Carlisie, Pa. Office with W. M. Por Rheem's Hall. sept27 07-6m* DAM KELLER, Attorney-at-Law

J. M. WEAKLY. WEAKLEY & SADLER. TTORNEYS AT LAW, Office No. 16 South Hanover street Carlisle Pa.

C. P. HUMRICH HUMRICH & PARKER. TTORNEYS AT LAW. Office on Main St., in Marion Hall, Carlisle, Pa. G. M. BELTZHOOVER,

TTORNEY AT LAW, and Renl Estate Agent, Shepherdatown, West Virginiagap Prompt attention given to all business in Jefferon County and the Counties adjoining it.

January 10, 1866.—1 y. E. BELTZHOOVER, Attorney eat Law Office in South Hanover street, opports's dry good store Carlisle, Pa.

AMES A. DUNBAR, Attorney at Law, Carliale, Pa. Omce in No. 7, Rheém's Hall buly 1, 1864—19. . B. ZEIGLER Attorney at Law,

Balut Paul Minnesota. Communications from e East properly responded to.

1. Shearer, Esq. Prompt attention paid to legal bust oss of alk descriptions. TTORNEY-AT-LAW.-GEO. S

D. ADAIR, Attorney At Law, Carlisle. Pa. Office with A. B. Sharpe, Esq., No. outh Hanover Street.

Law and Surveyor, Mechanicsburg, Par-Oi lail Road Street, two doors north of the Bank. 32 Business promptly attended to. July 1, 1864. R. MILLER Attorney at Law. Office in Hannon's building immediately op-tic the Court House.

JOLAUGHLIN, Attorney at Law, Office in the July 1, 1804—17. AW CARD -CHARLES E. MA-

C HERMAN, Attorney at Law,

CAMUEL REPBURN, Jr., Attorney at Law. Office with Hon. Samuel Hepburn, Main t. Carlisle Pa, July 1, 1864. WILLIAM KENNEDY, Attorney

April 19, 1867—1y. W M. B. BUTLER, Attorney at Law y y and United States Claim Agent, Carlisto, Umberland County, Pa.
Pensions, Bountles, Back Pay &c., promptly collected. Applications by mail will receive immediate attention, and the proper blanks forwar ed.
No fee required until the claim is settled.
Feb. 14th, 1867—tf.

DR. GEORGE S. SEA on Office at the residence of his mother, Easouther street, three deers below Bedford.

W. NEIDICH, D. D. S.pposite Marion Hair, West Main atreet, Carlisle, Pa. July t, 1864. R. HARTZELL, Allopathic Physi

lan and Accouch our, having permanently Leesburg, Cumberland county, Pa., respe ers his professional services to the public REFERENCES. JOHN Q. OLIOK, M. D. Waynesboro, Dr. SAMUEL G. LANK, Chambersburg. Han: ED. McPHERSON, Gettysburg, ISAAO SNIVELY. M. D. Waynesboro. S. D. FROUTZ, Waynesboro.

B. Always found in his office when not otherwissionally engaged.

June 21—tf. RAILROADS.

C UMBERLAND VALLEY RAIL FREIGHT DEPOT, CARLISLE.

The Cumberland Valley, Pennsylvania and North n Central Rail Road Companies have made a rangements to do a Joint Freight and Forwarding Business between the Cities of Philadelphia, Baltimore and New York. The Cumberland, Valley Rail Read Com pany opened their Freight Depot at Carliele on the let of January 1896 for the receipt and shipment o all goods entrusted to them. Freight to be forwarded by this arrangement must

be left at Penn-ylvania Rail Road Company Depot corner of 16th and Market St., Philadelphia. North-ern Central Rail. Road Company's Depot Baltimore and Gumberland Valley Rail Road Company's Depot at Carlisle. at Carlisle.
The public will find it to there interest to ship through the Rail Road Company's Freight Houses and by Company Cars.

O. N. LULL, Sup. 0. N. LULL, Sup. J. & D. RHOADS, Freight Agents Carliele. dec.22-65.

 $C^{\overline{v. R. R.}}$ CHANGE OF HOURS. On and after MONDAY, May 21st, 1866, Passenge Trains will run daily as follows, (Sunday excepted WESTWARD.

W E.O. W. A. R.D. ...

ACOMMODATION TRAIN leaves Harrisburg 8.40
A. M., Mechanicsburg 0.18, Carlisle 9.57, Newvill, 10,34
Shippensburg 11.07, Chambersburg 1.10 F. M., Green
catte 143, arriving at Hagersburg 2.10 F. M.,
MAIL-TRAIN-leaves-Harrisburg—200—P.-M.,
Mechanisburg 2.23, Carlisle 3.00, Newville 8.0, Shippensburg 4.10, Chambersburg 4.50, Greencaste 6.25,
arriving at Hagersburg 4.50, Greencaste 6.25,
EXTR-SS TIAIN leaves Harrisburg 4.15 F. M.,
Mechanicsburg 4.51, Carlisle 5.21, Newville 5.55, Shippensburg 6.21, arriving at Chambersburg 4.20 A. M.,
Greencaste 0.30, arriving at Hagerstown 10.15 A. M.

EXACTIVE ASS TIAIN LEAVES CHAMBERSBURG 8.20 A. M.,
Greencaste 0.30, arriving at Hagerstown 10.15 A. M. EASTWARD.

ACCOMMODATION TRAIN loaves Chambersbur, 5.00 K. M. Shippensburg 5.30, Newville 6.01, Carlish 6.35, Mechanicsburg 7.04 arriving at Harrisburg 7,8 0.35, bleenancesourg 703 arriving at Internating 7, 20

A. M.

MAIL TRAIN leaves Hargestorn 8.10 A. M.,
Greencastie 145, Chamberghorg 9.25, Shippensburg
9.55, Newville 10.20, Cartisie 11.05, Mechanisburg
1.35, arriving at Linexheburg 12 10 . M.

EXPRIESS TRAIN leaves Hagerstorn 12 00 M.,
Greencasie 12.30, Chambersburg 1.10, Shippensburg
1.43, Newville 2 15, Carlisle 2.55, Mechanicsburg 3.26,
arriving at Harrisburg 3.55 P. M.

A MIXED TRAIN leaves Hagurstown 3.56 P. M.

Greencavie 4.00, arriving at Chambersburg 4.50 P. M.

Greencavie 4.00, arriving at Chambersburg 4.50 P. M.

Trains to and from Philadelphia, New York, Pittsburg, Baltimoro and Washington.

O. N. LUILL,

O. N. LUIL, Sup't. RAIL ROAD OFFICE, Chambersburg, May 17, 1866. READING RAIL ROAD.

On and after Nov. 25, 1867, trains will

On and after Nov. 25, 1867, trains will run as follows:

GREAT TRUNK LINE PROM THE North and North West for Philadelpha, New York, Reading, Potisville, Tamaqua, Ashland, Lobanon, Allentown, Easton, Ephrata, Littis, Lancaster, Columbia, &c., &c. Trains leave Harrisburg fir New York as follows: At 3.00, 5.25, and 8.10, A. M., and 205, and 3.03 P. M. connecting with similar Trains on the Ponnylvania Rail Road, and arriving at New York at 5.10, 10.16 and 11.50 A. M., and 3.40, and 9.30, P. M. Sleeping Cars accompaning the 3.00. A. M. and 9.30, P. M. Sleeping Russ accompaning the 3.00. A. M. and 9.50, P. M. Sleeping Russ accompaning the 3.00. A. M. and 9.50, P. M. Sleeping and Philadelphia, at 8.10, A. M. and 2.50, snd 4.10, P. M. stopping at Lebanon and Principal Way Stations; the 4.10, P. M. making connections for Philadelphia and Columbia only. Yor Pottaville, Schuylkill Haven and Auburn viel Schuylkil, and Sucuchanna Ital Road, leave Hriting: Leave New York at 9.00, A. M., 12.00, Noon and 6.00 and 8.00 P. M.; Philadelphia 8.10, A. M. and 8.80, P. M. Way Passenger Train leaves Philadelphia 7.80, A. M., returning from Reading at 6.30, P. M., stopping at all Stations, Pottaville at 8.45, A. M. and 2.46, P. M., Ashland 6.03, a. M. and 12.10, and 8.40, P. M.; Ashland 6.03, a. M. and 2.46, P. M., Ashland 6.03, a. M. and 2.46, P. M., Ashland 6.03, a. M. and 2.46, P. M. Ashland 6.03, a. M. and 2.46, P. M. Ashland 6.04, a. M. and 8.40, P. M.; Tamaqua at 8.80, A. M. sand 12.00, and 8.40, P. M.; Ashland 6.00, a. M. and 6.00 and 8.40, P. M.; Ashland 6.00, a. M. and 6.00 and 8.40, P. M.; Ashland 6.00 and 8.40, P.

Leave Pottsville for Harrisburg, via Schuylkill am Busquehanna Rail Road at 7.10 A. M. and 12.00 noon Roading Accommodation Train: Leaves Heading t 7.50, A. M., returning from Philadelphia at 4.00

P. M.
Pottstown Accommodation Train: Leaves Pottstown at 6.45, A. M. returning leaves Philadelphia 5.09, P. M. Columbia Rail Road Trains leave Reading 7.09, A. M., and 6.16, P. M. for Epirate, Litis, Laucaster, Columbia, &c. M, and G.10, P. M. for Ephrata, Inits, Iancaster, Columbia. &c. Leave New York at 8.00, P. M. Philadelphia 8.00, A. M., and 3.15, P. M., the 8.00 A. M. Train running only to Reading; Fotteville 8.00, A. M. Harrisburg, 6.20 A. M. and 4.10 and 8.03, P. M., and Reading at 1.00, and 7.15 A. M. for Harrisburg, and 7.00 A. M. and 1140, P. M. for New York and 4.25, P. M. for Philadelphia. Commutation, Mileage, Season, School and Excursion Tickets, to and from all points, at reduced rates. Baggage obecked through 100 pounds allowed each Passenger.

Reading, Pa., Nov. 25, 1867.

Reading, Pa., Nov. 25, 1867.

FOR SALE SUN UMBRELLAS. A track of valuable Timber, kand containing ONE HUNDIRD Addies, lying on the South Mountain. I miles above Mr. Holly, Robert at face form one of my property. The track is most favorably flux of, sair of access and the timber of the best quality, 10 (14) for terms &c., apply to

A. L. SPONSLER.

Tance in a property in the control of the property in t

Carlisle, Pa., Friday, May 1, 1868.

TERMS: -- 82,00 in Advance, or 82,50 within the year.

RHEEM & DUNBAR, Editors and Proprietors

DRY GOODS. GOOD NEWS! GOOD NEWS! GREAT DECLINE IN PRICES AT THE NEW AND CHEAP CASH STORE CORNER OF HANOVER AND POMFRET STEETS. The subscriber would respectfully luform the pub-ic that he is receiving almost daily from the Eastern litles, a large luvoice of New and Cheap Goods, such

VOL. 68.

LADIES' DRESS GOODS ench Merinoes,

French Repps, Plain and Fancy De Laines,
Plain and Fancy
Alpaca,
Poplins.

SHAWLS! SHAWLS! BROCHA LONG AND SQUARE, LONG AND SQUARE WOOLENS BREAKFAST SHAWLS in great variety CLOTHS AND CASSIMERES!

nch, German and and ncy Cassimeres, Doeskins. y Cassimo..., oeskins, Black and Fancy ... Over Coatings, Sattinetts, Kentucky Jeans, Undershirts and Drawers.

DOMESTICS! lleached and Brochs, . Table Dianers

REMEMBER THE PLACE, ON THE CORNER OF HANOVÉR AND POMFRET STREETS, the room formerly occupied by B. R. January Co.

THOŚ. A. HARPHR.

MASH! CASH!! Thave this day commenced calling of my entire stock Winter Goods at greatly reduced prices for cash. FRENCH WIRINOES, ALPACAS, PARMETAS, f Winter Goods at greatly reduced pr FRENCH MERINOES, ALPACAS, WOOL PLAIDS,

WOOL PLAIDS, and other Dress Goods, at Cost. Shawls, Blankets, Flannels, Lindseys, &c., at ver great bargains. CLOTHS, CASSIMERES, CASSINETTS, &c., very low.
BALMORALS, Lower than ever sold in Carlisle. Muslins, Tickings,

Ginghams, Canton Flannels, - Checks, at the very lowest price.
All the best make CALICOES, at 121 cts. As my stock has been bought, since the great de-cline in prices, great bargains may be expected. Some articles less than cost to reduce my stock as soon as possible.

No. 47, West Main Street **BOOTS AND SHOES!**

> SPRING. 1867. BARGAINS. NOW OPENING IN ...

DOMESTIC COODS, DRESS GOODS,
CASSIMERES,
SATINETS,
JEANS,

DRESS TRIMMINGS, ZEPHYRS, RIBBONS, NOTIONS, &c. WHITE GOODS, RING'S NEW STORE,

No. 55 WEST MAIN STREET.
Opposite the Mansion House, next to Post Office,
Carlisle. GENT'S FURNISHING

VARIETY STÖRE. No. 18 South Hanover Street.

The subscriber begs leave to Inform gon/lemen and housekepers and the public generally, that he has now and will keep constantly on hands, a large and elegant assor iments of ENTE's FURNISHING GOODS, such as Cotton Merino and Woolen "Khirts and Draw-ors, Hoiselriess all kinds, Black and White EXI Gioves, Thread and other 'Gloves, Nack-Tios, Buspenders, Handkerchieß, Gents'. Traveling Bagg, Linen and Paper Collars, Cuffe, &c. Also, HOUSE FURNISHING GOODS, consisting in part of Cedar and Willow Ware, all kinds, Chambor ests, Brushes and Combs, all kinds Rugs, Buckets, Foot Tubs, Songs, Perfunerics, Pens, Stationary, &c. Don't forget the stans, No. 13 South Hanover Street, wo doors, South of Washmood's Greery Store, Carlisle.

may 24 57-16.

LOOK OUT DRY GOODS MEN I have just returned from the East with my Spring Stock, and as usual. I am sulling Goods a little cheaper than any other Dry Goods House in town. I do not think it necessary to occupy a column of newapaper to endeavor to keep up my reputation for soling cheap Goods, nor do I wish to resort any chap trapt to guilt the public. All I ask, of them to call and examine for thomselves, and I fout satisfied with the prices, not to buy. Remember, the stand No. 32 North Hancwer street, next door to Dr. Rieffer's, and Miller & Bowers' Hardware store.

Pr.S. I will say nothing about my third and fourth grand oponings.

HOTELS.

grand openings. april19 67

UMBERLAND VALLEY HOTICL CORNER OF MAIN & BEDFORD STS., CARLESTE CORNER OF MAIN & REDFORD STE, CARLESTE.

The undersigned desires to invom his ficinda and
the traveling public that he has taken charge of this,
well known stand, and is prepared to accommodate vistiors with boarding and longing on reasonable terms.
His table is supplied with the best the manket atfirids. His bar contains the choicest of liquors.
His departments are commodious and sley; his
stable is in charge of a careful and experienced outer,
and he hopes to be able tegive entire satisfaction to
all his guests.

May8,0717.

HUTCHISÓN'S HOTEL, Late Brady House. CORNER OF STATE & THIRD STREETS, Immediately in front of the Capitol; D. H. HUTCHISON, Prop'r.

Harrisburg, Pa. lan 4 67-tf. TSAAO K STAUFFER Watchmaker and Jewelery,

No. 148 NORTH 2D ST., COR. OF QUARRY, PHILADELPHIA. sortment of Watches, Jawelry, Silver and Plated Ware constantly on hand. SUITABLE FOR HOLIDAY PRESENTS L

Repairing of Watches and Jovelry promptly thouded to. Wm. A. DROWN & CO., Umbrella & Parasol Manufact urors, 246 MARKET STREE,T. PHILADELPHIA.

PARSOLS, GINGHAM SUN UPABLELLAS.

BUT bottle or a linu organization of the article yes.

For sale at the lowest prives of the day.

buy, in order to get the goalding. GINGHAM SUN UIABRELLAS,

HOOFLAND'S BITTERS. HOOFLAND'S GERMAN BITTERS AND

Hoofland's German Tonic. Prepared by Dr. C. M. JACKSON,

PHILADELPHIA, PA.: The Great Remedies for all Diseases

LIVER, STOMACH, OR DIGESTIVE ORGANS.

Hoofland's German Bitters

Is composed of the pure juices (or, as they are medicinally termed, 122 Hacks) of Roots, Herbs and Barks, making a preparation, highly concentred, and entirely admixture of any kind. HOOFLAND'S GERMAN TONIO,

Is a combination of all the ingredients of the Bitters, with the purest quality of Sanda Gruz Rim, Orange, etc., making one of the most pleasant and agreeable remedies ever offered to the public.

Those preferring a Medicine free from Alcoholic admixture, will use

Hoofland's German Bitters. In cases of nervous depression, when some alcoholic

HOOFLAND'S GERMAN TONIO should be used: The Bitters or the Tonic are both equally good, and

The Bitters of the folia and obtained any process contain the same medicinal virtues.

The atomach, from a variety of causes, such as Indigestion, Dyspepsin, etc., is very apt to deranged. The result patient suffers from the following diseases:



These remedies will effectually cure Liver Complaint, faundice, Dyspepsia, Chronic or Nervous Debility, Uhronic Diantrice, Diseases of the Kldneys, and Diseases arising from a Disordered Liver, Stomach, or needline. DEBILITY,

Resulting from any Cause whatever; PROSTRATION OF THE SYSTEM, induced by Severe Labor, Hardships, Exposure, Fevers, etc.

There is no meddeine extant equal to these remedies in such cases. A tone and vigor is imparted to the whole System, the stomach codiscolored in the stomach digests promptly, the blood plexion be so me as a full meaning the complexion of the system with the system with the seven at locarious in the system with the terms and the ways and forewas in

Persons Advanced in Life, And feeling the hand of time weighing heavily upon them, with all its attendant ills, will find in the use of them, with all its attendant ills, will find in the use of that have life in o their veins, restore in a measure the energy and ardor of more youthful days, build up their shipmen forms, and give health and happiness to their remaining years.

NOTICE. It is a well-established fact that fully one-half of the female portion of our domining the enjoyment to use their own extending the energy, extremely acryons, and have no apposition. To this class of persons the BITTERS, or the TONIC, is especially recommended.

WEAK AND DELICATE CHILDREN Are made strong by tho use of either of these remedica. They will cure every case of MARASMUS, without fall flowers and a certificates have accumulated in the hands of the proprietor, but space will allow of the publication of but a few. Those, it will be observed, are mee of, note and of such standing that they must be believed.

TERTIMONIALS.

Hon. Geo. W. Woodward. Chief Justice of the Supreme Court of Pa., writes Philadelphia, March 16, 1867.

agood tonic, useful diseases of the diseases of the disease of debility, and then in the system. Yours truly, GEO. W. WOODWARD."

Hon. James Thompson. Judge of the Supreme Court of Pennsylvania. Philadelphia, April 28, 1866.

"I consider 'Hoofand's German Bitters' a valuable medicine in case of attacks of Indigestion or Dyspepsia. I can certify this from my experience of it.

Yours, with respect,

JAMES THOMPSON."

From Rev. Joseph H. Kennard, D. D., Pastor of the Tenth Baptist Church, Philadelphia.

Parlor of the Tenth Haptut Church, Francaceput.

Br. Jackson—Dear Sir: I have been frequently requested to connect my name with recommendations of different kinds of medicines, but regarding the practice as out of my apilanes, in all cases decler groof. In variable of the proprietar sphere, I have in all cases decler groof. In variable of the proprietar sphere, I have been some from my usual course, to express my full conviction that, for general debtility of the system, and expecially for Liver Complaint, it is a mys and conviction that, for general debtility of the system, and expecially for Liver Complaint, it is a mys and conviction that, for general debtility of the system, and expecially for Liver Complaint, it is a mys and conviction that, for general debtility of the system, and expectation, it is will be very beneficial to those who suffer from the above causes. Yours, very respectfully,
J. H. KENNARD,

From Rev. E. D. Fendall,

Assestant Editor Christian Chronicle, Philadelphia. I have derived decided benefit from the use of Hoofland's German Bitters, and feel it my privilege to recommend them as a most valuable tonic, to all who are suffering from general debility or from decises arising from denyangment of the liver. Yours truly,

CAUTION



Tea grad Dist. PRICES & at Day 64T POLITICAL.

THE REGISTRY LAW.

Some of persons claiming to be entitled to vote, and whose name or names have not be deem ontered on the registry of the election district in which he or they claim to be entitled to vote; each person so claiming to be entitled to vote; each person so claiming to be entitled to vote; each person so claiming to be entitled to vote; each person so claiming to be entitled to vote; each person so claiming to be entitled to vote; each person so claiming to be entitled to vote; each person so claiming to be entitled to vote; each person so claiming to be entitled to vote; each person so claiming to be entitled to vote, and the vote, and whose names naturally to be entitled to vote, and whose names have not be entitled to vote, and whose names have not be entitled to vote, and whose names have not be entitled to vote, and whose names have not be entitled to vote, and whose names have not be entitled to vote, and whose names or laming to be entitled to vote, and whose names have not be entitled to vote, and whose names or laming to be entitled to vote, and whose names or laming to be entitled to vote, and whose names or laming to be entitled to vote, and whose names or laming to be entitled to vote, and whose names or laming to be entitled to vote, and whose names or laming to be entitled to vote, and whose names or laming to be entitled to vote, and whose names or laming to be entitled to vote, each person so claiming to be entitled to vote, each person so the claim to be in the district in which he claims to be a voter, for the person so the per he shall exhibit his certificate theroof to the assessor, unless her shall have voted in the two maship, borough, ward or district at five preceding general elections, and, on exhibition of the certificate, the name shall be marked with the letter N; where the party has merely declared his intention to become a citizen, and designs to be naturalized before the next election, the name shall be marked D I; where the claim is to vote by reason of being between the next election to be defined as a citizen of the United States, that he is at the single property of the control of the united States, that he is at the single property of the united States, that he is at the single property of the united States, that he is at the single property of the united States, that he is at the single property of the united States, that he is at the single property of the united States, that he is at the single property of the united States, that he is at the single property of the united States, that he is at the single property of the united States, that he is at the single property of the united States, the single propert fore the next election, the name shall be marked D I; where the claim is to vote by reason of being between the ages of twenty-one and twenty-two as provided by law, the "word" raga" shall be ontered; and,—if the time of make the affidavit or will be on before the day of the next election ensuing a between the ages of twenty-one and twenty-two as provided by law, the time party has moved into the election district to reside since the last general election, the letter R shall be placed opposite the name; and in all of the cases enumerated a tax shall rorthwith be assessed against the person. And in order to carry this law into effect for the present year, it shall be the duty of the commissioners of the respective counties of this Commonwealth, within sixty days after the passage of this act, to cause alphabetical lists of the present year to be made out and placed in the lands of the respective assessors, whose duty it shall be, on or before the first of the hands of the respective assessors, whose duty it shall be, on or before the first of September, to assertain the qualifications of the persons so named, and their claims to vote as before mentioned, and perform in regard to such persons all of the duties en-orined by this act, and furnish said list to the commissioners and election board as hereinafter directed; *Provided*. That the names of all persons, who were duly regis-tered and permitted to vote at the next preceding general election in October shall,

without further proof or application, be placed on the list or registry directed to be propared for the election in November, but they and all others shall be subject to chall the registry directed to the propagation of the state of the st lenge, and their right to vote be passed on as prescribed by the fourth section of this SEC. 2. On the list being completed and officers so office the assessments made as aforesaid, the same or imprisonment of the court commissioners, who shall cause duplicate.

SEC. 2. On the list being completed and officers so office the court of the court.

SEC. 4. It. ommissioners, who shall cause duplicate opies of said-lists, with the observations and explanations required to be noted as foresaid, to se made out as soon as practi able and placed in the hands of the assessor he shall, prior to the first of August next who shan, price the mist of August hear onsuing said assessments, put one copy there-of on the door of the house where the elec-tion of the respective district is required to be held, and retain the other in his possessbe held, and retain the other in his possession for the inspection, free of charge, of any person resident within the said election district who shall desire to see the same, and

district who shall desire to see the same, and it shall be the duty of sund assessor to add from time of time, on the personal application of any person claiming the right to vote, the name of such claimant, and mark opposite the name of such claimant, and mark opposite the name of such claimant, and mark opposite the name of the certain in October next there atter, it shall be the duty of the assessor to produce the list in his possession to the inspectors and judges of the election of the proportion of the spectors and judges of the election of the proportion of the respective produce the list in his possession to the inspectors and judges of the election of the proportion of the certain of the certain of the respective produce the list in his possession to the proportion of the certain of the certain of the vote of such persons being received, it shall be the duty of the inspectors and judges of the election, together with the assessor, to attend at the place of holding the general elections for the respective produce the day next preceding the second Tuesday in October, and on the other days heperian from mentioned, and continue in open session at said place from nine o'clock. A. M. till six o'clock P. M. of said day, to hear proof of the right of the respective persons to vote whose names are contained in the assessor's list as pefore mentioned, or who shall apply to them to have their names registered, and all persons who have not previously voted in the election district shall make due proof, in the minner now pret shall be the duty of said assessor to add

strong and the white parabheten are continued in the continued are continued in the continued are continued in the continued are continued as a continued are con

proceding the general election then next following, that the has not moved into the district for the purpose of voting therein, that he has paid a State or county tax within two years, which was assessed at least ten days before the election for which he provided the beginning of the beauty and the province the election for which he provided the beginning of the beauty are the election of the election or court in which situated, and, if in a town where there are no numbers, the mains of the street, alley or court on which said house fronts; also the occupation of the party, and where he is not a housekeeper, the occupantion; place of boarding, and with whom, and, if working for another, the name of the employer, and write opposite said name the word "voter," and, where said party claims to vote by reason of naturalization, he shall exhibit his certificate thereof to the composite shall have writed in the the state of the said affidurit shall also state when and where the tax claimed to be paid by the consession males her shall have writed in the the filldayit was assessed and where, where

the name or names shall be added to the list alphabetically with like effect as if "done tendays before the election, and they shall forthwith be placed with other names at the foot of the list on the door or house of the place of election, and, as such person whose name is enrolled votes at said election, one of the clerks thereof shall mark on or opposite to the name "vote," and it shall not be lawful for the officers of the election to receive the vote of any person whose name

days before the election, and they shall forthwith be placed with other names at the foot of the list on the door or house of the place of election, and, as such person whose in name is enrolled votes at said election, one of the clerks thereof shall mark on or opposite to the order of the election to receive the vote of any person whose name was not contained in said registry made out and put up at least eight days before the election as aforesaid, or in the registry made on the Thursday next preceding the election, and the reception of the vote of any-person on the reception of the vote of any-person officers so receiving it, and on conviction thereof, the election of the court.

by volence or intimidation, all the votes by lettled at such election district shall be rejected by any tribunal trying a contest under said election.

SEC. 10. If any prothenotary, clerk, or the deputy of either, or any other person, shall affix the seal of office to any naturalization paper, or give out the same in blank whereby it-may be fraudulently used, of furnish a naturalization certificate to any person who shall not have been duly examined and sworn in open court in presence of some of the judges thereof according to the act of Congress, he shall be guilty of a high misdemennor, or if any person shall fraudulently used any such certificate of thaturalization conditions.

or the court.

SEC. 4. It shall be lawful for any qualified citizen of the district, notwithstanding the name of the proposed voter is contained in the registry and the right to vote has been passed on by the election board, to challenge the vote of such person, where upon the same proof of the right of suffrage as is now required by law shall be publicly made and again acted on by the election board, and the vote admitted or rejected according to the evidence, every person appointed as an overseer who shall neglect or refuse to perform any duty enjoined by this act without reasonable legal cause shall be subject to a penalty of one hundred dollars, and if any assessor or election officer shall enrol any person as a voclaiming to be a naturalized citizen shall be required to produce his naturalization certi-ficate at the election before voting, as requir-

intelligent citizens of the county, to act as overseers at suid election; said persons shall be selected from different political parties where the inspectors belong to different parties, and where both of said inspectors belong ties, and where both of said inspectors belong any assignment or trainfer, has been made of such claim or not. And provided further, to the same political party both of the over-seers shall be taken from the opposite politi-cal party; said overseers shall have the right to be present with the officers of the election during the whole time the same is held the to the same political party both of the overseers shall be taken from the opposite political party; said overseers shall have the right to be present with the officers of the election during the whole time the same is held the votes counted and returns made out and signed by the election officers, to keep a list of the voters if they see proper, to challenge any person offering to vote and interrogate him and his witnesses under oath in regard to the right of suffrage at said election, to to or county, nor for any loss or property

to the right of suffrage at said election, to examine his papers produced, and the offi-cers of said election are required to afford to said overseers so selected and appointed eyery convenience and facility for the dis-ery convenience and facility for the dis-charge of their duty, and if said officers shall refuse to permit said overseers to be present and perform their duty as aforesaid, or they shall be driven away from the polls by violence or intimidation, all the voics polled at such election district shall be re-

tion officer shall enrol any person as a voter who he shall know is not qualified, or refuse to enrol any one who he shall know is qualified, he shall be guilty of a misdemeanor in office and, on conviction, be punished by fine and imprisonment and also be subject to an action for dumages by the party aggrieved, and if any person shall fraudulently alter, add to, deface, or destroy any registry of votors made out as directed by this act, or tear down or remove the same from the place where it has been fixed by or under the direction of the election officers, with like fraudulent or mischlovous intentior for any improper purpose, the person so offending shall be guilty of a high misdemeanor and, on conviction, shall be punished by a fine not exceeding five hundred dollars and imprisonment not exceeding two years. tion officer shall enrol any person as a vo

yoars.

SEC. 12. If any tax-collector is found guilty of issuing a receipt for taxes to any porson whatever, said taxes not having been paid, he shall be deemed guilty of a misdementor in office and, on conviction, shall

several duties enjoined by this act with fidelity and according to the requirements in till then; shall the amount so recovered there of in every particular to the best of their ability; they shall each have the power to administer oaths to every person claiming the right to be assessed, or enrolled or the right of suffrage, or in regard to any other matter or thing required to be done or inquired into by said officers under this act, and any wilful false awearing by any person in relation to any matter or thing concerning which they shall be lawfully, interrogated by any of said officers under this act, shall be punished as parjury; said assesors, inspectors and judges shall each receive the same compensation for the time necessarily spent in performing the duties hereby enjoined as is provided by the law for the performance of their other duties, to be paid by the county commissioners as in other cases; with a proper allowance to be judged of by the said commissioners for the expenses of making the list or registry any other saufferes named in this act, in the part of the said commissioners as in other cases; with a proper allowance to be judged of by the said commissioners for the expenses of making the list or registry any other saufferes named in this act, in the parallel the amount, and when so collected, and not till then; shall the amount, is the said the amount is occurred to the said commissioners of the said commissioners of the saufer to the saufferes of the saufferes and of any other saufferes named in this act, in the person of the destruction, devastation, appropriation or carrying away, of their officers in the saufferes named in this act, in the person saufferes and officers in the saufferes and the saufferes of the saufferes of the saufferes and of the saufferes of the saufferes and of the saufferes and of the saufferes and of the saufferes and o

tion or county, nor for any loss or propert for which componention has been received or is provided by any law of Congress, nor for any loss for which relief was provided by the act of fifteenth of February one by the act of fifteenth of February one thousand eight hundred and sixty-six, entitled, "An Act for the relief of certain citizens of Chambersburg and vicinity whose property was destroyed by fire, by the rebels on the thirtieth of July Anno Domini, one thousand eight hundred and sixty four." And provided further, That each claim presented for adjudication, shall be accompanied by an affidavit, made before some officer, competent to administer oaths and affirmations, stating that the claimant has never directly or indirectly, by word or act, given aid, comfort, countenance or encouragement, to the rebels, whether in arms, or otherwise that he or she has never commun.

agement, to the rebels, whether in arms, or otherwise that he or she has never communicated or attempted or taken means to communicate to them or any of them any information which could be of any advantage to them. That said commissioners shall as soon as ev have finished their duties, make returns o the Auditor General of all petitions pre-ent-ed to them or any of them with the a-

wards thereon. wards thereon.

The said Commissioners, shall be paid the sum of five dollars—each per day, for not more than sixty days, when actually employed in the discharge of their duties, and they shall be allowed one clerk, who shall be paid the sum of three dollars per day, whose duty it shall be to keen a record of whose duty it shall be to keep a record of the testimony in each case, so that it may be transmitted to the Auditor General, with the awards and the salaries of said commissioners and clerk, together—with necessary expenses for stationery, giving anotice et cetera, shall be paid out of any money not otherwise appropriated after approval by the proper accounting officers of the State.

Section 3. That this act shall not be onstrued to make this Commonwealth in any way liable for the ultimate payment of the damages ascertained and reported, un-

der this not. d Elisha W. Davis Speaker of the House of Rep. JAS L. GRAHAM Speaker of the Senate.

Approved April 9th 1868. JNO. W. GEARY.

Pure and Undefiled Democracy. The following article appears as editorial in The La Crosse Democrat, the most popuincanor in office and, on conviction, shall be fined in a sum not less than one hundred dollars and suffer an imprisonment in the county jail for a term not less than three months for every offence.

Size. 13. That for all elections hereafter holden under this act the polls shall be opened between the hours of six and seven oclock A. M. and be closed at six o'clock.

a stockholder in the Y. M. C. A. cities. In the Western cities their rooms are generally located near the Board of Trade, who comlocated near the Board of Trade, who compose most of their membership, and it is
notorious that no such gollection of finalized,
polished, heartless raiseals, are to be found
claewhere on the planet as the men who
compose these same Boards of Trade. The
mongrels are using their religious understrapers to sandwich bondholding politics in
between their hymns and sermons. And it
devolves on Democratic journals and speakers to warn the people against the Satanio
whire nigger mode known as Christian Associations, Aid Societies, Mission Clubs, etc.
Democrats, avoid them as you would the
plague. Protect your children from their
insidious wiles; they are the bastared tess of
your race and your God. The Almighty is
wiping the foul breed from the face of the
carth. Their missions, their associations,
and their reign will soon terminate. White and their reign will soon terminate. White men, we must check-mate these psalm sincing hypocrites this year, and their power will be gone forever.

The La Crosse Democrat has a very extensive circulation in our midst, and we doubt not that among its subscribers may be found the names of active members of the Christian Association. Surely sentiments like the above should satisfy. not only them, but all decent men with the degradation of a party that gives to paper like it a stronger support than to any other journal published in its interest.

A DEMAND THAT SHOULD BE HEEDED. other cases, with a proper allowance to be judged of by the said commissioners for the expenses of making the list or registry hereby required to be made out, and it shall not be lawful, for any assessor to assess to a sessor to assess to a sessor the said subject to the importance of reform in the selection state of the Un ted States, and any violation of this provision shall be a misdiment to a fine on conviction of not less than ten to one hundred dullars, or to imprisonment not exceeding three months, or both, at discretion of the court.

SEG. 9. On the petition of five or more citizens of the county, stating under oath that they verily believe that frauds will be practiced at the election about to be held in any district, it shall be the duty of the court of common pleas of said county if in session or, if not a judge thereof in vacation to appoint two persons, judicious, sober and intelligent citizens of the county, to act as overseers at said election; said persons shall be selected from different political parties where the innectors below the different political parties where the innectors below to different political parties where the innectors below to different political parties. A writer in the Philadelphia North American

of the part of our people a resolute determination not to submit to the confibinations
of any political clique, or to be whipped
into submission to objectionable nominations
by a party lash, wielded by self sucking
and corrupt men. The great body of the
Republican party demands that good men
be nominated for our local officers—men
who have convictions and believe in our
principles, and not mercenaries, who, at the
same time that they demand—nominations
of or office, threaten that if they are not
given they will defeat our ticket, or desert
with their campfollowers to the torice of the
conemy. It will not do increly to place reliable men at the head of the ticket. It
must be thoroughly good throughout—nominating those whom our soldiers can rally
under, recognizing the working classes by
putting forward one of their own number,
d presenting for the legal positions men of presenting for the legal positions men of unquestioned integrity, and indicating in its caudidates distinct and positive Republican

of sound was occasioned by the incessant conversation that resembled the meaning monotone of an immense organ." The same authority informs us that the 'bride wore a heavy satin dress with train cutlimperatrice and trimmings of Brussels point luce. Her hair was very tastefully arranged, a solitary curl falling over her right shoulder, giving piquancy to the ensemble, Pearl ornaments adorned her ears, and a wreath of orange blossoms encircled her brow, from which depended a veil of white illusion that covered the form like a mist. Among the bridal presents were over

A CASE of more than usual importanc has been decided in the Supreme Court of Tennessee. It furnishes a substantial block to what might be denominated the structure of jurisprudence in a new State. The opinion was delivered on an appeal in a murder case, where the jury, after retiring, had reported to the court asking some legal instructions, which were given in the absence of the prisoner. The Supreme Court held that the prisoner must be present in person at all the stops of the trial; that the presence of the counsel is not even sufficient; that by the bill of rights of that State and by the common law the trial is not ended until the verdict is returned. This decision is in entire harmony with all the primary authorities and with the saveral decisions of this State on the subject.

state on the subject. in The La Crosse Democrat, the most popular and widely-circulated Democratle journal in the Union. That the sentiments expressed in the article are those of the party at large cannot be doubted, though very likely nine-tenths of them would deny that they held any such opinions. When they rushed by thousands to the support of the beastly, profane and indecent sheet which indulges daily in such writing, their denials of sympathy with the article amount to nothing:

THE last Chicago outrage is that wherein a Miss Comstock, a respectable young lad, was called upon by a woman who was a stranger, and told that a Miss Hart a friend of Miss C, had been badly injured, and wished assistance. Miss Comstock went the woman to the outskirts of the city, when the woman struck Miss C with a butcher's mallet, knocking her down, then kicking and beating her until the blood run, leaving her insensible, and probably fatality injured. A man in a buggy then took up the murderess and carried her away. Miss C was found lying unconscious, and was taken to her home.