

E. BEATTY,
PROPRIETOR AND PUBLISHER.

TERMS OF PUBLICATION.

The CARLISLE HERALD is published weekly on a large sheet, containing forty columns, and furnished to subscribers at the rate of \$1.50 if paid strictly in advance; \$1.75 if paid within the year; or \$2 in all cases when payment is delayed until after the expiration of the year. No subscriptions received for a less period than six months, and none discontinued until all arrearages are paid, unless at the option of the publisher. Papers sent to subscribers living out of Cumberland county must be paid for in advance, or the payment assumed by some responsible person living in Cumberland county. These terms will be rigidly adhered to in all cases.

ADVERTISEMENTS.

Advertisements will be charged \$1.00 per square of twelve lines for three insertions, and 25 cents for each subsequent insertion. All advertisements of less than twelve lines considered as a square. The following rates will be charged for Quarterly, Half Yearly and Yearly Advertising:

	3 Months	6 Months	12 Months
1 Square, (12 lines)	\$3.00	\$5.00	\$8.00
1/2 Square, (6 lines)	1.50	2.50	4.00
1/3 Square, (4 lines)	1.00	1.75	2.75
1/4 Square, (3 lines)	.75	1.25	2.00
1/6 Square, (2 lines)	.50	.80	1.25

Advertisements inserted before Marriages and Deaths, 8 cents per line for first insertion, and 4 cents per line for subsequent insertions. Communications on subjects of public or individual interest will be charged 5 cents per line. The Proprietor will not be responsible for damages for errors in advertisements. Ordinary notices not exceeding five lines, will be inserted without charge.

JOB PRINTING.

The CARLISLE HERALD JOB PRINTING OFFICE is the largest and most complete establishment in the county. Three good Presses, and a general variety of material suited for Plain and Fancy work of every kind, enables us to do Job Printing at the shortest notice and on the most reasonable terms. Persons in want of Bills, Blanks or any thing in the Jobbing line, will find it their interest to give us a call. Every variety of BLANKS constantly on hand. All orders on business must be post-paid to secure attention.

General & Local Information.

U. S. GOVERNMENT.

President—FRANKLIN PIERCE.
Vice President—JOHN B. ARCHERSON.
Secretary of State—W. M. L. MANN.
Secretary of Interior—ROBERT M'CLELLAND.
Secretary of Treasury—JAMES GUTHRIE.
Secretary of War—JEFFERSON DAVIS.
Secretary of Navy—GEO. B. BONDY.
POST OFFICE DEPARTMENT—JAMES CAMPBELL.
Attorney General—CALEB CUSHING.
Chief Justice of United States—R. B. TANNEY.

STATE GOVERNMENT.

Governor—WM. BIGLER.
Secretary of State—CHARLES W. BLAKE.
Surveyor General—J. P. BRADLEY.
Auditor General—E. RAYNS.
Treasurer—JESSE BAILEY.
Judges of the Supreme Court—J. S. BRUCE, E. LEWIS, W. B. LOWRIE, G. W. WOODWARD, J. C. KNOX.

COUNTY OFFICERS.

President Judge—Hon. JAMES H. GRIMM.
Associate Judges—Hon. John Rupp, Samuel Woodburn.
District Attorney—John M. Shearer.
Prothonotary—George Zimm.
Recorder—Samuel Martin.
Register—Alfred L. Spenser.
High Sheriff—Joseph McDermond; Deputy, James Wilson.
County Treasurer—N. W. Woods.
County Commissioners—John Bepko, James Armstrong, George McDevanna. Clerk to Commissioners, William Hillyer.
Directors of the Poor—George Sheaffer, George Brindle, John C. Brown. Superintendent of Poor House—Joseph Lohsch.

THROUGH OFFICERS.

Chief Burgess—Col. ARNOLD NOBLE.
Assistant Burgess—Charles Ogilvie.
Town Council—John B. Parker, (President) E. Beatty, Henry Myers, Robert Egbert, Basil Roberts, Christian Hoff, John Gutschall, Peter Moyer, Geo. Z. Bretz.
Clerk to Council—James Mallin.
Constables—Joseph Stewart, H. H. Constable, Robert McCartney, Ward Constable.

CHURCHES.

First Presbyterian Church, northwest angle of Centre Square. Rev. Cassin P. West, Pastor.—Services every Sunday morning at 11 o'clock, A. M., and 7 o'clock, P. M.
Second Presbyterian Church, corner of South Hanover and Pomfret streets. No pastor at present, but profit filled by presbytery appointments. Services commenced at 11 o'clock, A. M., and 7 o'clock, P. M.
St. John's Church, (Prot. Episcopal) northeast angle of Centre Square. Rev. J. W. Moss, Rector. Services at 11 o'clock, A. M., and 3 o'clock, P. M.
English Lutheran Church, Bedford between Main and Louthier streets. Rev. J. W. P. Pastor. Services at 11 o'clock, A. M., and 6 1/2 o'clock, P. M.
German Reformed Church, Leitch, between Hanover and Pitt streets. Rev. A. H. KAEZEL, Pastor. Services at 10 1/2 o'clock, A. M.
Methodist E. Church, (first Charge) corner of Main and Pitt streets. Rev. S. L. M. Cassin, Pastor. Services at 11 o'clock, A. M., and 7 o'clock, P. M.
Methodist N. Church, (second Charge) Rev. J. M. Jones, Pastor. Services in College Chapel, at 11 o'clock, A. M., and 5 o'clock, P. M.
Roman Catholic Church, Pomfret, near East street.—Services by Rev. Fr. DeWalt, every second Sunday.
A German Lutheran Church is in course of erection on the corner of Pomfret and Bedford streets. The congregation, which has yet no stated pastor, hold their services in Education Hall.
When changes in the above are necessary the proper persons are requested to notify us.

DICKINSON COLLEGE.

Rev. Charles Collins, President and Professor of Moral Science.
Rev. Herman M. Johnson, Professor of Philosophy and English Literature.
James W. Marshall, Professor of Ancient Languages.
Rev. O. H. Tiffany, Professor of Mathematics.
William M. Wilson, Lecturer on Natural Science and Curator of the Museum.
Alexander Schom, Professor of Hebrew and Modern Languages.
Benjamin Arhazast, Tutor in Languages.
Samuel D. Hillman, Principal of the Grammar School.
William A. Silvelly, Assistant in the Grammar School.

CORPORATIONS.

CARLISLE DEPOSIT BANK.—President, Richard Parker; Cashier, Wm. M. Beeton; Clerks, Henry Sturgeon; Jos. Hooper. Directors, Richard Parker, William Kerr, John Ziegler, Henry Saxton, Samuel Wherry, Jacob Lohby, John S. Stearns, Henry Logan, Robert Moore.
CUMBERLAND VALLEY RAIL ROAD COMPANY.—President, Frederick Watts; Secretary and Treasurer, Edward M. Biddle; Superintendent, A. F. Smith. Passenger train twice a day Eastward, leaving Carlisle at 10.15 o'clock, A. M., and 3.40 o'clock, P. M. Two trains every day Westward, leaving Carlisle at 9 o'clock, A. M., and 2.20, P. M.
CARLISLE GAS AND WATER COMPANY.—President, Frederick Watts; Secretary, Lemuel Todd; Treasurer, Wm. M. Beeton; Directors, F. Watts, Richard Parker, Lemuel Todd, Wm. M. Beeton, Dr. W. W. Dale, Franklin Gardner, Henry Glass.

RATES OF POSTAGE.

LETTER POSTAGE.—Postage on all letters of one-half ounce weight or under, 3 cents pre-paid, or 5 cents un-paid, (except to California and Oregon, which are 6 cents pre-paid, or 10 cents un-paid).
NEWSPAPERS.—Postage on the HERALD—within the county, FREE. Within the State 33 cents per year. To any part of the United States, 26 cents.
Postage on all transient papers under 3 ounces in weight, 1 cent pre-paid or 2 cents un-paid.

CARLISLE HERALD
BOOK & JOB PRINTING OFFICE,
IN THE REAR OF THE COURT HOUSE.

Carlisle Herald.

A Paper for the Family Circle.

VOL. LV.

WEDNESDAY, NOVEMBER 15, 1851.

NO. 11

HERALD AND EXCEPTOR

ADVERTISE LIBERALLY.—One of our exchanges pertinently remarks that a man may sit in an obscure alley offering pearls at two cents a piece, and yet find no purchaser; but if the same man was known to have pearls for sale at reasonable prices, under the shade of a rock in the desert, caravans would be formed, and companies would go to buy his wares. So it is with a manufacturer or retail dealer. His wares may be ever so good, his prices ever so reasonable, but unless he employ proper means of making them known to the public, he cannot expect appreciation. And in what way can a man let his business be known near so well as by advertising in a newspaper, which is weekly pored over by hundreds and thousands who never see the sign a man puts above his store door. In fact, an advertisement in a newspaper is really a sign which, instead of being permanently placed above the door, the printer causes to be carried around the country every week, and brought fair and square every few days before the eyes of those whose patronage the advertiser wants. And how many of our mechanics and business men neglect to avail themselves of this travelling sign, lest it should cost them a few dollars.

The Pennsylvania Farm Journal, for November came promptly to hand on the first of the month. In addition to the usual variety of agricultural matter it contains a full report of the list of premiums awarded at the State Fair, besides notices of the Berks, Bucks, Delaware, Fayette, Montgomery, Mercer, Allegheny, Schuylkill, Union, Washington and Westmoreland County Fairs. The Journal is published by J. M. Meredith & Co., West Chester, Pa., at \$1 per annum in advance.

THE PENNSYLVANIA SCHOOL JOURNAL, for November, contains a great amount of information of a highly useful character to Teachers and the friends of Education generally.

Terms—\$1 per annum, in advance. Address T. H. Burrows, Editor, Lancaster, Pa.

For the Herald.

Mr. Editor—I was "not a little amused a few days ago" to notice an article in the Carlisle "Herald" bearing the signature of "A Sergeant." I think he would better be a little more quiet about the visit to Mechanicsburg, and let as few persons know it as possible. I must coincide with the Editor of the "Gleaner." I think a little more drill before coming again would be essentially necessary for their future advancement. And then talking about the style in which the "Gleaner" was printed. If he would consider his own case first and reflect upon the style in which they left town, I know he would be quiet about it. Whatever may be the personal feelings of the Sergeant, he should endeavor to be a little more courteous.

JUSTICE.

Mechanicsburg, Nov. 15, 1854.

A FORTUNATE DETENTION, AFTER ALL.—Dr. John B. Phillips, of Kennett township, Chester Co., who, on the eve of leaving Switzerland, about two months since, was rudely arrested and thrown into prison, on suspicion of being Mazzini travelling in disguise, and detained, in consequence, some seven or eight days, was en route for home, and but for his detention, would have arrived in Liverpool just in time to have taken passage for New York in the ill fated Arctic. His unexpected imprisonment in Switzerland fortunately prevented him from sharing the fate of the passengers of that noble steamer.

IRISH RIOT.—There was a fearful riot at Williamsburg, New York, last Tuesday afternoon, the day of the election. The Irish wouldn't let the Americans vote; the Sheriff's Deputies interfered, and the Paddies armed themselves with shillelahs, or whatever they could find, and broke all the heads that came in their way. Several shots were fired in the melee, two or three persons killed, and a number of others seriously wounded.

GEN HOUSTON.—This gentleman made a political speech at Breunham, Texas, lately in defence of his speech against the Nebraska bill, but according to the Galveston News he failed to convince any considerable portion of his political friends of the soundness of his views. The speech cost him the support

SUMMARY OF NEWS.

Foreign News.—The November Elections.—Shipwrecks.—Irish Riots.—Bank Failures.

THURSDAY, NOV. 9.
But few complete returns of the New York election have been received. The vote for Governor shows that the contest is mainly between Ullman and Seymour, and the returns favor the former. Returns from Illinois, Michigan, Wisconsin and New Jersey, indicate a complete triumph for the anti-Nebraska Fusionists. The Bank of Circleville and the Clinton Bank, at Columbus, Ohio, have both failed causing great excitement. There is a great money panic in Cincinnati, and many failures. Frederick Geddes, the acting President of the Covington and Lexington railroad committed suicide yesterday by throwing himself across the track of that road at the time of the passing of a train. His head was severed from his body. Many embarrassments are supposed to have been the cause of the terrible deed.

FRIDAY, NOV. 10.

The steamship America arrived at Halifax yesterday, bringing one week's later advices from Europe. There was also an arrival from California, with interesting intelligence, which will be found in another column. The returns of the New York election now indicate the election of Seymour. The Whigs and Americans triumph in everything else however. In New Jersey the Whig and American triumph is complete. Arrison, the young man who is accused of scolding the infernal machine to Allison, the keeper of the Hospital in Cincinnati, last summer and by which both Allison and his wife were killed, has been arrested in Muscatine, Iowa. The Canal bank of Cleveland, Ohio, has failed and made an assignment. There is a money crisis in Buffalo, and the Exchange Bank of Robert Codd, has stopped. McMillin & Co. Ellis Sturges and T. S. Godman & Co., of Cincinnati, all private bankers, have failed and there is intense excitement there in consequence. Hugh D. King, a banker in Pittsburg, failed yesterday, and there was quite a panic in the money market.

SATURDAY, NOV. 11.

Later returns of the New York election show an unexpected turn. Counties not heard from before have come in with heavy majorities for Clark, and the probability now is that he is elected. Another serious riot at Williamsburg, N. Y. took place on Thursday evening in consequence of the outrage which took place at the polls there on election day. A procession of five hundred men gathered for the purpose of vengeance, and in the course of its march met with several armed Irishmen. Earnest efforts to dissuade the mob from its purpose were made by the city authorities, but nevertheless an attack was commenced on a Catholic church, and some small damage done. At length the mayor and others succeeded in persuading the rioters to go home. At a later hour another mob gathered to burn the church, the military turned out and stopped it. Captain James Smith, of the brig Julia Moulton, has been convicted in the U. S. Circuit Court, at New York of piracy in fitting out, & commanding that vessel in a voyage from New York to the slave coast, where she took on board six hundred slaves and sailed with them to Cuba, where they were safely landed. The offence is clearly proven. The punishment by law is death. A motion for a new trial has been made. Dr. Graham, convicted of manslaughter at New York, in killing Col. Loring, has been sentenced to seven years imprisonment at Sing Sing, in the State prison, being the utmost limit of the law for the grade of the offence.

MONDAY, NOV. 13.

The New York election is still in doubt as to the result for Governor. The latest despatch puts Clark 1482 ahead of Seymour. On Saturday 1500 emigrants arrived at New York. The ship Canton arrived at New York on Saturday from Antwerp, lost 20 passengers by cholera, and the ship Coosawattee, from Bremen, lost 23. Ship Carolina Tucker, from Havre, had three deaths on the passage. The steamship Jewess, from Havana for New York, stranded on Brigantine Beach, near Atlantic City, on Saturday morning, and went to pieces half an hour afterwards. She is a total loss, with her valuable cargo, consisting of sugar, oranges, cigars, &c. Her cargo was valued at one hundred thousand dollars, and the vessel at eighty thousand dollars. Two very destructive fires occurred at Kingston, C. W., on the morning of the 11th inst., destroying St. Paul's church, and many valuable buildings. On the Middlesex Central Railroad, near

on Saturday came in collision with the passenger train from Toledo, smashing the locomotive, baggage and passenger cars, and severely injuring several of the passengers. A fire broke out about eight o'clock on Friday evening in Norristown, destroying the stables three horses and harness of Dr. Wm. Corson on Lafayette street. Despatches from the West state that it was raining steadily on Saturday and Sunday, and there were hopes of a rise in the Ohio. A renewal of disturbances was threatened on Friday by the Irish population of Williamsburg, N. Y., on account of their exasperation at the attack upon the Catholic church. In revenge for this offence it was generally reported that they intended to tear down the Methodist church in Fifth street, and protect their own churches by placing a strong guard of volunteers in them. In anticipation of this the authorities had out ten military companies, and thus succeeded in preventing a disturbance. The city has been ever since girded in this manner.

LATER FROM CALIFORNIA.

Disastrous Shipwreck—Battle on the Pacific—Gigantic Frauds, &c.

The steamship North Star has arrived at New York from Aspinwall with \$1,700,000 and the San Francisco mails to the 19th ult. two weeks later.
The steamer Yankee Blade, bound for Panama was wrecked when one day out from San Francisco. She had on board 800 passengers, her crew and firemen. Fifteen lives were lost, besides all the specie, amounting to \$153,000, and in a day or so after the wreck, she was washed to pieces. A fog and mistaken reckoning caused the disaster. The passengers were rescued by the steamer Goliath. A terrible scene took place previous thereto. When the passengers got back to San Francisco, they held a meeting and threatened to lynch the agent if assistance was not afforded them in getting to New York.
A British and French fleet of six vessels attacked the Russian port of Petropawlowsk on the Pacific coast, on the 12th of August, but the place was so well fortified and defended that the fleet, after a severe battle, retired. The statements of the killed and wounded on each side vary. Two Russian naval vessels were in part at the time. The allied fleet captured several Russian vessels. The bombardment lasted four days, and the allied fleet was much cut up. The place was defended by eight forts, one hundred two guns, twelve hundred men, and two Russian frigates. The ships left on account of running short of provisions.
A stupendous series of frauds and forgeries have taken place in San Francisco, and the perpetrators have got off safely with the plunder in an armed vessel fitted up by themselves. The principal swindler is Hei Meiggs, one of the leading Aldermen of the city, and the other is his brother, John Hei Meiggs, City Comptroller. Henry Meiggs failed in business for \$800,000, and after the two had absconded, it was found that \$1,400,000 of Comptroller's warrants had been forged and put in circulation, besides \$250,000 of the stock of the California Lumber Company, and \$50,000 of forged notes on business houses, making an aggregate fraud of over two millions of dollars. As soon as these facts became known, search was made for the brothers, when it was ascertained that they had fitted out, provisioned, armed, and sailed secretly in the bark American for "ports in the Pacific," with the avails of their plunder. The steamer Active had been fitted out and sailed in pursuit.

A LOCOFERO SECRET SOCIETY.—The Tribune has received a letter from Minnesota stating that a secret organization in all the upper counties of that State, the object of which is to carry slavery into Kansas at all hazards. Men are pledged to repair to the Territory on the night preceding the election, present themselves at the polls the next day and cast their suffrages for slavery and its candidates. The Society is said to number several thousand members already. Senator Atchison has the credit of originating it, and the Rev. Thomas Johnson, late delegate from Congress from Nebraska, is employing it to foist himself into the same position from Kansas.

DEATHS FROM FIRE-ARMS.—Mr. Cyrus Hays of the firm of Hare & Geho, at Reading, Pa. was killed last week by the accidental discharge of his gun. The Bedford (Pa) Chronicle also records the death of Mr. Peter Fisher, a respectable citizen of that place from a similar accident. By the same discharge Mr. Wm. Kelley had a fore-finger shot off.

THE OFFICIAL CATHOLIC ORGAN.—The Catholic Vicar-General of New York, having announced that henceforth the Freeman's Journal is to be recognized as the "official paper" of Archbishop Hughes, the editor, in referring to the announcement, intimates that it imposes certain restraints upon him to which he has at length acceded. The Irish American, another Catholic paper, is not at all pleased with this official declaration.

LATER FROM EUROPE!

Bombardment of Sebastopol Continued!

BREACH BY THE ALLIES.

Successful Sortie by the Russians.

DECLINE IN BREADSTUFFS.

The steamship America arrived at Halifax on Thursday bringing news from Europe one week later than previous advices. At the latest dates Sebastopol was being bombarded, but had not yet been taken. Austria and Russia seemed on the point of actual war. Mr. Soule the American minister to Spain, had been prohibited from entering France! As regards the siege of Sebastopol, twenty days elapsed between the departure of the allied armies from Balklava and the opening of their fire upon Sebastopol. The latter event commenced on the 17th, on which day 300 Russians were killed and wounded, Admiral Korkikoff being among the dead. The fortifications suffered but little.
In Austria a grand council of war has been held at Vienna, at which the Emperor presided and it was determined that Russia should be summoned to withdraw from the frontier of Galicia. The whole Austrian army has been placed on a war footing. Austria has made 200,000,000 francs by transferring her railroads to a company of capitalists. Mr. Soule's return to Madrid has caused excitement and clamor.

FOUR DAYS LATER!
ARRIVAL OF THE ATLANTIC.
New York, Nov. 12.—The steamship Atlantic, Capt. West, slipped into port about 1 o'clock this afternoon, entirely unharmed, having passed Sandy Hook without being observed, owing to the fog. She left Liverpool early on Wednesday morning, the 1st inst., and brings over a hundred passengers.
The London Times justifies the refusal of the French government to allow Mr. Soule to pass through France. That paper also says that Messrs. Buchanan and Mason regard the insult to Mr. Soule as a national matter. It is rumored that Mr. Mason has demanded an apology, which the London Times says will not be conceded. The affair has given rise to much newspaper discussion, and the belief is generally entertained that it will create a serious difficulty between the French and American governments.
The siege of Sebastopol progressed slowly. A small breach has been made by the allies, and two of the outworks silenced. On the other hand, the Russians during a sortie succeeded in spiking sixteen guns in a French battery.
The French steamer which left the Crimea on the 21st, reports that the allied land forces had effected a breach, but not yet practically to storm.
The Russian official report, under date of the 23d, says that the garrison had made a successful sortie and destroyed a French battery, spiked sixteen French guns, and took prisoner Lord Bulakelin, an English nobleman.
The progress of affairs is thus summarized by the London Times.—The latest telegraphic intelligence (which has been received by the French and English governments) dated from the Crimea, on the 29th of October. At that time the siege was going off favorably; the bombardment from the trenches of the besieging armies had been resumed on the 19th, with effect; but the enemy is not reported to have sustained the loss of any essential part of the fortress.—From the moment that it was clearly ascertained that Sebastopol could not be reduced, even from the South side, and by land, without the operations of a regular siege, there ceased to be reason to be surprised at the length of the proceedings.
The details of the recent attempt upon the life of the Emperor Napoleon, despite the efforts to keep them concealed, have obtained publicity. He had contemplated a short visit to Paris, and on his way from Bologna arranged to stop at a village and receive the addresses of his functionaries in the evening. Provisionally for him, however, if not for France, the visit was abandoned, and the visit was abandoned, and the next morning the officers of the railroad found the earth around the sleepers disturbed; it was dug up, and a quantity of powder attached to a wire was discovered where the royal carriage would have stopped. It is not doubted that the train was to be fired by electricity, and the whole cortege destroyed.
Since the departure of the America, the produce markets were much depressed and prices lower. Flour had declined nearly two shillings, and Wheat and Corn were also lower.

LATEST FROM KANSAS.

Dates from Kansas are to October 25th. The Missourians have made repeated attempts to fight away the New Englanders, but having failed have taken to burning their cabins and tents during their absence. They endeavored to get troops from Fort Leavenworth to aid in driving them away from the disputed claim but without effect.

A terrible affair occurred near Osborn, Ohio. A Mr. Wm. Ricketts had left his family to seek his fortune in California about 7 months since Mrs. Ricketts was informed of the death of her husband, and she was induced to marry her informant, Wm. T. Gaylord. Being apprized of these events Ricketts suddenly returned, and surprising Gaylord and his wife, stabbed them both with a knife. He made good his escape.

T. M. Chester, a colored man from Liberia delivered a lecture at Har-