CARLISLE, PA. Friday, AUGUST 9, 1861.

Report of the County Superintendent. On the first page of the Herald this week, will be found the annual report of the County Superintendent of the common schools. Mr. MIFFLIN brings to his present position a large amount of experience in teaching, ripe intelligence and pleasing manners; add to these an earnest desire to perform his whole duty, and we think those most deeply interested in the schools, may congratulate themselves in having secured the services of one so well qualified to contribute to their success and consequent usefulness. We commend this report to the attention of our readers.

PHI KAPPA SIGMA .- We have received a copy of a poem, delivered before the Phi Kappa Sigma fraternity by ALBERT H. SLAPE. Esq of Philadelphia, at the convention held in New York, city, December 1860. The Poem is entitled the "Rosicrucian," and is worthy the reputation of the author, who while delving amid the mazy labrynths of the Law, finds occasionally a leisure hour in which to woo the Muses.

The Political Campaign.

We see by the proceedings of the Democratic Standing Committee as published in the Democrat and Volunteer, that the political fossils, who compose that body, have not yet realized the fact that the Democratic party is as dead as an Egyptian mummy. They have decided to call a County Convention for the purpose of putting a Democratic ticket in the field, and Monday the 2d of September, is the day fixed for applying the galvanie battery to the old careass. It will only be a spasm.

The editor of the American thinks that the formation of a Union ticket this fall, untrammelled by party politics, may be very good policy, but doubts its practicability. In our opinion, whatever is good policy can be made practicable, if people are content to sink their personal preferences, in a general desire to advance the public good.

. The Three-month Volunteers. The discharge of the three-month volunteers just on the eve of a requisition on the part of the government for more troops, will have an excellent influence on the new regiments about to be raised. From the sentiments expressed by the returned volunteers with whom we have conversed, here and at Harrisburg, we are led to believe that at least two thirds of them will re-enlist for the war. This will give to each regiment a large pro portion of well drilled men, who, with their three months' experience of the requirement of a soldier, will give our army a degree of efficiency far superior to what it was when first called into service.

DESERTERS .- For a week or two past we have heard vague rumors to the effect that a portion of the men of the First Regiment Pennsylvania Reserve Corps had refused to be mustered into the service of the United States, when they reached Baltimore, and had consequently left for home. It was mortifying also to the people of this county that a majority of the men were said to have been members of the Carlisle Infantry, Captain Mc-Carthey. The following advertisement, from the Harrisburg Telegraph of Tuesday, signed by the Colonel of the regiment, leaves us no longer in doubt on the

subject: HEADQUARTERS FIRST REG. PENN'A RESERVE CORPS. Naval School, Annapolis, Md., Aug. 1, 1861. Notice is hereby given that Michael Nealon, of Philadelphia. Pa., Edward O'Neal, " " "
Samuel Parker, Lenni, Delaware Co.,

Members of company F. George Renshaw, of Phodixville, Chester Co., Pa: member of company G. Lewis Forber, Carlisle, Cumberland Co., Pa., Henry G. Beidler 🥶 Jacob Hipple,
Henry Hipple,

Max Karge, "Henry Linnskuhl, " John W. Lamison, Anthony Moore, Wm. M'Donald. David Richwine. Jacob Sowers, Plainfield, John Bennett, Papertown, Geo. Chambers. "

Harrison Kelly. "Hugh Finly, Congord, Franklin Co., Pa., John A. Boyer, Mortonville, Chester Co., Pa., Members of company H, David Baker, Papertown, Cumberland Co., Pa. Jacob Boggs, Thornbury Trape. "George Cramer, Carlisle, "Thomas Bell, (musician,) Carlisle, Cumberland

Co , Pa., Members of company I, DESERTED from the service of State of Penn-vanis, from the First Regiment Pennsylvania Reserve Corps, while the said regiment was stationed at Camp Carroll, near Bullimore.— No reward is offered or will be paid for their apprehension; because better men are offering. These men had been well fed, well clothed, and paid on that day. No reason for their descrition can therefore be given, save conardice; and this notice is only inserted to prevent annoyance to recruiting officers, and in stand their conduct when they supposed themselves near the enemy.

R, BIDDLE ROBERTS. CHAR, B. LANBORN,

Adjutant REGAINED DIS BENSES -The philosophic editor of the Tribune, however prone he may be to let his feelings run away with his judgment, has the candor to acknowledge his error when convinced that he is wrong, as we see by the following item from his paper: "General Scott is now the sheet-apphor of the Republic, and everything that strengthens. no remaining doubt that he was right in the premises in obcosing to postpose an advance, and that we who differed from him were deportably wrong Let every thought of distinct he bank-hed, while we rally around the

article was written without consultation with any one, and from no desire to obities may have been heretofore.

The subjoined communication from Newville, signed by fifty six of the most prominent citizens in that vicinity, shows that we do not stand alone in this matter, and we hope to receive similar responses from all parts of the county. Now is the time, in advance of the county conventions, to inaugurate a plan by which this object may be effected; and, if our democratic friends will meet us in the same spirit, the result will be the selection of good men, without any of that strife and embittered feeling which has marked the contests of former years.

(Communication.

NEWVILLE, August 5, 1861. EDITOR HERALD: On receiving the Herald of last week, we read with pleasure your piece headed "A Suggestion," and concur with your views. We hope that when the Standing Committee, which is to meet in Carlisle on Saturday the 10th instant, for the purpose of taking action in relation to the approaching election, they will not lose sight of the situation of our

party.
In conversation with many of our political opponents, we find some who agree with us a gaying that party predilections should be laid aside at this time, and the people unite upon a Unied ticket, which should be composed of good, sound, and loyal men, who are willing to sustain the government until peace, order, and union are restored again. Let us forget all that is unworthy of remembrance, cease our complaints of those who are en-trusted with the government and the brave men at the head of our armies, and in the army; confide in our servants, and then we shall march forward to such a victorious future as will deliver not only the South from its oppressors, but the Union from those who ere now laboring to consummate its over-

PROGRESS OF THE WAR. For the past week there has been no news of importance from the seat of war. The army under command of Gen. Banks opposite Harper's Ferry, is still being augmented by reinforcements which are corganized into brigades as soon as they arrive. A correspondent of one of the Philadelphia papers, who is at the Camp, says: The location is unassailable, except from the opposite Virginia Heights, which would really command that position, but for the existence of obstacles almost insuperable to the erection of any battery

Reconnoitering parties and scouts are on the alert at all hours, and it is impos- people. y notice being given.

ture operations.

arduous and delicate duty with the bravery with eight dollars per month as wages. which the enemy can approach."

on them and killed three, wounded two should be made. and took twenty horses, with their equipments, and seven prisoners. They bro't o'clock; without getting a man hurt.

The fifteen regiments of the Pennsylvania Reserve Corps, it is said, will be held since the adoption of the Federal Conplaced under command of Maj. General McCall, and concentrated near Georgetown. Several of the regiments, including the 7th, have already encamped there.

Battle in Missouri. St. Louis, August 6 .- A battle has occurred to-day at Dug Spring, nineteen miles south of Springfield, Mo., between the Federal troops, under Gen. Lyon, and the rebel troops, under Ben. McCullough. Eight of the Federal troops were killed and thirty wounded. The rebels lost 40 killed and 44 wound-

Gen. Lvon took 80 stand of arms and

15 horses and wagons. A hody of U.S. cavalry, 270 in number, made a charge on the rebel infantry, said to have been 4000 strong, and out their way through them and returned, with loss of only five men. The charge is described as most gal-

ant as well as terrific. Several of the rebels were found with heir heads cloven entirely through by the words of our dragoons. The enemy retired during the night,

and Gen. Lyon took possession of the Another battle was momentarily expect-

Gen. McClullan since reaching Washington, has infused great energy into the service, and above all, he has introduced some excellent regulations for the govern. ment of the officers. He has initiated and Governor Sprague, Burnside, Montgomery, of all this, and, like the wicked servant, connerfected many reforms in the army at New Jersey, Phelps, of Vermont, Williams, of demned out of his own mouth, Washington, makes an appeal to the news- Michigan, W. A. Sherman, Buell, Oakes, Hampaper press, through their representatives liton, of Wisconsin, and McClernard. A numat the Capital, to refrain from the publication of any matter that may furnish aid

and comfort to the enemy. Gen. McClellan is rapidly forming brigades to be placed under the command of the Brigadiers just confirmed by the Senate. Regiments from the same States that he handshed, while we may any article of and and some the Union arn scattered among different brigades.

A skirmish has taken place near Falls In the Herald of last week, we took Church, between thirty-five of our cavalry the liberty of offering a suggestion in re- and a squadron of Rebels, in which sevgard to the formation of a Union county eral on both sides were wounded. It is ticket, without regard to party. The said there are two regiments of rebels en-

camped within four miles of Alexandia. An immense quantity of army ammutain an advantage for one party over nition arrived at Washington on Monday. another, but simply because we conceived | It consisted of over 30,000 pounds of it to be our duty, in the present crisis, to shot and shell, 40,000 musket and pistol discountenance all partizanship, and to cartridges, 75,000 8 inch Columbiad favor such a platform as would include shells, besides several wagon-loads of arall loyal citizens, no matter what their pol- tillery harness. Notwithstanding this large draft on the Pittsburg Arsenal, there is still a great supply of all sorts of balls with farty rounds of ball carridge.

The camp presents a lively scene this morn-

It is rumored that Gen. Wool is to be placed in command at Fortress Monroe, nd that General Butler will be transferred to Gen. McClellan's command.

THE GREAT BETHEL AFFAIR .- Statenent of Gen. Pierce.—Brigadier General Pierce has published a statement in regard to the Great Bethel fight, in which e asserts that he advanced under explicit orders, but that the plan of attack and the orders accompanying it betrayed a want for sale, but their prices are too steep to get of knowledge of the enemy's position and numbers; that his command was composed of raw recruits, with only twenty rounds of ammunition, his small artillery force having but twolve rounds, hardly sufficient for five minutes' fire; that the cause of firing into friendly regiments was owing to the neglect of Gen. Butler to notify the country, knowing, as they well do, that it is not a party strife, but one of Union and government, which is infinitely higher than that of port News to wear or recognize the white badge worn on the arm.

Gen. Pierce, in conclusion, says that 'after the battle had taken place, and public opinion had fastened on me the opprobrium of the defeat, I applied for a court of inquiry that facts might be set right, and the blame, if there was any, rest on the proper officer. In answer to my application, nay, my demand, I received but one reply, that a court of inquiry would reveal far too much that would injure the service "

PROPOSED INCREASE OF THE REBEL ARMY.—It is understood in official circles, says the Richmond Dispatch, that the Secretary of War, the Hon. L. Pope Walker, has recommended to Congress in addition to the Southern army of three hundred and fifty regiments, or such a number as, added to the force already organized, will make an aggregate of five hundred and sixty regiments. Estimating each regiment at a thousand men, this would give a force of five hundred and sixty thousand men, rank and file The white population of the Confederate States being, in round numbers, five millions six hundred thousand souls, the proposed army would amount to just ten per cent. of the whole, or one soldier to every ten white

sible for the enemy to arrive in any force near enough to threaten us, without time.

The Legislature of Tennessee has passed an act "for the relief of volunteers," which assessors ranges for h two to three dollars per authorizes the Governor to impress into day. In the every of a refusal to pay the The commissariat and quartermaster's the army all the free pegroes of that State, taxes, the collector shall collect it by disdepartments are efficiently officered, and between the ages of lifteen and fifty years, of the persons deliaquent as aforesaid, at pubactive preparations are progressing for fu- being sound in mind and body. These lie auction. This distraint does not include "volunteers" are to perform such menial tools or implementatof a trade or profession, out on picket service, and perform that and to receive therefor regular rations,

night passes but some important informa- by the steamship State of Georgia, just Any person guilty of perjury, shall be liable tion is thus gathered. They range a long | arrived from Fort Pickens, indicate that | to a fine of \$500. distance on all sides of the camp and pay there was not any sickness at the Fort Wilson's Zouaves had been taken to Fort A skirmish took place on the 5th inst., Jefferson, and regulars from the Fort tapposite the Point of rocks, between a de- ken to Pickens The steam frigate Coloachment of sixty men of the 28th regi- rado was the only United States war vesmand of Col. Brown, and a party of rebel had gone further south or in search of the Sumter. The weather had been intensely The Colonel, with his party, came on | hot on the Island. There was no anticihem about sunrise, and ordered them to pation of an attack upon the Fort, but

Adjournment of Congress. Both Houses of Congress adjourned on the them into camp this morning about ten 6th instant. This extra session of the Thirtyseventh Congress has been, in many respects, the most remarkable of any which has been stitution. The circumstances under which it assembled, and the fact that eleven States of the Union refused to have any representation in it, have given it a peculiar aspect. The large majorities supporting the Administra enabled the two Houses to expedite business taking of the hospitalities of the citizens. with a celerity heretofore unknown within the Then he declared that the halls of the Capitol. The members assembled on the 4th of July, and Congress adjourned on the 6th of August; and yet, within this brief period, more important business has been transacted than was ever got through with by the longest session of the National

Legislature ever before held. All the bills which passed both Houses were approved by the President, who yielded a reluctant approval to that for the confiscation of property used for rebellious purposes.

month. The Senate confirmed only two Major Gen. erals for the regular army, namely: McClellan named before this assembly. It is one and Fremont; and Brigadier Generals Mans- which no man with self-respect would evfield, McDowell, Rosencrans, Anderson, Meigs, er commit. Madness must rule the hour

General. The following is a correct list of the confirmations of the highest officers commanding dence and the Constitution of the United ed, the enemy being in large force west of the volunteers, as copied from the official record: Major Generals—Banks, Dix, and which their maners imposes appropriate.

Butter. Brigadier Generals—McCall, Curtis, shall turn with internecine hand to sacrirecord: Major Generals Banks, Dix, and which their fathers imposed upon them, Kenney, Reynolds, King, Siegel, Heintzleman, Porter, Franklin, Stone, Thomas W. Sherman, Hooker, Lunder, Baker, Kelly, Lyon, Pope, Cox, Hurlbut, Schenck, Prentiss, Grant, Couch, ber of these gentlemen are regular army offcers, while others have received a military

education. The appointment of Thomas A. Scott actively engaged in the ministry since that s Assistant Secretary of War has given gen- period. Those who had the pleasure of heareral satisfaction, and is received by the press ing his sermon here a few months ago, will in the loyal States as another evidence of the not seen forget the chaste elegance of lanvigor with which the business of the War Do- guage, coavinging argument, and forvent zeal, partment is to be conducted.

[Correspondence of the Herald.]

GEORGETOWN HEIGHTS,

August 4, 1861.

We are now encamped on the heights about six miles from Georgetown, and so near the enemy's pickets that the sound of their firing can be heard in our camp. Indeed, so near are we that year are well and year are well and year are well and year. ara we that yesterday evening two of our men having wandered some distance from camp, were captured and taken prisoners by the rebels. They belonged to a Philadelphia company, attached to our regiment: There were three of them, but one made his escape, and brought the information. Strict orders have been issued, that no man leave the camp or go beyond the line of the Brigade, except by a written permit from General McCall. Each

ing-some are cleaning their guns, a good many are writing letters home, while others are preparing our rations. The "boys" cem to enjoy themselves very well under the the "blues" at Camp Harvey, mainly on account of not having enough to eat; but now, our regiment goes out on picket guard this afternoon. We will be stationed along the Potomac, at the distance of five miles from. camp. It is a dangerous position, in which a man must keep wide awake, and challenge friend or foe. We are to take two days' rations with us. Some of the Union men and

much of my custon When time and opportunity offers, I will write again. Yours, truly,

THE DIRECT TAX BILL The direct tax bill, recently passed by Congress apportions a direct tax of \$20,000,000

among the £	States, c	s follo	W8:		•
Maine		•		\$420,826	0
New Hamps	hiro	•	•	218,406	
Vermont			•	211,068	
Massachuse	tta	•	•	804 531	
Rhode Islan			•	116 963	
Connecticut	•		·	808.214	
New York	. ,.		•	2,603.918	
New Jersey	•		•	450,134	
Pennsylvani	n.			1,946,719	
Delaware				74,688.	
Maryland á	. •		·	436.828	8
Virginia 🧳				987,550	
North Cantl	ina			576 194	61
South Caroli	na.	,		363,570	
Georgia				584.867	n,
Alabama				529 313	88
Mississippi				413 084	Ġ
Louisiana			٠.	1885,886	6.6
Obio				1,567.089	88
Kentuck y				713,695	38
l'epuessee		4 3		669,498	00
Indiana				904 874	38
lilinois				1,146,551	88
Missouri				761,127	38
Kansus		. ´		71.743	88
Arkansas	•			261,886	00
Michigan				501.763	33
Florida		•		77.522	66
rexus.	•			356, 106	67
owa	•			452.088	t)(
Visconsin				519.688	66
Inlifornia		•		- 254.588 -	
Minnesota	•	•		108 524	00
Oregon	•	•		35,140	66
New Mexico		•	•	63.648	00
Jtah	•	•	•	26,982	00
Varhington	•	•		7 755	33
Vebraska	•	•	•		00
Yevada.	•	• ,	•	4 592	66
Colorado				22.905	83

49:437 88 The President will divide the country into collection districts and appoint collectors; and, after the second Tuesday in February, the Secretary of the Treasury shall establish regulations to govern the assessment and collection. Attempts to evade the act or commit

District of Columbia

The men are generally anxious to get services in the camp as may be required, beasts of the prowincessary for the cultivation of improved lands, arms, household furniture, and necessary apparel. and discretion of veterans. Hardly a LATE FROM FORT PICKERS.—Advices or extortion, shall be liable to a fine of \$2,000. Any collector guilty of oppression, injustice,

All incomes over \$800 per annum are to be particular attention to the only routes by when the vessel left. Two companies of taxed three per cent. on the surplus over \$800; when such income is derived from interest on treasury notes, the lax shall be 11 per cent. This tax goes into effect January 1, 1862. All taxes not paid June 30, 1862, shall draw interest at the rate of six per cent. ment New York volunteers under com- sel at Pickens; all the others of the fleet per annum. Neglect or refusal to pay this tax, renders the offender liable to imprison. ment until the tax is paid. Should any of the people be in actual rebellion at the time the act goes into effect, the President shall cause its provisions to be executed within such halt, which was not obeyed, and they fired everything was in readiness for it, if it limits, whenever the Government authority is re established. "All faxes thus collected shall

the act authorizes the appointment of a Commissioner of Taxes in connection with the Treasury Department, who shall be appointed by the President on the nomination of the Secretary, and receive a salary of \$3,000 per annum, and shall have a number of clerks, whose aggregate salaries do not exceed \$6,000.

Then and Now. In 1858, Jeff Davis, the disorganizing chief of the insurgents, travelled through tion, in both branches of this Congress, have New England, making speeches and par-

> * * "allegiance to the Federal Government flows from the allegiance due to one of the United States;" and inspired with the subject he asked who would "tear the flag under which we had marched from colonial independence to our present national greatnes?

In Boston he said he had expected to see those who established this Government walk forth from their graves, sabre in hand, to drive out of the land the pub-Among the bills passed was one increasing | lie officer who should violate his oath to the pay of volunteers and regulars two dollars support the Constitution, and use his place to promote sectional strife.

"It is crime too low (he adds)to be and Thomas The last named as Adjutatt when American citizens, trampling as well upon the great principles at the foundation of the Declaration of Indepen-States, as upon the honorable obligations upon the altar of sectional functicism."

Three years ago Jefferson Davis said all this, and now he stands furth the actor of

Bishop Bowman. The intelligence of the unexpected death of this eminent divino has awakened feelings of profound regret. He was ordained by the venerable Bishop White in 1823, and has been which characterized that discourse

And Million and Annual Control of the Control of th

Town and County Matters.

VALUABLE REAL ESTATE AT PUBLIC

SALE.—The "HERALD" this week contains advertisements for the sale of a large amount of real estate in this county, to which we invite the attention of purchasers

The heirs of Adam Seirer, dec'd, will the heirs of Adam Seirer, dec'd, will of the civizens of Carlisle, when Adjutant J VALUABLE REAL ESTATE AT PUBLIC

sell on the 5th and 6th of September, of the civizens of Carlisle, when Adjutant J. several Tots in Mechanicsburg with value able improvements, two farms in Humpdon township, and several tracts of mountain land.

The executors of Judge Woodburn, will offer at public sale, on the 12th of September, the mansion farm in Dickinson township, and several tracts of valuable chestnut timber land, formerly part of the Holly estate.

C. Titzel, Administrator of Edward Laont, dec'd, will sell on the 14th and 15th inst., valuable properties in Mechanesburg and Hoguestown.

John B. Coover, assignee of Robert Bryson, will offer for sile on the 13th of September, on the promises, all the real estate of the assignor. This sale comprises an unusually large amount of improved land, and we therefore refer capitalists to the advertisement which will be found in another column.

Mr. H. LLY Springs .- Whenever we happen to make a discovery, the publicity of, which would afford any real enjoyment to the rest of mankind, we feel constrained to tell of it. In pursuance then, of thi laudable motive, we inform our friends and the public generally, that a day spent tents, marked with thay ability which has for at PARSONS' Mt. Holly House, is produc- so many years made the Knickerbocker pretive of more real, heartfelt pleasure than eminent among American magazines. Single any other enterprise of the kind we ever | copies can be had at Piper's. participated in.

The fact that notwithstanding the exipression among watering places, Parsons. have this season almost as many visiters as they can accommodate, is the very best evidence of the excellence of the accommodations, and the delightful character than that it is still published by T. S. Arthur of the location, that can be given.

Among the salient points of this resort are the good fare, pure water romantic walks and drives, while the stiff breeze from the gap, and the "brave men and fair won en," s journing there, make the hop, in the evening, decidedly a "blg thing,"

THE 14TH AND 15TH REGIMENTS, P. V .- We stated in our last that the 14th unteers, on their return from Virginia, had encamped here on the 27th of July, to be paid off and mustered out of service. There must be gross negligence or when their term of enlistment expired. and what points they would be ordered to; and it would have been very easy to have sent agents in advance, prepared to adjust the accounts of the soldiers with the least possible delay. We are aware that a large number of men were to be paid off at Harrisburg and Philadelphia, and that time is necessary to make out the pay rolls in proper form, when such duty devolves on inexperienced persons. But, the Government might have guarded against this by prompt action and an increase of force in the pay department, so is to avoid even the semblance of neglecting the men, who had so willingly volun-

teered to defend their country's flag. With some exceptions, the men have ochaved quietly and orderly; and our itizens have rendered their situation as comfortable as possible, by the most profuse hospitality. The paymaster comnenced paying the regiments on Wedneslay, and it is to be hoped that by to day Il the men will have received their hardearned money, and started to meet their expectant friends. It requires nearly ninety thousand dollars to pay these reginents.

THE SICK SOLDIERS -Since the two regiments of returned volunteers have encamped here, about seventy of them have been taken sick, five of them have died, some discharged, and about fifty yet remaining, all of whom will probably to be sore mouth and threat, bleeding at system. The ludies of our town, who are always among the first to sympathize with suffering, have acted nobly in this matter. Through their influence and energy, hospitals have been established in the College, Grammar School building, and a private house on Pomfret street, where the sick are properly cared for bysome of their comrades and an efficient corps of ladies, a number of whom are always in attendance to smooth, as none but woman can, the bed of sickness.

That such a large number of these men should get suddenly ill here, need not be a matter of surprise. When the regiment arrived here, some of them, no doubt, had the latent seeds of disease within them; and we have the authority of a physician for saying that if they had been paid off promptly and sent home, few of them would have become ill. But, after being here two or three days, they seconed to have got beyond all military control, and were suffered to wander where they pleased. They ato green fruit and vegetables without stint, and slept at aight on the damp payoments of the town without covering. Add to this the anxiety of mind consequent on delay and a sappointment, and we may wonder that so

One of the men who died, was buried with military Loners on Sunday evening; the other four. we believe, have been sent to their friends.

L. McLean moved that a committee of five be appointed by the Chair, to draft resolutions expressing the sense of the officers. The committee reported the following which were a WHEREAS, The 14th Regiment of Pennsyl vania Volunteers, have for some time been en-camped hear the town of Carlisle, Pa., and

have received many kindnesses from the citizens thereof. It is therefore
Resolved, That we, the officers of the 14th.
Breiment, P. V. M., return to the citizens of Carlisle, our heartfelt thanks for their kindness to ourselves and the men under our

Resolved. That we return our sincere and grateful thanks to the many noble hearted women who so promptly and disinterestedly came forward to relieve and assist our sick and counded, and who have been as ministering ngels to our travel-worn soldiers.

Resolved, That we shall ever hold in the the transfer of the transfer of the beautiful town of Carlisle, as one of the brightest and happiest events of our lives.

Resolved, That the proceedings of this meet-

and the Harrisburg Telegraph.

Capt. D. A. Ghiffith, Co. A.

JAS. A. LOWRIE, Co. K.

S. S. MAROHAUD, Co. F. Surg. WASH. G. NUGENT. Adjusant J. A. McLean, Chairman

ing be published in the papers of this town

On motion the meeting adjourned.

JOHN W. JOHNSTON, Col. Com.,

FRANK B. SHALTERS, JR., Secretary. KNICKERBOCKER. - Not withstanding times are wont of joint," the Knickerbocker is as genial, racy, and interesting as ever. The August number contains a full table of con-

ARTHUR'S HOME MAGAZINE .- For August, is a beautiful number, handsomely illustrated, gency of the times, and the unusual de and containing the usual quantity of useful and containing, the usual quantity of useful and interesting reading matter. The reputation of the Home Magazine, as standard and the read from stidenstown to this birth as the same township, on the read from stidenstown to this birth containing thority for the home circle, in all matters of taste and fashion, is so well established that it is needless for us to say more at this time &-Co., at 323 Walnut street, Philadelphia.

> LADIES' REPOSITORY, Poe & Hitchcock, Cin cinnati, Ohio. The August number contains two fine steel plate engravings, the one enti tled "Summer," the other a finely executed portrait of Rev. Z. Paddock, D. D. The contents embrace a great variety in prose and plants of the poetry. As a literary and religious magazine, this periodical stands without a rival.

AGRICULTURAL PAPERS.—The Agriculturist. the Genessee Furmer, the New England Farmer, and 15th regiments of Pennsylvania vol. the Philadelphia Farmer and Gardener, and the Bee Journal, by the same publishers, A. M. Spangler & Co., have all been received for August. We do not know how far these several periodicals are patronized in this county. but certainly every farmer and gardener culpable neglect somewhere, that forces | should have one or other of them. They emthese men, when almost within sight of body a vast amount of reading matter, valuanome, to wait two weeks for their money ble and interesting to them; and we shall take and discharge. The Government knew great pleasure in showing sample numbers of all of them on calling at the Herald office.

> The Markets. CARLISLE PRODUCE MARKET. Reported weekly for the Herald by Woodward & Schmidt, FLOUR (Superfine).
>
> do. (Extra.).
>
> da. (Family).

Special Rotices.

EVERY SUMMER the demand for firstetter's cole-brated Stomach Bitters increases. It is found to be the only certain preservation of bodily strength during the period when the atmosphere is calculated to produce a period when the atmosphere is calculated to produce a leeding of lassitude and indigestion. The worst cases of Darrhèes and Dysantery, give way to its petent influence. Innumerable persons who are now after and well must thank the discoverer of this preparation that they have not been weept away in the harvest of death. The Bitters is recommended by the best physicians in the land. This is the best ovidence of its real value, be cause as a general thing, they will not speak a word in favor of advertised preparations. They have been compelled to acknowledge the claims of the Bitters upon the community. Sold by all druggists.

Canandagua, July 15, 1859.

Messrs Hostetter and Smith, Pittsburgh, Pa.:—Gentz—As we are strangers. I herewith enclose you twentyeight doilars for four dezen Hostetter's Stomach Bittens, which please forward via Michigan Southern Baitroad, Toledo, Ohio and Clayton Station. I have purchased several dozen bottles at Toledo this Summer,
but the sale is on the increase so much that I wish to
open a direct trade with you. I was induced to try
your titters by my physician, for the Liver Complaint,
and received such material sid that I have recommend
ed it to others and have sold about two doesn per welfor some time. I have all kinds of medicine in my stortur there is none that I can so cheerfully and truth
fully recommend as your Bitters, for I know they have
helped me beyond my expectation.

Yours respectfully,
June.

To Company the same that I can so the control of the CANANDAGUA, July 15, 1859.

To Consumptives. Persons of a consumptive tendency have need to be very careful in the outset of a cough, and betake themselves in time, to a proper remedy. A cough is always evidence of irritation in the threat and lungs, resulting recover. The prevailing disease is said attacks, wear flaunch next the skin, guard the feet from to be camp fever, and the symptoms seem | damp and wet, and above all, take Dr. Keyser's Pectora Cough Syrup upon the first approach of a cough or sore throat, and check the disease thereby in its infancy the nose, and general prostration of the There is nothing like attacking disease on its first ap proach. By due attention to this advice you will save much suffering and sometimes prolong life. Even when consumption has become scated, this medicine will mi Bor Sold by S. El.LIOTT, Carlisle, Pa. CA

AS COUGHS.—The sudden changes of our climate are sources of Pulmonary, Bronchisi, and Asthmatic Affections. Experience having proved that simple remedies often act specially and certainly when taken in the carly stages of the disease, recause should at once he ind to Brown's Brouchial Truches," or Lozonges, let the Cold, Cough, or Irritation of the Throat to ever so slight, as by this precaution a more serious attack may be warded off. Public Speakers and Singers will find them effectual for clearing and strengthening the voice field advertisement.

Nov. 30, '60.—6m

THE GREAT CLOTHING EMPORIUM OF THE THE GREAT CLOTHING EMPORIUM OF THE UNION.—Philadelphia possesses themoat spiendid O thing Emporium in the country. It is appointed as regards the printial structure in which the immense business of the establishment is conducted, and it is equally splendid in respect to its great facilities and vast resources. But to its partons its, chief attractions are, first, the elegance of the garments for Gouldema and Youths, manufactured there; secondly, the beauty and durability. It is materials, and the superior excellence of the fit, and lastly the moderate prices at which the goods are sold. We refer, in this description, to none there than the Brown Stone Clothing Hall of Rockhill & Wilson, Nos, 603 and 606 Chestmu Struct, above 6th, Philadelphia.

[Ap.12, 61-1y.

Harringes.

On the 4th inst., by the Rev Jacob Fry, Mr. JAMES BROWN; to Miss MARY ANN TREED, both of South Middledon township, Cumb co, Pa. On the 25th uit, at the residence of John Donson, in Silver Spring township, by Rev. Wm. H. Swartz, Mr. JACOB DONSON, of Cumb, co., to Miss JULIAN BA-KER, of Yerk, Pa. At Carlisio, July 23d, by Rev. W. W. Fils, Mr. HENRY MINICH, to Miss LYDIA ANN EVES, both of Purry Sounty.

Deaths. In San Francisco, on the 1-t of July, Mrs. MARY II, FLEMING, wife of George Fleming, Jr., formerly of this county aged 25 years.

New Advertisements.

one; OTICE.—At the solicitation of many field, I offer myself as a candidate for County scenarior at the ensuing election.

ACON RIBERT.

A CARD. HERIFFALTY TO THE VOTERS HEADQUARTERS, 14TH REG. P. V. CARLISLE, PA., August 4, 1861.

artiality. Carlisle, July 12, 1861. TO THE CITIZENS OF CUMBER.

LAND COUNTY.

The bodily infirmity which forbids my engagement in active labor, compels me to ask of my fellow citizens the office of County Treasurer. If elegand to that office at the ensuing election, I pleduce all my efforts to discharge the duties of it with satisfaction to the public. JOHN ROWMAN. June 21, 1861 .-- 6 t.

TO THE VOTERS OF CUMBER-I offer myself as a candidate for the office of COUNTY TREASURER, subject to the decision of the Republican Convention.

JACOB SENER, Sr.

DUBLIC SALE.

VALUABLE FARMS and TANNERY On Friday 18th September, 1861, at 10, A. M. As assigned of Robert Bryson, I will expose to public ale on the promises, all his Real Eestate, which con-

1st. The MANSION FARM, Situate in Upper Allan township. Comberland county i bounded by David Coover, John Dunisp's heirs, Michae, Cocklin and others, containing 230 ACRES.

A LARGE, DOUBLE, TWO STORY HOUSE, LARGE TWO STORY STONE BARN, AN EXTENSIVE TANNERY,

with all the machinery, and steam: engire of medern construction, with a bountiful supply of overhead spring water, carried through line buildings, shops and yard, and upon the farm are also.

FIVE EXTENSIVE LIME KILNS,

FIVE EXTENSIVE LIME KILNS, and was good DWELLING INDUSES, and Stable, and Blacksmith Shop, and all convonient out buildings, such as Smoke house, Ice house, Spring house; also, an Orchard; running water, such as never falls, in the louse, and may be in the barn-yard. Foncing all good, and the land itself, in the brust ferming, order, having been well timed and in nured.

This property may be divided into three parts, and may be thussold if suitable to purchasers, and brieging the best price. The Tannery, with Fifty Acres of Land, running down to the Lisburn Road.

 That part of the Farm which lies along the List burn Road, including the buildings, blacksmith shop, and about Forty Acres of Land. 3. The residue of the Farm, which will contain about One Hundred and Thirty Acres, with the Large Barn. I will sell at the same time and place a Tract of Land, or Farm, in Monoghan township, York co., con-SIXTY FIVE ACRES.

all of which is cleared, having theren erected a GRIST MILL, Three Frame LIWELL, NH. HOUSES. BARN and

Also, at the same time and place, I will sell about SIX HUNDRED ACRES

CHESTNUT LAND. situate in Rye township. Perry county, near to Ster-cett's Gap, on the North side of the minustain. The land will be divided lote lots to suit purchasers, maps and drafts of which will be exhibited at the time of sale. At two o'clock on the same day, I will also sell on

290 Acres Limestone Land. hasers.

1st. All that part of the land which lies west of the
nain road to Mechanicsburg and which contains about main road to Mechanicaburg and which contains about 170 Acres, will be divided into three nearly equal parts one of which, the north part, has an excellent

HOUSE AND BARN.

and the other two are, without ulldings, but are well fouced and in a high state of All that hart which lies East of the road, and con-LARGE, DOUBLE, TWO STORY HOUSE.

LARRY, DOUBLE, TWO-STORY HOUSE.

Stone Rank harn. Corn House, Distillery, and all other currentent buildings, with Orchard of the choicest fruits, and running streams.

These are the most desirable farms that have been offered for sale for many years, All the above jands will be sold by the Acre, except the Tannery property. The exact amount in each tract will be ascertained before the deed is made. The title is perfect, and possession will be given on the let of April, 1863.

The conditions will be easy, and will be made known on the deep of the deep e easy, and will be made known n the day of sale by DUBLIC SALE OF VALUABLE

LANDS.

The executors of the Hon. SAMUEL WOODBURN, dec'd., will expose to publish sale, on THURSDAY, the 12th day of September, at 11 o'clock, A.M., at his late residence in Dickinson twp., the MANSION FARM of the said dec'd. CONTAINING 106 ACRES,

of the most valuable Limestone Land, highly improved and cultivated, hav-ing a large double stone bug a large double stone

DWELLING HOUSE, BANK BARN, Wagon Shed and Corn Crib, and other convenient out-buildings. This farm is situated about 4 miles from the Baltimore Turnpite. It is one of the most desira-ble farms in Cumberland County.

There will be sold also, at the same time and place, several tracts of convenier t and

Valuable Chestnut Lands.

20 Acres and 40 perchase purchased from the Varmer's and Machanics' Bank, formerly part of the Holly Land 42 Acres and 90 perchase purchased from Samuel Girin, formerly part of the Holly Land.

67 Acres and 60 perchase purchased from Samuel Giras actes and 90 perches purchased from Samuel civil, formerly part of the Holly Land.

67 Acres and 60 perches purchased from Samuel Givin, fernee by part of the Holly Land.

19 Acres and 60 perches purchased from Wm. Mayberry and wife, adjoining the Holly Land.

10 Acres and 39 perches purchased of William Mayberry are used of Sylvanus Mayberry patented to Elizabeth McKenney.

The litiesto all these lands are perfect. The wood lots are of the first quality of Chestout Land, and maybe divided into smaller parcels, to accommodate nurchasers. Ten per cent of the nurch see money to be paid or secured to be paid at the time of same of the relation one half on the lat of April, 186, and the balance in two annual payments with interest. Any additional information will be given on application to SKILES WOODBURN, FREDERICK WATTS, Executors of Hon. Samuel Woodburn, dec'd. August 9, 1861.

A DMINISTRATOR'S SALE OF REAL By an order of the Orphans' Court of Cumand county, the subscriber, administrator of the estate of Edward Lamont, late of the borough of Mechanicaburg, deceased, will offer for sale, on the premises, on WEDNESDAY and THURSDAY, the 14th and 15th of AU-GUST, 1861, the following valuable real estate:
No. 1.—On the 14th, a LOT OF GROUND, situated in the vilinge of Hoguestown. 82 feet front and 150 feet deep, on which is erected a

storied BRICK HOUSE and STORE ROOM Back building, Wash house, Stable, Cistern, &c. No. 2. - On the 15th, a LOT OF GROUND. situated in Mechanicsburg, fronting 25 feet on Main street, extending south to an alloy 150 feet. The improvements are a FINE NEW TWO STORIED

BRICK DWELLING, ARGE STORE ROOM with Open Front, and everything complete, a two-story BACK-BUILDING, Stable, &c. This property is located in the most desirable portion of the borough, and recommends itself to purchasers as a superior business stand. No. 3.—On the 15th, in the same place, a LOT OF GROUND, located on Simpson street. 62 feet from and 125 feet deep on which there is erected a two-storied there is erected a two-storied double FRAME HOUSE, and all the necessary improvers

No. 4 - On the 15th, in the same place, an unimproved LOT OF GROUND located on Locust street, 80 feet front and 175 feet derp. Sale to commence at 1 o'clock, p. m., (n each day, when terms will be made known by Aug. 9, 1861. C. TITZEL, Admin'r.

How Lost, How Restored

Just Published in a Sealed Envelore, A LECTURE ON THE NATURE,

ATREATMENT, AND RADICAL CURE OF SPPRMATORIGA. OF Seminal Weakness, Soxual Debility,
Nerrousness, and involuntery emissions, preducing impotentey, Consumption and Mental and Physical Dibiller. By ROHT. A. CULVERWELL, M. D.

The important fact that the awful consequences of
self abuse mry be effectually removed without internal
medicines, or the daugerous applications of cauching,
instruments, middicated boughes, and other emphical
devises is here cleasity demonstrated, and the artificity
now and highly successful freatment, as adopted by
the celebrated author fully explained, by means of
which every one is enabled to cure himself perfective,
and at the least possible orst, thereby avoiding all the
advertised notriums of the day. This lecture will prove
about to thousands and thousands.

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Angoly 177 Rowery, York. Post Office, box 4,686. A LECTURE ON THE NATURE