Carlisle Perald



CARLISLE, PA.

WEDNESDAY, OCTOBER 11, 1854. THE LARGEST AND CHEAPEST NEWSPAPER IN CUMBERLAND COUNTY Terms - Two Dollars a year, or One Dollar and Fifty Cents, if paid purctually in Advance. \$1 75 of paid within the year.

THE OCTOBER ELECTIONS.

Inportant elections took place on the 10th of October, the issue of which will be likely to leave a lasting impress uponthe politics of the country. The important States of Ohio, Pennsylvania and Indiana, elect their State officers and fiftyseven members of the House of Representatives. In the present Congress these States are represented by seventeen whigs, two Free Soilers and thirty-eight Loco Focos. Several of the latter have, however, separated from their old party associations and are now the candidates of the opposition of the present administration. Twenty-one of the thirty-eight voted for the infamous Nebraska bill, of whom but a small portion are candidates for re-election, with the exception of those from Indiana, all of whom have presented themselves to receive the verdict of popular condomnation which surely awaits them. Besides this the legislatures of Indianaeand Pennsylvania will have each a United States Senator to elect, one in the place of Petit, Nebraska Loco Foco, the other in place of Cooper, Whig. It is some fime since any elections have taken place in either of these States that have excited so general an interest. The repeal of the Missouri Compact has excited the deepest feeling of indignation among the people against its aiders and abettors, and the contest, for the most part, turns upon this issue alone."

In the present Congress from Ohio, there are two Free Soilers, seven Whigs and twelve Loco Focos. Four of the latter voted for the Nebraska bill, of whom only one has been nominated for re-election. In one or two districts Democrats who voted against the bill, and have been discarded by their party, have been nominated by the Anti-Nebraska Union .-Throughout the State the most complete anion has been perfected between the Whigs, Free Soilers and Anti-Nebraska Democrats, and the prospect is that they will sweep nearly every district in the State.

Indiana elects eleven members of Congress, ten of whom in the present are Democrats. One of these, Mr. Mace, voted against the Nebraska bill, and has accepted an anti-Administration nomination. Chamberlain, another, also voted against the bill, but has been re-nominated by his party. In this State, also, there is a complete union of the opponents of the administration, with every prospect - of sweeping the State.

By next week we shall know with some accuracy the results in these three great States.

THE LAST CARD.

One of the last cards of the locos before the election was the issue of a flaming handbill from the Platform office at Harrisburg, purporting to be a report of the proceedings of a Know Nothing council, held in Philadelphia on Thursday evening last. Our locofoco friends caught them up cagerly, and for a brief period felt their hopes revived. All intelligent persons, however, felt, upon reading the statement, that it was a tissue of falsehoods, and that it bore its own complete refutation upon its face. These circulars were scattered broadcast through Cumberaland county, but, as the result proves, could not save the sinking cause of Bigler. The Know Nothings, instead of being demolished, were evidently about yesterday.

Schuylkill and Eric counties are the only places where Bigler holds his own, or make gains. They cant save his bacon.

Donaldson and Criswell, whigs, elected to the Legislature by large majorities.

GREAT AND GLORIOUS VICTORY.

Grand Triumph of Whig, American and Anti-Nebraska Principles!

20,000 Majority for Pollock!

The returns we have received by telegraph of yesterday's contest, show a grand and glorious triumph of Whig and American principles! The People have spoken, and Pierce, Bigler & Co. are utterly overthrown!

In Cumberland county the triumph of Pollock, Todd and the greater part of the Whig County ticket is complete. Pol-1000 and the Whig Legislative candidates by majorities equally gratifying.in the Carlisle distrect which three years ago gave Bigler 121 majoritý, Pollock has Newville, Dickinson and other townships character! Of the candidates for county returns having yet been received. We foreign diplomatic or commercial agencies, fear however that our candidates for county offices are defeated.

The following majorities are reported by

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POL	Loci	$\sum_{i} M_{i} \hat{A}_{i}$	JOR	ITIE	s: `
Philadelphia.					3090
Alleghany,	•	-	-		5500
Franklin,	-	-	•		1000
Lancaster,	-	- "	-	-	6500
Juniata, '		-	-		50
Mifflin, '-			°-		300
Clinton,		٠.			250
Blair,	٠	-		_	800
Union.			_	_	1500
Lyconing,		-	-	_	600
Centre,			-	•	300
- Dauphin,	٠.	-	•	•	1800
	LER	MAJ	ORI	TIES.	1000
Berk,			•		5000
Greene.	•	-	_	_	300
Carbon,		-		Ţ.,	100
Whyne,	. •		_	. .	
Montour,		-	_	•	7500 250
,,		_	-	-	730

The returns indicate Pollock's election by rom TEN to TWENTY-THOUSAND MA-JORITY

GLORIOUS FROM OHIO:

Great Anti-Nebraska Victory!

The first returns by telegraph from Ohio show a mighty revolution. The Anti-Nebraska majority in the State it is supposed will reach FIFTY THOUSAND! To Congress in the first district, Day, Anti-Nebraska, is elected. In the second, Harrson, Whig. In and Anti-Nebraska has 5000 majority. In the 12th district, Galloway, Whig, elected A THOUSAND CHEERS FOR THE BUCK. EYE STATE!

Indiana Opening Right! A despatch from Madison, Indiana, reports the success of the People's Anti-Nebraska ticket, by a majority of not less than 700.

THE CONGRESSIONAL DISTRICT.

Large Majorities for TODD in Cumber-land and Perry.

So far as heard from, Todd has majorities in Cumberland county as follows: In the Carlisle district, 260; in Shippensburg 112; in Newville 60; in Dickinson 221; in Upper Allen 81; in Mechanicsburg 47, and in Monroe 68. Several other strong Whig districts not yet heard from will give him probably at least 300. These majorities will count up nearly 1200. Mr. Bonham has a majority of 160 in Silver Spring, and may have not be less than 1000!

From York we learn that Todd has, so far as heard from, made handsome reductions on Bigler's majority of 1851, which was 1000. Bonham's friends report this morning that his majority in York will be about 700, but this is for the most part an estimated majority.

BE Later returns from York assure as that Todd's chance of carrying York county is better than Bonham's! If the latter has any majority it will be very small.

THUNDER FROM PERRY!"

A despatch this morning from Perry councheers for gallant Perry!

HON. JOHN M. CLAYTON AND AMERI-CANISM.

Some time since a letter was addressed to Senator CLAYTON, of Delaware, on hethe General and State Government filled tutions, which foreign birth, education, and influence is so upt to produce."-These gentlemen feeling a high respect for Mr. CLAYTON's personal character, and admiring the ability displayed by him in conducting the affairs of the nation, whilst filling a station but little inferior in responsibility to that of the President of the United States himself, are encouraged to hope, from, some of his late speeches and votes, in the Senate of the lock will early Cumberland county by a United States, that he coincided with inajority of not less than 500, Todd by them in sentiment, and would endeavor to carry out their views by consenting to out the power, to confer offices upon othbe their candidate for the highest office within their gift, requesting him to state whether, if elected, he would pledge himnow 125! The revolution of opinion in self to exclude from all civil offices per- the country than a foreigner, whether nasons who do not possess the requisite con- turalized or not. is of an equally astonishing and sweeping stitutional qualifications for filling the offices of President and Vice President of offices we cannot speak definitely, but few the United States; except, in the case of or other wise, where the services of persons possessing the above mentioned qualifications, cannot be commanded, without detriment to the public interest." Mr. CLAYTON prefixes his reply by stating that he never will be a candidate for the Presidency, and answers the questions propounded in the following letter:

WASHINGTON, Aug. 8, 1854. D. RODENY KING, Esq.-My Dear Sir-Protracted and severe sickness since the receipt of your letter of the 3d ult., has prevented me from keeping up my correspondence. But for this, your letter would have received an immediate answer. Let me begin then by replying to your principle question. I respond to that by declaring frankly, that I never was, am not now, and never shall be, a candidate for the Presidency. I have seen enough of it to form a decided opinion, that for me, there is no position in this equntry less desirable. I shall be content with the seat in the Sonate of the at the hands of statesmen, divines and United States, which the kind partiality of friends in my native State has assigned to me. Indeed, I would not exchange it for any under the government.

The year 1856 must decide a momen ous issue in this coutry. Are the American people prepared to share with aliens the right of governing this nation, at the ballot-box, as soon as those aliens can make a declaration of intention? They the third, Lewis D. Campbell, Whig, has may, and often do, make such a declaration of intention.

2500 majority. In the 8th, Stanton, Whig tion, within a week, or even a day, after bound him to such fanatical fools, such landing on our soil. Again, are the unmitigated asses, as the Enquirer rep-American people prepared to share, with resents. Indeed, if he ever has been over Dr. Olds, by 1500 majority. In the aliens, every blessing and benefit confer- bound by any cord to them, he must have 21st district, Bingham, independent, elected. red upon them as American citizens, and supposed it long ago severed, for he holds domain? By the Nebraska bill, Congress | more than he holds sentiments in comhas conferred upon them the right of vo- mon with the abolitionists of the North, ting, and by the homestead bill, which is the Garrisons, the Phillipses, &c. He still pending, and to be decided upon next looks upon the whole batch of southern winter, they are to have an equal share and northern cracked heads as better fittof the public domain, on the same terms with native and naturalized citizens.— Again, the American people must decide whether, other circumstances being equal, the native citizen is or is not fairly en-. titled to a preference in the distribution of honors and offices in the country which

gave them birth. The state of my health will not permit me to discuss these questions in a letter. Our naturalization laws are unquestionably defective, or our alms-houses would not now be filled with paupers. Of the 134,000 paupers in the United States, viet, recking from a murder in Europe, or who has had the fortune to escape punishment for any other crime abroad easia part of five years within the limits of "attorneys and counsellors at law," the United States. Our country has become a Botany Bay, into which Europe annually discharges her criminals of every description.

I have no prejudices against the honest foreigners who come here to seek an fend them, as American citizens, in all y their rights, as fully as those born on the ty reports Todd's majority at 820! That's soil. I would inculcate and practice for popular sovereignty" for you. A thousand ligious toleration, in its broadest sense, but I would see to it that no man of any ler beaten.

sect, whose creed teaches them to deny religious toleration to me and my coun trymen, should ever hold office here, or power of any kind to persecute us for our religious opinions. No man who achalf of some gentlemen of Philadelphia, knowledges allegiance to any foreign powho are "deeply impressed with the im- tentate or power, or who holds himself portance of having all the offices under under obligations to obey the edicts of any such potentate or power, shall be by my vote placed in any post or office un with able and intelligent men free from der the American government. I would the prejudice and ignorance of our insti- defend the rights of men of all religions to the full extent to which those rights are guaranteed by the American Constitution. But while I would advise every American citizen to defend the religious rights of all others, even at the hazard of his life, I would at the same time advise him to peril his life not less freely in de-

fence of his own. I do not undertake to enter into the subject how far foreigners, who are not naturalized in this country, should be permited to held office. You will find that this subject, to which there will not necessarily be exceptions. It is sufficient for my purpose, standing, as I do, withers, to say, that in my judgment, a native American citizen, under equal circumstances of qualifications and merit, is

onor to subscribe myself,

Very sincerely and respectfully, . Your friend, JOHN M. CLAYTON. D. Redney King, Esq., Philad'a.

GEN. CASS'S POSITION.

A democratic war of some interest has just sprung up. General Cass, in a recent speech at a political meeting in Misimilar to those long ago made by him, disclaiming all sympathy with slavery, and hoping for its extirpation. 'This excited the ire of the Richmond Enquirer, which in a leading article of considerable length and bitterness denounced the old terms proceeded to read him out of the affections of the South, and class him Free Press, which is understood to be the organ of Cass, replies with far worse bitterness, saying that the Enquirer requires the press an endorsement of the rightcousness and usefulness of slavery, on the best we have seen for a long time. pain of its vehement wrath; that it has sunk to the lowest estate of journalism; and is the mouth-piece of mono-maniacs off the subject of slavery. The following extract is explicit:

"We doubt not that Gen. Cass desires even to give them a share of the public no sentiment in common with them, any ed for lunatic asylums than for any other theatre in life."

THE KANSAS WEEKLY HERALD.—This is the title of a paper just published at the city of Levenworth, Kansas, and is the first news paper established in that territory. The first number was set up in a cool pleasant office, viz: under an elm tree in the city of Leavenworth. In this office, the editor says, he wrote his editorials, made his selections, and read his proofs with a big shingle on his knee for a table. The "Kansas Herald" has, however, since been removed to a more convenient office. The city of Leavenworth, where the Herald is published is about a 68,000 are foreigners and 66,000 natives. mile and a half below fort Leavenworth, is small majorities in Hopewell and Leesburg. Jails of Europe have poured their congrowing with true western rapidity and thrift in the county therefore will tents into the country and the felon contant place of business. It is not far from the city of Kickapoo! The population of the city, is stated by the Herald to be: 99 men 1 woman, and 0 babies-total 100. Of the ly gains naturalization here, by spending 99 male population 10 advertise themselves

> THE ALLEGED: WIFE MURDER AT CHICAGO-The coroner's jruy have found a verdiet a gainst George W. Green, the wealthy eitizen of Chicago, charged with poisoning his wife the jailer, and about half of the time had with strichnine. The Chicago journals thinh been chained to the floor, in total darkness; asylum from the tyranny of rulers abroad. that from the wealth and position of the ac. that they were imprisoned on the charge of All my sympathics are with them, and cused, his trial is likely to make a sensation O. 48M

> > Tyson and Millward are reported electheir letters. ted to Congress from Philadelphia. Chand-

Cown and County Matters.

SYNOD OF PENNSYLVANIA. The an nual meeting of the Synod of Penusylvania. of the Presbyterian Church, (New School) will be held in the First Presbyterian Church, in Carlisle, Tuesday the 17th of October, inst. Synod will hold its first meeting on Tuesday evening, at 7½ o'clock, and continue in session several days.

The meeting of this body we understand will probably bring together from seventy to eighty members, clergymen and laymen. We trust the hospitalities of our town will be warmly extended to them.

MECHANICSBURG 'AFFAIRS.-We are glad to learn from the Gleaner; that in the Court of Appeals at Lewisburg, Va. Mr. John A. Reigle, of Mechanicsburg, has recovered about \$10,000 damages of Fanish & you can lay down no general rule upon | Co. for injuries sustained by the upsetting of one of their stage conches, over a year since near Wheeling.—A very interesting exhibition of the pupils of the Cumberland Valley Institute, a flourishing school under the harge of Rev. Joseph S. Loose, took place on the 22d ult. The entertainment consisted of vocal music, declamation, &c. and afforded high pleasure to a large audience .-The Mechanicsburg merchants are receiv-And now, seeking no office from you or ing large supplies of new Fall goods. As our friends or any body else, I have the the Herald has a large and increasing circulation in that section they would subserve their own interests by advertising in our columns.

FINE APPLES .- Our old friend, Wm. Camron, presented us a few days since with several magnificent Tulpchocken Apples, the argest of which weighed one pound two ounces. Large as they were, however, we see that our neighbor of the Democrat acknowlchigan, took occasion to repeat sentiments edges the receipt of several from Mr. Benjamin Peffer of Dickinson township, the largest of which weighed one pounddive ounces!

EF Graham's Magazine for October, is me of the most interesting numbers we ave perused. A fine steel engraving, "The Maiden," will be acceptable to the lovers of Democratic chieftain, and in good set the beautiful. HEADLEY'S Life of Washington is continued, and grows more interesting -the present part of it relating to the events with M. Van Buren. To this the Detroit of the revolution enacted in our State; Brandywine and Germantown, the Paoli masga cre and other scenes of those trying but glorious days are vividly portrayed and the heart involuntarily responds to the 'patriotic language of the Writer. The comicalities in the latter part of the magazine are decidedly per annum. Sold by Mr. Piper.

> THE NATIONAL BABY SHOW .- The much talked of National Baby Show took place at Springfield, Ohio, on Thursday. One hundred and twenty children were entered for competition. The first premium for the finest baby of two years old or under, was a tea set with a salver, valued at \$300; the second a tea set valued at \$200; the third premium, for the finest child under one year, 200; 4th premium a Parian marble groupe

The first premium was awarded to Mrs. Remnes, of Vienna, Ohio, the second to Mrs. M'Dowel, of Cincinnati; the third to Mrr. Arthur Cannon, of Philadelphia, and the fourth to Mrs. Henry Howe, of Cincinnati.

A letter was received from Fanny Fern, which was read, greatly to the edification of all concerned. Letters were also received from Mrs. Swishelm, Mrs. Crittenden, Mrs. Mott, and from Horace Greeley. The latter thought that much attention should be given to the development of the human constitution in a country where able-bodied men are sold for \$500 to 1500. Mrs Mott thought the black babies should be admitted.

Among the exhibitors there was an old woman, who came with her seventeenth child and claimed a premium on that ground,

IMPRISONMENT OF AMERICANS.-We learn from late Texas papers that several gentlemen arrived at San Antonio on the 4th of last month, who reported that in the prison of the city of Durango, they found three Americans confined in a stone dungeon of the most filthy description. "Their names are William Shirely, of Broome co., N. Y., and Wm. Rogers, of Stark co., and John Grains, of Dayton, Ohio. They stated that for over four years they had seen no face but that of robbery and murder, but had never been when they become naturalized I will de- only less than that of Dr. Webster's a few granted a trial; King at although they had repeatedly written to the U.S. Minister at Mexico, they believe he had never receive

See telegraphic head.