Carliste Perald.



WEDNESDAY, MAY 2, 1855.

TH. LARGEST AND CHEAPEST NEWSPAPER

CUMBERCAND COUNTY Terms - Two Dollars a year, or One Dollar and Fifty Cents, if paid purctually in Advance \$1 75 if paid within the year.

KNOW NOTHING MOVEMENTS.

The American State Convention of Massachusetts, which met on the 2d inst. at Boston, is said to have taken decided anti-slavery ground. Resolutions of the strongest anti-slavery character were passed, and it was admitted that the order could no longer hesitate in taking such a position. Gov. Gardner and Senator Wilson are among the delegates appointed to the Philadelphia Convention to be held in June. Another phase of Massachusetts Americanism is shown in the following. On Friday last the House of Representatives of Massachusetts adopted by a large majority the proposed amendment to the Constitution of that State providing that no person shall be eligible to office until he shall have been a resident of the United States twenty-one years. Upon a motion to reconsider this vote on Monday a substitute was offered, "that no person shall be eligible to office in this Commonwealth unless born within the jurisdiction of the United States." The amondment was adopted by a majority yea and nay vote and being put upon its final passage was lost by 153 to 86, requiring a two-third vote for its adoption. So it seems that one-third of the members of the House are opposed to a total prohibition of foreigners from office. Many members were absent at the time, and it is presumed that another reconsideration will be moved.

The American State Council of New Hampshire, which met at Concord on the 3d, it is said took ground similar to that of Massachusetts on the Slavery question. Resolutions were passed protesting against the repeal of the Missouri Compromise, against the Nebraska bill and the Fugitive Slave law, and pledging the party to resist the further extension of slavery.

A California paper states that at the recent general American Convention held in Sacramento, the relegious test against Catholics was formally rejected from the platform. The New Orleans Bulletin also affirms that the American platform in Louisiana is equally free from the procriptive clause against Catholics, and that large numbers of Creoles, who are Catholics belong to the order.

Next we have from Illinois a report that the Know Nothing Convention lately held at Chicago had a stormy and exciting session, which ended in a disruption. The slavery question is stated as the cause.

AGRICULTURAL ADDRESS.

The Hon Fredrick Watts, of Carlisle, we learn, has accepted the invitation to deliver the next annual address before the State Agricultural Society. The North American remarks, in speaking of his acceptance, that "Judge Watts was one of the erliest and most efficient friends of the Association, and served as its first President, an office he filled with credit to himself and usefulness to the Body. His selection as the anniversary orator ensures a practical and judicious discourse."

The necessary sum having been subscribed in Harrisburg, the next State Fair will be held in that borough.

The Legislature adjourned yes terday sine die. We have not heard much of its concluding proceedings, except that the price of the Main line. in the bill for the sale of the Public Works, was fixed at six millions and a half, which will probably ensure a sale.

PHILADELPHIA ELECTION.

The official returns of the Philadelphia election give the victory to the of to the Fusionists, as was first reported. The vote is as follows:

22,458

22,036

22,406

22,209

CITY TREASURER. F. Knox Morton, American, Jacob E. Hagert, Fusion,

> Morton's majority, CITY COMMISSIONER.

Hil', American, Sherry, Fusion,

Hill's majority,

The Select Council consists of twentyfour members, of whom twelve hold over. These consist of nine Whigs and American, and three Democrats. Of the twelve members on Tuesday, four ran on the American ticket and eight on the Whig and Democratic Reform ticket .-The Common Council consists of seventyseven members, all of whom are elected annually. To this branch the Americans have now elected thirty nine members and their opponents thirty-eight members. If classed according to the old political names, there are in the Councils fifty-six Whigs and forty-five Demo-

Although Sam made a stout and suc cessful fight, it is not surprising that a victory of such equivocal character should be thought to require some explanation. The North American offers the following which we copy as containing some sound advice to the American party:

The city seems as quiet after its recent des perate political struggle as though nothing of importance had happened. Almost everybody goes calmly about his business. He who having been unduly excited in the battle, has not yet recovered his equanimity, is somewhat surprised at the apparent unconcern of the great mass. True, it is matter of familiar gos sip everywhere, that the city has been revolu tionized-that "Sam" has had a hard fight and come off with some pretty severe brui es; but all take it as a matter of course, and sirange to say, almost all profess to be satisfi ed with the result. "Sam's" friends thick it all right because they had to encounter the combined strength of the opposition Whigs and Democrats, and for a new party to beat such a force is, they contend, something of an achievement. Moreover, there were thousands of the American party who were disgusted with the extravagant mismanagement of the muni cipal authorities, and who rejoice at the change which has occurred, believing that the result affects only local affairs, and has no reference

to their party or its principles. The opposition are, of course, satisfied, for they have elected a large number of the Coun cils, and with the reform members of the A merican party, will have quite an efficient working majority. They have succeeded, also, in securing for themselves a smart sprinkling of all kinds of offices, and shown "Sam" that he is not invincible, and must exercise a little more care in his selection of nominees. Some of the more sanguine fusion Democrats and Whigs are shouting lustily that they have killed the new Hydra, the bolting Whigs claiming to have performed the part of lolas to the Democratic Hercules, both seeming to over-look that independent, right-minded body of honest men, not attached to either standard, who have done the business by refusing to vote for any one but good and competent candidates. Theirs is the victory, as they will effectually convince any party which may undertake to pervert the result of the contest to its especial uses. It is, perhaps, fortunate that the Democrats did not succeed in carrying a majority in either Council, for already, on the bare supposition that they had done so, they were talking of proscribing every man, good or bad, who was suspected of affinity with the American party. Individual merit was to be no criterion. attachment to or repudiation of the American organization being determined upon as the shibboleth. This is precisely the way in which the majority of the last Councils wrecked themselves and their party; and had it been in the power of a Democratió majority to go into just such a course of mere party aggrandizement, there would have been another revolution at the next municipal election. Things, however, have turned out better than the partizans had calculated on. The American Whig party still retains a unjority which can be held together for all wise and proper purposes, but which will prove udcontrollable for the ends of faction. Several old line Whigs have been elected as reformers, and will be such in reality, but if Democratic politicians calculate on using them as instruments, they will find themselves egregiously mistaken. On the o ther hand, a number of the American members elect are equally determined on reform, and will stendfastly refuse to countenance any of the evil projects of their own organization. Thus we have a sound conservative force sufficient to keep in check the party antagonists and preserve the purity of legislation. Prudence, therefore, dictates careful management to both sides.

The Councils have since organized by the election of Whig and American officers,

A NEW MOVE. A letter from Boston to the Cincinnati Gazette says that the Free Soil secret order called "Know Somethings," is rapidly taking possessi.a of the riginal "Know Nothing" lodges in Massachusetts.

The English papers record, in glowing terms, the honors and ovations offered Americans by a small majority, instead by the Queen, the nobility and the people of Great Britain to the Emperor of the French. No sovereign has ever been welcome on a foreign soil with equal enthusiasm. What a strange mutation of fortune! But a few years ago Louis Napoleon walked the streets of London unnoticed, an exile, exposed to the contumelious smile of titled insignificance and inflated wealth, and now royalty itself bows gracefully, to attach to his 197 knee the highest mark of distinction in its gift. The event indicates the change that has taken place between the time of the first Empire and its present. England, then strong and powerful, overbearingly refused the slightest tribute to greatness which filled the pages of history and the traditions of nations with its glory and renoun. She refused to acknowledge Napoleon I. and even instructed Sir Hudson Lowe never to style but as General Bonaparte the hero who had disposed of the destinies of the world, although he held the title of Emperor by the legitimate gift of his people and had been acknowledged by the oldest and proudest dynasties of Europe. Now she receives with more than the honors of a Roman triumph, a collateral descendant of that same Emperor, who seized his diadem violence, and maintained its possession by a bloody usurpation.

We subjoin an account of the Emperors brilliant reception in London atGuild hall.

Yesterday, the visit to the city took place and some conception of the manner in which the Emperor was received may be forme! from the fact that, throughout a not very lengthened route, upwards of one million of -but in more extraordinary numbers-on the roadways, upon the pavements, in shop windows, on every floor, from the basement to the roof, thousands of elegantly dressed females and gentlemen were to be seen, as well as the humblest, the dingiest and the dirtiest. From the coster-monger to the Peer, every grade of human society was represented. From Buckingham Place along Pall Mall, the Strand, Fleet street, Cheap side, to Guildhall, it was one gigantic and to see it more regularly. enthusiastic ovation. Flags of all kinds were hung out; even a jacket, taken at Alma, vas exhibited to the wondering gaze of the

markable, perhaps, was the fact, that the ladies exhibited this anxiety in a much greater proportion than the gentlemen. The Empress was dressed in a flounced green satin dress, covered with Brussels lace. She wore a white Brussels lace shawl and a white crape bonnet, with marabout feathers. She looked pale, is certainly beautiful, and was evidently eminontly gratified at the very hearty welcome she and her illustrious consort received. The Emperor was attired in the uniform of a French General officer, and wore the riband of the order of the garter. Guildhall was especially and splendidly decorated for the occasion, and the devices were elegantly and tastefully appropriate.— The Hall presented a grand sight. The crowd of charmingly dressed ladies, the glittering of the scarlet uniforms and gold appointments of military officers present, the massive gold and silver services upon the tables, the pictures upon the walls, and the gay character of the fittings, all aided to give a charm and even magnificence to the scene, which could only be realized by those who witnessed it. The address, which was read by the Recorder of the city of London. was delivered immediately after the Imperial guests had taken their places upon the brones prepared for them, and the Emperor istened with much attention to a modest and vell-conceived congratulation. The Empress appeared much pleased with an allusion to erself, and in a very marked manner expressed her acknowledgment. The Emperor eplied at some length, and some of the nasanges were of quite a decided and important

character. The address was frequently interrupted by bursts of enthusiastic cheering, and the language, the tone, the resolve and policy em raced in it appeared to recommend themselves with great force to the sympathies of those who listened to sentiments of which they cordially approved. The applause. therefore, was neither vulgar compliment nor time serving flattery; but by its very vehemence, proved that it was an earnest response to the views he so forcibly expressed. After various presentations, a splendid deicuner was partaken of and then the Imperial guests returned to Buckingham place, where

In the evening Queen Victoria and Prince Albert, Napoleon and Eugenie, visited the falian Opera, 500 guineas were given as the quotations for boxes, and 30 guineas for single stalls in which the royal countenances might fall on the occupants. London, west of

superb State banquet was given.

Temple-bar, was illuminated.
On Friday the Experor and Empress, ac-

companied by the Queen and Prince Albert. visited the Crystal Palace at Sydenham where 20,000 persons where assembled to re-ceive them. In the evening the Queen gave a supper and concert, at which the American Minister was present.

The English papers are crowded with glowing descriptions of this ever-memorable visit. Omitting the embellishments the simple statement is that on Monday, the 16th, Napoleon III and the Empress Eugenie arrived at Dover-thence to Windsor-remained the guests of the British Sovereign five days-met with a distinguished reception from the Court and extraordinary enthusiastic greeting from the crowd-were almost overwhelmed by congratulatory addresses from corporations and institutions—and returned to France amid a tempest of harras!

Elections. - At the election of Schoo Directors in Lancaster, on Friday last the Americans were defeated by the Fusonists, by about 100 majority. At the borough election in York, on Saturday, the Americans were triumphant through- announcement this week that business is going out. At corporation elections held in on as heretofore. The promptness with which Harper's Ferry and Petersburg, Va., on Monday, the Americans were defeated after a warm struggle. This looks like slight ray of hope for Henry A. Wise.

Ber The Reading Journal has disovered, after a careful comparison, that the Legislature is likely to cost the State less under the bill giving members \$500 session, than under the old system,-If the Legislature should sit no more than 100 days, we do not hesitate to predict, says the Journal, that the salary system will produce an anual saving to the State of from \$10,000 to \$15,000 .-It therefore appears that the new bill is ersons were congregated. As on Monday not such a bug-bear as some of our contemporaries would make it out.

> Ter The Philadelphia Sun makes its appearance in a new and beautiful dress. The Sun is conducted with great spirit and ability, but its daily beams seldom shine in our sanctum. We should like

IT SHOULD BE UNIVERSALLY KNOWN-for it is strictly was exhibited to the wondering gaze of the carious.

The Emperor and Empress, in a State carriage, drawn by cream colored horses, and surrounded by an escort of the Royal Horse (funds, reached the Strand at half past one. The cheering was most lusty, but the desire to get a sight of the Empress seemed to be the prevailing curiosity; and somewhat remarkable, perhaps, was the fact, that the ladies exhibited this anxiety in a much greater proportion than the gentlanger. The

> C.D. NEURALGIA.—This formidable disease, which seems to baffle the skill of physicians, yields like magic to arter's Spanish Mixture. Mr. F. Boydou, formerly of the Astor House. New York, and late proprietor of the Exchange Hotel, Richmond, Va., is one of the hundreds who have been cured of sovere Neuralgia, by Carter's Epanish Mixture.
>
> Since his care, ha has recommended it to numbers of others, who were suffering with nearly every form of disease, with the most wonderful success.
>
> He says it is the most extraordinary medicine he has ever seen used, and the best blood purifier known.
>
> ****See advertisement in another column.

Der John-Good morning, Sir. How are You!
STRANGER.—Good merning, sir; can you tell me where
I can find the cheapest READY MADE CLOTHING, and

the best.

John.—Yes, sir. We have a number of good Clothing
Stores in Carlisle, but Messes. Steiner & Brother, at
the South East corner of the Public Square, has the

the South East corner of the Public Square, has the cheapest.

Stranger.—Well, so everybody says in the country. I did not know but that we were mistaken, so I thought I would enquire of your town folks.

John.—What kind of Clothing do you wish to buy?

Stranger.—Why I would like to get a good Overcoat, Dress Coat and Pants for my boy.

Dress Cent and Pants for mysen, and a for my boy.

John.—Well, Steiner & Brother, they say, have excellent Over Cents for \$7,00; Dress Cents for \$5,00, and Winter Pants for \$2,50 well lined.

Stransoen.—What about Boy's Clothing.

John—What about them! Why Stringer & Brother turn out the cheapest let of Boy's Clothing, both for Sunday and every day that you will find in Carlisle.

Stranger.—Well, then Pin off or Steiner & Brother.

Class the way.

Deaths.

In this borough on Sabbath afternoon, the 16th instant, Mr. GEORGE MURRAY, in the 94th year of his age. A worthy and estimable citizen. After outliving the companions of his early life, he is hinself numbered with the dead. His venerable form we shall see no more; and his memory well stored and tenacious to the last, can be no longer consulted. His hope of a glorious immortality was founded on the Rock of Ages, and his end was peace.

On the 30th of April Mr. JAMES MCALISTER, of Dick mson township, in the 79th year of his ago.

EMBROIDERIES,-A splendid stock of needle worked Collars Undor-sleeves, Flouncing, Shemisetts, from two of two of the largest importing houses in New two of the largest importing houses in New fork, which will be sold at Prices truly astonishing at he cheap store of May, 9th, 1855.

CUMMER HATS, A large invoice of meu's and boy's Panama, Canton, Rutland, Ped-al Braid and Dunstable Straw Hats, now opening and selling uncommonly low at the cheap store of May, 9, '55

DONNETS, RIBONS AND FLOW-Ribons and Artificials, now opening at the cheap store of May, 9, '65. CHA'S. OGILBY.

Town and County Matters.

THE GAS AND WATER COMPANY'S REPORT .- The first report of the President of the Gas and Water company, which we give in to-days paper, well be read with ano less satisfaction than interest. That the course of the managers and officers, all of whom with the exception of the engineer have given their services without remuneration for the last two years, has been most faithful and judicious, will be acknowledged by all. Our borough may justly indulge in the boast of having erected "the cheapest and best works of their kind that have ever been built." Other communities have been loaded with debt in accomplishing similar enterprises. The inestimable blessings of a copious supply of water will be realized by our community without the drawback of debt and taxation.

The annual election of the company takes place on Monday next. The public spirited President and managers ought to be, and we trust will be re-elected without opposition.

THE CARLISLE FOUNDRY .- The new buildings of this establishment are now completed, and Mr. Gardner makes the gratifying Mr. Gardner has reinstated his establishment since the recent disastrous fire manifests a spirit of energy and enterprise which must ensure success

THE INFANTRY.—The departure of the Infantry companies from the Barracks is now a matter of some uncertainty, we learn, owing to the prevailance of cholera and other causes at the Western military posts. The delay of their departure is not of course regretted, especially as it may enable us to see them again on parade in town.

New Advertisements.

SCHOLARSHIPS in Dickinson Col! Diego for sale, at a reduced price. Enquire at this co. May, 7 '55 2 t. pd,

(tOMING !-Dr. W. Simmons the celobrated Indian Physician and surgeon, will be in Parlisle on the 10th and 17th of May, and may be con-sulted at the public house of Wm. Crezier, on West main

ADIES DRESS GOODS .- Just Jopening a large assortment of Spring and Summer bress Goods, consisting of Plain and Figured Barages, Plain and Figured Silk Tissues, Barage do Laines, Plain Lawns, Figured Swiss Muslins, Organdies, Scotch (ing-hams, and a great variety of other goods at as low prices s can be found any where in the town,
May 9th, '55.
GEO. W. HITNER.

INOWN PROPERSY AT PRIVATE SALE.—I am authorized to offer at private sale a we story STONE HOUSE and lot of ground 30 feet in-front by 24 in depth situated on the south side of Mair a St. in this Borough, adjoining Mr. James Loudon's Book

St. in this Borough, adjoining Mr. James Loudon's Book Store. The sale will be made on say terms. JNO, B. PARKER, May 9, '55. Atty, for the owners."

CARLISLE FOUNDRY

AND MACHINE SHOP,

The subscriber has the satisfaction of informing his old friends had patrons that
his establishment is again in active operation, now buildings having been erected since the late
disastrous fre and the whole establishment but in comdisastrous fire and the whole establishment put in com-plete working order. Streets are therefore respectfully solicited for work in his line, which will be done with promptness and in the best manner.

STEAM ENGINES BUILT TO ORDER opaired. All kinds of Machinery in Paper Mills mills and Factories repaired at short notice. Mill los denses dent function

Grist Mills and Factories repaired at short notice. Mill Spinules drossod and turned.

HORSE POWERS and THRESHING MACHINES such as Bavil Gear Four Horse Power, Horizontal Gear Four Horse and Two Horse Powers, Phonghs, Corn Shellers and Crushers, &c. Patterns made to order. Iron and Brass CASTINGS executed to order, if not on hand, at the shortest notice, such as Cranks and Mill Gearing, Spur and Bevil Whoels, Gudgeons for Saw Bills, Plow Castings, Cutters, Point Shears, Wagon and Conch Boxes, Spindles, Car Wheels, Car Chairs, &c. He has also on hand a large supply of Philadelphia and Troy COUK-ING STOVES, and is constantly making Cooking Stoves of various improved patterns for coal or wood, ten plate Stoves, Grates, &c. Repairing done to all kinds of Machinery. All kinds of old Iron, Brass and Copper taken in exchange for work.

TRANKLIN GARDNER.

DAKERY REMOVED.——George Grossman informs his customers that his Bread and Cake Bakery has been removed to the room formerly occupied by Mr. Jacob Sener, as a Hardware store, on North Hanover 'street, where he has made extensive arrangements than heretoryor in his baking department, with the view of accomedating the increased demand for Domestic Bread. He will lake FRESH BREAD and ROLLS every day from the verry best Flour, A variety of cakes kept constantly on hand. Families supplied at short notice with Breakfast and Tea cakes. Thankful to the public for the patronage heretofore received, he respectfully solicits a continuance of their favors.

I.m. May, 9 55. GEORGE GROSMAN.

DRIGADE INSPECTOR'S OR-DERS.—The "Quitinan Guards," a uniformed Company of Volunteers, is hereby ordered to meet at Churchtown, in Cumberland country, on Monday, the 'th day of May, at 10 c'clock, A. M., for inspection, The Carillele Light Infinity will meet at their Armory, in the Borough of Carillele, on Saturday, the 12th day of May.

of May.

The First Regiment will most at Newville, on Friday,
the 18th day of May, for review and inspection.
Commanding officers of companies will be held responsible for the good condition of all public arms and
accourtements.

SAMUEL CROP.

BRIG. INSP., 1ST BRIG. 15TH DIV.

VATER COOLERS, Of various V. kinds and of the very best construction, for sale by the subscriber on North Hanover street. Also a lot of first rate COORING STOVES, which he is anxious to soil at low rates for cash. MONROE MORRIS.

May, 9, '55.

ARPETING.—An entire new assortment of Carpeting just received. Imperial, Ingrain, Venition and cotton, zelling very cheap by May 9,785. CILABLES OGILBY.

FRESH SHAD.—A few barrels of prime No. 1 SHAD, just WILLIAMS FAMILY GROCERY.

HAVE received my Spring supply of GARDEN SEEDS from Mr. Landreth. All seeds old by me are warrented PRESH and CERUINE.

Carlisle, April 4, 1855.

B. ELLIOTT.