The Herald.

A. K. RHEEM, J. A. DUNBAR, } Editors & Propr's

CARLISLE, PA.

Friday Morning, Oct. 2nd, 1868.

REPUBLICAN NOMINATIONS.

PRESIDENT—GEN. U. S. GRANT.
VICE PRESIDENT-SCHUYLER COLFAX.
AUD'R GEN'L—JOHN F. HARTRANFT.
SURV'R GEN'L—JACOB M. CAMPBELL.

...ES—SAMUEL SMALL, Sr., *of York.*
...ON—W. F. SADLER, Esq., *of Carlisle.*
...EMBLY—CAPT. J. V. GISH, *of Shippensburg.*
...STRICT ATTORNEY—WM. B. PARKER, *of Carlisle.*
COMMISSIONER—W. S. WOODS, *of Carlisle.*
DIRECTOR OF POOR—JOHN SADLER, *Mechanicsburg.*
AUDITOR—THOMAS McCLUNE, *of East Pennsboro'.*
COUNTY SURVEYOR—JOHN A. LINE, *of Dickinson.*
CORONER—JAMES M. ALLEN, *of Carlisle.*

THE CAMPAIGN!

REPUBLICAN MEETINGS.

In accordance with the direction of the County Committee, the following programme of meetings has been carefully arranged. It is hoped that the appointments will meet the approbation of our friends in the several localities, and that all the necessary preparations will be made and the meetings well attended. Bills have been printed, and sent to the committee-men of the different townships.

Hogestown,	Friday	Oct. 2d.
Middlesex,	Friday	" 2nd.
Stone Tavern,	Saturday	" 3d.
Carlisle Springs,	Monday	" 5th.
Pine Grove,	Monday	" 5th.
Oakville,	Tuesday	" 6th.
Oyster's Point,	Wednesday	" 7th.
Newburg,	Thursday	" 8th.
Middlesex,	Thursday	" 8th.
Mass Meeting (Carlisle),	Friday	Oct. 9th.
Mechanicsburg,	Saturday	" 10th.
Canada,	Saturday	" 10th.
West Fairview,	Saturday	" 10th.

Good speakers will be in attendance at these meetings.

By order of the Committee.

A. K. RHEEM, *Chairman.*

Forward Along the Whole Line!

MEN OF CUMBERLAND!

TO THE RESCUE!

GRAND RALLY

OF THE OCTOBER CAMPAIGN!

MASS MEETING!

OF THE FRIENDS OF

GRANT & COLFAX

Hartranft & Campbell,

AND THE WHOLE TICKET,

TO BE HELD IN

CARLISLE.

FRIDAY, OCTOBER 9th, '68.

By the direction of the Republican Executive Committee of Cumberland Co., a Grand Mass Meeting of the Republican voters of this county, will be held in Carlisle, on Friday, October 9th, 1868.

Friends of Liberty and Humanity, lovers of Justice and Truth, believers in the immortal truths set forth in the Declaration of Independence, all are invited to come.

Turn out in your might, and show the enemy that we are terribly in earnest!

The treason which for four long years waged cruel, unrelenting warfare upon the Government still lives in the hearts and hopes of a traitorous band of politicians, who to-day exert supreme control over the Democratic party. These rebel and copperhead leaders are to-day doing their very worst to array one portion of the people of this country against another portion; and if they should, through the apiineness and apathy of the party which saved the country, be permitted to gain control of the Administration, the doom of the Republic is sealed.

For with Horatio Seymour as President and Frank Blair as Vice President, elected upon the dishonest and revolutionary New York platform, we shall have riot and bloodshed, oppression and tyranny such as have not been dreamed of by those unacquainted with the foul purposes of the Rebels and Traitors of the reconstructed States, who openly boast that should the Democracy be successful the "Lost Cause will have been regained," and "that they will get all they fought for."

The question then for the citizens of Cumberland county to determine is whether we shall have PEACE OR WAR, a country united and happy, a people prosperous and contented, a Government administered with RIGID ECONOMY or whether we shall, by the election of Seymour and Blair say that the Rebellion was a righteous one, and that the war to suppress it was unholy and unjust, and that we agree with Frank Blair in saying that a part of the laws of Congress are "void" and must be "trampled in the dust."

Grant says "LET US HAVE PEACE." And we urge every citizen whose heart echoes that patriotic sentiment to be present at the Mass Meeting and lend his countenance and encouragement to this noble sentiment. If your neighbor is doubting and halting as to the course he should pursue persuade him to come also and be convinced that the only patriotic party is the one whose standard bearers—GRANT and COLFAX, HARTRANFT and CAMPBELL are the champions of Truth and Justice, Loyalty and Patriotism.

The following speakers will positively be present and address the meeting:

GEN. JOHN W. GEARY,
Governor of Pennsylvania,

R. STOCKETT MATTHEWS,
Maryland's most gifted son.

MILTON S. LYTLE, Esq., of Huntingdon, Major A. R. CALHOUN and Capt. A. W. NORRIS.

The following gentlemen have been invited and it is confidently expected that one or more of them will be present and also address the meeting:

Ex-Gov A. G. CURTIN, GEN. JUDSON KILPATRICK, Hon. G. A. GROW and Hon. HENRY WILSON.

Friends in the County!

But a little more than a week will intervene between this and the October election. The hours for earnest, active effort are rapidly passing by, and it is well that we should appreciate the fact and WORK all the more diligently. We have an almost positive assurance that we will be able to elect at least one man on our County Ticket, but even should we fail to accomplish a result so glorious in our local politics, we must not forget that a vote for the State ticket counts just as much and is as fully important here in Cumberland county as in the heavy Republican districts of the State.

Having taken an impartial survey of the canvass throughout the State, we feel confident in the prediction that HARTRANFT and CAMPBELL will have a majority ranging from fifteen to twenty thousand; but in order to secure it, the entire Republican vote of the State must be polled. To get our vote, then, should be our constant aim and effort from this until the polls close on the evening of October 13th. The matter that should demand our immediate attention is the assessment of every loyal voter in the county. To-morrow will be the last day on which this can be done, and in order to facilitate the work we print in our local columns a complete list of the Assessors in the various Boroughs and Townships in the county. It is not enough for a man to know that he himself is assessed; it is his duty still further to see that his loyal neighbor is assessed; and if any one can be found who has neglected it, go to him at once and urge him to go forthwith to the Assessor and have his name put upon the roll. The Democracy, wherever they have the office, are playing their old game of refusing to let a Republican see the list of additional assessments. This is one of their dirty ways of taking a mean advantage of us. They do it so that we may not be able to ascertain from the list of additional assessments who are yet unassessed; and they, knowing who such persons are, of course have a great advantage over us. The result is, the only means we have of ascertaining who has neglected his duty in this most important particular is by going around through our respective localities and inquiring of each and every individual whose name was not upon the first list. This of course is very laborious and troublesome, but, if we would poll our FULL VOTE we are compelled, through the meanness and littleness of *Democratic* officials, to do it.

Every person having been properly assessed, the next work to which we must address ourselves is the GETTING OUT OF OUR VOTE. This is no less important than the matter of assessment itself. We lost the State last year by allowing more than forty thousand of our voters to remain at home; and this year we must redeem it by bringing every one of them to the polls.

It may just as well be understood that the Democracy will not only poll every legal vote that they have, but also that they are making tremendous efforts to roll up thousands of fraudulent votes. In Philadelphia, under the auspices of Chief Justice Thompson and Judge Sharswood, they are naturalizing in the Prothonotary's office of the Supreme Court thousands of foreigners, many of whom have not been in this country not more than six weeks. In our border counties, wherever they have the election officers in their control, they are importing rebels from Maryland and Virginia, and intend to vote them on their ten day's residence in the different districts. Well knowing that the majority of the legal voters in the State are to be found in the ranks of the Republican party, they hope and endeavor to offset these ballots by means of fraudulent votes. Friends, we must not permit them to do it. We must watch the polls, and do our utmost to keep out these fraudulent votes; and must then poll every one of our own. As before we would again urge upon each and every one of you to do his FULL SHARE in this necessary work. Committees are very well and doubtless will accomplish much good, but it is upon the individual that the responsibility rests. Don't let it be said after the day of the election, that this or that borough or township would have done still better if the WHOLE VOTE had been brought out; that this or that man remained at home, who might have been induced to have gone to the polls, had proper efforts been made to persuade him. On the other hand, if we can but say that every loyal vote in the county was polled, we can then rejoice in the grand and triumphant victory which awaits us.

Friends, our cause is a glorious one, and deserves your earnest and vigorous efforts in its behalf. Shall it have them? We feel confident that it will. Do not disappoint the friends of Humanity, Liberty and Union throughout the world.

Read It.

We print on our first page the great speech of the Hon. JAMES G. BLAINE, delivered in Concert Hall, Philadelphia, on Wednesday of last week. Mr. Blaine is one of the foremost men of the times; and his utterances on any subject are at all times worthy the attention and consideration of every patriot in the land.

This speech is made in answer to the dogma of the Democratic party, which demands that every species of property should be equally taxed according to its real value. It still further is a masterly vindication of the financial management of the Republican party. Read it yourselves and pass it to your neighbors. It is one of the very best campaign documents of the season.

☞ R. STOCKETT MATTHEWS, is today considered the very best political speaker in the country. He will be at our Mass Meeting on the 9th.

The Rebel Massacre in Georgia.

Our Democratic friends are very fond of representing the Southern rebels as in a condition of repentance and kindly feeling towards the United States Government. That such representations are absolute *misrepresentations* every day's news most conclusively shows. Scarcely a telegram reaches us from the Southern rebellious States that does not carry on its wings intelligence of some horrible crime committed by the late rebels on and against Southern Unionists, both white and black. We might fill our columns with accounts of these outrages committed by Democratic rebels upon humanity, decency and justice, but will content ourselves with a brief outline of the facts connected with the terrible massacre perpetrated in Georgia but a few days since. A man by the name of Pierce, a Kentuckian by birth, who served as an officer in the Union army during the rebellion, in company with a man by the name of Murphy, Sheriff of the county, in his campaign as nominee of the Republican party for Congress, went to the town of Americus, in the county of Sumpter, Georgia, to address a Republican meeting. They registered their names at a Hotel in that place and were there but a short time, when they were notified by the landlord that if they did not leave the house he would lose all his boarders. Their reply was: "erase our names from your books." They afterwards addressed a Republican meeting, amid the mutterings and curses of the rebel citizens. After they had delivered their addresses, they went by invitation to the house of H. K. McCoy, an associate Chief Justice of the State, and while there, the colored Republicans attempted to march through the public square, *unarmed* and *peaceful*. A Judge of the Supreme Court, then in session, ordered them to stop the music of the drum and fife: a colored man standing by, not having heard the order of the Justice, cried out: "Go on with the music," and immediately the rebels drew their *pistols, shot-guns, knives* &c., and drove the negroes from the square. Messrs. Pierce and Murphy, knowing nothing of this, approached the square. The Mayor, while addressing the mob, was told by the villains composing it, that the negroes should not be hurt, that "*these two d—d white scoundrels should die.*" Messrs. Murphy and Pierce were themselves saluted with expressions such as the following: "God d—n you, you will never leave the square alive." By a circuitous route, they at length reached the office of the Freedmen's Bureau, and *remained concealed until after night-fall*, when they escaped through the fields to a point outside the town. All the woods were picketed by armed hordes of men, who made no secret of their intention to kill Pierce and Murphy if they could find them.

A few days afterwards, Mr. Pierce, accompanied by Mr. Murphy and the Rev. F. F. Putney, and about seventy-five colored men, approached the town of Camilla, Mitchel county, Georgia, at which place Messrs. Pierce, Murphy and Janin (a colored man) were to address a Republican meeting. About four miles from the town they were met by a man named James Johns, who announced himself a "*courier*," sent to notify them *that the people of Camilla and of Mitchel county would permit no Radical speaking: that the county was theirs, and they intended to ride it.*"

Mr. Pierce heeded the warning, and sent a note by a freedman to the Sheriff of the county, asking the protection of the civil authorities. The party then moved on, and was met by the Sheriff, about two miles from the town, who was accompanied by a posse. The Sheriff asked Pierce not to enter the town. He replied that inasmuch as he was violating no law of the county, and no right of the people, he would speak in Camilla; that he had a right to do so. Thereupon the Sheriff and his posse, all being armed and mounted, dashed off to the town. Messrs. Pierce and Putney, in a buggy, moved on towards the town, some distance in advance of the rest of the party. At a hundred yards from the Court House, the wagon, containing a number of colored men, was *met by the man Johns, with a double-barreled shot-gun, which he discharged into the wagon, wounding two of the colored men.* Upon this, there arose from either side of the road, upon which the colored men were approaching the town, *a large number of rebels who had been concealed in the under-growth, who opened a cross fire upon the colored people.* A *few* of the negroes, having pistols, endeavored to defend themselves, but the great majority of them fled.

Messrs. Pierce and Putney rushed toward the contending parties, Mr. Pierce crying out: "don't do that, don't do that!" Upon this, the rebels turned upon Pierce and Putney, and fired, wounding Pierce in the leg, and Putney in the elbow and shoulder. Both, however, took to the woods and escaped. The freedmen, having emptied the few revolvers they had, fled for their lives, leaving the wounded on the ground. The rebels pursued them, first assuring themselves that the colored men left on the ground were dead by repeated shots at their prostrate bodies. The pursuit was continued up until 8 o'clock in the morning of September 20th, the rebels using horses and *bloodhounds* to capture the fleeing negroes. *The cries and shrieks of the negroes were heard on all sides, as they were shot down or torn by the blood-hounds.* The Rebel-Democracy boast that *one pond within two miles of the city contains twelve dead "niggers."* Murphy took refuge in a deserted house, determined to sell his life as dearly as possible. His pursuers surrounded the house, and demanded his surrender. After some parley, upon solemn promise that he should not be hurt, nor detained, he came out, and, while talking to some of the party, received a terrible blow on the head from the barrel of a gun, in the hands of one of the rebels.

Besides the wounded whites, it is believed that fifty colored men, killed and wounded, is a very moderate estimate. It is reported that the Sheriff of the county joined in the murderous work, assisted by the entire posse that accompanied him, when he accosted Mr. Pierce in the morning. It is also asserted, that a leading member of the Young Men's Democratic Club went to Camilla on the Friday night preceding, with the purpose of instigating the rebels to these bloody and atrocious acts. It is the settled determination of the rebels, the military having been withdrawn, that the Republicans shall not be allowed to canvass the district.

The above brief narrative of the facts in this horrible and bloody tragedy is gleaned from a long letter to the New York *Tribune*, in which the particulars are given in detail.

Friends of Union, Peace, and Liberty in Cumberland county, this is the kind of rebel barbarism that you are asked to endorse in your vote for Seymour and Blair: and this is but a very mild sample of what will be done all over the rebel States should these men be elected. Ambush, the blood-hound, and cold-blooded murder will everywhere be used to extermtnate Union men, white and black, throughout the entire South.

The way to prevent this bloodshed and assassination is to vote for the man whose motto is: "Let us have peace." Let him be elected, and every man's property and life throughout the length and breadth of the land will be as secure as though he were guarded by the strong arm of military power. No longer, then, will a man's fidelity to his country be the Kuk-Klux mark for murder and assassination. In the desire to make the Southern States as safe and free as those of the North, let party-feeling be forgotten, and let all rally to the standard of Peace and Safety, under the leadership of GRANT.

BILLS for the Mass Meeting are now ready, and we hope our friends in the several boroughs and townships, will call at once and get them. The time is very short, but if our friends will work earnestly we can have the largest meeting ever held in Carlisle.

Mayor Hoffman.

Mayor HOFFMAN, of New York city, came among our Democratic brethren to enlighten them; and also to win over to his party such Republicans as he supposed were weak in the faith. The latter part of his task might have been spared him, as all Republicans in this community are firm in their adherence to loyal principles.

That the Mayor is a trained politician no one doubts, and that his speech was sophistical, but few will be found to deny. His cry against Radicalism was but the echo of Democratic oratory all over the land: negro suffrage, taxation and the financial policy being the burden of his song. Of course all the evils from which the Nation *now* suffers, are charged to Republican rule, whilst the suppression of the Rebellion was credited to Democratic valor and skill; George B. McClellan representing both in the estimation of the suave Mayor.

The South Carolina Legislature, together with its Executive officers, paid, if the Mayor spoke the truth, the very inconsiderable sum of $600 per annum, as their share of taxation. The Mayor showed this to be all wrong, because the conclusion to which his argument leads was, that none but rich men should occupy such positions, whilst the laboring man ought to content himself with his ordinary daily avocations. This may suit the Mayor, who by his statement is a bondholder, but it is not what working men believe.

Financially he advocated the payment of the bonds in greenbacks, but took good care *not* to say how he proposed to cancel those greenbacks. The simple result of his theory would be flat-footed repudiation; first, of the interest on the national debt; and, secondly, of the principal of the debt itself. This is what Brick Pomeroy, a much more candid politician, and more out-spoken in announcing the purposes of his party, says, as the following extract from the *Democrat*, his new daily published in the city of New York, fully proves. He says that when the Democratic party is successful, we shall hear "nothing of payment of the bonds in greenbacks, and taxing them, for we will repudiate the whole debt, and leave nothing to be paid or taxed." This is the policy of the Democratic party on the financial question, in a nut shell.

The Freedman's Bureau is an institution upon which the orator vented his wrath, holding up the enormity of the Republican legislation in its establishment. When we consider that its cost since its origin has been $5,617,000, and the revenue derived through its agency has reached $66,162,864 82, wholly from the cotton taxed raised by negroes, whose labor was procured, and whose interests were protected in that labor, through its fostering care, we are led to think that a similar profit would lead men engaged in business to console themselves with the fact that they had a good thing pecuniarily. The objection to the Bureau is wholly pecuniary, on the part of the Democracy, and figures show that the Government has incurred no expense through its creation, but on the contrary it has derived a revenue far in excess of the expenditure, regulated labor in the South, to as great an extent as it can be regulated, in view of the terrible opposition, induced by the so-called respectable whites, to measures for the reconstruction of the States, passed by a loyal Congress.

The Mayor thought there were no Rebels in the South, but that all were good citizens, despite the recent murders and outrages committed upon Union men and negroes. That the people of the South cherish the "Lost Cause," we call John Forsyth, of the Mobile *Register*, to prove, who says:

"And here we may as well say that the people of the South do not intend to submit to that permanent rule, result as the Presidential election may."

The poetical Albert Pike says:

"The South is our land; the North is a foreign and hostile realm If the old Union can not be restored, we will hope to see the South independent before we die."

Gen. Battle, late of the Rebel army, says:

"The Democratic party indorses principles for which you battled."

and lastly, as an exultant hope that Seymour may be elected, the Chattanooga *Union*, says:

"Suffer any and all taunts of tyranny until after November, and then—well, we would rather be a nimble squirrel than a white radical."

Are there any rebels in the South?

Attend to the Assessments.

To-morrow is the last day here in town for assessments. We are informed that in many of the townships to-day is the last. Friends, don't forget this. See that all your loyal neighbors are properly assessed.

☞ Governor GEARY will speak at the Mass Meeting on Friday the 9th.

Resignation of Judge Strong.

Hon. William Strong, one of the Judges of the Supreme Court of this State, has resigned his commission.—The vacancy will be filled, until the election next year, by an appointment by the Governor.

This will secure to the Republican party a complete ascendancy in the Supreme Court, and put an end to the system of fraudulent naturalization in which that august body is now engaged.

We sincerely hope that Gov. Geary will not hesitate to appoint the Hon. Henry W. Williams, whom our party last year, through mere negligence and supineness, allowed to be beaten by Judge Sharswood, through the agency of coffee-colored naturalization papers. Since writing the above we have learned that Gov. Geary has most properly tendered the appointment to Judge Williams, and what is still better that he has accepted the trust. So that the majority of the Supreme Court is in full harmony with the loyal people of the State.

WE clip the following from the Franklin *Repository*:

The "Boys in Blue" of Chambersburg had a jolly time at their headquarters, on Thursday night last. They had assembled for the purpose of listening to some remarks from our candidate for Assembly, Capt. Wm. B. Sheibley, of Perry county. After the Captain had finished, Mr. DAVID DIXON was called on, who entertained all present by relating his experience as a soldier during Lee's invasion of Maryland, in September, 1863. He made some first-rate hits, and kept his audience in a roar of laughter until he had concluded. If Mr. Dixon just gives a few hours notice, he can fill the hall to overflowing. He is a faithful employee of the Cumberland Valley Railroad, a staunch Republican, and an earnest advocate of the election of the Republican ticket. We hope to hear from him again before the election.

The Mr. DIXON above referred to is our townsman DAVID B., whose honest heart, genial face and ready wit will gain him hosts of ardent friends wherever he may be. It will be no news to his Carlisle brethren to hear that "DAVE" is marching in the GRANT and COLFAX army. A man made of such stuff would'nt be comfortable any place else. May his shadow never grow less.

☞ Gov. A. G. CURTIN is confidently expected to be in Carlisle, and speak at the Mass Meeting.

The Campaign.

Grand Republican Mass Meeting in the Court House.

One of the largest and most enthusiastic Mass Meetings ever held in our town assembled, under the auspices of the Grant and Colfax Club, in the Court House, on last Wednesday evening.

James M. Weakley Esq., the Chairman of the Club, presided. The meeting opened with an excellent Campaign song, sung by the Grant Glee Club, composed of Messrs John H. Rheem, H. R. Williams, B. K Spangler and W. M. Ogilby. A committee of five was then appointed by the chair to conduct the speakers to the meeting. It was composed of Messrs Davidson Eckels, Geo. Weise, F. S. Frysinger, John Hyer, and James A. Dunbar. The Glee Club sung another campaign song while the Committee was absent. On reaching the Court House, the Speakers were greeted with cheer after cheer. The Chariman then introduced to the immense audience, Major A. M. Hancock, of Maryland. Upon taking the stand he was unable to proceed for some minutes, on account of the long continued and tremendous applause which greeted him. He then made perhaps the most eloquent and argumentative speech that has been heard in this community since Col. Carpenter of Kentucky delivered his long-to-be-remembered address here in 1864. On the subject of the National debt, he made a most eloquent answer to the misrepresentations of Mayor Hoffman, the night before, and from the official figures showed, that under Hoffman's administration in New York city the debt has been constantly increasing, and the rate of taxation run up to a most alarming extent. The following are the figures, and in the shape in which he presented them:

EXPENDITURES UNDER DEMOCRATIC RULE IN NEW YORK.

Annual tax for the support of the local Government of the city of New York.

Year.	Tax.	Mayor.	Rate per capita.
1860.	$6,769,507,80	Fernando Wood.	$13.42.
1861.	11,645,832.28	Fernando Wood.	"
1862.	9,906,271,10	George Opdyke.	"
1863	12,001,905.14.	George Opdyke.	12,00.
1864.	13,705,002.85.	C G. Gunther.	13,70.
1865.	18,203,062.80.	C.G Gunther.	"
1866.	15,050,757.88.	J. T. Hoffman.	16,05.
1867.	22,170,877.85.	J. T. Hoffman.	22.17.
1868	21,147,933,07.	J. T. Hoffman.	21,14.

Q. In what condition was the new city court-house when Hoffman became Mayor?

A. Hoffman became Mayor January 1, 1866; $2,250,000 had then been spent on it. Since then the following appropriations have been made for it, and expended under the auspices of Hoffman:

1866	$500,000
1867	800,000
1868	800,000

Q. How much it will it cost to complete the court-house?

A. The supervisors can spend all they can get. The appropriations of $800,000 in 1867 was "to complete" it as do with the appropriations for 1868, but it is not yet complete. The $800,000 in 1868 was "to complete and furnish" the building.

Q. How much will be its actual value when completed?

A. All that is there, and should be put there, could be put there at the outside for $2,000,000.

He then gave the figures showing the utter profligacy of the Democracy in the State of Maryland, and said that Delaware had so long been in their control that they had destroyed the records of their shame.

He asked if this was the kind of Democratic economy that John T. Hoffman wished to have administered in our National affairs. He further corrected Hoffman's misrepresentation in reference to the tranquility that exists to-day in Kentucky, under Democratic Administration. He showed most conclusively that, in that State, from the shores of the Ohio to the confines of Tennessee, there is nothing but the blood, the murder, the assassination of Union men that give anything like pleasure to the Democratic-rebels. Having bid the Hon. J. T. Hoffman good-night, he devoted the balance of his eloquent address to a comparison of the platforms and candidates of the two parties, most completely showing up the rebel record of Seymour, and eulogizing the patriotism, heroism and greatness of our noble standard bearer, and closed with a few eloquent remarks, addressed to the ladies who graced the meeting with their presence. Throughout the entire speech he was listened to with the most rapturous applauses.

We would earnestly recommend to our friends throughout the State, wherever Hoffman has been endeavoring to instill his insidious falsehoods into the minds of the people, to secure if possible this talented orator to answer the deceitful Mayor.

The next Speaker was Capt. A. B. Hutchison, of Bellefonte. The Capt. is so well and so favorably known in our midst, having canvassed our county, in 63 and 64, that eulogy on our part would be entirely superfluous. His speech was mainly devoted to an exposition of the purposed plan of taxation as set forth in the Democratic rebel platform, and contrasted it most eloquently with the Republican system, which taxes nothing but the most extravagant luxuries, and does not, therefore, effect the poor man in the least, the only article taxed by the Republican system which reaches him being the small one of matches, at one cent per box.

The Capt was frequently interrupted with applause The Glee Club then sang another song; E. H. Coates, Esq., of Philadelphia, closed the meeting with an eloquent appeal to our foreign born and Roman Catholic citizens to come out from the foul party which boasts that it uses them are mere stepping stones to power. Tremendous cheers were then given for Grant, Colfax, Hartranft, Campbell and the Speaker.

A grander or more effective meeting was never held in our midst, and we sincerely hope that we have one or two more such, before the campaign closes.

NEWBURG GRANT AND COLFAX CLUB.

On Saturday evening last, the Union Republicans of Newburg Borough held a meeting and organized a Grant and Colfax Club selecting JOHN M. STOUFFER for President and G. W. SWIGERT for Secretary. The Club is in fine working order and promises to do much good. Arrangements are being made to render the meeting to be held in Newburg on the 8th instant, the most successful one ever held there.

MIDDLESEX.

The Grant and Colfax of Middlesex township is officered as follows:

President—GEO. O'HARA.
Vice Presidents—DANIEL WILSON, JACOB ALBRIGHT.
Secretary—HENRY GROSS.
Treasurer—JACOB WITMER.

A regular meeting of the Club will be held this (Friday) evening, and a township meeting on Thursday October 8th. Middlesex is preparing to give a good account of herself in October.

LARGE MEETING AT SHIREMANSTOWN.

On Saturday evening last Shiremanstown witnessed the largest political assemblage ever gathered together in that place. The ladies too, were present and with cheering countenances graced the occasion.

The meeting was organized by the election of

President—GEO. W. CRISSWELL.
Vice Presidents—JOHN SHERBANE, SOL. MOHLER, BENJAMIN STIGLEMAN, J. G. KISTER, DAVID SHOPP.
Secretaries—DANIEL RUPP, MATTHIAS BITNER.

The meeting was addressed by Gen. A. B. SHARPE and Capt. J. G. VALE, in speeches full of eloquent argument and patriotic fervor. Hampden and Lower Allen will do their whole duty in October.

WEST FAIRVIEW IN EARNEST.

On Friday evening last West Fairview had a rousing Republican benefit. The friends of the Tanner and Printer in large numbers assembled and organized a meeting by the selection of W. F. MARTIN as Chairman, DAVID NEWCOMER and HENRY D. MUSSER as Vice Presidents and Capt. J. G. VALE and Lieut. F. S. MARTIN as Secretaries.

Gen. A. B. SHARPE, JAS. R. SMITH, WM. B. PARKER, W. F. SADLER, Esqr's., and Capt. J. G. VALE, edified and entertained the meeting with some of the most acceptable speeches of the campaign. East Pennsboro will be well in line for the forward movement in October.

REPUBLICAN MEETING IN MECHANICSBURG.

A Republican meeting was held in Mechanicsburg on Tuesday evening.

An organization was effected by the election of the following officers.

President—John Brandt, Esq.,
Vice Presidents—Jacob Miller, Wm. Armstrong, John Coover, John Reigel, Daniel Palmer, Jacob Sheaffer.
Secretaries.—Jos. Leas, Jas. A. Dale.

Edwin H. Coates, Esq., of Philadelphia delivered a powerful address presenting fully the claims of the Republican party upon the people for their suffrages.

He was followed by W. F. Sadler, Esq., our candidate for State Senator who in a forcible and stirring address urged the necessity of securing the success of our own State ticket at the October election.

W. H. Eberly, A. Palmer, D. H. Carmany, Dr. J. C. Miller and L. Kauffman, Esq. favored the assemblage with Campaign songs.

It would be well for all republicans of Cumberland county to imitate our friends of Mechanicsburg in their zeal and enthusiasm for the success of the party and learn from them what can be accomplished by the untiring efforts of such live Republicans as those of Mechanicsburg.

SOUTHAMPTON ALIVE.

The Republicans of Southampton and the adjoining townships held an immense meeting in Leesburg, on Wednesday evening. At an early hour delegations, having banners and headed by bands of music came pouring into the town from all quarters. Fully four hundred people were present. Prominently displayed was the carpet-bag of R. J. H., which he had left on his visit the evening previous at this place.

The meeting was organized by the election of the following:

President.—J. A. Fegeley.
Vice Presidents.—Jesse Allen, S. Henderson, Henry B. Hoch, Geo. Walters, Esq., Samuel Taylor, Adam Heller, D. J. Hartzel and Wm. Clark.
Secretaries.—D. K. Wagner, Esq., A. B. Earnest and John E. Matthews.

Addresses were delivered by C. P. Humrich, Capt. J. G Vale and W. F. Sadler, our candidate for State Senator.

The Republicans of the upper end have reason to congratulate themselves on their efforts in the cause of Republicanism and their fellow workers can rest assured that the UPPER END will do its whole duty at the coming election.

BOILING SPRINGS.

The regular meeting for South Middleton held at Boiling Springs on Tuesday evening was an immense success. Delegations were present from Churchtown, Mt. Holly Springs and other localities, while many ladies graced the meeting with their presence. That energetic young Radical, C. H. MULLIN, Esq, presided, and the meeting was addressed by James R. Smith, Jacob Rheem and J. M. Weakley, Esqrs. The speeches were received with the closest attention and elicited great enthusiasm. Altogether the meeting was one of the best of the campaign.

South Middleton is fully aroused.

LITTLE NEWCUMBERLAND.

New Cumberland, Sept. 24.

EDS. CARLISLE HERALD.

DEAR SIR: There was a Grant and Colfax Club organized here on last Saturday evening and the following persons elected officers of the same:

President—Owen Jambs.
Vice President—Washington Kirk.
Treasurer—H. R. Mosser.
Rec. Sect'y—Robert Kline.
Cor. Sect'y—D C. John.

The Republicans of New Cumberland and New Market have waked up at last and gone to work in good earnest. We hope to increase our majority handsomely.

Yours truly,

D. C. JOHN,
Cor Sect'y.

SHIPPENSBURG ALIVE!—The Republicans of Shippensburg are fully aroused to the importance of the present campaign. A Club meeting was called for Saturday night last at the Council Room, but which was adjourned to the Public Square. Able and patriotic speeches were made by W. F. SADLER and J. M. WEAKLEY, Esqrs., of Carlisle, and T. H. N. McPHERSON, Esq., of Washington, to a very large and attentive audience. Although no effort was made to get up a meeting, the large and respectable crowd in attendance demonstrates that our friends in Shippensburg fully appreciate the importance of the campaign and will do their full duty.

WEST PENNSBORO' AROUSED.—The largest political meeting ever held in West Pennsboro Township assembled at Plainfield on last Saturday evening. Mr. John Alter, the chairman of the Grant and Colfax club in that township, presided. Fully three hundred persons were present, of whom a goodly number were ladies.

The first Speaker was James A. Dunbar Esq., who urged upon the friends of the Union Cause there present, the necessity not only of combined exertion, but also of individual action in order to secure a victory as overwhelming as to forever silence the insolent chattering of the Copperhead-Democracy and the rebel allies.

Gen. R. M. Henderson then addressed the meeting in one of the ablest speeches it has been our good fortune to hear in this campaign. We sincerely hope that the General will continue to give his eloquence to the good cause, a number of times between this and the October election. Our friends in lower West Pennsboro' will make their majority for Hartranft and Campbell over one hundred.

Pennsylvania Deutsch.

BRIEF VON PETER STANGABERGER.

Possum Hill, Frankford,
September 30th. 1868.

Herren Drucker von der HERALD.

Mit mein brief hab ich in a hornesel nest 'ne'e g'stocha, un hab all die Dimocrata von Possum Hill, ufgeriert.

Noch dem sie mei brief gelesa h en, sind sie zu mir komma, un' hen g'sagt "Peter, host du unser dimocratische partie verlossa. Die partie wo der Jackson zugehelft hat?" "Nein sag Ich," Ich hab net die dimocratische partie verlossa—*die dimocratische partie hat mich verlossa.*" "Der Jackson wo ihr davon sweiza dut, der war immer gegn die nullifiers und rebels, un' hat er' gelebt wie der krieg ausgehrocha ist, hat er die anferg er g'henkt, un' der krieg verloestet."

"Wie war es mit dem dimocratisher President Buckenen, der hat g'sagt er hett kenn recht, unner der constitution, die rebels su strofen, un' last sie alles stehlen schiff, forten, gelt, flinta, un alles die spitsbuben ihre hend druf lege kenna, un' hen nus die grosse last schuldan den halz' g'herght, und die schelma sind now alle guta democrata."

Gester wie ich im welsh-korn feld g'shaft hab, kommt mie glener buh sammy, zu mier g'sprunga, un' sagt "Pap, sis a gentleman im haus, mit a karpet bag in der hand." "Was swill er" sag ich;" ich denk er will saga wie ihr stimma solt," sagt er. Wie ich ins house komma bin, sch' ich a man mit a karpet bag "Was ist ihrer wunst," sag ich. "My nama is Holderman," ich lauf uf de dimocratisha ticket for Congress," sagt er un' nemt a bottle aus em sack un' sagt ich sed trinka; die bottle hot stark noch "Jarsey Lightning" g'rocha. Ich hob ihn g'frogt up er'a brennerei hot, oder whiskey inspecter is, "nein" sagt er; das is for my freind." Denk ich du kanst mich net kaufen for a smaller whiskey, du hast kenn delagaten an der land desmal, du magst die whiskey selver saufa. Es is't sundebar das die dimocratisha partie net uf g'holta kann sein ohne whiskey.

Er hot en alte suit an g'hat, das mir bauren sagn sella "Des ist a schr gemener man," "Was host im carpet bag," frogen ihn—oh sagt er dem Glassbrenner un' Corman seine grosa speeches. Ich hob ihn plain g'sagt, ich stimm net der dimocratisher ticket, un' wan ich debt, so kennt er mei stimm net hava, "du komm'st von ein anners county," sag ich ihm, "parfes fer in der Congress zu geh, un' du, mit deiner schelma killers, un' anderer, hen Bratton a lesseror man d'raus betroga. Du magst auf em ticket laufa; aber *lauf* aus mein house so schnell as du kanst.

Mit dem nehm er sein karpet bag, un' verlost mei hous. Es is spassig wie freundlich die kerls sin, wan sie unser stimma wolla, aber, lossen uns zum teufel gehn wen sie in office sin

Ihrer Freund,
PETER STANGABERGER.

Town and County Matters.

☞ The great Mass Meeting on Friday, October 9th.

U. S. HOTEL HARRISBURG.—This hotel, is by far the most convenient one in Harrisburg, and it is kept in such a manner as to give perfect satisfaction to all guests. See card in another column.

CARLISLE BUILDING AND LOAN ASSOCIATION.—We are directed to say to those desiring shares in this Association, that they had better make an early application, as after Saturday October 10th an entrance fee of 25 cts on each new share taken will have to be paid.

The Board of Directors at their last meeting, determined to enforce the provisions of the By Laws in regard to fines and penalties, for the non payment of dues and non attendance of officers from and after October 10 1868.

The Association meets every Saturday evening, at 6½ o'clock P. M. at the Arbitrtion Chamber in the Court House, when and where all dues can be paid. Money loaned at every meeting at 8 o'clock precisely.

BREBAN'S SWISS BELL RINGERS.—Vocalists and Comedians, will give two of their Carnival Entertainments at Rheem's Hall, on Wednesday and Thursday Evening Oct. 7 and 8. We clip the following from the Harrisburg *State Guard.*

The press throughout the country, heralded them, as unsurpassed in their *role* of vocalists, instrumentalists and comedians, and a hearty welcome should be accorded them. They have imported their Swiss costumes expressly for their entertainments, which are of the richest description and full of novelty, while the bells are full of melody and the softest and most harmonious intonations. A rare and chaste entertainment is promised, full of gratification and interest.

Capt. A. B. HUTCHISON's appointments are

Carlisle, Wednesday Evening Sept 30th.
Shippensburg, Thursday Ev'g. Oct. 1.
Hogestown, Friday Ev'g. Oct. 2.
Stone Tavern, Satu day Ev'g. Oct. 3.
Carlisle Springs, Monday Ev'g. Oct. 5.

Ladies' and Children's Fancy Furs, at John Fareira's Fur Emporium, 718 Arch St., Philadelphia.—Stock large.—Read his adv. Give him a Call!

We are under obligations to our old friend Dr. WM. S. BOLAND for a complimentary ticket to the fair of the York County Agricultural Society. This is the 11th exhibition of the association and arrangements have been made to render it by far the most attractive ever given. The fair will be held on the 6th 7th 8th and 9th days of this month.

We invite attention to the advertisement of Dr. Taylor's Olive Branch Bitters. The great demand for these Bitters has induced the proprietor to bring them more extensively before the people. As a remedy for impaired digestion, debility, &c, they are unequalled by anything offered to the public. A trial will convince all of their excellence and superiority.

LEIDIGH AND MILLER IN THE FIELD.—This enterprising house is receiving immense invoices of all