#### E. BEATTY, PROPRIETOR AND PUBLISHER.

### TERMS OF PUBLICATION.

#### ADVERTISEMENTS.

Advertisements will be charged \$1.00 per square of twolve lines for three insertions, and 25 cents for each subsequent insertion. All advertisements of less than twelve threes considered as a square. The following rates will be charged for Quarterly, Half Yearly and Yearly VOL. LV. -dvertising: 3 Months, 6 Months, 12 Months

1 Square, (12 lines.) \$3.00 2 5.00 1 Column, - - 8.00 2 12.00 \$5.00 \$.00 12.00 20.00 35.00 \$8.00 12.00 16.00 30.00 45.00 Column, - - - 8.00 12.00 16.00 2. . . . - 12.00 20.00 30.00 1. . . - 25.00 35.00 45.00 Advortisements inserted before Marriages and Deaths, 8 cents per line for first insertion, and 4 cents per line first basequent insertions. Communications on subjects of limited or individual interest will be charged 5 cents be line. The Percenter will be charged 5 cents of the dam a finited of internation interest will be charged o cents per line. The Proprietor will not be responsible in dam-ages for errors in advertisements. Obituary notices not acceeding five lines, will be inserted without charge.

JOB PRINTING.

**JOB PRINTING.** The CARLISLE HERALD JOB PRINTING OFFICE is the largest and most complete establishment in the county. Three good Presses, and a general variety of material suited for Plain and Fancy work of every kind, enables us to do Job Printing at the shortest notice and on the most reasonable terms. Persons in want of Bills, Blanks or any thing in the Jobbing line, will find it their in-terest to give us a call. Every variety of BLANKS con-stantly on hand.  $\mathfrak{A} \mathfrak{F}$  All letters on business must be post-paid to se-wire attention.

wire attention.

#### Heneral & Local Information. U. S. GOVERNMENT.

President—FRANKLIN PHERCE. View President—(de facto), D. R. ATCHESON, Secretary of State—WM, L. MARCY, Secretary of Interior—Routent McCLELLAND, Socretary of Treasury—JAMES OUTHRIE, Secretary of Treasury—JAMES OUTHRIE, Secretary of Nary—JAS, C. DOBBN, Post Master General—JAMES CAMPULL, Attorney General—CAME, COMPACI, Attorney General—CALE COSULSO, Chief Justice of United States—R. B. TANET,

STATE GOVERNMENT.

Governor-JAMES POLLOCK. Socretary of State-ANDREW G. CURTIN. Surveyor General-J. P. BRAWLEY: Auditor General-E. BANKS. Treasurer-Joseph Bulley. Judges of the Supreme Court-E. LEWIS, J. S. BLACK W. B. LOWRE, G. W. WOODWARD, J. C. KNOX,

#### COUNTY OFFICERS.

President Judge-Hon. JAMES H. GRAHAM. Associate Judges-Hon. John Rupp, Samuel Wood burn

District Attorney—Jo			
Prothonotary—Daniel	K. Noell.		
Recorder, &cJohn M			
Register-William Ly	tle.		
High Sheriff-Joseph	McDermond;	Deputy,	Ja
SW Ld			

Withor, County Treasurer—N. W. Woods, Coroner—Joseph C. Thompson. County Commissioners—John Bobb, James Armstrong, George M. Graham. Clerk to Commissioners, William

Miley. Directors of the Poor-George Sheaffer, George Brin fle, John C. Brown. Superintendent of Poor House-

Joseph Lobach.

#### BOROUGH OFFICERS.

Chief Burgess-Col. ARMSTRONG NOBLE. Assistant Aurgess-Charles Ogilby. Town Council-John B. Parker, (President) E. Beatty, Henry Myers, I. S. Egbert. David Rhoads, Christian In-hoff, John Gutshall, Peter Monyer, Geo. Z. Brotz. Clerk to Council-Janes Mullin. Oonstablos-Joseph Stowart, High Constable; Robert McCartney, Ward Constable.

#### CHUROHES.

First Presbytorian Church, northwest angle of Contro huare. Rev. Conwar'P. Wind, Pastor.—Services every unday morning at 11 o'clock, A. M., and 7 o'clock, M.

ond Presbyterian Church, corner of South Hanover Second Presbyterian Church, corner of South Hanover end Pomfret streets. No pastor at present, but pulpit filled by Prosbyterial appointments. Services commence at 11 o'clock, A. M., and 7 o'clock, P. M. St. Johns Church, (Prot. Episcopal) northeast angle of Contre Square. Rev. JAcon B. Monss, Rector. Services at 11 o'clock, A.M., and 3 o'clock, P. M. English Lutherau Church, Bedford between Main and Loutine streets. Rev. JAcon Fay, Pastor. Services at 11 o'clock, A. M., and 5½ o'clock, P. M. German Reformed Church, Louther, between Hanover end Pitt streets. Rev. A. H. KREMER, Pastor. Services



# A Paper fur the Family Circle.

## WEDNESDAY, JANUARY 24, 1855.

#### **PROCEEDINGS OF CONGRESS.** HERALD AND EXPOSITUL SUMMARY OF NEWS. WEDNESDAY, Jan. 17.

TEACHER'S INSTITUTE.

Congress .-- The Senate made the Internal MR. EDITOR: By publishing the following Improvement bill the order of the day for you will confer a favor upon many. The the 29th inst. The bill for the sale of Rock West Pennsboro' Teacher's Institute is in a Island, Ills., as amended by the House, was prosperous condition, as will be seen by the considered and passed, as also a bill making. subjoined gleanings from the minutes. appropriations for works heretofore com Nov. 1854. The Institute met in school menced in Maine, in pursuance of law. The iouse No. 2, and was called to order by the compensation bill was then debated, after President Ex-Governor Ritner, who made a very interesting address on the condition of which an executive session was held, in the

For the Herald.

course of which the nomination of Mr. our common schools. Essays on teaching Geography and Ortho-graphy were read by S. Bixler and J. Me-Breckenridge, as Minister to Spain, was confirmed. In the House, the Committee on Kechan. Extracts from the 'School Journal" were read and commented upon, and quite

an animated discussion took place on the question, "should the rod discipline be aboup, and after a speech from Mr. Benton, and ished from our schools Dec. 2. 1854. The Institute met in school

house No. 1. The officers being present, the discussion of the rod question was resumed reported in the Senate, which provides for the local authorities for extending extraordiby Messers. Bear, Bixler, Maurice, Carlisle, three different railroad and telegraph lines, Gillelen, Linn, McKeehan, Leidigh and on the central, northern and southern routes. James. On motion of Mr. Maurice, farther Pending a motion to strike out the enacting discussion of the question was postponed till the next meeting. An interesting essay on the "school teacher's duty," was read by Mr. adjourned. Pennsylvania Legislature .--- Yesterday no,

James. Dec. 16. The Institute met-in school house No. 7, but none of the officers, and few of the teachers being present, little was done. Jan. 13, 1855. Institute met at 12 o'clock, M. in school house No. 9, and was called to order by the President who made a few remarks on Reading and Orthography. Mr. Bixler followed and spoke of Language and

method of teaching the Alphabet and Reading. Mr. Maurice then followed showing his method of teaching Reading. The question of abolishing the use of the rod from our

teacher spoke of his experience in connection with the subject. Messrs. Maurice, James and Walton advocated the affirmative,

and Messrs. Bixler and Clay, the negative. J. McKeehan spoke on the affirmative but doubted the expediency of abolishing it from every school. The question was then laid on the table. After the transaction of coneducation. On motion of Mr. Bixler, Resolved: That the Secretary prepare an ab-stract of the proceedings of this and previous

Jan. 17th 1855.

According to adjournment this association met in the Town Hall on Satarday the 20th inst, at 10 o'clock A. M. The President called the house to order, and stated the ject of the meeting, which was the promotion of the common school education. The minutes of the preceding meeting were then read and adopted. On motion the constitution was read and an opportunity being given, several persons signed it, and thereby became members of the institute.--

#### Ways and Means reported the Texas creditor bill, with amendments. In Committee of the Whole, the Pacific Railroad bill was taken

a reply from Mr. McDougal, the two first sections were stricken out, and a substitute introduced similar to the one unanimously elause, in order to facilitate the passage of the bill, the committee rose and the House

the manner of teaching pupils to use good language. E. James then illustrated his

public schools was then taken up, and each

meetings, and have the same published in all

the papers of the county. Adjourned. J. MCKEEHAN, Sect'y.

[For the Herald.] . MECHANICSBURG TEACHERS IN-

#### usiness of interest was transacted, both Houses having joined in the ceremonies of the Governor's inauguration. The largest produce house in New Orleans, that of Shultz,

Hadden & Latting, failed yesterday. The two cotton houses in that city, which failed on Saturday, have assets largely exceeding their \$2,500,000 of liabilities, and will, it is thought, be able to resume. A quantity of gunpowder and percussion caps have been eized at the Cuban head quarters in New York. An arrival at New Orleans from Havana brings a rumor that Concha has been superseded as Governor of Cuba.

Congress .- Yesterday, the Senate passed a bill making an appropriation for the extension of the General Post Office building, and also one private bill. A debate took place siderable miscellaneous business, the next but the table. A debute then belowed on the meeting was appointed to be in Plainfield on judiciary reform bill. In the House, the to be prepared to illustrate his method of Regents of the Smithsonian Institute, on teaching some branch of common school account of the recent action of that body, was received. It was referred to a select committee, with instructions to inquire into the management of the institution. A debate then took place in committee of the whole on the Pacific Railroad Bill.

Pennsylvania Legislature .--- Yesterday, the Senate received a message from the Governor, announcing that he had appointed Andrew G. Curtin, Secretary of the Commonwealth. Mr. Curtin also sent a message ties. An amendment was adopted to have a

NO. 21. committee reported in favor of opening and publishing, to-day, the returns of the vote

upon the prohibitory liquor law question. In the Senate, Mr. Killinger offered a resolu tion, which was adopted, requesting the Mili tary Committee to inquire into the expediency of reporting a bill providing that all

the volunteer companies in this Commonwealth shall severally be composed of at least two thirds of American born citizens. In the House, nothing of interest was done .--The panic in St. Louis has, subsided. Three of the houses which have suspended, will shortly resume business again. The New Hampshire representation in the Senate. vacant by the death of Mr. Norris, has been tendered by the Governor to John S. Wells. Governor Pollock has restored General Small to the command of the Second Brigade, and revoked Governor Bigler's order for a new election. An excitement has been raised in Cincinnati by the fact that the Sheriff is about to levy upon the property of those taxables who banded together recently to refuse payment of their taxes. In the same city,

public indignation has been raised against nary honors to the Irish exile, John Mitchel. SATURDAY, Jan. 20. 6

#### Congress .--- Yesterday, the Senate passed joint resolution "authorizing President Pierce to open negociations with the British government to establish a lighthouse on Cape Race.' The bill to pay Commodore Jones the sum of money of which he was deprived by the action of a Court Martial in 1851, was debated at length and passed. The bill from the House for the relief of the children and heirs of Baron de Kalb was passed. In the House, the session yesterday was consumed in debating the Pacific Rail road Bill, but no final action was reached.

Pennsylvania Legislature, yesterday, the returns of the election on the subject of a Prohibitory Liquor Law, were opened in joint convention of both Houses. In the Senate the Committee on the Sale of the Public Works reported a bill for the sale of the Main Line. The bills for the sale of the West and North Branch Canals were also reported, but with negative recommendations. A resolution was adopted requesting the Ausidered and posponed, as also were some resolutions urging Congress to send an expedi tion to the rescue of Commander Kane.

Congress .- The U.S. Senate was not in ession on Saturday. In the House, the Pacific Railroad bill was considered, and motions to lay on the table and to refer to a committee were rejected by decisive majoriOUR WATER WORKS

We find in the Chambersburg Whig a letter from Judge Watts, of Carlisle, in reply to citizens of that place who desired information in relation to the introduction of water into stowns. We extract from the letter the following information as to the cost scapacity &c. of the Water Works which are now approach. ing completion in our borough. The particulars will be new and interesting to most of our readers :

The mode of introducing water into a toy n has heretofore been considered so scientif. cally mysterious, as greatly to enhance the cost beyond the price of material and labo . An invitation for bids for the construction of our work produced several, the lowest of which was about \$90,000, whilst the actual cost will not exceed \$50,000. The Company incorporated for the purpose of supplying Gas and water to the town has erected a dam across the Canedogninnet Creek 159 feet long and 1 feet, 6 inches high, creating a power calculated to force the water.5,666 feet to the Reservoir, at a heighth of 135 feet from low water at the creek ; from thence it is carried by 10 and 2 juch iron pipes to the centre of the town, a distance of 8,511 feet : and the distribution from that point is in 6 inch pipes through the main streets 4. 350 feet, and through the other streets in 4 inch pipes 9,699 feet; making in all 28,227 fect or 51 miles and 597 feet. Hore are constructed two Reservoirs of a capacity of 140 by 120 feet's pare, separated by an em-bankment 11 feet wide on this top and but tering 10 inches to the foot. The Reservoirs are connected by an iron pipe; into one of them the water is pamped and from the other it flows to the town. This connection is strarraged that in time of high water one of them is used as a subsiding reservoir and the water is admitted into the other or ly after it has perified itself. The calculation of this work is intended to supply a por ulation of 5,000 with 25 gallons a day for ty ery man, woman and child, and for 20 days without working the pumps during that

A town is built up and maintained only by the industry and enterprise of its popula tion; and without the aid of steam, in the progress which have made in the world, in the last half century, there can be no well directed and successful enterprise. In theeastern cities and towns, where alone over head water for steam power could be attain ed, and where rents and food and indeed every thing which makes up the necessaries of life, are at the highest prices, laboring men crowd to find employment, whilst that same employment should be furnished in the rural districts of the country.

Do you but visit one of your hardware stores examine the stock there, and see how many articles you can find that are not manufactured in our eastern cities and towner. to Massachusetts, at an expense of \$5 a ton , there it is manufactured into hinges, latches. tools, and implements of all sorts and kinds, and brought back to us, at an expense of a bout \$10 a ton ; having paid -commissions going and coming perhaps \$5 a, ton more price these hinges and many other articles, and you will find that they are retailed to 1.3 at about \$300 a ten, for what in its raw state cost about \$10.. Why is this? Simply be-cause we have not the means of doing this labor ourselves :- we have not over-head we ter to supply the steam-engine. It is reall; strange that this enterprise has not made greater progress in all our towns in Penn-sylvania. Wherever it has been introduced it has been eminently successful, paying well upon the capital expended and quickening

THURSDAY, Jan. 18.

on the compensation bill, which was then laid ditor-General to inform the Senate what on the table. A debate then followed on the banks have failed to keep their notes at par in Philadelphia and Pittsburg. In the House, meeting was appointed to be in Plainfield on Judiciary reform bill. In the House, the the bill more effectively to provent the sale Saturday, Feb. 10, at 10, A. M. Each teacher resignation of Rufus Choate, as one of the of intoxicating liquor on the Sabbath was con

MONDAY, Jan. 22.

German Reformed Church, Louther, between Hanover and Pitt streets. Rev. A. H. KREER, Pastor. Sorvices at 10/3 o'clock, A. M., and 6/3 P. M. Methodist E. Church, (first 'darge) corner of Main and Pitt streets. Rev. S. L. M. CossER, Pastor. Services at 11 o'clock, A. M., and 7 'g'o'clock, P. M. Methodist E. Church, (second Charge) Rev? J. M. JONES, Pastor. Services in College Chapel, at 11 o'clock, A. M., and 5 o'clock, P. M. Boman Catholic Church, Second Charge) Rev? J. M. Bornicos by Rev. Mr. DoxAutoo, every second Sunday. A German Lutheran Church is in course of orcethen on the corner of Pemfret and Bedford streets. The con-grogation, which has yet no stated Instor, hold their Strices in Education Hall. #Br When changes in the above are necessary the pro-por persons are requested to notify us.

per persons are requested to notify us.

#### DICKINSON COLLEGE.

Rev. Charles Collins, President and Professor of Moral Rev. Herman M. Johnson, Professor of Philosophy

and English Literature. James W. Marshall, Professor of Ancient Languages.

Rev. Ots II. Tillary Professor of Mathematics. William M. Wilson, Lecturer on Natural Science and Ournator of the Mussum. Alexander Schom, Professor of Hebrew and Modern

Hospital Languages. Benjamin Arbogast, Tutor in Languages. Samuel D. Hillman, Principal of the Grammar School. William A. Snively, Assistant in the Grammar School

#### CORPORATIONS.

CARLISLY DEPOSIT BANK .- President, Richard Parker Cashler, Win. M. Beeten; Clorks, Henry A. Sturgeon Joseph C. Hoffer. Directors, Richard Parker, Henry Sax ton, John S. Sterrett, John Zug, Henry Logan, Robert Moore, Samuel Whorry, John Sapdorson, Hugh Stuart. aboorg, Samuel Wherry, John Sandergon, Hugh Stuart. J CUMBERLAND VALEY RAL ROAD COMPANY.—President, Predoriek Watts; Secretary and Treasurer, Edward M. Biddle; Superintendant, A. F. Smith. Passenger trains twice a day Eastward, leaving Carlisle at 10.15 or clock, A. M. and 3.40 of lock, P. M. Two trains every day West-ward, leaving Carlisle at 0.0 clock, A. M. and 2.20, P. M. Cantors the saw Wass

 Ward, feeying Carniso at b 0 chor, A. M. and 2.5, from CARLISE, GAS AND WAYER COMPNY.—President, Fred-orick Waits; Sorretary, Lemuel Told; Treasurer, Wm. M. Bostom; Directors, F. Watts, Richard Parker, Lemuel Told, Wm. M. Bootom, Dr. W. W. Dalo, Franklin Gard-Der Haury (Dass) nes, Honry Glass.

#### RATES OF POSTAGE.

LATTER POSTAGE.—Postago on all letters of one-hal. or neo weight or under, 3 cents pro-paid, or 5 cents un-paid, (except to California and Oregon, which are 6 cents pro-paid, or 10 cents unpaid.) NEWSATERS.—Postage on the HERALD—within the or y part of the United States, 20 cents per year. To any part of the United States, 20 cents. Postage of all transient papers under 3 counces in weight, 1 cent pre-paid or 2 cents unpaid.

CARLISLE' HERALD BOOK & JOB PRINTING OFFICE.

IN THE REAR OF THE COURT HOUSE.

Hvery description of Book and Job Printing exoucted the shortest notice and on reasonable terms.

After some reports of committees were received and considdered, the Institute ad-journed to meet at 1 o'clock, P. M.

#### AFTERNOON SESSION

Institute met at 1 o'clock P. M. The Presi dent called the house to order, after which

of the school, to its successful operation, which subjects were then taken up, and ably discussed by J. S. Hosteter, J. Coover, J. Senseman, M. Morret, J. Hensel, J. Ohail and Daniel Shelly. On motion it was recomended that the teachers should call meetings in their several districts, and have lee tures delivered by competent persons on the subject of education. On motion the Insti-

tute adjourned to meet in the Town Hall, or Saturday February 3c, at 12 o'clock Ma at which time-teachers and friends of education generally are invited to attend. January 23d 1855.

for General Wool, of the Army, who is now stationed in California, has addressed a letter to the editor of the Washington Union, defending himself against charges in that paper. He intimates that his agency in sup-

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amount of Company loans in the State, to what Banks due, &c., the amounts of money belonging to the State in the hands of indi viduals or banks on the first and fifteenth days of each month during the year 1854. In the House, a resolution was adopted directing the Committee on Ways and Means to inquire into the expediency of providing by law for the more effectual security of the deposits of the public moneys, etc. An unfinished debate took place on a motion to appoint a special committee in reference to the proposed removal of the old chair of the another opportunity was extended, whereup-on a number of persons became members of Independence Hall, Philadelphia. The State the association. Mr. David Williams and Sam'l Eckel who had been appointed at the yesterday, and discussed resolutions in favor upon to address the meeting. Mr. Williams lectured on the subject of English Grammar, and his mode of instructing in that branch; ing firm of Packett, McMurdough & Co., and and Mr. Eckels on the advantages and influ- the Cotton dealing house of Fern & Donneences of Common School education, and the gan, are also reported as having failed in importance of the cooperation of the patrons New Orleans. The Washington Union of yesterday says that Mr. Soule was recalled at his own request. A disastrous fire occurred yesterday morning, in Chesnut street, above 13th, Philadelphia, by which a medical student named Alex. Bowman, was so horribly burned that he died soon after being rescued.

#### FRIDAY, Jan. 19.

Congress .--- Yesterday, the proceedings were interesting. A spicy debate took place in the Senate on Mr. Choate's resignation from the Smithsonian Institute Board. A message was received from President Pierce in relation to Indian hostilities, and stating California. The President proposes to call out 3000 mounted yolunteers. In the House, Mexico, has been the cause of the disfavor ward to maturity, but the final vote was not with which he is viewed by the administra- reached.

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Pennsylvanig Legislature, yesterday, a joint | she is considered out of danger.

grand trunk central railway from some point on the Western boundary of Arkansas, Missouri, or Iowa, with two branches, one to mation from the State Treasurer as to the Memphis and one to Lake Superior. The bill passed as far as third reading, and was upon its final passage when the House adjourned pending the question thereon. Pennsylvania Legislature did nothing on

Saturday, the House having adjourned over to Monday, and the Senate not being able to raise a quorum. A man named John J Taylor was executed at Galena, on Friday for the murder of his wife. He protested that liquor was the cause of the act, and that in his sober self he was innocent of the murder. A shocking riot occurred at Ridge way, on the Buffalo, Brantford and Goodrich railroad, on Saturday. The laborers on the road spiked down the switches, because their own wayos were not regularly paid. The chief officer of the company, with twenty five armed men from Buffalo, went to Ridge way, with the Canadian Sheriff of the loca lity, who deputized them as officers. The Sheriff and several Catholic priests endea vored to persuade them to be peaceable, but without effect. The Sheriff then ordered the road to be cleared, whereupon the laborers commenced firing with rifles, killing one of the Buffalo party, and wounding several others. Two or three of the laborers were also wounded, and about a dozen arrested among them being the murderer.

SHOCKING CAMPHEN ACCIDENT.-The Collumbia (Pa.) Spy states that at Safe Harbor. a few days ago, Mrs. G. W. Johnson and Miss Lewis called at the house of Mr. Wm. Haney, and whilst there Mr. III. undertook to fill a fluid lamp while burning, which exploded and set fire to the clothing of the la dies. Mrs. Johnson ran into the street, her that vigorous measures and more men will clathing completely enveloped in flames, be required to protect the overland route to which burnt to a crisp many parts of her body. She lingered in great agony, atten-ded by the best medical skill, till Thursday evening when she died. Miss Lewis was im mediately wrapped in a shawl by a gentleman present, and although much burned,

all the energies of their population into active and profitable employments. I do not know any town in Penfisylvania where abundance of water has been introduced, that has not doubled its population in ten years ; Lan caster, York and Harrisburg are notable in stances of this.

We have made no further progress with the Gas Works than to lay this pipes with those of the water in our principal streets preparatory to the completion of the work during the next summer. The inducement, for the introduction of Gas is that it is a far more economical light, far better, and very much safer than any other, and my information is, that it will always pay well where there is a population exceeding three thousand. All the calculations which I have made on the subject induce me to believe that we will realise all these advantages.

PAY YOUR BILLS-AN INCENTIVE .- Some years ago, a farmer in Fredrick-county, Md., owed a neighbor of his \$50, and as soon as he could realize the sum he promptly paid it over. The morning he called to pay it; Lis friend appeared to be very thankful, remarking that he was also in debt to another per son who needed the money, and he would at once take it to him. This remark started a train of thought in the mind of the first per son, who said to himself-why here is \$100 paid with \$50. 1 will at once follow up this matter and see where it will end, He then followed up the payment of debts by this one note of \$50, until he traced it to the large amount of \$3,7501 when it got out of his reach.

Now here is the moral : A owes B a bill, which, if he pays promptly, will be paid by B to C, and so on through the whole alphabet and it will be surprising to every one, what a small amount is necessary to pay off hundreds of thousands by keeping the " eagles on the wing." Now, when the money mar-ket is so tight and the banks are unable to discount all the paper offered, let persons begin to pay their bills and by doing this, they, themselves, will be paid back in turn. It is a machine which feeds itself, and propels by its own offal, the excention of great exploits.