemec diseases among cattle and other animals for some years past been a prolific ource of anxiety and alarm among the producers and consumers of meats in manifecture. Many of the events that have transpired since my last annual communication to the Legislature have been unusually interesting and significant. They have been infinitely more than political, and bear directly upon the great interests and most sacred destinies of the intion. Apart from sacred destinies of the nation. Apart from the vindication of the principles of the party of which sustained the government and the army during the contest for the preservation of the Union, and the elec-tion to the Presidency of the first soldier, of the age, is the fact that the people have by triumphant majorities forever settled our controversy upon certain fundamen-tal principles. Parties may and undoubt-edly will urise upon other issues but there tent persons to take into consideration the means best calculated to remedy this great and growing evil. This convention, comedly will arise upon other issues, but there can be no future struggle about slavery. Involuntary servitude, as a monopoly of labor, is forever destroyed. The monster obstacle to the national progress has been removed, and honceforward all the faculties of our people can be developed "without let or hindrance." The fair and exhiberently fertile States of the South, heretofore comparatively retrogressive and unproductive, relieved from this terrible curse, with the influx of northern immirration and capital will seen because immigration and capital, will soon become
the rivals of their northern sister States
in all the arts of peace, and additional
markets will be developed in which to exchange the varied products of the heretotore hostile sections.

tore heatile sections.

Hardly less m gical has been the effect upon other nations. General Grant's election has confirmed the hopes of our nation's friends, and the fears of its foes in the Old World. It supplements and seals the verdict of arms and the progress of republican principles. The downfall of the rebellion in the United States was quickly followed by the great civil production. beining in the United State was quickly followed by the great civil revolution in England; The peaceful expulsion of the last of the Bourbons from Spain; the uncest of Cuba; the concession of more liberal principles in Germany; and the necessary acquiescence of the Emperor of the French in the republican sentiments he fears even as To has betrayed them. What are these but the cebes of the dire catastrophe that has overwholmed aristoc-

racy in the United States?

Notwithstanding the importance of the issues involved in the late canvass, and the bitterness of feeling as well as the carnestness with which it was conducted, its nestness with which it was conducted, its termination has happily met with the acquiesconce of nearly the whole people; and at no time in the history of the nation has there been opened before us, a brighter prospect of continued peace and increasing prosperty; and and we have no greater-cause for miversal congrabulation than that no differences of opinion now exist that can materially mar our national happiness, retard our onward progress, or threaten the peace or perpetuity of our threaten the peace or perpetuity of our threaten the peace or perpetuity of our

the debt was contracted; and that in this as in all others respects our individual and national honor "must and shall be pre-served;" thet we are determined by all honorable means, in our power to secure ample encouragement and protector to each and every branch of Home Industry, and every manly enterprise that contri-butes capital, labor, skill and industry to our material wealth; social advance and political tranquility; that for all our citizens, the children of the Commoncitizens, the children of the Common-wealth, being also citizens of the United States, we demand the fullest protection, in their persons, their property, and in all their rights and privileges, wherever they may go within the national jurisdiction or in foreign lands, and that whilst our financial policy shall be such as to maintain untrammelled our national credit, it is to be beautiful. PARDONS. On hoped that it may at the same time, be such as will permit and sanction the construction of the great railways now in past year will be found among the papere to which, your attention is called. The principal reasons upon which they was also and the new year will be found among the papere to which your attention is called. The principal reasons upon which they was also and the new year. arms to grasp the mighty commerce of the Pacific, to develop the untold resources of wealth in the intervening territories, and to connect the most distant portions of our country in a common union, not only with iron bands, but by the still stronger and more indissoluble ties of a common interest and a common interest and a common backbarkard. interest and a common brotherhood.

To lesson the burdens of the people, and

to keep the expenses of the State as nearly as possible within the limits of its absolute necessities, will always be among the chief objects of wise and just legislation. Let us, then, with a due sense of our obligations and high responsibilities, en-deavor so to secure the greatest good of the community and merit the approbation of Him by whom our Commonwealth has been so abundantly blessed.

JNO. W. GEARY.

Executive Chamber, Harrishurg, January 5, '69.

Oxen are wanted in Oregon. The werage price is \$1,000 a yoke. Chilcothe, Ohio, boasts two families vith forty-seven children.

Paris has 6,000 stands exclusively devoted to the sale of roasted chest-

Josh Billings says: "Death and the devil you may escape; but I'll-by you four dollars that you'll have your wife a noo bonnet of she we raise to the acre

A Minnesota farmer to the bugs 400 bushels of railso hero; but an mall up. enough topinion of General Butler, essed some time ago, is as follows:
"He (Butler) is a mighty smart fel-