

**E. BEATTY,**  
PROPRIETOR AND PUBLISHER.  
**TERMS OF PUBLICATION.**  
The CARLISLE HERALD is published weekly on a large sheet, containing forty columns, and furnished to subscribers at the rate of \$1.50 if paid strictly in advance; \$1.75 if paid within the year; or \$2 in all cases when payment is delayed until after the expiration of the year. No subscription received for a less period than six months, and none discontinued until all arrearages are paid, unless at the option of the publisher. Papers sent to subscribers living out of Cumberland county must be paid for in advance, or the payment assumed by some responsible person living in Cumberland county. These terms will be rigidly adhered to in all cases.

**ADVERTISEMENTS.**  
Advertisements will be charged \$1.00 per square of twelve lines for three insertions, and 25 cents for each subsequent insertion. All advertisements of less than twelve lines considered as a square. The following rates will be charged for Quarterly, Half Yearly and Yearly advertising:  
3 Months. 6 Months. 12 Months.  
1 Square (12 lines) \$3.00 \$5.00 \$8.00  
2 " " " 5.00 8.00 12.00  
1/2 Column " " " 2.50 4.00 6.00  
1/4 " " " 1.25 2.00 3.00  
1/8 " " " .62 1.00 1.50  
Advertisements inserted before Marriages and Deaths, 8 cents per line for first insertion, and 1 cent per line for subsequent insertions. Communications on subjects of interest or individual interest will be charged 5 cents per line. The Proprietor will not be responsible in damages for errors in advertisements. Obituary notices not exceeding five lines, will be inserted without charge.

**JOB PRINTING.**  
The CARLISLE HERALD JOB PRINTING OFFICE is the largest and most complete establishment in the county. Three good Presses, and a general variety of material suited for Plain and Fancy work of every kind, enables us to do Job Printing at the shortest notice and on the most reasonable terms. Persons wanting Bills, Blankets or any thing in the Jobbing line, will find it their interest to give us a call. Every variety of BLANKS constantly on hand.  
\* \* \* \* \*  
All letters on business must be post-paid to secure attention.

**General & Local Information.**

**U. S. GOVERNMENT.**  
President—FRANKLIN PIERCE.  
Vice-President—MILWAUDE D. R. ATHERTON.  
Secretary of State—W. L. MARCY.  
Secretary of Interior—ROBERT McCALLAND.  
Secretary of Treasury—JAMES G. BEND.  
Secretary of War—JEREMIAH DAVIS.  
Secretary of Navy—JAS. C. BONDERS.  
Post-Office General—JAMES CAMPBELL.  
Attorney-General—GABRIEL CHESNEY.  
Chief Justice of United States—R. B. TANNEY.

**STATE GOVERNMENT.**  
Governor—WM. BIGLER.  
Secretary of State—CHARLES W. BLAKE.  
Surveyor-General—J. P. BRADLEY.  
Auditor-General—E. BARNES.  
Treasurer—JOHN BAILEY.  
Justices of the Supreme Court—J. S. BLACK, E. LEWIS, W. B. LEWIS, G. W. WOODWARD, J. C. KNOX.

**COUNTY OFFICERS.**  
President—HEN. JAMES H. GRAYMAN.  
Associate Justices—Hon. John Rupp, Samuel Woodburn.  
District Attorney—John M. Shearer.  
Prothonotary—George Zinn.  
Recorder, ex-officio—Samuel Martin.  
Recorder—Alfred L. Spangler.  
High Sheriff—Joseph McDermott; Deputy, James Walker.  
County Treasurer—N. W. Woods.  
Coroner—Joseph C. Thompson.  
County Commissioners—John Robb, James Armstrong, George M. Graham, Clerk to Commissioners, William Riley.  
Directors of the Poor—George Shearer, George Brindley, John C. Brown, Superintendent of Poor House—Joseph L. Bach.

**BOROUGH OFFICERS.**  
Chief Burgess—C. M. ARMSTRONG, NORLIZ.  
Assistant Burgess—Charles Ogilby.  
Town Council—John B. Parker, President; E. Beatty, Henry Myers, I. S. Ecker, David Richards, Christian Hoff, John Gutshall, Peter Money, Geo. Z. Bretz, Clerk to Council—James Mullin.  
Constables—Joseph Stewart, High Constable; Robert McCartyney, Ward Constable.

**CHURCHES.**  
First Presbyterian Church, northwest angle of Centre Square. Rev. G. W. W. W. Pastor, every second Sunday morning at 11 o'clock, A. M., and 7 o'clock, P. M.  
Second Presbyterian Church, corner of South Hanover and Pomfret streets. No pastor at present, but pulpit filled by Presbytery appointments. Services commenced at 11 o'clock, A. M., and 7 o'clock, P. M.  
St. John's Church, (Prot. Episcopal) northeast angle of Centre Square. Rev. J. B. MORSE, Rector. Services at 11 o'clock, A. M., and 7 o'clock, P. M.  
English Lutheran Church, Bedford between Main and Louth streets. Rev. J. B. P. Pastor. Services at 11 o'clock, A. M., and 7 o'clock, P. M.  
German Reformed Church, Louth, between Hanover and Pitt streets. Rev. A. H. KRAMER, Pastor. Services at 10 1/2 o'clock, A. M.  
Methodist E. Church, (first Church) corner of Main and Pitt streets. Rev. S. L. M. COOPER, Pastor. Services at 11 o'clock, A. M., and 7 o'clock, P. M.  
Methodist W. Church, (second Church) Rev. J. M. JONES, Pastor. Services in College Chapel, at 11 o'clock, A. M., and 5 o'clock, P. M.  
Roman Catholic Church, Pomfret, near East street. Services by Rev. Mr. BOSKO, every second Sunday.  
A German Lutheran Church is in course of erection on the corner of Pomfret and Bedford streets. The congregation, which has not a stated pastor, hold their services in Education Hall, at 10 1/2 o'clock, A. M. When changes in the above are necessary the proper persons are requested to notify us.

**DICKINSON COLLEGE.**  
Rev. Charles Collins, President and Professor of Moral Science.  
Rev. Herman M. Johnson, Professor of Philosophy and English Literature.  
James W. Deane, Professor of Ancient Languages.  
Rev. O. H. Tiffany, Professor of Mathematics.  
William M. Wilson, Lecturer on Natural Science and Curator of the Museum.  
Alexander Schlem, Professor of Hebrew and Modern Languages.  
Benjamin Arbogast, Tutor in Languages.  
Samuel D. Hillman, Principal of the Grammar School.  
William A. Sntoly, Assistant in the Grammar School.

**CORPORATIONS.**  
CARLISLE DEPOSIT BANK—President, Richard Parker; Cashier, Wm. M. Beeton; Clerks, Henry Sturgeon, Jos. Joffor. Directors, Richard Parker, William Kerr, John Zuz, Henry Sturgeon, Samuel Wherry, Jacob Leiby, John S. Storck, Henry Sturgeon, Robert Moore.  
CUMBERLAND VALLEY RAIL ROAD COMPANY—President, Frederick Watts; Secretary and Treasurer, Edward M. Bidler; Superintendent, A. F. Smith. Passenger trains twice a day, Eastward, leaving Carlisle at 10 15 o'clock, A. M., and 3 40 o'clock, P. M. Two trains every day Westward, leaving Carlisle at 9 o'clock, A. M., and 2 20, P. M.  
CARLISLE GAS AND WATER COMPANY—President, Frederick Watts; Secretary, Leonard Foster; Treasurer, Wm. M. Beeton; Directors, F. Watts, Richard Parker, Leonard Todd, Wm. M. Beeton, Dr. W. W. Dale, Franklin Gardner, Henry Glass.

**RATES OF POSTAGE.**  
LETTER POSTAGE.—Postage on all letters of one-half ounce weight or under, 3 cents pre-paid, or 5 cents un-paid, (except to California and Oregon, which are 6 cents pre-paid, or 10 cents un-paid).  
Newspapers.—Postage on the Herald within the county free. Within the State, 13 cents per year. To any part of the United States, 26 cents.  
Postage on all transient papers under 3 ounces in weight, 1 cent pre-paid or 2 cents un-paid.

**CARLISLE HERALD**  
BOOK & JOB PRINTING OFFICE,  
IN THE REAR OF THE COURT HOUSE.  
Every description of Book and Job Printing executed at the shortest notice and on reasonable terms.

# Carlisle Herald.

A Paper for the Family Circle.

VOL. LV. WEDNESDAY, NOVEMBER 29, 1854. NO. 13.

## HERALD AND EXPOSITOR

[For the Herald.]  
**SAVANNAH DEBATING SOCIETY.**

This association has been organized in Dickinson township, by the name of the "Savannah Debating Society," and its meetings are held in the Savannah school house. It has for its sole object the free discussion of any subject that may be brought before it in the proper manner, and which shall be agreed upon by the participating members as a suitable subject for open debate.  
This society held its first meeting, October 19th, and was permanently organized by the election of the following officers: SAMUEL MYERS, President; Geo. W. Leidigh, Secretary; James White, Treasurer.  
A Constitution and By-laws, drawn up by Samuel Myers, Jas. Lee and John Lee, who had been appointed a committee for that purpose was also submitted and adopted.  
The present flourishing condition of the society, numbering thirty-five regular members, shows that much interest has been manifested in its prosperity by the community.

TUESDAY EVENING, Nov. 21st, 1854.

Society met according to appointment, and was called to order by the President. The proceedings of the last meeting were read by the secretary and adopted. In pursuance with the requirements of the constitution, the treasurer made the first monthly report, which showed the flourishing condition of this department of the society.  
On motion of Geo. W. Leidigh, Wm. P. Stuart, Walter S. Peffer, Gilbert Searight, James W. Peffer, were admitted to membership.  
The President now proceeded to the appointment of judges, to decide upon the merits of the arguments produced in debate this evening, and Thomas Lee, jr., Alfred F. Lee and John W. Huston, were appointed to that duty.  
The subject adopted by the society at its last meeting, viz:  
*Resolved*, That character influences society more than wealth, was now brought up and discussed with much warmth by John Lee, and Dr. Wm. G. Myers, on the affirmative; James Lee, George W. Leidigh, on the negative. The decision of the judges was given in favor of the affirmative.

On motion of John Lee, the following was adopted as the subject for discussion at the next meeting of the society:  
*Resolved*, That war has caused more misery than intemperance.  
On motion of G. W. Leidigh, *Resolved*, That a general invitation be extended to the ladies to attend the future meetings of the society. Adopted.  
On motion of James Lee, *Resolved*, That the proceedings of this society be published in the "Herald" and "Democrat" newspapers of this county.  
On motion, the Society adjourned to meet Tuesday evening, November 28th.  
SAMUEL MYERS, President.  
GEORGE LEIDIGH, Secretary.

**SHOCKING AFFAIR IN LANCASTER COUNTY, PA.**—Condolias Herren, of Fulton township, Lancaster county, Pa., was arrested on Saturday last, on the charge of killing a colored woman, and his own child, and nearly killing his wife. The Lancaster Inland says:

It is stated that Herron was in the habit of getting intoxicated occasionally, when he became a furious monster, and that he was on a "spree" of this kind when he committed this murder. He first attacked his wife; a colored woman of the neighborhood passing by, came to her assistance, when he fell upon and killed her, then returning to the work of murdering his wife and children.—His wife was living at the last accounts, but it was expected she would not survive her wounds.  
Herren lives about one mile from Peach Bottom, and is supposed to have been in a fit of mania a potu, when he committed the murders. The name of the colored woman killed is Chloa Stout. His child died on Saturday evening. He says that he also killed Sampson Beneton, and threw him into a cellar or well.

In a postscript the same paper states that Beneton has been found severely, but not dangerously wounded. Herren, since his committal, has become a raving maniac.  
Post Office Robberies have been detected at Baltimore and New York. At the former place, W. H. Martin, principal distributing clerk in the city post office for twenty years past, has been detected in robbing a letter, by means of one of the usual decoy letters. The letter and money were found in his house, which was extravagantly furnished. At New York, James Fitzgibbon, a night clerk, has been arrested on a charge of procuring various money packages passing through the post office.

## SUMMARY OF NEWS.

**THURSDAY NOV. 23.**  
The steamship Canadian arrived at Portland, Maine, yesterday. The report from the seat of war is that the fire from the allied batteries had raged Ports Quarantine and Constantine, while several other forts were stated to be demolished and the town of Sebastopol on fire in several places. A shocking railroad catastrophe occurred yesterday on the Harlem railroad at 58th street, New York. A passenger train from White Plains came in collision with a freight train belonging to the New Haven company, and fifteen persons were injured, several of them fatally. The Rev. Horatio Potter was ordained as Provisional Bishop of the Diocese of New York yesterday, with solemn and imposing ceremonies. The U. S. sloop of war Albany is feared is lost, no news having been heard of her since she left Aspinwall for home, two months since. R. W. Johnson has been elected U. S. Senator from Arkansas for six years from the 4th of March next. A snow storm took place yesterday in parts of New York and New England.

**FRIDAY, NOV. 24.**  
Yesterday was Thanksgiving day in Pennsylvania, New Jersey, Delaware, Maryland and several of the southern States, and was very generally observed with great propriety. A despatch yesterday from New York says that a Mr. Candee, the paying teller of the American Exchange Bank in that city, has been detected in embezzling \$138,000 of its funds, or in other words certifying checks to that amount for irresponsible parties. Candee is said to be a well known "fast man," and was a large speculator in real estate.—The Bank it is said have bonds, mortgages, and other property placed in their hands by Mr. Candee, which are worth \$161,000, so that their loss may not be very heavy. Yesterday morning also a Post Office clerk in the same city was caught in the act of robbing the letters passing through his hands. One of the deputies had previously suspected him and laid his plans to catch him accordingly. His name is Fitzgibbon, and he was placed in the custody of the U. S. Marshal.

**SATURDAY, NOV. 25.**  
The steamship Canada arrived at Boston yesterday. The news from the seat of war is that Sebastopol holds out stoutly, that the allies had met with an important check, and that they had not made much progress in the bombardment. Yesterday the steamship Canada in going to Boston while "below" came in collision with the steamer Ocean, striking her midships. The latter took fire and her boiler exploded, doing great damage to the ship and causing the loss of a number of lives. Another attempted abduction has occurred at Boston. The victim, a young Irish girl, who had renounced the Romish faith and resided with a Protestant family, was inveigled away by the aid of her sister and detained in Charlestown, but was subsequently discovered and rescued. In the case of Dr. Beale in Philadelphia, a new trial was yesterday refused in the Court. He will be sentenced in a few days. The steamship George Law, arrived at New York from California yesterday, with \$1,568,000 in gold. The news is unimportant. The gold miners were getting along prosperously.

**MONDAY, NOV. 27.**  
The steamship Baltic arrived at New York on Saturday night, with four days later intelligence of the most interesting character from Europe, the details of which will be found in another column. David S. Reid, Democrat, has been elected U. S. Senator from North Carolina, to succeed Mr. Badger, whose term expires with the present Congress. A man named Gray has been arrested in New York charged with throwing vitriol on lady's dresses in the streets. He confesses the crime and says he did it to punish evil-doers. He is thought to be insane. The Pottsville Water Works are completed, and the water was introduced into the borough on Saturday. A despatch from Cincinnati reports the money market as quiet.

**TUESDAY, NOV. 28.**  
Mr. Piatt, Secretary of Legation at Paris, arrived in Washington yesterday, with despatches. Intelligence by him states at the date of the sailing of the Baltic, the British government had later advices from the seat of war, and of a much more disastrous tenor than what has been made public. Another defalcation by one of the tellers of the National Bank of New York, was reported yesterday, to the amount of \$70,000. The bills of the Merchants Bank of Bridgeport, New Jersey, were refused by the New York brokers yesterday. The Commercial Branch Bank of Ohio, at Toledo, closed its doors yesterday.

## LATER FROM EUROPE!

**The Bombardment of Sebastopol!**  
**Terrible and most sanguinary Engagements!**

**THE ALLIES ALMOST OVERMATCHED.**  
**DEMAND FOR REINFORCEMENTS.**  
**DECLINE IN BREADSTUFFS.**

**NEW YORK, Nov. 26.**—The American steamer Baltic arrived at Sandy Hook last night at twelve o'clock, having made another splendid voyage. She reached the city this morning at nine o'clock, bringing Liverpool dates to the 15th instant, being four days later than the advices received per steamer Canada.  
The news by this arrival is extremely interesting.  
FROM THE SEAT OF WAR.  
The report of the massacre of the English Light Cavalry under Lord Cardigan is mainly confirmed. They charged a Russian Battery of 30 guns and lost 400 killed; only 200 returned!

Since this affair there has been incessant and most sanguinary fighting. The allied armies are almost overmatched and most urgent requests have been sent home for instant relief and fresh reinforcements. Fifty thousand Frenchmen are to be instantly sent, and every available steamer is taken up at England, including the Europa, Alps, Indiana, New York and others, to hurry forward the much needed relief to the Crimea.  
On the 4th of November there was a most sanguinary engagement, and on the 5th a terrible combat, including a sortie and general assault upon the allied army by the Russians, under Prince Menschikoff. The battle lasted from daybreak till 4 o'clock, P. M. Both sides claimed the victory. The Russians stormed several batteries and silenced the guns.  
The loss of the allies is set down at 5,000 men, and the loss of the Russians at 8,000. The czar's two sons were in the battle.  
On the following day the battle was resumed by the Russians, the result of which was not known.

The allies were preparing to storm the forts before the Russians should have time to recover their losses. A practicable breach has been effected in their line.  
Russia with a view of complicating the negotiations, notifies that she will treat directly with Austria and Prussia on the four points.  
SECOND DISPATCH.  
The war news is exciting the most profound attention and anxiety in England and France.  
Lord Raglan and Marshal Canrobert had sent the most urgent demands for reinforcements, and great haste was manifested to meet them.  
Seven first class steamers had been taken up for instant service and others were wanted. The steamer Alps sailed on the 11th for Toulon to embark French troops, and the steamer Europa would go to Kingston on the 18th. Various other steamers were also under orders.  
The disastrous result of the battle of the 26th at Balaklava to the English, is confirmed, though it is not quite so bad as at first represented. It was all owing to the misconstruction of an order from the commander-in-chief. Lords Luban and Cardigan rode the light horse over a plain a mile and a half in length, and exposed to the cross fire, full at a Russian battery of 30 guns.—The attempt was madness and the result destructive. Of 607 men only 198 returned, and these must also have been destroyed but for the magnificent charge to their rescue by the heavy dragoons, and the brave stand of the Highlanders, which redeemed the day.

**THE VERY LATEST.**  
At Vienna the prevalent opinion was that a few more such victories as these claimed by the allies on the 4th and 5th will compel them to raise the siege. Menschikoff appears to be of the same opinion, for in his despatch to Prince Paskiewich he says: "It will be impossible for the allies to continue the siege—and I will continue to harass them without intermission."  
Canrobert had assured the French government that the Russians were so weakened in the affair of the 5th, that for days to come they would not be in a condition to resist an assault upon the town, and that he means to make the attempt.

**THIRD DISPATCH.—FROM ANOTHER SOURCE.**  
It appears, according to the English accounts, that the Russians went forth and attacked the English position before Sebastopol on the 5th of Nov. A terrible battle ensued, which lasted a whole day. The fighting was intense. A constant roar of cannon was kept up from early morning until night. The Russians are reported to have lost eight thousand in killed and wounded, and the allies, by their own statements, five thousand. The field was literally covered with heaps of dead and dying, presenting a terrible sight. Several prominent officers on both sides were slain. The left wing of the allies was attacked immediately after. The

French, however, repulsed the enemy with a loss of 1,000 killed and wounded.  
The Russian accounts say that they captured one of the enemies' batteries and spiked their guns, and that in the last engagement the French were repulsed with tremendous slaughter.  
Sebastopol still held out manfully, and was gradually being re-enforced.  
The accounts altogether show that the Russians, in the engagements above mentioned, had decidedly the advantage and came off best, and that the allies are much weakened, and in an extremely perilous condition.

The allies are undoubtedly in an unenviable and dangerous position. So much so that they see the necessity of immediate reinforcements. Despatches have been sent to England and France for supplies of troops, for which purpose all available means of transport have been called into requisition. Every ship that could be had, including the Cunard steamer Europa, has been chartered to convey troops to the Crimea.  
Intense anxiety prevails throughout England and France in reference to the uncertain and critical condition of their armies at Sebastopol. It is evident that there are fearful apprehensions as to their ultimate fate. There are many who think the allies are in a very critical position, and that a serious repulse or total defeat may befall them.

**RUSSIA AND AUSTRIA.**  
It is now stated that Russia has signified her willingness to treat with Austria on the basis of the four conditions. This, however, it is believed, is only intended to sever Austria from the Western Powers.  
Affairs between Austria and Russia remain about as at previous accounts. The czar has made no concessions and will not move from his former position. No movement of active hostilities, however, has taken place.

**THE DANUBE—ASIA.**  
Affairs on the Danube and in Asia, were without much interest. Omar Pasha was preparing to give the enemy battle at the first opportunity.

**HUNGARY AND POLAND.**  
The accounts from Hungary represent it as people there as ripe and anxious for rebellion. They are impatient to join the allies against Russia.  
Poland was also much agitated and anxious to unite with the allies.

**AUSTRIA.**  
It is believed that Austria will eventually join with Russia. Her movements are viewed with wakeful suspicion by England and France.

**SPAIN.**  
Affairs in Spain were much agitated—and a rupture of the Spanish Cabinet was likely to take place. Indeed some reported that it had already occurred.

**MARKETS.**  
Breadstuffs were duller. Flour declined 6d per barrel. Corn declined 6d per quarter, and Wheat declined 2d per bushel.

**UNCURRENT MONEY.**—For the information of our readers we present below a list of banks recently broken, discredited or suspended. In addition we may add the State Stock Banks of Indiana, Illinois, Michigan and Wisconsin money generally do not pass as currency:

- Lewis County Bank of New York.
- Carthage do do
- Milrose do do
- Drovers do do
- Bank of Rome do do
- Bk of Carmel do do
- Ogdensburg do do
- Exchange Bank, Buffalo, N. Y.
- Farmers' Joint stock Bank, Buffalo, N. Y.
- Patchin Bank, Buffalo
- Eighth Avenue Bank, N. Y.
- Knickerbocker Bank, N. Y.
- Farmers' & Mechanics' Bank, Oswego.
- " Bank of Canandaigua.
- " and Merchants' Bk, Memphis.
- Merchants' Bank of Macon, Georgia.
- Milford Bank, Delaware.
- Merchants' Bank, Burlington Vermont.
- River Bank, Connecticut.
- Cumberland Bank, Maine.
- Kentucky Trust Co. Bank, Covington, Ky.
- Newport Safety Fund.
- Commercial Bank, Paducah, Ky.
- Trans-Allegheny Bank, Virginia.
- Kanawha Bank.
- Massillon Bank, Ohio.
- Ohio Savings Institute, Tiffin.
- Cochituate Bank, Boston.
- Bank of West Killingly, Connecticut.
- Bank of Ellsworth, Maine.
- Bank of Circleville, Ohio.
- Clinton Bank of Columbus, Ohio.
- City Bank " "
- Canal Bank of Cleveland, Ohio.
- Miami Bank, Dayton, Ohio.
- Woodbury Bank, Conn.
- Shipbuilders' Bank, Maine.

**KNOW NOTHING CONVENTION IN CINCINNATI.**—Cincinnati, Novemb. 24.—The National Know Nothing Convention which has been a session in this city for the last two weeks, will adjourn to-morrow. Every State in the Union was fully represented. Among the more prominent delegates who have been in attendance are Messrs. Clayton, of Delaware; Hman, of New York; Broom and Conrad, of Philadelphia, and Lumsden, of New Orleans. The utmost harmony has prevailed in the convention. It is understood that important changes have been made in the constitution, new ritual adopted, and a thorough change made in the passwords. The Presidential question has not been before the Convention yet.

**MARRIED.**—Miss Narcissa E. Mudge, the daug lady of whose ravishment while under the influence of ether, Stephen T. Beale, a dentist, stands convicted, was married on Wednesday last, in Grace Church, Philadelphia, to Mr. Charles Threlkorton.