

Carlisle Herald.

CARLISLE, PA.

WEDNESDAY, JUNE 25, 1856

The Largest and Cheapest Paper

IN CUMBERLAND COUNTY.

TERMS—Two Dollars a Year, or One Dollar and Fifty Cents, if Paid in Advance.

UNION STATE TICKET.

CANAL COMMISSIONER, THOMAS E. COCHRAN, of York Co. AUDITOR GENERAL, DARWIN PHELPS, of Armstrong Co. SURVEYOR GENERAL, BARTHOLOMEW LAPOORTE, Bradford.

COL. FREMONT'S NOMINATION.

Without at once entering into the active support of Col. Fremont, (whose nomination we freely confess is to us a severe disappointment) we nevertheless desire to do full justice to his character and to express our sympathy with the great cause, in which he is now, by the action of those whose political wisdom and experience is far greater than ours, the chosen leader. We have therefore given a large portion of to-day's paper to the proceedings of the National Republican Convention. What the aims and objects of the great Anti Slavery organization are, is most clearly and forcibly stated in the platform. Who the candidate is and what has been the career which has given him his high distinction, is graphically told in the sketch which we copy from the N. Y. Tribune. And how his character is estimated, and his peculiar fitness for the high station of President of the United States, fully and eloquently endorsed, may be seen by the "newspaper responses" we give from several of the most influential journals in the country. Throughout the entire North and West the nomination of Col. Fremont has in fact been received with every demonstration of enthusiasm, and his friends entertain the most sanguine expectations of carrying every Northern State (except probably Pennsylvania) for Fremont and Dayton.

THE NORTHERN AMERICANS.—The N. Y. Tribune of Saturday repudiates the idea that the Republican National Convention intended any disrespect to the Northern American Convention and says that Gov. Johnston was not placed on the ticket for the Vice Presidency because the Pennsylvania delegation thought his nomination would not secure union and harmony among the Anti Nebraska forces of the State. The truth is the Pennsylvania delegates desired the nomination of Judge McLean, and giving them the Vice President would have proved no remedy for the disappointment of their hopes.

MR. FILLMORE WILL NOT DECLINE.—We have the authority, says the New York Express, of a letter from Millard Fillmore, received by the last steamer from Europe, for saying that under no circumstances will he decline the nomination tendered him. It was made by his friends, accepted from his friends, received without asking, acknowledged without counting the consequences of success or defeat, and desiring to serve his country and avert the progress of error.

NOT A CATHOLIC.—The N. Y. Tribune gives an emphatic denial to the report, already widely circulated, that Col. Fremont is a Roman Catholic. On the contrary he was baptized, reared and confirmed in the Protestant Episcopal Church, to which he has constantly adhered. Mr. Fillmore is said to be a Unitarian, and Messrs. Buchanan and Breckenridge are both Presbyterians.

NEWSPAPER RESPONSES.

Col. Fremont is pronounced by the Albany Evening Journal, "a man for the times." The Journal places the names of Fremont and Dayton at the head of its columns. We copy the conclusion of its article:—

"The government by will, by justice and by wisdom, of hands of men in the freedom of the Plains and of the Rocky Mountains—the subject to authority, and attraction to citizenship and fraternity, of the hostile Spanish Californians—the accomplishment of the heroic and beneficent undertakings in that great desert interval and barrier which divided Eastern America from its twin West, without resistance from his associates, without animosities, without failures, but with splendid success, which conferred a reputation national to his country as well as personal to himself, prove that John C. Fremont is most richly endowed in all the qualities of true executive character. Firm, just, prudent, and wise, he would hold the scales on even balance, eye, and with Cromwellian grip he would hold the sword. Oligarchy and aristocratic attempts to subvert the Republicanism of the Government—to crush out the authority of Congress in the National Domain—and to substitute force and terror for debate in the National Councils, would come to a prompt end, and administrative punishment."

"We congratulate the country upon the sure prospect of an honest, wise and resolute Chief Executive, in the person of the next President, John C. Fremont."

The Cincinnati Daily Commercial, one of the ablest independent journals in the West, having advocated the nomination of Judge McLean, would have been better pleased had he or some other well known statesman of the same leanings been chosen. It thinks that the Republican party, in making availability its standard of merit, has committed an error, and thrown away a portion of its chances of success. As between Fremont and Buchanan, the Commercial desires the election of the former. It waits, however, to see how the nomination will be received. The Boston Daily Chronicle hoists the nomination at the head of its columns with great pleasure, and hails Fremont as the representative man of all those who would have a change effected in the government of the nation. The Chronicle has been, for several months past, an earnest advocate of the nomination of Fremont. It remarks:

"His nomination seems to us a striking proof of the willingness of the political world to recognize the truth of the sentiment contained in what may now be called the popular saying, 'the right man in the right place.' What was wanted was a man who should not only be possessed of talents and character, as an opposition candidate for the Presidency, but also of those elements of popularity which are of so much importance in the leader of a mighty popular movement. Such a man is Col. Fremont, and that he has been selected for the leadership of the enemies of the slavery-extension party allows us to hope that something can be done to stay that party's course, and to prevent it from inflicting further injury and greater disgrace upon the republic. Not only is our candidate warmly opposed to the extension of slavery, and to the admission of any more slave holding States into the Union, but he stands at the head of those whose labors it is owing that California is not cursed with slavery among her institutions. One such act as that is worth ten thousand speeches made against slavery, even if each of those speeches should be perfect in its way."

The Portland Advertiser, the leading daily paper of the State of Maine, hails the nomination of Fremont with the liveliest pride and pleasure. It congratulates the friends of freedom upon the wisdom which led to this nomination, says that it touches the hearts of the people, and evokes an enthusiasm which no other selection could have done; that it commends itself at once to the convictions, the judgement, and the hopes of the masses, and may lead on to victory. As regards the character of Fremont, it says:

"He is the man for that very mission—unhindered by party intrigue, as becomes the exponent of a cause which is above all parties—knowing what slavery is by his reminiscences, and what freedom is by his mature convictions and actual trial—born in a slave State, but living in another, made free by his own splendid exertions—in the prime of vigorous manhood, as the burden of his responsibilities will surely require—and endowed with a pluck which the terrors of famine amid mountain snows never tamed, and before which, the myriads of slavery will cover. Such is the man—worthy of his course, and calculated to advance it."

The Trenton, N. J., State Gazette says that all is rejoicing at Trenton. Guns were fired at the State house on Thursday for several hours, and the Young Men's Republican Club headquarters were illuminated. It pronounces the ticket a strong one, and says that it will rally to its support the whole strength of the vast Republican party of

the Union. At the West, Fremont will give an overwhelming impetus to its success, and in New England the name will infuse new energy into the Republican masses. The Gazette goes on to say:

"In New Jersey, Judge Dayton is a tower of strength. His name will strengthen the ticket everywhere. The whole Whig pliancy of New Jersey, long used to victory and seldom to defeat, will rally to its undivided support."

The Hartford, Conn., Daily Courant congratulates the friends of freedom that the man who will beat Buchanan has been nominated. It shouts out vigorously "hurrah for John Charles Fremont." It pronounces him all grit and a brave hero.

MR. BUCHANAN has written a letter accepting the nomination of the Cincinnati Convention for the Presidency. He says he will confine himself to the platform throughout the canvass, believing that he has no right, by answering interrogatories, to present new and different issues before the people. He particularly approves those portions of the platform which relate to the Kansas act, and civil and religious liberty, and hopes that it is the mission of the Democrats to overthrow all of what he calls sectional parties.

THE NORTHERN AMERICANS.—The Convention of Northern Americans met again in New York on Thursday morning last, and after a warm discussion in which it was intimated that they had not received that courteous treatment they had a right to expect from the Republican Convention, the declaration of Mr. Banks was received and Col. Fremont formally nominated in his stead. The nomination of Gov. Johnston for the Vice Presidency was adhered to. Col. Fremont has since accepted the Northern American nomination.

A CUNNING MOVE.—Senator Douglas offered a resolution last week in the Senate proposing an adjournment of Congress early in July. As the Kansas Investigating Committee has returned and will be soon ready to report, this was a cunning movement on the part of the "little giant" to prevent the important developments of that report from being promulgated before the Presidential election. The House will hardly consent to adopt Mr. Douglas's suggestion.

RALLYING AGAIN.—The friends of Fillmore are again rallying to the support of their candidates. A large meeting was held in Philadelphia on Saturday evening last at which considerable enthusiasm prevailed and resolutions were passed expressing abiding attachment to Fillmore and Donelson.

GONE OVER TO FREMONT.—The Fillmore National American Club of New York, formally resolved, at a meeting on Saturday night last, to give their support to Col. Fremont for the Presidency.

POSITION OF THE PRESS.—The Lancaster Independent Whig and the Pottsville Journal, which have hitherto supported Fillmore, have now run up the Fremont and Dayton flag.

ARRIVAL OF MR. FILLMORE.

Ex-President Fillmore reached New York in the steamer Atlantic on Sunday night and had a public reception, consisting of the firing of guns and a procession. Alderman Briggs delivered an address of welcome, to which Mr. Fillmore who is said to look much better for his foreign travel, replied—returning his thanks for the public reception, saying that wherever he had gone, he had still remembered he was an American. In regard to his candidacy, he said:

"All I can say is that, as my friends have proposed my name as a candidate for the Presidency, they shall find me faithful and industrious, working for the country, and for all parts of the country. If there are those in the North who desire anything against the South, or those in the South who would take advantage of the North, they are not the men who should give their suffrages to me. For my part, I know only my country, and nothing but my country."

Mr. Fillmore then landed, and was conducted by a procession to St. Nicholas hotel. A large crowd collected in front of the hotel, and Mr. Fillmore was compelled to appear upon the balcony and make a short speech before he was allowed to repose. The firing of guns continued almost until daylight.

MR. DAYTON'S ACCEPTANCE.

Immediately after the adjournment of the Convention, the New Jersey Delegates proceeded to Trenton, the residence of Wm. L. Dayton, the nominee for Vice President, and were met at the Station by a large number of citizens. A procession was formed, headed by the Trenton Brass Band, and bearing the national flag with the names of Fremont and Dayton inscribed on its folds, proceeded to Mr. Dayton's house. On the arrival of the procession, Mr. Dayton appeared on the piazza, and was received with immense enthusiasm. He was addressed by Ed. W. Whelpley, Esq., on behalf of the delegation.

When the applause that greeted Mr. Whelpley's remarks had subsided, Mr. Dayton said that it was with feelings that he could not express that he had listened to the announcement just made. It was to him utterly unexpected. The unsolicited honor, however, he felt, and duly appreciated, not on his own account only, but on behalf of his State. It was an honor to Jerseymen. For the last few years, though engaged in the avocations of private life, he had been a not inattentive observer of the course of events. He could say with emphasis that his principles had not changed. He stood now in reference to the great leading issue of the country as in times past. He held that the Constitution protects Slavery where it is, but carries it nowhere—that in the language of the day, Freedom is national and slavery sectional. He had carefully examined the platform of principles upon which the nominations took place, and to it, and all its parts, he could give a cheerful and cordial assent. The repeal of the Missouri Compromise was, in his judgement, a most unwarrantable breach of good faith, pregnant with untold mischief, and to be remedied by every just and constitutional means in our power. Kansas had, as she deserved, his heartfelt sympathy. Her citizens and their rights had been trodden down in a manner unexampled in a free government. Justice to her and to them demanded her admission as a free State of this Union. It was expedient and proper, too, he said, as a mode of calming down the exasperated feeling of the country by terminating its cause.

The admission of California into the Union as a State—her unprecedented growth—her rapid and distancing his own most sanguine expectations, seem now to demand increased facilities of communication. A roadway from the West to the far West will be a ligament binding to the Union both extremes. It will tend to consolidate more firmly the lasting Union of the States—a Union such as our fathers made; based on equality of rights. It will tend, too, to increase the interior commerce of the country, and to develop still more largely the resources of that magnificent State upon our Western borders. The improvement of rivers and harbors are specially appropriated by the Constitution to the General Government; and, whether our commerce floats upon our coast, our rivers or lakes, it is due to the lives of our citizens, as well as their property, that the government should provide for their safety. He trusted that the people would lay aside all minor differences, and come up manfully to the work—yielding to one another freedom of conscience, freedom of speech, equality of rights; but claiming, nay, exacting, the same for ourselves.

In conclusion, he added, that he had the honor to know the man selected by the People's Convention as the chief standard bearer for the ensuing campaign. He was a man of great intelligence, enlarged capacity, and indomitable energy. The man who had so often ascended the heights of the Rocky Mountains, and looked into the then unknown depths of the great basin, was the very man to look to the heights and sound the depths of the political corruption of the times. He knew, too, the adversary, Mr. Buchanan. With him or with his associate, he could have no personal issues. Let us, as far as possible, soften the acerbity of the contest; let us have no controversy with persons, but platforms. It is a question not of men, but of principles; and these principles are to be finally settled in this campaign.

At the conclusion of Mr. Dayton's remarks, the crowd sent up three hearty cheers for the ticket, which were followed by three cheers for Kansas, three for California, and three for New Jersey. The procession then reformed, and returned to the depot, where they met the down train to New York. They were joined on the platform by all the delegates on board, and nine hearty cheers were given for the ticket, and three for New Jersey, while the train remained at the depot. One hundred guns were being fired during the same time. Mr. Dayton is about 50 years of age, of fine form and commanding appearance, and seemed to be in excellent health and spirits.

At New Brunswick another demonstration was made, the train being met by a number of citizens and cheers given for the ticket. Throughout the State the same enthusiasm was manifested, and when the boat reached the dock at this city, three parting cheers were given for Fremont and Dayton.

GREAT CURE OF PILES. HUNTSVILLE, N. C., Nov. 1 1855.—Dr. C. M. Jackson—Dear Sir—Allow me to express to you my sincere thanks for your discovery of a medicine, which, to say the least of it has effected a cure that all other medicines that I have taken have entirely failed to do. "Hoodland's German Bitters" have cured me of the most stubborn and aggravated case of PILES that, perhaps, ever fell to the lot of man. My case is not a stranger to this community, as I am well known in this and the surrounding counties, and can truly say that my recovery has astounded all my friends and relations, as I had tried everything recommended, and nothing did me any good until I was prevailed upon to try the Bitters. You are at liberty to make use of this communication, for the benefit of the afflicted, as you may think proper. Truly yours, WM. J. ATWOOD. See advertisement.

Town and County Matters.

COMMENCEMENT.—The Anniversary Exercises of Dickinson College will commence on the 6th of July. The order of exercises will be as follows:

The Baccalaureate Sermon on Sunday, the 6th of July, at 11 o'clock, A. M., in the M. E. Church, by President Collins.

The Anniversary of the Belles Lettres Society, on Monday the 7th of July, at 8 o'clock P. M.

The Anniversary of the Union Philosophical Society, on Tuesday, the 8th of July, at 8 o'clock P. M.

Address before the Union Philosophical and Belles Lettres Societies, on Wednesday, the 9th of July, at 8 o'clock, P. M. by the Rev. Thomas H. Stockton, D. D.

Commencement exercises on Thursday, the 10th of July, at 10 o'clock, A. M. The graduating class numbers sixteen students. The various exercises of the week promise to be highly interesting. The Rev. Mr. Stockton, who is announced to deliver the address to the Societies is one of the most distinguished pulpits orators in the country, from whom an address of rare eloquence may be expected.

TEACHERS' LIBRARY.—We are requested to state that the committee appointed to purchase a Teachers' Library will meet at the public house of Mr. Burkholder, in Carlisle on the 4th of July, at 10 o'clock A. M. The following persons constitute the committee, viz: Daniel Shelly, Davidson Eckels, Owen James, D. K. Noell, Jesse Laverty, D. E. Koel, J. S. Hostetter, J. Senseman, M. Morrett, S. P. Goglyear, A. Lamberton, S. Bixler, Jno. Sanderson, J. H. Gilmore, J. P. Rhoads, W. Gavanagh, G. F. Cain, G. W. Reynolds, A. A. Matthews, D. Stroh, Marion Weakley.

FOURTH OF JULY.—We are requested to state that the Carlisle Deposit Bank, will be closed, as usual, on the 4th of July. Persons doing business with the Bank will make their arrangements accordingly.

THE FOURTH.—The glorious anniversary of our National Independence is again at hand, and as yet we hear of no preparation for celebrating the day. Certainly there should be some public demonstration, and rather than the day should pass totally unobserved we would propose a display of fireworks in the evening. Will not some of our young men move in the matter?

EX-PRESIDENT VAN BUREN.—The Cincinnati Commercial, free soil, has the following: Harris, of the Cleveland Herald, writing from New York, says he learns from Philip Dorsheimer, one of the delegates at large to the Republican Convention, from New York, that Ex-President Van Buren is in cordial sympathy with the Republicans, and expects to vote the republican ticket in the coming election. Mr. Dorsheimer is an old and intimate political friend of Mr. Van Buren, and served under his administration as post-master at Buffalo. He understands fully his position, and though John throws up his hat for the Buchanan ticket, the old man does not intend to follow his example.

MR. BUCHANAN AND HENRY CLAY.—The Louisville (Ky.) Journal of a recent date, in an article commenting upon Mr. Buchanan's nomination by the Cincinnati convention, contains a very ominous warning of a forthcoming document. The Journal says: "So far as Mr. Buchanan's conduct towards Henry Clay is concerned, his record is a most accursed one." As soon as we can lay our hands upon the document we want, we shall make this abundantly manifest. Henry Clay is dead; but he did not die without leaving in his own hand-writing the most damning testimony against James Buchanan. In mercy he spared Mr. B. for nearly a quarter of a century; but near the close of his illustrious life he deemed an exposition of Mr. Buchanan's conduct in the Congressional election of President in 1825 due to his own name with posterity—and he made it.

GERMAN FREMONT MEETING.—A large and very enthusiastic meeting of Germans in favor of the Republican nominees, was held in Cincinnati on Saturday night. Speeches were made by Judge Stallo, Charles Remelin, F. Hanserich, and other prominent Germans. The principal German papers in that city have hoisted the name of Fremont.

The steamship Atlantic reached New York about 12 o'clock Sunday night. The English public, at the latest advices, were still without any official announcement of Mr. Crampton's dismissal, though it was regarded as a fixed fact. There was but little excitement.

WM. H. CARRYL, IMPORTER AND JOBBER, CURTAIN MATERIALS, FURNITURE COVERINGS, &c., &c., &c., WITH EVERY DESCRIPTION OF TRIMMINGS TO MATCH. NEW MASONIC TEMPLE, CHESTNUT STREET, ABOVE EIGHTH.

JUST RECEIVED—Sugar-cured Hams, Sugar-cured Beef, Beef Tongues (extra), Bacon—Sides and Shoulders. [April 19, '56.] WILLIAMS' for sale at