

WEDNESEAY, APRIL 25, 1855.

THE LARGEST AND CHEAPEST NEWSPAPER

\* Terms - Two Dollars a year, or One Dollar and Fifty Cente, if paid punctually in Advance \$1 75 if paid within the year.

### SALE OF THE MAIN LINE.

A bill for the sale of the Main line of the Public Works passed the House on Friday last. The minimum price of the works is fixed at eight and a half million of dollars, but a sliding scale of prices is provided for, by the operation of which the highest bidders will be allowed the longest credit, so that if the works sell for ten and a half millions, the purchasers will have nothing but the interest on the purchase money, at five per cent. to pay, until the expiration of twenty years, when the principal is made payable in ten equal annual instalments. As security the purchasers give their bends, which shall be a lien upon the works. This sliding scale therefore offers great inducements to purchasers to bid high in order to obtain an extended credit, but on the other hand may work very disadvantageously for the interests of the State. As a letter writer says-

"Now suppose a company should bid the highest sum named in the bill, (\$10,500,000) they would require an immediate capital of \$2,725,000, and for this amount could take would require an immediate capital of possession of the works and use them for a period of twenty years, without giving the State any further security than their bonds as a lier upon the works. At the end of twenty years they might find that the line could not be made profitable, or, from some other consideration, might conclude that it would be more profita tile to forfeit the bond and security and permit the State to reposess herself of what was left of the improvements. Might not this happen, and would not this bill so operate as to lease the Main Line for a period of twenty years for the sum of \$2,725,000?"

The bill has yet to pass the Senate.

# THE LIQUOR LAW.

The yeas and nays on the passage of the new liquor law in the Senate show that 9 Democratic members voted for it and 9 against it-6 Whigs and Americans voted for it and 5 Whigs and Americans against it. In the House 6 Demoerats and 50 Whigs and Americans voted for it, and 11 Democrats and 17 Whice and Americans against. It can hardly, therefore, be called a party measure .-The Harrisburg Herald informs us that Gov. Pollock gave his approval to the bill with great reluctance, as he preferred a bill advancing the price of licenses and requiring the keepers of lager beer saloons and brewers to apply to the courts for licenses.

# LEGISLATIVE ADJOURNMENT.

On Monday a resolution passed the House providing for an adjournment sine die on the 8th of May. An effort was made by the friends of Gen. Cameron to amend the resolution so as to enable the members of the two Houses to re-assemble in joint convention, prior to a final adjournment, for the purpose of electing a U. S. Senator. After an exciting contest the amendment was rejected, and the resolution for final adjournment on the 8th of May was passed. The Senate has yet to concur.

The death of John S. Riddle, esq. of Philadelphia, occurred at Pittsburg, on the 9th inst. Mr. R., says the Bulletin, "was one of the most accomplished, excellent and esteemed citizens of Philadelphia. He had suffered, during a few years, more severe and numerous afflictions than often fall to the lot of any one, and these acting upon a dis. position peculiarly refined and sensitive probably aggrevated the disease which at length proved fatal." Mr. R. had relatives in this borough by whom his loss is deeply lamented.

# Carlisle Herald.

INTERESTING CONTROVERSY.

A spicy controversy is going on between Mr. Brooks, Editor of the N. Y. Express and a member of the Senate of that State, in relation to the Roman Catholic bishops holding church property. Mr. Brooks having recently stated in a speech, that Archbishop Hughes was the possessor of church property to the amount of about five millions of dollars, and cited the various references to deed books in New York, where the record evidence existed of the fact, the Prelate has lately published in the papers of that city a long letter, full of sarcastic humor and ridicule, in which he proposes to give one of the five millions, and one of the many squares of ground he was alleged to own, to found and endow a free public library, if the Scnator will prove his assertion. To this Mr. Brooks has responded in a brief letter, accepting the test, and offering to submit the matter, with his proofs, to three umpires; the Archbishop, and the third to be sesal thus:

"As a condition of this pledge, I an to show that Archbishop Hughes is, or was, on the 6th of March last, the owner, in his own name, and in this city, of a large amount of Real Estate, and to show, also, that this property is, or was upon the record, legally his own, to dispose of by assignment, by will, or other-wise, as he may or might direct."

Bishop Hughes responded to this in a letter from which we quote the following.

"Senator Brooks thinks he has discovered a which he rushed with eyes open and malice propense. He proposes an arbitration for sooth With what a show of artless ness he attempts to evade the direct issue of veracity involved in the controversy. I know, of my own knowledge, that in the three statements above referred to Senator Brooks has taken as great a liberty with truth as if he had said that two and two make seven.

"Arbitration is unnecessary. If I am the can show from the records of the city, or indiente by physical inspection where they are. If he fails to do this, while his proofs, if he has any, are so undeniable and so within his reach, then the public will not fail to perceive that Mr. Brooks in his place as Senator has made a statement which is false, and was intended to be injurious. So if I received any conveyance of property from trustees, the re cords cited by Mr. Brooks in the Senate will bear him out. If he fail to produce those records, then the public will perceive that his statement is a falsehood, and will not be slow coming to the conclusion that Senator Brooks is-what he is.'

Mr. Brooks has in still another letter undertaken to prove his statement. After some pretty caustic, characteristic, but well informed upon such matters, says and other surrounding counties, which not ill tempered remarks, he states his though a month ago they were quite un would justify a new Bank. As far as purpose and meaning as follows:

"What I meant and mean by the ownership of real estate, is what the law means by it, and, therefore, we can have no misunderstanding of ideas. I mean that the legal title is vested in John Hughes, I mean by John Hughes, the Archbishop of New York. I mean by 'ownership of real estate,' the legal right to control, possess and use it—by assignment, by will or otherwise. I mean, that if the Archbishop, John Hughes, were to die without a will, or to change his faith, or should choose to dispose of his property to his own heirs, or for his personal advantage, that he has the legal power to do so, at his own good will and pleasure. I mean, that, in fact and in act, by the Baltimore Ordinances of 1849 and 1852, by prior claim and subsequent determination, he and other Archbishops and Bishops, own, assume, control and direct the temporalities of the church, its lands, its estates and its entire property. I mean, speaking now after an examination of legal records and indentures, that the conveyances to the Archbishop are 'to him, his, heirs, or assignees' and no others. I mean, of course, also, that no trust is specified in the deed, and that the conveyances, without such specifica-cation of trust, would, in case of his death, go to the next of kin. I think I am understood and that no one will accuse me of seeking a loop-hole of escape, or with any desire to occupy an equivocal position."
"Now for the record, in part."

Here follow copies of eleven records of conveyance, absolute and exclusive, in favor of "John Hughes," and to all appearance they are actual title deeds of valuable property, amounting in all to upwards of \$125,000, which Mr. Brooks says is only the beginning of the end.

Archbishop finds at last that it is him- further increase. On the other hand,

real estate Property in New York city-And in this connection he says:

"In reference to my ownership of real estate property, as Mr. Brooks calles it, there is no question: The title of many Catholic Churchs in the city of New York is vested in me, and so far I am the owner. My intention is, even, to add to this property by purchasing such additional lots, or accepting the gift of them, as I may find from time to time to be desirable for the purpose of providing religious instruction for the wants of the Catholic flock committed to my charge. If Mr. Brooks will examine the records of the city of New York three months from this time, he will probably find conveyances made to me by paries who have the right to sell or bestow as tbey think proper.

He then refers to the ten records of conveyances noted in Mr. Brooks' letter and says that several of them are leases, not conveyances, of property; that one is from the assignce of a bankrupt board of trustees, and two other duplicates.

Mr. Brooks has published a rejoinder o the above letter of the bishop, in which

"The Archbishop conveyed the idea, and meant to convey the idea, and was so under stood by the public, that HE was not the owner of Church property in this city and else one to be appointed by himself, one by where. Driven from this position by the re cord transcribed from the Register's office showing the actual conveyances of property lected by the two thus chosen. He does to him, he now, with more boldness than ever not, however, agree to prove that it is of admits the truth of what I said on this point and declares that the question between us the value he stated, but words his propo- not in regard to any such thing as his ownership of Real Estate Property in this city!'

As to the record proving the property to have been leased instead of conveyed, Mr. Brooks contends that it makes very little difference, for the fact that the leases are for 999 years, at one cent a year. This he con siders equivalent to a conveyance. That, the Bishop should assert that the property from an assignee of a bankrupt board did not com from trustees, Mr Brooks intimates is a quibble, and then proceeds to show that the du plicates appear on the records. Mr. B. concludes his letter citing eleven additional deeds of conveyance to the Bishop, and states that the value of the property thus conveyed is very different now to what it was when the conveyance was made. What cost \$70,000 a few years ago, is worth \$400,000, now and what cost \$10,000 then has sold for \$40,000

We think the verdict of the public will be that the cunning Archbishop, is fairly cornered and that Mr. Brooks has to have materially subsided at Harrisburg. clearly made out his case. Whether it Gov. Pollock has recently vetoed the bills owner of whole squares of ground, Mr. Brooks will result in securing that "library" to creating the Mercer Bank and inthe city of New York is rather doubtful. creasing the capital of the York County The point however is established that Bank, on account of informality in the the practice—a practice inimical to the published notice, from which it might character of our institutions-prevails of be inferred that his approval would have vesting the title of Roman Catholic been given if the preliminary forms had Church property not in seperate congre-been complied with. The Harrisburg gations but in the bishop.

# THE WHEAT CROP.

The prospects of the growing wheat crops are said to be excellent throughout the country. The Germantown Telegraph promising in the vicinity of Philadelphia the favorable weather since has effected a most gratifying change for the better. The Editor adds:

"In ontgomery, Delaware, Chester and Bucks, the crop really looks well, and promises well. Farming operations, too, are generally prosecuted with unusual energy, and much has thus far been accomplished, notwithstanding the backwardness of the season. The ground also, is better cultivated than formerlymanured, and will be more carefully sown and planted. We have no fears of scarcity—or as some 'cautious' people say, of a famine. It is a mere trick, to keep up present prices."

-What is said of the counties named applies also to this, and most of the wheat growing counties of Pennsylvania. In the western states, such as Ohio, Indiana, Iowa, Wisconsin, Michigan, &c., the wheat crops are also said, to promise well, and are expected to be especially Vanderbilt, of North Star yacht celebrilarge, the high prices of the last few years having stimulated the farmers to sow to an extent beyond all former prece-

they intend to sell, we advise them to let it go, at the present prices. There are an hundred chances to one against any further increase. On the other hand, elf who is in the "awkward position," and he accordingly endeavors in a reply of "twist out" by saying that the matter of issue is in regard to the declaration.

When they intend to sell, we advise them to let the coadjutor of Kossuth and Mazini in the coadjutor of Kossuth and Mazini in the great movement of organizing Young America.

America.

ARCASTER COLLIERY.

We beg leave to introduce ourselves of the coadjutor of Kossuth and Mazini in the great movement of organizing Young America.

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We beg leave to introduce ourselves of security time as the coadjutor of Kossuth and Mazini in the coadjutor of Kossuth and Mazini in the great movement of organizing Young America.

AMCASTER COLLIERY.

We beg leave to introduce ourselves and Shippers of WHITE ASI ANTHRACITE COAL at Lancater Celliery. Nor the coadjutor of Kossuth and Mazini in the co Archbishop finds at last that it is himself who is in the "awkward position," and he accordingly endeavors in a reply to "twist out" by saying that the matter tissue is in regard to the declaration hat he was in posession of church property valued at \$5,000,000, conveyed by month hence, that they must sell at a present convergence.

Interest curso after the expiration of the times and not to his ownership of lower figure.

ARLISLE DEPOSIT BANK:

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The second down, and that speedily.

Those who continue to hold back for further advances, will be very apt to find, a gricultural principal paid back at any time after maturity without noting in the certificate, unless received at this Rank for any long to the radius of the principal paid back at any time after maturity without noting in the certificate, unless received at this Rank for further advances, will be very apt to find, a gricultural principal paid back at any time after maturity without noting in the rate of POUR PER CENT, per annum, and the principal paid back at any time after maturity without noting in the rate of POUR PER CENT, per annum, and the principal paid back at any time after maturity without noting in the rate of POUR PER CENT, per annum, and the principal paid back at any time after maturity without noting in the rate of POUR PER CENT, per annum, and the principal paid back at any time after maturity without noting in the rate of POUR PER CENT, per annum, and the principal paid back at any time after maturity without noting in the rate of POUR PER CENT, per annum, and the principal paid back at any time after maturity without noting in the rate of POUR PER CENT, per annum, and the principal paid back at any time after maturity without noting in the rate of POUR PER CENT, per annum, and the principal paid back at any time after maturity without noting in the rate of POUR PER CENT, per annum, and the principal paid back at any time after the expiration of the times of POUR PER C

### GOV. REEDER OF KANSAS.

Gov. Reeder, of Kansas, seems to have become exceedingly unpopular with the pro-slavery party of Kansas, one of the organs of which strongly hints assassination and revolution. The paper referred to-the "Squatter Sovereign"-has this editorial paragraph:

"If the feeling against the governor is not soon lulled, the storm will rise to such a pitch that a vacancy in the gubernatorial chair of Kansas will be the

This, it is presumed, is a him that the governor is in danger of being assassina ted. The unpopularity of Gov. Reeder is said by other papers to be not the result of his manly opposition to the unlawful doings of the Missourians who have so far managed all the elections in Kansas, but rather on account of his speculations in lands. This charge, however, the governor boldly meets in a recent and very purgent letter to Mr. Manypenny, the Commissioner of Indian Affairs, n reply to the charges made in his official report in January last, that the governor had been taking an improper advantage of his official position to speculate in lands. He admits that he bought lands, but insists that he paid what they were worth, to parties as competent as he or Commissioner Manypenny to transact business. He concludes by saying that either he or the commissioner is un- the enter ainment of our citizens during the it for his place, and proposes that the past year. commissioner agree that unless he makes good his charge by or before a specific time, that the President dismiss him, and if he does, that the President dismiss Gov. Reeder. Whether the commissioner will accept this challange or not, has not yet transpired.

## BANKS.

The alarm in relation to Banks seems Herald is also apparently quite willing that a new Bank shall be established in Harrisburg, and intimates that even if the business interests of Harrisburg do not require it that there is a demand for Bank accommodations from Cumberland our County is concerned, we trust this sort of reasoning will not prevail. If new Banking capital is needed for Cumberland county we insist upon the establishment of the institution within our own borders. Meantime the Herald's course seems to be an indication that the alarm about new Banks is no longer felt at Harrisburg.

# WHO NEXT.

Sam Houston, Com. Stockton, George Law, and others, have for some time been in the field as candidates for the Presidency, and have had their peculiar admirers at work for them to secure them the nomination of the Know Nothings.

Another Richmond has now appeared, and competes with them for the prize.

The New York Herald contains a correspondence between certain members of the New Jersey Legislature and Com.

Vanderbilt, of North Star yacht colebrity, in which the former call upon the Commodore to become a candidate, to which he replies in a long letter, indicating pretty clearly that "he has no objection if he does." Who will come next?

Probably E. K. Collins, of European

Steamship notoriety: or it may be George

AND SUMMER CLOTHING.—The subscribers have just received from the cities, at the OLD start, and pust received from the cities, at the OLD start, and summer cell have just received from the cities, at the OLD start, and summer cell the mander of the most cle sant assertiments of Spring and Summer clething ever offered to the people of Cumberland county. The prices of the Cothing at this House have been reduced to such a low standard, that it is now within the pewer of all who wish to wear good clothes, to secure them. Their stock consists of the best and mest desirable Press and Summer clething ever offered to the people of Cumberland county. The prices of the Cothing at this House have been reduced to such allow standard, that it is now within the pewer of all who wish to wear good clothes, to secure them. Their stock consists of the best and nest desirable Press and Sulk Cook Coaks, Polks Jackets, Who wish to wear good clothes, to secure them. Their stock consists of the best and nest desirable Press and Sulk Cook Coaks, Polks Jackets, Who wish to wear good clothes, to sceure them. Their stock consists of the best and nest desirable Press and Salk Vest's and Salk Cassimere Pany's and Fancy do.: Silk and Salk Cassimere Pany's and Fa dency, and have had their peculiar ad-A Word to FARMERS.—If any of tion if he does." Who will come next? our farmer readers have any portion of Probably E. K. Collins, of European their last year's crop still on hand, which Steamship notoriety; or it may be George | T ANCASTER COLLIERY.

## Town and County Mallers.

SALE OF BOOKS.—A large collection of Books, the Law and Miscellaneous Library of the late J Ellis Bonham, Esq will be sold at his office on South Hanover street, on Saturday next, the 28th inst. The books are nearly all new and in admirable order. Those who wish valuable books should-not fail to attend.

EMBELLISHING THE SQUARE.—Rows of beautiful Linden trees have been planted, by order of Council, along the outer edges of the public squares, which will greatly enhance the beauty of our already handiome Centre Square. We hear rumors also of fountains to be erected in the Episcopal and Presbyterian Church squares. The effect of these would oe truly beauttful and refreshing, and we hope the rumor is not unfounded.

Councils have commenced work very energetically, we learn, in relation to paving the sidewalks of Louther and Pomfret streets with brick, and by next winter we hope those structs will be on a par with Hanover and High streets in respect to good pavements A new sidewalk is to be made also along the southern side of the College campus and some of the numerous railroad sidlings removed from the street in that quarter, which will be a very lesirable improvement.

SERBNADE. - A delightful screnade was given on Monday evening, by the Garrison Band, at a number of private residences in town. With the departure of the Infantry (who it is said are to leave on Sunday next) not the least matter of regret will be the loss of the band, which has contributed largely to

nea. We learn that Mr. Donaldson, one f our Representatives in the House, has been obliged to leave Harrisburg for home, on account of a severe attack of rheumatism, leaving little probability of his being able to resume his sent again.

## Tribute of Respect.

At the meeting of the Union Philosophical ociety of Dickinson College, on Saturday the 14th inst, the following resolutions were unanimously adopted:

Whereas, in the Providence of God, death has deprived us of our esteemed brother, PERCY SHELLY: therefore

Resolved, That though we have lost an inelligent and promising member; yet we feel it our duty to acquiesce in the solemn dispen-sation of Him, who disposes all things in wisdom and goodness.

Resolved, That we deeply sympathize with his afflicted and bereaved family. Resolved, That we as a society attend his funeral, on to-morrow at half past 4 o'clock.

Resolved, That our Hall be draped in mournng and that the usual badge be worn for the pace of thirty days as a mark of respect to

Resolved, That a copy of these resolutions be communicated to the family of the deceased, and that they be published in the several papers of Carlislo.

Committee, S. M. Dickson, S. D. Wade, G. P. Rhinehart.

Marriages. At Glass' Hotel, on the 17th Inst., by the Rev. Jacob ry, Mr. JOHN M. EVRIL, to Miss SARAH C. MOORE-IEAD, both of Perry Co.

# Deaths.

On the morning of the 20th inst,, Miss SARAH BELLA WEAKEY, agod 21 years.

# New Advertisements.

FALSE RUMOR CORRECTED. The report that Dr. Smith is ill with Smail-Pox is untrue. His disease is Inflammation of the Lungs. He is convalescent and will be in his office in a few days. Carlisle, April 63.

CALL AND SEE OUR SPRING AND SUMMER CLCTHING.—The subscribers have just received from the cities, at the OLD

Our point of shipping is Sunbury, where arrangement is are made to lead leads without any delay, ... Orders addressed to us at Shamokin, Sunbury or Lancaster, will receive prompt attention.

OCCHRAN, PEALE & Co.
J. J. Cochran, Lancaster.

C. W. Peale, Shamokin,

H. Baumgardner. do.