

E. BEATTY,  
PROPRIETOR AND PUBLISHER.

**TERMS OF PUBLICATION.**  
The CARLISLE HERALD is published weekly on a large sheet, containing forty columns, and furnished to subscribers at the rate of \$1.00 per annum in advance. If not paid within the year, or if in all cases when payment is delayed until after the expiration of the year. No subscriptions received for a less period than six months, and none discontinued until all arrearages are paid, unless at the option of the publisher. Papers sent to subscribers living out of Cumberland county must be paid for in advance, or the payment assumed by some responsible person residing in Cumberland county. These terms will be rigidly adhered to in all cases.

**ADVERTISEMENTS.**  
Advertisements will be charged \$1.00 per square of twelve lines for three insertions, and 25 cents for each subsequent insertion. All advertisements of less than twelve lines considered as a square. The following rates will be charged for quarterly, half yearly and yearly advertising:

1 Square, (12 lines)	3 Months	6 Months	12 Months
2 "	3.00	5.00	8.00
3 "	4.00	6.00	9.00
4 "	5.00	7.00	10.00
5 "	6.00	8.00	11.00
6 "	7.00	9.00	12.00
7 "	8.00	10.00	13.00
8 "	9.00	11.00	14.00
9 "	10.00	12.00	15.00
10 "	11.00	13.00	16.00
11 "	12.00	14.00	17.00
12 "	13.00	15.00	18.00

Advertisements inserted before Marriages and Deaths, 8 cents per line for first insertion, and 4 cents per line for subsequent insertions. Communications on subjects of health or individual interest will be charged 5 cents per line. The proprietor will not be responsible in damages for errors in advertisements. Ordinary notices not exceeding five lines, will be inserted without charge.

**JOB PRINTING.**  
The CARLISLE HERALD JOB PRINTING OFFICE is the largest and most complete establishment in the county. Three good presses, and a general variety of material suited for plain and fancy work of every kind, enables us to do Job Printing at the shortest notice and on the most reasonable terms. Persons in want of Bills, Blanks or any thing in the Jobbing line, will find it their interest to give us a call. Every variety of BLANKS constantly on hand.  
All letters on business must be post-paid to secure attention.

**General & Local Information.**  
**U. S. GOVERNMENT.**  
President—FRANKLIN PIERCE.  
Vice President—(do facto), D. R. ATCHESON.  
Secretary of State—W. M. L. MARCY.  
Secretary of Treasury—ROBERT McCLELLAND.  
Secretary of War—JAMES B. FRIZZELL.  
Secretary of Navy—JAS. C. DODDIN.  
Post Master General—JAMES CAMPBELL.  
Attorney General—CALVIN COUSHING.  
Chief Justice of United States—R. B. TANNEY.

**STATE GOVERNMENT.**  
Governor—JAMES POLLOCK.  
Secretary of State—ANDREW G. CURTIS.  
Surrogate General—J. P. BLAWLEY.  
Auditor General—E. BARKS.  
Treasurer—JOSEPH BAILEY.  
Judges of the Supreme Court—R. LEWIS, J. S. BLACK, B. LOWME, G. W. WOODWARD, J. C. KNOX.

**COUNTY OFFICERS.**  
President Judge—Hon. JAMES H. GRAHAM.  
Associate Judges—Hon. John Rupp, Samuel Woodburn.  
District Attorney—John M. Shoarer.  
Prothonotary—Daniel K. Noell.  
Recorder, &c.—John M. Gregg.  
Register—William Lytle.  
High Sheriff—Joseph McDermott; Deputy, James Winder.  
County Treasurer—N. W. Woods.  
Coroner—Joseph C. Thompson.  
County Commissioners—John Bobb, James Armstrong, George M. Graham, Clerk to Commissioners, William Riley.  
Directors of the Poor—George Shaffer, George Brindley, John C. Brown, Superintendent of Poor House—Joseph Lochach.

**BOROUGH OFFICERS.**  
Chief Burgess—SAM. ARMSTRONG NOBLE.  
Assistant Burgess—Samuel Gould.  
Town Council—C. C. Woodward, (President) Henry Myers, John Giddell, Peter Moyer, F. Gardner, J. A. Stargen, Michael Shearer, John Thompson, David Elze, Clerk to Council—William Wetzal.  
Constables—John Cameron High Constable; Robert McCartney, Ward Constable.

**CHURCHES.**  
First Presbyterian Church, northwest angle of Centre Square. Rev. CONWAY P. WING, Pastor.—Services every Sunday morning at 11 o'clock, A. M., and 7 1/2 o'clock, P. M.  
Second Presbyterian Church, corner of South Hanover and Pomfret streets. No pastor at present, but pulpit filled by Presbyterian ministers. Services commence at 11 o'clock, A. M., and 7 o'clock, P. M.  
St. John's Church, (Prot. Episcopal) northeast angle of Centre Square. Rev. JACOB H. MOUSS, Rector. Services at 11 o'clock, A. M., and 8 o'clock, P. M.  
English Lutheran Church, Bedford between Main and Louthor streets. Rev. JACOB FAY, Pastor. Services at 11 o'clock, A. M., and 7 1/2 o'clock, P. M.  
German Reformed Church, Bedford between Hanover and Pitt streets. Rev. A. H. KREMER, Pastor. Services at 10 1/2 o'clock, A. M., and 7 1/2 o'clock, P. M.  
Methodist E. Church, (first charge) corner of Main and Pitt streets. Rev. B. L. M. COVENS, Pastor. Services at 11 o'clock, A. M., and 7 1/2 o'clock, P. M.  
Methodist S. Church, (second charge) Rev. J. M. JOYNS, Pastor. Services in College Chapel, at 11 o'clock, A. M., and 5 o'clock, P. M.  
Roman Catholic Church, Pomfret, near East street.—Services by Rev. Mr. DONAHOO, every second Sunday.  
German Lutheran Church, corner of Pomfret and Bedford streets. Rev. I. P. NASCHOLD, Pastor. Services at 10 1/2 A. M.  
When changes in the above are necessary the proper persons are requested to notify us.

**DICKINSON COLLEGE.**  
Rev. Charles Collins, President and Professor of Moral Science.  
Rev. Herman M. Johnson, Professor of Philosophy and English Literature.  
James W. Marshall, Professor of Ancient Languages.  
Rev. Otis H. Tilley, Professor of Mathematics.  
William M. Wilson, Lecturer on Natural Science and Director of the Museum.  
Alexander Schom, Professor of Hebrew and Modern Languages.  
Benjamin Arbogast, Tutor in Languages.  
Samuel D. Hillman, Principal of the Grammar School.  
William A. Sively, Assistant in the Grammar School.

**CORPORATIONS.**  
CARLISLE DEPOSIT BANK.—President, Richard Parker; Cashier, Wm. M. Boston; Clerks, Henry A. Sturgess, Joseph C. Hoffer. Directors, Richard Parker, Henry Saxe, John B. Storratt, John Zug, Henry Logan, Robert Moore, Samuel Wherry, John Sanderson, Hugh Stuart.  
CUMBERLAND VALLEY RAIL ROAD COMPANY.—President, Frederick Watts; Secretary and Treasurer, Edward M. Hill; Superintendent, A. F. Smith. Passenger trains twice a day Eastward, leaving Carlisle at 7 1/2 o'clock, A. M., and 4 1/2 o'clock, P. M. Two trains every day Westward, leaving Carlisle at 9 o'clock, A. M., and 2 30 P. M.  
CARLISLE GAS AND WATER COMPANY.—President, Frederick Watts; Secretary, Lemuel Todd; Treasurer, Wm. M. Boston; Directors, F. Watts, Richard Parker, Lemuel Todd, Wm. M. Boston, Dr. W. W. Dale, Franklin Gardner, Henry Glass.

**RATES OF POSTAGE.**  
LETTER POSTAGE.—Postage on all letters of one-half ounce weight or under, 3 cents per mile, or 5 cents unpaid, (except to California and Oregon, which are 6 cents per mile, or 10 cents unpaid).  
NEWSPAPERS.—Postage on the HERALD—within the county, 2 cents. Within the State 15 cents per year. To any part of the United States, 20 cents.  
Postage on all transient papers under 3 ounces in weight, 1 cent prepaid or 2 cents unpaid.

**CARLISLE HERALD**  
300 & JOB PRINTING OFFICE,  
IN THE REAR OF THE COURT HOUSE.  
Every description of Book and Job Printing executed at the shortest notice and on reasonable terms.

# Carlisle Herald.

A Paper for the Family Circle.

VOL. LV.

WEDNESDAY, MAY 2, 1855.

NO. 35

## HERALD AND EXPOSITOR

For the Herald.

**A TOKEN OF REGARD.**  
At a meeting of the Belles Lettres Society of Dickinson College, held April 30th 1855, the following preamble and resolutions were unanimously adopted:

WHEREAS it has pleased an all-wise God to remove from our midst our brother, William I. Natcher, a member as beloved by the Society for the qualities of his heart, as he was honored for his abilities as a student; therefore

Resolved, That we deeply deplore the loss of an active and efficient member, and sincerely sympathize with his bereaved relatives.

Resolved, That we wear the usual badges of mourning, and shroud our Hall, for the space of thirty days.

Resolved, That we follow the remains of our deceased brother to his last resting place.

Resolved, That a copy of these resolutions be sent to the family of the deceased, and that they be published in the Carlisle papers.

CHARLES F. HIMES,  
THOMPSON P. EGE,  
LUTHER M. LYON,  
Committee of B. L. S.

## TRIBUTE OF RESPECT.

At a meeting of the Freshman Class of Dickinson College, held April 30th, the following preamble and resolutions were unanimously adopted:

WHEREAS it has pleased Almighty God in his all-wise Providence to remove from our midst our esteemed friend and fellow classmate William I. Natcher, of Carlisle, Pa., therefore

Resolved, That we deeply and sincerely regret the loss of our generous, noble, and warm-hearted friend whom but to know was to love, and also tender our sincere and heartfelt sympathies to his family in their distressing bereavement.

Resolved, That we by this dispensation of Divine Providence, have been deprived of a beloved friend and one in every respect worthy of our fullest confidence and esteem.

Resolved, That we as a class attend his obsequies.

Resolved, That a copy of these resolutions be sent to the parents of the deceased, and be published in the Carlisle papers.

HORATIO C. KING,  
R. N. EARHART,  
W. T. L. WELCH,  
JOHN H. LEAS,  
J. BENSON AKERS,  
Committee.

## COURT OF COMMON PLEAS.—At a

Court of Court of Common Pleas, held in Carlisle, commencing on Monday, the 10th ult., before Hon. James H. Graham, President Judge, and John Rupp and Samuel Woodburn, Esqrs., Associates, the following cases were disposed of. We take the report from the Volunteer.

**RICHARD CRAIGHEAD vs. JOS. TREGO AND WIFE.**—This was a feigned issue to try the validity of the will of Thomas Craighead, dec'd. Defendants alleged, that deceased was incapable of making a will, on account of weakness of mind at the time of making it, and that it was not his will, but that the Plff., Richard, his son, had made or caused to be made a will to suit himself, and not his father. A number of persons were called, who testified to his competency, and others to his incompetency to make a will. The Jury found a verdict for Plff. Watts and Parker for Plff.; Miller and Hepburn for Def.

**CHAR. BARNITZ vs. G. Z. BRETZ.**—This was an action of Replevin, brought to recover a Drug Store. It appeared from the evidence, that Charles Barnitz purchased a Drug Store from G. Z. Bretz some time since, at public sale. Bretz alleged that Barnitz had not complied with the conditions of the sale. Barnitz alleged that Bretz had not given him an opportunity to comply with the conditions.—Verdict for Def. Watts and Parker for Plff.; Miller and Biddle for Def.

**JACOB SHEAFER vs. T. W. S. MID.**—This action was brought by Jacob Sheaffer, to recover damages for the value of a mare, which he was driving over a public road in South Middleton Township. It appeared from the evidence, that the road at that place was in a very bad condition, and that the Supervisors had neglected to repair it. Verdict for Plff. \$106.66 damages. Penrose and Sharp for Plff.; Henderson and Rittner for Def.

**WM. BISHOP vs. GARNISHES OF DAVID GRIBER.**—This was an action brought to recover money of David Grier's in the hands of Mary Moore. Verdict for Plff.; Watts and Sharp for Plff.; Hepburn and Todd for Def.

**CHAR. OGBLY vs. S. HERRBURN.**—This was an action for a "Book account" for goods sold to James Gaullagher, by Charles Ogbly, upon the credit of Samuel Hepburn, Esq., Gaullagher alleging that he was an agent for Samuel Hepburn, Esq. Defendant denied "General Agency," and Plaintiff falling in proving General Agency, took a non suit.

## Watts and Parker for Plff.; Miller and Williams for Def.

**SAMUEL GIBLER vs. SAMUEL McCULLOUGH.**—This was an action brought to recover the price of a threshing machine, which Plaintiff sold Defendant. Defendant alleged that the machine was worthless, and returned to Plff., and refused to pay for it on that account.—Verdict for Plaintiff \$20 damages. Biddle and Penrose for Plff.; Miller and Sharp for Defendant.

## From the Philadelphia Ledger.

### BRIBERY INVESTIGATION.

#### Report of the Committee of the Legislature in the Alleged Bribery Case.

To the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania:—The Committee of the Senate and House of Representatives, appointed under the joint resolution of the 13th of February last, to inquire whether any corrupt or improper influences have been used or attempted to be used, to affect the election of U. S. Senator, with power to send for persons and papers, beg leave to submit the following report:

Your committee met on the same day it was appointed, and organized by electing Francis Jordan, of the Senate, Chairman, and appointing John H. Miller, Esq., Clerk. It immediately commenced the examination of witnesses, and from the 13th of February, to the 22d of March last, met almost daily, Sundays excepted. During this period your Committee held twenty seven sessions, many of them from four to five hours in length, and examined fifty witnesses, and some of them several times, and at great length. The testimony as taken down by the clerk, covers 187 pages of foolscap.

Much of this evidence, as is now manifest, is of no importance whatever, and if reported would only lead to confuse and mislead the mind of the reader; and all clearly of this character has been withheld by our Committee. All that a majority of the committee thought it important to take, is herewith reported to the Legislature.

In the examination of witnesses as will be perceived by the general interrogatories, the Committee consider it necessary to relax somewhat the strict rules of evidence, as administered in Courts of Justice, in ordinary cases. The subjects of inquiry in their very nature, are those of illegality and fraud, and in the investigation of such matters the Courts themselves have found it necessary to the ends of justice to depart from their general rules.—Care has been taken however, that in all such departures by the Committee, no injury should be done to the public or to individuals.

One great difficulty in the way of successful and speedy inquiry, was the fact that Dr. David Jayne, his son-in-law, Isaac S. Eshelman, and Michael Piper, all of whom were ascertained to be important witnesses, could not, after the most diligent search, be found. The Sergeant-at-arms of the Senate, and his assistant, as is proved by the testimony herewith submitted, made frequent and diligent efforts to serve subpoenas on these persons; and it has been established, to the entire satisfaction of your Committee, that the two persons first named, if not the third also have either alighted the Commonwealth for the time being, or willfully avoided the service of process upon them. In this connection, it is deemed proper to add, that the Committee notified the friends of Dr. Jayne that he was implicated by the testimony taken, and that his character was so involved as to demand his personal attendance and explanation before the Committee. His refusal to appear, under these circumstances, is hardly consistent with any other hypothesis than that of a consciousness on his part that his conduct was incapable of explanation, and justifies the inference that he so considered it. It is proved by the testimony that John F. Herr, a member of the House of Representatives from Luzerne county, was corruptly approached by Dr. Jayne himself, and also by his friends, Eshelman and Peiper, and that the only reason why said member was not bribed to vote for Dr. Jayne for United States Senator, was because he promptly and firmly resisted the attempt to seduce him from the path of rectitude.

This witness not only stands unimpeached, but his straightforward statement of his knowledge upon the subject, and the extent to which he is corroborated by other witnesses, has satisfied your committee of the entire truthfulness of his testimony. It may be suggested, in palliation of this manifest attempt at corruption, that Dr. Jayne was inexperienced in politics, and was betrayed into this violation of both law and morals, in the excitement of a heated contest, and acted under an impression that rival candidates were using the same means. However this might be, if he had appeared before your committee, candidly stated the facts, and thereby shown a disposition to redress, so far as in his power, the wrongs committed, and to remove the unjust and prejudicial suspicions and injuries inflicted upon the character of the Legislature by his conduct in the premises, your committee would have felt much more kindly disposed, and inclined to a more charitable view of his case. He has not done this, however; but, in his zeal to obtain an honorable office, he inflicted serious wounds upon the reputation of the Legislature and the character of the committee, and then escaped from its jurisdiction, like a fugitive from justice, anxious only for his own safety and regardless of the wrongs done to others. Your committee, under the circumstance of the absence of the party thus implicated, content themselves with this ex-

pression of their opinion, and the publication of the evidence on which it is founded, and leave it to the pleasure of the Senate and House of Representatives, to direct further action on the subject, if they see proper.

The Hon. Lewis C. Levin was also a candidate for the United States Senate; or at least intended to become one, upon a certain contingency referred to in the evidence. It seems by the testimony, he intended to raise some thirty or forty thousand dollars, partly in connection with this object, and partly for other purposes, but how much of the fund for each, does not appear. Railroad bonds to the amount of \$4000, and letters of credit for other and less sums were raised by him prior to and not long before the time fixed for the election of United States Senator. The railroad bonds were taken in payment of a debt he had a right to contract, but was received with declarations referring to the contingency of his becoming a candidate; but there is no evidence that any portion of the fund so raised was used corruptly by him, or that any attempt was made so to use it by any one, except it may be inferred from what is said to have transpired at the appointed interview between John F. Herr, of the House, and Dr. David Mellinger, of the Senate. To say the least of this matter, it is exceedingly unfortunate that such efforts were made to raise this large fund at the existing time of the canvass for Senator; for not a few of the injurious suspicious and reports—had their origin in this very transaction, and by it several members of the House became apparently involved. Your committee takes pleasure in hereby unanimously declaring, that, after as thorough an investigation as was practicable, the evidence on this part of the case, taken together, does not criminate any members of the House, nor does it even justify an inference that any of them had acted improperly in the premises.—This, too, is said without intending any reflection upon the veracity or character of the witnesses who testified before the committee on this subject. It is believed they acted from good motives and in good faith, but were deceived by statements made to them by others, and which were subsequently found to be incorrect, or at least incapable of substantiation. With these remarks, the testimony of Messrs. Levin, Tucker, Ashmead, Connelly, Nelson, Sanderson, Cooper and others, is submitted, and the Senate and House may form their own conclusions in relation to this fund, and all persons in anywise connected with it.

As to the other candidates whose names were before the Legislature for the office of United States Senator, there is no evidence calculated to implicate either of them in the fairness of any efforts that may have been made by them in connection with this high and honorable office. The names of some of the gentlemen do not appear in the testimony at all, and of those who do, it is not in connection with any fact incompatible with integrity and honor. They are all, therefore, so far as the labors of this committee are concerned, entitled to stand free and clear of any of the charges that brought this investigation into existence.

A hasty perusal of the testimony taken in the course of the investigation might induce the impression that it reflected strongly on Jacob S. Haldeman, the Senator from York.—This is especially true of the letter purporting to be written by D. A. Paxton to said Haldeman, requiring him to refund certain moneys, &c. In justice to that Senator, your committee deem it proper to say that the whole testimony upon this transaction taken together, not only fails to prove anything corrupt or improper on his part, but has satisfied the committee that a base attempt was made to extort money from him under false pretences; and very probably a conspiracy concocted for the same purpose. It must be borne in mind that one E. M. Paxton, Esq., is the recognized attorney of Dr. Jayne, and was at Harrisburg with the Doctor during the canvass, and had left only a few days before the date of the letter in question. Assuming that Dr. Jayne or some one for him, had placed \$3000 in the hands of Mr. Haldeman, and alleging that he had abused a pretended trust, the letter was a palpable endeavor to levy black mail and extort from him \$500.

The name "D. R. Paxton" was near enough the correct name of Dr. Jayne's attorney to deceive Mr. Haldeman, and yet no doubt considered far enough from a supposed danger of a conviction for forgery. The evidence clearly shows that A. J. Herr, Esq., was instrumental in getting up this letter and forwarding it to Mr. Haldeman, and your Committee, after a searching investigation, was unable to come to any other conclusion than the one here indicated. Your Committee would direct the special attention of the Senate and House to the testimony of Mr. A. J. Herr, not only in proof of the correctness of the conclusion arrived at, but also as a specimen of prevarication, contradiction and attempted concealments, rarely to be met with.

**EMIGRATION.**—The New York Times says: "The number of emigrants to this country seems likely to be as large, if not larger, the present, as on any previous summer. We understand from reliable authority, that ninety-six ships, all of which bring more or less emigrant passengers, have cleared at different European ports for this city."

The London News announces the death of "Carter Bell," (Charlotte Brontë) author of "Jane Eyre," "Shirley" and "Villette." She was the last survivor of three wonderful girls, the daughters of a clergyman who, now very aged and infirm, survives his wife and all his many children.

## LEGISLATIVE PROCEEDINGS.

SUMMARY OF NEWS

WEDNESDAY, April 25.

**Pennsylvania Legislature.**—In the State Senate, yesterday, a resolution to repeal the charter of the Erie and Northeast Railroad Company, was debated at length. The joint resolution from the House for a final adjournment on the 8th of May, was also considered; a motion to amend, so as to meet on the first Tuesday of October next, to elect a U. S. Senator, being made and debated. In the House, a large number of bills passed, among which were charters for the Atlantic Insurance Company, Bloomsburg Bank, Belmont Railroad, Merchants and Mechanics' Bank, Southern Railroad, Philadelphia Guano Company, the Merchants' Bank, Philadelphia, and an extension of the charter of the Western Bank.

THURSDAY, April 26.

**Pennsylvania Legislature.**—In the State Senate yesterday, a resolution was adopted, requesting the State Treasurer to inform that body what amount is due to the Commonwealth from Robert G. Simpson, late Treasurer of Philadelphia. A joint resolution from the House, to adjourn on the 8th of May, was passed without amendment. The bill to repeal the charter of the Erie and Northeast Railroad, was amended and passed second reading. A bill relative to the North Branch Canal, was rejected. Bills passed relative to the Northwestern Railroad; to establish a uniform paper measure; to incorporate the Reading Savings Bank; relative to the acknowledgement of deeds; to authorize the Courts to alter charters in certain cases, etc. In the House, the resolutions removing the seat of government of the State to Philadelphia, were passed finally. The general appropriation bill was discussed at length. A section was adopted substituting a salary of \$580 for members of the Legislature instead of the per diem pay. Also, a section appropriating \$300,000 for the support of common schools, with an amendment authorizing the school directors to meet in joint convention in June next, and decide as to the continuance of the office of County Superintendent.

In Kansas, the Missouri regulators have determined to oust Governor Reeder and elect a Governor in his stead. Accordingly a proclamation has been issued declaring Governor Reeder to be incompetent for the position he fills, and that his appointment, without the consent of the governed, was an arbitrary exercise of power. An election has been ordered at Leavenworth, to be held on the 28th, for the selection of a successor to Governor Reeder. Delegates are to meet there to select a person as territorial Governor, whose name will be forwarded to the President for his appointment.

FRIDAY, April 27.

**Pennsylvania Legislature.**—In the Senate, yesterday, a remonstrance was read from the Philadelphia College of Physicians against the establishment of a Board of Medical Censors. The bill to repeal the charter of the Erie and North-East Railroad Company was passed finally. Various private and local bills were passed, among which was one relating to the Philadelphia and Trenton Railroad, another relating to the rights of owners of ground taken by the Delaware and Schuylkill Canal Company, and one relative to elections in Montgomery county. The bill to erect the new county of Penn out of parts of Philadelphia and Bucks, was rejected. In the House, the bill to exempt coal and lumber from the three mill tonnage tax was taken up and debated at length. All motions in opposition to it were rejected, and finally it passed second reading.

Handbills have been posted throughout Boston, offering inducements to men to join the foreign service, and purporting to emanate from the Provincial Secretary of Nova Scotia. The steamship Africa arrived at Boston yesterday morning, but too late to permit of the reception of her news by mail in Philadelphia last night. On the voyage from Halifax, one of the passengers, Mr. E. Collingswood, discovered that he had been robbed of \$1500.—All the passengers were searched and the money not found. The report from Havana, discovered that the Cuban authorities intend, in case of another invasion, to seize all the Americans on the island, even our Consuls, is confirmed by reference to the Soule correspondence.

SATURDAY, April 28.

**Pennsylvania Legislature.**—Yesterday, a report was made to the Senate by the committee appointed to investigate charges of bribery in the matter of the election of United States Senator. It exonerates all the members of the Legislature who were supposed to be implicated. The Senate passed finally bills relative to assignments for the benefit of creditors and other trustees; relative to Aldermen in Philadelphia. In the House, a message was received from the Governor, announcing his signature to one hundred and twenty-four bills. The House concurred in the Senate amendments to the Erie and North-East Railroad bill.

Col. Kinney and Mr. Fabens are said to be under arrest at New York, for getting up an illegal expedition to Niagara, and the steamer United States is said to have been attached. A railroad bridge over Grand River, at Painesville, Ohio, has been destroyed by fire. It was one of Howe's trussed bridges, 700 feet long and 70 feet high. A large brewery at Pottsville, Pa., has also been destroyed by fire. Loss over \$20,000. Also, a large stone store house, in Mount Carbon, Ohio, opposite the chief hotel. A box, belonging to a European Express agent, has been seized on board the steamer Africa, containing 1000 letters, addressed to Boston and New York houses. A disastrous fire occurred at Boston last night, which burned property covering three acres of ground about the wharves. Loss more than half a million of dollars. Several vessels were burned.