



CARLISLE, PA.

WEDNESDAY OCTOBER 17, 1855.

THE LARGEST AND CHEAPEST NEWSPAPER IN CUMBERLAND COUNTY.

Terms—Two Dollars a year, or One Dollar a Half, if paid punctually in Advance. \$1.75 if paid within the year.

OUR VOTE—THE FUTURE.

While the shouting shouts of Democracy are ringing in our ears, it will be our opinion be far more wise in Whig and Americans to turn their attention to the future, rather than waste time in angry discussions upon the disastrous defeat which want of union has brought upon both organizations. But while we desire to avoid all irritating remarks, we may properly point to the official returns of this county, which we publish to-day, as a complete vindication of the course of the whigs. The majority which they aided to give Thomas Nicholson, the union candidate for Canal Commissioner, shows that they were actuated by no factious spirit. That there was no union on other nominations was no fault of theirs. But the past cannot be recalled. If the lesson is not lost the defeat of 1855 may be the precursor of victory in 1856.

CANAL COMMISSIONER

We have not the official returns from a sufficient number of counties yet to make up a reliable table of the vote for Canal Commissioner. It is evident, however, that Plumer is not elected by the immense majority which the telegraph first reported. In our own county, for instance, where it was thought until the official returns were received that Plumer had a majority of over 100, the actual result is a majority for Nicholson of 261. The nomination of Nicholson was unfortunately agreed upon at too late a day to secure that effective union of the opponents of the National Administration which was essential to success, and in some parts of the State was openly repudiated. In a spirit of what we must consider pure factiousness, the Whigs of Lancaster county cast about 2000 votes for Joseph Henderson, the former Whig candidate, while in Allegheny county a still greater number were thrown away by hot-head anti-slavery men for Passmore Williamson. The complete returns will probably show a decided majority in the State against the National Administration.

POLITICAL CHANGES.

The last State elections have brought about some changes of a striking character. Perry county, for instance, seems to have bid a final farewell to the democratic family, having given for the last two years anti-democratic majority of several hundreds. Adams county, on the other hand, seems to be undergoing a change of position to the other side—the democrats having carried it at the recent election by 105 majorities. The old Whig counties of Lancaster and Allegheny, also, which used to roll up their majorities of thousands, are now all topsy-turvy. Nicholson's majority in Lancaster is only 205 (!) and the whole Whig county is defeated, while Allegheny county has given Plumer a majority of about 900 and elected the entire democratic ticket.

**THE INVENTOR.**—A neat, sprightly, interesting little work, with the above caption, is on our table. Published in New York, by Quimby, Haskell & Co., at \$1. It is devoted to mechanical interests, and is a work which every farmer and mechanic should own.

**TARDY JUSTICE.**—The Administration it is said have at last concluded to allow Gen. Scott the back pay due him under the law creating him Lieut. Gen.

OHIO ELECTION.

Great Republican Victory.

The Ohio election instead of having gone democratic, as at first reported, has resulted in an overwhelming victory for the Republican party. That party have swept the field, electing not only their Governor, but three-fourths of the Legislature, and the entire State ticket, including a Lieutenant Governor, Auditor, Treasurer, Attorney General, two Judges of the Supreme Court, and a Commissioner of Public Works. Last year the same party elected one Judge of the Supreme Court, making three in all thus far, which, if the Bench consists of five judges, gives them a majority of the Court. They also elected last year a Commissioner of Public Works, and thus have two members, in all probability a majority. In fact, the entire State administration of Ohio is in their hands. The majority for their State ticket is said to average more than forty thousand. Chase, the Republican candidate for Governor, who runs worse than the rest of the ticket, will, according to the Cincinnati Gazette, have over twenty thousand majority, and his vote will exceed that of Medill, Dem. and Trimble, American, united. Reported majorities in sixty-three counties give Chase 15,799 majority. Trimble, the American candidate, has received, it is thought, about twenty thousand votes in all parts of the State. This election has, in many respects been an exciting and important one. The result shows that the sentiment of opposition to slavery extension is quite as strong and predominant in Ohio as has been generally supposed. Mr. Chase ran upon that platform alone and steadfastly refused to adopt any of the creed of the American party. Notwithstanding this, he was supported by the great bulk of that organization. Most, if not all of the other State officers, chosen at this election, are however members of the American party.

CALIFORNIA ELECTION.

Know Nothing Triumph.

By the steamer Northern Light, which arrived at New York, on Saturday, we have the result of the election in California. The American party has carried the State. Gov. Bigler has been defeated, and Johnson elected by a majority of over 4000. The Legislature is also American. The Senate stands 17 Know Nothings to 16 Democrats. The House 54 Know nothings and 26 Democrats. This will secure the Americans a U. S. Senator in place of Mr. Givin.

INDIANA ELECTION.

The returns from Indiana indicate the triumph of the democrats by a majority of from 10,000 to 15,000. It is said they have carried every county yet heard from with three exceptions.

**BALTIMORE** appears to have taken as sudden a turn in politics as Philadelphia. The Democrats carried the city by 1036 aggregate majority for Councils. Last year the American majority was 2700.

THE GRAIN MARKET.

Nearly 50,000 bbls. of Flour and 200,000 bushels of wheat changed hands in one day last week in New York. The greater portion of it was bought by one broker, but on whose account he made the purchase was a mystery. The bread-stuffs speculators were thrown into a frenzy of excitement and prices rapidly advanced—flour 25 cents a bushel and wheat from two to five cents. The advanced prices did not stand long, however. The N. Y. Express of Thursday, says, "a reaction has followed the excitement in the Grain market. To sell wheat in any considerable quantities, holders have to concede ten cents a bushel. Corn is rather better, owing to the light supplies on hand. Flour is from one to two shillings lower, and the purchases for export have ceased for the present."

THE LEGISLATURE.

The Democrats will have full sway in the next Legislature. A Democratic U. S. Senator will therefore of course be elected, and as the Democrats generally took ground against the new liquor law, the probability is that one of their first steps will be to repeal that law.

The returns show that the Senate will contain 19 Democrats to 14 Opposition. The House it is supposed will contain nearly 70 Democrats to 30 opposition. We have returns of the election of Democratic Representatives in the following counties. In Adams, 1; Allegheny, 5; Bedford, Fulton and Cambria, 2; Berks, 3; Carbon and Lehigh, 2; Chester, 3; Clearfield Elk and McKean, 1; Clinton, Lycoming and Potter, 2; Columbia and Montour, 1; Cumberland, 2; Delaware, 1; Fayette and Westmoreland, 4; Luzerne, 2; Monroe and Pike, 1; Montgomery, 3; Northampton, 2; Northumberland, 1; Philadelphia City, 2; Philadelphia County, 11; Schuylkill, 2; Washington, 2; Lancaster, 2; Wayne, 1; York, 3; making an aggregate of 63 members. In the following counties the Americans have succeeded in electing their candidates for the Legislature: Beaver, Butler and Lawrence, 3; Blair and Huntingdon, 2; Centre, 1; Dauphin, 2; Lebanon, 1; Lancaster, 3; Mifflin, 1; Philadelphia City, 2; Somerset, 1—making an aggregate of 16. Besides these it is probable that 3 members opposed to the Locofoco party have been elected in Armstrong, Clarion and Jefferson; 2 in Bradford; 2 in Crawford; 1 in Indiana; 2 in Mercer, Venango and Crawford; 2 in Susquehanna, Wyoming and Sullivan; 1 in Tioga; making 13 more who will unite with the Americans against the Locofocos.

**EFFECTS OF STATE AND COUNTY FAIRS.**—When the first State Fair was held in Ohio, about six years ago, there was scarcely one store in the State for the sale of agricultural implements. Now, nearly every county town not only boasts of such a convenience, but the farmers will buy none but the latest improvements.

THE WHEELER SLAVE CASE.

Philadelphia Oct. 12th.—Judge Kane delivered an opinion this morning, adverse to the reception of the petition of Jane Johnson, to quash the writ of habeas corpus in the case of Passmore Williamson, pronouncing her to have no status in the Court, and the matter being entirely without its jurisdiction. The opinion of the court is very elaborate, reviewing the whole case and re-affirming the former opinion. It is asserted that the law of nations guaranteed the right of transit of slaves and every other species of property, through territory where slavery was not recognized. If the contrary principle was sanctioned, the time might come when the cotton of Louisiana, the rice of Carolina, and the rum of New England would be restricted from transportation without the bonds of the States producing them. He maintained that the Federal constitution recognized slaves as property, and up to 1830 it existed in the thirteen original States. The said Williamson's duty, then as now, was to produce Jane Johnson and her children. If the petitioner were led to abide the action of the court, she would have the right to be heard; but, being without its jurisdiction, the records of the court cannot be opened for a stranger.

On the conclusion of the reading of the opinion of the court, John Cadwalader, a member of the bar, not engaged in the case, in order to remove a false impression from the public mind, said that from his recollection of the circumstances attending the commitment of Passmore Williamson, for contempt, the proposition was made to amend the return to the writ, when Judge Kane replied: "I prefer to receive it when the record has been completed. No such motion was subsequently made, and the public impression that permission to amend was refused is not warranted by the facts."

Judge Kane replied that the recollection of Mr. C. was correct. He had been prepared to receive a supplementary return from the counsel, but none had been offered.

Mr. Cadwalader suggested that an addition be made to the opinion of the court, embracing the remarks of a member of the bar not engaged in the case, and the reply of the Judge. He was induced to make the suggestion by the best feelings towards a worthy but mistaken man, hoping that it might lead to the adoption of a course that will end in his liberation.

The Judge consented to the proposition of Mr. Cadwalader to embody his remarks and the answer of the court to them, so as to complete the record.

John M. Read, counsel for the petitioner, said that he had listened with attention to the opinion of the court, but it had failed to convince him that the petitioner and her children were not free the moment they touched Pennsylvania soil.

Town and County Matters.

**THE AGRICULTURAL FAIR.**—The weather so far this week is beautiful, and should it continue we may confidently look for a most successful and crowded Agricultural Exhibition. The preparations on the grounds are entirely completed and comprise every convenience for the exhibition of stock and miscellaneous articles. A large number of articles were entered for exhibition yesterday, comprising agricultural implements and fancy articles. To day many more will be taken to the ground. The display of horses, cattle, &c. it is expected will fall but little short if it does not quite equal that of the State Fair. Our enterprising friend, Gardner, of the Carlisle Foundry, we notice has put up on the grounds, a new and beautiful steam engine of his own manufacture, the operation of which will be exhibited to visitors. In addition to the attractions of the Fair, that assiduous class of caterers for the curious and credulous portions of humanity, who have possessed themselves of the only living specimens of the "terrible grizzly bear," the wonderful "ox with five legs," and other monstrosities, will be here with their outside "shows." On the whole we may expect a lively time on Thursday and Friday, particularly, and we advise our friends both in town and country not to miss a sight of the novelties.

**CHANGE OF HOURS.**—On Monday next another change in the running of trains on the Railroad will take place. The trains for Harrisburg will leave Carlisle at 10.25, A. M., and 3.17, P. M. The trains from the East will arrive in Carlisle at 9.43, A. M., 2.11, P. M. For further particulars see our advertising columns.

**FIRST SNOW.**—The first snow of the season occurred on Saturday morning last. We see it stated that there was a smart fall of snow at St. Louis on the 6th, and on Friday last snow fell to the depth of several inches in various parts of New York.

We call the attention of our readers to the advertisement of the "Seamens' Saving Fund Society" of Philadelphia, which receives deposits not only from Seamen, but from all classes of the community, and allows five per cent interest, at the same time requiring no previous notice, all sums being paid on demand. The high commercial standing of the majority, and the legal and business character of the minority of the managers, presents in an unusual degree, a board of prudence, wisdom and honesty, to manage justly and carefully, the trusts reposed in them.

To farmers, merchants and others who trade or have business in Philadelphia, instead of keeping money idle in bank, we would recommend them after inquiring into the character of the Board of Managers to deposit their money in this institution and gain the interest. The "Seamens'" is, we learn, not a stock company, where the earnings are annually divided among the stockholders, but the surplus after paying the expenses of the office, is invested in the best securities of city and State as a permanent fund for the ultimate safety of depositors, and the depositor's money is not liable to the precarious risks of those who deposit in Insurance Offices under the mistaken notion that they are Saving Funds.

In Town—The Shippensburg Band.

CANDIDATES.

CANDIDATES.	Carlisle	West	North	South	West	Lower	Upper	Lower	Upper	Hempden	Hopewell	Lebanon	Mechanicsburg	Monaca	Newville	New Cumberland	Silver Spring	Shippensburg
Carlisle	120	120	120	120	120	120	120	120	120	120	120	120	120	120	120	120	120	120
West	120	120	120	120	120	120	120	120	120	120	120	120	120	120	120	120	120	120
North	120	120	120	120	120	120	120	120	120	120	120	120	120	120	120	120	120	120
South	120	120	120	120	120	120	120	120	120	120	120	120	120	120	120	120	120	120
West	120	120	120	120	120	120	120	120	120	120	120	120	120	120	120	120	120	120
Lower	120	120	120	120	120	120	120	120	120	120	120	120	120	120	120	120	120	120
Upper	120	120	120	120	120	120	120	120	120	120	120	120	120	120	120	120	120	120
Lower	120	120	120	120	120	120	120	120	120	120	120	120	120	120	120	120	120	120
Upper	120	120	120	120	120	120	120	120	120	120	120	120	120	120	120	120	120	120
Hempden	120	120	120	120	120	120	120	120	120	120	120	120	120	120	120	120	120	120
Hopewell	120	120	120	120	120	120	120	120	120	120	120	120	120	120	120	120	120	120
Lebanon	120	120	120	120	120	120	120	120	120	120	120	120	120	120	120	120	120	120
Mechanicsburg	120	120	120	120	120	120	120	120	120	120	120	120	120	120	120	120	120	120
Monaca	120	120	120	120	120	120	120	120	120	120	120	120	120	120	120	120	120	120
Newville	120	120	120	120	120	120	120	120	120	120	120	120	120	120	120	120	120	120
New Cumberland	120	120	120	120	120	120	120	120	120	120	120	120	120	120	120	120	120	120
Silver Spring	120	120	120	120	120	120	120	120	120	120	120	120	120	120	120	120	120	120
Shippensburg	120	120	120	120	120	120	120	120	120	120	120	120	120	120	120	120	120	120

**MORE CORRUPTION.**—The New York Tribune contains a letter from Missouri, making statements, which, if true, as they appear to be, shows an amount of corruption in the President and his administration, that excels all the people have yet witnessed in the head of the government. Under the act appropriating swamp lands to the State in which they lie, the State of Missouri selected nearly 500,000 acres, about 200,000 of which is known to be good dry land, not included under the specifications of the act. So notorious was the fact that the General Land Office refused to issue any patents. The matter has stood in abeyance since the spring of 1853, until recently Gov. Price, of Missouri, went to Washington, and by a personal arrangement with the President himself, procured patents for the fraudulent appropriated lands. The fact that Missouri is a Slave State, accounts for the criminal preference of their interest to those of the country, by the head of the government.

**OUTRAGES IN KANSAS.**—The election in Kansas on the 1st instant, in which the free State men refused to participate, was characterized by some outrageous proceedings at Leavenworth. According to a letter, Mr. James Furnam, a respectable citizen, was requested to vote, which he declined to do. A mob of Missourians, it is alleged, then gathered around him and threatened to lynch him. The letter then adds: "One of the mob then seized hold of him—Mr. Furnam being a quick, powerful man, turned round and knocked his assailant down, and fled. They gave chase but could not overtake him. One of the desperadoes shot at him with a rifle. The ball pierced his hat but did not hurt him, and striking a house went through the clapboards and killed a child which was playing on the floor. The mother ran out shrieking 'murder!' 'help!'—The neighbors came to her assistance. The news spread. The free State men armed themselves. In the meantime another citizen had been insulted in the street, knocked down and stabbed. This was young Thomas Newman. He died this morning. The marauders began to be alarmed at their own acts. About a hundred free State men, well armed, formed in a body and marched towards the hotel, but the Missourians had decamped.

**DALLEY'S GENUINE PAIN EXTRACTOR** will sub due the pain and inflammation from the severest burns or scalds, in from one to twenty minutes—and that it will heal the wounds without a scar; and effectually cure Fever Sores—Piles—Salt Rheum—Inflammatory Rheumatism—Sore and Inflamed Eyes—Cuts—Wounds—Bruises—Old and Incurable Sores—Scald Head—Corns and Bunions—Erysipelas—Sprains—wellings—Felon—Chilblains—Bites of Insects—Swelled and Broken Breast—Sore Nipples—Eruptions—and all other inflammatory and cutaneous diseases, where the parts affected can be reached. Don't be incredulous about the many diseases named to be cured by only one thing—but reflect that the few, but positive properties which the Dalley Salve alone contains, and as heretofore enumerated—on to four—can reach not only the above-mentioned diseases, but many more not enumerated. Query—Do not regular bred physicians prescribe calomel inwardly for sores of different diseases? Each box of GENUINE DALLEY'S PAIN EXTRACTOR has upon it a Steel Plate Engraved Label with the signatures of C. V. CLICKENER & CO., proprietors, and HENRY DALLEY, manufacturer. All others are counterfeit. Price 25 cents per box. All orders should be addressed to C. V. Clickener & Co., 81 Barclay street, New York. For sale by all Druggists throughout the United States.

**DR. ISAAC THOMPSON'S** much celebrated EYE WATER. "Its merits stand unrivalled." This old, tried and invaluable remedy for all diseases of the eyes, after having stood the test of over Fifty Years, and the demand for it is still increasing, is now, and has been for the past two years, offered for sale in an entire new dress. Each bottle will have a Steel Plate Engraved Envelope, with a portrait of the inventor, Dr. Isaac Thompson, New London, Conn., and a fac simile of his signature, together with a fac simile of the signature of the present proprietor, John L. Thompson, No 161 and 163 River Street, Troy, New York, and none other can be genuine. The proprietor has been compelled to make this change in the style of the wrapper owing to the large quantity of counterfeit which for the past few years has been palmed upon the community, and especially at the west. Purchasers are particularly requested to buy none but the above described, and as the red label heretofore used has been called in, any found in that form the proprietor does not hesitate to pronounce counterfeit. For sale by all the respectable druggists in the United States and Canada.