



CARLISLE, PA.
WEDNESDAY, APRIL 18, 1855.

THE LARGEST AND CHEAPEST NEWSPAPER
CUMBERLAND COUNTY
Terms—Two Dollars a year, or One Dollar and Fifty Cents, if paid punctually in Advance.
\$1 75 if paid within the year.

THE LIQUOR LAW.

We publish to-day the new act of Assembly to "restrain the sale of intoxicating liquors," which is now a law of the Commonwealth. It goes into operation on the 1st of next October, and makes it unlawful to keep any place where may be sold and drunk any kind of spirituous or malt liquors. It makes it also unlawful to sell less than a quart of such liquors, and requires a license to be taken out. The law also says that the act shall not interfere with licenses granted before its passage, until the time for which they have been granted shall expire, nor shall any license granted before the first of July next authorize any sale after the 1st of October.

The bill passed the Senate by the close vote of 15 yeas to 14 nays. Mr. Wherry of this district, voted for the bill. The vote in the House was 55 yeas to 29 nays. Of the Cumberland county members, Mr. Criswell voted for the bill and Mr. Donaldson against it.

NO PROSPECT OF PEACE.

The London Times, of March 30th, contains a leading editorial, speculating on the probable issue of the conference at Vienna. It obviously despairs of any favorable result being reached by the negotiations, and urges, in the event of failure to effect the desired pacification that the war should be prosecuted with increased and determined vigor in the Crimea. "The existence of the great fortified works of Sebastopol" is regarded as "the basis of the preponderance of Russia, not only in the Black Sea, but over the East;" and it is asserted that "until that obstacle is conquered and removed, the allies cannot hope to have destroyed the causes of the contest. The opinion is freely expressed by the English press generally that any peace made now would be precarious and uncertain.

The first movement against the new Liquor Law has been made by Maj. Geo. M. Lauman, of Harrisburg, who offers himself a volunteer candidate for assembly, on the ground of opposition to the law. He denounces the law as striking at the "agricultural and other interests of the country," in which we apprehend he has mistaken its character, as it does not actually interfere with either the agricultural or manufacturing interests except in the curtailment of the retail traffic. The Major would probably, however, like to be in the House to look after the Cameron interest. As for the liquor law, the people we think will not favor its repeal until it has had a fair trial.

EDUCATIONAL.—A Convention of the County Superintendents of Common Schools and other friends of education throughout the State, was held at Harrisburg last week—Thomas Nicholson, Esq., of Bever presiding. Addresses were delivered by T. H. Burrows, Esq., Professor Hart, of Philadelphia, and several other distinguished friends of education.

It is said that Ex-gov. Johnson will be the American candidate, and Mr. Darsie the present incumbent, the Fusion candidate of the Whigs and Democrats, for State Senator in the Allegheny district at the ensuing fall election. Gov. Johnson has great personal and political popularity, but Sam it will be remembered met with one of his few defeats from a Fusion opposition in Pittsburg some months ago.

SIGNS OF WAR.

The Troubles with Cuba

The Pierce administration—although its political policy has been repudiated by nearly every State in the Union—seems determined to involve the country in a war with Spain. The Washington correspondent of the New York Courier who is generally reliable, says that there "is no longer any reasonable doubt that serious discussions are in progress in the Cabinet, relative to the course to be pursued towards Cuba, and that Colonel Davis, Secretary of War, and Mr. Dobbin, Secretary of the Navy, are represented to be in favor of immediate and decisive measures. Also that President Pierce inclines towards their policy." It is further stated that the Southern advocates of immediate annexation declare that now is the most favorable moment for striking a blow that has occurred for many years, or that can be hoped for during many more, inasmuch as the Naval Allies of Spain are fully engaged in the war of the East. The National Intelligencer, which is not apt to take the alarm without sufficient cause, speaks of "a desperate game now on foot for party or mercenary objects, or both combined, in cooperation with foreign malcontents, which, unless promptly frowned down by a sound American sentiment, will be pushed even to the plunging of the country into war."

In addition to this, the N. Y. Evening Post, of Saturday, makes the startling announcement that a prominent merchant in Louisville, Kentucky, an intimate friend of the Secretary of the Treasury, has advised his correspondents of the receipt of letters from a high source at Washington, assuring him that there will be a war between the U. S. and Spain within sixty or ninety days! that the Cabinet was now divided, but that the war party would prevail, and advising him to arrange his business in preparation for the event. It is also said that the government has for a year past been concentrating large bodies of troops in Florida in anticipation of a war. We shall see what turns up.

POPULAR ALARMS.

The often repeated cry of "aggression," "outrage," "another insult to our flag," &c., that emanates from the Washington Union, the leading organ of the Federal Government, is echoed back by the excitable portion of the press in the various sections of the country with even more than its original vehemence. Every week there is "another Cuban outrage!" manufactured for the benefit of the Fillibusters, and occasionally, it is alleged, the Spanish authorities of Cuba fire into an American mail steamer or other vessel. These popular cries are generally found to be exaggerations, and often untrue in all their statements. Many honest conductors of the press, placing reliance in the leading organ's false alarms, are without doubt completely deceived; and in that way the whole Union is inundated by a multitude of stories of "aggressions," "outrages," "insults," &c. It was wittily said by a leading Democratic journal of the North, some time during last year, that "if the Administration of President Pierce could stand the support of the Washington Union, it could stand any thing." This remark was not devoid of truth.

THE NEXT CONGRESS.

The elections which have recently taken place in Connecticut and Rhode Island, complete the elections of members of the next Congress from the free States. Since the passage of the Nebraska bill, there has been a most signal condemnation of the Administration. Every free State, with the single exception, perhaps, of California, has given a verdict of unqualified condemnation, and the complexion of the next house of Representatives will be very different from that of the last. In the last Congress in these States there were 91 administration to 53 opposition members. In the next Congress the administration strength from

the same States will be 21 and the opposition 122. In the States yet to elect the administration will in all probability sustain a further reduction of its strength. How are the mighty fallen?

THE KANZAS OUTRAGE.

The late election in Kansas territory, as it is now clearly ascertained, was carried in favor of the slavery party by an incursion of Missourians into the territory, who having accomplished their unlawful and infamous purposes returned again to their native State. A paper published at Independence, Missouri, notices the return of several hundred to that city, who paraded the streets, with music and banners, cheering for Kansas and Missouri! There were two hundred horsemen, one hundred and fifty wagons carriages, &c.

These men had of course no legal right to vote in Kansas and the mystery has been to know how they managed to get their votes received by the election officers. It was supposed that the latter were overawed by threats, but it now turns out that the Missourians disregarded the officers appointed by the Governor, invaded all the polls, turned the officers out, and elected substitutes from their own number. The reason of this is obvious, for the officers appointed by the Governor were all sworn to reject just such illegal votes as those of the Missouri invaders, whereas, the substitutes appointed by the latter did not take the oath prescribed by the Governor, nor require any of their followers to do so.—The election was, therefore, a mere sham. Such is the "popular sovereignty" claimed by northern doughfaces for the Douglas infamy. Will such outrages always be submitted to?

Town and County Matters.

COPIOUS RAIN!—THE CROPS.—A fine rain fell on Saturday night and continued through part of Sunday, and all accounts agree in representing the effect upon the growing crops and grass as most marked and encouraging. What was drooping before is now revived to an astonishing degree. Our country friends who were in town in large numbers on Monday at Court, were in high spirits over the fine appearance presented by the wheat and pasture fields after the rain, and now look forward to abundant crops.

ELEGANT PARADE.—Our citizens were treated to a beautiful military display on Thursday evening last, by the parade in town of the U. S. Infantry Companies from the Barracks, accompanied by the Band, under command of Brev. Brig. Gen. E. A. Hitchcock. About two hundred and fifty men were in the ranks, and the fine appearance of officers and privates as they marched through town excited general admiration. The men carried the new Minnie Rifle with the sword bayonet, and all their equipments were in perfect order. Before returning to the Barracks a number of military evolutions were performed in the square, which fully exhibited the high state of discipline they had attained in a short period, most of the men having come to this post but a few months since as raw recruits. They are expected to leave here shortly to join the expedition against the Indians of the Plains, under the command of Gen. Harney. Wherever they go we are confident they may be relied upon for efficient service. Our citizens who have made their acquaintance will part with regret from the gentlemanly officers of the Second Infantry.

After the departure of the Infantry the Carlisle Barracks will be made the headquarters of the new tenth Regiment, under Col. Smith.

A VIOLENT ASSAULT.—An affray occurred on Monday last, in the yard attached to Mr. Glass' Hotel, in this place, between a man named John Coleman and the colored hostler at the stables, named Jordan, in which Jordan struck Coleman on the head with an iron rake, causing a severe wound and a slight fracture of the skull. The wounded man was cared for, and Jordan was arrested and committed to prison to await the result. The probabilities are that Coleman will recover.

AUCTIONEER.—Maj. Robert McCartney has been appointed Auctioneer for this borough, by Gov Pollock.

COAL.—The attention of Coal Dealers is invited to the advertisement of Messrs. Cochran, Peale & Co. whom we know to be a good and reliable firm.

PRIN. COURT.—We take the following account of a complaint tried at the April Court, from the Democrat.

Commonwealth vs. Peter Spahr. This was an action for assault and battery on William P. Keet. It appeared that on Christmas day, the defendant was standing on the pavement, in this borough, in company with several persons, the prosecutor came up to him and applied abusive epithets to Spahr and made an attempt to strike him, when Spahr struck P. Keet, who retreated, but afterwards returned and made a second attack with stones, and Spahr again struck him, and knocked him down, and gave him several kicks one of which struck him in the face. The question was, whether the defendant used more force than was necessary to defend himself. The jury found a verdict of guilty.

Commonwealth vs. James Pennell.—This defendant was charged with committing a burglary in the borough of Shippensburg, on the night of the first of January last. Verdict guilty—sentenced to two years' imprisonment in the Eastern Penitentiary.

Commonwealth vs. Washington Gould, John Donly, John Miller, Charles H. Smith and Michael Welsh.—Defendants were charged with entering the mineral water establishment of Mr Brant, of this place, and stealing a quantity of ale and a number of bottles. Gould plead guilty, and the jury found Smith guilty and acquitted the others. Gould sentenced to four months imprisonment, and Smith one month.

Commonwealth vs. Mary Jenkins.—Larceny of a large quantity of clothing, from the residence of Mr. J. G. Williams.—Verdict guilty, sentenced to one year's imprisonment.

Commonwealth vs. Adolphus Reighter.—Burglary. About three weeks since, a pedler of blankets, &c., was travelling from Pittsburg towards his home, in Lebanon county, with a horse and wagon, when he overtook defendant on foot, who complained of being tired, and asked to ride. The pedler consented, and the two travelled together—Reighter being provided for on the way by his friend—until they reached the neighborhood of Shippensburg, where they put up on Saturday evening and remained over Sunday. On Sunday night the defendant robbed the pedler of a watch, about \$15 of money, and other articles, and left. He was arrested in Philadelphia and brought back. Verdict guilty.

Commonwealth vs. A. G. Whitman.—This defendant was tried for the larceny of a sum of money and other valuable property, from Mr. Keet, of Carlisle, in August last. He made his escape, but was subsequently arrested in Philadelphia and brought back for trial. Verdict guilty, and sentenced to one year's imprisonment in the Eastern Penitentiary.

The jury trials having been disposed of the jurors were discharged on Wednesday.—Tavern licenses and the miscellaneous business were then taken up.

In another column, will be found the Spring announcement of Prof. R. K. Burns, Principal and Proprietor of the Plainfield Academy, near Carlisle. This establishment has grown, within a few years one of the largest, as it has always been one of the very best in the State. Mr. Burns is a gentleman of fine scholastic acquirements, we commend this School for its many advantages—the principal and assistants are all that a parent could wish—the country is healthy, and the charges moderate.

ADMITTED TO PRACTICE.—On Tuesday the 17th inst., on motion of William M. Penrose, Esq., David M. Cochran, Esq. of Shippensburg, and J. Morrison Underwood, of Carlisle, were admitted to practice in the several Courts of Cumberland county.

HIGH PRICES.—Several large sales of wheat have been made recently in this neighborhood at \$2.37 a bushel, and flour is up to \$10.50. A number of our wealthiest farmers we understand still hold the bulk of their last year's crop, waiting for a higher figure.

JUST IN TIME!—Some thirty or forty tavern keepers in this county secured their licenses last week, just in time to be secure for one year against the operations of the new liquor law.

A large and attractive assortment of shoes, gaiters, &c., has been opened by Rawlins, on Main street, which are worthy the attraction of purchasers.

Deaths.

In this borough, on Thursday morning last, after a lingering illness, Mr. WILLIAM M. COMFORT, aged about 19 years.

On Thursday night last, Mr. P. B. SHELLY, aged about 55 years.

SETTLING UP!—The subscribers have put their books into the hands of W. C. Rieken Esq. for settlement. Office in Main street nearly opposite Marion Hall. All persons who are indebted to us will please call immediately upon him and save themselves further trouble. April 18, 1855. WEISE & CAMPBELL.

New Arrivals.

NEW SPRING GOODS.—The subscription is now opening, and a general assortment of GOODS, such as Black and Colored Silks, Cloth, Bureaus, Chairs, Linens, French and the 14th Law, also a quantity of goods for boys, Hair Oil, Perfumery, &c., and Childrens Hosiery, Gloves, Handkerchiefs, &c. and other FINE WARE, such as French Bone Lawns, with the usual assortment of goods at moderate prices. April 18, '55. GEORGE W. HITNER.

1855.—SPRING AND SUMMER SHOES, GAITERS, & CASHERS. I am now receiving a large assortment of these of the most fashionable styles and excellent make, fresh from the best manufacturing, which I will sell extremely low for Cash. LOOK AT THE PRICES! Ladies Tan-colored Gaiters, of Willis' make, a handsome article, only \$1.25; fine Jenny Lind, resette, from \$7 to \$12; black Lasting Gaiters, Willis' make, 1.25; French Morocco Buskins, single soled 75 cents; French Morocco Boots, double soled, 1.25; Paris Boots ditto 1.31; Kid Ties, 50 cents; Polka Boots 1.31; Cash-meres Extra Fine French Call Boots, a beautiful article, only \$4.00; Call Walking Shoes 1.50; Call Congress Gaiters, 2.25; Cloth Montereys 2.00; Patent Leather Oxford Shoes, 1.75; Junion Ties 2.50; Patent Pump Ties, fine Cloth Gaiters with patent tips, Benkers' No. 1, patent leather glove-top buttoned Congress Gaiters, embroidered, patent leather, &c. at very low prices. Also Carpet and Velvet Slippers, Misses' Polka Boots, Opera Boots and Jenny Linds; Colored Gaiters, patent tips, 87 cents; fine Kid Boots at 75 cents; Children's Highland Boots, Eureka, Excelsior and Ankle Ties. Rows for 20 cents; Call, single soled, for 25 cents. Men's Kip Boots in great variety, some as low as \$2; Stout Brogans \$1.60; Calfskin shoes \$1.50; Women's Kid Buskins, double soled, 75 to \$1.25; Shoes, Call 75; Heavy Kip Boots Linen Gaiters 75; Hair Ties \$2; Slippers 37; Call Boots, Brogans as low as 75 cents; patent Congress Gaiters, patent leather Monreys, patent leather Junion Ties, &c. Carpet Bows of every description—Oil Cloth, Union, Brussels, Velvet from 50c to \$2. Also several thousand dollars worth of BOOTS AND SHOES AT WHOLESALE. Country Merchants and other dealers are invited to call. All who wish to buy good shoes and save money will call at Porter's old stand, Main street, near Rail Road Depot. April 18th '55. H. M. RAWLINS.

CALL AND SEE OUR SPRING AND SUMMER CLOTHING.—The subscribers have just received from the cities, at the OLD STAND, in North Hanover street, one of the most elegant assortments of Spring and Summer clothing ever offered to the people of Cumberland county. The prices of the clothing at this house have been reduced to such a low standard, that it is now within the power of all who wish to wear good clothes, to secure them. Their stock consists of the best and most desirable Dress and Frock COATS, Hair Cloth do, Linen Gaiters, Pants, &c.; superfine Black Cassimere PANTS and Fancy do; Silk and satin VESTS, and a fine variety Valencia and other vests; with a great variety of Boys' Clothing, consisting of Jack Coats, Polka Jackets, Suits, &c. Vests and Round Jackets, made of Tweed, Linen, Drilling, Cloth Alpaca, Cassimere, Doekin, &c. Also, Shirts, gilets, Handkerchiefs, &c., all of which are offered at the lowest possible cash price, and as cheap as any other Clothing Store in the Union. Also a splendid assortment of goods in the piece, superfine French and English Cloths and Cassimere of every hue and shade, Satin, Silk, and Valencia vestings, Sateen, &c., all of which will be made to order at the shortest notice and in the neatest and best manner.—All garments are warranted to fit. The public are respectfully invited to call and examine the superior assortment of clothing at this establishment. April 18, '55. AINOLD & LIVINGTON.

LANCASTER COLLIERY.

TO COAL DEALERS. We beg leave to introduce ourselves to your acquaintance as extensive Miners and Shippers of the BEST ANTHRACITE COAL, at Lancaster Colliery, Northumberland County, where we have very extensive improvements and a breaker, which for capacity to prepare and clean Coal cannot be surpassed. Our sizes of Coal are as follows: Lump, for smelting purposes, Steamboat, for families use, and steam, Nut and Pen, for Limeburners and steam. Our Limeburners' Coal is a very superior quality, to which we would especially call the attention of dealers and consumers. Our point of shipping is Sunbury, where arrangements are made to load boats without any delay. Orders addressed to us at Shamokin, Sunbury or Lancaster, will receive prompt attention. COCHRAN, PEALE & Co. J. J. Cochran, Lancaster, Benj. Reinhold, Lancaster. C. W. Peale, Shamokin, H. Baumgardner, do. April 18, 1855.

H. SMITH, PORT MONNAIE,

LOCKET, BOOK and DRESSING CASE Manufacturer, N.W. corner 6th and Chestnut streets PHILADELPHIA. Always on hand a large and varied assortment of Port Monnaies, Work Boxes, Pocket Books, Cases, Bankers Cases, Travelling Bags, Note Holders, Backgammon Boards, Port Folios, Chess Men, Portable Desks, Pocket Memorandum Books, Dressing Cases, Cigar Cases, &c. Also a general assortment of English, French and German Fancy Goods, fine pocket Cutlery, Razors, Razor Strops and Gold Pens. Wholesale second and third Floors. April 18, 1855. H. SMITH, N.W. corner 6th and Chestnut streets. N. B.—On the receipt of \$1 a superior gold pen will be sent to any part of the country by mail—describing pen thus, medium, hard or soft.

THE GREAT DISCOVERY.

KHOLLESION! FOR CURLING THE HAIR!—For many years it has been the object of deepest study with chemists and others, to produce a fluid that, applied to the hair, would cause it to wave and curl in beauty to the natural curl. THE KHOLLESION is the only article ever offered to the world that will effect this most desirable object. But three or four applications are necessary to curl it as much as may be desired, and for any length of time. From the many testimonials of those who have used it, the subscriber does not hesitate to warrant the Colletion to give satisfaction, and prove as recommended in all cases. The receipts for making with full directions for use, will be sent on the receipt of one dollar, post paid. The ingredients will not cost over 12 cents. Direct to H. A. FLEMING, April 18, '55. Warron, Trumbull Co., O.

ASSESSMENT.

—The members of the Allen and East Pennsboro Mutual Fire Insurance Company, are hereby notified that a tax of FOUR PER CENT, has been laid on all premiums collected on the 24th day of March last, and that a Collector will call on them for the purpose of collecting immediately. April 6th LEWIS HYER, Secy.

ESTATE OF JOHN SPROUT, de- ceased.

Notice is hereby given that letters testamentary on the Estate of John Sprout, late of Hampden township, Cumberland county, deceased, have been issued by the Register of said county to the subscriber, residing in the same township. All persons knowing themselves indebted to said estate are required to make immediate payment, and those having claims to present them for settlement to April 18th THOMAS B. BRYSON, Adm'r.

AUDITOR'S NOTICE.

The undersigned, appointed Auditor by the Orphans Court of Cumberland county, to marshal and distribute the fund in the hands of C. T. McLaughlin, Administrator of James Cochran, late of the borough of Shippensburg deceased, and to among the creditors of said decedent, will attend to the duty assigned to him, at his office in Newville, on SATURDAY, the 5th day of May, next, between the hours of 10 o'clock, A. M. and 3 o'clock, P. M. when and where those interested are notified to attend. April 18th JAMES R. IRVINE.

FRESH SHAL.—A few barrels of prime No. 1 SHAL, just received at April 11. WILLIAMS' FAMILY GROCERY.