

CARLISLE, PA.

FRIDAY, MAY 8, 1868.

FOR PRESIDENT, Gen. ULYSSES S. GRANT, OF ILLINOIS.

FOR VICE PRESIDENT, Hon. ANDREW G. CURTIN, OF PENNSYLVANIA.

Subject to the decision of the Republican National Convention.

STATE TICKET.

Auditor General, Gen. JNO. F. HARTMAN, of Montgomery County.

Surveyor General, Gen. JACOB M. CAMPBELL, of Cambria County.

Mr. BELMONT and his friends decline to assent to the holding of the Democratic Convention earlier than the day already fixed. It is given out that this refusal is prompted by a desire to be acquainted with the Republican nominations and platform.

A DAMPER.—It is represented that the recent incident of a negro shooting one of a gang of Ku Klux ghosts who came to his cabin to assault him, has done more to ally Ku Kluxism in the State than all the efforts of Gen. Thomas, Parson Brownlow and the local authorities.

WITH all their boasting over the Chicago election the Democrats have gained nothing for they only elect to offices which they held before. The common council stands twenty Republicans to twelve Democrats, the Republicans having elected ten out of the seventeen aldermen newly chosen; and on the vote for Alderman, where the personal popularity of some Republican candidates on the general ticket did not affect the result so largely, there was a large Republican majority.

ONE of the points made by Judge Nelson, in defense of Andrew Johnson, was that when Aaron Burr was tried for treason, he was acquitted, notwithstanding the general belief in his guilt, because the alleged offense was not technically proven. The President's counsel contended that this was a triumph of the judicial impartiality of Judge Marshall over public opinion, and the strict requirements of justice which the Senate should imitate in the present trial.

FLORIDA will vote early in May, and no serious opposition to the success of Reconstruction is anticipated. The Virginia election, which had been ordered for June, has been postponed by General Schofield, in consequence of the exhaustion of the funds appropriated by Congress.

It strikes us that this is about the boldest and most impudent piece of Democratic tactics that we have yet seen. But, nevertheless, it is Democratic, and in full consonance with their general record.

We learn that the Hon. ALEXANDER K. McCLURE has withdrawn from the Franklin Repository, and that Messrs. JEREMIAH COOK and S. W. HAYS have become its proprietors and editors. Of the Repository we need speak in no terms of praise. Its character is well established as one of the very best and most influential of the Republican journals in the State.

Reconstruction Goes Bravely On.—Five of the late rebel States have adopted constitutions and elected officers under the Congressional policy of reconstruction. It has become a settled fact that Arkansas, South Carolina, North Carolina, Georgia and Louisiana in a few days be restored to their old positions in the Union—thoroughly reconstructed, with the Union element in the ascendancy. They have elected their Republican State tickets and a good working majority of Republicans in the legislatures of each of these States.

The associated press Reporters for a considerable time endeavored to figure up in their dispatches a majority against the constitutions, and a consequent victory for the Democracy, but it wouldn't work. The votes had been cast and the verdict made up before they laid their unwholy hands upon it, and thus pass away the last hope of the Democracy to gain the ascendancy in the Government.

The following characteristic dispatch was sent on Tuesday night by manager Butler to Mr. Stearns of Boston: "The removal of the great obstacle to peace and quiet is certain. Wade and prosperity are sure to come with the apple blossom."

The county anxiously awaits the result, and upon the verdict of guilty being rendered there will go up such a thanksgiving from the hearts of the loyal men of the nation as has not been heard since the end of the war.

There is generally a feeling of distrust felt towards secret organizations that have not been long established, and they are often the fountain of much evil. The societies formed by the Union soldiers of the North, and those formed by the rebels of the South, are very characteristic of the men and their objects. On the one hand the Ku Klux Klan, with its numerous and midnight meetings, its inhuman murders and standing "committees on assassination," is the natural offspring of slavery and treason; a fitting organization for the guards of Liberty, Belle Isle, and Andersonville for the sakers of Lawrence and the murderers of Fort Mifflin.

On the other hand, we find the men who were the blue associating under the proud name of "The Grand Army of the Republic." Many of our citizens are opposed to its organization because of a lack of knowledge as to its purpose. Unlike the Ku Klux organizations, this has for its objects the bringing again together the men who stood shoulder to shoulder in the dark days of the war, the caring for the wounded and weak, the comrades' widow and orphan, the cementing in one brotherhood in peace the men whose arms and blood kept our land together in war.

The committees of this powerful organization are daily doing good, and many a soldier's widow and child, many a crippled comrade, daily press them for their kindness. The majority of our returned soldiers are men of small means, who can but keep the constantly-drained charity fund of their posts replenished, so that other means than individual subscriptions must frequently be resorted to. For this purpose they have secured the services of a comrade, Major A. R. Calhoun, who is well known to our citizens as a writer and lecturer. He, having returned from a long tour to the Pacific, will deliver a lecture on "The Land for Home," at Horticultural Hall, on Thursday evening, May 7. The lecture will be illustrated by a series of magnificent paintings, and must be of thrilling interest to all classes of our citizens. Let us help to give the Grand Army and the lecturer the success they so well deserve.

The purposes of this organization are faithfully set forth in the above extract from the Philadelphia Press. Posts are rapidly being established in our country, and we understand large assessments have been made to the order throughout the State.

THE GREAT TRIAL ENDED.—The Senate in Deliberation.—Manager Bingham concluded his argument in behalf of conviction on Wednesday afternoon, when the Senate voted into deliberation upon the verdict. Manager Bingham's conclusion was loudly applauded from the galleries, which was promptly suppressed by the order of the Chief Justice and the spectators turned out.

It is expected that the verdict will be rendered on Saturday or Monday next at furthest; while the friends of the movement feel certain of conviction. The story about Senator Fessenden's having prepared a written opinion against conviction turns out to be absolutely false. He himself having so pronounced it. On the other hand, his colleague, Mr. Morrill, says that Mr. Fessenden is certain to vote for conviction. The very fact that Mr. Johnson's friends, with the New York World at their head, laid openly about buying the votes of different Senators is evidence sufficient that they have no hopes of an acquittal, and that all their stories about this and that Senator voting against conviction are attempts of the wildest description.

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The Volunteer in Trouble.—The Volunteer of this week seems to be very much troubled about the election of the Hon. Daniel Henry Chamberlain to the position of Attorney General of South Carolina. Mr. Chamberlain was born in Massachusetts, and his is enough in the Volunteer's eyes to condemn him, notwithstanding the fact that for the last four years he has resided in the city of Charleston, pursuing his avocation as an Attorney at Law.

The real fault that the Volunteer finds with him is because he is a Union man, and was a Union soldier during the war. We think that South Carolina has done honor to herself in the election of a young man of such abilities and character as Daniel Henry Chamberlain. Fortunately for the South and for Mr. Chamberlain, the Volunteer's opinion is of very little consequence, while, on the other hand, its abuse is a thing to be courted by all good and true men.

While the "Volunteer" and other Democratic sheets are going abroad to find some straws of comfort over every little local election, it is well to look around us here at home. The election in Lancaster city was held a few days since, in which the Republicans gained over 280 on last year, giving a vote in the Council, which has not occurred for years. Lancaster city is the home of Thaddeus Stevens, and well has it entered the action of this intrepid old Statesman. A year or so more and the city, like the county, will be overwhelmingly Republican.

General Todd, the chairman of the late Republican State Convention, has at last appointed the Chairman and members of the Central Committee, in accordance with the authority vested in him, The Hon. Galusha Grow has been chosen Chairman. His appointment seems to give very general satisfaction throughout the State. C. P. Hamerick, Esq., has been selected as the member from this county. No other, or more efficient member could have been chosen, than he will doubtless prove to be.

The General Appropriation Bill.—The general appropriation bill passed at the last session of the Legislature, foots up \$3,946,231.65. The following summary exhibits the objects for which appropriations were made and the amounts for each object.

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All persons having bills against the Amateur Base Ball Club will please present them to J. D. ADAMS, Treasurer.

Gov. GEARY has signed the bill compelling all Rail Road Companies to fence in their tracks. This will be an additional safeguard to the lives of passengers.

A GREAT improvement is anticipated in business all over the country this spring. Capital is abundant, and the people have been prudent in their expenditures for the past few months.

WHENEVER flour is high, people are naturally indignant at the bakers, who then then accuse of getting rich by their enormous profits. But the bakers tell a different story, and insist upon it that their prices bear a just relation to the price of flour, and their profits on a barrel are quite small.

THE FRUIT.—From all parts of the country reports are coming in which prove that the recent frost occasioned by the heavy frosts was needless. The fruit in most districts remains unharmed, except such as may have suffered during the winter.

THE General Militia Law of Pennsylvania requires all able-bodied men under 45 years of age to pay one dollar annually in lieu of service—except in time of war or insurrection—thence to form a brigade and, each man who drills in a volunteer company is to receive twenty dollars a year.

HARRISBURG.—Its Mayor \$500; City Treasurer \$700; Clerk to Common Council \$500; Clerk to Select Council \$300; City Solicitor \$200; and Chief of Police \$200.

THE SUPREME COURT.—The Supreme Court for the Middle District will at Harrisburg on Monday last, and will be composed of Chief Justice Thompson and Justices Strong, Reed, Agnew and Stewart. The case for trial next week will be the Cumberland county ones, and quite a number have been carried up.

THE thriving town of Newville in this county, is rapidly increasing the number of its buildings. The Star of the Valley says that the vacant lots on Railroad street are to be filled up by new houses, and names several dwellings in different parts of the town which are either in progress or contemplated.

THE NEWVILLE SODA WATER FOUNTAIN.—The enterprising firm of O'NEILL & CO. is proving itself a benefactor to the people of the old town of Newville as well as an ornament to the temperance cause. Their new Soda Fountain is now in successful operation, and sparkling bumpers of the beverage which cheers but not inebriates can be had at the rate of five cents if you buy twenty of their bottles. Their Fountain is one of the best in the State, and the water is of the finest quality, pure and delicious. As a summer drink it cannot be surpassed. In addition, O'NEILL & CO. are constantly supplied with the best of Medicines, Chemicals, Drugs, Dye Stuffs, &c., which they will dispense of low. Call and see them.

IMPROVEMENTS.—From all the neighboring towns we hear the most favorable accounts of their business prosperity and the spread of the spirit of improvement. York, Harrisburg and Reading are improving rapidly, and even Mechanicsburg, in our own county, is making rapid strides in the march of improvement. One of the most striking features of this place, says "Mechanicsburg," continues to improve, and in all parts of the town may be seen carpenters and bricklayers at work, some of them assisting in tearing down old buildings, their places to be supplied with new, and others erecting new and substantial buildings on vacant lots. Mechanicsburg promises to be, at an early day, the most important town in the valley. Its trade, too, is as good as the present time as our business men could desire.

CONSCIENCE MONEY.—The following note from Judge WATTS will explain itself: Office of the County, R. R. Co., Carlisle 6 May 1868.

THE Huntingdon, Fulton and Franklin railroad, which is designed to be a connecting link between Washington city and the lakes, and also to connect the Cumberland Valley railroad with the Gettysburg and York, is to extend from Mount Union, in Huntingdon county, to a point on the railroad in the Cumberland Valley. A branch of the road is to extend twenty-five miles to the East Broad Top coal field.

PLENTY OF GRAIN.—Many persons supposed that our crop of grain for the last year would scarcely be sufficient to supply the current consumption. But the late grain movement throughout the country, and especially in the West, is calculated to modify that impression. It has been ascertained that the stock of cereals on hand in the several leading cities is largely in excess of that of 1867. The scarcity during the winter, and the consequent high prices, was due to owners holding back their crops for high prices. The approach of another harvest has forced into market this reserved crop, and it is only really now that its quantity is known to exceed the computations of even the most sanguine.

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BELES-LETTRES EXHIBITION.—The Belles Lettres Society, represented by members of the Sophomore class, will give an oratorical exhibition in Emory Chapel, on Thursday evening, the 14th inst., at 8 o'clock. A gold medal is to be awarded as the best of the speech, which shall unite the best composition and declamation.

THE ANNUAL CONVENTION of the Protestant Episcopal Church for the Diocese of Pennsylvania, will meet at Philadelphia on Tuesday next, the 12th of May. Probably the most important question which will engage the attention of that body will be the division of the diocese. The churches in the interior are almost unanimously in favor of such a division as will throw the Diocese of Philadelphia and the Counties of Bucks, Montgomery, Chester and Delaware into one diocese, and leave the remaining counties to form the new or Middle Diocese. This is opposed by the committee appointed at the last Convention.

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PHILADELPHIA MARKETS.—The Flour market is without essential change, the western, who purchased 600 barrels of extra family, \$11.00; 100 barrels of North western, \$10.00; 100 barrels of extra family, \$11.00; 100 barrels of North western, \$10.00; 100 barrels of extra family, \$11.00; 100 barrels of North western, \$10.00.

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