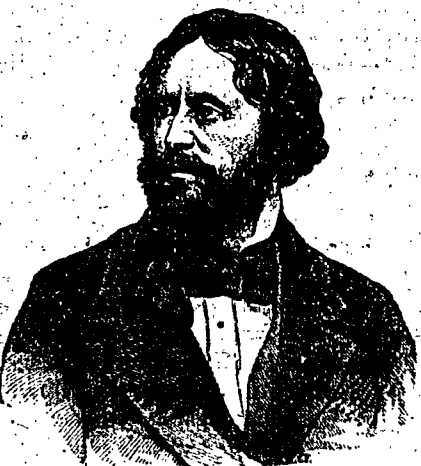


## Carlisle Herald.



CARLISLE, PA.

WEDNESDAY, AUGUST 20, 1850.

The Largest and Cheapest Paper  
IN CUMBERLAND COUNTY.TERMS—Two Dollars a Year, or One Dol-  
lar and Fifty Cents, if Paid in Advance.  
\$1 75 if Paid Within the Year.

## THE PEOPLE'S CANDIDATES.

FOR PRESIDENT,  
**JOHN C. FREMONT, of California.**  
FOR VICE PRESIDENT,  
**WM. L. DAYTON, of New Jersey.**

## UNION STATE TICKET.

CANAL COMMISSIONER,  
**THOMAS E. COCHRAN, of York Co.**  
AUDITOR GENERAL,  
**DARWIN PHELPS, of Armstrong Co.**  
SURVEYOR GENERAL,  
**BARTHOLOMEW LAPORTE, Bradford.**

## VOICE OF CLAY AND WEBSTER!

**Henry Clay on Slavery Extension.**  
In his great speech on the Compromise measures on the 6th of February, 1850, HENRY CLAY thus emphatically declared his opposition to all designs for the extension of Slavery:

"I repeat that I never can, and never will, and no earthly power will ever make me, vote to extend Slavery over territory where it does not exist. Never while reason holds a seat in my brain—never while my heart sends the vital fluid through my veins. NEVER—NEVER."

**Henry Clay on Buchanan.**  
In Mr. Clay's private correspondence, published last year (p. 417), in a letter to D. Gilman, dated June 14, 1851, he says as follows:

"Of the candidates spoken of on the Democratic side, I confess that I should prefer Gen. Cass. He is, I think, more to be relied on than any of his competitors. During the trials of the long session of the last Congress, he bore himself bravely, consistently and patriotically. He has quite as much ability, quite as much firmness, and, I think, more manly honesty and sincerity than Mr. Buchanan."

**Daniel Webster on Slavery Extension.**  
As coming appropriately in this connection, we quote a brief passage from DANIEL WEBSTER'S great speech, March 7, 1850—also his last great effort in the Senate. He said:

"Sir, wherever there is a substantial good to be done, wherever there is a foot of land to be prevented from becoming Slave territory, I am ready to arrest the progress of the extension of Slavery. I am pledged to from the year 1837; I have been pledged to it again and again; and I will perform those pledges."

## ADJOURNMENT OF CONGRESS.

Congress adjourned on Monday morning last. Both Houses were in session nearly all of Saturday night. The final adjournment took place on Monday: 12 o'clock. An exciting contest took place between the two Houses in reference to the appropriation bills. All were finally passed, however, but the Army bill, amounting to about \$14,000,000, which the House had fastened an amendment forbidding the employment of the Army to enforce the bogus laws of Kansas. The Senate rejected this, but the House insisted and the bill fell. Rumor is current of the calling of an extra session of Congress by the President, in consequence of the defeat of the Army appropriation, but no official action has yet been taken. There is every reason to believe that the President has given distinct assurances that *nolle prosequi* will be immediately entered in the alleged treason cases in Kansas.

## AN EXTRA SESSION.

The papers of yesterday contain the proclamation of President Pierce, calling an extra session of Congress to convene on Thursday the 21st inst. In consequence of no bill having been passed granting the necessary supplies to the Army.

**CONGRESS.**—Wilson, Blakes of Chambersburg, Democrat, and Joseph Pomeroy of Juniata, are the Congressional Candidates in the Franklin district.

## UNION COUNTY TICKET.

Seldom have we had at the head of our columns as good a ticket as that nominated by the Union County Convention on Monday last. All branches of the opposition to Buchanan were fairly represented in the Convention, and all are equally well represented on the ticket. The several candidates are men of the highest intelligence, of acknowledged fitness, and of well known standing, popularity and influence in their respective local districts. The candidates for the Legislature are both gentlemen of superior qualifications, who if elected will reflect credit upon the county. A large number of names were submitted to the Convention for nomination, and that some of these should be disappointed in their expectations was unavoidable. But those who have been disappointed should show their devotion to the cause by working with increased energy for its success, in the full confidence that their own claims will be duly regarded hereafter.

Whigs, Americans and Republicans, your ticket is now in the field. It is a ticket which we can cordially commend to your earnest support. It is the result of the harmonious deliberations of your township representatives. Give it, therefore, your support in the same spirit. Union is the word, and while you are united be active, energetic and vigilant also, and the success of your ticket is beyond all doubt!

## THE FREMONT FEELING.

We could fill columns of our paper with paragraphs attesting the enthusiasm which animates the friends of Fremont in the Northern and Western States. Nearly every paper we open contains announcements of prominent men who are abandoning the sham democracy and enlisting in the ranks of true, old fashioned Jeffersonian Republicanism. In Indiana, Illinois, Michigan, Wisconsin and Iowa the enthusiasm for Fremont is sweeping all before it. Republican Iowa already peals the trumpet-blast of VICTORY, summoning her sister States of the glorious West to join in the triumphal march of Fremont and Freedom!

In the Eastern States the signs are also full of promise and encouragement. The fires of Freedom are kindled on every hill and in every valley. New York and Ohio are regarded as safe for Fremont and all that is needed is to bring Pennsylvania into line. Friends of Freedom rouse to action!

**THE FILLMORE TICKET.**—The following is the electoral ticket chosen by the Fillmore Convention:

Non, Andrew Stewart, Hon. Joseph R. Ingersoll, Senatorial; 1 Armstrong C. Flommet, 2 Henry White; 3 Joseph J. Riley, Jr.; 4 Henry D. Moore; 5 Daniel O. Hittner; 6 Isaac Newton; 7 Caleb N. Taylor; 8 John C. Meyers; 9 Samuel Kennedy; 10 Henry W. Snyder; 11 Kimber Glenover; 12 Robert F. Chew; 13 Samuel York; 14 to be filled; 15 George W. Youngman; 16 Josiah V. Hos hour; 17 D. S. Duffield; 18 George W. Patton; 19 Joseph H. Kubus; 20 John H. Wells; 21 Wm. A. Wright; 22 Henry Phillips; 23 John M. D. Nesbit; 24 James N. Hetherington; 25 James Webster.

This ticket it is said contains the names of at least two men who are supporters of Fremont. These are G. W. Youngman, of the Fifteenth, and Caleb N. Taylor, of the Seventh District. Youngman, according to a Lycoming correspondent of the Pennsylvania, has been actively engaged in distributing Fremont papers, and is well known in that region, to be for the Republican candidate. The Poylstown Intelligencer also says, that Taylor was a member of the Philadelphia Republican National Convention which nominated Fremont, of whom he is an ardent supporter. There are also other names on the ticket which from their antecedents we should set down as more friendly to Fremont than Fillmore, but of whose precise position we have no definite information.

**THE UNION QUESTION.**—Elect our candidate, cry the Buchanan men, "or we will dissolve the Union." Elect me, says Mr. Fillmore, "or the South won't submit, and will dissolve the Union." "Whether Col. Fremont is elected or not," say the Republicans "the Union must and shall be preserved!"

## A SLANDER NAILED.

One of the lions at Newville last week was Ex-Gov. John Bigler, of California, who the Vigilance Committee say was not fairly elected to that office. He was called upon to make a speech in Newville, and alluded, as we are informed, to Brooks' attack on Sumner, saying that Col. Fremont while in the U. S. Senate had made an attack on Senator Foote which was quite as outrageous as the attack of Brooks upon Sumner. The Ex-Gov. could not have uttered a more outrageous calumny, and for the information of our friends who heard Bigler's speech we copy the following from the New York Herald, of Sept. 28, 1850, when the difficulty occurred:

WASHINGTON, Sept. 28, 1850.—When a fight occurs between two such prominent individuals as Senators Foote and Fremont, the public will naturally be curious to know how the fight came to occur. The facts in the case, as reported by a gentleman who happened to be present are as follows:

Mr. Foote, in debate, some time yesterday, in allusion to the proposed legislation, asked for information relative to certain land grants in California, and declared that such legislation would be disreputable. For this expression of opinion, Mr. Fremont, in the antechamber of the Senate, last night, called upon Mr. Foote for an explanation. Mr. Foote promptly replied that he would give an explanation. He assured Mr. Fremont that he meant nothing personal in his remarks he had made in the Senate. This was not satisfactory to Mr. Fremont who pronounced Mr. Foote to be no gentleman. As quick as thought Mr. FOOTE struck Mr. Fremont a blow. The two Senators clenched, or clutched at each other. At this moment, Senators Clarke and Mangum interred and separated the combatants, who uttered some terms of defiance at each other.

There was no motive for misrepresentation at the time the above was published. Instead of Fremont's attacking Foote, Foote attacked Fremont.

MISSOURI.—It is said that before the recent election in Missouri, an arrangement was made between the Benton and anti-Benton parties, by which it was agreed that the electoral ticket of the party polling the greater number of votes at the gubernatorial election should be considered the regular one, and the other withdrawn. The Benton electoral ticket will therefore be withdrawn. Nevertheless, the St. Louis Republican says that the greater part of the Benton votes, in St. Louis at least, will be cast for Fremont, for whom an electoral ticket will be forthwith nominated.

The National Era states, that the Anti-Slavery Standard, the Anti Slavery Bugle, of Ohio, and in fact every abolition paper advocating Disunion, condemns the Republican platform; and the Republican candidate. They are doing all they can for Buchanan by withdrawing votes from Fremont. Wendell Phillips and Parker Pillsbury, both ultra abolitionists, and avowed disunionists, are out for Buchanan, whose election they contend, would bring about the object they desire.

**CONGRESSIONAL COMPENSATION.**—Before the adjournment a new law passed Congress by which each member is to receive annual pay at the rate of \$3000 a year. The mileage pay is continued at the present rate, but the usual allowance of books is done away with. The bill passed the House by a vote of yeas 100, nays 98. Mr. Todd of this district voted against the bill.

**REPUBLICANISM IN VIRGINIA.**—A correspondent of the Boston Telegraph says that a FREMONT Electoral ticket will soon be nominated in Virginia, and that this demonstration is owing very much to the late blow struck by the slave-breeds at the people's rights in the expulsion of Mr. UNDERWOOD from the old dominion for participating in the Philadelphia Convention.

The Congressional Conference of the district composed of the counties of Warren, McKean, Venango, Clarion, Elk, Clearfield, Forest and Jefferson, met at Brookville, a few days ago, and placed in nomination Col. James Myers, Esq. of Venango county, as the Union candidate for Congress in that district, to be supported by the opponents of the sham democracy. The district is at present represented by Mr. Barclay, Leeseboom. It is the impression that he will be elected without much trouble. The Conference also prepared an address to the State Central Committee of the American and Republican parties, urging the propriety and necessity of forming a Union Electoral ticket.

## Town and County Matters.

**BURGOLARS ABOUT!**—We understand the dwelling house of Mr. Jacob Duey, on Louthier street, was entered on Saturday night last and \$25 in gold taken. The house was entered by a back window which had not been sufficiently secured, and the money taken from a desk the lock of which the thief had probably a key to suit.

**Gov. Ford's Speech.**—The Court House was filled to overflowing last night with people eager to hear the speech of Gov. Ford, of Ohio. They were richly repaid too. The Gov. spoke for an hour and a half in a strain of lofty and stirring eloquence, mingled with humor and anecdote, such as we have seldom had the pleasure of hearing. The audience testified their satisfaction by the most tumultuous applause. The Gov. is a genuine Western orator and his tour through Pennsylvania cannot fail of good results to the cause.

We are glad to hear there is a probability of his returning to speak at several points in this county. Gov. Ritner presided on the occasion.

**NEWVILLE FAIR.**—The Third Annual Industrial Fair of the Big Spring Literary Institute, at Newville, last week, was successful beyond all expectations. From Monday until Friday evening the town was thronged with visitors and alive with excitement. On Thursday the large hall and grounds of the Fair were crowded to excess. The exhibition comprised a large variety of articles of a useful and ornamental character and exceedingly creditable to the skill of the designers and manufacturers. An attractive feature of the exhibition was the fancy work, paintings, preserved fruits, &c., contributed by the ladies of Newville and vicinity. The management of the Fair was excellent, and we congratulate the officers upon the onward progress of their society.

**A FOUNDLING.**—At an early hour on Thursday morning last a colored man was observed by a neighbor to carefully deposit a small bundle at the front door of the dwelling house of a gentleman of this place. The bundle was taken up a short time after and on being opened was found to contain an infant child alive. It was a white child, and supposed to be three or four weeks old. The gentleman to whom it was thus consigned by its unnatural mother declined receiving such a present and it was placed under other guardianship.

**LANDLORD IMPRISONED.**—At the August Quarter Sessions Court in Perry county, last week, John S. Foote, a tavern-keeper, was indicted under the act of 1854, generally known as the Buckalew law, for selling liquor to a man of intemperate habits after notice. He pleaded guilty and was sentenced by Judge Graham to pay a fine of \$20 and the costs of prosecution and be imprisoned twenty days. This shows the determination of the Court to punish such offences with severity.

**AGRICULTURAL WAREHOUSE.**—An establishment of this kind has long been needed in our borough, and our country friends will therefore be glad to see that one has been opened by Mr. James Armstrong, whose advertisement will be found in to-day's paper.

**BALTIMORE FEMALE COLLEGE.**—Prof. John A. Munroe, a graduate of Dickinson College, and late of the New Jersey Conference Seminary, has been recently appointed Professor of Theoretical Mathematics in the Baltimore Female College, under the charge of Rev. N. C. Brooks.

The August number of the *Inventor*, closes the first volume. This monthly has steadily improved since its commencement, and it now commences its second volume as one of the most interesting and instructive Journals to all classes of Scientific men, Mechanics, Engineers and Mathematicians, published. The engraved illustrations are a popular feature of the work, and the publishers afford a valuable agency in the procurement of patents for new inventions. The terms are very low, only \$1 a year, in advance, and now, at the commencement of a new volume is the time to subscribe. Address LOW, HASKELL & Co., 304 Broadway, New York.

**Graham**, for September, rich, rare and readable, is already to hand. This magazine needs no puffing, it carries with its own commendation. We advise you, reader, if not already a subscriber, to send your address, accompanied by \$2, to Watson & Co., Bulletin Building, Philadelphia, and get it for a year. For sale by Mr. Piper, Main street.

**SLAVERY EXAMINER.**—A leading book from to Mobile, Alabama being charged with selling books favoring the freedom of the slave, a great excitement has been raised in that town. A mob was promptly raised, a vigilance committee formed, and the members of the firm ordered to leave the city within five days. They did so at once, but they did not ally the excitement.

**TERRIBLE STORM IN LOUISIANA.**—The storm of the 18th, 11th and 12th inst., which visited the vicinity of New Orleans was of the most terrible character. The most disastrous effects were felt at a summer resort, called Last Island, a short distance above New Orleans, which is represented to have had every house swept from it, and to have been completely inundated. Two hundred persons, it is estimated, lost their lives on this Island. Grand Caillon Island, another watering place, had also suffered severely; the extent of the loss of life was not known, but it was reported that thirty bodies had been found on one end of the island. The damage to the sugar, cotton and corn crops is said to be almost incalculable. The banks of the river at Bayou Sarg had caved in, carrying away three hundred residences.

The storm in Louisiana, proves to have been even worse than at first reported. It continued 48 hours, and by accurate measurement, not less than fourteen inches of rain fell. It extended up the Mississippi as far as heard from. At Last Island it is thought that the loss of life will reach 200, as 182 bodies had been found. Many of the survivors are badly wounded. The dead bodies were plundered of \$145,000 in money, by wreckers, and \$500 worth of baggage belonging to the survivors was mostly stolen. The buildings destroyed on the island were valued at \$10,000. At Caillon Island the buildings destroyed were valued at \$58,000, and thirty dead bodies were found in one end of the island. The damage to the crops is incalculable. At Bayou Sara, the flood made a reverse, in the levee, inundating the country in all directions. Three thousand dwellings have been swept away or damaged. In the neighborhood of the Balize a number of vessels were blown ashore. The steamer Nautilus is supposed to have been lost.

**Under the title "A Know Nothing Stampede,"** the Newark Mercury of the 12th says, that fifty-seven members of the strongest American Lodge in that city have withdrawn their support from Fillmore and declared for Fremont. The following, among other resolutions, was adopted at a public meeting afterwards held by the fifty-seven and their friends:

Resolved, That in John C. Fremont—a man who has done more for civilization on this continent than any other citizen—who has shown his devotion to Freedom and American Interests in many a bitter strain, and in William L. Dayton, whose voice has always been for the Right, for Free Labor against Slave Labor for Free Soil and Free Speech—we recognize men who are in every respect good enough Americans for us; and that, as they are the Representatives of sentiments which we approve, we do hereby adopt them as our candidates and will labor for their triumph, untiringly, from this time forth until the close of the polls on the fourth day of November next.

The news from the Southern elections probably caused this defection.

**LAFAYETTE COLLEGE.**—The commencement exercises of Lafayette College took place Easton last week. The Annual Address before the Washington and Franklin Literary Societies was delivered by Gov. Pollock. The *Easton Times* says:—An immense throng of citizens greeted the orator. Beauty, fashion, intellect, youth and old age composed the assembly. Close and undivided attention was given to the speaker. After being introduced by Dr. McLean, he arose and spoke one hour in giving some friendly and very excellent counsel to the young men about to leave the Alma Mater. He spoke of the duties of American scholar, the beauty of our Constitution and Union, of the dignity of labor, the necessity of having educated labor, the progress of the arts and sciences was dwelt by the speaker at considerable length. Many apt illustrations were adduced. Faintness and diligence were urged upon graduates in their studies but just begun, orator closed by saying that another kind knowledge, besides mere intellectual attainment was required. That knowledge was elevated man from earth to heaven.

**DEMOCRATIC FREMONT MOVEMENTS.**—In Kean county, Pa., a voluntary movement been made by members of the Democratic party, resulting in a thorough Fremont organization at the court house and in every township of the county. The Democrats of Clarion, Ohio, have also made a similar movement. They have got up and published for the organization of a Democratic Free club, giving in detail, the reasons why cannot support the Buchanan ticket. Cleveland Herald says that the signs were confined to those who, up to the present campaign, have been identified with the seceding party, and every man who signed his vote for William Medill, the Democratic candidate for Governor of Ohio. Had it been for those who voted for President P. the last night have embraced five hundred. The meeting to organize a club is to place on the 16th instant, at the court house and will be addressed by the Hon. W. C. Lately a Democratic member of Congress, Warren county, Pa., all the disaffected organs have also gone over to Fremont, led by the Hon. C. B. Curtis, a Democrat of the last Congress.

**A LOCOMOTIVE ROOMMATE.**—Some of the obnoxious papers are now publishing that best the California Gambler, and murder the Irish Waiter at Washington, is a Nothing and not a Democrat. Although both were members of the Cincinnati Convention, and elected as a democrat. Both friends are doing their best to lie him the Presidential chair, but it is doubtful if even this can save him.

The taxation in St. Louis is \$2 the \$100. In New York it is \$1-38.