The Markets.

CARLISLE PRODUCE MARKET.

[REPORTED FOR THE HERALD.]

CARLISLE, Wednesday, October 8, 1856.

FLOUR Superfine, per bbl.	- -	$6 2[illegible]
do Extra, do	- -	6.5[illegible]
do Family do	- -	6 7[illegible]
RYE, do	- -	2,7[illegible]
WHITE WHEAT per bushel	- -	1,8[illegible]
RED do do	- -	1,2[illegible]
RYE do	- -	6[illegible]
CORN do	- -	5[illegible]
OATS do	- -	3[illegible]
CLOVERSEED do	- -	8,2[illegible]
TIMOTHYSEED do	- -	2,7[illegible]
WINTER BARLEY, do	- -	1,0[illegible]
SPRING BARLEY, do	- -	[illegible]

Old Virginny in a Stew.

The Hon. John M. Botts, of Virginia, is another noble Southern man, who like Judge Bates, of Missouri, Senator Bell, of Tennessee, Hon. Henry Winter Davis, of Baltimore, and other true Southern patriots, dares to say in plain language that the election of Fremont will not dissolve the Union. In a speech recently delivered at Richmond, Virginia, he concludes as follows:

"With regard to the frequent threats of disunion, let me say that the Union is in no danger of a dissolution. There are but two ways of dissolving the Union: one is by revolution and force, which the strong arm of the general government will always be able to put down; and the other is by a convention of the States that adapted the constitution, and framed the government of their choice. Newspaper editors and cross road politicians have no power to dissolve it, and there is now and always will be, good sense enough among the conservative elements of the country now engaged in their daily avocations in the field, in the workshop, in the factories, and in every pursuit of life, not heeding nor caring for the cry of 'wolf! wolf!' with which our ears have become familiarized, but who will, when occasion calls for it, rise up in their mighty strength and trample under foot these noisy, mischievous malcontents, who make the night hideous with their yells of disunion; and let me tell them that 'I will meet them at Phillippi,' and on that field they will find me kneeling at no other altar than the altar of the Union, worshipping at no other shrine than the shrine of the constitution, and fighting under no other flag than the stars and stripes of the United States."

For the utterance of these noble sentiments, the Richmond *Enquirer*, and its democratic cotemporaries in Virginia, are doing the best they can to stir up a mob against John Minor Botts for daring to say in Richmond that the The N. Y. *Herald* says that these democratic ninnies are scratching, and kicking and biting and snorting over this declaration like a pack of veritable jacknasses afflicted with the botts. Mr. Pryor calls upon his fellow citizens to expel Botts, to ostracise Botts, to export Botts to the North, to drive Botts out of the State forthwith; in fact, Master Pryor would think none too good for Botts, if Brooks were to come suddenly upon him and maul him over the head within an inch of his life; or if the infuriate ruffians of the secession democracy were to hang, draw and quarter Botts, and roast him and eat him, blood, body, and bones.

DOWN ON BOTTS.—The Southern press, the secession portion of it at least, is down on Botts like a thunder gust. The Martinsburg (Va.) *Republican*, the Lynchburg *Republican*, the Staunton *Vindicator*, the Alexandria *Sentinel*, *South Side Democrat*, Charleston *News*, &c., are all let loose upon him. One calls him a Sampson pulling down Know-Nothingism; another complains that his speech has been peddled round the State, repeated in various places, and that "there is more than one wolf in Virginia;" another says that he has indulged in a freak of "mad intoxication," and "total abstinence" is the only "remedy" for his "maddening cup;" another denounces him as a traitor, another as a Cataline of the "darkest hue," who would sell his country, or "betray his God" All this rantipole stuff betrays the force and power with which Botts has hit the mark. But we respectfully ask, if one man is a match for all the secessionists of Virginia, how is that project to be carried out against a good many millions of Bottses?

NEWS FROM CENTRAL AMERICA.—By the arrival of the *Tennessee* at New York we receive interesting news from Nicaragua and Costa Rica. The tide is represented as having again turned in Walker's favor. His army well organized and in good health and spirits, consisted of about 1,600 Americans. A couple of hard fought skirmishes had taken place at San Jacinto, where a body of the adherents of Rivas had fortified themselves in a ranche.—Two attempts to dislodge them proved unsuccessful, and the Government troops were compelled to retire with considerable loss. Rivas, as a political leader, is said to be extinguished. He still retains possession of leon, but his men are dying daily from starvation and cholera. From Costa Rica we learn that the soldiers are opposed to another invasion of Nicaragua, but declared their readiness to defend their own country if required. We receive no confirmation of the rumor that Costa Rica had concluded a treaty with Nicaragua. On the contrary it is more than probable that, with the Winter season, the war between the two countries will be renewed. When the *Tennessee* left, there was a large British fleet at San Juan and more vessels were daily expected.

RESOLUTION PROPOSING AMENDMENTS TO THE CONSTITUTION OF THE COMMONWEALTH.

Resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met, That the following amendments are proposed to the Constitution of the Commonwealth, in accordance with the provisions of the tenth article thereof.

FIRST AMENDMENT.

There shall be an additional article to said Constitution to be designated as ARTICLE XII.

OF PUBLIC DEBTS.

SECTION 1. The State may contract debts, to supply casual deficits or failures in revenues, or to meet expenses not otherwise provided for; but the aggregate amount of such debts direct or contingent, whether contracted by virtue of one or more Acts of the General Assembly, or at different periods of time, shall never exceed seven hundred and fifty thousand dollars, and the money arising from the creation of such debts, shall be applied to the purpose for which it was obtained, or to repay the debts so contracted, and to no other purpose whatever.

SECTION 2. In addition to the above limited power the State may contract debts to repel invasion, suppress insurrection, defend the State in war, or to redeem the present outstanding indebtedness of the State; but the money arising from the contracting of such debts, shall be applied to the purpose for which it was raised, or to repay such debts, and to no other purpose whatever.

SECTION 3. Except the debts above specified, in sections one and two of this Article, no debt whatever shall be created by or on behalf of the State.

SECTION 4. To provide for the payment of the present debt, and any additional debt, contracted as aforesaid, the Legislature shall, at its first session, after the adoption of this amendment, create a sinking fund, which shall be sufficient to pay the accruing interest on such debt, and annually to reduce the principal thereof by a sum not less than two hundred and fifty thousand dollars; which sinking fund shall consist of the net annual income of the public works, from time to time owned by the State, or the proceeds of the sale of the same, or any part thereof, and of the income or proceeds of sales of stocks owned by the State, together with other funds, or resources, that may be designated by law. The said sinking fund may be increased, from time to time, by assigning to it any part of the taxes, or other revenues of the State, not required for the ordinary and current expenses of government, and unless in case of war, insurrection or invasion, no part of the said sinking fund shall be used or applied otherwise than in the extinguishment of the public debt, until the amount of such debt is reduced below the sum of five millions of dollars.

SECTION 5. The credit of the Commonwealth shall not in any manner, or event, be pledged, or loaned to, any individual, company corporation, or association; nor shall the commonwealth hereafter become a joint owner or stockholder, in any company, association, or corporation.

SEC. 6. The commonwealth shall not assume the debt, or any part thereof, of any county, city, borough, or township; or of any corporation or association; unless such debt shall have been contracted to enable the state to repel invasion, suppress domestic insurrection, defend itself in time of war, or to assist the state in the discharge of any portion of its present indebtedness.

SEC. 7. The Legislature shall not authorize any county, city, borough, township, or incorporated district, by virtue of a vote of its citizens, or otherwise, to become a stockholder in any company, association, or corporation; or to obtain money for, or loan its credit to, any corporation, association, institution, or party.

SECOND AMENDMENT.

There shall be an additional article to said constitution, to be designated as article XII., as follows:

ARTICLE XII.

OF NEW COUNTIES.

No county shall be divided by a line cutting off over one-tenth of its population (either to form a new county or otherwise), without the express assent of such county, by a vote of the electors thereof; nor shall any new county be established, containing less than four hundred square miles.

THIRD AMENDMENT.

From section two of the first article of the constitution, strike out the words "of the city of Philadelphia, and of each county respectively;" from section five, same article, strike out the words, "of Philadelphia and of the several counties;" from section seven, same article, strike out the words, "neither the city of Philadelphia nor any," and insert in lieu thereof the words "and in lieu thereof insert the following:

"SEC. 4. In the year one thousand eight hundred and sixty-four, and in every seventh year thereafter, representatives to the number of one hundred, shall be apportioned, and distributed equally throughout the state, by districts, in proportion to the number of taxable inhabitants in the several parts thereof; except that any county containing at least three thousand five hundred taxables may be allowed a separate representation; but no more than three counties shall be joined, and no county shall be divided, in the formation of a district. Any city containing a sufficient number of taxables to entitle it to at least two representatives, shall have a separate representation assigned it, and shall be divided into convenient districts of contiguous territory, of equal taxable population as near as may be, each of which districts shall elect one representative."

At the end of section seven, same article, insert these words, "the city of Philadelphia shall be divided into single senatorial districts, of contiguous territory as nearly equal in taxable population as possible; but no ward shall be divided in the formation thereof."

The legislature, at its first session, after the adoption of this amendment, shall divide the city of Philadelphia into senatorial and representative districts, in the manner above provided; such districts to remain unchanged until the apportionment in the year one thousand eight hundred and sixty-four.

FOURTH AMENDMENT.

To be section XXVI, article I.

The legislature shall have the power to alter, revoke, or annul, any charter of incorporation hereafter conferred by, or under, any special or general law, whenever in their opinion it may be injurious to the citizens of the commonwealth: in such manner, however, that no injustice shall be done to the corporators.

In Senate, April 21, 1856.

RESOLVED, That this resolution pass. On the first amendment, yeas 24, nays 5. On the second amendment, yeas 19, nays 6. On the third amendment, yeas 28, nays 1. On the fourth amendment, yeas 23, nays 4 Extract from the Journal.

THOMAS A. MAGUIRE, Clerk.

In House of Representatives, April 21, 1856.

RESOLVED, That this resolution pass. On the first amendment, yeas 72, nays 24. On the Second amendment, yeas 63, nays 25. On the third amendment, yeas 64, nays 25; and on fourth amendment, yeas 69, nays 16. Extract from the Journal.

WILLIAM JACK, Clerk.

SEC'Y'S OFFICE, Filed April 24, 1856. } A. G. CURTIN, Sec. of the Commonwealth.

Secretary's Office, Harrisburg, June 27, 1856.

PENNSYLVANIA, ss.:

I do hereby certify that the above and foregoing is a true and correct copy of the original "Resolution relative to an amendment of the Constitution," as the same remains on file in this office.

In testimony whereof I have hereunto set my hand and caused to be affixed the seal of the Secretary's Office, the day and year above written. (L.S.)

A. G. CURTIN, Sec. of the Commonwealth.

In Senate, April 21, 1856.

Resolution proposing amendments to the Constitution of the Commonwealth being under consideration,

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the first amendment?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows:

Yeas—Messrs. Browne, Buckalew, Cresswell, Evans, Ferguson, Flenniken, Hoge, Ingram, Jamison, Knox, Laubach, Lewis, M'Clintock, Price, Sellers, Shuman, Souther, Stroub, Taggart, Walton, Welsh, Wherry, Wilkins and Piatt, Speaker, 24.

Nays—Messrs. Crabb, Gregg, Jordan, Mellinger, and Pratt—5.

So the question was determined in the affirmative.

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the second amendment?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution; and were as follows:

Yeas—Messrs. Browne, Buckalew, Cresswell, Evans, Hoge, Ingram, Jamison, Knox, Laubach, Lewis, M'Clintock, Sellers, Shuman, Souther, Straub, Walton, Welsh, Wherry, and Wilkins—19.

Nays—Messrs. Crabb, Ferguson, Gregg, Pratt, Price, and Piatt, Speaker—6.

So the question was determined in the affirmative.

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the third amendment?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the Constitution, and were as follows;

Yeas—Messrs. Browne, Buckalew, Crabb, Cresswell, Evans, Ferguson, Flenniken, Hoge, Ingram, Jamison, Jordan, Knox, Laubach, Lewis, M'Clintock, Mellinger, Pratt, Price, Sellers, Shuman, Souther, Straub, Taggart, Walton, Welsh, Wherry, Wilkins, and Piatt, Speaker—23.

Nays—Mr. Gregg—1.

So the question was determined in the affirmative.

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the fourth amendment?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the Constitution, and were as follow, viz:

Yeas—Messrs, Browne, Buckalew, Cresswell, Evans, Flenniken, Hoge, Ingram, Jamison, Jordan, Knox, Laubach, Lewis, M'Clintock, Price, Sellers, Shuman, Souther, Straub, Walton, Welsh, Wherry, Wilkins and Piatt, Speaker—23.

Nays—Messrs. Crabb, Gregg, Mellinger and Pratt—4.

So the question was determined in the affirmative.

Journal of the House of Representatives, April 21, 1856,

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and on the first proposed amendment, were as follow, viz:

Yeas—Messrs. Anderson, Backus, Baldwin, Ball, Beck, (Lycoming,) Beck, (York,) Bernhard, Boyd, Boyer, Brown, Brush, Buchanan, Caldwell, Campbell, Carty Craig, Crawford, Dowdall, Edinger, Fausold, Foster Getz, Haines, Hamel, Harper, Heins, Hibbs, Hill, Hillegas, Hipple, Holcomb, Hunsecker, Imbrie, Ingham Innis, Irwin, Johns, Johnson, Laporte, Lebo, Longaker Lovett, M'Calmont, M'Carthy, M'Comb, Maugle, Menear, Miller, Montgomery, Moorhead, Nunnemacher Orr, Pearson, Phelps, Purcell, Ramsey, Reed, Reinhold Riddle, Roberts, Shenk, Smith, (Allegheny,) Smith (Cambria,) Smith, (Wyoming,) Strouse, Thompson, Vail Whallon, Wright, (Dauphin,) Wright, (Luzerne, Zimmerman and Wright, Speaker—72.

Nays—Messrs. Augustine, Barry, Clover, Coburn, Dock, Fry, Fulton, Gaylord, Gibboney, Hamilton, Hancock, Housekeeper, Leisenring, Magee, Manley, Morris, Mumma, Patterson, Salisbury, Smith, (Philadelphia,) Walter, Wintrode and Yearsley—24.

So the question was determined in the affirmative.

On the question,

Will the House agree to the second amendment?

The yeas and nays were taken, and were as follows, viz:

Yeas—Messrs. Anderson, Backus, Baldwin, Ball, Beck, (Lycoming,) Beck, (York,) Bernhard, Boyd, Brown, Brush, Buchanan, Caldwell, Campbell, Carty, Craig, Fausold, Foster, Getz, Haines, Hamel, Harper, Heins, Hibbs, Hill, Hillegas, Hipple, Holcomb, Hunsecker, Imbrie, Ingham, Innis, Irwin, Johns, Johnson, Laporte, Lebo, Longaker, Lovett, M'Calmont, M'Carthy, M'Comb, Maugle, Menear, Miller, Montgomery, Moorhead, Nunnemacher, Orr, Pearson, Purcell, Ramsey, Reed, Reinhold, Riddle, Roberts, Shenk, Smith, (Allegheny), Strouse, Vail, Whallon, Wright, (Luzerne,) Zimmerman and Wright, Speaker.—63.

Nays—Messrs. Augustine, Barry, Clover, Edinger, Fry, Fulton, Gaylord, Gibboney, Hamilton, Hancock, Hunsecker, Leisenring, Magee, Manley, Morris, Mumma, Patterson, Phelps, Salisbury, Smith, (Cambria,) Thompson, Walter, Wintrode, Wright (Dauphin) and Yearsley—25.

So the question was determined in the affirmative.

On the question,

Will the House agree to the third amendment?

The yeas and nays were taken, and were as follow, viz:

YEAS—Messrs. Anderson, Backus, Baldwin, Ball, Beck, (Lycoming,) Beck, (York,) Bernhard, Boyd, Boyer, Brown, Buchanan, Caldwell, Campbell, Carty, Craig, Crawford, Edinger, Fausold, Foster, Fry, Getz, Haines. Hamel, Harper, Heins, Hibbs, Hill, Hillegas, Hipple, Holcomb, Housekeeper, Imbrie, Ingham, Innis, Irwin, Johns, Johnson, Laporte, Lebo, Longaker, Lovett, M'Calmont, M'Comb, Maugle, Menear, Miller, Montgomery, Nunnemacher, Orr, Pearson, Phelps, Purcell, Ramsey, Reed, Riddle, Shenk Smith, (Allegheny,) Smith, (Cambria,) Smith, (Wyoming,) Thompson, Whallon Wright, (Dauphin,) Wright (Luzerne) and Zimmerman—64.

NAYS—Messrs. Barry, Clover, Coburn, Dock, Dowdal, Fulton, Gaylord, Gibboney, Hamilton, Hancock, Hunsecker, Leisenring, M'Carthy, Magee, Manley, Moorhead, Morris, Patterson, Reinhold, Roberts, Salisbury, Walter, Wintrode, Yearsley and Wright, Speaker—25

So the question was determined in the affirmative

On the question,

Will the House agree to the fourth amendment?

The yeas and nays were taken, and were as follow, viz:

YEAS—Messrs. Anderson, Backus, Ball, Beck, (Lycoming,) Beck, (York,) Bernhard, Boyd, Boyer, Brown, Brush, Buchanan, Caldwell, Campbell, Carty, Craig, Crawford, Dowdal, Edinger, Fausold, Foster, Fry, Getz, Hamel, Harper Heines, Hibbs, Hill, Hillegas, Hipple, Wil, Johns, Housekeeper, Laporte, Imbrie, Innis, Irmont, M'Carthy, M'Comb, Maugle, Menear, Miller, Montgomery, Moorhead, Nunnemacher, Orr, Pearson, Phelps, Purcell, Ramsey, Reed, Reinhold, Riddle, Roberts, Shonk, Smith, (Cambria,) Smith, (Wyoming,) Thompson, Vail, Walter, Whallon, Wright, (Luzerne,) Yearsley, Zimmerman and Wright, Speaker—69.

NAYS—Messrs. Barry, Clover, Cobourn, Fulton, Gibbony, Haines, Hancock, Hunsecker, Ingham, Leisenring, Magee, Manley Morris, Patterson, Salisbury and Wintrode—16.

So the question was determined in the affirmative.

SECRETARY'S OFFICE, Harrisburg, June 27, 1856.

Pennsylvania, ss:

I do certify that the above and foregoing is a true and correct copy of the "Yeas" and "Nays" taken on the Resolution proposing amendments to the Constitution of the Commonwealth, as the same appears on the Journals of the two Houses of the General Assembly of this Commonwealth for the session of 1856.

Witness my hand and the seal of said office, this twenty-seventh day of June, one thousand eight hundred and fifty-six. (SEAL)

A. G. CURTIN, Secretary of the Commonwealth.

1856!—FRESH ARRIVAL OF HARDWARE! HENRY SAXTON.

The subscriber having returned from the city would call the attention of his friends and the public to the large and well selected assortment of Hardware which he has just received, consisting in part of BUILDING MATERIALS, nails, screws, hinges, locks, bolts, glass, putty paints, oils, &c. TOOLS—edge tools; saws and planes of every description, with files, rasps, hammers, anvils, &c.

GLASS of every description and quality—common glass of different brands, white polished American glass, French glass of all sizes, double thick glass of all sizes, ground enamelled glass, &c.

A general assortment of SHOEMAKERS AND SADDLERS TOOLS, together with morocco, lining and binding skins, shoe thread, wax, pegs, lasts, harness mounting, saddletrees, &c.

COACH TRIMMING—canvass (plain, enamelled, figured and embossed,) patent and enamelled leather, axles, springs, hubs, spokes, felloes, shafts, &c., &c.

Cabinet Makers will find a large assortment of varnishes, mahogany and walnut veneers, moulding, rosettes, hair cloth, curled hair, &c.

WHITE POLISH PAINT—A new article for making a beautiful, white and brilliant polish, for dining-rooms, parlors, &c.

IRON—A large stock, comprising all kinds in general use.

☞ Remember the old stand, East High Street, Carlisle, Pa.

March 26, 1856.] HENRY SAXTON.

ROSEWOOD PIANOS FOR SALE

Two new and elegant Rosewood Pianos 6½ and 7 octaves, from the celebrated manufactory of Hallet, Davis & Co., Boston. These Instruments have been carefully selected from a large stock, and are warranted to give entire satisfaction. They will be sold at

CITY PRICES

and kept in order by a competent person, for one year from date of sale. Those who may wish to examine, or to purchase a good Instrument, are invited to call upon the subscriber at his residence in Carlisle.

Also, TO RENT, two good second-hand Piano Fortes at $8 per quarter. JOHN K. STAYMAN.

nov. 28, '55.

PRESERVING SUGAR.—A general assortment of Crushed, Sifted and Pulverised Sugars of best quality, as also Soft Crushed, Clarified and other qualities constantly on hand, suitable for preserving and all other purposes—generally at OLD PRICES.

Also a constant supply of the choicest Coffees, Teas, Spices and other articles in variety always on hand—attention is invited to our stock before buying elsewhere.

Carlisle, July 25, '55. J. W. EBY.

Business Cards.

GEORGE EGE, JUSTICE OF THE PEACE

☞ Office opposite the West end of the Court House

April 23, 1856.

C. P. HUMRICH, Attorney at Law.—Office on North Hanover street, a few doors south of Glass Hotel. All business entrusted to him will be promptly attended to. [April 16.

A. N. GREEN, Attorney at Law. Office in East Main Street, Mechanicsburg, Pa. Will attend to SURVEYING in connexion with his profession. [May 21, 1856.—1y.

DR. S. B. KIEFFER Office in North Hanover street two doors from Weiso & Campbell's store. Office hours, more particularly from 7 to 9 o'clock, A. M., and from 5 to 7 o'clock, P. M.

DOCTOR S. P. ZIEGLER.—Office and Residence East Main Street; third door below the Market House. Calls in town and county promptly attended.

Carlisle, Jan. 2, 1856.

WILLIAM C. RHEEM, Attorney at Law. Office in Main Street, Carlisle, Pa.—☞ Business entrusted to him will be promptly attended to. Feb. 7, '55.

G. W. BRANDT, Manufacturer of Mineral Waters, French Mead, Bottled Ale, Porter and Cider, North East Street, near the Rail Road Bridge, Carlisle

DR. I. C. LOOMIS DENTIST. South Hanover street, next door to the Post Office.

☞ Will be absent from Carlisle the last ten days of each month. [Aug. 1, '55

DR. GEORGE S. SEABRIGHT, DENTIST, from the Baltimore College of Dental Surgery.

☞ Office at the residence of his mother, East Louther street, three doors below Bedford. Reference—Dr. Geo. Z. Bretz March 19, 1856—tf.

DENTIST. WM. RILEY, having been instructed in the art (by Dr. Geo. Z. Bretz, a graduate of the Baltimore Dental College), is now prepared to receive his friends and perform the various operations in the line of the Dental profession, at his residence, in South Street, third door from West Street. Give us a call. Terms moderate.

May 27, 1856—1y.

SCRIVENER AND CONVEYANCER.—A. L. SPONSLER, late Register of Cumberland county, will carefully attend to the transaction of all such business as may be entrusted to him, such as the writing of Deeds, Mortgages Contracts, &c. He will also devote his attention to the procuring of Land Warrants, Pensions, &c. as well as the purchase and sale of Real Estate, negotiations, of loans, &c. ☞ Office on West High Street, formerly occupied, by W. M. Penrose Esq. near the Methodist Church.

REAL ESTATE AGENCY.

ANDREW G. EGE. M. JEFF THOMPSON

EGE & THOMPSON,

Have opened an office at St. Joseph, Mo., for the purchase and sale of Real Estate, buying and selling Land Warrants, entering Land on Time, Surveying and Mapping Towns, Location of Warrants, and making investments for non-residents, paying of Taxes, and all business pertaining to a General Land Agency in Missouri, Kansas, Nebraska, and Iowa.

☞ Office on Second Street, North of A. T. Beattie's Banking House. [July 30, 1856.

S. P. SNYDER. W. K. M'FARLANE

SNYDER & M'FARLANE—LAND AGENTS.

MINNEAPOLIS, Opposite the Suspension Bridge, Falls, of St. Anthony, Minnesota Territory, will buy and sell lands, negotiate loans, locate land warrants in Minnesota, Iowa, and Wisconsin. Inquiries respecting the country, by letter or otherwise, promptly

REFERENCES.

Hon. Alex. Ramsey, Ex-Governor,
Hon. H. M. Rice, Delegate to Congress, Minnesota,
Gov. Pollock, Harrisburg,
James R. Steele & Co., Philadelphia.
Hon. Frederick Watts, Carlisle,
A. Brady Sharpe, Esq.,
G Magoun, New York,
Robert Walsh, New Orleans,
James R. Irvine, Esq., Newville,
Hon. J. S. Black, Somerset, Penn'a,
Hon. J. R. Eddie, " "
J. H. Good, Mayor, Springfield, Ohio,
Gen. C. Anthony, " "
Jas. Carson, Esq. St. Louis,
Wm. Wilson, Esq., Baltimore, Md.,
J. T. Wright, Charleston, S. C.,
J. M. Wilson, Philadelphia.

30,000 Acres of Unimproved Land for Sale, at from $2 to $10 per acre; also Improved Farms. Lots for sale in St. Paul, St. Anthony, and all towns on the Minnesota river.

☞ Particular attention given to the Loaning of Money, and Entering Land Warrants. Address,

SNYDER & M'FARLANE, Minneapolis, Min. Ter.

March 26, 1856.—1y.]

FAYETTEVILLE FEMALE SEMINARY.—The duties of this Institution will be resumed on the 1st of September, 1856, under the direction of the Principal, who will be assisted by the same teachers formerly employed. The scholastic year will be divided into two sessions of Five Months each—the first commencing on the 1st of September, the second on the 1st of February.

There will be two courses of study in the Institution—the OPTIONAL and the REGULAR. Pupils in the former course finishing any branch of study, will receive a CERTIFICATE signed by the Principal and Teacher. Those completing a regular course will receive Diplomas and Testimonials of Merit.

TERMS, PER SESSION—FIVE MONTHS.

Board, fuel, light, room furnished,	$50 00
Tuition in English Branches,	10 00
" Music and use of Piano,	20 00
" Chromatic Drawing and Oil Painting,	12 00
" Pencilling and Drawing,	6 00
" French, Latin or Greek, with other studies,	4 00
Washing per dozen,	40

For further particulars see circular.

August 20, 1856—1m. J. KENNEDY, Principal.

EDWARD K. TRYON—(Sign of the Golden BUFFALO,) No. 134 N. 2nd St., between the Buck and Camel Hotels, Phila. Has for sale, at very low prices, a large assortment of DOUBLE AND SINGLE BARREL GUNS, Shot Bags, Game Bags, Superior Flasks, Powder Caps &c. N. B.—All kinds REPAIRING done at the shortest notice. August 20, 1856—1m.

PORTRAIT OF JOHN C. FREMONT.—The most correct likeness ever made; executed in the highest style of Art, and printed on fine India paper, published and for sale, Wholesale and Retail, by L. N. ROSENTHAL, Lithographer, N. W. corner Fifth and Chestnut Streets Philadelphia. Size of paper, 17x26. Retail price $1. A liberal discount will be allowed those wishing to sell again.

Aug 13. ☞ AGENTS WANTED. ☜

Coal Yards

BROAD TOP COAL.—10,000 bushels of the Celebrated Broad Top Blacksmiths' Coal receiving and for sale by

Sep. 3, 1856.] W. B. MURRAY, Agent.

FAMILY COAL.—500 TONS LYKENSVALLEY COAL, Broken and re-screened, prepared expressly for family use and kept UNDER COVER, so that I can furnish it DRY and CLEAN during the winter season. I have also on hand and for sale the LUKE FIDLER COAL from the mines of Boyd, Rosser & Co., and SHAMOKIN COAL from the mines of Cochran, Peal & Co., all of which I will sell at small profits for cash, and deliver to any part of the borough.

nov. 14, '55. W. B. MURRAY.

TO COAL CONSUMERS.—The subscriber would respectfully invite the attention of the citizens of Carlisle to his large stock of COAL, of various kinds, such as Lyken's Valley Broken, Egg, Nut for Limeburners, Trevorton, Egg and Nut, Shamokin Broken, Egg and Nut; all of which he will sell at reduced prices from last year, for cash. The Broken, Egg, and Stove Coal, for family use, will be screened. By striving to please I hope to have a liberal patronage.

TO BLACKSMITHS.

I am now prepared to supply you with the celebrated Broad Top Coal, which is considered the best in the State. Come and look at it. I have the Allegheny Coal also on hand, all of which I will sell low for cash. Quick sales and short profits is my motto—a nimble sixpence is better than a dull shilling. Please give us a call, one and all.

JACOB SHROM.

☞ All orders left at his residence in East street, or at Peter Monyer's and Henry Saxton's stores, will be promptly attended to. [Oct. 1, 1856.

Notices.

ASSOCIATE JUDGE.—Fellow-citizens.—Offer myself to your consideration as a candidate for the office of ASSOCIATE JUDGE of Cumberland county, at the ensuing Election, and promise (if elected) to discharge the duties of said office with fidelity and impartiality.

W. B. MULLEN.

Paxtertown, July 25, 1856.

VOLUNTEER CANDIDATE FOR ASSOCIATE JUDGE.—Fellow-citizens:—I offer myself to your consideration as a VOLUNTEER CANDIDATE for the office of ASSOCIATE JUDGE, promising if elected to fulfill the duties of the office without fear, favor, or affection.

Aug. 6, 1856. GEORGE HENDEL.

FOR ASSOCIATE JUDGE.—FELLOW-CITIZENS:—Through the urgent solicitation of friends, I have been induced to offer myself as a candidate for the office of an ASSOCIATE JUDGE, of Cumberland county, at the ensuing general election, and very respectfully solicit your suffrages for said office, pledging myself, if elected, to discharge the duties of the same with impartiality, and with a strict regard to the demands of the law and public justice.

CLEMENS M'FARLANE.

Newton Township, July 2, 1856.

NOTICE.—An Election for Officers and Managers of the Cumberland Valley Railroad Company will be held at the Railroad Office, in Chambersburg, on MONDAY, the 6th of October next, between the hours of 10 A. M. and 4 P. M., of said day.

L. M. BIDDDIN, Secretary.

Sep. 17, 1856.

ESTATE OF MARGARET FLEMING, deceased.—Notice is hereby given that Letters testamentary on the estate of Margaret Fleming, late of the borough of Carlisle, Cumberland county, deceased, have been granted by the Register of said county to the subscriber, residing in said borough. All persons knowing themselves indebted to said estate are required to make immediate payment, and those having claims to present them for settlement to

WM. B. MURRAY, Executor.

Sep. 17, 1856.

NOTICE.—Notice is hereby given that application will be made to the next Legislature of Pennsylvania, to alter the charter of the Carlisle Deposit Bank, located in the Borough of Carlisle, Cumberland county, so as to confer upon said Bank the rights and privileges of a Bank of issue, and to change its name to the Carlisle Bank. Also to increase the capital of said Bank (which is at present seventy two thousand dollars, with the privilege of increasing the same under its present charter to one hundred thousand dollars) to Three Hundred Thousand Dollars.

W. M. BEETEM, Cashier.

July 9, 1856.]

Stores and Shops.

SPRING STYLE OF HATS AT KELLER'S OLD STAND!

GEORGE KELLER desires to call the attention of his old friends and customers to his new assortment of Gentlemen's HATS, of the Oakford Spring style, with an elegant assortment of BOY'S CAPS and SUMMER HATS of every variety and the most fashionable styles.

He has also constantly on hand a large and varied assortment of his own manufacture as well as city made Hats and Caps, suitable for the season, comprising every variety of Russia, Beaver, Moleskin and Silk Hats, finished in the latest style, together with a full assortment of CAPS of every shape and description, and at every price. He particularly invites the public to call and examine his extensive assortment, which in style, material and finish, cannot be surpassed by any in market, and which he is able to put at prices lower than ever.

☞ Remember his old stand on North Hanover street next door to Huyett's Grocery Store.

WATCHES! CLOCKS! FANCY JEWELRY, &c.

I have now on hand and for sale at my Old Stand on Main Street, opposite Marion Hall, an entirely new and elegant stock of

WATCHES, JEWELRY, MEDALIONS, &c.

Gold Lever Watches, hunting and open case, Silver do.
Silver Lepine and Quarter Watches, a large variety.
Gold Anchors for Ladies and Gentlemen.
Medallions, a splendid assortment for ladies and gents.
Breast Pins of every pattern, and all prices,
Gold Chains for vest and fob, gold curb chains,
Finger Rings, Cuff-pins, Studs, Sleeve Buttons.
Crosses, Drop and Hoop Ear-Rings, a large variety,
Silver and Plated Forks, Table and Tea Spoons, Butter Knives, &c. of various styles and prices,
Gold and Silver Thimbles,
Gold, Silver and Common Spectacles, a large assortment to suit all ages, and to which we invite particular attention.
Port Monnaies, a large assortment at every price,
Gold Pens, of the best make at various prices,
Fancy Boxes, Port Folios, Accordeons, Spectacle cases,
Ladies Card Cases, silver and pearl, at various prices,
Bracelets, gold and common; Watch Chains ditto.

Also a large variety of articles in the Jewelry line, which I will sell at the lowest prices. All articles warranted to be what they are sold for.

☞ Particular attention paid to the REPAIRING OF WATCHES and all work warranted. Returning thanks to my old friends and customers for former patronage, I respectfully solicit a continuance of their favors.

June 20 THOMAS CONLYN.

NEW GOODS! NEW GOODS!! FIRST OF THE SEASON!

The subscriber has just returned from the eastern cities and is now opening a splendid assortment of

FALL GOODS,

which will be sold at very low prices.

A large stock of elegant Stella, Thibet, Cashmere, Brocha and Blanket Shawls.

An immense assortment of the most elegant Fancy and Black Silks, very cheap.

Mous de Laines, Challies, Merinoes, Paramettas, and great variety of Dress Goods, very handsome and very cheap.

Flannel, Blankets, Cassinetts, Jeans, Cloths and Cassimeres in great variety.

BOOTS AND SHOES—A large lot of Boots and Shoes of every description, at the lowest prices.

CARPETING—A new assortment of Imperial, Ingrain, Venitian, and Rag Carpets.

The assortment is now very large and complete, and all persons in want of handsome and cheap goods are respectfully invited to call at the Old Stand, East Main Street.

Sep. 10, 1856.) CHAS OGILY.