E. BEATTY,

PROPRIETOR AND PUBLISHER.

TERMS OF PUBLICATION. TERMS OF PUBLICATION.

The CAULSUS HERALD is published weekly on a large sheet, cantaining fonty collemns, and furnished to subscribers at the rate of \$1.50 if paid strictly in advance; \$1.75 if paid within the year; or \$2 in all rases when anyment is delayed until after the expendition of the year. No subscriptions received for a loss period than six months, and none discontinued until all arrearages are paid, unless at the option of the publisher. Papers sent to subscribers living out of Cumberland county unust be paid for in advance, or the payment, assumed by some responsible person living in Cumberland county. These terms will be rigidly adhered to in all cases.

ADVERTISEMENTS.

Advertisements will be charged \$1.00 per square of twelve lines for three insertions, and 25 cents for each subsequent insertion. All advertisements of less than twelve lines considered as a square.—The following rates will be charged for Quarterly, Half Yearly and Yearly advertising:

3 Months, 6 Months, 12 Months

3 Months. 6 Months. 12 Months 3 Months 1 Square, (12 lines,) \$3.00 2 5.00 14 Column, - - 8.00 15 - - 12.00 16 - 25.00

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1 Square, (12 lines,) \$3.00 \$5.00 \$8.00 \$12.00
2 \$5.00 \$6.00 \$12.00 \$16.00
1 Column, \$8.00 \$12.00 \$16.00
1 Column, \$12.00 \$20.00 \$30.00
1 Column, \$12.00 \$12.00 \$16.00
1 Column, \$12.00 \$16.00 \$16.00
2 Column, \$16.00 \$16.00
2 Column, \$16.00 \$16.00
2 Column, \$16.00 \$16.00
2 Column, \$

JOB PRINTING.

The Quality Herald JOB PRINTING OFFICE is the The Wilses Hereb JOB PRINTING DEFICE is the largest and most complete establishment in the county. Three good Presses, and a general vaciety of material sulted for Plain and-Yaney work of every Kind, enables us to do dob Printing at the shortest notice and on the most reasonable terms. Personsin want of Bills, blanks or any thing in the Jobbing line, will find it their interest to give us a call. Every variety of BLANKS constantly on hand? with on hand.

All letters on business must be post-paid to se-

Heneral & Local Information.

U. S. GOVERNMENT.

Presil out - Frankian Punce. Vice President - (de facto), D. R. Attheson. Secretary of State-WM. L. Marcy. Societary of Interior - Robert McClelland. Secretary of Interior—Robert due Lelland, Secretary of Tronsury—James German. Secretary of Ware—Jaifillion Davis.
Secretary of Navy—Jas. C. Domos.
Port Master General—James Camerata.
Attendy-tioneral—Calen-Chemiso.
Chief Justice of United States—R. B. Taner.

'STATE COVERNMENT.

Governor—WM. Bigler.
Socretary of State—Charles W. Black..
Surveyor General—J. P. Brawley.
Auditor General—E. Banks.
Technicate—E. Banks.
Judzes of the Supramo Court—J. S. Black, E. Lewis.
W. B. Lowrie, G. W. Woodward, J. C. Kanx.

COUNTY OFFICERS.

President Judge-Hon, James H. Graven, Associate Judges-Hon, John Rupp, Samuel Wood

Assorite studges—ton out Assp. and burn.
District Attorney—John M. Shearer.
Prathomotary—tieorge Zirm.
Rose ber &c.—Sammet Martin.
Register—Alfred L. Sponsler.
High Sheriff—Joseph McDermend; Deputy, Jame

Hiley.

Direction of the Pow—George Sheaffer, George Brindle, John C. Brown. Superintendent of Poor House—Joseph Labach.

BOROUGH OFFICERS.

Chief Burgess—Col. Armstrono Noble.
Assist and Burgess—Charles Ogilby.
Town Council —John B. Parker, (President) E. Beatty,
Lenry Myers, I. S. Egbert, David Rhoads, Christian Inad, John Gatthall, Peter Monyer, Geo. Z. Bretz.
Cherk to Council —James Mullin.
Council — John S. Krayser, H. G. Constables, Polyact Constables Joseph Stewart, High Constable; Robert McCartney Ward Constable.

. CHURCHES.

Square, Rev. Conway P. Wing, Pastor.—Services every Sunday morning at 11 o'clock, A. M., and 7 o'clock,

Second Presbyterian Church, corner of South Hanover

A German Lutheran Church is in course of erection on the corner of Pourfet and Redford streets. The congregation, which has yet no stated Pastor, hold their sorvices in Education Hall.
#25-When changes in the above are necessary the propor persons are requested to notify us.

DICKINSON COLLEGE.

Rev. Charles Collins, President and Professor of Moral Relonce.
Rev. Horman M. Jchuson. Professor of Philosophy and English literature.
James W. Marshall, Professor of Ancient Languages.
Rev. Otle H. Tiffany, Professor of Mathematics.
William M. Wilson, Lecturer on Natural Science and Curator of the Museum.
Alexander Schem, Professor of Hebrow and Modern Languages.

Anguiges.

Benjamin Arbogast, Tutor in Languages.

Bannel D. Hillman, Principal of the Grammar School.

William A. Snively, Assistant in the Grammar School

CORPORATIONS.

CARLISLE DEPOSIT BANK.—President, Richard Parker; Cashier, Wm. M. Beetem; Clerks, Henry A. Sturgeon, Josoph C. Hoffer. Directors, Richard Parker, Henry Sax-ton, John S. Sterrett, John Zag. Henry Logan, Robert Moore, Samuel Wherry, John Sanderson, Hugh Stuart. Commercand Valley Rail Roth Company.—President, Frederick Watts; Secretary and Treasurer, Edward M. Biddio: Superintendant, A. F. Smith. Passenger trains twice a day Eastward, leaving Carlishe at 10.16 o'clock, A. M. and 3.40 o'clock, P. M. Two trains every day Westward, leaving Carlishe at 9.0 clock, A. M. and 2.20, P. M. CARLISLE GAS AND WATER COMPNY.—President, Fred-erick Watts; Secretary, Lountol Todd; Treasurer, Will M. Bootom; Directors, F. Watts, Richard Parker, Lemmel Todd, Win. M. Beotom, Dr. W. W. Bate, Franklin Gardnoc. Honey Glass.

RATES OF POSTAGE.

Letter Postage—Postage on all letters of one-half since weight or under, 3 cents pre-paid, or 5 cents unvaid, (except to California and Oregon, which are 6 cents pre-paid, or 10 cents unpaid.)
Newscapers.—Postage on the Herald—within the state 13 cents per year. To any part of the United States, 25 cents.
Postage on all transient papers under 3 ounces in weight, 1 cent pre-paid or 2 cents unpaid.

CARLISTE HERALD BOOK & JOB PRINTING OFFICE,

IN THE REAR OF THE COURT HOUSE.

Every description of Book and Job Printing exeurted at the shortest notice and on reasonable terms.

Family Circle. Haperstur the

WEDNESDAY, DECEMBER 6, 1854.

NO. 14.

VOL. LV.

THE PRESIDENTS' MESSAGE. Meeting of Congress--Abstract of the Presidents Message.

The second session of the thirty third Conrress commenced on Monday last. The Senate was called to order at 124 o'clock, weeks and offering his resignation as President of the Senate. On motion, Gen. Cass was chosen President pro tem. Committees them to punishment. were then appointed to inform the House and and the President of the organization.

number of members present was 197. After organizing the Presidents' Message was received and read. We give the following synopsis of its contents.

PRESIDENTS' MESSAGE.

The President opens his message with an allesion to the past year as an eventful one which will be hereafter referred to as a marked epoch in the history of the world,-The partial failure of the crops, the wide spread prevalence of discase, and the sacrifice of human life through casualities by sea and land, are attitled to as interruptions of our domestic happiness, while we have yet great cause of thankfulness to God for his protecting care and merciful dealings with us as a people.

The agitations in Europe are commented upon, and the President congratulates Congress on the fact that "the wise theory of this Milar Sherin-Joseph accerns an Aspess, value gives on the fact that Wildner.

County Treasurer—N. W. Woods.

Corner—C. Seph C. Thompson.

County Commissioners—John Bobb, James Armstrong.

George M. Graham. Clork to Commissioners, William

has hitherto exempted it from many complications in which it would otherwise have become involved." He adds, however, that our exemption from them occasions a jealous watchfulness on the part of European nations, who have made attempts to supervise and direct our foreign policy by taking us late consideration in their arrangement of the balance of power in Europe. Our refusal to take ground or be recognized in such arrangements has awakened distrust, and induced on their part occasional acts of disturbing effect, upon our foreign relations. The President points to our limited army and Navy, and First Presbyterian Church, northwest angle of Centre | past pacific policy, as giving ample assurance that our government has no disposition to encroach on the rights or endanger the secu-

Second Preshyterian Church, corner of South Hanover and Pointer Streets. No paster at present, but pulpit lifted by Preshyteridappointments. Surfessomments at 11 o'clock, A. M., and 7 o'clock, P. M.

S. Johns Church, (Prot. Episcopat) northeast angle of Sching Church, (Prot. Episcopat) northeast angle of Monday, and 3 o'clock, P. M.

English Latheran Church, Bedford between Main and Louther streets. Rev. John S. Morse, Rev promptly responded—the King of the Two during the year is 7,035,735, for which over Vork-canals are frozen up. A singular riot sicilies has signified his willingness to accede—Prussia is willing to adopt the measure amount of lands sold, located under military near the regret of a floating tayern on the upon condition that a clause renouncing Privateering be introduced. To this the Presi dent objects on the ground that a country like ours, of great commerce and compara-tively small Navy, would be unable to protect itself. But when the leading powers of Europe concur in exempting private property on the ocean from seizure by public armed cruisers as well as by privateers, the United States will readily meet them on that broad ground.

The treaty with England concerning the Coast fisheries and hte reciprocal trade with the British N. American provinces, has been ratified and some of its anticipated advantages already enjoyed. A demand on the part of British fishermen to admit free of duty fish caught in waters when by the treaty our citizens are entitled to operate, is considered just, but for want of authority not granted. The President recommends the necessary enactments.

The President recommends that provision be made for a commission to locate the boundary line of the territory of Washington adjoining the British possessions.

the arrest of the French Consul at San Franeiseo, and the recent difficulty between Mr. Soule and the French Government, are both said to be satisfactorily settled, the French reserved for a special message, which will be government having unequivocally disavowed | submitted to Congress at an early day. any design to deny the right of transit to the

U. S. Minister. The unsettled condition of Spain has pre-ciary, and of provisions concerning the in-vented the adjustment of the difficulties with terests of the District of Columbia. that government. The new government there is believed to be more favorable to us than reflection on the duties of the government,

the former. Congress is urged to take measures to ob-1 the deliberations of Congress.

HERALD AND EXPUELUS vinte the necessity of paying to Denmark tolls for passing through their Sound.

The President says our expedition to Ja pan has been ably and skilfully conducted to a successful termination, and a treaty for opening certain ports having been negotial ted an exchange of ratifications is recommended.

The late treaty with Mexico has settled many of our difficulties with that government, M., and thirty-seven Senators answered to but the claims of our citizens have not been their names. The Secretary read a letter met as promptly as could be desired, and infrom Mr. Atchison, of Missouri, stating that structions have been sent to our Consuls and he would be unable to be present for some agents to call the attention of that government to them. The President says he has exerted all his powers to break up filibustering expeditions and bring those, engaged in

Affairs in Central America are alluded to and the President defends the bombardment The House organized at 12 o'clock. The of Greytown by a long statement of the history of the affair. He takes the ground that there was in fact no legal government in the place, but a set of marauding desperadoes intent upon destroying the property of Americans and insulting the American government. Great stress is laid upon the precautions that were taken to prevent destruction of life.

. The Message then reverts to domestic affairs. The revenue of the government for the year is \$73,549,705, expenditures \$51,-018,249, exclusive of payment of public debt, which amounts to \$24,336,308. The receipts of the current fiscal year will exceed the expenditures \$15,000,000, which will be applied to the reduction of the public debt, which is \$44,975,456.

As the receipts exceed the expenditures, the President recommends a reduction of the duties on imports. He also suggests legal enactments, which will prevent officers of the customs carrying off their books as private injury of the Government, when such books have been examined.

An adequate increase of the army for the protection of the frontiers is urged. It is in the organic arrangement and administraforce is also advised, the President remarking that the augmentation of the pavy has still more in the progressively increasing exi-

amount of lands sold, located under military scrip and land warrants, selected as swamp river, having armed himself and threatened for roads, is upwards of twenty three millions ing to let him off from a judgment given of acres. The increase of lands sold, over against him, a crowd collected at his boat the previous year, is about six millions of and attempted to arrest him. He then fired acres; and the sales during the first two into the mob, wounding four persons. The quarters of the current year present the ex- mob in return fired his boat and cut it loose traordinary result of five and a half millions It floated into the stream when the negro ties sold, exceeding by nearly four millions of a weight round his neck, jumped overboard acres the sales of corresponding quarters of and was drowned. The Frontier flour mills the last year, thus increasing to an extent un- at Buffalo were destroyed by fire yesterday. paralleled during any like period in our past history the amount of revenue provided from this source for the Federal Treasury.

The policy of the government, in relation to settling apart public domain for those who have served their country in time of war, is illustrated by the fact, that since 1790, no less than thirty millions of acres have been applied to this object.

Respecting the donation of public lands in aid of the construction of railroads, the President expresses no definite views of policy, but says he recurs with satisfaction to the The difficulty with France growing out of subject will not fail to elicit a careful re-examination and rigid scrutiny.

The discussion of the question regarding internal improvements by the government, is

The President renews previous recommendations of reforms in the Federal judi-

The message concludes with some general and an invocation of the blessing of God on

4 . 4

SUMMARY OF NEWS.

THURSDAY Nov. 30.

The steamship Africa arrived at New York last evening, with three days later news from Europe. There is nothing more of impordunce, however, from Sebastopol. A grand Know Nothing festival took place in Boston vesterday over the Massachusetts victory. In the U. S. Circuit Court at Boston, vesterday, the Rev. Theodore Parker was arraigned on the charge of inciting to riot, and aiding the attempt to rescue the fugitive Burns, some ime since. He gave bail to appear at the March term. Two men were frozen to death in Mobile Bay last week, which shows extreme cold in the South.

FRIDAY, Dec. 1. Thanksgiving was observed yesterday in all the New England States, New York, Ohio Michigan, Indiana, Illinois, Iowa Kentucky, and North Carolina, by the recommendation of the Governors of those States. There was snow to the debth of ten inches at Con cord, New Hampshire, yesterday, and sleigh ing was active. The Florida Legislature met on Monday last. There is eight Democratic majority on joint ballot, and a United States Schator to be elected to succeed Mr. Morton, Whig. Another stock fraud has come to light in New York. The police have arrested a man for obtaining \$15,000 in min ing bonds, stock, &c., from a Broadway firm by fraudulent representations. One thousaid guns were fired vesterday, from on board a steamer, at Philadelphia, in honor

of the American victories.

SATURDAY, Dec. 2.

The Stark Bank at Pennington, Vermont has suspended payment, and its notes are property, as frauds have been discovered to selling in Boston at fifty cents on the dollar. The Virginia Democratic State Convention met at Richmond, yesterday, and had rather a stormy session. The indications are that the Hon. Henry A. Wise, will be nominated thought that four new regiments, two of in-fautry; and two of mounted men, will be suf-was executed at Buffalo, for the murder of ficient to meet the present exigency. Reform his wife. A train of freight cars, under full headway, came in collision yesterday with a tion of the service is also suggested especial. passenger train which had been off the track y in relation to promotions, and the creation on the Ground Trunk railway at Thompson's of a retired list. An increase of our naval mills, Maine. The cars of both the travas force is also advised, the President remark, were smashed and eight or ten persons hurt, besides two passenger cars catching fire from not kept pace with the duties properly and profitably assigned to it in time of peace, and that it is inadequate for the large field of Pierson, of West Bloomfield, New Jersey, its operations, not merely in the present, but | died on Wednesday, from injuries received by the explosion of a camphene lamp. An-

lands by States, and by locating under grants to shoot a magistrate if he persisted in refus-

Tuesday, Dec. 5.

Congress met in Washington yesterday to continue in Session until the 4th of March A great snow storm occurred vesterday all through New York and New England. All the northern and eastern rail roads were very much obstructed. A terriffic storm broke out in the Hudson river on Sunday, sinking a number of steamers, barges, &c. The same gale caused numerous disasters among the shipping at Boston. A street Preacher was badly beaten by a party of Irishmen in New experience and action of the last session of York, on Sunday. The ringleader was ar-Congress, as furnishing assurance that the rested. Standard brands of Flour were held yesterday in Philadelphia at \$8.00. The market was dull. Sales of 4000 bushels Wheat were reported at 206 cents for strict ly prime, and 187 and 190 cents for inferior.

What Constitutes Intemperance.-Judge Pearson, of Harrisburg, Pa., in a recent charge to the grand jury, decided that an individual who visits from tavern to tavern, drinking five or six times daily, is emphati-cally a man of intemperate habits, and that taveru-keepers who sell to such are liable to prosecution under the act prohibiting the sale of liquors to "men of known intemperate

LATER FROM EUROPE! The Bombardment of Sebastopol!

FURTHER PARTICULARS.

The steamship Africa arrived at New York on Wednesday evening, bringing news from Europe three days later. There is nothing really later or important from Sebastopol, where a pause had occurred in the field operations, though both the Russian and British Generals say in their despatches that the siege was progressing with regularity, and that, preparations were being made for an assignit. Both parties were in want of reinforcements, but the besiegers most, while the Russians were beginning to feel the want of ammunition. The allied army was reduced by battle and disease to 50,000 men, which causes much alarm in England and France, and the utmost efforts were being made to send immediate reinforcements; for that purpose, all the British mail steamers are being used, and the French troops withdrawn from Italy. Two Turkish frightes have been wrecked in the Black son, one having on board the Admiral and 700 men. The great hospital in Sebastopol, containing 2000 wounded men, has been destroyed by the allied army. A large French loan was spoken of. Since the last-accounts the firing had been slack on both sides at Sebastopol. and the allied army was preparing to storm the town. Four Russian ships in the harbor had been sunk by the fire of the allies .-Water was exceedingly scarce in the town. conflagrations are frequently caused by the red hot shot of the allies, and the typhufever had broken out in consequence of the number of the unbaried dead. The Rus sians were preparing for street lighting, post ing cannon to sweep the streets, fortitying the houses, etc. Official advices state the three British Generals were killed in the bar tle of the 5th, among them being the bray old veteran Sir George Catheart, The Engtish loss was 2000 men killed and wounder the French 1500, and the Russian 4500

LATER FROM CALIFORNIA.

The steamer Star of the West has arrived at New York, with news from California nine days later. The steamer brings \$737,000 in specie. An election in San Francisco for City Comptroller, has resulted in a large majority for the Nuow Nothing candidate .-Nineteen convicts in the State Prison had revolted, and attempted to escape, but were overpowered by the keepers. One of the prisoners was killed in the conflict. A remor had been brought to San Francisco that a naval engagement had taken place between the French brig of war Obligado and a Rue sian frigate, off the coast of Lower Californie. but it was not credited.

THE WARTESTHUSIASM IN RUSSIA - The Washington Intelligencer publishes the following extract of a letter from a respectable and well-informed citizen of the Unite! States to a friend in Washington, dated

St. Petersburg, Russia, Sept. 18, 1854. DEAR F.: The war is scarcely begun.-There is no chance for any Power, be it evso great, to conquer Russia. The Emper 1 is only preparing for war. Next year he was have in the field, ready for active battle, opand a half million of soldiers, well drilled. The people are all for the war, and he has no trouble in getting soldiers, for it is with them a religious war. They want the Christian faith to be sanctioned over the world. They are the most devout people on earth, and the last crucifix will go for the war before the give up.

THE BODY OF SIR JOHN FRANKLIN FOUND BY DR. KANE.—The Lake Superior Mining News, of November 9, contains the follow-

"By private letters we learn that the bodies" of Sir John Franklin and his men have been found by Dr. Kane's party, frozen, perfectly preserved.

"In our last number we gave the report of the intelligence derived from some of the Esquiraux Indians, of the discovery of some of the silver used by Franklin's expedition, and marked with his initials. The later report is of the discovery of the bodies, and from our authority we have the right to believe it to be true.

The editor makes no mention of the source of his information, nor of the direction whence

SHOCKING SUICIDE.—A young girl named Schade, living in Bethlehem township, Northampton county, committed suicide last Tuesday a week, by taking a dose of "rat's-bane," which she had purchased at a drug store in Bethlehom. While at dinner, the medicine took effect-she was seized with violent pain, and vomiting, and in her agony ran out of the house, and by an almost superhuman effort forced herself through a pale-fence breiking it into splinters. After cunning about in the barn-yard for some time, she fell and expired. She was enciente, and doubtless the victim of some villainous seducer.

A Good Take-in .- The play-goers of Harrisburg were very handsomely taken in one night last week. A fellow came there and put out his bills professing to do a great many wonderful slight-of-hand tricks, and other wonderful things. The hall he obtained for his exhibition was well filled at an early hour. His first wonderful trick was to be a "mysterious disappearance," and sure enough he did "mysteriously disappear," not showing himself after he had obtained the quarters of his patrons.

The report of the discovery of Sir John Franklins' hody is not generally ere di-