

E. BEATTY,
PROPRIETOR AND PUBLISHER.

TERMS OF PUBLICATION.

The CARLISLE HERALD is published weekly on a large sheet, containing forty columns, and furnished to subscribers at the rate of \$1.50 per annum in advance; \$1.75 if paid within the year, or \$2 in all cases when payment is delayed until after the expiration of the year. No subscriptions received for a less period than six months, and none discontinued until all arrearages are paid, unless at the option of the publisher. Papers sent to subscribers living out of Cumberland county must be paid for in advance, or the payment assumed by some responsible person living in Cumberland county. These terms will be rigidly adhered to in all cases.

ADVERTISEMENTS.

Advertisements will be charged \$1.00 per square of twelve lines for three insertions, and 25 cents for each subsequent insertion. All advertisements of less than twelve lines considered as a square. The following rates will be charged for Quarterly, Half Yearly and Yearly advertising:

	3 Months.	6 Months.	12 Months.
1 Square, (12 lines) \$1.00	\$3.00	\$5.00	\$8.00
2 " " " " " "	5.00	8.00	12.00
3 " " " " " "	7.00	12.00	16.00
4 " " " " " "	9.00	16.00	20.00
5 " " " " " "	12.00	20.00	25.00
6 " " " " " "	15.00	25.00	30.00
7 " " " " " "	18.00	30.00	35.00
8 " " " " " "	21.00	35.00	40.00
9 " " " " " "	24.00	40.00	45.00
10 " " " " " "	27.00	45.00	50.00
11 " " " " " "	30.00	50.00	55.00
12 " " " " " "	33.00	55.00	60.00

Advertisements inserted before Marriages and Deaths, 8 cents per line for first insertion, and 4 cents per line for subsequent insertions. Communications on subjects of limited or individual interest will be charged 5 cents per line. The Proprietor will not be responsible in damages for errors in advertisements. Obituary notices not exceeding five lines, will be inserted without charge.

JOB PRINTING.

The CARLISLE HERALD PRINTING OFFICE is the largest and most complete establishment in the county. Three good Presses, and a general variety of material suited for Plain and Fancy work of every kind, enables us to do Job Printing at the shortest notice and on the most reasonable terms. Persons wanting of Bills, Blanks or any thing in the Jobbing line, will find it their interest to give us a call. Every variety of BLANKS constantly on hand.

All letters on business must be post-paid to secure attention.

General & Local Information.

U. S. GOVERNMENT.

President—FRANKLIN PIERCE.
Vice President—(de facto), D. R. ATCHISON.
Secretary of State—Wm. L. MARCY.
Secretary of Interior—ROBERT McCRELLAND.
Secretary of Treasury—JAMES G. BEND.
Secretary of War—GEO. J. BROWN.
Secretary of Navy—JAS. C. DOBBS.
Post Master General—JAMES CAMPBELL.
Attorney General—CALVIN CUSHING.
Chief Justice of United States—R. B. TANNEY.

STATE GOVERNMENT.

Governor—JAMES POLLOCK.
Secretary of State—ANDREW G. CURTIN.
Surveyor General—P. BRANTLEY.
Auditor General—E. BANKS.
Treasurer—ELI SHAFER.
Judges of the Supreme Court—E. LEWIS, S. J. BLACK, W. B. LOWRIE, G. W. WOODWARD, J. C. KNOX.

COUNTY OFFICERS.

President Judge—Hon. JAMES H. GRAHAM.
Associate Judges—Hon. John Rupp, Samuel Woodburn.
District Attorney—Wm. J. Shearer.
Prothonotary—Daniel W. Noell.
Recorder, ex-officio—John M. Gregg.
Recorder—William Lytle.
High Sheriff—Joseph McDermond; Deputy, James Widner.
County Treasurer—N. W. Woods.
Clerk—Joseph C. Thompson.
County Commissioners—John Hobb, James Armstrong, George M. Graham. Clerk to Commissioners, William Raley.
Directors of the Poor—George Sheaffer, George Brindle, John C. Brown, Superintendent of Poor House—Joseph Lobach.

BOROUGH OFFICERS.

Chief Burgess—Col. ARTHUR NOBLE.
Assistant Burgess—Samuel Glavin.
Town Council—R. C. Woodward, (President) Henry Myers, John Gushall, Peter Moyer, F. Gardner, H. A. Sturgeon, Michael Shearer, John Thompson, David Sipe.
Clerk to Council—William Wetzel.
Constables—Joseph Stewart High Constable; Robert McCartney, Ward Constable.

CHURCHES.

First Presbyterian Church, northwest angle of Centre Square. Rev. Calvin P. Wins, Pastor. Services every Sunday morning at 11 o'clock, A. M., and 7 1/2 o'clock, P. M.
Second Presbyterian Church, corner of South Hanover and Pomfret streets. As pastor at present, but pulpits filled by Presbytery appointments. Services commenced at 11 o'clock, A. M., and 7 o'clock, P. M.
St. John's Church, (Prot. Episcopal) northeast angle of Centre Square. Rev. Jacob B. Moses, Rector. Services at 11 o'clock, A. M., and 7 o'clock, P. M.
English Lutheran Church, Bedford between Main and Louthier streets. Rev. JACOB FRY, Pastor. Services at 11 o'clock, A. M., and 7 1/2 o'clock, P. M.
German Reformed Church, Louthier, between Hanover and Pitt streets. Rev. A. H. KREMER, Pastor. Services at 10 1/2 o'clock, A. M., and 4 1/2 P. M.
Methodist E. Church, (first Church) corner of Main and Pitt streets. Rev. S. L. M. CONNOR, Pastor. Services at 11 o'clock, A. M., and 7 1/2 o'clock, P. M.
Methodist M. Church, (second Church) Rev. J. M. JONES, Pastor. Services in College Chapel, at 11 o'clock, A. M., and 5 o'clock, P. M.
Roman Catholic Church, Pomfret, near East street. Services by Rev. Mr. BUXANO, every second Sunday.
German Lutheran Church, corner of Pomfret and Bedford streets. Rev. I. P. NASCHOLD, Pastor. Services at 10 1/2 A. M.
When changes in the above are necessary the proper persons are requested to notify us.

DICKINSON COLLEGE.

Rev. Charles Collins, President and Professor of Moral Science.
Rev. Herman M. Johnson, Professor of Philosophy and English Literature.
James W. Marshall, Professor of Ancient Languages.
Rev. Otis H. Tiffany, Professor of Mathematics.
William G. Wilson, Lecturer on Natural Science and Curator of the Museum.
Alexander Schenck, Professor of Hebrew and Modern Languages.
Benjamin Arhagast, Tutor in Languages.
Emanuel D. Hillman, Principal of the Grammar School.
William A. Salvey, Assistant in the Grammar School.

CORPORATIONS.

CARLISLE DEPOSIT BANK.—President, Richard Parker; Cashier, Wm. M. Beeton; Clerks, Henry A. Sturgeon, Joseph C. Hoffer. Directors, Richard Parker, Henry Saxon, John S. Sterrett, John Ziegler, Henry Logan, Robert Moore, Samuel Wherry, John Sanderson, Hugh Stuart.
CUMBERLAND VALLEY RAIL ROAD COMPANY.—President, Frederick Watts; Secretary and Treasurer, Edward M. Biddle; Superintendent, A. F. Smith. Passenger trains twice a day Eastward, leaving Carlisle at 7 18 o'clock, A. M., and 1 1/2 o'clock, P. M. Two trains every day Westward, leaving Carlisle at 9 o'clock, A. M., and 2 20, P. M.
CARLISLE GAS AND WATER COMPANY.—President, Frederick Watts; Secretary, Lemuel Todd; Treasurer, Wm. M. Beeton; Directors, E. Watts, Richard Parker, Lemuel Todd, Wm. M. Beeton, Edward M. Biddle, Dr. W. W. Cole, Franklin Gardner, Henry Glass.

CORNER of Hanover and Louthier streets. The undersigned has on hand a large stock of superior Cabinet Ware in all the different styles, which he is prepared to sell at the lowest prices. He invites attention particularly to the PATENT SPINNING HORNS, a most useful article, which he actively advocates all objections. The bottom can be attached to old Hottelands. They have given entire satisfaction to all who have them in use. COFFINS made to order at the shortest notice. JACOB FETTER.

PAPER, PAPER.—Persons wanting WALL PAPER, will find an extensive stock for sale very cheap at R. DICK'S, Carlisle, April 4, 1855.

Carlisle Herald.

A Paper for the Family Circle.

VOL. LV. WEDNESDAY, JULY 25, 1855. NO. 47.

HERALD AND EXPOSITOR

THE FARMER'S HIGH SCHOOL.

The Board of Trustees of the "Farmers' High School of Pennsylvania," met in Harrisburg on Tuesday, July 17, 1855, pursuant to adjournment. Members present Messrs. James Gowen, Frederick Watts, Wm. Jessup, A. L. Elwyn, James Miles, H. N. McAllister, John Strohm, A. O. Heister and Robert C. Walker.

On motion of John Strohm, FREDERICK WATTS was called to the chair.

The committee appointed at the last meeting to view the several farms proposed to be donated to the Farmers' High School, made the following report, which was adopted:

To the Board of Trustees of the Farmers' High School of Pennsylvania.—Your committee to whom was assigned the duty of making an exhibition of the several points proposed for the location of "The Farmers' High School of Pennsylvania," report that they have been engaged for the last ten days in making such an examination as will enable them to put the Board in possession of the facts in relation to the subject. The first place visited was Centre county, where Gen. James Irvin proposes to donate to the Institution either of three farms of two hundred acres each, which lie contiguous to each other, at the junction of Penns and Nittany Valleys, with the pre-emption right to two hundred acres more adjoining either, at any time within five years. The land is worth now, sixty dollars an acre.— This additional quantity, General Irvin proposes to lease to the Institution until the expiration of the five years, at a reasonable rent. This point is situated about the centre of the United Valleys, about twenty miles north of the Pennsylvania Railroad, at the Spruce Creek, and eight miles south of Bellefonte. The land is a fine quality of limestone sufficiently rolling in its surface, all cleared and fenced, but about thirty acres on each farm; there is no stream of water upon the surface of either, but water is easily obtained by digging. The land is comparatively new, having been all cleared within a few years, and the grain now growing upon it shows the great fertility of the soil.

The next point we visited was in Erie county, where Judge Miles proposes to give to the Institution two hundred acres of land, which is situated about eighteen miles west of the city of Erie, and lies about the mouth of Elk Creek between the Railroad which bounds it on the south, and the lake shore. This land is in its character a sandy loam, highly fertile, with about one hundred acres cleared and cultivated, and the residue in heavy timber, of oak, hickory, chestnut, ash and hemlock.— This point, in its situation, is commanding and beautiful. Judge Miles will also give a pre-emption right to any additional quantity of land which may be desired, at sixty dollars an acre.

Your committee next viewed the estate of Geo. A. Bayard, Esq., of Allegheny county, situated on the Youghagony River, about three miles from its mouth, and eighteen miles from the city of Pittsburgh. This estate consists of six hundred acres of free stone land, worth at present prices thirty five dollars an acre.— There has been a very large expenditure upon this estate in the erection of buildings, fences and other improvements, which are made of the most substantial and durable materials. A large brick mansion has just been erected and is yet unfinished.— There are two large barns and many other dwelling houses on the property, all of which are built of cut stone; running water is abundant, and the whole property lies in a bend of the Youghagony River, which is navigated by steamboats at all seasons of the year. Mr. Bayard proposes to sell this property to the Institution, at such a price, and upon such terms, as to time of payment, as would make the purchase desirable and profitable.

We were then invited to view the estate of Col. Elias Baker, situated on the Pennsylvania Railroad, about two miles south west of Altoona, in Blair county. Col. Baker offers gratuitously two hundred acres of land, all of which is cleared and fenced, except about forty acres, and lies on both sides of the railroad.— That on the south side, about sixty acres, is of a very good quality of freestone land, and that on the north, is a good quality of slate land. There are upwards of two hundred acres more in the tract which may be purchased at twenty-five dollars an acre.— This land is finely watered, Mill Creek passing through it, and over-head water can be brought to any buildings which might be erected upon the premises from a large and unflowing spring. These are the only points which have been examined by your committee but since their return they have received a communication informing them that Mr. H. Easton, of Franklin county, offers to donate for the purposes of "The Farmers' High School" two hundred acres of land, of the value of sixty dollars an acre, upon condition of its location there, or that he will contribute liberally, with others, to induce its location anywhere within the county of Franklin.

In the examination made by your committee, they were accompanied by several members of the Board, Messrs. Robert C. Walker, H. N. McAllister, Hon. Wm. Jessup, and Hon. A. O. Heister, of whose opinion and counsel we had the advantage. It was a remark, common to us all, that the feelings and interests of the people of Pennsylvania had never

been awakened to the importance of this subject. Everywhere we went, and every one we saw, seemed to increase the impression, that this, of all things else, is what Pennsylvania wants—a place where farmers may safely and cheaply educate their sons in the science and practice of agriculture.

There is not one point viewed by your committee which would not be eligible for the location of "The Farmers' High School." But so little has heretofore been known throughout the State of the movement now being made for its establishment, and the determined purpose of the Board of Trustees to act speedily, that it would be inexpedient and injudicious that your committee should, at this moment, recommend the adoption of one site as more eligible than the others. One already offered, we have had no opportunity to see, and doubtless others will be presented possessing advantages to command the attention of the Board.

The point where the school shall be located is a matter of very great interest, and should not be hastily determined upon, nor until greater publicity should be given to the fact that the Board are about to act definitely upon the subject.

Which is respectfully submitted.
JAMES POLLOCK,
A. L. ELWYN,
FRED'K WATTS.

The committee then offered the following resolutions which were agreed to.

Resolved, That when this Board adjourns it be to meet again at this place on Wednesday, the 12th of September next, at 10 o'clock, A. M., and that the Board will then proceed to determine finally the point where the "Farmers' High School," shall be located.

Resolved, That the duties of the committee heretofore appointed to receive communications and examine proposed points of location be continued; and should any further propositions be made, that they report the same to the Board at its next meeting.

WHEREAS, The determination of the Board speedily to put the "Farmers' High School" into operation renders it necessary that a Principal to conduct its operations and teachings, and especially to aid in its organization, should be chosen; therefore,

Resolved, That Dr. A. L. Elwyn, John Strohm and Wm. Jessup, be a committee whose duty it shall be to select a proper person for that purpose and that they make report to the next meeting of the Board.

P. S.—After the Board had taken action upon the foregoing report and resolutions, a gentleman of Dauphin county, a member of the executive committee of the State Agricultural Society, appeared before the Board, and said that at the next meeting, the citizens of Dauphin county, to induce the location of the School here, would offer to pay the sum of ten thousand dollars, and with a view to its attainment he would head the subscription with one thousand dollars. A delegation of Messrs. Geo. W. Patton and John Morrow from the county of Blair, on behalf of her citizens, proposed that they would purchase and pay for two hundred acres of land of Col. Baker, in addition to what he offers gratuitously. Thus presenting to the Board a grant of four hundred acres on condition of the location of the School there.

A communication was received from Joseph Bailey and referred to the committee having charge of the subject, inviting the Trustees to look at a large tract of land in Perry county which he proposes to sell upon liberal terms to the Farmers' High School.

A communication was received from Algeron S. Roberts, stating that the imperative demands of public business prevented his attendance.

On motion of John Strohm, the proceedings of this meeting were ordered to be published, with the request that all papers in the State would copy the same. On motion the Board adjourned.

ROBT. C. WALKER, Secretary.

PENNSYLVANIA FEMALE COLLEGE.—The second annual commencement of The Pennsylvania Female College, at Harrisburg, took place on the evening of the 10th inst., in the Hall of the House of Representatives. The exercises are spoken of in the highest terms by those who were present, the young ladies who graduated having acquitted themselves in a very creditable manner. The following are the names of the graduates:

- Miss Annie B. Alricks, Harrisburg,
- Emma V. Beck, Williamsport,
- Eliza P. Boyd, Harrisburg,
- Mary L. Gehl, Chambersburg,
- Margaret H. Hoeyer, "
- Emma M. Kirk, Harrisburg,
- Annie M. Roberts, "
- Mary E. Saxton, Cumberland co.,
- Emma C. Winebrener, Harrisburg,
- Mary Zinn, "

PROGRESS OF MORMONISM.—Twenty-five years ago the "prophet" Joseph Smith organized the Mormon church with six members. At the present time the church in Utah Territory contains three presidents, seven apostles, two thousand and twenty six "seventies," seven hundred and fifteen high priests, nine hundred and ninety-four elders, five hundred and fourteen priests, four hundred and seventy-one teachers, two hundred and twenty-seven deacons, besides the usual ratio of persons in training for the ministry, but not yet ordained, and four hundred and eighty-nine missionaries abroad.

SUMMARY OF NEWS

THURSDAY July 19.

By the arrival at Halifax of the steamer Canada, we have later news from Europe. At Sebastopol the Allies were strengthening their advances against the Malakoff tower. A French battery of thirty guns was nearly completed in front of the Careening Bay, to keep off the Russian ships. Lord Raglan was hurried on the 3d of July, amid great pomp and military display. It was rumored in the camp and at Constantinople, that General Pelissier was about to be superseded. A Methodist Quarterly Conference, at Forley, Platte county has been broken up by a mob of Atchison's regulators because it is attached to the church. The Rev. Mr. Morris was driven out of the country, and forced to promise not to preach there again. The schooner Emma, containing Col. Kinney and his party of filibusters, bound for Central America, has been wrecked on one of the Caycos Islands, but all hands escaped and were taken to Turks Island.

FRIDAY, July 20

The Hon. John H. Wheeler, U. S. Ambassador to Nicaragua, while on board the New York steamer, at Walnut street wharf, on Wednesday, on his way to New York, had three of his slaves seized and taken from him by a mob of negroes, on the ground that, having been voluntarily brought to Philadelphia, they were entitled to their freedom. Passmore Williamson, a well known member of the Philadelphia Anti-Slavery Society, was yesterday charged in the U. S. District Court with leading the mob, and Judge Kane issued a writ, requiring him to produce the slaves.— Five of the negroes engaged in the affair have been arrested and committed to prison. Calls have been issued for the assembling of State Conventions of the Whig and Republican parties of New York at Syracuse, on the 26th of September. A fusion is contemplated. On the 16th inst., a man named David Stoddard was executed, according to legal sentence, at the Rock Island, Ill., jail, in presence of the military and a large concourse of persons, for the murder of his wife. On the scaffold he confessed his crime and charged it to habitual intemperance. A clerk in the Post office at Richmond, Northampton county, Pa., has been arrested for robbing the U. S. Mail.— He confessed to taking one letter containing \$400.

SATURDAY, July 21.

Locomotive engine attached to a passenger train of cars on the Vermont Central Railroad exploded on Thursday night, and was completely demolished, killing a number of persons. Under the ruins were found the bodies of the engineer, fireman and conductor. The case of Passmore Williamson, charged with abducting slaves while in transitu, was heard yesterday before Judge Kane. Mr. W. made a return to the writ to the effect that he could not produce the slaves because they were beyond his control, and the District Attorney proceeded to adduce testimony to prove the return false. At the conclusion of the hearing Judge Kane deferred his decision, at the same time ominously intimating that the respondent had better produce the slaves if in his power. In the Fort McHenry murder case, Sergeant Morrow, the guilty party, has been given into the custody of the officers of the Fort to be retained there until the November term of the U. S. Circuit Court. Hon. George E. Pugh has been appointed by the Governor of Ohio, Major General of Militia, in place of General Anderson, and the new officer has already taken steps to have Brigadier General Sargent arrested and tried by court Martial, for oppression in the affair foreign volunteer companies. The full returns of the election in Louisiana, for Chief Justice, exhibit a majority of 1672 for Merrick, the Know Nothing candidate.

DECLINE OF PRICES.—The Baltimore Sun of Saturday says, the Baltimore breadstuff market continues to exhibit a downward tendency. Yesterday flour further fell off 12 1/2 cents per bbl., making a decline of 25 a 37 1/2 cents for the week. Wheat also gave way 10 cents a bushel yesterday, and for the week the average decline is 65 a 68 cents on red, and 60 a 72 cents a bushel on white. Corn is still pretty firm. The decline on flour in the Baltimore market is not so great as in New York, where it has given way within the last two days alone some 60 a 62 1/2 cents per bbl.

PHILADELPHIA, July 20.—Passmore Williamson, a prominent abolitionist, and five negroes are having a hearing to-day before Judge Kane, of the U. S. District Court, on a writ of habeas corpus, charged with forcibly seizing and carrying off on Wednesday, a female servant and her two children, the property of John H. Wheeler, of North Carolina, the United States Minister to Nicaragua, as he was about to embark for New York, at Walnut street wharf. The testimony in the case is quite voluminous. The party were under the leadership of Passmore, and the prisoners have all been positively identified. Charges of perjury and contempt of court are also embraced in the case of Williamson. The Court held him to bail in the sum of \$5,000 for a further hearing. The others were committed in default of bail.

STILL LATER FROM EUROPE.

ARRIVAL OF THE CANADA.

Progress of Affairs in the Crimea.

DETAILS OF THE REPULSE.

HALIFAX, July 18.
The Cunard steamer Canada, from Liverpool, with dates to Saturday, the 7th inst., arrived here at 11 o'clock to day, and sailed again at 2 o'clock for Boston.

There is no news of importance from the seat of war in the Crimea. No new movements had taken place on the part of the Allies. The ample details of the recent repulse have been received. The weather in England has been favorable, and the accounts as to the growing crops were encouraging.

THE WAR.

General Simpson telegraphed on the 4th that there was nothing new since the last account.

The main facts have been already stated of the unsuccessful attack on Sebastopol on the 18th of June. The papers per the Canada, contained further details, including the despatch of Pelissier.

It is stated that General Margau's French division, on the way to attack the fort on the extreme right, by the Careening Harbor, commenced the attack prematurely, and before the other divisions had taken their ground.— Margau fell mortally wounded, and his division being thrown into disorder, the Russians turned their concentrated fire upon the next division as it came up under General Brunet, and shattered it badly. Brunet also fell.— Orders were then given to withdraw the troops into the trenches, although General d'Autemarre had meantime reached the Malakoff Tower. The retreat was effected with good order, but with great loss.

When Lord Raglan saw the defeat of the first French Division, he hastily ordered an attack on the Redan, to effect a diversion. In favor of the French, although it was previously intended that the British should not attack until the French should have captured the Malakoff, inasmuch as the Malakoff, inasmuch as the Malakoff's guns quite commanded the Redan. So far as civilians at a distance could judge, Lord Raglan's order to attack was a great error, for the British storming party not being sufficiently strong to carry the works, were repulsed with much slaughter. A curious incident is, that Gen. Eyre, with 2000 British troops, penetrated into the suburbs of Sebastopol itself, and held possession of the houses in one street for seventeen hours, but being totally unsupported, he retired at nightfall.— The inference is, that had the assault been general, or systematically planned, the city would have fallen, or at least its first line of defence might have been carried.

French letters of June 23d says that the army was full of confidence. The approaches were pushing forward to the Malakoff tower, and a French battery of thirty guns was nearly completed in front of the Careening Bay to keep off the Russian ships, their fire having caused much loss on the 18th.

Careful estimates show that this war has already cost half a million of lives, and yet no decisive battles have taken place.

The Journal of St. Petersburg publishes a correspondence respecting the recent affair at Hango, stating that the flag of truce was not visible, and accusing the English of making improper uses of truce generally.

FRANCE.

On the 5th of July the Legislature voted the loan of 750,000,000 francs. In addition to this loan, an increase of taxation is proposed, namely, one-third increase of duty on all spirits, ten per cent. on railway passengers and goods, and a new war "decree" of indirect taxes, it is expected, will produce seventy millions of francs per annum.

The Emperor's speech has been variously commented on, but, on the whole, is regarded favorably. The hit at Austria is considered as well merited. It is reported that the Austrian Minister has asked for an explanation.

SPAIN.

A despatch, via Marseilles, dated July 5th, states that a rising had taken place in Catalonia. The outbreak at present seems more like a riot than an insurrection.

The correspondent of the London Times says the Spanish Minister at Paris had a long interview with the Emperor on the state of Spain, and Napoleon had expressed a determination to prevent any attempt to unseat Queen Isabella.

RUSSIA.

Some English papers contain statements respecting revolutionary movements in Russia in favor of Constantine as Emperor, but they are, manifestly, inventions.

SLAVE PIRACY.—In rendering a decision at Boston, lately, in the case of the brig Porpoise, seized for being engaged in the slave trade, Judge Curtis, of the U. S. Circuit Court, at Boston, held that a vessel which has acted as a tender upon slavers, and has carried merchandise which was used for the purchase of slaves, and had otherwise aided in the slave traffic, although she had not actually carried a single slave, was guilty of being engaged in the slave trade, within the meaning of the statute.

PENNSYLVANIA STATE DEBT.—The interest on the public debt of Pennsylvania will be paid on the 1st proximo, the requisite amount being already in the State Treasury. Indeed there will be some two or three hundred thousand dollars on hand after the interest is paid. The Philadelphia Ledger however, says it must not be taken for granted, from this, that the State Treasury is in a good condition, as the reverse is the fact. The temporary loans now exceed a million of dollars.

WHEAT CROP.—The Chicago Tribune gives the most plausible estimate of the wheat crop we have yet seen. It sets down Ohio at twenty-two millions of bushels; Illinois eighteen millions; Wisconsin ten millions, and Michigan eight millions. Pennsylvania will probably yield twenty-five millions.