Carlisle Herald.

CARLISLE, PA.,
WEDNESDAY, SEP. 29, 1858.

PEOPLE'S NOMINATIONS.

STATE TICKET.

FOR SUPREME JUDGE:

JOHN M. READ, of Philadelphia.

FOR CANAL COMMISSIONER:

WILLIAM E. FRAZER, of Fayette Co.

COUNTY TICKET.

CONGRESS,

BENJAMIN F. JUNKIN, of Perry Co.

ASSEMBLY,

JOHN McCURDY, of Shippensburg
M. B. HOLMAN, of Perry County.

SHERIFF,

ROBERT McCARTNEY, of Carlisle.

COMMISSIONER,

SOLOMON MOHLER, of Upper Allen.

DIRECTOR OF THE POOR,

GEORGE D. CRAIGHEAD, South Middleton.

AUDITOR

DAVIDSON ECKLES, of Carlisle.

THE PEOPLE'S PLATFORM.

Voters of Cumberland county! read the following Platform of the People's Party, and, when you go to the election, vote the ticket which heads it. If you are in favor of preserving the liberties of the people and the union of the States; if you are in favor of a Tariff to protect the rights of Free Labor and American Industry; if you are opposed to the Kansas policy of President Buchanan, and the reckless extravagance of his Administration; waste no time in useless discussion, but take your position boldly on these questions, and go to work to effect a thorough organization.

Our ticket is composed of competent, reliable men. If you wish to elect them, YOU MUST WORK FOR IT with a will worthy of the cause. Organize in each borough, township, and ward in the county, so as to secure every vote at the Polls, and go into the contest as if you *felt* the force of the great truth, that "eternal vigilance is the price of liberty."

RESOLUTIONS

Passed at the People's State Convention at Harrisburg, July 14, 1858

This Convention, representing the freemen of Pennsylvania who are opposed to the leading measures of the National Administration, more especially those which seek to stifle the voice, and ignore the rights of a large majority of the citizens of Kansas; and those which have prostrated the industry of the country, and are fast driving our Government into National bankruptcy, do hereby declare and resolve,

1. That the Federal Constitution, the sovereign rights, and the union of the States, and the liberties of the people, must and shall be preserved.

2. That we protest against the Kansas policy of the National Administration, as at war with the rights of the people, and subversive of the principles of our government.

3. That the reckless and profligate extravagance of the National Administration, causing a necessity for continued loans, without any means provided for their payment, gives evidence of a want of that ability and integrity which should characterize the government of a free people, and unless checked, will lead to inevitable bankruptcy.

4. That the purity and safety of the Ballot Box are to be preserved at all hazards, and that all frauds upon the Naturalization Laws, which have been so much resorted to to promote the success of the party we oppose, ought to be counteracted by wholesome and proper legislation.

5. That this Convention do most heartily approve of and endorse the course pursued by our able and distinguished Senator in Congress, the Hon. Simon Cameron, as well as that of those Representatives from this State, who have steadfastly opposed the tyrannical policy of the National Administration in their attempt to impose upon the people of Kansas by fraud and force a Slavery Constitution, in opposition to the known and oft expressed sentiments of the freemen of the Territory.

6. That the National Administration, during all the late long session of Congress, evinced an entire disregard of the great industrial interests of the country and indulged in a most wasteful and lavish expenditure of the public money.

Resolved, That the revenue necessary for a judicious and economical administration of the government, should be raised by the imposition of duties upon foreign imports, and, in laying them, such discriminating protection should be given as will secure the rights of free labor and American industry.

7. That in presenting John M Reed to the People of Pennsylvania, as a candidate for Judge of the Supreme Court, we recognize the man, scholar and jurist, eminently qualified to fill and adorn the place.

8. That William E. Frazer is well and favorably known to the people of Pennsylvania as an able and correct business man, and peculiarly qualified to discharge all the duties pertaining to the office of Canal Commissioner.

9 That we approve of the enactment of proper laws to protect us from the introduction of foreign criminals in our midst, by returning them at once to places from whence they have been shipped to our shores.

OUR CANDIDATE.

The Conferees of the People's Party, in this Congressional District, met on Saturday last at Bridgeport, and nominated BENJAMIN F. JUNKIN, Esq., of Perry county, as our candidate for Congress.

Our Ticket is now complete, and we fling it to the breeze with an abiding confidence that the people will rally to its support, with a determination to carry it by a handsome majority.

Mr. JUNKIN, our candidate for Congress, is a native of Perry county, and a Lawyer in full practice in Bloomfield. He is a gentleman of fine talents, and one of the best speakers in the district. Moreover, he is sound on all the leading questions of the day. He is opposed to the extravagance and misrule of the Buchanan Administration, and in favor of a judicious Tariff, that will give protection to the Manufacturing interests of the country. He will make a reliable Representative, and deserves your earnest, united support. Let us give him "a long pull, a strong pull, and a pull altogether."

ARE YOU ASSESSED?

REMEMBER, those who wish to vote at the next election, that your names must be on the Assessor's list at least TEN DAYS previous to the election. Examine the lists of voters, and see that you are assessed SATURDAY NEXT is the last day for it; therefore attend to it in time. The Assessor for Carlisle is Mr. WILLIAM BELL, whose residence is on South East street, near Barnitz Brewery.

THE PRESIDENT REBUKED.—The nomination of Mr. Fisher and rejection of Dr. Ahl, by the Democratic Conferees, is a deserved rebuke to President Buchanan. It is stated that he wrote a dictatorial letter to some of the Conferees, demanding the re-nomination of the Doctor, whose "mullish" support of Lecompton had endeared him to the "powers that be." The failure, therefore, to re-nominate Dr. Ahl, must convince the President that *his* influence, even in the Keystone State, is at a very low ebb indeed. We hope this merited rebuke will open his eyes to the impropriety of the game he has recently been playing.

THE CONGRESSIONAL CANDIDATE.

Bridgeport runs a close parallel with *Ostend*, for Democratic Conferences, commencing with magnificent programmes, and ending with insignificant results. The Democratic Conferees met again at Bridgeport on last Friday, and remained in session until two o'clock on Saturday morning. They then adjourned to meet at 9 o'clock, when a resolution was passed ignoring the claims of Perry; and finally, about noon, the contest was ended by John B. Bratton and William C. Houser voting for Henry L. Fisher, of York county, thus making him the nominee.

Mr. Fisher is almost a stranger in York county, and comparatively unknown to the people of this District He certainly would not have been the choice of York, if the democrats of that county had considered their claims to a nomination tenable.

Perry county, beyond all controversy, was justly entitled to the nomination, but he well known democratic proclivities have made her voters "hewers of wood and drawers of water," for years, and will keep them so for years to come until they assume independence enough to break the shackles of party serfdom, and assert their rights in the majesty of their manhood. What will Perry do now? Probably she will bluster for a few days, and then calmly bend her neck to the yoke, and pull again stoutly in harness, as she has done in years gone by.

CONFEREE MEETING.

The Conferees of the People's Party re-assembled at Bridgeport, on Saturday September 25, 1858

On motion of J. R. McCLINTOCK, the following resolution was adopted:

Resolved, That the Conferees first designate by vote the county in this Congressional District from which the candidate shall be selected.

On motion of JAMES R. SMITH, Esq, the following resolution was adopted:

Resolved, That the Conferees unanimously agree that the candidate shall be taken from Perry county.

Whereupon J. R. McCLINTOCK nominated BENJ. F. JUNKIN, Esq of Perry county: which nomination was unanimously agreed to.

Thereupon the following resolutions were adopted:

Resolved, That the people of any Territory have an inalienable right, by a majority vote, fully and fairly expressed, to establish for themselves a constitution for their government preparatory to their admission as a State into the Union, and that the attempt of the National Administration to override this principle in derogation of the rights of the people of Kansas, is deserving of the strongest reprobation, and should be signally reproved by the people.

Resolved, That it is unjust and insulting to the people of the free States to discriminate against them in favor of the slave States, as has been done by the National Administration in the case of Kansas, by the English Bill, and that we denounce this infamous attempt to degrade the free citizens of Kansas, in common with the white people of the North.

Resolved, That all the revenue necessary for an economical administration of the Federal Government, should be raised by levying duties upon foreign imports, and that in levying such duties, such a Tariff should be adopted as will discriminate in favor of our domestic industry, so as effectually to protect it from the ruinous competition and frauds of foreign pauper labor.

Resolved, That the excessive and ruinous expenditures of the present National Administration, is truly alarming, and calls for a prompt reproof on the part of the people, who view with alarm the creation of a public debt, and the swelling of the public expenditures to a sum exceeding eighty millions of dollars annually; whilst the revenue scarcely amounts to one-half that sum.

Resolved, That we are in favor of strict economy in the administration of public affairs, and the adoption of such reformatory measures, as will correct the frauds and mal administration which mark and distinguish them.

Resolved, That the maintainance of the purity of the ballot box is indispensable for the preservation of our Government, and that additional guards should be provided to prevent the recurrence of the frauds and outrages, which heretofore disgraced the action of our opponents.

Resolved, That a system of laws should be enacted by the Federal Government, to prohibit and prevent the introduction of foreign paupers and criminals into our country, and thus effectually relieve us from the burthen of taxation, which such classes now impose on us.

NOTES AND QUERIES FOR WORKMEN.

The following series of plain practical questions from the *North American* require no comment Every man, except those who are blinded by party prejudice, will understand and appreciate them.

The federal government has recently made a contract for $750,000 worth of Scotch water pipes, which are now in course of being delivered.

The Galveston and Houston Railroad Company has just made a contract in Belgium for 14,000 tons of iron.

The Atlantic and Great Western Railroad has just made a large contract in England for railroad iron

The shipments of gold from New-York last week amounted to $1,361,140.46.

The total shipments from that port, for this year, have been $19,400 347 46.

If we had made our own iron could we not have retained all this gold?

If the demand for gold had not existed, should we have had the financial crisis of the last and present year?

Had there been no reason for such a crisis, would not confidence have prevailed throughout the community, enabling men of activity and enterprize to obtain the loan of money at moderate rates of interest

Had such men been able to obtain money at such rates, should we now see our mills and furnaces closed and our mines abandoned?

Had our mills, furnaces, and mines been kept in motion would there not have been a steady demand for labor?

Had the demand for labor increased, would not wages have tended to become higher, even, than they before had been?

Had our working men united, two years since, in the determination not to give their votes for any man for an office, whether high or low, who was not in favor of protecting the American laborer against all assaults that might be made upon him, would there not be, at this moment an abundance of employment—giving the workman a fair day's wages for a fair day's work?

Had they done so, should we have sent abroad, in the last two years, a little short of a hundred millions of dollars in gold, to be employed in paying for foreign labor, while our own workmen were perishing at home?

Not having done so what is their present duty to their wives, their children, their country, and themselves?

Does not that duty require that they should refuse to vote for any man whose past history does not furnish conclusive evidence that he is honestly in favor of such a tariff as will enable us to make our own cloth and iron, and keep our gold at home?

MAINE ELECTION.—The returns from Maine show a complete Republican triumph. Governor Morrill is re-elected by a majority of from eight to ten thousand votes; his party has a large majority in the State Legislature, and six Republicans have been elected to Congress being the entire delegation to which the State is entitled. Their names are as follows:

Daniel E. Somes,	Freeman H. Morse,
John J Perry,	Israel Washburn, Jr.
Ezra B. French,	Stephen C. Foster.

This victory also ensures the return by the newly-elected Legislature of a United States Senator to supply the seat of the Hon. Wm. P. Fessenden, whose term of service will expire on the 4th of March next.

FINANCIAL.

The City Against the Country Banks.

Last week we adverted to the combination of the Banks of Philadelphia to "crowd" the country Banks, by establishing the Farmers & Mechanics Bank as a clearing House, this institution receiving all the country currency from the other city Banks at ¼ per cent. discount, and sending it home for redemption in gold and silver. This course has produced some feeling against the city banks, as it will oblige our country Banks to curtail their discounts to avoid a continual drain for specie.

A writer on this subject in the Philadelphia *Press* who signs himself "A WHOLESALE MERCHANT;" probably one of those *astute* city merchants, who consider Philadelphia as Pennsylvania and the interior counties as so many rural districts, tributary alone to her, says:

"Our people have determined through their banks, to send this money home for redemption. I say *our people*, because the banks have only responded to public sentiment in adopting their present course."

"Our banks should be sustained in their efforts to furnish us with par money, by our entire population. Every merchant is taxed heavily to convert his country money into bankable funds, and this shave goes into the coffers of the brokers and the country banks, it is not strange, then, that the new system suits so badly both these classes of financiers. The country banks, I am told, threaten to refuse to discount for country merchants, and thus punish our city merchants for their supposed complicity with the banks. This threat will not disturb the equanimity of our merchants, and it is a well known fact that not one Pennsylvania merchant out of six is dependant on banks for discounts. And even if it were otherwise, that is a question to be settled between the bank and the country merchant. They must come here prepared to pay up old accounts or get no goods, as the 'shingling' of bills since the panic is not permitted; and if they cannot get money from the banks they must get it from their customers, which is the sensible course to pursue at all times. the country merchant will not forget the fact that he can often obtain a larger discount on his bill when paid in par funds, and hence this system will receive his support instead of his censure." A WHOLESALE MERCHANT

For our own part, we adopt the language of a correspondent of the Chambersburg *Independant*, when he says:

"The country merchants can regulate this matter much quicker and more effectually than the country Banks. Let the business community say, "We will not purchase any longer in Philadelphia," and the axe will be laid at the root of the evil"

As a market for groceries, Baltimore is better than Philadelphia, with a saving in freight and the inducements to purchase dry-goods in New-York, are very far superior to Philadelphia. If as "a wholesale Merchant" says, "*our people* have determined to send this money home for redemption," let *our people* give them less of it to redeem.

The Lost Balloonist.

A balloon ascension was made at Adrian, Michigan, on the 16th inst., by Messrs Barrister and Thurston, at a Sunday School celebration, after remaining in the air for nearly an hour they descended near the town of Riga about 18 miles west of Toledo.

The account goes on to state that several men came to the assistance of the adventurers, and they proceeded to prepare the balloon for packing to be taken back to Adrian In doing this the monster balloon was turned over and partially upside down to disentangle the netting and reach the valve To do this Mr. Ira Thurston, one of the aeronauts took off his coat and got astride of the valve block He then suggested that the car be detached from the balloon while he should hold it down with his weight. This proved a fearful calculation, for no sooner was the still inflated body relieved of the weight of the car than it shot into the air with the suddeness of a rocket, taking Mr. Thurston along with it, seated upon the valve of the balloon, and holding on to the collapsed silk of the air ship in that portion of its bulk. In this perfectly helpless condition the ill-fated man sped straight into the sky in the full sight of his companions, even more helpless than himself. So far as is known there was no possible means for him to secure his descent, whether safe or otherwise. The part of the balloon filled with gas was full twelve feet above him so that there was no chance for him to cut it and escape. He could only cling to his precarious hold and go whithersoever the currents of air should take him.

Without regulation or control of any kind the balloon continued to mount upward sailing off in the direction of the city and Lake Erie The fatal ascension took place about 11 o'clock and a few minutes past noon it was seen in the town of Blissfield, Lenawee county, apparently full three miles high and about the size of a star in appearance. It was still going up and on At a quarter past 1 o'clock it was last dimly visible, going in the direction of Malden, as ascertained by compass bearings taken by parties observing it.

What is his exact fate baffles conjecture; but that it is horrible almost beyond precedent there can be no doubt. There is not one chance in a million for a successful escape. Whether the unfortunate man was carried up so high as to become benumed and senseless, death ensuing; or whether he fell off at length from his tremendous altitude, to have his breath sucked from him in his fearful descent and to be sunk in the lake or dashed into a shapeless mass upon the earth. It is doubtless if any save God will ever know. The mind stands appalled while contemplating this fearful disaster, and blindly gropes in mazes of wonder at where his place of sepulture shall be.

Later accounts state that the balloon has been found near a wide marsh but the fate of Mr. Thurston is wrapped in mystery.

VERMONT ELECTION.—The Burlington (Vt.) Times says that the majority of Hiland Hall for Governor will not be less than sixteen thousand, and adds:

"The entire vote of the State is probably about 42,500, which is between two and three thousand more than that of last year, and ten thousand less than it will be in 1860, when Vermont will be called on to testify in the case of the People v. Lecompton! Give the Green Mountain boys a fair chance at that particular development of "Democracy" and they will furnish a new illustration of what is meant by a "popular majority!" The Republican majority in the Legislature will probably be more than two hundred! The Senate shows a "clean bill of health." There is not a shadow of a smell of Lecomptonism on its garments; and the "infusion" in the House is merely suggestive of a new "potency" in homœopathy. Political doctors will find the circumstances an instructive study."

GOLD EXCITEMENT IN KANSAS.—The discovery of rich deposits of gold at Pike's Peak in Western Kansas, has caused a violent attack of the gold fever, and large numbers are rushing to this new El Dorado. These mines occupy almost the same position to the Rocky Mountains, on this side, that the California mines do to the other, and it is somewhat singular, that, with our California experience, these mines should have remained so long undiscovered At Pike's Peak and Cherry Creek, miners are making from five to eight dollars a day. The Leavenworth City papers are filled with advertisements, offering inducements to parties about purchasing outfits for the mines, and arrangements are making to secure a daily line of stages from Leavenworth to Pike's Peak, by way of Fort Riley The distance by this route is 715 miles.

☞ The *Daily Evening Journal*, of Leavenworth City, Kansas, speaks of the firm of Graham, McDowell & Co., as one of the oldest and most responsible in the city. A reference to their card in the *Herald*, will show that they are extensively engaged in business, as dealers in real estate. As former citizens of this county, it gives us pleasure to note their success.

Town and County Matters.

Meteorological Register for the Week Ending September 27th, 1858.

1858.	Thermometer.*	Rain.	Remarks.
Tuesday.	72 00	—	
Wednesday.	66 00	—	
Thursday.	46 00	.35	Rain.
Friday	54 00	—	
Saturday.	57 00	—	
Sunday.	56 00	—	
Monday.	55 00	—	
Weekly Mean.	56 40	.35	

*The degree of heat in the above register is the daily average of three observations.

DR. DUFFIELD'S ADDRESS,

NOW READY FOR SUBSCRIBERS.

The admirable discourse entitled

"ONE HUNDRED YEARS AGO,"

delivered by the Rev. GEO. DUFFIELD, D. D., during the Centennial Celebration of the First Presbyterian Church, of Carlisle, is now ready. Subscribers, and others, can be supplied by calling, or leaving their orders at the Herald Office.

☞ Price 25 cents per copy.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

Gunners are notified not to trespass on certain property in the vicinity of Carlisle.

Joseph C. Hoffer, Administrator of Jacob F. Hoffer, dec'd., will offer at public sale, on the 16th of October, a house and lot of ground on Pomfret street.

John M Gregg Assignee, notifies those indebted to the estate of Reuben Line.

Warburton, of 306 South Second st., Philadelphia, calls the attention of Merchants and others to his extensive stock of bonnet goods and trimmings

Robert Moore, Esq., Administrator, will sell on the 20th of October, that valuable property on Pomfret street, late the property of Wm. Noble, deceased.

Benjamin Erb Assignee of Joseph Sadler, will sell on the 23d day of October a valuable farm, in South Middleton township, situated on the Yellow Breeches creek, highly improved; and also two lots of ground at Boiling Spring.

THE CONTINENTALS.—We take pleasure in announcing, that this popular *troupe* of vocalists are now passing through Pennsylvania, on a musical tour to the far West, and intend giving one of their *recherche* entertainments, at Education Hall, on next Saturday evening.

The Continentals are so well known here, that commendation from us is unnecessary; their *notes* are current any where, without endorsement, and the folks in Carlisle are always ready to exchange their *quarters* for *continental currency*. Their numerous friends and admirers will, as usual, give them a crowded house.

DANCING ACADEMY.—A favorable opportunity is now offered to the Ladies and Gentlemen of Carlisle to acquire the accomplishment of dancing under the direction of a competent instructor. Prof S. S. BALK will open his Dancing Academy on the 1st of October, at his rooms on South Hanover street. See advertisement in another column.

A splendid assortment of new Fall Goods, now being opened by Messrs L. J. Levy & Co of Philadelphia, at their magnificent Dry Good store, Nos. 809 and 811 Chestnut St – Read their advertisement.

RELIGIOUS NOTICE.—Divine services in the German Reformed Church of Carlisle, will take place hereafter, at 10½ o'clock in the morning, and at 6½ o'clock in the evening, until further notice.

ATTEND OUR COUNTY FAIR.—As the time is fast approaching for the holding of our County Agricultural Fair (October 13, 14 and 15,) we would urge every friend and promoter of improvement in Agriculture, Horticulture, Manufactures, the Arts, &c, to attend and contribute some product of his or her industry and skill, to augment the variety and interest of the exhibition We regard the County Fairs as the most useful and important, and worthy of the first attention; but the State Exhibitions should not be neglected by those who can conveniently attend as competitors, or even as spectators only, for much can be seen and learned that will prove beneficial to practical and progressive men. All our Fairs should be more largely attended, not only by those who exhibit but by people who need recreation and entertainment, as well as instruction! Our people have too few holidays "All work and no play" is not best for either health or prosperity, and we therefore favor the idea of combining innocent amusement with the useful and instructive features of our shows, thus rendering them emphatically yearly holidays—days of celebration and rejoicing, as well as of exhibition of the best products of the skill and industry of the people. The practical and useful should have the preference but the attractive and even amusing may properly be included in every programme

MILITARY.—The Shippensburg *News* of Saturday last, says: We are glad to say that the spirit of our fathers has not yet died in our community. Our leading officers have determined upon a grand Military display in this place, on Tuesday and Wednesday, the 5th and 6th of October and have entered upon the duties with a zeal which cannot fail of complete success. It is expected that upwards of twenty companies will be in attendance, besides many prominent military men and some fine bands of music. There can be no failure, as the companies have already consented to be present. The Committee of Arrangements are very active in making all necessary preparations for the reception and entertainment of the visiting companies The whole will conclude with a Grand Military Ball, which, from the arrangements, promise to be the most brilliant affair ever held in this section of the country. The entire Military arrangements will be under the direction of Brig General DAVID WHERRY, of this county The programme is promised in a few days.

INTERESTING LECTURE.—We are requested to announce to our readers, that Gen. GEORGE L. GOODHEIR, (Bill Sticker extraordinary) of Carlisle, will deliver a Lecture in *Education Hall* on the evening of the second day of the County Fair, (October 14). Subject, "SALEM OF WOMAN"

M. E CHURCH FESTIVAL.—The Festival, for the benefit of the Methodist Episcopal Church, was quite a feature of the town during the past week It commenced at Education Hall, on Wednesday evening, and closed on Saturday, being well patronized throughout. The Hall was handsomely festooned with evergreens, and decorated with paintings, &c., among which we recognized a full length portrait of Washington, a portrait of John Wesley, and one of Jacob Squier, Esq., whose active benevolence in behalf of Methodism dates from an early period in the history of the church. Along the sides of the Hall were ranged temporary counters, well stocked with a profusion of fancy articles, and attended by a number of bright eyed *clerks* whose *winning* smiles gathered a plentiful harvest of golden arguments in favor of church festivals.

The north end of the Hall was appropriated to the Post Office Department, and from the number of customers we noticed at the delivery window, we thought there must have been a large amount of *male*-able matter going through the office We enquired for a letter, but one of the Post-*Masters*, looking into our rather antiquated face, with an arch expression, told us that none but *love* letters passed through their office Turning away, somewhat apprehensive that we were realizing the second line of the celebrated couplet, commencing—

"Go it while you're young"

We encountered a lady, seated at an "institution," where she gave a practical illustration of "turning the tables," and succeeded in *turning* a good many "fips" into her basket. To the left were the *hay-scales*, a new feature, by the way, in festivals, where persons who were anxious to know their exact amount, *avordupois*, were politely required to relieve themselves of any *make-weights*, in the shape of loose coppers, before they took their position in the scales. Further on was a "grab box," but *grabbers* don't deserve anything and in this case, we are sure they didn't get any more than the "law allows them" The young ladies who presided over the grab game, always seemed to have the best of the bargain Next to this, was the ice cream stand, and beyond this point, if there was any superfluous change left after running the gauntlet thus far visitors were introduced to the mysteries of the restaurant, where hungry expectants were "taken in and done for" at 25 cents a head and the self-satisfied air of the victims, as they emerged from behind the curtains, gave abundant evidence that the varied departments of the *cuisine* were of the most approved order Altogether it was a very pleasant affair, and profitable withal. The ladies who projected and carried it through, deserve great credit for their enterprize, and, apart from the excitement attending those little episodes in our every-day life, they have the satisfaction of knowing that they have added some *two hundred and fifty dollars* to the funds of the church.

SALE OF REAL ESTATE. That eligible building lot on the public square, known as "Ege's Corner," was sold on Saturday last, to Major Jacob Rheem, of this borough, for $6,855. This corner lot is one of the most valuable in town, and the location is such that it is calculated for any kind of business.

Mr. RHEEM's object, in this purchase is to secure the lot as a site, for what has become a public necessity in Carlisle: a large first-class Hotel. We have a number of well kept Hotels in town comfortable in all respects but by no means large enough to lodge and board the visitors that would resort to Carlisle, as a summer residence, if hotel accommodations were certain. As Mr. Rheem has taken the initiatory steps in this matter, is it not the duty of men of capital and enterprize to sustain him in a project so closely interwoven with the interests of the borough? We think every one will answer "aye" to that question.

AN IMPROVEMENT.—We see that the congregation of St. Patrick's Catholic Church, on East Pomfret street, have placed a handsome cupola and bell upon their chapel. The cupola is quite a neat affair, and it is said the bell is of large dimensions and fine tone. This is the *sixth* church bell now in the borough.—On Sabbath mornings, we have now quite a variety of melodious music from the "church going bells."

We learn that it was through the untiring exertions of Rev P. MAHER of Harrisburg that this and other decorations have been added to St Patrick's Church. He certainly deserves much credit for his zeal and perseverance.

YORK COUNTY AGRICULTURAL FAIR. We are indebted to the officers of the York Co., Agricultural Society, for a complimentary ticket to their fall meeting, which is to be held at York, on the 6th, 7th, 8th and 9th days of October All articles intended for exhibition are to be transported by railroad free of charge and liberal inducements are held out for competitors.

JUST IN TIME.—As the York County Agricultural Fair, closes on Saturday the 9th of October, and the exhibition of the Cumberland County Society commences on Wednesday the 13th exhibitors will just be in time to remove their articles from one to the other. It affords an admirable opportunity for giving increased notoriety, to new inventions, improvements, horses, stock, poultry &c. which, we hope, every one will be ready to take advantage of.

RAIL ROAD DIVIDENDS.—The Cumberland Valley Rail Road Company has declared a semi annual dividend of four per cent. on the preferred stocks, and three per cent on the unpreferred stocks of said Company.

DESTRUCTIVE FIRE.—We learn that the extensive Tannery, of W. W. Frazer near Newburg, in this county, was destroyed by fire last week The loss is about $9000, which is nearly covered by insurance.

The sloop of war Cayne Capt. Lockwoon, sailed on the 21st instant for the Pacific, all her officers having reported.

We wish our young friend, Lieutenant A. J. McCARTNEY, a prosperous cruise, and a safe return to his family.

The Burned Steamship. Report of the Captain of the Arabian.

HALIFAX, Sept. 25. The Captain of the ship Arabian, arrived here reports that at 7 o'clock on the morning of the 15th inst., he fell in with an iron screw steamer on fire She was apparently of 1200 tons, with a gilt crown and eagle head; the stern was straight, and raked well forward, the bottom was painted red; the upper works, above and below, were all consumed, the masts gone, and the sides falling in. Her funnel was lying on the starboard, but could not tell its color. He passed around the stern, but there was no name distinguishable. He supposed she had been burning probably, for forty-eight hours. He sighted a brig four miles to the leeward, and could not discover any boats or signs of sufferers in the distance.

The figure-head, as described, corresponds with that on the steamer Austria, which is an Austrian eagle.

There is little doubt that the Austria is the ill-fated vessel.

She had about 450 passengers, and a crew of 100 men, making a total of 550 souls on board.

The Propeller "Alps" must have been in the neighborhood about the time of the fire, and the hope is indulged in that she took off the passengers

The probability is that all the lives were saved The Austria had on board eight of Francis' Metallic Life boats, which would each hold 50 persons. She also had three or four ship launches.

LATER.

The brig Lotus, has arrived at Halifax with twelve of the sixty seven survivors of the ill-fated steamer. The Austria took fire at sea, on the 13th, a dense volume of smoke burst from the after entrance to the steerage the speed was instantly slackened one half, at which speed she continued going until the magazine exploded when the engineers it is supposed, were instantly suffocated The fire next burst through the lights at midship, travelling aft with fearful rapidity. A boat let down on the port side was instantly crushed, and another on the starboard side was swamped from the numbers rushing into it. All the first cabin passengers were on the poop excepting a few gentlemen, who must have been smothered in the smoking room. Many of the second cabin passengers were also on the poop but a number were shut up in the cabin by the fire. Some were pulled up, through the ventilators, but the greater number perished in the flames. A woman was drawn up who said that six were then already suffocated. Several men and women jumped into the sea by twos and threes. Some of the women were then already in flames—others hesitated until driven to the last moment by the advancing flames. In half an hour not a soul was left on the poop deck. The French bark Maurice, Capt. Ernest Renaud, came along side at five o'clock, rescued forty passengers who were chiefly taken off the bowsprit but some were struggling in the water. At 8 o'clock one of the metalic boats came up with 22 persons, including the first and second officers, and subsequently four men were picked up floating on a piece of a broken boat

Two Children Carried Off by a Balloon and Supposed to be Lost.

From the St. Louis Republican Sep. 21.

Our correspondent at the Illinois Fair, at Centralia, informs us of the following thrilling occurrence: Mr. G W. Brooks, of this city, an aeronaut of considerable distinction, was advertised to make an ascension from a spot contiguous to the Fair grounds on Friday evening, after the closing exercises of the Fair. Instead however, of going up himself, he yielded to the solicitations of a young man who has been travelling around with him, learning the theory and practice of ballooning and who begged that, as the evening was so fine, he might be allowed to test the value of his knowledge by a little experience. The young man, whose name has escaped the recollection of our informant, made the ascension in beautiful style, in the presence of thousands of admiring and wondering people. The atmosphere was so quiet that he rose, almost vertically to a great height, and then, when it was supposed he would descend, the balloon passed into a current of air which bore it away to the southeast, and finally carried it out of sight. It was said that Mr. Brooks was much annoyed at his pupil for refusing to descend before striking the current of air which bore him away from the scene of the ascension. He did not return until Saturday morning about daybreak, and then communicated an account of his most thrilling experiences. The current of air which bore him off to the southeast carried him a distance of about twenty miles before he thought of descending. By means of his grappling irons, the descent was made with safety and ease, and he found himself alighted near a farm house, the inmates of which regarded him with the greatest wonder and gratification.

The balloon was made fast to a fence and after a short conversation with the farmer and his wife they were persuaded to make an ascension of a few hundred feet one at a time The balloon, relieved of all extra weight, rose readily, and was easily pulled down again by means of the anchor rope The farmer and his wife were highly pleased with their trips, and while expressing their gratification, two of their small children, one five and the other three years of age who had been looking on with astonishment, scrambled into the car and cried out "Let me go up,"—let me go up"

The aeronaut proceeded at once to gratify them but from some carelessness or accident, as he was letting them up, *the rope slipped from his hands and the balloon mounted up with the velocity of a rocket.* The frantic agony of the parents and the consternation of the aeronaut may be imagined, in a minute or two the balloon had passed entirely out of sight, and was lost in the blue depths of the sky. Nothing could be done but to hasten back to Mr. Brooks at Centralia and ask his advice.

Our informant learns that Mr Brooks expressed his opinion that the balloon would remain in the air about an hour before commencing to descend, and while at its greatest altitude, the children would probably freeze, unless, in their fright, they precipitated themselves from the car

Mr. Brooks early on Saturday morning, set out in the direction the balloon, had taken, in hopes to recover it, and find some trace of the lost children. We have, up to the present time, heard nothing of his success

LATER.

Saturday morning at daybreak, a farmer near New Carthage forty three miles distant from Mr. Harvey's place, discovered the balloon suspended in the air, attached by the grappling rope to a tree in his yard He immediately hauled the balloon down, and found the youngest child asleep in the bottom of the basket, and the eldest carefully watching over her little brother. They had been wafted about by different currents of air throughout the night, and had come to a halt but a little while before they were relieved. The story the girl told was that as the balloon ascended she cried piteously to her father to pull it down She said she passed over a town where she saw a great many people to whom she likewise appealed at the top of her voice. This place was Centralia. The balloon was seen to pass over there, but the people little imagined it carried two persons in such danger. Her little brother cried with cold and the heroic girl took off her apron covered him and got him to sleep. In handling the ropes she happened to pull one which had the effect of bringing the balloon down and although not understanding the philosophy of the movement, she was quite content to keep the valve open, so long as by so doing she found she approached the earth. The youthful aerial voyagers were in the balloon thirteen hours and a quarter. It may easily be imagined that among the neighbors where they landed they were the objects of much curiosity and interest The girl's presence of mind and love and consideration for her brother, may well entitle her to remembrance while the incident itself was of such a remarkable character that we opine that it will not soon be forgotten in that section. The boy and girl were conveyed home as soon as practicable, and it is needless to say were received with out stretched arms

MARION HALL, is the place to get good Daguerreotypes Ambrotypes, Melanotypes, Stereoscopes, Cravonotypes and Photographs.

Persons visiting Carlisle will find it to reward them for their trouble to visit this Institute.

N. B. But few specimens are exhibited at the door, and the public are respectfully invited to call at the Gallery, where every variety of pictures capable of being produced by the Photographic Art can be obtained.

Ladies and Gentlemen call in whether you want pictures or not, and you will meet with a cordial reception

Respectfully yours,

D. C. NEAGLEY.

Marriages.

On the 16th inst. at Crozier's Hotel, by the Rev. A. H. Kremer, Mr JOHN L. RITTER, to Miss SARAH E. BOWER, both of Perry county, Pa.

On the 23d inst. in Newville, by Rev. Jas. L. H. Henderson, Mr. ALEXANDER ELLIOTT, to Miss SUSANNA BOWMAN.

On the 20th inst, by the Rev. Franklin Moore, ALBERT C. PETTER, of Muscatine, Iowa, to ANNIE E. COLLINS, of Philadelphia.

Deaths.

At Charleston, Virginia, on the 8th inst., HENRY L. EBY, (eldest son of the late Abraham Eby, of this place) aged 69 years.

In Shippensburg, on the 17th inst., JOHN CRISSWELL, Sr., in the 90th year of his age.

"I saw an aged man upon his bier,
His hair was thin and white, and on his brow
The record of the cares of many a year,
Cares that are ended and forgotten now."

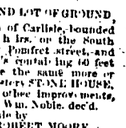
New Advertisements.

ASSIGNEE'S SALE OF VALUABLE REAL ESTATE.

On SATURDAY, the 23d day of OCTOBER, 1858, the undersigned assignee of Joseph Sadler, will sell at public sale, on the premises situated in South Middleton township, Cumberland county, about a half mile northeast of the Boiling Springs, all that valuable tract o

LIMESTONE LAND,

(formerly owned by Jacob Strickler,) bounded by lands of Philip Brechbill, Peter F. Ege, Mode Grimm, Henry Wolbert, Benjamin Sherr, and the Yellow Breeches Creek. Containing 83 ACRES and 33 PERCHES, more or less. Having thereon erected a two-story frame and



PLASTERED HOUSE and KITCHEN

A Stone Bank Barn, Corn Crib, Wagon Shed.

There is a never failing well of water near the house, as well as a spring that has never been known to go dry. There is also on the above described farm, an

ORCHARD OF CHOICE YOUNG FRUIT TREES,

in fine bearing order. The above described farm is in a high state of cultivation, and is mostly enclosed in post and rail fence of the best material.

I will also sell on the same day, immediately after the above described farm shall have been stricken off,

TWO LOTS OF GROUND,

prominently located in the town of Boiling Spring, one of which contains 33½ perches, and the other 37½ perches.

The growing crop on the farm will be reserved as well as the right to enter and take it off.

Sale to commence at 1 o'clock, when terms will be made known and attendance given by

BENJAMIN ERB,
Assignee of Joseph Sadler.

8-p 29.'58—ts.

☞ Lancaster Examiner, York Republican, and Harrisburg Telegraph, insert till sale and charge this office.

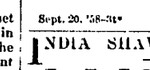
ADMINISTRATOR'S SALE.—In pursuance of an order of the Orphans' Court of Cumberland county, will be sold at public sale, at the Court House, on SATURDAY, the 16th day of OCTOBER next, at 2 o'clock, P. M., the following described REAL ESTATE late the property of Jacob F. Hoffer, deceased, to wit:

A HOUSE AND LOT OF GROUND,

situate in the Borough of Carlisle, bounded on the north by Pomfret st., on the East by a lot of Abram Burnet on the south by Chapel Alley and on the West by a lot of Chas Boutz, containing 30 feet in front on Pomfret street and 230 feet in depth to Chapel Alley, and having thereon erected in addition to the House already mentioned a large frame LAUGHTER-HOUSE, STABLE, and other out-buildings

The sale will be on the following terms:—Five per cent. of the purchase money to be paid on the confirmation of the sale by the Court, one half of the balance to be paid on the 1st of April next, when possession of the premises will be given and a deed made to the purchaser, and the remainder in one year thereafter with interest, which last payment is to be secured by judgment on the property.

JOS. C. HOFFER,
Sep. 29, '58—ts. Administrator.



ORPHANS' COURT SALE.—I will expose to public sale on WEDNESDAY, the 27th day of OCTOBER, at 11 o'clock, A. M., at the Court House, in Carlisle,

A TWO-STORY STONE HOUSE AND LOT OF GROUND

on Pomfret street, in the Borough of Carlisle, bounded on the East by Melchior Hoffer's heirs, on the South by Chapel Alley, on the