landigham, in his support; and finally, when Vallandigham was arrested for inciting citizens of Ohio to become brigands, and assassinate the public officers, he issued a fulmination from the capital at Albany, declaring to the already too much excited people, that revolution had arrived. From that time down to the 4th of July, he kept almost constantly reiterating that incendiary outcry, and demanding, in the name of his followers, an entire impunity for sedition, either in the Forum or the Press. This was put forth under a plausible clamor for "free speech," as if the counselling of resistance to the lawful acts of a lawful Government, in time of war, were not sedition; and as if he, as a lawyer, did not know that such sedition was, by the express language of the Constitution, a crime punishable with death.

THE PLOTTERS DISAPPOINTED.

It was under such insidious teachings as these of Horatio's and his clan that the insurrectiton which exploded on the 13th July, was nursed. Instigated by so plausible a tongue, and encouraged by so respectable a reputation, thousands who had no notion of revolt were induced to believe that the Government was really guilty of a tyranny, and by their sullen mood and open condemnation, gave heart and color to the rising treason.

It is thought that the parties who engineered this outbreak directly as the agents of the Southern Confederacy, and who had so much cause to felicitate themselves over the gratuitous malignity of Seymour, were ready to explode it on the Fourth of July, in case the news should come in by that day of a wholesale victory in Pennsylvania by Lee.—It will be recollected that the blessed anniversary of our independence was the occasion of a universal outburst of Copperhead malignity in every portion of the country, and there is now but little doubt, that had Meade been overthrown, and the army of the Potomac crushed, the wires would have been lurid with a common screech "to arms," and amid the Confederated traitors, North and South, the Republic would have sunk to ruin. It will be borne in mind that Fernando addressed the malcontents in New Hampshire on that day; that Seymour preferred the Jacobins of the Broadway clubs to the atmosphere of Tammany; and that John McCunn, fearing the Mozart interest might thereby be undermined, commended the Southern Constitution to the "Irish Young Men's Catholic Association," of Brooklyn, as a document superior to the Constitution of the United States. Every thing seemed ready for the signal, but unfortunately for their plans, the news came Lee was overthrown; while the rapidly succeeding fall of Vicksburg utterly appalled them.

The depressing effect of those two dreadful disasters of the rebels was attended, however, with a sudden reaction; and the desperate leaders who kept in the dark, determined that their long preparations and their lavished gold should not go entirely for nothing. Nay, it is more than probable the word came directly from Richmond, that this last card must now be played; and there was, perhaps, a lingering hope that an anarchy might ensue, that would give the sinking Confederacy time to recover its lost breath. The true question that would be mooted by this lighting of intestine fires would be—Whether a Republic was strong enough to stand the final strain of parties? and it might be, as in their own case, that anarchy world triumph, and their friends have possession of the ruins. Though "the Fourth" and its opportunities had passed, the date of the impending draft remained, and every thing was concentrated to turn that to the best account.

SEYMOUR'S SPEECH.

We do not mean to insist that Horatio Seymour was in complicity with these infamous incendiaries, or an understanding member of their firm; but it will be seen by the use the conspirators made of him on the day which they intended for their St. Bartholomew, that if he were not a member of their firm, he at least played directly in their hands.

He began his Fourth of July speech to the Copperheads, who swarmed all the aisles of the Academy, by gloomily reproaching the Government for not having taken Vicksburg; and then virtually excused himself for sending our regiments to Pennsylvania, by ingeniously stating that it was in response to *a cry of help from a sister State*. Then, falling to his jackdaw cry of Vallandigham's arrest, he distinctly notified the Government, that unless the principle involved therein were at once repudiated, its retention would be regarded in the light of revolution; and the doctrine of "public necessity," by which the Administration justified the arrest, might be adopted by the mob. Further, that if the people became convinced they were to have a despot, they might possibly resolve to have one of their own choosing. These singular threats and warnings were uttered in the presence of the Copperhead Committee from Ohio, who were on the stand, and who were to receive from the President, in the course of the following week, his final answer, whether he would discharge Vallandigham or not.

HE TRIES TO STOP THE DRAFT.

We need not describe how well they did the work the conspirators had set for them. They instituted murder and plunder by the wholesale, and with the view of giving a conservative hint to the government as to what might happen generally if the Emancipation act were not rescinded, were told to murder every negro man, woman or child they could lay their hands on. They burned down a colored orphan asylum, and the majority wished to throw the children in the flames; and wherever they met a hapless African they slew him by beating him to death. One Mozart statesman, with a view to office, plucked a brown infant from its father's arms and hurled it headlong into a stone court, some forty feet below, while with the other hand he dashed out its parent's brains.

There was terror enough, and blood enough and pillage enough, to meet all the long expectations that had been formed for months for this red "christening of the Northern States;" and what was one of the pleasant features of this carnival, to those who had spoken in the hall at No. 952 Broadway was, that this new policy of the Peace party was inaugurated with the cheerful cries of "Three cheers for Jeff. Davis!" "This will balance Vicksburg!" and "Bully for the South!"—Equally strong evidences of good will for "our Southern brethren" and the Confederacy were shown by an effort to release the Confederate prisoners on their road to David's Island; also by a resolute attempt to burn the huge ironclad steamer at Webb's yard, and by the tearing down of an American flag in the Seventh avenue, and the treading upon and tearing of it into a thousand pieces. The only defect about the whole affair for those who set it on was, there were no American workmen in it, and the few poor Germans who were hurried with the crowd were mere waifs, which the purely Celtic storm had whiffed from intervening doorways into the resistless stream.

We need not dwell upon the scene. Its horrors are with everybody, and everybody knows that the military authorities cutting loose from Seymour, finally soothed the fury of "these innocent people," without the aid of Judge McCunn, by shooting them to death. It is due to Gov. Seymour to state, however, that he was consistent to the end, and that he united with Senator Bradley, in order to have the provoking presence of the military removed from the Eighteenth Ward. The authorities, however, "did not see the matter in that light," and their views were justified by a final outbreak on that evening. On Thursday night, however, the Confederate Mozart insurrection fell; and on the following day, it exhibited its last pulsation, under the benediction of his Grace † John, in Madison Square. It is feared, that having had a Governor for its patron, an archbishop for its apologist, and the common council for its almoners, it may break out again, when the conscription is resumed; but we have no such apprehension. It has no roots in the real masses of the people, and its instigators clearly see, that their wicked cause cannot be made to penetrate our community skin deep. The draft, therefore, will go on under general acquiescence; and when it is over, and the drawn soldiers are in camp, we hope the Government will feel itself strong enough to arrest every villain in this city and in Ohio, who counselled the people to make forcible resistance to the draft. The assassinations in Ohio are directly traceable to the undisguised instigations of Vallandigham and his associates; while the ghosts of the innocent men and women who have been ruthlessly murdered in our streets, point to our city traitors as accessories before the fact. The loyal people of New York, who do not wish to be forced to retaliate in kind, expect anxiously that the Government will perform its duty in the premises.

THE RIOT AND ITS HORRORS.

These warnings and their sequel follow strangely. The President denied their Copperhead demand. On Saturday the draft began, and as in all other portions of the State and country it was cheerfully submitted to—nay, was even the subject of good-natured hilarity. The Sunday passed, and still and was quiet; but on the following day, and not until near noon, the horrible revolt began. On the Saturday, however, when everything was so quiet, and while our good citizens were congratulating themselves that the law had been submitted to, Horatio Seymour despatched his Adjutant to Washington to urge the Government for a suspension of the draft till the courts could decide the question of legality. That same day, it seems, he went to New Brunswick, the next day to Long Branch, where a despatch found him, and summoned him to the turbulent city on Tuesday morning. Here he issued a proclamation, declaring the city under insurrection, and then went to the Park and made a speech. Addressing the rioters as his friends, he said he had come down from the quiet country to see what all this difficulty was about the draft. As they clamored somewhat, he added that he was here to give them a test of his friendship, for "he wished to state to them that he had sent his Adjutant-General to Washington, to have the draft suspended and stopped, and if they would wait till he returned, they should be satisfied," adding, "there was no occasion for further resistance, as the draft had not been enforced yet. Finally, informing them that "the safe keeping of property and persons rested with them," he retired into the City Hall, and left them to go whooping up town to improve the hint thus, perhaps, unwarily got off. The sequel proved that they did not wait for news from Washington or anywhere, and that they felt no special interest about the draft. They were acting, in fact, as the auxiliaries of the Southern rebellion, and encouraged by this proof of the timidity, if not sympathy, of the authorities, they returned to the work of terror, of massacre, and rapine.

Town and County Matters.

☞ We are requested to announce that Mrs. McCahon will open her school for young ladies, on the 2d of September.

DISCHARGED.—Edward Showers whose arrest we noticed some time ago, has been discharged by order of Assistant Provost Gen. Bumpford.

THE DRAFT.—The Draft for this district commences this morning. The first subdistrict of York county, will be the starting point; next comes this county, and then Perry.

STRUCK BY LIGHTNING.—The house of E. CORNMAN, Esq, editor of the American *Democrat*, was struck by lightning on Tuesday last. Fortunately none of the inmates were injured, and the damage to the premises was very slight.

LET IT GO ON RECORD.—We wish to put it fairly on the record that at the present period, in the history of our country and the rebellion, the American *Volunteer*, is advocating in unqualified terms the cause of the Vallandigham; and is urging his election as Governor of Ohio. Let not this important fact be forgotten—it will be convenient for future reference.

☞ With pleasure we refer to the advertisement in another column, of the Franklin Repository. This journal has been long and favorably known as one of the most respectable and influential newspapers in the State. Its present conductors, Messrs. McClure, & Stoner, have made important improvements in its appearance and general character. The earnestly loyal tone which pervades its columns will recomend it to patriots every where; and as an advertising medium, its extended circulation makes it very valuable—success to it.

DRAFTED MEN or their substitutes are be sent to Carlisle, from the following counties:—Bradford, Wyoming, Sullivan, Union, Juniata, Cumberland, Perry, Franklin, Bedford, Cambria, Huntingdon, Centre, Lycoming, Potter, Columbia, Montour, Northumberland, Snyder, Dauphin, York, Adams, Fulton, Somerset, Blair, Mifflin, Clinton, Tioga.

Those from the following counties are to be sent to Philadelphia:—Philadelphia, Bucks, Montgomery, Lehigh, Chester, Delaware, Monroe, Wayne, Susquehanna, Berks, Lancaster, Schuylkill, Lebanon, Northampton, Carbon, Pike, Luzerne.

Those from the following counties are to be sent to Pittsburg:—Eri, Warren, McKean, Forrest, Elk, Cameron, Jefferson, Clearfield, Crawford, Venango, Mercer, Clarion, Indiana, Westmoreland, Fayette, Allegheny, Butler, Armstrong, Lawrence, Beaver, Washington and Greene.

After a drafted man pays $300 for his exemption the responsibility rests upon the Government of furnishing a substitute; and if a drafted man fails to report it does not involve a necessity for his district to furnish another to take his place, but the authorities will arrest him, wherever found, as a deserter.

☞ Pursuant to notice given in the churches on sunday, a meeting was held in the College Chapel, monday 4 o'clock P.M. and organized by calling Rev. Mr Clerc to the chair, and appointing a secretary.

Rev. Mr. Philips being requested to state the object of the meeting offered the following resolutions:

WHEREAS, In these times of national calamity these are many sick and wounded soldiers in the land whose temporal and spiritual wants call for the sympathy and beneficence of all christians; therefore

Resolved, That we hereby organize ourselves into a Christian Association for the purpose of alleviating the sufferings and meeting the temporal and spiritual wants of the sick and wounded soldiers.

Resolved, That a committee of three Ladies and two gentleman be appointed for the purpose of drafting a Constitution for said organization.

Resolved, That we meet in the College Chapel on Thursday, Aug 6th, at 3 o'clock P. M., for the purpose of considering the Report of the above committee, and we make efforts in the mean time to enlist the sympathies of the community with this enterprise.

On motion the committee was afterwards increased by one from the several unrepresented congregations.

The following are the names of the Committee: President and secretary of the Meeting, Rev. Mr. Philips, Mrs. H. Saxton, Mrs. Sheaffer, Miss Harriet Foulke, Mrs. Wm. Beetem, Mrs. E. Alexander, Mrs. S. Philips, Miss Phœbe Paine.

On motion, the meeting requested the Secretary to furnish the several papers published in the town with a copy of its proceedings. Rev. Mr. CLERE President.

Mrs. H. M. JOHNSON, Sec.

LIST OF JURORS

For August Term 1863

GRAND JURORS.

Carlisle—James Hoffer, George Suloff, Charles Fleager, Andrew Kerr, J. P. Yengst.
East Pennsborough—William Sadler, Jacob Lantz, George Heck, Samuel Burtnet.
Frankford—Daniel Green.
Monroe—Daniel Eberly, James Williams.
Mifflin—Samuel Railing, Robert Boyd.
Mechanicsburg—George Webbert.
Newton—Joseph Whisler.
Newville—W. H. Woodburn.
North Middleton—Leonard Gutshall.
Penn—John S Dunlap.
Silver Spring—Samuel Foglesong, William P Eckels.
Shippensburg Township—John Mellinger.
Southampton—James Highlands.
South Middleton—Alfred Moore.

TRAVERSE JURORS.

Carlisle—William Spong, Jacob Goodyear, Michael Minnich, Joseph Sterner, John D. Gorgas.
Dickinson—John Sowers.
East Pennsborough—Abraham Lehman, Geo. Livingston.
Frankford—Jacob Gephart, John Clay.
Hampden—Samuel Baschore, Joseph Best.
Lower Allen—Christian Stoner.
Mechanicsburg—Andrew Singiser, Joseph Mitcheu, John Sadler, Peter S. Waggoner, Henry F. Fells.
Monroe—Frederick Asper, Stewart McGowen
Middlesex—William Heagy
Mifflin—Henry Landis, Alexander Elliott.
Newton—David Brown, John Gracey.
Newville—William Patton, William McDannell, William Barr.
North Middleton—John Grissinger.
Newburg—Daniel Heffelfinger
New Cumberland—Rudolph Martin, Owen James.
Penn—David Lefever, John Thrush, John Shroder, jr., Levi Seaver, Francis G Williamson.
Silver Spring—Joel Senseman, John Hauck, John Bobb.
Southampton—Alexander Highlands, Henry W Sibbett.
South Middleton—Isaac Kauffman.
Shippensburg Borough—John Blair, P. S. Johnston
West Pennsborough—William Ocker, John Miller, David S. Ker.

Deaths.

On Thursday morning the 6th inst., Fannie E. Halbert in her 15th year.

On Saturday, August 1, 1863 Dr. Samuel ELLIOTT, in his 69th year.

Mr. Dr ELLIOTT'S death his friends and the community generally suffer an irreparable loss. He was a man who knew well the duties he owed to his fellow men and most faithfully did he perform them. An earnest patriot, he manifested his devotion to his imperilled government, by sending his three boys—all he had—to do battle in her cause.

At the evening of a well spent life he sunk peace fully to rest, in the full assurance of that blessed immortality which is the fitting reward of the righteous.

Died July 29th at East Villa, the residence of their grand-father Joseph Culver Esq MINNIE CULVER, aged nine months and five days, and August 2d her twin sister CARRIE LOUISA, children of Prof. H. C. and Jennie C. Cleeton.

Lent for a brief period that two fond hearts might taste the bliss of parental love. He whose gift they were has seen fit to call them to a higher and holier life. Their short race is run and the goal reached the very first dawn of life's morning, and yet we feel that they have not lived in vain; Amid the sorrow that settled about us as we laid them to go among the flowers with which gentle hands adorned their beautiful clay, we are cheered with the christian hope of the resurrection, and know that even now these spirits are mingling with the ransomed ones above, and inviting us to seek them there; for faithful to he where we dwell celestial sweetness greets us with the words, Suffer the little children to come unto me, for of such is the kingdom of Heaven

The Markets.

CARLISLE PRODUCE MARKET.
Reported weekly for the Herald by R. C. Woodward.

Carlisle, August 7, 1863.

FLOUR (Superfine)	5 25
do. (Extra)	6 00
do RYE	4 75
WHITE WHEAT	1 30
RED do	1 20
RYE	90
CORN	70
OATS	60
do	55
BARLEY FALL	10
BARLEY SPRING	55
CLOVERSEED	4 75
TIMOTHYSEED	2 00

NOTICE.

PROVOST MARSHAL'S OFFICE, 12TH DISTRICT, Carlisle, Pa., Aug. 5, 1863.

THE forms of affidavits to establish exemptio s under the 2d, 3d, 4th, 5th, 6th, and 7th provisions of Sec. 2 of the enrolling act, &c., can be obtained at this office

"In the case of aged or infirm parents having two or more sons subject to military duty, election of the son to be exempted must be made before the draft."

R. M. HENDERSON, Capt & Provost Marshal.

TEACHERS WANTED.

Twelve teachers wanted. The Directors of Monroe township will hold their annual Examination on the 22d of August 1863 in Churchtown; they will pay from $22 to $30 per month according to qualifications. All first class teachers prefered By order of the Board.

D. BRANDT, Sect'y.
August 7, 1863—3t

NOTICE.
THE DRAFT
In the 15th and adjoining Districts.

National Substitute Agency.

A. K. SWISHER & CO., having opened an office in Carlisle, at the Government Assessor's office, in Rheem's Hall, are now prepared to furnish substitutes at fair prices.

Substitutes supplied from this office will be able bodied Aliens not subject to draft. All drafted persons served by us are guaranteed a release from the draft.

Apply at once in person or by letter at the "National Substitute Agency," Rheem's Hall, Carlisle.

REFERENCES.—J. M. Weakley, Joseph Ritner, jr, J. Rheem.

A. K. SWISHER & CO.
August 7, 1863.

FOR RENT.

THE Stone Tavern, lately occupied by Daniel Etter, situate on the Walnut Bottom road, about 7 miles west of Carlisle. Possession given immediately. Apply to

JOHNSTON MOORE, Carlisle, Pa.
August 7, 1863—3t*

Lebanon Courier and Lancaster Examiner, insert to amount of $1 and charge this office.

BARGAINS! BARGAINS!

We have positively determined to close out our entire stock of SUMMER GOODS, DRESS GOODS, SILKS, Grenadines, Bareges, Lawns, Delaines, &c, at Cost, and less than Cost. Silk Mantles, Lace Burnours, Points, Parasols, Sun Umbrellas, and other Goods at cost.

From present indications Dry Goods of all kinds will be excessively high this fall. Now is the time to make your purchases and save money by calling on

LEIDICH, SAWYER & MILLER.
East Main St., Aug. 7, 1863.

Desirable Property at Private Sale.

THE subscribers, Executors of the estate of Andrew Blair, dec'd, offer at private sale, TWENTY-ONE ACRES of beautifully located first quality LIMESTONE LAND, lying immediately on the western line of the Borough of Carlisle, Pa. The land is in the highest state of cultivation. The improvements are a HOUSE, BARN, and other outbuildings. Also, a good ORCHARD of choice fruit trees.

This property is very desirable as a country residence in the immediate vicinity of town, Would suit well for a Dairy or Garden property.

For further particulars in reference to terms, &c., please call on or address by mail either of the undersigned.

A. H. BLAIR,
WM. BLAIR, Executors.
Carlisle, Aug 7, 1863—6t

STATEMENT
OF THE
MECHANICSBURG BANK.

Mechanicsburg, Aug. 4, 1863.

ASSETS.

Loans and discounts,		$114 481 43
Stock of the Commonwlth. of Pa,		25,000 00
Penn'a. War Loan,		50,000 00
United States 7-3 10 per cent. loan,		25,000 00
United States 7-30 6 per cent. loan,		40,000 00
United States 6's 81 6 per cent. loan,		5,000 00
Cumberland County War Loan,		5,000 00
Due by other banks and bankers,	9,829 59	
Notes and checks of other banks,	1,689 09	
U. S. legal tender notes,	7,361 40	
Specie—gold and silver,	7,050 20	
		25,930 38
Personal Property, Safe, &c.,		1,014 50
Total,		$271,426 31

LIABILITIES.

Capital Stock paid in,		70,000 00
Circulation,	85,190 44	63,565 00
Transient deposits,	38,707 74	
Special deposits,		124,904 18
Due to Banks and Bankers,		4,591 21
Dividends unpaid,		166 30
Total,		$262,226 69

The above statement is correct to the best of my knowledge and belief.

H. A STURGEON, Cashier.

Sworn and subscribed before me,
JOSEPH LEAS, J. P.

The Franklin Repository,

IS PRINTED ON A LARGE DOUBLE SHEET of FORTY EIGHT COLUMNS. Price $2 per annum; $1 for six months.

McCLURE & STONER, Proprietors.
August 7th 1863. 1m.

Rebel Invasion!

THE FRANKLIN REPOSITORY published the MOST COMPLETE HISTORY OF THE REBEL INVASION to be found. It also contains an ACCURATE MAP OF THE SEAT OF WAR in Pennsylvania; the BATTLE GROUNDS OF GETTYSBURG, and the lines of march of both Armies. Price $2 per annum; $1 for six months. A few back numbers can still be furnished. McCLURE & STONER, Proprietors
August 7th 1863. 1m.

Portraits of our Heroes.

THE FRANKLIN REPOSITORY of the 29th July contains an excellent PORTRAIT OF MAJ GEN. G. MEADE, the Hero of Gettysburg, and the number for August 5th will contain an admirable PORTRAIT of MAJ. GEN. U. S. GRANT, the Hero of Vicksburg. Price $2 per annum; $1 for six months. McCLURE & STONER. Proprietors.
August 7th 1863. 1m.

To Business Men,

THE FRANKLIN REPOSITORY has the LARGEST CIRCULATION of any paper in the State out of the cities, and is the best ADVERTISING MEDIUM in Southern Pennsylvania. Terms reasonable. McCLURE & STONER, Propietors.
August 7th 1863. 1m.

To the Friends of Soldiers.

THE FRANKLIN REPOSITORY is furnished to SOLDIERS in the service of the Union at the low rate of $1 per annum: 50cts. for three months, and mailed in strong wrappers. No more welcome favor can be conferred upon the Defenders of the Old Flag than to furnish them with a loyal Newspaper from Home. Terms cash in advance.

McCLURE & STONER, Proprietors.
August 7th 1863. 1m.

ESTATE NOTICE.

Letters testamentary on the estate of Jane M Halbert, dec'd late of the Borough of Carlisle, have been issued to the subscriber residing in Carlisle. Notice is hereby given to all persons indebted to said estate to make immediate payment, and those having claims to present them duly authenticated for settlement to A. CATHCART,
July 31, 1863—6t Executor

ESTATE NOTICE.—Letters Testamentary on the estate of Joseph D. Halbert, late of the Borough of Carlisle, dec'd., have been granted to the subscriber, residing in Carlisle. All persons indebted to the estate of said decedent are requested to make immediate payment and those having claims will present them duly authenticated for settlement to A. CATHCART,
July 31, 1863—6t Executor

TEACHERS WANTED.

17 Male and Female Teachers wanted to take charge of the schools of South Middleton township—The School Board will meet at Boiling Springs School House, on Friday the 21st of August at 9 o'clock A. M. the day appointed by the County Superintendant to examine teachers, where all persons intending to apply for schools will please be present. The most liberal wages will be paid for good teachers. Each teacher appointed will be required to hold a public examination of their schools near the close of their term.

JAMES COYLE, President.
July 31, 1863—3t

TEACHERS WANTED.

15 teachers wanted to take charge of the schools of Westpennsboro' township. The School Directors will meet at Gleason School Room No. 15, on Saturday the 8th day of August, at 9 o'clock A. M., at which time the County Superintendant will be present to examine the teachers. Schools to commence near the 1st of September. By order of the Board.

WM. G. DAVIDSON, Sect'y.
July 31, 1863—2t

Carlisle Select Female Seminary.

THIS Seminary will be opened on Wednesday, September 2, 1863. A corps of the most accomplished teachers has been secured. The course of instruction will be the same with that of the best institutions of the country. For circular and more definite information, address the undersigned, Carlisle, Pa.

EDWIN H. NEVIN, Principal.
July 31, 1863

Emory Female College,
CARLISLE, PA.

THIS Institution of learning for young Ladies, will be opened on THURSDAY, SEPTEMBER 3d, 1863. The First cut will be assisted by an efficient corps of Teachers. The course of instruction will embrace all the branches necessary to give young ladies a refined and thorough Collegiate education.

For Circulars and particular information, address the undersigned, Carlisle, Pa.

R. D. CHAMBERS, President.
July 24, 1863—3m

THREE FARMS FOR SALE.

THE subscriber offers at private sale on accomodating terms, two first rate limestone farms, with smooth flint surface, and one smooth farm of pebble land, all those located in Perry County on the road leading to market on the north side of the County seat to Jacksburg, and about 13 miles from the Penna. Railroad and Canal

No 1 contains 300 acres with new and first class

HOUSE, BARN,

and other OUT BUILDINGS, with plenty of fresh water at the house, barn, and in the fields.

No 2 contains 156 acres of beautiful flint land, 25 acres of which is in meadow. This property lies on Buffalo creek. The improvements consist of a House and Barn and Sawmill. The location is very fine, and needs but to be seen to be desired.

No 3 is a second rate farm of smooth pebble land, containing 2 0 acres, well located, with

FAIR IMPROVEMENTS,

good water and good timber on it, limestone near, and would be a desirable property for a buyer with limited means.

The subscriber having removed from the neighborhood in which the properties are located, to Carlisle, finds it inconvenient to attend to them, and on this account offers them for sale. Persons wishing further information in reference to these properties will please address box 23 Carlisle Pa. or call on the subscriber.

WM. BLAIR.
Carlisle, July 24, 1863—3t*

ORNAMENTAL IRON WORKS.
WOOD & PEROT, 1136 Ridge Avenue.
PHILADELPHIA, Pa,

OFFER for sale upon the most favorable terms, new and beautiful Designs in great variety of IRON RAILINGS for Cemeteries, Residence s, &c., of Wrought and Cast Iron, and Galvanized Iron and Brass Tubing; Iron Verandahs, Balconies, Stairs, Counters, Fountains, Gates, Columns, Hitching Posts, Lamp Stands, Vases, Tables, Flower Stands, Sofas, Chairs, Sentinels, Animals, and all other Iron Work of a decorative character. Designs forwarded for selection. Persons applying for same, will please state the kind of work needed.

July 24, 1863—3m

Ladies, Misses and Children's

Boots, Shoes and Slippers, Ladies Heeled French Morocco Boots, Ladies without Heels Morocco Boots Gents Morocco Boots, Misses Fine Morocco Boots, Children's Fine Morocco Boots, Ladies Black and Colored Gaiters, Misses Black and Colored Gaiters, Children's Black and Colored Gaiters, Ladies, Misses and Children's Balmorals.

Men's, Boy's and Youth's Lace Boots,

Just received of the best Manufacture, and now selling at low prices, at the Cheap Store.

CHAS. OGILBY, Trustee.
May, 15, 1863

NEW GOODS FOR THE SEASON!

Silk Mantles, Coats, Circulars, Bareges, Mantles, Squares, A large lot of Lace Mantels Points and Burnours, Summer Shawl, desirable dress goods, Silks, Bareges, Grenadiaus, Lawns, Pungees, &c., &c. Parasols, Sun Umbrellas, Lace Mitts, and a large variety of summer goods which we are determined to sell very cheap. Please call at

LEIDICH, SAWYER & MILLERS,
May 29, '63. East Main St.

FINE HAMS!

Just received by the subscriber, a large lot of Gardner, Phipps & Co's, celebrated Sugar Cured Hams. For sale on reasonable terms by

WM. BENTZ.
June 5, '63

REGISTER'S NOTICE.

NOTICE is hereby given to all persons interested, that the following accounts have been filed in this office by the accountants therein named for examination, and will be presented to the Orphans' court of Cumberland county, for confirmation and allowance, on Tuesday, the 18th day of August, 1863.

1. The guardianship account Wm. H. Miller, Esq., guardian of the estate of Wm. B. Holliday, minor son of Adam Holliday, now of the city of Chicago.

2. Guardianship account of Wm. H. Miller, Esq., guardian of the estate of Mary E. Murray minor daughter of Rev. Joseph A. Murray.

3. Guardianship account of, Wm. H. Miller, Esq., guardian of the estate of Sarah H. Holliday, minor daughter of Adam Holliday, now of the city of Chicago.

4. First and Final account of Geo. Wolf, adm'r. of Ephraim M'Elwee, dec'd.

5. Administration account of Henry G. Rupp, Executor of David G. Rupp, deceased, late of Lower Allen township.

6. First and final account of Jacob Dill, adm'r. of Elizabeth Dill, of Hampden township, dec'd.

7. Administration account of W. R. Gorgas, adm'r. of C. Titzel, of Upper Allen tp., deceased.

8. Administration account of Danl. Rudy, adm'r. of Jonas Rudy, dec'd., late of South Middleton township.

9. Administration account of Henry D. Schmidt, Executor of Mrs. Ellen Duncan, deceased.

10. Administration account of Hon. Michael Cocklin, executor of Mrs. Ann Mateer, deceased, late of Lisburn.

11. First final account of C. P. Humerich, Esq., administrator of Nathaniel Harrison, late of the Borough of Carlisle, deceased.

12. The account of Henry McKim, Administrator of Mrs. Susan Sponsler, dec'd.

13. Account of Samuel Eberly, administrator with the will annexed, of Christian Whisler, late of Hampden township, dec'd.

14. The first and final account of William Ferguson, a m'r. of William Brown, late of Newton township, dec'd.

15. The account of John Sanderson, Executor of the last will and testament of Wm. Sanderson, dec'd.

16. The first and final account of Wm. H. Eckels, adm'r. of Wm. Eckels, late of Silver Spring twp., dec'd.

17. The Guardianship account of Hugh Craig, Guardian of Thompson D. Frazer, minor child of Andrew Frazer, late of Shippensburg township, dec'd.

18. First and final account of R. McCartney, executor of the last will and testament of Mary Monks, late of the Borough of Carlisle, dec'd.

19. The account of Benj. H. Mosser, guardian of the person and estate of Elizabeth Commings, now Elizabeth Rhoads, minor daughter of Nicholas Commings, late of New Cumberland, dec'd., settled by Henry R. Mosser, Executor of said dec'd.

21. Guardianship account of Wm. Gracy, guardian of Eleanor Sharp, a minor child of Rev. Alex. Sharp, dec'd.

20. Third account of John Wallace, guardian of the persons and estates of Samuel Brim, Mary Ann Brim and Jacob Brim, minor children of Jos. Brim, late of Frankford twp., dec'd.

22 The Administration account of Samuel Megaw, executor of John Whisler, dec'd.

23. Administration account of Armstrong Black, administrator of Calvin McCleaf, late of the Borough of Newburg, dec'd.

E. A. BRADY, *Register.*
Register's Office, Carlisle, July 18, 1863.

Proclamation.

WHEREAS the Hon. James H. GRAHAM President Judge of the several Courts of Common Pleas of the counties of Cumberland, Perry, and Juniata, and Justices of the several Courts of Oyer and Terminer and General Jail Delivery in said counties, and Michael Cocklin and Hugh Stuart, Judges of the Courts of Oyer and Terminer and Jail Delivery for the trial of all capital and other offenders, in the said county of Cumberland, by their precepts to me directed, dated the 13th day of April, 1863, have ordered the Court of Oyer and Terminer and General Jail Delivery to be holden at Carlisle on the 4th Monday of August, 1863, (being the 24th day,) at 10 o'clock in the forenoon, to continue one week.

NOTICE is hereby given to the Coroner, Justices of the Peace, and Constables of the said county of Cumberland, that they are by the said precept commanded to be them and there in their proper persons, with their rolls, records, and inquisitions, examinations, and all other remembrances, to do those things which to their offices appertain to be done, and all those that are bound by recognizances, to prosecute against the prisoners that are or then shall be in the Jail of said county, are to be there to prosecute them as shall be just.

J. T. RIPPEY, Sheriff.
July 16, 1863.

PLEASE TAKE NOTICE.

WE (Leidich, Sawyer & Miller,) have received our entire stock of Goods, and have resumed business. We desire the patronage of our numerous customers to continue as they have kindly favored us in the past. We are determined to sell our stock, which is much larger and more complete than usual at this season of the year by reason of suspension of business by the recent invasion, at the lowest possible market price. We have a full line of Summer Goods for Ladies, Misses, Men's and Boy's wear. Please call at the well known stand, East Main St.

LEIDICH, SAWYER & MILLER.
July 24, 1863

Examination of Teachers.

The annual examination of Teachers for Cumberland County will be held as follows:

East Pennsboro',	Aug. 3d.	Newton	17
Hampden,	4	Newville,	18
Silverspring,	5	Penn,	19
Middlesex,	6	Dickinson	20
North Middleton,	7	S. Middleton	21
West Pennsboro'	8	Monroe,	22
Frankford,	10	Upper Allen,	24
Mifflin,	11	Mech'bg,	25
Hopewell and Newburg	12	Lower Allen,	26
Shippensburg twp,	13	N. Cumber'ld	27
Shippensburg Boro'	14		
Southampton,	15		

The examinations will commence at 9 o'clock A. M. each day.

Applicants must be present at the hour appointed.

A general attendance of Directors and citizens is earnestly solicited.

It is hoped that none but competent teachers will apply for schools.

The Directors will please appoint the place of examinations and notify the same.

No stranger will be examined without producing satisfactory recommendations.

Those districts who have not sent in their Annual Reports will please do so immediately.

GEORGE SWARTZ, Co. Supt.
Carlisle, July 17, 1863.

A Joint Resolution Proposing
CERTAIN AMENDMENTS TO THE CONSTITUTION.

BE it resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met, That the following amendments be proposed to the Constitution of the Commonwealth in accordance with the provisions of the tenth article thereof:

There shall be an additional section to the third article of the Constitution, to be designated as section four, as follows:

SECTION 4. Whenever any of the qualified electors of this Commonwealth shall be in any actual military service, under a requisition from the President of the United States, or by the authority of this Commonwealth, such electors may exercise the right of suffrage in all elections by the citizens, under such regulations as are, or shall be, prescribed by law, as fully as if they were present at their usual place of election.

There shall be two additional sections to the eleventh article of the Constitution, to be designated as sections eight, and nine, as follows:

SECTION: 8 No bill shall be passed by the Legislature, containing more than one subject, which shall be clearly expressed in the title, except appropriation bills.

SECTION 9. No bill shall be passed by the Legislature granting any powers, or privileges, in any case, where the authority to grant such powers, or privileges, has been, or may hereafter be, conferred upon the courts of this Commonwealth.

JOHN CESSNA,
Speaker of the House of Representatives.
JOHN P. PENNEY,
Speaker of the Senate.

OFFICE OF THE SECRETARY OF THE COMMONWEALTH, Harrisburg, July 1, 1863.

PENNSYLVANIA, SS:

I do hereby certify that the foregoing and annexed is a full, true and correct copy of the original Joint Resolution of the General Assembly, entitled "A Joint Resolution proposing certain Amendments to the Constitution," as the same remains on file in this office.

In Testimony whereof, I have hereunto set my hand, and caused the seal of the Secretary's office to be affixed, the day and year above written.

ELI SLIFER,
Secretary of the Commonwealth.
July 7, 1863.

NOTICE.

TREASURY DEPARTMENT, OFFICE OF COMPTROLLER OF THE CURRENCY, Washington, July 7th 1863.

WHEREAS, by satisfactory evidence presented to the undersigned, it has been made to appear that the First National Bank of Carlisle in the County of Cumberland and State of Pennsylvania has been duly organized under, and according to the requirements of the act of Congress, entitled "An act to provide a national currency, secured by a pledge of United States stocks, and to provide for the circulation and redemption thereof, approved February 25, 1863, and has complied with all the provisions of said act required to be complied with before commencing the business of Banking:

Now therefore, I, HUGH MCCULLOCH, Comptroller of the Currency, do hereby certify that the said First National Bank of Carlisle, County of Cumberland and State of Pennsylvania is authorized to commence the business of Banking under the act aforesaid.

SEAL. In Testimony Whereof, witness my hand and seal of office, this Seventh day of July 1863.

HUGH MCCULLOCH, Comptroller of the Currency.

Carlisle, July 10, 1863

The First National Bank will receive deposits both on interest and payable on demand, same as done formerly by the firm of Ker Dunlap & Co., and will be prepared to do everything pertaining to the business of Banking.

W. W. HEPBURN, Cashier.
Carlisle, July 10, 1863.

STORE OPENED.

A FULL assortment of New Goods on the shelves at Ogilby's.

I am now prepared to show a large assortment of NEW SUMMER GOODS,

just received and to offer great inducements to all persons in want of handsome and cheap goods. A large stock of Ladies Dress Goods, Black Silks, &c., &c.—Gents and Boys wear in great variety. Summer shawls at low figures.

Calicoes, Ginghams, Muslins, Checks,

Table Diapers, &c., at reduced prices.

Having bought at reduced prices for cash. I am determined to run off the stock at very low prices for the cash.

CHAS. OGILBY, Trustee.
Carlisle, July 14, 1863.

Charles H. Hepburn and Samuel Hepburn, jr.

ATTORNEYS AT LAW.

Office with Hon. Samuel Hepburn Main St. Carlisle Pa. June 5, '63

NEW GOODS.

Every description and quality of Groceries, Queensware, Hardware, Pickels, Sauce, Fine Liquors, Tobacco, Segars, Pipes, Fresh Fruits and vegetables in Cans, Oysters &c. Spices, Wood and willow ware, all kinds and of the best quality and to be sold at the lowest prices for cash by

WM. BENTZ.
June 5, '63.

DR. WM. H. COOK,
HOMOEOPATHIC PHYSICIAN,
Surgeon and Accoucheur.

OFFICE at his residence in North Hanover street. Next door to Shriner's hotel, Carlisle.

William P. Lynch

Having returned from the army has recommenced the

*GAS FITTING and PLUMBING business at the Old Stand in the basement