The Carlisle Herald.

VOL. 68. CARLISLE, PENN'A, FRIDAY, OCTOBER 9, 1868. NO. 41.

RATES OF ADVERTISING.

One Square, one insertion,	$1 00
For each additional insertion,	50
Per Month do Advertisements,	25 00
Legal Notices,	4 00
Professional cards with out paper,	7 00

Obituary Notices and Communications relating to matters of private interests also, ten cents per line

JOB PRINTING.—Our Job Printing Office is the neatest and most complete establishment in the County. Four good Presses, and a general variety of material suitable for plain and Fancy work of every kind, enables us to do Job Printing at the shortest notice, and on the most reasonable terms. Persons in want of Bills, Blanks, or anything in the Jobbing line, will find it to their interest to give us a call

PROFESSIONAL CARDS.

DR. W. D. HALL, Homœpathi Physician and Medical Electrician. Dr. HALL'S HALL treats all female diseases. Office 37, South Hanover Street, Carlisle

ATTORNEY-AT-LAW.—GEO. S. EMPT, Office, in Inhoff's Building, with W. J. Shearer, Esq. Prompt attention paid to legal business of all descriptions. Sept 68-1y.

J. D. ADAIR, Attorney At Law, Carlisle, Pa. Office with A. B. Sharpe, Esq., No. Pomfret Street, Hanover Street. May 17—1y.

JOSEPH RITNER, Jr., Attorney at Law and Surveyor, Mechanicsburg, Pa. Office on Rail Road Street, two doors North of the Bank. Business promptly attended to. July 1, 1864.

J. R. MILLER Attorney at Law. Office in Hannon's building immediately opposite the Court House. 29nov 67-1y

LAW CARD.—CHARLES E. MAGLAUGHLIN, Attorney at Law, Office in the room formerly occupied by Judge Graham. July 1, 1864—1y.

M. C. HERMAN, Attorney at Law, Carlisle, Pa., No. 9 Rheem's Hall. July 1, 1864—1y.

JOHN CORNMAN, Attorney at Law Office in building attached to Franklin House, opposite the Court House. 15may 68-1y.

G. M. BELTZHOOVER, ATTORNEY AT LAW, and Real Estate Agent, Shepherdstown, West Virginia. Prompt attention given to all business in Jefferson County and the Counties adjoining it. January 19, 1866.—1 y.

J. E. BELTZHOOVER, Attorney at Law Office in South Hanover street, opposite Bentz's dry good store Carlisle, Pa. September 9, 1864.

JAMES A. DUNBAR, Attorney at Law, Carlisle, Pa. Office in No. 7, Rheem's Hall July 1, 1864—1y.

W. M. WEAKLY. W. F. SADLER.
WEAKLEY & SADLER.
ATTORNEYS AT LAW. Office No. 16 South Hanover street Carlisle Pa. nov 15 67.

HUMRICH. WM. H. PARKER
HUMRICH & PARKER.
ATTORNEYS AT LAW. Office on Main St., in Marion Hall, Carlisle, Pa.

U. S. PATENT AGENCY. C. L. Leckman, 21 Main Street Carlisle, Pa., executes drawings, specifications &c., and procures patents or inventors. 14 feb 68-1y

WILLIAM KENNEDY, Attorney at Law. No. 7 South Market Square, Carlisle, Penna. April 19, 1867—1y.

W. M. B. BUTLER, Attorney at Law and United States Claim Agent, Carlisle, Cumberland County, Pa. Pensions, Bounties, Back Pay &c., promptly collected. Applications by mail will receive immediate attention, and the proper blanks forwarded. No fee required until the claim is settled. Feb. 14th 1867—1f.

DR. GEORGES. SEAGROUT, Dentist, from the Baltimore College of Dental Surgery. Office at the residence of his mother, East Louther street, three doors below Bedford. July 1, 1864.

GEO. W. NEIDICH, D. D. S.—Late Demonstrator of Operative Dentistry of the Baltimore College of Dental Surgery—Office at his residence opposite Marion Hall, West Main street, Carlisle, Pa. 15 July 1, 64.

S. M. COYLE. W. SCOTT COYLE
COYLE & CO
JOBBERS
Hosiery, Gloves, Fancy Goods and Stationery. All orders will receive prompt attention. No. 31, South Hanover St., Carlisle. Agents for the Chambersburg Woollen Mills 6mar 68-1y.

DR. THEO. NEFF,
GRADUATE OF PENN'A. COLLEGE OF DENTAL SURGERY DENTIST.
Respectfully informs the citizens of Carlisle and vicinity that he has taken the office No 25, West Main Street, lately occupied by his Father, where he is prepared to attend to all professional business, artificial teeth inserted on Gold, Silver, Vulcanite and Platinum. Charges moderate. 17april 68-1y *.

JOHN DORNER.
MERCHANT TAILOR
In Kramer's Building, near Rheem's Hall, Carlisle Pa., has just returned from the Eastern Cities with the largest and most
COMPLETE ASSORTMENT OF
Cloths, Cassimeres, Vestings,
Gents' Furnishing Goods, &c., ever brought to Carlisle.
His cloths comprise
ENGLISH, FRENCH, and AMERICAN MANUFACTURES
of the finest texture and of all shades.
Mr. Dorner being himself a practical cutter of long experience is prepared to warrant perfect fits, and prompt filling of orders.
Place Goods by the yard, or cut to order. Don't forget the place.
15may 68-tf.

FRESH ARRIVAL
Of all the New Spring Styles of
HATS AND CAPS.
The Subscriber has just opened, at No. 15 North Hanover St., a few doors North of the Carlisle Deposit Bank, one of the largest and best stock of HATS & CAPS ever offered in Carlisle.
Silk Hats, Cassimeres of all styles and qualities, Stiff Brims different colors, and every description of Soft Hats now made. The latest and old fashioned brush, kept constantly on hand and made to order, all warranted to give satisfaction. A full assortment of STRAW HATS, Men's boy's and children's fancy.
I have also added to my stock, Notions of different kinds, consisting of Ladies and Gent's Stockings Neck-Ties, Pencils, Gloves, Thread, Sewing Silk, Suspenders, Umbrellas, &c., Prime Segars and Tobacco, always on hand.
Give me a call and examine my stock, as I feel confident of pleasing, besides saving you money.
JOHN A. KELLER, Agt.
31may67 No. 15 North Hanover St.

GAS FITTING & PLUMBING.
The subscribers having permanently located in Carlisle, respectfully solicit a share of the public patronage. Their shop is situated on the public Square in the rear of the 1st Presbyterian Church, where they can always be found.
Being experienced mechanics, they are prepared to execute all orders that they may be entrusted with in a superior manner, and at very moderate prices.
HYDRAULIC RAMS,
WATER WHEELS,
HYDRANTS,
LIFT & FORCE PUMPS,
BATHING TUBS, WASH BASINS and all other articles in the trade.
PLUMBING AND GAS AND STEAM FITTING promptly attended to in the most approved style.
Country work promptly attended to.
All work guaranteed.
Don't forget the place—immediately in the rear of the First Presbyterian Church.
CAMPBELL & HENWOOD.
july27 66-1y

THE FARMER'S BANK, OF CARLISLE, PENNSYLVANIA,
Recently organized, has been opened, for transaction of a general banking business, in the corner room of B. Given's new building, on the North West corner of High street and the Centre Square.
The Directors hope by liberal and careful management to make this a popular institution, and a safe depository for all who may favor the bank with their accounts.
Deposits received and paid back on demand; interest allowed on special deposits. Gold, Silver, Treasury Notes and Government Bonds, bought and sold. Collections made on all accessible points in this country. Discount day, Tuesday. Banking hours from 9 o'clock A. M. to 3 o'clock P. M.
J. C. HOFFER, *Cashier.*
DIRECTORS.
B. Given, President, Wm. H. Miller,
Thomas Paxton, David Hokes,
John W. Graighead, A. J. Herman,
27mar 68-tf Abraham Witmer.

GET the best Photographs at Lochman's Premium Photograph Gallery Main Street, Carlisle Pa. 8 1 68-1f.

GEO. G. DOSH'S is the place to get a good five cent cigar: Between Rheem's Hall and the Franklin House. 10july.68.

GEO. G. DOSH has a prime cigar for five cents. Try them. 10july 68.

LEGAL.

Election Proclamation.

WHEREAS, In and by an Act of the General Assembly of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, entitled "An Act relating to the elections of this Commonwealth," passed on the 2d day of July, Anno Domini, 1839, it is made the duty of the Sheriff of every County within this Commonwealth to give public notice of the General Elections, and in such notice to enumerate—

1st. The Officers to be elected.

2d. Designating the places at which the election is to be held. Therefore,

I, JOS. C. THOMPSON, High Sheriff of the County of Cumberland, do hereby make known and give this public notice to the electors of the County of Cumberland, that on Tuesday the 13th day of October next an election will be held at the several election districts in said county, at which time they will vote by ballot for

One person for Auditor General of the State of Pennsylvania.

One person for Surveyor General of the State of Pennsylvania.

One person to represent the 15th Congressional District, composed of the counties of Cumberland, Perry and York, in the Congress of the United States.

One person to represent the 13th Senatorial District, composed of the counties of York and Cumberland, in the Senate of Pennsylvania.

One person to represent the county of Cumberland in the House of Representatives of the State of Pennsylvania.

One person for District Attorney of the county of Cumberland.

One person for Commissioner of the county of Cumberland

One person for Director of the Poor of the county of Cumberland.

One person for Auditor of the County of Cumberland.

One person for Coroner of the county of Cumberland

One person for County Surveyor of the county of Cumberland.

The said election will be held throughout the County as follows:

The election in the election district composed of the borough of Carlisle and the townships of North Middleton, South Middleton, Lower Frankford, and Lower Dickinson, will be held at the Court House in the borough of Carlisle.

The election in the election district composed of Lower West Pennsborough township, will be held at the North School House in Plainfield.

The election in the election district composed of Silver Spring township, will be held at the public house of Geo. K. Duey, in Hogestown in said township.

The election in the election district composed of Hampden township, will be held at the public house occupied by Miles Crowley, in said township.

The election in the election district composed of the township of Upper Allen, will be held at the public house of Joshua Culp, in Shepherdstown.

The election in the election district composed of Middlesex township, will be held at the Middlesex School House.

The election in the election district composed of the township of Lower Allen, will be held at the wagon maker shop of Jesse Hanchberger, on State Hill.

The election in the election district composed of East Pennsborough township, will be held at the house of L. S. Hatfield in West Fairview.

The election in the election district composed of New Cumberland, will be held at the house now kept by William Bell, in the borough of New Cumberland.

The election in the election district composed of the North Ward of the Borough of Mechanicsburg, at the North-west corner of Market House in said borough.

The election in the election district composed of the South Ward of the Borough of Mechanicsburg, at the South-West cor. of the Market House, in said Borough.

The election in the election district composed of Monroe township, will be held at the public house kept by A. L. Hush, in Churchtown, in said township.

The election in the election district composed of Penn township, will be held at the house lately occupied by Jacob Redsecker, in said township.

The election in the election district composed of Upper Dickinson, will be held at the house now occupied by Joseph Knettle, known as the Stone Tavern.

The election in the election district composed of the borough of Newville, and townships of Mifflin, Upper Frankford Upper West Pennsboro, and north Newton, will be held at the public School House in the Borough of Newville.

The election in the election district composed of the borough of Newburg and Hopewell township will be held in the public School House, in the borough of Newburg.

The election in the election district composed of the borough of Shippensburg, Shippensburg Township and that part of Southampton township not included in the Newburg election district, will be held at the Council House in the Borough of Shippensburg.

The election in the election district composed of Lower Southampton township, will be held at the house formerly occupied by Wm. Maxwell, in Larsburg.

The election in the election district composed of South Newton township, will be held at the School House in Jacksonville.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN

He shall give notice that every person, excepting justices of the peace, who shall hold any office or appointment of profit or trust under the government of the United States or of this State, or of any city or incorporated district, whether a commissioned officer or otherwise, a subordinate officer or agent, who is, or shall be, employed under the legislat ve, executive or judiciary department of this State, or of any city or incorporated district, and also that every member of Congress and of the State legislature, and of the select or common council of any city, or commissioners of any incorporated district, is by law incapable of holding or exercising, at the same time, the office or appointment of judge, inspector or clerk any election of this commonwealth, and that no inspector, judge, or other officer of any such election, shall be eligible to any office to be then voted for; but nothing herein shall be so construed as to prevent any militia officer or borough officer from serving as judge, inspector or clerk at any general or special election; nor shall any thing herein contained be so construed as to prohibit a judge inspector or clerk of election from being voted for to fill any township office, or render either or any of them ineligible to hold the same.

Particular attention is directed to the first section of the Act of Assembly, passed the 30th day of March, A. D., 1860, "An Act regulating the manner of Voting at all Elections, in the several counties of this Commonwealth."

"That the qualified voters of the several counties of this Commonwealth, at all general, township, borough and special elections, are hereby, hereafter, authorized and required to vote, by tickets, printed or written, or partly printed and partly written, severally classified as follows: One ticket shall embrace the names of all Judges of courts voted for, and to be labelled, outside, "Judiciary;" one ticket shall embrace the names of all State officers voted for, and to be labelled, "state;" one ticket shall embrace the names of all county officers voted for, including of Senator, member and members of Assembly, if voted for, and members of Congress, if voted for, and be labelled, "county;" one ticket shall embrace the names of all township officers voted for, and be labelled, "township;" one ticket shall embrace the names of all borough officers voted for, and be labelled, "borough;" and each class shall be deposited in separate ballot boxes."

In accordance with the provisions of the 8th section of an act entitled "A further supplement to the Election laws of this Commonwealth," I publish the following:

WHEREAS, By the act of the Congress of the United States, entitled "An act to amend the several acts heretofore passed to provide for the enrolling and calling out the national forces, and for other purposes," and approved March 3d, one thousand eight hundred and sixty-five, all persons who have deserted the military or naval service of the United States, and who have not been discharged or relieved from the penalty or disability thereby incurred, are deemed and taken to have voluntarily relinquished and forfeited their right of citizenship and their rights to become citizens, and are deprived of exercising any rights of citizens thereof:

And whereas, Persons not citizens of the United States are not, under the constitution and laws of Pennsylvania, qualified electors of this Commonwealth:

SECTION 1. *Be it enacted, &c.*, That in all elections hereafter to be held in this Commonwealth, it shall be unlawful for the judge or inspectors of any such election to receive any ballot or ballots from any persons embraced in the provisions and subject to the disability imposed by said act of Congress, approved March 3d one thousand eight hundred and sixty-five, and it shall be unlawful for any such person to offer to vote any ballot or ballots.

SECTION 2. That if any such judge or inspectors of election, on any one of them shall receive or consent to receive any such unlawful ballot or ballots from any such disqualified person, he or they so offending shall be guilty of a misdemeanor, and upon conviction thereof in any court of sessions of this commonwealth, he shall, for each offence, be sentenced to pay a fine of not less than one hundred dollars, and to undergo an imprisonment in the jail of the proper county for not less than sixty days.

SECTION 3. That if any person deprived of citizenship and disqualified as aforesaid, shall at any election hereafter to be held in this commonwealth, vote, or tender to the officers thereof, and offer to vote, a ballot or ballots, any person so offending shall be guilty of a misdemeanor, and on conviction thereof in any court of quarter sessions of this commonwealth, shall for each offence be punished in like manner as provided in the preceding section of this act in the case of officers of such election receiving such unlawful ballot or ballots.

"Agreeably to the provisions of the sixty-first section of said act, 'Every General and Special Election shall be open between the hours of eight and ten in the forenoon and shall continue open until seven o'clock in the evening, when the polls shall be closed."

Pursuant to the provisions contained in the seventy-sixth section of the act first aforesaid, the judges of the aforesaid districts shall respectively take charge of the certificates of return of the election of their respective districts, and produce them at a meeting of one judge from each district, at the Borough of Carlisle, on the third day after the election, being, for the present year ON FRIDAY, THE 16TH DAY OF OCTOBER NEXT then and there to do and perform the duties required by law of said judges.

"Also—That where a judge by sickness or unavoidable accident, is unable to attend such a meeting of judges, then the certificate or return aforesaid shall be taken charge of by one of the Inspectors or Clerks or the election of said district, who shall do and perform the duties required of said judge unable to attend.

Given under my hand, at Carlisle, this 7th day of September, 1868.

JOSEPH C. THOMPSON, *Sheriff*
Sept. 11, 1868.

ACTIVE AND EFFICIENT AGENTS WANTED IN THIS COUNTY FOR THE UNION MUTUAL LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY.

Claiming as this Company does, some advantage peculiar to itself, Agents are afforded an easy and successful method for securing risks. A liberal commission paid to agents, who must furnish first class references. Address, D. S. Gloninger, M. D., General Agent, No. 120 South 7th St., Philadelphia, Pa. 29 feb 68-3m.

THE FRANKLIN RAIL ROAD.

Office of the Cumberland Valley Rail Road Co. CARLISLE Pa., 9th Sep. 1868.

The letting of the road has been postponed until Friday, the 25 of September, at 12 o'clock M., and the various sections will be exhibited at the office of the Chief Engineer in Hagerstown, on and after the 22 of September.

FR. PR. WATTS, Chief Engineer.
11sep 68.

MISCELLANEOUS.

750 MILES OF THE UNION PACIFIC RAILROAD

Are now finished and in operation. Although this road is built with great rapidity, the work is thoroughly done, and is pronounced by the United States Commissioners to be first class in every respect, before it is accepted, and before any bonds can be issued upon it.

Rapidity and excellence of construction have been secured by a complete division of labor, and by distributing the twenty thousand men employed along the line for long distances at once. It is now probable that the

Whole Line to the PACIFIC will be Completed in 1869.

The Company have ample means of which the Government grants the right of way, and all necessary timber and other materials found along the line of its operations; also 12,800 acres of land to the mile taken in alternate sections on each side of its road also United States Thirty-year Bonds, amounting to from $16,000 to $64,000 per mile according to the difficulties to be surmounted on the various sections to be built, for which it takes a second mortgage, as security, and it is expected that not only the interest but the principal amount may be paid in services rendered by the Company in transporting troops, mails, &c.

THE EARNINGS OF THE UNION PACIFIC RAILROAD, from its Way or Local Business only, during the year ending June 30th, 1868, amounted to over

Four Million Dollars,

which, after paying all expenses was much more than sufficient to pay the interest upon its bonds. The securings are no indication of the vast through traffic that must follow the opening of the line to the Pacific, but they certainly prove that

FIRST MORTGAGE BONDS

upon such a property, costing nearly three times their amount,

Are Entirely Secure.

The Union Pacific Bonds run thirty years, are for $1,000 each, and have coupons attached They bear annual interest, payable on the first days of January and July at the Company's office in the City of New York, at the rate of six per cent. in gold. The principal is payable in gold at maturity. The price is 102, and at the present rate, of gold, they pay a liberal income on their cost.

A very important consideration in determining the value of these bonds is *the length of time they have to run.*

It is well known that a long bond always commands a much higher price than a short one It is safe to assume that during the next thirty years, the rate of interest in the United States will decline as it has done in Europe, and we have a right to expect that securities such as these will be held at a premium as those of the Government, which, in 1867, were bought in at from 20 to 23 per cent. above par. The export demand alone may produce this result, and as the loan of a private corporation, they are beyond the reach of political action

The Company believe that their Bonds, at the present rate, are the cheapest security in the market and the right to advance the price at any time is reserved. Subscriptions will be received in Carlisle, by

A. L. SPONSLER,
and in New York
At the Company's Office, No. 20 Nassau Street
AND BY
John J. Cisco & Son, Bankers No. 52 Wall St., And by the Company's advertised agents throughout the United States.

Remittances should be made in drafts or other funds par in New York, and the Bonds will be sent free of charge by return express. Parties subscribing through local agents, will look to them for the safe delivery.

A PAMPHLET AND MAP FOR 1868 has just been published by the Company, giving fuller information than is possible in an advertisement, respecting the Progress of the Work, the Resources of the Country traversed by the Road, the Means for Construction, and the Value of the Bonds, which will be sent free on application at the company's office or to any of the advertised agents.

JOHN J. CISCO, Treasurer, New York.
2aug 68-3m.

LAY IN YOUR COAL.—As the weather is now very propitious and the prices are most favorable for the laying in of your

WINTER'S COAL.

The subscriber would offer his stock to the public as moving full well the objection of the trade generally to make many promises to effect sales. The subscriber would prefer to learn the quality of the coal he furnishes speak for itself and he will be held to the following which are his old standards.

1st. To sell none but the

BEST COALS

to be had.

2nd. To sell as

CHEAP

as any in the trade.

3d. To deliver what his customers buy, and not to mix with a

LOWER PRICED

article to make the price to suit his sale.

4th. Believes in John Jones principles that

SCALES

were made in use (without repairs) for a series of years the advantage of the customers.

5th. To keep all kinds of coal to be had elsewhere.

6th. Never to

MISREPRESENT

a coal to make a sale.

7th. To

GUARANTEE 2,000 lbs.

to the ton.

8th. To give the customers the advantage of

ANY CHANGE

in price at the mines.

9th. To

DETERMINED

to do all in his power for the benefit of those who deal with him. Send on your orders and you shall be dealt justly with and on as favorable terms as any yard in the place.

A. H. BLAIR.
17july 68.

FLETCHER'S & Co. PETERBORO, N.H. RINSE VEGETABLE AMBROSIA. To Restore Gray Hair to its Original Color. Eradicate Dandruff and Humors from the Scalp. Prevent Baldness. WARRANTED. PROPRIETORS. TRY A BOTTLE.

RING'S VEGETABLE AMBROSIA

IS THE MIRACLE OF THE AGE!

Gray-Headed People have their locks restored by it to the *dark, lustrous, silken tresses* of youth, and are happy!

Young People, with *light, faded or red* Hair, have these unfashionable colors changed to a beautiful auburn, and rejoice!

People whose heads are covered with *Dandruff* and *Humors*, use it, and have clean coats and clear and healthy scalps!

Bald-Headed Veterans have their remaining locks tightened, and the bare spots covered with a luxuriant growth of Hair, and dance for joy!

Young Gentlemen use it because it is richly perfumed!

Young Ladies use it because it keeps their Hair in place!

Everybody *must* and *will* use it, because it is the *cleanest* and *best* article in the market!

For Sale by Druggists generally.
feb 68-1y

EYRE & LANDELL,
Fourth & Arch Sts., Phila.
GOOD BLACK SILKS,
GOOD COLORED SILKS
1868.
FANCY AND STAPLE,
LYONS SILK VELVETS,
NEW STYLE SHAWLS
NEW DRESS GOODS,
GOOD BLANKETS,
TABLE LINENS,
SHEETINGS AND SHIRTINGS,
CLOTHS AND CASSIMERES.
N. B.—New Goods received daily in large lots for Jobbing.
18sep 68-6t.

NEW INVENTION IN GRAIN DRILLS.—The subscriber, having procured a patent for a novel and most excellent improvement in Grain Drills by which the grain instead of being planted in 3-4 inch rows as in the old method is scattered over a surface of three inches, thus securing a n equal and even destribution of the seed, and a considerably greater yield of grain.

This improvement can be readily attached to any of the drills now in use.

State and County Rights for sale, agents wanted. This is an excellent opportunity for active, enterprising young men to make large salaries.

For particulars address

J. G. VALE, Jr.,
Inventor and Patentee,
Shiremanstown Cumb. Co.
n8ja 68-1y.

HOOFLAND'S BITTERS.

HOOFLAND'S GERMAN BITTERS,
AND
Hoofland's German Tonic.
Prepared by Dr. C. M. JACKSON,
PHILADELPHIA, PA.
The Great Remedies for all Diseases
OF THE
LIVER, STOMACH, OR DIGESTIVE ORGANS.

Hoofland's German Bitters

is composed of the pure juices (or, as they are medically termed, *Extracts*) of Roots Herbs and Barks, making a preparation which, combined with entire freedom from Alcoholic admixture of any kind

HOOFLAND'S GERMAN TONIC,

is a combination of all the ingredients of the Bitters with the purest quality of *Santa Cruz Rum*, Orange &c. making one of the most pleasant and agreeable cordials ever offered to the public.

Those preferring a Medicine free from Alcoholic admixture, will use

Hoofland's German Bitters.

In cases of nervous depression, when some alcoholic stimulus is necessary,

HOOFLAND'S GERMAN TONIC

should be used.

The Bitters or the Tonic are both equally good, and contain the same medicinal virtues.

The stomach, from a variety of causes, such as Indigestion, Dyspepsia, Nervous Debility &c., is very apt to become deranged. The results have the following diseases:

Constipation, Flatulence, Inward Piles, Fulness of Blood to the Head, Acidity of the Stomach, Nausea, Heartburn, Disgust for Food, Fulness or Weight in the Stomach, Sour Eructations, Sinking or Fluttering at the Pit of the Stomach, Swimming of the Head, Hurried or Difficult Breathing, Fluttering at the Heart, Choking or Suffocating Sensations when in a Lying Posture, Dimness of Vision, Dots or Webs before the Sight, Dull Pain in the Head, Deficiency of Perspiration, Yellowness of the Skin and Eyes, Pain in the Side, Back, Chest, Limbs, etc., Sudden Flushes of Heat, Burning in the Flesh, Constant Imaginings of Evil and Great Depression of Spirits.

These remedies will effectually cure Liver Complaint, Jaundice, Dyspepsia, Chronic or Nervous Debility, Chronic Diarrhœa, Disease of the Kidneys, and all Diseases arising from a Disordered Liver, Stomach, or Intestines.

DEBILITY,

Resulting from any Cause whatever; PROSTRATION OF THE SYSTEM, induced by Severe Labor, Hardships, Exposure, Fevers, etc.

There is no medicine extant equal to these remedies in such cases. A tone and vigor is imparted to the whole System, the Appetite is strengthened, food is enjoyed, the stomach digests promptly, the blood is purified, the complexion becomes clear, the eye lights up, and the yellow tinge is eradicated from the eyes, a bloom is given to the cheeks, and the weak and nervous invalid becomes a strong and healthy being.

Persons Advanced in Life,

and feeling the hand of time weighing heavily upon them, with all its attendant ills, will find in the use of this BITTERS, or the TONIC, an elixir that will add new life into their veins, warm in a healthy glow the energy and ardor of more youthful days, build up their shrunken forms, and give health and happiness to their remaining years.

NOTICE.

It is a well-established fact that fully one-half of the female portion of our population are seldom in the enjoyment of good health; or, to use their own expressions, they are not well. They are languid of all energy, extremely nervous, and have no appetite.

To this class of persons the BITTERS, or the TONIC, is especially recommended.

WEAK AND DELICATE CHILDREN

Are made strong by the use of either of these remedies. They will cure every case of MARASMUS, without fail.

Thousands of certificates have accumulated in the hands of the proprietor, but space will allow of the publication of but a few. Those, it will be observed are men of note and of such standing that they must be believed.

TESTIMONIALS.

Hon. Geo. W. Woodward.

Chief Justice of the Supreme Court of Pa., writes Philadelphia, March 16, 1867.

"I find 'Hoofland's German Bitters' a good tonic, useful in cases of debility, and as a general invigorant."

Hon. James Thompson.

Judge of the Supreme Court of Pennsylvania, Philadelphia, April 28, 1868.

"I consider 'Hoofland's German Bitters' a valuable medicine in cases of attacks of indigestion" &c. &c. I can certify this from my experience of it.

Yours, with respect,
"JAMES THOMPSON."

From Rev. Joseph H. Kennard, D. D.,

Pastor of the Tenth Baptist Church, Philadelphia.

Dr. Jackson—Dear Sir: I have been frequently requested to connect my name with recommendations of different kinds of medicine, but regarding the practice as out of my appropriate sphere, I have in all cases declined; but with a clear proof in vari ous instances, and particularly in my own family, of the usefulness of Dr. Hoofland's German Bitters, I depart for once from my usual course, in expressing my full conviction that, *for general debility of the system, and especially for Liver Complaint, it is a safe and valuable preparation.* In some cases it may fail; but usually, I doubt not, it will be very beneficial to those who suffer from the above causes.

Yours, very respectfully,
J. H. KENNARD,
Eighth, below Coates St.

From Rev. E. D. Fendall,

Assistant Editor Christian Chronicle, Philadelphia.

I have derived decided benefit from the use of Hoofland's German Bitters, and feel it my privilege to recommend them as a most valuable tonic, to all who are suffering from general debility or from diseases arising from derangement of the liver. Yours truly,
E. D. FENDALL.

CAUTION.

Hoofland's German Remedies are counterfeited. See that the signature of C. M. JACKSON is on the wrapper of each bottle. All others are counterfeit. Principal Office and Manufactory at the German Medicine Store, No. 631 ARCH Street Philadelphia.

CHARLES M. EVANS,
German Druggist, Proprietor,
Formerly C. M. Jackson & Co.
For sale by all Druggists and Dealers in Medicines.

PRICES.

Hoofland's German Bitters, per bottle	$1 00
" " half dozen	5 00
Hoofland's German Tonic, put up in quart bottles,	1 50
per bottle, or a half dozen for	7 50

Do not forget to examine well the article you buy, in order to get the genuine.

Correspondence.

WASHINGTON LETTER.

WASHINGTON, D. C. Sept 28, 1868.

It is a matter of general remark among the members of the foreign legations here that this Presidential campaign, the most important since the formation of the Government, has been conducted, on both sides, thus far if not more fairly, at least in much better taste, than any other campaign within the last thirty years. And the remark is just. Although there is any amount of misrepresentation by journalists, pamphleteers and stump speakers, and sometimes even made knowingly and maliciously, the manner in which the campaign is conducted is, when the momentous issues at stake are considered including the very Life of the Nation—indicative of a marked improvement in the *morale* of American politics, and of the great progress made by the masses in the knowledge of public affairs. The candidates are all estimable gentlemen in private life, and it may be, therefore, thought by some that that fact accounts for their private character not being assailed. There is doubtless good ground for this view of the case; but it should be borne in mind that many previous aspirants for the Presidency and Vice-Presidency, of unblemished character have been most foully and unrighteously abused by the partisans of opposing candidates.

The fact would seem to be that the people are becoming too well versed in public affairs, and understand too well the principles of which the rival candidates are, respectively, the representatives, to tolerate being appealed to for their suffrages by any other than rational arguments based upon universally conceded facts. The masses have been more educated by the late rebellion than they would have been by twenty five years of uninterrupted peace. Every evil has its concomitant good. We have a great testimonial of this in the political sense, and the result of political action

The Company believe that then Bonds, at the present rate, are the cheapest security in the market and the right to advance the price at any time is reserved. Subscriptions will be received in Carlisle, by

A. L. SPONSLER,
and in New York
At the Company's Office, No. 20 Nassau Street
AND BY
John J. Cisco & Son, Bankers No. 52 Wall St., And by the Company's advertised agents throughout the United States.

Remittances should be made in drafts or other funds par in New York, and the Bonds will be sent free of charge by return express. Parties subscribing through local agents, will look to them for the safe delivery.

A PAMPHLET AND MAP FOR 1868 has just been published by the Company, giving fuller information than is possible in an advertisement, respecting the Progress of the Work, the Resources of the Country traversed by the Road, the Means for Construction, and the Value of the Bonds, which will be sent free on application at the company's office or to any of the advertised agents.

JOHN J. CISCO, Treasurer, New York.
2aug 68-3m.

LAY IN YOUR COAL.—As the weather is now very propitious and the prices are most favorable for the laying in of your

WINTER'S COAL.

The subscriber would offer his stock to the public a moving full well the objection of the trade generally to make many promises to effect sales. The subscriber would prefer to learn the quality of the coal he furnishes speak for itself and he will be held to the following which are his old standards.

1st. To sell none but the

BEST COALS

to be had.

2nd. To sell as

CHEAP

as any in the trade.

3d. To deliver what his customers buy, and not to mix with a

LOWER PRICED

article to make the price to suit his sale.

4th. Believes in John Jones principles that

SCALES

were made in use (without repairs) for a series of years the advantage of the customers.

5th. To keep all kinds of coal to be had elsewhere.

6th. Never to

MISREPRESENT

a coal to make a sale.

7th. To

GUARANTEE 2,000 lbs.

to the ton.

8th. To give the customers the advantage of

ANY CHANGE

in price at the mines.

9th. To

DETERMINED

to do all in his power for the benefit of those who deal with him. Send on your orders and you shall be dealt justly with and on as favorable terms as any yard in the place.

A. H. BLAIR.
17july 68.

Political.

Democracy and Fraudulent Naturalization.

That the Democracy are again at their old work of fraudulent naturalization was most startlingly developed before Alderman BEITLER, in Philadelphia, on last Saturday. We give the facts of the case below. Let our friends take warning and be on the look out for the same practices here in our midst. The Democracy are more than ever in desperate straits, and will resort to even baser and greater frauds than heretofore. Look out for false naturalization papers and for the colonizing among us of Maryland and Virginia rebels. Keep out all illegal votes, and we will have at least twenty-five thousand majority for HARTRANFT and CAMPBELL on the second Tuesday of October, which will be followed by at least forty thousand for GRANT and COLFAX on the 3d of November. But, friends of the Union cause, in order to secure these results we must be active and watchful. Wherever opportunity is presented, they will poll scores of fraudulent votes. Challenge every vote that you know to be illegal, and should Democratic election officers receive it after such challenge, return them to our next Court of Quarter Sessions, and let them receive their merited punishment.

The following is a brief synopsis of the facts elicited before Alderman Beitler, in Philadelphia:

On Saturday afternoon the second series of Democratic naturalization frauds appeared before Alderman Beitler, at the Central Station, in the shape of Charles Schanitzel, George Meinich, Wm. Leckfeldt, and Frederick Mollock, charged with conspiring to violate the election laws.

The arrests, although they will be no prevention of the enormous frauds of the Copperheads, will at least serve to make them more cautious. The fact that 4,000 fraudulent naturalization papers are out should make every Republican vigilant on election day and determined to prevent the owners from voting.

The fraud was discovered by Hunninger going into a station-house for lodging, where he got into conversation with a German, and told him the circumstances. The German communicated to a police officer, and through the exertions of Col. Mann and Gen. Collis, the case was worked up.

Col. J. Ross Snowden was examined; but he did not recognize any of the men. His duty was to attach his name to the papers when brought to him by the tipstaves of the court, and he could not tell his name might possibly be attached to some of them without their having been sworn to. He also stated that the tipstaves were naturalizing persons while he was then in the Alderman's office, but qualified the statement by saying there was a judge on the bench.

Thomas B. Worrall, sworn: I am crier of the Supreme Court; I for Mr. Schell swear the petitioners and vouchers, but do not mark the papers, so that we can recognize them; I have administered in the last ten days from two to four thousand oaths.

The witness then recognized Schanitzel as a voucher, but could not recognize him by name; the signature is Schnitze, while the name in the body of the paper is Schnitzell.

Charles Hunninger, sworn: The signature attached to that document is mine; I know Mr. Leckfeldt; I have been stopping at his house four weeks; I came from New York, where I had been two days prior; before that I lived at Monato Hill, Long Island, for one month; prior to that in Lendisville three months; I know Chas. Schnitzel; I first saw him last November, at Leckfeldt's house; that is the first time he ever saw me; next saw me in March at Leckfeldt's; Schnitzel went into court and swore for me; he signed the same paper that I did.

Mr. Mann then read the affidavit subscribed by the voucher, as to having known the petitioner for five years as a resident of the United States.

Witness: I was in the rebel army from 1862 to 1865; Schnitzel asked me how long I had been in the country, and I told him; he asked me if I had my citizen paper; I said no, and he said I could get it without much cost; we went to Nos. 495 and 497 North Third street, to a Democratic committee; he put his name to a paper and paid ten cents, and got a ticket; we then came to the court; Schnitzel also swore for George Meinich; he said taking an oath was nothing; at Leckfeldt's he said: "I can swear fifty times for a glass of beer;" he also said swearing in this country was nothing; it was only kissing a Bible; Leckfeldt was present when we came from the court, and asked if we had got the papers; he took the papers from us and said he would give them to me after the election; when I last came to this city, Leckfeldt did not ask me where I came from; I know Mollock from seeing him at Leckfeldt's about fourteen days ago; I saw Meinich when he first came to the city, about 20 months ago; he then said he had only been in the country about six or eight days.

Cross-Examined—I came to this country first in 1859, and went back in 1866, and returned in the same year; when I first came here I was 17½ years old.

John W. Smith, policeman, sworn.—Meinich stated to me that he had only been two weeks in Philadelphia, and that once before he was here for one year, and that he was in Cincinnati one year; he had only been in this city two weeks.

George Meinich, sworn—I am 25 years of age; I am a gardener; have been working in New York, from where I came in 1861; the first time I came from there was about three years ago; have been living for the last year at Leckfeldt's; I saw Schnitzel here about two years ago, and prior to that in New York; the first time I saw him was about six years ago; I last came here about four years and three months ago; I have been for a year writing music; Mr. Schnitzel took me to court to get my naturalization papers; Schnitzel told me I had been long enough here to get my papers, and he could get them; I paid him ten cents; I have my naturalization papers at my lodging-house; I never had the papers in my hands; Schnitzel got them and gave them to Leckfeldt; I have been playing a concertino for a year around the beer-saloons.

Frederick Mollock, sworn—I am forty-two years old; have been at Leckfeldt's for 14 days; I came there from New York, where I had been for three years; I landed in New York from the ship Atlanta in 1861; I have known Leckfeldt about four years; I gave Leckfeldt my papers last Tuesday; was a tailor in New York; Leckfeldt gave me work and paid me for it; he paid me two dollars and a half per week; a man named Snyder swore that I resided here one year immediately before I made the application. I never saw him before; nor have I seen him since.

Alderman Beitler held Meinich, Leckfeldt and Mollock in $1600 to answer the charge of conspiring to violate the election laws, and Schnitzel in $2000 for the same charge, together with perjury.

TO THE Democratic charge that the Republican party are in favor of high taxes, let the truthful reply be ever ready, that, within the year, a reduction of taxation to the amount of over $67,000,000 has been made, and more than 10,000 articles of product and manufacture have been withdrawn from the tax lists.

Wade Hampton Gives Tone to the Democratic