

CARLISLE, PA.  
WEDNESDAY, JULY 28, 1858.

## PEOPLE'S NOMINATIONS.

### STATE TICKET.

#### FOR SUPREME JUDGE:

**JOHN M. READ,** of Philadelphia.

#### FOR CANAL COMMISSIONER:

**WILLIAM E. FRAZER,** of Fayette Co.

### Meeting of the Standing Committee.

The Cumberland County Union Standing Committee met, agreeably to notice, at 2 1/2 o'clock, on Tuesday, the 17th inst. On motion, George D. Craighead, of South Middleton, was called to the chair, and Samuel Alexander, of Frankford, appointed Secretary.

The following resolutions were, on motion of John Best, of Monroe, unanimously adopted:

Resolved, That the citizens of Cumberland County, opposed to the present National Administration and its fraudulent Leecompton policy, and in favor of the just claims of American Industry, be requested to meet at the usual places for holding their respective townships, borough and ward elections on Saturday, the 7th day of August, between the hours of 2 and 7 o'clock, P. M., and then elect two delegates to represent them in County Convention, to be held at the Court House, at Carlisle, on Monday, the 9th day of August, at 11 o'clock, A. M., to form a County Ticket, to be supported at the next General Election, and to transmit such other business of the party, as may be deemed necessary.

Resolved, That these proceedings be signed by the officers and published.

GEO. D. CRAIGHEAD, President.

SAM. ALEXANDER, Sec'y.

### TO CORRESPONDENTS.

We regret that the letter of our *Cape May* correspondent came too late for this paper. It will appear in our next.

### THE WOMAN'S ADVOCATE.

This is the title of a neat and interesting paper published in Philadelphia, and edited by Miss Annie E. McDowell and Mrs. Lydia J. Pierson.

It is filled each week, with various matters especially interesting to ladies. In the language of the editors, "it is an advocate of woman's right to earn her living, at any respectable employment, she finds best suited to her capacity."

The paper is furnished at \$2.00 per annum, and is well worth the attention of ladies.

### PHILADELPHIA COUNTERFEIT DETECTOR AND BANK NOTE LIST.

It is one of the most valuable publications of the kind, to business men. It is published Monthly and semi-monthly, and possesses the rare merit of being perfectly reliable in its quotations, either of money or stocks.

### NEWS OF THE WEEK.

On the night of the 14th, a fire at Leavenworth, Kansas, destroyed the Union Theater and other buildings, principally in the building by Cherokee, Shawnee, Third Street, Loss \$100,000.

A conflagration was a goodly number of rain and hail, being seen in the appearance of a fire.

A collision in New York City, the result of the collision of the tugboat with the schooner, resulted in the destruction of the schooner, and the death of two persons.

On Friday morning 10th, an accident occurred on the New York and Erie Railroad, at Shin Hollow, 75 miles from New York City, by which the two hind cars of a passenger train were thrown from the track, by the breaking of a rail, and with their contents precipitated down a thirty foot embankment, killing nine persons and wounding forty-seven.

Gen. Quitman died at his residence near Natchez, on Saturday last of the disease which he contracted at the National Hotel last fall.

On Friday last the first locomotive and train cars on the Gettysburg Railroad crossed the Conowing bridge. The Compiler states that the company are about to take measures to erect a passenger station and other necessary buildings at Gettysburg.

A bridge over the Little Lehigh river, on the Lehigh Valley Railroad, broke down on Wednesday as a coal train was passing over it, and killed the fireman and engineer.

The Democrats of Schuylkill county have made a bad "split" of it, by dividing into two factions, each of which claims to be "the party," and disclaims the others as disorganizers. They have called separate county conventions and delegate elections.

The Missouri Democrat prophesies that the Emancipation ticket will win in the State election of the first Monday in August. There are innumerable indications that the emancipation party of Missouri is waxing formidable, not only in St. Louis, but throughout the State.

Some planters in Russell county, Ala., have lost stock by turning them upon fields of oats injured by rust. Not only hogs, but horses and mules, also, it is said, have died from the effects of eating these oats.

Gov. Denver, of Kansas, as we learn from the Herald of the 10th, will be memorialized in favor of a re-districting of the State for the October election—the vote in August to be taken as the basis of the appointment.

The Augusta Constitutionalist, the leading democratic organ in Georgia, has come out very emphatically against proscripting Douglas Democrats, and particularly against the Buchanan hollers in Illinois.

Senator Crittenden's return to his home in Kentucky, was made the occasion of signal demonstrations that his course has been approved. At Covington he received a triumphal reception, and at Cincinnati the preparations in his honor were conducted on a liberal scale. The people of Louisville, at a very largely attended public meeting, called to make preparations for the Senator's reception, adopted laudatory resolutions of the many kind, and has made in favor of the rights of the people.

It seems that arrests have recently been made in Ohio of certain parties charged with passing counterfeit money. The headquarters of the gang, it is said, are in Philadelphia and they have branches scattered throughout the Union. They belong to a secret organization called "The Mystic Circle of Achemy." The initiation fee for the present year is "Death." The pass word is \$8, and members on entering are sworn to secrecy. In their slang the word "pill" is used to represent "bugs and powders" designates counterfeit paper.

### REGISTERS NOTICE.

We notice in the *Volunteer and Democrat*, that the following accounts have been filed in the Register's Office, for confirmation at the Orphan's Court, to be held on Tuesday, the 10th day of August next.

As only the Democratic papers in this county, under the "powers that be," seem to be entitled to these "by authority" notices, we publish them gratuitously, so that those of our friends who may be interested, can govern themselves accordingly.

The administration account of John Wolf, administrator of William W. Hamilton, late of South Middleton township, deceased.

The first and final account of Moses Morris, Esq., administrator of Michael Fisel, late of Mount Pleasant township, deceased.

The guardianship account of Daniel Koller, guardian of the person and estate of Mary Elizabeth, Nancy, and Barbara Hutcheson.

The account of Jeremiah S. Decker, executor of Samuel Burdett, late of Silver Spring township, deceased.

The account of George Brindle, Esq., executor of Robert C. Sterrett, late of South Middleton township, deceased.

The guardianship account of Jonathan Snyder, guardian of Mrs. Martha Widders' minor child of Jacob Seitz.

The account of James L. McDowell, administrator of Jacob S. McDowell, late of West Pennsborough township, deceased.

The account of George W. C. Calkins, administrator of Elizabeth W. Will, late of South Middleton township, deceased.

The first and final account of Sarah A. McCune, administratrix of Jas. McCune, late of Council Bluffs, Iowa, deceased.

The first and final account of Jacob Lesher and David Lesher, administrators of the estate of David Lesher, late of Hopewell township, deceased.

The first and final administration account of Monroe Morris deceased, who was administrator of the estate of Mrs. Elizabeth Huggins, late of Hopewell township, deceased, as settled by Mrs. M. Morris; administratrix of Monroe Morris, deceased.

The account of William M. Scouler, administrator of Eleanor McDowell, late of Dickinson township, deceased.

The account of Mary A. Hunsberger, administratrix of the estate of Abraham Hunsberger, late of East Pennsborough township, deceased.

The guardianship account of David H. Swiler, guardian of Arthur J. Walburg, late of Silver Spring township, deceased.

The account of Cook Martin, administrator of the estate of Peter Whisher, late of Millin township, deceased.

The account of William Gracy, administrator of the estate of William Gracy, late of New Hope township, deceased.

The first account of John M. Davidson, administrator of Lydia Hamilton, late of West Pennsborough township, deceased.

The account of William R. Gorges, Esq., trustee and guardian under the will of Samuel Bowman, late of East Pennsborough township, deceased.

The guardianship account of Benjamin Myers, guardian of the person and estate of Joseph Paul, of West Pennsborough township, deceased.

The first and final account of John G. Williams, administrator of Jas. Woods, (nunc) late of Dickinson township, deceased.

The administration account of James Cleland, administrator of the estate of John R. Cleland, late of East Pennsborough township, deceased.

### THE DESPOTISM OF DEMOCRACY.

Much has been said of the party color, which Democracy is so tightly on the necks of their followers, and often has the charge of party servitude been denied by indignant Democrats. But it has been left for a certain Mr. Bormey, a delegate in the Leecompton Convention of Illinois, with a degree of frankness, quite refreshing in this age of party trickery, to come out "flat-footed" in defence of party servility, as the first article of democratic faith. Hear what he says, on that subject:

"It is characteristic of the good Democrat that he is as perfect in obedience as he is absolute in command. While he is a private in the ranks, he is not to be his own lord; he obeys the orders of his party; when he is promoted to leadership, he exacts implicit obedience to his leadership, which has been vested in him."

Some of our Democratic friends, in this country, have travelled to Mexico and Texas and contracted the chronic diarrhoea, have had a return of that dreaded disease, but hope that, by temperance and care, we will soon be around again.

"Ever since we left Leavenworth we have had a rainy day every fourth day. When it was raining the weather here was excellent. I was in the city for two days, and I was not for the fine prairie breeze we would some times positively suffice."

"There is a village of some 800 or 1,000 people here, who like us, are in this camp, but, as I have seen none of them, I am not prepared to write further of them."

### POISONERS.

We learn from the Pittsburgh papers that three paupers, at the Poor Farm were accidentally poisoned, last week. It appears that a large keg containing a quart or two of a compound of *coctus indicus* and alcohol was sitting in a room appropriated to such things, which room is usually kept snugly under lock and key. On Monday, however it was opened that it might be cleaned. A poor old inebriate from the city, named Culbert, nosed out the alcohol, and going in, tipped the keg on his knee, and turned out as much of the contents as he could hold.

The hallow of his hands, he held up with much gusto, and several of the poisonous berries of the *coctus* having come out with the liquid, he chewed them up for cherries. The result, instead of being strongly developed by the pleasant beverage, Culbert went forth with two companions, named respectively Milled and O'Brien. To them he disclosed the fact that he had found a "charming keg of cherries."

"They called and partook of the broth also, and in an hour—two, these wretched men were dead. They died in fearful convulsions. One of them had been in the farm only a week. He had been about the gutters of the city a good while, and was thoroughly saturated with whiskey." In an hour after his death he had turned quite black. The other two, who had swamped and vegetated out of the fumes of the poison of whiskey, in a protracted stay at the farm, were not affected similarly in appearance.

A fourth named Pat Welch, had a grand mouthful of the cherry bonnes, but, fancying the taste of it did not swallow. That was what saved his life. Such is the end of our unfortunate drunkards, and a verdict was rendered in accordance with the above facts.

### [For the Herald.]

Mr. Editor: The period is approaching when the delegates from the various townships of this county, will meet in Convention to form a Union People's Ticket, to be reported at the coming election, by the parties adverse to the present Administration. It is right and proper that the people should be some way prepared to act through their delegates, when the Convention meets. We would suggest JAMES L. ALLEN, of Newton, as a suitable person to represent us in the lower House of Representatives. He is an intelligent farmer, and from our slight acquaintance with him we believe him competent for the post. He has never taken an active part in the political life, and is therefore well untrammeled. In our opinion, he will command a large vote in the upper end of the county, if he will consent to be a candidate and the Convention see proper to nominate him. We are, Dear Sir, Yours faithfully, Wm. E. FRAZER.

### EXECUTORS.—

Between now and the 8th of November next, the Free States will elect 127 of the 238 members of the next United States House of Representatives, leaving nine to be elected in March, and April next, in New Hampshire, four in Connecticut, and two in Rhode Island. Vermont will commence the election of members of the next Congress September 7th, and Maine will follow six days later in the same month. The Middle and Western States will elect their 118 in October and November.

See advertisement of Dr. SARGENT'S Hair Regenerator in another column.

### The Murder in the Army.

A correspondent of the St. Louis Democrat, writing from the camp on the Big Blue, July 2, says:

"Incidents of a tragical character have occurred since our arrival here, which will long cause this camp to be regarded as the 'Camp of Horror.'"

"On the night of the 28th ult., from some cause or other I was aroused from my sleep about midnight. The night was one of calmness and beauty, arose from my couch, walked out to my tent, door on the green sward, folded my arms, and stood gazing upon the peaceful hills and vales, as they lay stretched out in quiet repose. Not long after I perceived the magic silence of the hour. I was aroused from my thoughtful reverie by No. 1 sentry crying, 'Number one, twelve o'clock, and all is well.'"

"The city was taken up by each sentinel in his turn and repeated all round the camp. The words came loud and clearly to the ears of the sentry who drew rein in front of my tent, upon which he was posted, when I heard the brisk clattering of horse's hoofs coming up the stony hill from the river. A platoon of ten men, with a sergeant and a few privates of Major Emory's tent, whom he called up, and then rode to Sergeant-Major Chas. Green's who he also called up. I now heard the Major and his Sergeants and Privates coming up a detail of ten men from each company to join the detachment of Major Emory, and two non-commissioned officers, Major Slaughter had been murdered at the water side of the river, and the first detachment was sent to arrest the murderer."

"A few nights since a drunken row occurred at a liquor store near by, which several tenters were horribly mutilated—almost literally cut to pieces. None of them however are quite dead, although in a critical condition. The one who drew rein in front of my tent, belonging to the fifth column, which is also encamped over the river, was shot dead. The night after, a wagon-master of an ox team shot one of his oxen through the head. Last night a detachment of five men was killed, as settled by Mrs. M. Morris; administratrix of Monroe Morris, deceased."

"I am about to neglect some of the particulars in relation to the murder of Lieut. Magruder. He had been on a visit to the officers of the fifth column, and was returning, on passing the house aforementioned, he got engaged in a quarrel with a man, who was named Pror, who fired upon him. The gun was loaded with a ball and a number of buckshot, all of which entered his face and head, killing him instantly. The Major and his Sergeants and Privates arrested and acquitted Pror of the murder. Yesterday the Major sent out a detachment of seventy-five men, under the command of Lieut. Crittenden to investigate the murder of the fugitive. They have returned after a fruitless search."

"These deeds of horror are all attributed to the influence of liquor. Thus, says a man, that foul fiend and agent of the devil, he is doing his full share in the destruction of human life."

"Large ox trains are continually passing, and yet the drivers we are to escort, has not come up. We cannot move much further until it passes."

"It seems that those having charge of the expedition have more fear of the superior training and of destroyed or burned by the hostile Indians, than they have of the Mormons poisoning upon our little army under the command of Gen. Johnston."

"This morning there were about sixty persons on the sick report. Nearly every case was the dysentery, and nearly every patient was a member of the 'Fifth Column.' The course it must be expected that a change of diet, a change of climate, a change of physical exercise, and a new mode of life altogether, will have such an effect upon them. The only remedy that we have, is to give water number down with the same complaint."

"The doctor has no serious cases under his care. The general health of the troops is excellent. Some of our friends, who have travelled over Mexico and Texas and contracted the chronic diarrhoea, have had a return of that dreaded disease, but hope that, by temperance and care, we will soon be around again."

"Ever since we left Leavenworth we have had a rainy day every fourth day. When it was raining the weather here was excellent. I was in the city for two days, and I was not for the fine prairie breeze we would some times positively suffice."

"There is a village of some 800 or 1,000 people here, who like us, are in this camp, but, as I have seen none of them, I am not prepared to write further of them."

### Failure of the Atlantic Telegraph.

The expedition fitted out for the purpose of laying the trans-Atlantic cable has again failed in its object, the Niagara and her tender having arrived at Queenstown.

The Agamemnon and her tender and the Niagara came to anchor at Plover Point, near Plymouth on the 10th of June, each of the great vessels carrying about one thousand, 775 and 850 miles of cable, with a new and improved apparatus for paying it out, which it was calculated would have allowed for any strain or unequal motion of the ships, as the very speed of the vessels, regulated by automatic arrangements, the cable was to be discharged. After having been three days at sea, the expedition was overtaken by a fearful gale, which continued without intermission for nine days. On the seventh day of this heavy weather, the ships, which had continued to keep together, had to part company, and the Agamemnon was obliged to seek for the wind thirty-six hours. Her cable got ashore, and a coil of the cable shifted, so that the cable was for some time entertained serious apprehensions of her safety, and from the immense strain, her water ways were largely lost, and one of her masts was broken, and she was severely injured and one marine lost his reason from fright. Yet such was the consummate skill and good seamanship and intrepidity of her commander, Capt. Richard B. Ross, that he managed to bring her to the appointed rendezvous. The Niagara rode out the storm gallantly, having only carried away her jibboom and one wing of her rigging, and one of her masts was broken at its central point of junction. The first splice of the cable was made on the 29th. After having paid out two and a half miles of cable, the ship was obliged to stop, and the cable was made good, and they commenced to give out the cable the second time, but after an hour or two, the cable was again broken, and it was reported that the current had broken and no communication could be made between the ships. Unfortunately, in this instance, the cable was broken at the point where the electricians, from the fine calculator, which their instruments allow them to make were able to declare such to have been the case. Having cut off this loss they met for the third time and restored the connection of the cable on the 28th. They then started afresh, the Niagara having paid out 12 1/2 miles of cable, and the Agamemnon 10 miles. The most sanguine anticipations were, however, in vain. The Agamemnon was made upon Tuesday, the 29th, at 9 P. M. The cable was being paid out, and the Agamemnon was making use of the arrangement for paying out the cable before any accident occurred, but in doing so she was obliged to stop. The cable was made that should any accident occur in giving out the cable before the ships should have gone one hundred miles, they should retrace the steps and start from the beginning. In case that distance should have been exceeded before any accident should happen, time should be saved for Queenstown. In accordance with this understanding, the Niagara was ordered to stop at the time the cable held her, as fast as she had been at anchor over the rope, and the Niagara rode away from the cable, and the Niagara rode away from the cable. It was intended that the cable should be made that should any accident occur in giving out the cable before the ships should have gone one hundred miles, they should retrace the steps and start from the beginning. In case that distance should have been exceeded before any accident should happen, time should be saved for Queenstown. In accordance with this understanding, the Niagara was ordered to stop at the time the cable held her, as fast as she had been at anchor over the rope, and the Niagara rode away from the cable, and the Niagara rode away from the cable.

### LATER FROM SALT LAKE.

Entrance of General Johnston into the City.—The Military Post.

St. Louis, July 23.—A despatch from St. Louis, dated 17th ult., states that the Salt Lake mail to the 26th ult., had arrived there.

General Johnston with his troops, entered Salt Lake City on the 17th inst.

Capt. Ramsey accompanied Gen. Johnston who has established his headquarters in the city.

The Mormons had been invited by a proclamation to return and take possession of their deserted homes.

Provo is still the rallying point of the Mormons.

To express conveying the orders of the War Department to General Harney was only six miles in his rear when the mail express passed.

The grass was plenty, and the Indians continued peaceable.

Our received despatches are to the 19th, received per U. S. express to Knoxville.

The military post at Salt Lake was created by Act of Congress on the 12th of August.

### GENERAL JOHNSTON'S PROCLAMATION TO THE PEOPLE OF UTAH.

The commissioners of the United States, deputed the President to urge upon the people of this Territory the necessity of obedience to the laws of the United States, and to the authority of the Government in the execution of their orders.

"I restore full incipient on me, and to my satisfaction in doing so, to assure those citizens of the Territory who, I learn, are of the opinion that they will not assist in the peaceful pursuit of his avocation; and should protection be needed, that the obligations of duty, as well as to assist and protect them as it was to oppose them while I believed they were resisting the laws of their Government." A. S. JOHNSON, Colonel Second Cavalry and Brig. General Commanding.

### THE UTAH EXPEDITION.—

Leavenworth, July 20, via St. Louis, July 23, per United States Express.—The express which left Fort Leavenworth on the 24th, with orders for General Harney to take the command of the expedition from Washington, has returned. General Harney was overtaken fifteen miles east of the crossing of Smith's Fork of the Platte River, on the 19th inst.

General Harney intended to meet the principal chiefs and a considerable body of the Cheyennes, who, being aware of the presence of Harney, were desirous of making a bold move, but General Harney, for the purpose of restoring their assurances of friendship towards the whites.

Compliments were despatched with orders commanding the advance of a portion of the reinforcements, was met at Fort Kearney on the 11th, and probably came up with Gen. Harney's headquarters by the 16th. His troops were all going along well, although the latter were somewhat delayed by the high water. Col. May's column was met on the 10th, near O Fallon's Bluff."

Col. Sumner was in camp near Fort Kearney on the 11th. His column was met about five miles east of the junction of the Platte and the Blue on the 13th.

A Chinaman stepped into a jewelry store in San Francisco, and inquired if he had any franciscos. On being asked to explain, he didn't know what consistency was, but he had been told it was "some sort of towel, and he should like to see one." He was told that it was doubtful if any shopkeeper in the city possessed the article.

Mr. Morrison, who is well known as a "city" man, says that he will call on some of the politicians of the present day, who say, they possess the article, he is in want of."

### County and County Matters.

#### Metecological Register for the Week ending July 26th, 1858.

1858.	Thermo.	Rain.	Remarks.
Tuesday.	67 00	10	Rain.
Wednesday.	72 00		
Thursday.	75 00		
Friday.	69 00		
Saturday.	69 00		
Sunday.	70 00		
Monday.	73 00		
Weekly.	70 00	10	

\*The degree of heat in the above register is the daily average of three observations.

#### NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

We direct the attention of our readers to several new advertisements in this number of the Herald.

The Cumberland County Agricultural Society, will celebrate the Harvest Home, at the Fair grounds on Saturday the 7th day of August next.

Adam Coover, Secretary of the School Board of Dickinson township, advertises for 20 Teachers, to take charge of the schools of that district.

The Secretary of the Board of school Directors of West Pennsborough, advertises for Teachers, for the schools of that district.

The Secretary of the school Board of Frankford, advertises for eight teachers, for that school district.

Michael Frizee sen., offers his farm at private sale. It is of small size well improved, and just a convenient distance from town.

The Executors of Joseph Sadler dec'd will sell a valuable lime-stone farm on the 7th of September next.

It is situated about three miles from Harrisburg, and about one fourth of a mile from the turnpike at Oysters Point, and from its location and improvements, is one of the most desirable farms in the county.

John Sadler and John Honser, assignees of David R. Rockefeller, will offer at public sale on the 9th of September, 48 acres of improved land in Silver Spring township, on the 10th, 37 acres of black slide land, in Hampden P. M., and on the 11th a valuable lot of public land in the borough of Mechanicsburg.

S. Hepburn Esq., will offer at public sale at the Court House, on Friday the 13th, of August next, 652 shares of the Capital Stock of the Gettysburg Bank.

APPOINTMENT.—The numerous friends of Alexander Wilson Esq., of Philadelphia will be pleased to learn, that he has been appointed U. S. District Attorney, for the Territory of Utah. The office could not have been conferred on a more deserving gentleman.

#### Junior Agricultural Society.

At a meeting of the young men of Cumberland county, to organize a Junior Agricultural Society, Wm. Watters, Jr., was called to the chair, and J. Frank Culver, appointed Secretary. On motion, a committee consisting of J. F. Culver, A. Beasley, and Geo. Williams were appointed to draw resolutions. The following were reported and adopted:

Resolved, That this society be known by the name of the Junior Agricultural Society of Cumberland county.

Resolved, That the object of this society be to promote the interests of agriculture, and generally, by organizing clubs in the different townships of the county, said clubs to be under the control of the county society.

Resolved, That we will open a procession at the Court House in Carlisle, and passing thro' the different streets in the town, repair to the Fair grounds. We invite all the young men who feel interested to join in the procession.

Resolved, That the minutes of this meeting be published in all the papers of the county.

On motion, a committee from each township was appointed to call township meetings, and use every effort to secure as large a delegation as possible. The committee consist of:

North Middleton—J. Frank Culver, J. Coble South Middleton—H. Foster, Wm. Stuart, J. M. Sturges, J. P. Trost, S. M. Sturges, J. A. Saxton, Wm. H. Harman.

South Middleton—J. Moore, Mr. Sharp West Pennsborough—John Carothers, Jos. Shellebarger.

Frankford—John W. Waggoner, Jas. Wallace.

Hampden—Jas. Black, Wm. Hoon.

New Hope—Sam'l. Parks, Sharp Woodburn.

Southampton—Sam'l. Aldams, R. W. Allen Shippensburg sp.—Jos. Baum, Lucie Rooms.

Jasper—Lezron Elliot, Martin Kunkles.

On a motion to appoint Marshalls, J. Frank Culver was appointed Grand Marshal and P. J. Moore, Assistant.

On motion, the Society adjourned to meet at the Court House, in Carlisle, on Saturday, the 7th of August, at 10 o'clock.

WM. WATERS, Jr., Clk. J. FRANK CULVER, Sec'y.

We wish to call the attention of our readers to the advertisement of Chickering & Sons, who have opened their ware-rooms at 1307 Chestnut street, Philadelphia, where at all times will be found a complete assortment of their most superb instruments, at Boston prices. Their reputation as makers of the best Piano-Forte is world-wide and richly deserved; any comments from us seem out of place beside the following testimonials:

RICHMOND, Va., Jan. 14, 1858.

I have tried Messrs Chickering & Sons' Square Piano-Fortes, and I have much pleasure in certifying that there are no superior instruments in this country or in Europe.

Yours very truly, S. THALBERG, Exchange Hotel.

TO MR. M. CARLISLE.

MILLS HOUSE, Charleston, S. C. Feb. 24, 1858

Messrs. J. Siegling & Son's Gentlemen—

I can only repeat that which has been said