NEUTRALITY IMPOSSIBLE.

ing in the sands at their base.

There is not and there cannot be, any neuinaction is not neutrality, though you may de-lude yourselves with the belief that it is so.-With this rebellion confronting you, when you refuse to co-operate actively with your government in subduing it, you thereby condemn the government, and assume towards it an attitude of antagonism. Your inaction is a virtual indorsement of the rebellion, and if you do not thereby give to the rebels precisely that "aid and comfort" spoken of in the Constitution, you certainly afford them a most powerful encouragement and support. That they regard your present position as friendly to them, is debts due from their own citizens to those of loyal states, the debts due to the people of Kentucky are expressly accepted. Is not this significant? Does it leave room for doubt that a lurking sympathy for their cause which enbe treated as friends, if not as active allies? Patriotic as was the purpose of cannot be denied that Kentucky by her pres ent attitude is exerting a potent influence in strengthening the rebellion, and is therefore, false alike to her loyalty and to her fame.-You may rest well assured that this estimate of your neutrality is entertained by the true men of the country in all the States which are now sustaining the government. Within the last few weeks how many of those gallant volunteers who have left home and kindred and all that is dear to them, and are now under a Southern sun, exposing themselves to death from battles, and are accounting their lives as nothing in the effort they are making for your government and theirs; how many of them have said to me in sadness and in longing, "Will not Kentucky help me?" How my soul would have leaped could I have answered promptly, confidently, exultingly, "Yes she will." But when I thought of this neutrality my heart sank within me, and I did not and I could not look those brave men in the face.-And yet I could not answer, "No" I coul I could not crush myself to the earth under the selfabasement of such a reply. I therefore said-

APPEAL TO KENTUCKY.

If this Government is to be destroyed, ask
yourselves are you willing it shall be recorded in history that. Kentucky stood by the
greatness of her, strength, and lifted not a
hand to stay the chastrophe? If it is to be
saved, as I verify believe it is, are you willing
saved, as I verify believe it is, are you willing
saved, as I verify believe it is, are you willing
of wisdom, and to pray with all fervency glory which must attend the achievement Kentucky had, no part? rder, 7 m. THE CHOICE. Work

waving in their abundance, to be trampled under the feet of hostile soldiery as a flower garden is trampled beneath the threshing of the tempest; if she wishes the homes where her loved ones are now rathered in pence, invaded by the proscriptive fury of a military despotism, spring neither life nor property; if she wishes the streets of her towns and cities grown with grass, and the steamboats throughout our country, and that the flustion for rivers to lie rotting at her wharves, then mable boon of civil and religious liverty, carned let her join the Southern Confederacy. But under His guidance and blessing by the labors cities grown with grass, and the steamhoute if she would have the bright waters of that riven and sufferings of our fathers, may be restored in er flow on in their gladness; if she would have all its original excellency. Therefore I; Abraher-harvest percefully gathered to her gar ham-Lincoln, President of the United States, ners; if she would have the lullables of her do appoint the last Thursday in September tradic and the songs of her homes uninvaded by the crientage terrors of battle; if she would have the streets of her towns and cities again filled with the humand throng of busy trade

make room for us, therefore, in the ranks of your armies, that your triumph may be our article from the York Press, says:

Iriumph also."

Even as with the father of us all I would plend for salvation, so my countrymen, as upon my very knees, would I plead with you for the life, aye, for the life, of our great and triumph also. beneficent institutions. But if the traitor's knife, now at the throat of the republic, is to lo its work, and this Government is fated to idd yet another to that long line of sepulchres which whiten the highway of the past, then my heartful prayer to God is that it may be writen in history that the blood of its life was ont found upon the skirts of Kentucky.

The Herald.

CARLISLE, PA. Friday, AUGUST 16, 1861.

Delegate Elections and County Convention. The members of the Republican Union Party of Cumberland county, and all others willing to unite with them in support of the Government in its efforts to put down armed rebellion, are requested to meet at their usual places of holding elections in the several Wards, Boroughs and Townships, (except in East Pennsborough township, in which the election will be held at the public house of Benjamin Clay. West Fairview.) on Saturday the 7th of September, next, to elect two delegates from each Ward, Borough and Township, to represent them in a County Convention to be held at the Court House in Carlisle, on Monday' the 9th day of September, next, at 11 o'clock, A. M., to nominate a County Ticket and a candidate for the Legislature, and to appoint conferees to meet similar conferees from the other counties of the 9th Judicial District. Said delagate elections will be held between the hours of 6 and 9 o'clock, P. M., in the Boroughs, and between the hours of 2 and 6 o'clock, P. M., in the Townships.

By order of the County Committee, GEO ZINN, Chairman.

GEN. McDowell's Report. - The official report of the battle of Bull's Run, will be found on our first page, and will no doubt, be read with interest.

Mr. How & preech." In the Herald of to day, will be found the chester and was refused. admirable speech of the Hon. Joseph Holt, of Kentucky, who succeeded the traitor Floyd, in the cabinet of Mr. Buchanan. Let our friends read it carefully. It is an able defence of the Government in its treatment of rebellion; and

Consular Appointments. The following appointments of Consuls mong others, have just been made.

n its arguments, incontrovertible.

At Leeds, England, Prof. J. W. MARSHALL. At Shanghæ; China, JAMES R. PARTEIDGE. At Batavia, ISRAEL S. DIBHL. At Smyran, Prof. C. D. CLEVELAND.

In this diposition of Consular appointments, Dickinson College has been highly favoroed Prof. CLEVELAND was a member of the Faculty some years ago, and Prof. MARSHALL is at present, Professor of Languages in that Institution. Messrs. PARTRIDGE and DIEHL, are both graduates.

A UNION TICKET.

conspiritors who are now tugging at its foundations? It would be the overturning of the Andes by the miserable reptiles that are crawl-The ominous silence of the Volunteer and Democrat, in regard to a union ticket this fall. and the undisguised opposition of the American, renders it unlikely that any attempt will be made to form a ticket irrespective of party. | erly and Huttonville-preparing to give Gentrat ground for a loyal people between their be made to form a ticket irrespective of party. own Government and those who, at the head We threw out the suggestion for a union of armies, are menacing its destruction. Your | ticket in good faith, believing that at a time | force his way over the Alleghenies. Lee has when the very existence of the Union was threatened, it was the duty of the people to side of the pass, with such troops as he could rally around our common country, and elect | gather from the rout of Garnett's dispersed men to office as patriots, not partizans. But army. if the democrats are so deeply imbedded in the mire of polities that they cannot rise superior to the prejudices of party, we have only to fall back on our own proper organiza tion, and battle alongside of our neighbor of the American, who is always impeding his own proved by the fact that, in a recent enactment progress, by stumbling over imaginary imof the Confederate Congress confiscating the practicabilities. practicabilities.

Gen Negly's Brigade.

Gen. Negly, late of Gen. Patterson's Army, the Confederate Congress suppose they have had been authorized by the war department discovered under the guise of your neutrality, to raise two regiments for three years ser vices. The General was very popular with the members of the 14th and 15th regiments, her apprehensive statesmen in placing her in which formed part of his Brigade, and we an anomalous position she now occupies, it doubt not, that a large number of these who doubt not, that a large number of those who inform all such complainants that the Sters were out with him before, will re calist under and Stripes floating over any piece of prop his command. One thing is certain, Gen. Nengley seemed to take some interest in the comfort of his men, a necessary part of a commander's duty, which we fear, our volunteer officers are too apt to overlook.

Those who wish to serve their country under Gen. Negley, can call on Sergt. J: S. Gould, at Hannon's Hotel, Mr. Gould bears the character of a good soldier having served through the Mexican war, and has just been discharged after three months service as a member of the Duquesne Greys,

BY THE PRESIDENT OF THE UNITED STATES:

A PROCLAMATION. Whereas, a joint committee of both Houses of Congress has waited on the President of the United States, and requested him to recom mend a day of public humiliation, prayer, and and may my country sustain me—"I hope, I fasting to be observed by the people of the trust, I pray; may, I believe Kentucky will yet do her duty."

The do her duty the difference of the difference of the difference of the offering of the difference of the differen the offering of fervent supplications to Al-mighty God for the safety and welfare of these States, his blessings on their arms, and a ning of wisdom, and to pray with all fervency and contrition for the pardon of their pas-offences, and for a clessing upon their present and prospective actions; and whereas; when I will only add, if Kentucky wishes the our beloved country, once, by the blessing of I will only add, if Kentucky wishes the waters of her beautiful Ohio to be dyed in blood; if she wishes her hervest fields, now afflicted with factious and civil war, it is pe waving in their abundance, to be trampled culiarly fit for us to recognize the hand of God in this visitation, and, in sorrowful remembrance of our own faults and crimes, as a nation and as individuals, to humble ourselves before Him and to pray for His mercy; to pray that we may be spared further punish-ment, though most justly deserved; that our arms, may be blessed and made effectual for ro-establishment of law, order, and peace by the criemand the strings of her homes uninvaded by the criemand terrors of battle; if she would have the streets of her towns and dities again filled with the human throng of busy trade and her rivers and their shores once more and her rivers and their shores once more vocal with the human throng of busy trade and her rivers and their shores once more vocal with the steamer's whistle—that and them of a free and prosperous commend to observe and keep that day according to their several creeds and modes of worth them of a free and prosperous commend to the people, and especially to all himistors and teachers of registrating to their several creeds and modes of worth the left has been as a member of this Union. Let her brave people say to the President of the United States and President of the United States and Commend to the people, and especially recommend to the people,

Btates: & You are come Chief Magistrate; the In testimony whereof, &c.

Government you have tiny charges and are ABRAHAM LINCOLN. striving to save from dishonor and dismem By the President: ABRAHAM LINCOLN, bernout is our Government: your cause is Wm. H. Skwand, Secretary of State.

The Volunteer of last week, in publishing an

There has been a pack of Republican ours elping at Gen. P. ever since he entered upon his military duties, and the night before he left home to take charge of his Division, a Re-publican mob insulted him at his own house. and asked him to 'show his colors.' The reason why he is slandered now is simply because he is a Democrat."

Gen. Patterson's politics have nothing to do with the question as to his efficiency as a comto obtain sympathy for him by insinuating the enemy's encompment. State, that this matter should be cleared up baggage trains, and meet reinforcements. by a court of inquiry.

The following is a special dispatch to the New York Times, dated Thursday, August 1: The official dispatches to Gen. Patterson | turbed on his march. will show that the entire blame for the defeat of our forces at Bull's Run is due entirely to his neglect of positive orders. He was di-rected—first, to engage and defeat Johnson: membering his name. second, if unable to engage Johnson, to get between him and Manassas, and prevent a junction of his forces with Beauregard's: third unable to fulfil either of these orders, he was to harrass Johnston in front, and keep him before Winchester; fourth, if he could c neither of these things, then he was to make all haste to Washington, and join McDowell, as soon as Johnston could join Beauregard.— It will be seen that Gen Patterson disregarded each of these orders, and that had he obeyed either, he would have prevented the

Such statements as these are boldly and unhesitatingly made; and we know the fact. that the officers and men of the Fourteenth and Fifteenth regiments, recently encamped. here, without exception, charged Gen. Patterson with something even worse than inefficiency, because he turned aside from Winches ter, which he might have taken, and occupied Charlestown, where his troops could be of no and Doubleday's battery to annoy Johnston's march, when it was known he had left Win-

If these charges are untrue, let Gen. Patterson vindicate himself by proving them so. York; Junior Major, Captain H T. Danforth. In this issue no sensible man will stop to in- of Pittsburg. quire what Gen. Patterson's politics are .-We all know that his campaign was barren of t is due to them that the truth should be. known.

The War for the Union.

Although no active movement is apparent on either side of the Potomac, it is very evident that both armies are preparing for a deadly struggle. We hear daily of the arrival of new regiments from various States, to be mustered into service, and of their organiza tion into brigades, under experienced officers. Six regiments of the Pennsylvania Reserve Corps are stationed above Georgetown, under the command of Gen. McCall. It is presumed the other regiments of that corps will shortly be concentrated there, so as to make his division complete.

The latest information from General Rosencran's command is that he is in the immediate vicinity of Cheat mountain pass-about Beveral Lee a warm reception, if he attempts to arrived within striking distance of the east

Anderson was at Staunton on the 27th ult. pushing on to join Lee in front of the pass, and Wise's retreat for Lewisburg was doubtless to form a junction with Lee at or about the same point.

General Wool has been ordered to Fortress Monroe, and Gen. Butler is to be transferred to more active duties.

The following general order by Col. Davies

has been issued at Alexandria: HEADQUARTERS SECOND DIVISION, FIFTH BRIGADE, Alexandria, July 30. Complaints of inhabitants of outrages by roops around Alexandria have become so frequent as to occupy a large portion of the time of the commanding officer for their consideration and investigation. He would hereafter erty or over any house is the best safegui against depredations of the soldiers, and you are directed to inquire into and nunish with severity any violation of the sacred protection which such a fing gives.

By order of THOMAS A. DAVIES, Colonel Commanding Brigade.

JOSEPH HOWLAND, A. A. G.

The papers of Wednesday brought stirring news from Missouri, containing the following dispatch from Gen. Fremont to Gen. Scott:

Headquárters Western Department. St. Louis, Aug. 18, 1861. Col. E. D. Townsend: Gen Lyon, in three columns, under command of himself, Siegel, and Sturgis, attacked the enemy at 61 o'clock on the morning of the 10th, nine miles

southeast of Springfield. The engagement was severe. Our loss was about 800 killed and wounded.

Gen. Lyon was killed in a charge at the head of his column. Our force was 8,000, including 2,000 Home

Guards. The muster-roll reported to have been taken rom the enemy gives their force at 23,000, ncluding regiments from Louisiana, Tennessee, and Mississippi, with the Texan Rangers and Cherokee half breeds.

This statement is corroborated by the prisners taken. Their loss is reported to be heavy, incluling Generals McCulloch and Pr ce.

Their tents and wagons were destroyed in the action. Gen. Siegel lost one gun on the field, and retreated to Springfield, whence at 8 o'clock on the morning of the 11th he continued his retreat upon Rolla, bringing off his baggage trains, and twenty five thousand dollars in spe-

cie from the Spring field Bank,! J. C. FREMONT, Major General Commanding.

A second dispatch gives fuller details: Gen. Lyon fired the first gun at twenty minutes past six o'clock, when the battle immediately commenced.

A severe cannonading was kept up for two

The shells from Totten's artillery set fire to their tents and baggage wagons, which jurity in Louisville is about 0,000. The rowere all destroyed. turns indicate a large Union majority.

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A Louisiana and a Mississippi regiment seemed to suffer most, and were almost anni-

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hilated. Sometime in the afternoon, while General-Lyon was leading his column, his horse was shot from under him! He immediately mounted another, and, as he turned round to his men, waving his hat and cheering them on to victory, he was struck in the small of the back, and fell dead to the ground,

The command then devolved on Gen. Siegel, and the pursuit was continued until nightfall, mander; and it is as unwise as it is unfair to try when our little army rested for the night in

that he is "slandered simply because he is a On Sunday morning Gen. Siegel, fearing Democrat" The General, in his defense, has | that the enemy might recover and attempt to made declarations which it is impossible to cut his command from Springfield, fell back reconcile with the statements made by others, on that city, where the Home Guards were and the people want to know the facts As a stationed. Then, fearing that the great num-Pennsylvanian, we are proud of the reputa- bers of the enemy might induce them to get tion of our military men; and it is due to Gen. between him and Rolla, Gen. Siegel concluded Patterson, as well as the character of the to fall back on Rolla, with his prisoners and

At the time of the departure of the messenger, the enemy had not been seen, and it is probable that Gen. Seigel had not been dis-

Ninety rebels were captured, including a colonel of distinction, the messenger not re-

The sword and horse of General McCulloch were among the trophies of the field of battle. Reinforcements for Gen. Siegel were on the way to Rolla, and the army may be considered as safe.

Another Privateer Taken .- The United States gun-boat Fing arrived at Philadelphia on the 6th instant with thirty six rebel prisoners, taken from a rebel war vessel, formerly disaster at Bull's Run, and at once have ut- the revenue cutter Aiken, seized at Charlesterly destroyed the rebellion, or removed the seat of war beyond the confines of Virginia." Lawrence off Charleston, probably mistaking her for a merchant vessel, when the St. Law rence returned a broadside, sinking the rebel. Five of the crew were lost, and the rest rescued and placed on board the Flag. The rebel vessel was 'called the Petrel under her new commission. The broadside from the St. Lawrence cut her completely in two.

FIRST ARTILLERY RESERVE REGIMENT -The service. We have heard it said that General election of officers of the First Artillery Re-Negley, when in town, publicly declared that serve Regiment of Pennsylvania was held at he had solicited permission to take his Brigade | Harrisburg on the 1st instant. The following officers were elected: Colonel. Capt. Richard H. Rush, of Philadelphia; Lieutenant Colonel, Captain Charles T. Campbell, of Chambersburg; Senior Major, Captain A E. Lewis, of

We learn that a portion of the regiment, under Captain Campbell, have been ordered results. He justifies himself by charging the to the line of the Potomac. Charley Campvolunteers with an unwillingness to serve, and | bell has all the energy and daring requisite for an artillery officer, and is "spilin" for a fight.

A recent act of Congress provides that for the purpose of equalizing and reducing the compensation of the various officers of the Government, a Board of Commissioners is hereby organized, to be composed as follows: Of two members of the Senate, to be appointed by the presiding officer of the Senate; three members of the House of Representatives, to be appointed by the Speaker of the House; one officer of the navy and one officer of the army, to be appointed by the President: that, said Board shall examine and report, as soon as practicable: first, a fair and just compensation for each officer of the Government; second, such provisions of law as will regulate the expenditure of all indefinite and contingent appropriations, sucluding those for the Courts of the United States; third, regulations for the more economical collection of the revenue; fourth, what officers or employments, if any, may be dispensed with without detriment to the public service.

This is a move in the right direction, from which much good will result to the country.

ELECTION OF TAX COLLECTORS. - The following act was passed at the last session of the Legislature, by which it will be seen that the collectors of State and county taxes are hereafter to be elected by the people: AN ACT providing for the election of Tax Col-

lectors in the County of Cumberland. SECTION 1. Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Common wealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met, and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same, That the qualified electors of the several wards, boroughs, and townships in the County of Cumberland, shall, at their next ward, borough, and township elections, and annually thereafter at said elections, elect a collector of State and County taxes, and the person so elected shall be a resident of the ward, borough, or township for which he is elected :.. Provided. That said collectors, elected as aforesaid, shall give security, to be approved hy the County Commissioners; and that all vacancies shall be filled as now directed by

A Strange Statement.

We extract the following from the Baltimore American, and give it for what it is worth .--It is so common now for men to give their own fancies for facts, that we are sometimes

at a loss what to be eve: "A letter from soulsville says that James Hewett, Esq., of the firm of Hewett, Norton & Co., of Liverpool, New York, and New Orleans, has lately arrived from Richmond, and is authority for the following strange statement, now rumored extensively about the

city: "Since the battle of Manassas the utmost demoralization and disorganization among the army and financial distress among the people generally have existed. The city was filled with men and women from the more distant States, hunting information of relatives-information which, owing to the secrecy maintained by the Government, they could not obtain. No report of the killed and wounded had been made up. nor was it likely that any ever would be. The greatest distress prevailed, and complaints were loud, deep and earnest. Soldiers were demanding their release and their pay, refusing to fight again, and expressing their determination to return home. There was no money in the city ex-cept current notes of the State banks, coin, especially British, being a particularly scarce

"To these murmurings of the mob of Richmond city there were added other murmurs, not so loud nor so insolent, but murmurs dis-tinetly uttered and distinctly heard, that were coming up from every part of the Confederacy, complaining of the existing state of affairs.—These complaints and the financial troubles of the Government were having their effect, and learning of a scheme it had on him 1, Mc. Hewett telegraphed to Richard Atkinson, of this city, his agent, to write by the first steamer to the house in Liverpool to sell all the cotton on hand at existing rates as soon as possible. Mr Hewett has since reached this city, and an agout has been hurriedly despatche to New York. The plan of the Confederate Government, which had had such an effect on Mr. Howett, was that of reconstruction . A prcposition is to be made in a few days United States Government for an armistice

Kontucky Election. Styl The Legislative election took place in Kentucky on the 5th instant. The Union ma-

for sixty days, during which time it is pro-posed to hold a convention at Louisville, Ken-

tucky, for the purpose of reconstructing the

From Bissourt. Gramble, the new Governor of Missouri, has issued a Proclamation, enjoining upon all magistrates the duty of arresting all persons who

disturb the public pence: "All citizens who are embodied under the act of the fast Assembly, commonly called the military law, are notified that the law has been abrogated, the troops disbanded, and the not of the same session, for the appointment of a Major General, has been annulled, and all soldiors are enjoined to cease acting in a military

sapacity
The officers and all their troops of the Confederate States, who have invaded Missouri, are notified that it is against the will of the people of Missouri that they should continue in the State, and that their continuance in Missouri will be coesidered an act of war, designed to bring upon our State the horrors of war, which Missouri wishes to avoid. They are, therefore, notified to depart at once fro the State.

Since the Governor's proclamation was writ en, the following despatch has been received: Washington, August 3, 1861. To His Excellency II. R. Gamble, Governor of Missouri.

In reply to your message addressed to the President, I am directed to say that, If by a proclamation you promise security to persons n arms, who voluntarily return to their alle giance and become peaceable and loyal, this Jovernment will cause the promise to be re-SIMON CAMERON Secretary of War.

In several counties of Northern Missouri committees of safety have been appointed to suppress rebellion, with the assurance that if they cannot effect that purpose, the military power will be used to its utmost extent.

GENERAL BEAUREGARD CLAIMED BY THE CANADIANS.-The Courrier du Canada, of Mondaylast, contains the following paragraph relative to the Commander of the southern

"The grandfather of General Beauregard, nadian. His name was Pierre Tontan, and he a refined and elegant home, emigrated to New Orleans, Icon Battecan, in the District of Three Rivers. At New Orleans he made a fortune, and rapidly acquired considerable influence among the French population of Louisiana. As a reward for political service, he obtained for his son an admission as a cadet in the Military Academy at West Point. The son figures in the books under the name of Pierre G. To tan. In the meantime he purchased an estate near New Orleans, which he called Beauregard. When his son obtained his com mission as an officer in the army, he cast aside the humble name of Toutan, adopted the more aristocratic one of de Beauregard. and thenceforth subscribed himself "Pierre Toutan de Beauregard." From England.

The Nova-Scotian, from Liverpool on the lst and Londonderry on the 2d instant, passed will be dangerous for Erg'and to have anything to do with the American loan. Rumors of a probable compromise in this country beween the North and South are said to be gaining ground in England. It is also rebetween England and France to insure united action concerning affairs in this country.

From the South, A land slide, occurred on the Manassas Railread on Sunday night, near Richmond by which eight cars, loaded with soldiers were shivered to pieces The Louisville companies were the principal sufferers.

In Tennessee the Confederate Constitution has been carried by a Majority of 52,000. Gov. Harris is elected by 80 000 The Macon Telegraph says Gov. Harris is informed that Fremont is preparing with 25,-

000 men to operate against Pillow at New Madrid. Harris said he could put 50,000 equipped men in the field in a few days and would rein-

FRIGHTFUL TRACEDY AT NEW ASHFORD, Mass .- A young man named Pratt, about eighteen years of age, and a Miss Vanderfather of the girl, who had discovered their whereabouts, arrived at New Ashford Monday night, declaring that he would have his daughter. She went up stairs, and five minutes afterwards the misguided couple were found with their throats cut, and so closely clasped n each other's arms that three men could hardly separate them. The woman was dead, but Pratt still lingsrs

A CANDID ACKNOWLEDGEMENT, -Col. G. B. Lamar, of Georgia, in a letter dated Richmond, July 25, says:

The enemy thought, up to 4 o'clock, they had the victory—and so they had; but the op-portune arrival of two fresh regiments turned the attle, and gave us a glorious victory. On our retreat previously, our wounded fell into their bands. They treated them kindly, lifting them into the shade, and leaving them with canteens full of water.

REBEL ORTHOGRAPHY. - An unfinished leter found in the rebel camp at Laurel Hill, contains the following choice specimen of

"English undefiled:" "I sa agen dear Malinday weer fiting for

our liburties to dew gest as we plens, and we will fits fur them so long as godemity give us oreth." If this writer is as severe on the Federal

roops, as he is on the "King's English," he vill prove a dangerous character.

AUTHORITY TO CALL A MILLION OF MEN NIO THE FIELD -It appears, by an examiation of the two volunteer bills, one being supplemental to the other, that the President has the power to call one million of men into the field, although that extent of authority was not it is believed, designed. It is now hought, therefore, that not more that 500, 000 will be accepted.

Tunovan the efforts of Gen. Sickles, an im. portant provision has been adopted by Congress. All volunteers accepted by the Preadent and mustered into service for one, two or three years, or for during the war, are to be paid from that time, without waiting until they reach the rendezvous.

THE Louisville Democrat says that one of the teamsters in the Union army, who contributed to get up the punic at the battle of Bull's Run passed through that city on the 1st inst. on his way to Richmond, to receive the promised reward for his services. ARRESTED. -Chas. J. Faulkner, of Virginia, late Minister to France, has been arrested at

Washington, Alt is charged against him that he was the agent of the rebels at Paris, purcharing arms for their use, and intended to take command of a regiment, on his return to Virginia: Not a south to be the state of the

PAY OF THE SOUTHERN ARMY. The colnels get \$175 per month; lieutenant colonels, \$170 per month; majors, \$150 per month; cap, tilns, \$100 per month; first Heutenants, \$90 month; second lieutenants, \$80 per month; nels get \$175 per month; lieutenant colonels, the community. Some by an eruggiess.

\$170 per month majors, \$150 per month; cap, thins, \$100 per month; first fleatenants, \$900 month; first fleatenants, \$900 per month; second lieutenants, \$900 per month; are concess of Pulmonary, Bronchial, and asthmulic affections. Experience having proved that simply some distance of the borough of Carlade, dee'd, have been issued to fit borough of Carlade, dee'd, have been issued to one ration par day. Quartermasters get the same as captailty; commisgaries get the same as captailts; as by this precaution a more serious attack may be worded off. Public Speakers and Singers will find them for estimant to will be a same for estimate the same as captailts.

**ADREW H. PLAIR, 'ADREM' H. PLAIR,' ADREW H. PLAIR,' ADRESS ADRESS AND ADREW H. PLAIR,' ADRESS AND ADR

Cown and County Maners.

SALE OF PERSONAL PROPERTY. - On Tuesday next, at the late residence of Andrew BLAIR, dec'd., will be offered at public sale, by the Executors, a large variety of well kept household and kitchen furniture, farming imlements, &c.

CHEGARY INSTITUTE -We are renuested to call attention to the advertisement of this institution, located in Philadelphia.

SOAP-ORIFIC:-Rosaback's soap, is now nanufactured here, by Jacob Keeney. It is recommended as "useful simple and cheap." Those who wish to test it can do so by calling at Keeney's Grocery store.

OPENING OF THE SCHOOLS.—The pubschools opened on Thursday last, after the Summer Vacation. We understand the Directors have decided that for the first few weeks, the schools shall have but one session each day, from 8 until 12 o'clock; we believe such a change would be beneficial to pupils and teachers, if continued throughout the vear.

IRVING FEMALE COLLEGE.-We take pleasure in calling the attention of our readers to the advertisement of the opening of Irving Female College, at Mechanicsburg. Parents and Guardians having daughters or wards to educate, will find few educational institutions possessing more advantages than Irving. The location of the College is healthy, easy of access, and connected socially with a moral and intelligent community. The mem bers of the Faculty are competent and earnest in the discharge of their duties; while the President and his estimable lady are constant in their endeavors to make the pupils, placed Commander of the Southerern army was a Ca- under their charge, realize all the comforts of

HARVEST HOME. The Agricultural Society of this county, held their annual Harvest Home at the Fair Grounds on Saturdey last. A sumptuous dinner was served by Maj BRETZ, to which the guests did ample justice: after which Judge WATTS addressed the meeting. A vote was then taken on the question for and against holding a fair this year, which resulted in favor of holding the fair, at the usual time; to which Farmers, Machinists, Mechanics and others, are expected to make contributions. Whatever is worth doing at all is worth doing well, and therefore every one interested should exert themselves to make this exhibition worthy of the county.

TROOPS FROM CUMBERLAND .- The Farther Point on Monday. Her news is three Big Spring Adamantine Guards, Capt. Wood-Big Spring Adamantine Guards, Capt. WoodBuan, numbering 108 men, passed through
Curlisle, for Harrisburg, to join the Cavalry
Regiment now forming at Harrisburg. The days later. The London Times asserts that it Buan, numbering 108 men, passed through Regiment now forming at Harrisburg. The "Guards" are composed of our best young men, principally farmers, in the upper end of the County. This company has preserved its ported that a correspondence has taken place organization for half a century, and we have no doubt they will give a good account of themselves in the active duties in which they are about to be engaged.

> BOLD ROBBERY .- The warehouse of HENDERSON & REED was entered last night, the safe broken open and about twenty-five dollars in money obtained .-The thiel effected an entrance by breaking off one of the shutters in the basement and the stairs inside are covered with pieces of burnt paper. The entire front of the safe was pried off.

The following note, written in a bold hand, was left in the warehouse: WM M. HENDERSON. SIR:-I had determined upon burning your property, but : when noticing the quantity of chickens you had, and it being a somewhat difficult task to dislodge them from the roost, I ultimately re

dislodge them from the roost, I ultimately re solved to spare your property, for the present o'clock, A. M., precisely, when terms will be made kn wn at least. Your dogs here, are a pair of worker, sixteen years of age, who were uncle | animals-they caught me by the leg and held and niece, eloped from Rome, N. Y., to New on there like a vise, but after taking them by Ashford, last June, and were married. The the throat, they soon relaxed their hold, of which I was no ways sorry. Your safe was a very difficult one to open, though with perseverence and patience, I succeeded partly.

DEATH OF THE AGED: - Our obituary lis this week, contains notices of the death of three of our oldest residents, one of whom attained the ripe age of eighty seven.

A CARD .- Company G, 15th Regiment, Pennsylvania Volunteers, return their grateful thankstothe citizens of Carlisle, for the kindness and hospitality extended them during their stay. Words are inadequate to give extended the during the feelings; but, in whatever pression to our feelings; but, in whatever situation of life we may be thrown hereafter, we will not soon forget the generous welcome we received at their hands-

On behalf of the Company, D. GRIFFITH,

Orderly Sergeant.

NEW MUSIC FROM OLIVER DITSON & Co, 277 Washington St., Boston.-" Key City March," by Helen M. Spaulding. A brilliant piece, introducing the popular air of 'Nelly Gray."

"Our Polka," composed by R. Harrison .pleasing composition, sprightly and not dif-

"Physician's Quick March," by an Amateur. A march of considerable merit and not difficult of execution. "Marseilles Hymn." from a collection of

National Airs, arranged by F. Beyer. A very fine arrangement of this glorious anthem, in Beyer's usual neat and forcible style: "Nightingale and Cuckoo Waltz," by Mihael Perabo. Brilliant and novel in effect.

"Ab che la Morte," from "Il Trovator," arranged as a Duett for Piano, by James Bellak. Prettily arranged and not difficult.

The Markets. CARLISLE PRODUCE MARKET. Reported weekly for the Herald by Woodward & Schmidt.

Special Motices.

EVERY SUMMER the demand for liestetter's celebrated Stomach Bitters increases. It is found to be the only certain preservation of bodily strength during the period when the Aumenheur's calculated its produce a losing of lassitude and indigestion. The worst-case of Diarrhess and Bysentery, give way to liv protent influence. Innumerable persons who are now alive and well must thank the discovery of the proparation that they have anot been away for the proparation that they have anot been away for the proparation that they have anot been away in the harvest of death. The Bitters is recommended by the best physicians in the land. This is the best evidence of its real value, he cause as a general thing, they will not speak a word in fayog of sidvertised preparations. They have been compalled to lacknowledge the claims of the Bitters' upon the companiety. Sold by all druggists.

THE GREAT CLOTHING EMPORIUM OF THE ATHE GREAT CLOTHING EMPORIUM OF THE UNION.—Philadelphia possesses themost spiandid C thing Emporium in the country. It is splendid as regards the palatial structure in which the immense business of the extablishment is conducted, and it is equally splendid in respect to its great facilities and vast ro sources. But to its patrons its chief attractions are, first, the elegance of the garments for Goulemen and Youths, manufactured there; secondly, the beauty and durability of the materials and the superior excellence of the fit and lastly the understee prices at which the goods are sold. We refer, in this description: to none other than the Brown Stone Clothing Itali of Rockhill & Wilson, Nos. 603 and 605 Chestnut Stret, above 6th, Philadelphia.

Marringes.

On Sunday, the 4th inst., at "Oakland Cottage." the celdence of S. E. Van B. uren; Esq., Gordon. Pa., by the Rev. Rudo'ph Dennuer, GEOIGE G. BOYER, of Cottayillo, to Miss MAGGIE A. BRETZ, of Carinlo, Pa.

Deaths.

In this borough, on Thursday, the 1st inst., GEORGE KEIGLEY, in the 76th year of his age, In this place, on the 11th inst., Mrs ELLEN CREIGH, ife of Dr. John Creigh, dec'd., in the 87th year of her On Sunday, the 4th inst., Mas. MARY KERNAN, in the 76th year of her age. As it has pleased divine providence to remove from us our departed mother, we will submit to his will knowing that our loss is her eternal gain.

New Advertisements.

TO MY FRIENDS AND FELLOW Votors of Cumberland County, I offer myself as a candidate for the Office of County Treasurer, and respectfully solveit your support at the smalling election. Aug. 16, '61. JOSEPH D. HALBERT.

FOR SALE OR RENT.

The Brick House on Mai's Steedt formerly occu-pied by Dr. Creigh, is offered for sale or rent, on reason-able terms. Possession given by the first of October, if required.

Apply on the premises, or to THOMAS CREIGH, Mercersburg, Pa. Carlisie, Aug. 16, '61-4t

IRVING FEMALE COLLEGE, MECHANICSBURG, PA.

MECHANICSBURG, PA.

This Institution will open its Fall Session on Wednesday, the 4th of September, with a full corps of efficient and experienced Teachers. The attention of Pareuts having daughters to educate, is respectfully invited to this Institution.

For catalogues, containing full information as to terms, &c., address,

Rev. A. G MARLATT, A. M.,

Aug. 16.1861.

President.

THEGARAY INSTITUTE .-

1527 and 1529 SPRUCE STREET PHILLA This Institute. conducted for two years past. in this city, by Madama Chrodhard and her nices Madama D'Hra Ville. upon the same principles as the one in New York, established there in the year 1814. will re-open on Monday, September 16th, with its usual ample and complete provision for the education of Young Ladies, under the direction of Madame D'Hervilly. Circulars, and all requisite information, can be obtained on application to the Principal. August 16, 1861.

DUBLIC SALE.

On WEDNESDAY, September 11, 1861. The executors of George Shambaugh, dec'd, will sell public sale, on the p emiser, THE MANSION FARM.

WEATHERBOARDED HOUSE.
Log Barn, Wagon Shed, Spring House,
An Orchard

An Orchard of Goog Fruit,

Excellent Water in the yard, and plenty of running water over the farm, well fenced and cultivated. This farm is situate on the read from Carlisle to McClure's Gap, about 1 mile from the Stone Church.
Sale to commence at 100 clock, when the terms, which are easy, will be made known by

JOHN STAMBAUGH,

DAVID BEAR.

August 16, 1861, Executors. An Orchard of Good Fruit.

DERSONAL PROPERTY

AT PUBLIC SALE. On TUESDAY. September 20th, 1861. Will be offered at public sale, at the residence of tNDitEW BlAIR, late of the borough of Carlisle, dec'd, he following personal property, to wit: A large lot of HOUSEHOLD AND KITCHEN FURNITURE.

consisting in part of BEDS. BEDSTEADS and BEDDING Tables. Chairs, Carpets, Looking Classes. Bureaus, 1 large Eight day Clock, Several Mautle Clocks, 1 large Cooking Store, several one Parlor and chamber Stores, together with CLASS AND QUEENSWARE, and a variety of Ritchen Furniture, embracing many articles not chumerated. Also, 2 GOOD CARRIAGES. 2 (TOOL)
one of them new, I Sulky, I two horse Wagon, I,
and a full stock of Farming Implement, such as pl
and a full stock of Farming Implement, such as pl
and a full horse-gezis, saddles, harner

all in the best order. Wheat, Corn and Oats by the bushel,

HAY BY THE TON.

WILLIAM BLAIR,
A. H. BLAIR,
Executors of Andrew Blair, dec'd.
Carlisle, August 13, 1361.

OTICE —At the solicitation of many friends, I offer myself as a candidate for County Treasurer at the ensuing election.

Jy 5, '61.

JACOB RHEEM. HERIFFALTY—TO THE VOTERS
of CUMBERLAND COUNTY. The undersigned offers
his name to the consideration of the citizens of this
County as a candidate for the office of SHERIFF, and
if elected, will perform the duties with fidelity and impartiality JOHN HUMER.
Carlicle. July 12, 1861.

Artiality Carlisle, July 12, 1861.

June 21, 1861.—6 t. JUIN BUWMAN Frankford Township.

TO THE VOTERS OF CUMBER-I offer myself as a candilate for the office of COUNTY.

It EABURER, subject to the decision of the Republican Convention.

JACOB SENER, St.

DUBLIC SALE OF VALUABLE LANDS.

The executors of the Hon. SAMUEL WOODBURN, dec'd, will expess to publib sale, on THURSDAY, the 22th day of September, at 11 o'clock, A M., at his late residence in Dickinson twp., the MANSION FARM of the said dec'd.

CONTAINING 106 ACRES, of the most valuable Limestone Land, highly improved and cultivated, hav-ing a large double stone" DWELLING HOUSE, BANK BARN,

Wagon Shed and Corn Crib, and other convenient out-buildings. This farm is situated about 4 miles from the Battimore Turnpike. It is one of the most desira-ble farms in Cumberland County. There, will be sold also, at the same time and place, several tracts of convenient and Valuable Chestnut Lands,

Valuable Chestnut Lands,

20 Acres and 40 perches purchased from the Farmer's and Mechanics Bank, formerly part of the Holly Land.

42 Acres and 60 perches purchased from Samuel Givin, formerly part of the Holly Land.

67 Acres and 60 perches purchased from Samuel Givin, formerly part of the Holly Land.

10 Acres and 60 perches purchased from Wm. Mayberry and wife, adjoining the Holly Land.

10 Acres and 130 perches purchased of William Mayberry, executor of Sylvanus Mayberry patented to Elizabeth McKenner.

The litles to all these lands are perfect. The wood lots are of the first quality of Chestnut Land, and maybe did into smaller parcels, to accommedate nurchaers. Ten per cent of the purchese money to be paid or secured to be paid at the time of sais. of the residue one half on the lat of April, 1862, and the lainence in two annual payments with interest. Any additional information will be given on application to SKILES WOODBURN, FREDERICK WATTS,

Riccutors of Hon. Samuel Woodburn, dec'd.

August 9, 1801.

MANHOOD. How Lost, How Restored.

Just Published in a Sealed Envelope. Just Published in a Sealed Envelope,

A LECTURE ON THY NATURE,

ATREATMENT, AND RADIOAL QURE OF SPER.

MATORIGA, or Seminal Weakness, Rexual Debidy.

Nerrousness, and involuntary emissions, producing impotency. Consumption and Mental and Physical Debidy.

By ROHT, J. QULVERWELL, M. D.

The important fact that the artinic conservences of self abuse may be effectually removed without internal modicines or the dangerous applications of caustics, instruments, medicated bougles, and other empirical devises, is here clearly demonstrated and the entirely new and highly successful treatment, as adopted by the calcurated author, fully explained, by means of which every one is enabled to cure himself perfectly, and at the least possible cost, thereby avoiding all the advertised noistrument the day. This setuture will prove about thousands and thousands.

Sent under sent in a plant envolope, to any address, post paid, on the receipt of two postage stamps by addicising,

Aug.1y 127 Bowery, Nork. Post Office, box 4,556.