WEDNESDAY, JUNE 23, 1858.

STATE CONVENTION. The United American, Republican, and People's Committee of Superintendence for the City of Philadelphia, carnestly desirous to extend and perpetuate that union of the elements of opposition to the present national Administration, which in this City has lately, capabled in such belling spaces, do heavyly resulted in such brilliant success. do hereby respectfully suggest, and recommend to the respectivity suggest, and recommend to the State-Committees_representing_those_several elements of opposition, that they call upon the Citizens of Pennsylvania, who are opposed to the present National Administration; e-pecially to its despotic and fradulent Lecompton policy and its situation of the complete and the policy, and its willul neglect of the just claims of domestic industry, and who are in favor of the Sovereignty of the People over their own local concerns; of American institutions against the policy and intrigues of foreign Governments, and of adequate protection to our home labor, to assemble in their respective Senutorial and Representive Districts to choose delegates to a State Convention, to meet at Harrisburg, in the Hall of the House of Representatives, at 2 o'clock P. M., of Wednesday the 14th day of July, 1868, to nominate, Candidates for Judge of the Supreme Court. and Canal Co

LEONARD R. FLETCHER, President. J. R. FLANIGEN, GEO. A. COFFEY, Vice Presidents.

W. J. P. WHITE, M. V. B. SUMMERIS, Secretaries.

J. R. LYNDALL
Philadelphia, May 20, 1858.

In view of the above recommendation, and its general acceptance, I hereby withdraw the call for a State Convention, issued by me, for the 8th of July next, and carnestly request the American Republicans of the State to acept it, and participate in the election of Dele

gates to said Convention.

By order of the State Committee.

LEMUEL TODD,

Chairman A. R. S. Com.

Attest-Edward M'Pherson, Sec Carlisle, May 31, 18-8.

To the Americans of Pennsylvania: The above recommendation having been submitted to me for my approval, after consultation with the unjority of the members of the American State Committee, and a large mber of the prominent Americans of the ite, I cheerfully adopt it as our call for State Convention, and urge the members of the American Party throughout the State to participate in the election of Delegates. H. BUCHER SWOOPE.
Chairman of American State Com.

Clearfield May 29, 1858.

Inasmuch as the above recommendation and calls point out the plain road to practical, deci sive, and enduring victory over the present National Administration and its tyranical and sectional policy, I therefore request the Re-publicans of Pennsylvania to unite in the election of delegates to the above Convention.

WM B. THOMAS.

Chairman of the Republican State Com Philadelphia, June 1, 1858

Proceedings of the Cumberland County

Standing Committee. At a meeting of the Union Standing Committee of Cumberland County, held in Carlisle on Saturday, the 5th day of June, 1858, it was unanimously resolved, that in pursuance of the above recommendation and calls, all friend-In a nove recommendation and caus, all triend-by to those objects be requested to meet on Saturday, the 3d day of July next, at their several places of holding township and bor-ough elections, between the hours of 2 and 6 o'clock, P. M., and elect delegates to meet in county Convention at the Court House, in Far-lisle, on Monday, the 5th day of July, at 11 Celeck A. M. to elect delegates to represent o'clock, A. M to elect delegates to represen o'clock, A. M to elect delegates to represent this county in State convention at Harrisburg. on Wednesday, the 14th day of July, for the nomination of State officers.

By order of the Standing Com.

LEVI MERKEL, Chairman.

JACOB L. Zug, See'y.

POLITICAL GOSSIP.

John P. Stockton, son of Commodore Stockton, of New Jersey, has been appointed Resident Minister at Geneva, Switzerland. The Commodore was a bitter opponent of Mr. Bu chanan, and we should feel, inclined to give Old Buck some credit for exercising charity toward his enemies, if he did not so frequentorget his friends.

Bennett, of the New York Herald, is trying to prove that the Democratic party is about to be used up by the People's Party, and throws the blame on the Administration. He is mak ing ready for a leap on 'tother side, probably because he was dis-appointed, instead of being ap-pointed to a foreign mission.

The office-holders' State Convention of Illinois, which was held at Springfield, on the 9th inst, nominated a full ticket, in opposition to the candidates regularly nominated by the Democratic party, and reaffirmed the Lecompton hersey, accompanied by a violent attack upon Senator Douglas and his friends. One hundred Republican conventions have been held in Illinois, in ninety-five of which reso lutions were adopted in favor of Hon. Abraham Lincoln as the successor to Douglas in the U.

J. Glancey Jones and Senator Bigler have an army of clerks engaged at Washington sending offensive Lecompton documents into Pennsylvania. We hope our friends will not fail to send an antidote with the poison.

. The Hon. William Montgomery, of the 20th Congressional District, the author of the Montgomery-Crittenden amendment to the Kansas Bill, and the fearless opponent of the Lecompton fraud, has been tri umphantly sustained by his constituents, who have nominated him for a second term. The nomination was made by a direct vote of the Democratic party, in the Counties of Greene Fayette and Washington, which form the Dis trict. His competitor was Gen. Lazear. The majority for Montgomery in the District is fifteen hundred. If he is right on the Tariff question, give him a fair field.

THE LECOMPTON TEST.

The correspondent of Forney's Press, speaking of certain Postmasters in Pennsylvania whose tenure of office depended on their ability to swallow the Lecompton pill, says:

The nomination of Michael Cochran, for postmaster at Pottsville, was yesterday withdrawn from the Senate—reason, he presided at a Democratic meeting, in his town, which endorsed the vital principle of the Cincinnat platform! The story is, that Cochrane, when last in Washington, called upon the President, and desired to know if Lecompton was among the dead men; in other words, if it was to be made a test. The President, said that it was deceased, and that worship of if was no long-er to be made a test. Accordingly Mr. C., er to be made a test. Accordingly Mr. C., who is a Lecomptonite, (as in duty bound,) did not hesitate, when he went home, to take the chair at a Democratic meeting, which meeting dared to speak out in favor of the principle that gave us a President. And for this his head goes off before he fairly had it on, if I may be excused the Hibernicism. Lecompton, though dead; yet speaketh. It is and each the only issue made as exercised and compton, though dead; yet speaketh. It is indeed the only issue, made so every day, and against all men. Take another instance, the postmaster at Erie. Pennsylvania, has all his life, been the personal fee of the President, and yet he saved his office by lauding Lecompton. The postmaster at Carlisle, in the same Siate, would certainly have been removed but for a similar willingues to support the same for a similar willingness to support the same heresy. But the postmaster at West Chester, Mr. Moore, though his retention was demanded by the entire community, though he was model officer, though he was cautions as to a mount officer, though he was cautions as to the expression of his views on political ques-tions, was swel t out of office because he can the friend of that Juhn Hickman, who, in 1860, spoke side by site with Howell Cobb in favor of the deserted princip se of the Cincinnati platform.

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purpose of securing encouragement and protection for Home Labor.

The meeting was called to order by Morton McMichal, and on his motion, Henry C. Carey was, called to the chair Seventy-six vice Presidents were also appointed, representing

almost every interest in the city. The meeting was addressed by the Hon. acob Collamer, U. S Senator from Vermont Hom-Humphrey Marshall, of Md., Hon-James-F. Simmons, of Rhoda Island. F. Simmons, of Rhode Island; Senator Cameron, of Pa, Hon, Richard W. Thompson, of Indiana: Hon, John Covode, of Westmoreland Pa., Hon. E. Joy Morris, of Philadelphia, and

It was one of the largest meetings ever held in Philadelpdia, and the following Preamble and Resolutions, which were adopted by acclamation, set forth in detail the causes, which have called forth this spontaneous movement of the people, in favor of securing a home market for their own manufactures and products in preference to the pauper labor of Europe.

Contrast the present condition of the councountry, with what it was, under the tariff of 1842, then read carefully the preamble to the Resolutions and you will be satisfied that PROTECTION TO AMERICAN LABOR, is the touchstone by which the Government will be saved from bankruptcy, and our workingnien,-farmers, mechanics' and laborers-restored to that position which their enterprize and industry entitles them to.

PREAMBLE AND RESOLUTIONS. PREADURE AND RESOLUTIONS.

Whereas. The commerce of the country is now entirely paralyzed—the workman being unable to sell his labor—the farmer finding a daily declining market for his products—the manufacturer having no market for his fabries - the miner being unable to sell his coal— the furnace master meeting no purchaser for his iron - the machinist finding no demand for his machines—the property holder being una-ble to collect his rents—the capitalist being unable to obtain even the legal rate of interest unable to obtain even the legal rate of interest.

—and the Government being wholy unable to collect the necessary revenue; And. Whereas, the cause of paralysis is to be found in the fact, that the policy of the Federal government looks to separating the consumer from the producer to using the workshop of Europe, while our own people are permining at home for want of temployment: And Where is the state of things, now, existing it are as, the state of things now existing, is pre-cisely similar to that which existed in the calamitous year which preceded those in which were passed the protective tariff of 1824, '28

And Whereas, The passage-of-those nets was followed by an immediate return of confidence, and immediate increase of demand for both labor and capital re-establishing domestic commerce—enabling the manufacturer to become a larger customer to the farmer, and the farmer to become a larger cus-tomer to the manufacturer, and giving to the

country a high degree of prosperity.

And Wherens, Our whole experience proves that prosperity comes with the adoption of measures looking to the protection of the mational industry, while bankruptey of the peo-ple and the government follows always in the wake of the free trade system. — And Whereas, All experience proves—that.

the periods of protection are those of peace and economical administrations of the govern-ment, while periods of free trade have been

uniformly characterized by war and waste. And Whereas The demands upon the tren-sury are already increasing, while the revenue as regu'arly diminishes—the first having risen to nearly one hundred millions, while the later is now coming in at the rate of less than

hirty millions.

And Whereas. A Continuance of the existing system can have no other effect than that omplete bankruptey of both the people

and the government.

And Whereas, Congress has just adjourned after a six mouths' session remarkable for the fact that, great as are the distresses of the people, the executive authorities have failed to propose any measures of relief, while the leg-islative bodies have refused even to permit the introduction of any measures looking in that direction.

lves. Therefore, Resolved, That it is the determination of this meeting to labor for the restoration of the

system so long and so ably advocated by these great men-that system which gave to the country the universal prosperity which existed here in the closing years of the tariffs of Resolved, That in a change of policy we see the only course through which our political system may be preserved, the experience of

all nations proving that protection to the people is, in fact, protection to the governmentiself. Resolved, that it is our fixed determination, at all future elections to give our votes to such candidates, and such only, as shall prove

ures looking to securing to the American la borer a market for his labor.

themselves prepared to give their aid to meas

AMERICAN ENTERPRIZE. By the following letter from Rio Janerio, which we find in the American Railroad Journal, we learn that W. Milnor Roberts and Wm. M. Watts of this place, in connection with four other gentlemen have contracted to make the second section of the "Don Pedro II. Railroad," in Brazil-

DON PEDRO II. RAILROAD. RIO JANEIRO, April 80, 1858,

To the Editor of the AM R. R. JOURNAL. DEAR SIR: - As you have taken a lively in terest in the progress of the 'Don Pedro II. Railroad'—the first great national improvement of Brazil, you will be gratified to learn that the second section, which was advertised for letting both in Europe and the United States, and for which European and American contractors bid in competition, has been let to an American firm, consisting of W. Milnor Roberts, Wm. M Watts and C. J. Harrah, of Pennsylvania, and Robert Harvey, George Harvey and Jacob Humbird, of Virginia, in

one contract.

The first section of this road was constructed by Edward Price, of England, a public opening of which took place on the 29th ultimo, in the presence of the Emperor, the high dignitaries of the empire, and a vast concourse of people. The first section is 38 miles long, extending from Rio Janeiro to Belem, a new town new the base of the Serve de Money. town near the base of the Serra de Mara range of mountains running nearly parallel with the coast. This portion of the road, although in sight of and not far from mountain spurs and peaks, runs through comparatively level grounds all the way; Belem being only about 140 feet above the level of the sea. The work on this part of the line was not heavy, the search seafing which he search the second section, which has just been let to the American firm, is of a very different character, as you are already aware from your former advertisements and descriptions. Colonel Garnett, the Chief Engineer, nided by Major A. Ellison, Chief Assistant, has been engaged for eighteen months past in the investigation of the question of routes. The line finally developed and located, and upon which the work has been let, passes up this mountain range, with the same maximum grade as the Pennsylvania Central railroad on the eastern slope of the Allegheny Mountain, namely 95 feet per mile. The features of the Brazilian mountain are, however, much bolder and more rugged than the Allegheny—range—the body-of the ridges and spurs consisting of granite rock, usually covered with a layer of varying depth of red clay or loam. So far as can be judged from the rook and earth excavations in the mountain ridges in the vicinity of Rio Jauciro, which are believed to be very similar to the main chain, there is nothing particularly difficult to be apprehended in regard to the material to be excavated. But the amount of work, in the shape of rook cuts and tunnels,

An immense meeting of the Mechanics and working men of Philadelphia, was held at National Hall on Tuesday the 15th inst. for the iron, track-laying, stations, side-tracks, etc., all of-which are covered by the contract. The are orwhich are covered by the contract. The residue of the line is finally located 12 mies further to the Parahyba river, where the line forks; one branch running down the river bo miles, and the other up the river 120 miles making 212 mi es yet to be let. It is expected that if the second section is carried on to the satisfaction of the company, the who e line will be placed in the hands of the American firm.

rm...The capital of the Company is about twenty millions of dollars—upon which seven per cent. per annum interest is guarantied by the government; and the stock stands—at—nearly par in the English share market. The valley of the Parahyba, abounds in splendid coffee plantations, and the best informed men here. plantations, and the best informed men here, are of the opinion that the business of the good when it is inislied will enable the Confpany to make fair dividends on itsentire cost. The country is cultivated in the immediate vicinity all along the second section, although a considerable portion of the line itself is located through the forests. Clear mountain springs of delicious water are abundant, and the climate is remarkable on the Serra for its salubrity. During the hottest of the summer months, December, January and February, the months, December, January and February, the months, December, January and February, the thermometer seldom rises as high as £62, and during the winter months of June, July and August it rurely, falls below 60°. At present it ranges about 70° to 72° Along the first section between Rio Janeiro and Belem, considerable sickness was concentrated; but from a point six miles beyond Belem (corresponding in relative position to Alcong an the Penn. in relative position to Altoona on the Penn-sylvania railroad) it is as healthy as the Allesylvania railroad) it is as healthy as the Allegheny Mountain. Free Portuguese and slave labor are employed generally for rock and earth work; but contractors, foremen and some mechanics are expected from the United States, and miners, in part from the United States or Europe. 'The iron for the track being admitted free of duty, will probably be furnished in England or Wales.' Implements of all kinds and machinery are also admitted for this railroad free – most of which will be

for this railroad free - most of which will be obtained in the United States Three of the steam engines engaged by the Company, are now on their way from Richmond, Va. These will be transferred to the contractors on their rrival in Rio Janeiro
The contract requires the work to commence forthwith and be completed in five years, twenty per cent. of the amount on the second section to be retained in the hands of the Company

intil half the work is done, and ten per cent

hereafter. Two things are needed for Brazil and the United States, as powerful adjuncts in facilitating their future commercial and social inercourse, namely, the completion of a grand ystem of railroads from the sea coast to the terior, and a line of steamers direct between Rio Janeiro and ports in the United States. Brazilian enterprise has commenced and will prosecute the first to successful completion, and American enterprize, encouraged by Bra zil, ought to establish the second without de lay. The present commerce between the two countries warrants the formation of a steam ship-line, and it is obvious that hereafter it will be greatly increased with the increased facilities afforded. Yours truly *

AMERICAN SUNDAY SCHOOL UNION .- We ave received a copy of the thirty-fourth an mal report of the American Sunday School -Union presented at the annual meeting in Concert Hall, Philadelphia May 4, 1858. The President John McLean of Ohio being detained by his official duties in the Supreme Court the Hon. William Hall, of Delaware, one of the

Vice Presidents occupied the chair, and de livered the introductory address. The receipts of the society during the pa ear, from Legacies amount to 4,470,00

From-donations and collec-60,605,14 tions - - - -

Total - \$65.075.14 he whole number nów 5996.

The Missionary work of the society. been prosecuted as extensively as their means would justify. They have had in commission And Whereas. When the constituted authori- eighty missionaries during the year, in seventies of a State refuse to protect the people, it becomes the people's duty to protect themsocieties. More than 1500 new schools have dren. Books intended for children and youth but into circulation by missionaries and paid

Books furnished to schools una-

\$8,007,42 ble to supply themselves'. Adopting the language of the report we may add, that in the work of evangelizing this country, the Sunday-school is second in importance to no other agency. It souls are to be saved by the grace of God through those great truths held.in common by Christians, and if youth is the best time to make lasting impressions, and if these truths are brought to bear upon the heart and conscience chiefly through the personal agency of the living heart, then the great system carried out by the American Sunday School Union-as an evangelizing agency or missionary work-is not surpassed by any existing society in the wide world.

NEW BIRD AND GAME LAW.-It i not generally known, we believe, that a new law for the better preservation of game and insectivorous birds was enacted at the last ession of the Legislature of this State. It is one of importance to every farmer and lover of nature, and we hope the good sense of our citizens will make it generally observed. The make the law a terror to evil-doers in that respect.

Section 1st of the new law forbids the killing of any blue bird, swallow, martin, or other insectiverous bird, at any season of the year, under the penalty of two dollars. Section 2d forbids the shooting or destroying any pheasant between the 1st of January and the Ist of September, or any woodcock between the 1st of January and the 1st of October, under the penalty of five dollars for each and every offence. Section 4th provides that no person shall, at any time, wilfully destroy the eggs or nests of any birds mentioned in the different sections of the act, under a penalty of two dollars for each and every offence.

These are but some of the provisions of the new law; and we advise "sportsmen," before venturing forth upon their work of wanton destruction, to procure a copy of the law, and read it carefully:

A SMALL INSTRUMENT OF TORTURE .-- Have our lady readers ever reflected upon the fact that so small an instrument as a sewing is, that parents will permit their daughters to this inscription: grow up slayes to the needle, while the . "With kindest regards and warmest wishes Groverd Baker Sewing Machines will do more beautiful sewing than can be done by hand. The time is coming when the parent who consents to have his daughters continue hand sewing, will be regarded as wanting in

work, in the shape of rock cuts and tunnels, is much greater per mile than any analogous affection for them.

affection for them.

affection for them.

affection for them.

approximation tine been members of this popular company time been members of this popular company.

Sick Headache and Devility.—Of the many pany.

Sick Headache and Devility.—Of the many.

Sick Headach met on the 8d. Stick a pin-there. 1,000 feet each or less. About half a million pepsis:

1858.	Thermo-	Rain.	Remarks
Tuesday.	68 00		
Wednesday.	71 00		Fog.
	70,00	_	Fog.
Friday.	75 00		
Saturday.	77-00	_1.20_	
Sunday.	79 00		
Monday.	79 00		
Weekly Menn.	74 00	1.20	

*The degree of heat in the above register is the daily erage of three observations.

To Correspondents. - Erastus has been eceived, and will be attended to next week. ... W," ditto.

"Normal School," ditto. We are very much indebted to our orrespondent "C." for the interesting sketch, from Kline's Gazette of the first Commencement of Dickinson College. We shall be glad o receive inore extracts from the same source

Mea. The city markets exhibit no change n prices. Flour and wheat are both dull at previous quotations." Corn is in demand and sales of yellow have een made at 74 cts, Oats are lower.

GAS AND WATER COMPANY. - We oublish this week, a Borough Ordinance pased by the Town Council, at their last meeting authorizing the Chief Burgess, and the Pres sident of Council, to subscribe in the name of the Borough, for fourteen hundred shares of the capital stock, of the Carlisle Gas and Waer Company, at \$25 per share, amounting,

n the aggregate, to \$35,000. This large purchase of stock, on the part of he Borough, when she was already a stockholder to the amount of \$25,000, may surprise some of our readers, but we think, a word of explanation, on the subject, will show that here was an urgent necessity for the company to sell their stock, and obvious reasons why the Borough should, alone become the purchaser.

The Gas and Water Company was embarrassed with a debt of \$85,000, due to bondholders, without adequate means for payment: These bonds, if prosecuted to collection, would have caused a forced sale of the property of the company to speculators, at a price far be low the original cost, and the consequent loss to the Borough of the \$25,000 already invested In view of this state of affairs, the company proposed to the Council, that the Borough should purchase this stock, and issue its onds for the payment of the same, twenty of them to be for \$1000 each, and thirty of them for \$500 cach; payable in fifteen years, with coupous attached for the payment of the interest semi-annually. On the acceptance of this proposition, the company will execute a mortgage on its property, in trust for the holders of the bonds, and guarantee the payment of the principal and interest due, at the times and on the conditions specified, out of its anhual revenue, setting apart also, one thousand 459 Life Members have been added, making dollars per annum, as a Binking Fund. for the emption of the bonds The Town final red Council, therefore, as the proper guardians of the interests of the Borough, conceived it to be their duty to enter into the arrangement. It involves no increase of taxes and subjects the Borough to no loss. She merely lends her those laboring under the direction of auxiliary credit to the company, and takes the stock as collateral security, the company in the mean been organized containing about 57,700 chil- time paying the interest on the bonds out of its annual revenue and providing means in the future, for the redemption of the bonds and a re-transfer of the stock. We believe the Council, in this matter, have pursued the only course indicated by prudence, and a proper regard for the interests of our citizens, and so far, we have heard no objections to it. In noticing this subject, however, we cannot agree with our friend of the Volunteer, that "the Borough should own the entire works." The gentlemen who projected and carried out the gas and water works; were ac tuated by motives of public spirit, rather than private gain; and taking into consideration the large investment necessary to complete teacher, eye meeting eye and heart meeting the work, and the limited number who have, as yet, availed themselves of its benefits, w think the company have managed their affairs

ple would most probably be forgotton, in rush for "the spoils." PRESENTATION .- A very beautiful and costly gold-headed cane was presented to Col-ARMSTRONG NOBLE, on Thursday evening last, by Carlisle Lodge, No. 91, 1. O. O. F. Col. penalfies are quite stringent—enough so to Noble is a P. G. of No. 91, and for many years has been one of the most efficient members o the Board of Trustees; and, although in ill health for a long time, has never availed him self of his right as a beneficiary, under the Byo-Laws of the Lodge. The members, there fore, have thought proper to make this presentation, as a mark of their appreciation o his character and influence ar an Odd Fellow We learn that the cane was presented, or the part of the Lodge, by WM. M. PENROSE Esq., in a neat address, to which the Colone responded, returning thanks for the honor

quite as well as the Borough could have done

We have contention enough at our municipal

elections, without making the offices of the

Gas and Water establishment, the sport of

politicians, in which the interests of the pro-

conferred on him by the Lodge, and doing full justice to the motives which had influenced the members, in making him a present so useful and appropriate.

THE "CONTINENTALS."-The numer ous friends of this admirable troupe of vocalists, will be pleased to learn that Mr. W D. Franklin was married, on the 30th of May, to Miss Jennie A. Goodrich, of Glastenbury, Ct. All the members of the Continental Troupe

were present on this occasion, and at proper intervals of the ceremony they discoursed some needle has destroyed more lives, and caused of their most charming and appropriate music, more suffering than the sword. It is true, At the conclusion of the ceremonies, the newhowever, as the mortality among seamstress. ly-married couple were presented with a mages every where attests, and our only wonder nificent Family Bible, bearing on the fly-leaf

> for their future welfare, this Book is presented to Mr. and Mrs William D. Franklin, by the members and ex-members of the 'Continental Vocalists. This was signed by all, with a single exception. (Mr. Frisbie, now deceased) who have at

SCHOOL EXAMINATIONS.—The annual examinations of the schools of the borough, prior to the summer vacation, commenced on Monday last, with the primary department. Miss Wightman's, Miss Reighter's and Miss Bell's schools were examined in the forenoon, and Mrs. Caufman's, Miss Edmond's and

Miss Gardner's in the afternoon. On Tuesday, Miss Po-tlethwaite's schoolwas examined in the forenoon, and Miss generally. I take it from Kline's "Carlisle Beetem's in the afternoon.

To day, Mrs. Adair's school is to be examined in the morning, and Mr. Cornman's with volume first, number twelve, 1785; which in the atternoon. The examinations will be continued as fol- the furthest west in the State, and of course

On Thursday morning, at 8 o'clock, Mr. Masonheimer's school. Visiting Directors, Messrs, Blair and Cornman.

SECONDARY DEPARTMENT AND HIGH SCHOOLS. On Thursday afternoon, Mr. Hampton's school. " On Friday morning at 8 o'clock Mr. Mc-

ternoon, Miss A Underwood's school. On Saturday morning, at 8 o'clock Miss M. Underwood's school, and at 2 o'clock in the afternoon, Mr Ring's school. On Monday morning, at 8 o'clock, classes for transfer from Miss A. Underwood's, Mr. Hampton's and Mr McCartney's schools will be examined, and at 2 o'clock in the after-

and Mr. Ring's Schools On Tuesday morning, at 7 o'clock the Male High school under the care of Mr. Eckels, and at 2 o'clock in the afternoon, the Female High school under the care of Miss

noon, the classes from Miss M. Underwood's

The classes in vocal music of the Secondary and High schools, under the care of Mr. Rheem, will be allowed one-half hour of the morning or afternoon allotted to said schools for examination in his department.

All the Directors, with such visitors as they may invite, are expected to attend all the examinations in the Secondary Department and High schools. On Wednesday evening, at 71 o'clock, there will be an exhibition, in Education Hall, in

close of which Diplomas will be awarded, and the schools dismissed for the vacation. Parents of Scholars, and citizens generally are invited to attend the examinations and exhibition.

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E CORNMAN. II. SAXTON, Committee of Arrangements.

BOOUS WATCHES .- We have received a communication from Mr. W. Bann, North Second street, Harrisburg, stating that recently, a pedling jeweler paid a visit to this county, and swindled a farmer, living some three miles from Carlisle out of forty dollars, by getting him to advance that amount on a brass watch, (asa pledge,) which be represented to be gold He then visited another farmer. and swindled him in like manner, out of one hundred dollars, giving him in p'edge, three bogus watches. The latter soon discovered the cheat, and following the pedlar, caught him, and settled the affair without judicial interference, probably, by making him disgorge the money he had got from him.

The letter further states, that this swindler is now in Harrisburg, and if the farmer who was victimized out of his forty dollars will go there promptly, he may secure his money, and at the same time serve the ends of justice, by having the fellow committed for trial.

ARREST .- On Thursday afternoon young man stopped at the Mansion House and registered his name as "Theodore Wilson, all about? Some circumstances gave rise to a suspicion that he intended to commit a robbery, if he got the opportunity, and his movements were watched by officers McCartney & Bretz. Finding that some persons were on ever Major McCartney considered the grounds sufficient to warrant his arrest when he gave his name as George Wilson, and afterwards acknowledged that it was Theodore Decker, of New York,

A full set of burglar's tools was found on his person, and he was committed to prison where he remains awaiting further developements.

THE VOLUNTEER.—We notice that last number of the American Volunteer closes its fourty-fourth volume. Many years ago, we played the "Devil" in that office, when the Volunteer, known then as the · little blue sheet," was printed on an old Ramage, the first printing Press ever brought west of the

Susquehanna. The Volunteer has been increased to nearly double its original size, And like wine it improves with age. We may fully presume now, that as it will soon be out of the muster roll, its tone will not be so belligerent as it has been in more youthful days. In politics, it is still the true exponent of patent Democracy; thus verifying the truth of the couplet.

"Old politicians chime on wholem past And totter on in blunders to the last."

o VIEW OF THE COLLEGE -- We have received a colored Lithograph of Dickinson College, drawn by J C. Brooking of the Senior Class, and executed by E. Valdis of New York, which affords a much better idea of the college with its surroundings than the engraving formerly used in the annual cata-

The Lithograph is intended as a frontispiece for the College Portrait Gallery of 1858, embracing the Faculty and the members graduating class

IRVING FEMALE COLLEGE. - The second year of this flourishing institution is drawing to a close. The first Commencement of the College will take place at Mechanicsburg, on Wednesday, the 80th inst., when a Class of eleven young ladies will graduate. The final examination of the Senior Class took place on last Monday. The next Collegiate year will commence with a Senior Class numbering forty-two members.

The following are the exercises for Commencement week: Sunday, June 27 - Baccalaureate Sermon by Rev. Herman M. Johnson, D. D., of Dickinson College.

Monday, June 28 Examination of the Tuesday, June 29-Annual Meeting of the Board of Trustees, at 6 o'clock, P. M. Tuesday, June 29-Annual Address, by Rev. D W. Bartine, D. D., before the Irving-

ton Society, at 8 clock, P. M. Wednesday, June 20-Comme cises, at 8 o'clock, P. M. Wednesday, Sept. 1-Fall Session begins.

PARADE OF THE INFANTRY. - The quare, yesterday evening, while the Barracks | The price paid was \$4.500 Band were discoursing their delightful music, Two thought, was the finest parade of the Infantry we have seen for a long time.

[For the Heraid.] First Commoncement of Dickinson

MR EDITOR-I observe another Commence nent is approaching, which occupies a con siderable share of public attention for a time. Perhaps the following account of the First Commencement may be interesting to the friends of the Institution, and your renders Gazette and Western Repository of Knowledge," a file of which I have, commencing

was the first newspaper in the County and

contains many things concerning the old " berough." The Faculty was organized in 1874. Rev. Dr. Nesbit, President, James Ross Professor of Languages, to whom were added Rev. Dr. Davidson, Professor of Belles Letters, and Robert Johnston, Professor of Mathematics, in 1785. The Institution was under the control of the Presbyterians. The number from Cartney's school, and at 2 o'clock in the afwhich I take the extract is dated October 3d. 1787 :

> " On Wednesday, the 26th ultimo, was held the First Commencement for Degrees in Dick-inson College - The Prus ces having obtained leave to use the Presbyterian Church, on this occasion the exercises, with which a crowded assembly of ladies and gentlemen were very agreeably entertained, were exhibited in that large and elegant building. * At 10 o'clock, in the morning, the Trust-

ces, Professors, and several Classes of students in College, proceeded in order from the College to the Church. When all had taken theplaces assigned them, the Principal introduced the business of the day with prayer, "The following orations were then pro-

" 'A Salutatory Oration, in Latin.on the adantages of learning, particularly by a public Education, by Mr. John Bryson, " An Oration on the excellency of Moral

Science, by Mr. Boyse.' " An Oration on the importance and advanages of concord especially at the present crisis of the United States of America, by Mr. David McKeehen.'

Declamation Composition and other exercises; "An Oration on Taste, by Mr. Isniah Blair, with vocal and instrumental music, at the iccurate acquaintance with the Latin and Greek Classics, by Mr. Jonathan Walker. "After an intermission of two hours, The following exercises took place in the after-

> "An Oration on the pleasure and advan tages of the study of History, by Mr. David Watts ' An Oration on the nature of Civil-Liberty

mil the gvil of Slavery and Dospotic Power, by Mr. Steel Semp e.' air, steel Semp e." "An Orațion on the various and wonderful power and faculties of the human Mind, by Mr. James Gettings.'

"The degree of Bachelor of Arts, was then conferred by the Principal, on the following system. young gentlemen, viz: John Boyse John Bryson, Robert Duncan, Isaiah Blair, Johnathan Walker, David Watts, David McKeehen, James Gettings, and Steel Semple.

ner—as-might—render—them—useful—citizens,blessings to their country, and an honor to the College in which they had been educated. "A valedictory Oration in praise of Science. and of the worthy patrons of Literature, con cluding with suitable address to the Trustees, Professors, and Graduates, was pronounced

by Mr. Robert Duncan. "The business of the day was concluded

with prayer by the princpal. "The young gentlemen performed all these exercises with a probity and spirit which did them great honor, reflected much credit on their teachers, and gave ground to hope that the son's of Dickinson College will at least agent in reacht learning and ablains to those of any other seminary.'

PROTECT THE ROBINS .- It is found that robins subsist chiefly upon the worst ene Street, Boston, Proprietors. Sold by their mies of the fruit trees the curculios. Not the agents every where. S. Elliott agent for first particle of vegetable matter is ever found | Carlisle. in the craw of a single bird. This settles tha question in favor of the robin and he who kills one of the beautiful and innocent songsters, for sport or food, or any other cause, deserves to be fed with wormy fruit for the remaining | Oil. It acts by imparting Electricity to the years of his natural life.

Shronrik Hoffer, have just received ,000 white pine Shingles, of superior quality which they will sell at river prices.

FIRE.-Robert Black's carpenter shop, near North Pitt street, made a narrow escape from fire vesterday. Mr. Black was absent, and the shop was locked, but by some means a pile of shavings outside, was set on fire, and the flames had just caught the building when it was discoved, and the alarm given. A few buckets of water were sufficient to extinguish it without any other damage than scorching the outside.

HARRISBURG LAGER: A dispute has risen between Harrisburg and Reading as to the merits (?) of the Lager Beer, made in their respective places. Judges were appointed to settle the dispute who have decided in favor of Harrisburg. An old English poet has said, "Dull are the thoughts of those who drink vite beer." No wonder therefore the Harrisburg papers complain of their town being so dull.

THE WEATHER .- After five or size days of sweltering heat with the themometer vibrating among the nincties, we had a glorious shower last evening, which filled the parched ground with moisture, and cooled the tmosphere delightfully:

FIREWORKS .- Suppose some of our enterprising young men, get up a subscription for a grand display of fireworks on the pub lic square on the evening of the 3d or 5th of July, for the benefit of the young folks They ought to see the 4th of July as well as the "children of a larger growth."

ARREST .- A German brewer named Linneberg, was arrested by deputy Sheriff Jacobs, last evening for fighting and disorderly conduct. He was committed to prison. The cause of his trouble, was probably an experiment on his part, to ascertain whether o ot lager would intoxicate.

SALE. - We understand, that Wm. Bentz, of this place, has purchased that splendid property on West High Street, now occupied by J. G. Williams. This house has just been refitted and a third story added to it and groups of morry children sporting on the is one of the best-business locations in town.

> See advertisement of Dr. Sangond's Liver Invigorator in another column,

THE NEW AND STARTLING POEM OF THE DRESS FOR THE HAIR:

Miss Flora McFlingey of Madison Square A lady of fushion, of wealth and of benuty, Spent money like water for stuff for the hair, And did it because she thought it a duty
To paint the fine lily—to perfume the rose—
To gild refined gold—though few would—

suppose Miss Flora McFlimsey with beauty so rare, Required nught to make her more charin

ingly fair. OANTO II,
Miss Flora had heard of a noted Professor,
-Who dressed his own hair, tho not a Hair-

dresser, With a magical, wouderful, great preparate tion.
(Now used in vast quantities over the nation).
This noted Professor was grey as a rat.
At juver ile thirty—no older than that— And the amount of poor hair his crown

. had upon it, (Though now as black as a raven's wing, With lustre enough for a ball room king.
Would not have been accepted, such was its harsh and dry character, by any fashionist, however bald she might have been, who er wore a bonnet.

This is all of this beautiful and startling poem which will be published in this paper. If you desire to learn the effect of the preparation which Miss McFlimsev applied to her hair, call at 312 Broadway, and Professor Wood's agent will prove to you that Wood's Hair Restorative is one of the best articles for beautilying and prontating the growth and restoring the original color of the hair,

ever put before the world. Caurios .- Baware of worthless imitations. as several are already in the market, called by different names. Use none unless the vords (. Professor Wood's Hain Restorative, Depot St Louis' Mo., and New York), are blown in the bottle. Sold by all Druggists and Patent Medicine dealers, also by all-Fancy and Toilet Goods dealers in the United Statel and Canada.

DISEASE OF THE STOMACH.

The stomach is the most liable to get out of order. Hence how imporant that no disased matter clog its operation, which would cause nausea and distress by our food. It "An Oration on the advantages of an also weakens the brain, destroys the memory, creates pains and dimness, and various afflictions in the head. It produces great difficulty in breathing and swallowing. Sometimes fainting fits will ensue; also bad breath, restlessness and great loss of strength. If not immediately attended to, the blood will' carry the disease through the whole system, and death will end the work. From 2 to 5 of these Pills a day will keep the digestive organs in a healthy condition, and unclog or carry away all impure matter, and thoroughly restore and cleanse the stomach; at the same time the Pills will so purify the blood. as to drive all manner of disease from the

Worms.-In a quantity of corrupted mat. ter, there is always to be found a nest of worms. They cannot, neither will they star anywhere else. Weak stomach and bowels "This was immediately followed by the are subject to them, as they have not suffici-Address to the graduates, in which they were ent power to digest their food. Hence a affectionately; exhorted to prosecute their large heap of matter is lodged, and worms studies with zeal and diligence, and to con- must be the result. A few doses of these duct themselves in future life in such a man- pills will disturb them in their nest, and

-drive-them-out-of the system. It should be 'remembered, that an occasional dose when in health, especially after taking cold, will prevent the disease from forming in the body.

Dr. Morse's Indian Root Pills are sold by all dealers in Medicines.

OXYGENATED BITTERS. LETTER FROM REV. C. W. DENNISON Boston, June 6, 1854. Gentlemen.-Having-suffered considerably

from Dyspepsia, in consequence of close

confinement to my duties on ship board, during a recent voyage to and from the Pacific coast, I was induced by the advice of a friend, to try a bottle of your Oxygenated Bitters. -C. W. DENISON.

SETH W. FOWLE & Co., 138 Washington MED Sprained Ankles and Wrists can be

relieved of all swelling and pain in 5 to 30 minutes by the free use of Davall's Galvanic part affected-starts up a new action in that part, and a cure is at once obtained. This medicine is for sale by S Ediott, B. J. Kieffer, J. S. Davidson E. James, Wo., B. attan, Wm. Reed, Hood & Co., Alfred Mineright,

Highland & Washinger, Jomes Kyle, D. Hays, Russel & Dice, Green & Co., Peter Garber B. Plack, Alexander & Mottin, Conighend & Moore, A. M. Leithick, Mary W. Fessel, MARION HALL, is the place to get good Dignerreotypes. Ambotypes. Melanlotypes, Ster-reoscopes. Crayontypes and Photographs.

Persons visiting Carlisle will find it to reward their for their trouble to visit this Institute.

N. B. Int faw specimens are exhibited at the door and the public are respectfully invited to call at the Gallerys whom overy trained on pictures capable of be-ing postured them to call in whost produced to the produced the call in whother you of the tree are not a call on the call in whother you can be a long posture of the call of the capable describes

ng pranaction.

Ladies and Gentlemen call III workers.

Ladies and Gentlemen call III workers.

Rospectfully yours.

D. C. NEAGLEY. I in whether you want plo eet with a cordial reception

Marriages. In Shiremanstown, on the 17th Inst., by the Rev. J. 1803 Clekson, Mr. HARVEY A. GUTSHALL, to Miss SARAH

Deaths.

In this borough, on Monday last: ELIZABETH LU-CRETIA, lafant daughter of John B. and Mary Ellen Bratton, aged 3 manths and 16 days. AN ORDINANCE,

Respecting an additional subscription to stock of the Carlisle Gas and Water Company. Respecting an adattionar successful to some of the Carlisle Gas and Water Company.

Be it enacted and ordained by the Town Council of and ordained by the authority of the same:

Section 1. That the Chief flurgers and President of the Town Council, he and for the same:

Section 1. That the Chief flurgers and President of the Town Council, he and for its use and breight of the Town Council, he and for its use and benefit, for Fourteen Hundred Shares of the Capital Stock of the Carlisle Gas and Water Company.

Suc. 2. That the President of the Town Council be and is hereby directed, authorised and empowered to borrow for the use of the Borough of Carlisle, to pay for the stock directed to be subscribed for by the first section of this Ordinance, the sum of Thirty-five Thousand Boliars, and to issue Bonds in the name of the said Borough under its corporate seal, attested by the President and Secretary of the Town Council, for that aniount, insumsed One Thousand and Five Hundred dollars, payable in Fiften years, with coupons attached; sigued by the Borough Townsurer, for the payment of the send and farchibes of the seld-florough for the payment of the sound and farchibes of the seld-florough for the payment of said Bonds and their interest.

Enacted Into an Ordinance the Tith day of June, A. D. 1858.

NO, B. PARKER,

INO, B. PARKER,
President of Town Council.
FRANCIS ECKELS. Attest—Thes. D. Manon, Secretary of Corporation.

TEACHERS WANTED, - Applicachool term. The schools are graided and the spicials classified.

The salaries are as follows viz: Trimary Department,
2 in Sec undary, 42%; Third, 25%; and Hish Schools 40, ner month. The term will commence on the first Non; a day if September next; and continue for nine months.

No light of the Board,
June 23, 1888—34*

June 23, 1855-3t.