

Carlisle Herald.



CARLISLE, PA.

WEDNESDAY, AUGUST 27, 1856.

The Largest and Cheapest Paper IN CUMBERLAND COUNTY.

TERMS - Two Dollars a Year, or One Dollar and Fifty Cents, if Paid in Advance. \$1.75 if Paid Within the Year.

THE PEOPLE'S CANDIDATES.

FOR PRESIDENT.

JOHN C. FREMONT, of California.

FOR VICE PRESIDENT.

WM. L. DAYTON, of New Jersey.

UNION STATE TICKET.

CANAL COMMISSIONER,

THOMAS E. COCHRAN, of York Co.

AUDITOR GENERAL,

DARWIN PHELPS, of Armstrong Co.

SURVEYOR GENERAL,

BARTHOLOMEW LAPORTE, Bradford.

UNION COUNTY TICKET.

Congress.

Hon. LEMUEL TODD, of Cumberland.

Assembly.

Dr. W. W. NEVIN, of Southampton.

THOMAS B. BRYSON, Hampden.

Associate Judges.

WM. B. MULLEN, South Middleton.

GEORGE MILLER, W. Pennsboro.

District Attorney.

JAMES R. SMITH, Carlisle.

Commissioner.

JOHN HUMER, Carlisle.

Director of the Poor.

JOHN FISHBURN, Jr., Dickinson.

County Surveyor.

WM. D. SHOOP, Lower Allen.

Auditor.

ANDREW I. KAUFFMAN, Mechanicsburg.

Coroner.

JAMES MULLIN, Carlisle.

STILL THEY COME!

Gen. John N. Purviance, of Butler county, formerly Auditor General of this State, and a prominent member of the last 4th of March Democratic State Convention, has declared himself for Fremont and Freedom!

We learn from the Bucks County Intelligencer, that the Hon. Samuel D. Ingham, who was Secretary of the Treasury under Gen. Jackson, has taken ground for Fremont and Free Territory.

H. N. McAllister, Esq., of Bellefonte, Pa., a prominent Democratic leader, has also declared for Fremont.

FREMONT IN PHILADELPHIA.—A powerful reaction in favor of Fremont is evidently taking place in Philadelphia. An immense meeting of the friends of Fremont was held in National Hall, on Market street, last Thursday night.

Messrs. Colhamer, of Vermont, Trumbull, of Illinois, and Burlingame of Mass. delivered speeches and the enthusiasm was unbounded. The hall was filled to its utmost capacity and hundreds were unable to gain an entrance.

The merchants of Philadelphia are also taking an independent stand. A card is published in Saturday's North American by the extensive silk house of M. L. Hallowell & Co. in which referring to the systematic attempts which have been made to injure their business with Southern Merchants by spreading the report that they are not sound on the Slavery question, they declare in emphatic terms that "their goods are for sale but not their principles." In making this proclamation they evince a spirit of manly independence which the community will not fail to appreciate. They have set a noble example and under their courageous lead we hope to see the entire mercantile interest of Philadelphia take a bold stand for Freedom and wipe out the degrading reproach of being the slaves of cotton.

Our Killmore friends, who still stick to the ridiculous story of Fremont being a Roman Catholic, are affectionately invited to read Henry Ward Beecher's story of "The Dog Noble and the Empty Hole."

THE STRUGGLE AT WASHINGTON.

The proviso which the House of Representatives insists on attaching to the Army appropriation bill, and which the Senate and President resist, is as follows: Let every citizen carefully read it:

"Provided, however, and it is hereby declared, that no part of the military force of the United States, for the support of which appropriations are made by this act, shall be employed in aid of the enforcement of any enactment of the body claiming to be the Territorial Legislature of Kansas until such enactments shall have been affirmed and approved by Congress; but this proviso shall not be so construed as to prevent the President from employing an adequate military force, to prevent the invasion of said Territory by armed bands of non-residents, or any other body of non-residents, acting or claiming to act as a posse comitatus of any officer in said Territory in the enforcement of any such enactment, and to protect the persons and property therein and on the national highways leading to said Territory, from all unlawful searches and seizures; and it shall be his further duty to take efficient measures to compel the return of and withhold all arms of the United States distributed in or to said Territory in pursuance of any law of the United States authorizing the distribution of arms to the States and Territories."

The only object of this proviso it will be seen is to suspend the execution of the infamous and tyrannical laws passed by the bogus legislature of Kansas, which Franklin Pierce is now wickedly endeavoring to enforce by the power of the sword and the bayonet. But the House of Representatives is determined that the U. S. Army shall not be employed to enforce these laws, which are the most monstrous violations of liberty ever known, and exceed any which have ever disgraced the career of even foreign despots. One of these laws disqualifies any citizen from acting as a juror who is conscientiously opposed to the holding of slaves, or who does not admit the right to hold to hold them in the Territory, in any case where that right comes up for adjudication, either if an injury is done to or committed by a slave, or there is any violation of any law for the protection of slave property, or any crime committed against it. Another requires the taking of oaths by Territorial officers to support the provisions of the Nebraska and Kansas act, being no more nor less than test oaths based on mere political opinions. Another abolishes the freedom of speech and of the press, by making it a felony, punishable with five years' imprisonment, to speak or write against the right of persons to hold slaves in the Territory, or to publish any book, pamphlet, magazine, or circular, or circulate or introduce any denial of such right, or any opinion, sentiment, doctrine, advice or innuendo calculated to produce any disorder, danger or rebellious disaffection among the slaves, or induce them to desert their masters. And this offence is also declared a felony, and punishable with five years' imprisonment and hard labor. More than this: the writ of habeas corpus has been effectually abolished in the case of all negroes, mulattoes and fugitive slaves; and barbarous punishments have been enacted, to be put in force against any person sentenced under these laws, or any law of the Territory, to imprisonment and hard labor, compelling them to wear an iron ball and chain, the former of four or six inches in diameter, the latter six feet in length! And where there are two or more such unhappy convicts they are to be fastened together with strong locks and keys. Still worse: the very enactment of a slave to escape, or the abduction of any from the Territory, is to be visited with the infliction of the death penalty! If any slave, male or female, commits a petit larceny, they are to be punished, by stripes in the former case, or in the latter by imprisonment or twenty-one lashes, at the discretion of the Justice.

These monstrous laws, illegal, unconstitutional and barbarous, have been enacted by a legislature elected by the border ruffians of Missouri, to crush out Freedom in Kansas! Shall Congress sustain them and allow the army to enforce them? Freemen and right-thinking citizens everywhere will say with one voice, No!

Several new Advertisements unavoidably omitted.

THE CRY OF DISUNION.

The locofoco Buchanan papers are howling and braying in doleful numbers over what they falsely term the "sectional," "treasonable" and "disunion" tendencies of the Fremont party. Some of them are trumpeting with a great flourish that the Republicans carry a flag with sixteen instead of thirty-one stars, which they say is a "significant sign of their hostility to the Union." And yet the Republicans hold the very identical principle, and no other, which the Democrats of Pennsylvania avowed in the resolutions of their State Convention, held in Pittsburg, the 4th of March, 1849, as follows:

Resolved, That the Democratic party adheres now, as it ever has done, to the Constitution of the country. Its letter and spirit they will neither weaken or destroy, and they re-declare that Slavery is a domestic local institution of the South, subject to State legislation alone, and with which the general government has nothing to do. Wherever the State law extends its jurisdiction, the local institution can continue to exist. Esteeming it a violation of State Rights to carry it beyond State limits, we deny the power of any citizen to extend the area of bondage beyond its present dominion, nor do we consider it a part of the Compromises of the Constitution that Slavery should forever travel with the advancing columns of our territorial progress!

This is substantially the doctrine held by the friends of Fremont. It was not Disunion doctrine when held by the Buchanan democracy and no sensible man believes that it is Disunion doctrine now.

CUMBERLAND COUNTY.—We are glad to see that the Democrats of Cumberland county have renominated Messrs. James Anderson and William Harper for the State Legislature. There were no better men on the floor of the last House of Representatives, than the members from Cumberland. They stood faithfully by the interests of their constituents, and upon every question of public concern, their votes were always recorded on the right side.—Reading Gazette.

The editor of the Gazette was on the spot and saw Mr. Anderson sometimes giving his vote for Bank bills and Mr. Harper giving his against similar bills. But both always voted right, nevertheless! Is that what you mean, friend Getz?

JUDGE RUPP.—The Volunteer hauls down Judge Rupp's name from the loco loco ticket. Why was it put there? No man was authorized to say that he had changed his political principles, and if our opponents have been fooled in their cunning calculations they should not visit their denunciations upon him. But the Volunteer's coarse slurs cannot injure Judge Rupp, whose character is beyond the reach of such petty assaults.

THE EXTRA SESSION.

The two Houses of Congress re-assembled on Thursday last, in pursuance of the President's proclamation. The House numbered 179 members, and the Senate 38. Immediately after the organization the President sent in a message sent in a message, setting forth the evils which would result from the failure of Congress to vote supplies for the army, amounting, in his opinion to a complete cessation of all its operations and its practical abandonment, thus inviting the horde of predatory savages from the Western Plains and Rocky Mountains to spread devastation along our extended frontier. After the reading of the message, Mr. Campbell, of Ohio, reported the army bill as before passed, including the proviso which provides that no part of the appropriation shall be used to enforce any enactment of the Kansas Legislature until such enactments are approved by Congress, but may be used to prevent the invasion of the Territory by armed bands of non-residents, &c.—The House then went into committee of the whole and the bill was reported back to the House and passed finally by a vote of yeas 93, nays 85.

On Friday, the bill, as it passed the House, was acted upon in the Senate. A motion to strike out the proviso passed by a vote of 35 to 7, and the bill thus passed. The bill then went back to the House, and the question being on striking out the proviso, the vote was yeas 94, nays 96. Upon a subsequent motion to rescind from the proviso, the vote was the same. The House also refused to appoint a committee of conference. On Saturday and Monday no further progress was made toward a settlement of the difficulty.

A letter from Fayette county, Pennsylvania, says that that county, which has heretofore given 800 Democratic majority, will this year go for Fremont by a majority of 2000. One borough alone will give a majority of 400. After a thorough canvass, only seven reliable Buchanan men can be found in the town. This may be taken as an illustration of the feeling of the West.

Town and County Matters.

AUGUST COURT.—The August term of the Court of Quarter Sessions of this county commenced on Monday last. Yesterday and a portion of the day before were occupied with the trial of John McCreavy, a soldier from the Barracks, for the murder of James McGary, another soldier, in a street fight, which occurred in this borough on the night of the 31st of May last. A number of witnesses were examined and there was a good deal of diversity of testimony as to the particular circumstances, though not to the main fact of the prisoner causing the death of his comrade. The Court charged the jury that the testimony did not establish a case of murder in the first degree. The jury returned with a verdict last evening, shortly after the adjournment of the Court, of murder in the second degree, the penalty for which is imprisonment.

Yesterday morning, on motion of A. B. Sharpe, Esq.—John P. Rhoads, Esq. was admitted to practice in the several Courts of this County. On motion of J. S. Colwell, Esq. Jonathan Wright, Esq. was also admitted to practise in the several Courts of this County.

SUICIDE IN PRISON.—A man named John Bennet was committed to jail on Wednesday last, on the charge of attempting to take the life of Mr. Michael Weise, Clerk to the County Commissioners. It appears that during the absence for a few minutes of the Clerk, Bennet went into the office in the Court House, and taking paper and pens commenced writing. Mr. Weise came in soon after, and remonstrated against a stranger taking such liberties. He was, however, allowed to continue writing, until informed that the hour for closing the office had arrived. He then got up to leave as required, but in an angry humor, and Mr. Weise followed him to the door. Just as Bennet was going out he turned round and suddenly presented a pistol, which he snapped directly in Mr. Weise's face! Fortunately it was not discharged, or Mr. Weise would inevitably have been killed. Bennet was at once overpowered and the pistol taken from him, after which he was committed to jail.

On Saturday morning, Bennet was found in his cell dead and weltering in his blood, having shot himself with a pistol. On examination it was found that the ball had entered his forehead near the left eye, causing probably instant death. The other prisoners stated they had heard the report of a pistol a short time after dark the evening before. The melancholy event was, however, not known to the Sheriff until the usual morning visit was made to the prisoners. An inquest was immediately held by the Coroner, Mr. Thompson, and a verdict rendered in accordance with the facts. From papers found on the person of the deceased it was ascertained that he was an Englishman, about thirty-six years of age, and that his name was John Bennet. Since his arrival in this country he had been engaged teaching school. Among his papers was found a Teacher's certificate, signed by John S. Richards, of Reading, and another signed by Mr. Shelly, Superintendent of Common Schools of Cumberland county. It appeared also, from other papers, that he had been in prison before. A supply of powder and balls was found secreted upon his person. The following note deemed to have been written just before the suicide was committed, and in connection with other circumstances affords conclusive evidence that the unfortunate man was laboring under mental aberration:

"Through perjury, fraud and the most chicanery, and as I suppose, through my own folly, I have been convicted of some infamous crime. What it is I cannot tell. I die a victim as much of unknown friends as secret enemies. JOHN BENNETT"

ARRESTS FOR MURDER.—Abraham Miller, a white man, and a negro named Mathew Willis were arrested on Monday, and committed to our county jail, on suspicion of being the murderers of John Kessel, who it will be remembered was some weeks since found dead in the yard near his dwelling house in East Pennsboro township, having been shot by some persons unknown. Willis was first arrested, suspicion having been directed toward him from the fact that he was known to be in possession of a considerable sum of money. Upon being searched a pocket book was found upon his person, supposed to have belonged to Kessel, containing about \$130. He was taken before Esquire Wilber, of that township, and as we are informed, stated upon examination that the money had been given to him by Miller, who acknowledged to him that he had killed Kessel and fearing that the money might lead to his detection gave it to Willis for safe keeping. Upon hearing these facts a warrant was issued for Miller, who was arrested the same afternoon at Kingstown. Both were lodged in the county jail yesterday for trial. Another individual is also suspected of being concerned in the murder who has not yet been arrested. Miller is a man of doubtful character who lives in the mountain not far from the farm of Kessel.

MORE BURGLARIES!

The dwelling house of Mr. Adam Senseman, County Treasurer, and the Cumberland Valley Railroad office, were both forcibly entered on Friday night last by some midnight depredator. The scamp's toil and labor were not this time very richly rewarded, however, as he did not in either place find the "funds" where he expected them. It seems, singularly enough, that Mr. Senseman's attention was arrested the evening before by the rather unusual conduct of a man whom he saw walking up and down before his door. The appearance and conduct of the individual excited his suspicions to such a degree that before going to bed he took the precaution to remove the sum of \$300 which was deposited in a secretary in his dining room, and take it with him to his bed chamber. This saved the money. In the morning he found that his house had been entered through a passage in the cellar and that the lock of the secretary had been broken. The amount obtained by the thief was but trifling. At the railroad office also the funds usually on hand were beyond the reach of thieves. House keepers should see to it that their doors and windows are carefully bolted and secured at night.

ANOTHER RALLY!—Another immense meeting of the opponents of Buchanan was held in the Court House last evening, which was ably and eloquently addressed by Mr. Spooner, of Ohio, in favor of Fremont for the Presidency. John B. Coover, Esq., of Allen, presided, assisted by a large number of Vice Presidents and Secretaries. The good cause goes cheerily forward in old Mother Cumberland!

ACCIDENT.—We regret to learn that a little son of Judge Rupp, of Hampden township, was very seriously injured a few days since. He was riding on the farm wagon from which he was thrown in passing over some rough ground and fell under the wheels. Although terribly crushed and injured he was still living at last accounts. The sad accident prevents the attendance of the Judge at court this week.

BULLARDS, PANORAMA.—This splendid panorama of New York City is now and will remain on Exhibition every evening this week, in Education Hall. It is said to be an admirable work of art, presenting to the spectator a complete view of the city, its streets, public edifices, together with views of two thousand carriages and twenty thousand persons. This afternoon and Friday afternoon there will be exhibitions for the children.

REPUBLICAN MEETING.—On Saturday last, Lieut. Gov. Ford, of Ohio addressed a large assembly of persons in this place on the principles of the Republican party. His speech was listened to with marked attention by all present, and helped many who were "on the fence" to decide in favor of Fremont and Dayton. A. K. McClure, Esq., of Chambersburg, also addressed the meeting.—Shippingburg News.

THE SCIENTIFIC AMERICAN.—A new volume of this useful and admirably conducted weekly will commence on the 1st proximo, and we commend it to the attention of every mechanic, inventor, engineer, farmer, man of science, and to every profession. Its illustrations of valuable inventions and descriptions of patented discoveries covers the entire field of ingenuity, both at home and abroad. Its editorials are the result of extended experience, and embody the most practical suggestions in the simplest manner. The publishers are Messrs. MUNN & Co., of 128 Fulton street, New York, and the subscription on two dollars a year.

MR. BUCHANAN ON HIS TRAVELS.—Mr. Buchanan stopped on his return from the Bedford Springs, on Saturday last, at the Doubling Gap Springs in this county, where he remained until Monday, when he took the evening train for Lancaster. A considerable crowd, composed of citizens and strangers in attendance at Court, assembled at the depot here and were gratified with a sight and a shake of the hand as he passed through. His appearance did not excite any high degree of enthusiasm.

YORK COUNTY, PA.—The democrats of this county have made the following nominations: For Associate Judge—Adam Ebaugh, Assembly—Col. James Ramsey, Samuel Menzies, Prosecuting Attorney, W. C. Chapman.

Marriages.

On Wednesday, 20th inst, by the Rev. W. Ellis, Capt. W. L. Elliott, U. S. Army, to VALENTIA BIDDLE, daughter of the late Major George Blaney, Corps of Engineers, U. S. Army.

Deaths.

On the 26th of July last, Mr. PATRICK HAYS, an old and respectable citizen of Newton township, in the 90th year of his age.