E. BEATTY,

PROPRIETOR AND PUBLISHER.

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The Carlisle. Herald is published weekly on a large sheet, containing roary columns, and furnished to subscribers at the rate of \$1.50 if paid strictly in advance; \$1.75 if paid within the year; or \$2 in all cases when payment is delayed until after the expiration of the year. No subscriptions received for a less period than six months, and none discontinued until all arrearages are paid, unless at the option of the publisher. Papers sent to subscribers living out of Cumberland county must be paid for in advance, or the payment assumed by some responsible person living in Cumberland county. These terms will be rigidly adhered to in all cases.

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3	Months: 6	Months.	12 Months
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The Carlisle Herald JOB PRINTING.

Throe good Presses, and a general variety of material suited for Plain and Fancy work of every kind, enables us to do Job Printing at the shortest notice and on the most reasonable terms. Personsin want of Bills, Blanks or any thing in the Jobbing line, will find it their interest to give us a call. Every variety of BLANKS constanting on hand. stantly on hand.

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Secretary of Interior—Robert McClelland,
Secretary of War—Jefferson Davis,
Secretary of War—Jefferson Davis,
Secretary of Way—James Camprell,
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Attornov Georgel—Calific Century Attorney General—CALER CUSHING. Chief Justice of United States—R. B. TANEY.

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Assertive Autories — John M. Shearer.

District Atterney — John M. Shearer.

Prothonotary—George Zinn.
Recorder, &c.—Samuel Martin.
Register— Uffed L. Sponsler.
High Sherill—Joseph McDermond; Deputy, James

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Assistant Burgess—Charles Ogilby.
Town Council - John B. Parkor, (President) E. Beatty,
Honry Myers, I. S. Egbert, David Rhoads, Christian Inhoff, John Gutshell, Peter Monyer, Geo. Z. Bretz.
Clerk to Council—James Mullin.
Constable—despth Stewart, High Constable; Robert
McCartney, Ward Constable.

CHURCHES.

First Presby terian Church, northwest angle of Centre pure. Lev. Conway P. Wino, Pastor.—Services every inday morning at 11 o'clock, A. M., and 7½ o'clock,

econd Presbyterian Church, corner of South Hanove and Tomfret streets. No pastor at present, but pulpit filled by Presbyterful appointments. Sorvices commence at 11 o'toke, A. M., and 71/2 o'cl. ek. P. M.
Episcopal Church, northeast angle of Centre Square, Rev. John B. Woass, Rector. Services at 11 o'clock, A. M., and 5 o'clock, P. M.

Rev. Jon's B. Moass, Roctor. Services at 11 d'clock, A. M., and 1 d'clock P. M.

English Lutheran Church, Bodford between Main and Loather streets. Rev. Jugon Fry. Pastor. Services at 11 d'clock, A. M., and 72 d'clock, P. M.

German Reform of Church, Louther, between Hanover and Pitt streets. Rev. A. H. Khemia, Pastor. Services at 1024 d'clock, A. M.

Methodiet E. Church, (first Charge) corner of Main and Pitt streets. R. S. L. M. Cossen, Pastor. Services at 11 d'clock, A. M., and 72 d'clock, F. M.

Mothodiet E. Church, Essaoill Charge, Rev. J. M. Jones, Pastor. Services in College Chapel, at 11 d'clock. A. M., and 72 d'clock, F. M.

Mothodiet E. Church, Essaoill Charge, Rev. J. M. Jones, Pastor. Services in College Chapel, at 11 d'clock. A. M., and 5 d'clock, P. M.

Homan Ca'h die Church, Pomfret, near East street.—Services by Rev. Mr. Doxadoo, every second Sunday.

A. Genman Lutheran Church is in course of creetion on the corner of Pomfret and Bedford physics. The congretain, which has yet no stated Pastor, hold their services in Education Hall.

A. De When changes in the above are necessary the propor persons are requested to notify us.

DICHINSON COLLEGE.

Rev. Charles Collins, President and Professor of Moral

Rev. Herman M. Johnson, Professor of Philosophy and English Literature.
James W. Marshall, Professor of Ancient Languages.
Rev. Otts H. Tillany, Professor of Mathematics.
William M. Wilson, Lecturer on Natural Science and

Curator of the Museum Alexander Schem, Professor of Hebrew and Modern

anguages. Benjauin Arbozast, Tutor in Languages. Faunuel D. Hillman, Principal of the Grammar School, William A. Snively, Assistant in the Grammar School

CORPORATIONS.

CARLISLE DEPOSIT BANK.—Plesident, Rrchard Parker; Cashler, Wm. M. Bectem; Clerks, Henry Sturgeon; Jos. Hoffer, Directors, Richard Parker, William Kerr, John Zug, Henry Saxton, Samuel Wherry, Jacob Leiby, John B. Sterrot, Henry Logan, Robert Moore, Cumpelland Valley Rall Road Company.—President, Frederick Watts; Sucretary and Treasurer, Edward M. Biddle; Superintendant, A. F. Smith. Passebger trains twice a day Eastward, leaving Carlisle at 7 o'clock, A. M. and 6 o'clock, P. M. Two trains overy day Westward, leaving Carlisle at 10 o'clock, A. M. and 2 o'clock, P. M. Carlisle at 10 o'clock, A. M. and 2 o'clock, P. M. Carlisle at 80 o'clock, A. M. and 2 o'clock, P. M. Carlisle Gas and Water Compay.—President, Frederick Watts; Secretary, Lemuel Todd; Treasurer, Wm. M. Beeten: Directors, F. Watts, Richard Parker, Lomuel Todd, Wm. M. Beetom, Dr. W. W. Dalo, Frankljin Gardner, Henry Glass.

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LETTER POSTAGE.—Postage on all letters of one-half ounce weight or under, 3 cents pre-paid, or 5 cents unpaid, (except to California and Oregon, which are 6 cents pre-paid, or 10 cents unpaid.)

NEWSFATERS.—Postage on the Herald—within the county, free. Within the State 13 cents per year. To any part of the United States, 20 cents.

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IN THE REAR OF THE COURT HOUSE.

Every description of Book and Job Printing executed on the shortest notice and on reasonable terms.

Paper fur the Family Cirre.

WEDNESDAY, SEPTEMBER 13, 1854. VOL. LV.

NO. 2

SUMMARY OF NEWS.

Foreign News---Pollock's Speeches--Heavy Rains--Cholera Panic--Maine Election -- California News, &c.

FRIDAY, Sept.8.4 The steamship Africa arrived at New York vesterday, with later intelligence from Europe. The particulars of the capture of Bomarsund are given. The French were fired the fortress, just as they were getting ready to commence operations. The bombardment then commenced in earnest, and after twelve hours' fire the first tower asked for a twohours' truce to bury the dead. The French General granted an hour, but it being broken by the Russians, firing commenced again with redoubled fury, a second truce being refused. At 9 o'clock, on the morning of the 14th, the French effected a broach, captured the first tower, which was subsequently fired by the Russian shells from the second tower, and blew up. The attack was commenced on the second tower by the English, on the 15th, who captured it before sundown. On the 16th the assault was begun on the main fortress, now much weakened by the expenditure of amunition, the damage done by the shells, and the loss of the two towers, by which it was partly commanded. The fire became so severe that the garrison seeing resistance to be hopeless, surrendered. 1000 of the prisoners were to be sent to France. and 900 to England. The fortress is very the English Secretary of legation had gone to Stockholm .- In Spain there is still trouble. A modification of the Cabinet was considered probable. The republicans are chamorous for liberty. The Queen is unpopular and the Queen mother is concealed in the palace .-The New York Demogratic (Soft) Convention yesterday; adopted 'resolutions' denounging Know-Nothingism and approving of Squatter sovereignty. This latter being tantaynount to acquiescence in the repeal of the Missouri Compromise, Preston King and other Free Soil Democrats formally withdrew from the convention. The convention renominated Governor Seymour.—Galusha A. Grow, the present member of Congress from the 14th district of Pennsylvania has again received the democratic nonrination.—The Hon. James Росьоска Whig candidate for Governor of Pennsylvania, addressed the people of Pittsburg on Tuesday, and was to speak at Benyer on Wednesday, at Butler on Thursday, and at Newcastle to-day. To morrow he is to speak at Mercer, on Monday at Meadville, and on Tuesday at Eric. He will also visit the Northern and Eastern portions of the State prior to the election.

SATURDAY, Sept. 9.

Two weeks later news from California has been received by the arrival at New York of the steamer Star of the West. She brings over a million of dollars in gold. The town of Bidwell has been destroyed by fire, except of Oregon, has resigned his post, and comes home in the steamer. Lieut, Beckwith's surveying party, of the central route, has arrived from the Salt-Lake, and reports the route highly favorable for a railroad. Lieut, Beckwith came to New York in the Star of the West. Advices had been received from Chibeen negotiated at Hawaii. In the district and Job R. Tyson, (the latter the regular composed of Dauphin Union and Lebanon whig candidate,) were named for the nomicounties, the whig conferees have unanimous ly nominated John C. Kunkel as their candidate for Congress. The new gold dollar has been approved by the Secretary of the Treasury and the coinage of it ordered. The St. Domingo Negotiations are said to be only intended to procure for us a West Indian port, where we may have superior privileges. The tion claiming a bounty land warrant, and for-Canadian Ministry has sustained an important Parliament defeat, but no definite progress has been made in the formation of a but has since absconded.

The cholera broke out suddenly and violently in Columbia, Lancaster county, on Friday evening last, and with so much violence that during that night no less than thirty cases and ten deaths occurred, Up to Saturday morning the total number of deaths reached forty-five, which in a population of 4500 is in the ratio of one per centum. This extraordinary mortality is attributed to the heavy miasma engendered by the low stage of water in the Susquehanna river, and to the prevalence of Southerly winds.-President Pierce and family arrived in Washing-

Monday, Sept. 11. "

ton on Saturday evening, from their trip to the sea shore, in improved health.—A great storm took place yesterday, extending North as far as Albany, South to Washington, covering all the intervening country and sweeping far to the East and West.-The Eric

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Black in favor of the defendants, the so-callsistance to the running of the road through posing appearance. They formed on Arch the streets of the borough, and directing the Railroad Company to alter their route there within four months.-Francis Dick was executed at Dayton, Ohio, on Friday, for the murder of his mother in-law and brother-in-law. He confessed his guilt.—A special Express, which reached St. Louis on the 8th, erable detachment of the police, to preserve from Fort Leavenworth, states that on the on first, on the 12th ult., by the Russians in 18th ult., the Sioux Indians killed an ox belonging to an emigrant train near Fort Laramie. The chief was given notice of the fact, and offered to give up the offender .-Lieutenant Fleming was despatched with second Lieutenant Gratton, an interpreter, Sergeant Favor, Corporal McNulty and 20 privates, to bring in the offenders. Intelligence had been received that the whole detachment had been overpowered and murdered, though no reliable particulars have been received. The chief was among the number killed. The Indians were extremehostile, and are menacing the fort. An ther party had been sent out, and reinforcenents have been sent to the fort.

·Tuesday, Sept. 12.

The latest report from Columbia, Pennsyl ania, makes the whole number of deaths there by cholera sixty-seven. People are leaving the town, and quite a panic prevails Some physicians from Philadelphia are said to have discovered the causa of the badly injured. The French commander and fatality in the condition of the reservoir .-On Thursday last a violent-storm occurred at Charleston, S. C., lasting nearly forty-eight hours, and doing immense damage. All the wharves were injured, warehouses and stores flooded, and a great amount of merchandize injured, the loss on the wharves alone being estimated at \$250,000. The brig Eureka was sunk; the steamer De Kall had her cabin roof blown off; the schooner Isabel was sunk, and a number of other vessels stranded. At Sullivan's Island the Old Point House was swept away.-The Independent Whig Convention in the Second Congressional district of Philadelphia met last evening and nominated the Hon. Joseph R. Chand ler for re-election to Congress. They also resolved to nominate a legislative ticket .-A Cabinet meeting was held yesterday in Washington, to consider important despatch es received from the Sandwich Islands, supposed to cover a treaty of annexation. The Baltimore Cattle Market is overstocked and prices have declined fifty cents on the hunlred .- The returns of the election in Maine

PHILADELPHIA.

and Anti Nebgaska party.

indicate a complete triumph of the Whig

Whig Nominations-Independent Move ment-the Sunday Law-Great Storm. Protestant Procession, &c.

. Philadelphia, Sept. 11, 1854.

Schofield, Montgomery Johnson, Thomas C. the bad passions and ill-natured discussions Steel, Win. D. Richards and S. H. Bowman. the absence of everything like the true spiri

who are the friends of Mr. Chandler,) met on Friday evening at the American Hotel, na, stating that Canton was surrounded by and made general nominations for Congressthe rebels. It was rumored at San Francis- man from the second district, and members co that a treaty for the annexation of the of the Legislature from the old city. Mr. Sandwich Islands to the United States had Chandler, John C. Bullit, Wm. M. Meredith. nation, which will be made on Monday even-

ing. Edward C. Lewis, a Lieutenaut in Captain Morehead's company of Pennsylvania Vol-unteers, during the Mexican war, was arrested a few days ago on the charge of making, forging and counterfeiting a certain declarawarding the same to the pension office at occurrences at Newark—occurrences which Washington. He-was held to bail in \$2500, constitute almost the sole topic of conversa-

The new Policemen confirmed by Councils were sworn into office on Friday, and adhave no man in the force who would not wear perated, and threats of further collisions are a uniform, and that he would expect every openly made. It will require all the cool one to have a suit and wear it.

The recent decision of the Supreme Court by which it was declared that the only penalty for selling liquor on Sunday is the enforcement of a petty fine, is, as might have been expected, producing its natural effect in this city. The consequence is, that in the of bar-rooms on Sunday, which had been efjudication, by the supreme tribunal of the State, of the question of power in the case, a number of establishments which were shut up, have reopened and resumed their trade About 5,000 persons were present. on the first day of the week, and it seems not improbable that this example of the few Court, has been decided by Chief Justice 234, of which 17 were of cholera.

Black in favor of the defendants, the so-call- The American Protestant Association of ed Eric voters, justifying them in their re- the city paraded yesterday, making an imstreet at 12 o'clock, with numerous splendid banners, rich paraphernalia, and severalbands of music. The procession numbered ninety-five lodges, embracing 1978 members order. No Catholic churches were passed, and there were no signs of riot.

All the democratic nominees for Congress and the Legislature, in this city, have responded to a letter addressed them, declaring that they have no connection or sympathy with the Know-Nothings.

The storm of rain and wind yesterday was very severe in this region. For several hours the rain fell in torrents. Many cellars were flooded, and along the Schuylkill as well as the Delaware, both of which were somewhat swollen, large quantities of timber were carried away. In several instances dwellings were stripped of their roofs, and other damage done. The thermometer fell from 92 on Saturday to 60 yesterday, making a difference of 32 degrees.

NEW YORK.

Street Preaching on Sundays.-The New ark Riot.-Creat Trotting.-The Demo-cracy Dissatisfied, &c.

NEW YORK, Sept. 11.

Street preaching on Sunday is now a regplar thing in this great Babel, and it is not much wonder it creates riots. One of the city papers, the Express, thus graphically discribes a scene of the kind in the Park.— Our attention was called on Sanday as we passed through the Park (says that paper) to the noisy cheers of the great mass of people congregated there, and secondly to the divided multitude. On the right of the City Hall steps there was an American citizen harangung for Protestantism and George Washington with all his might, and on the left, to an audience two-thirds as large, an Irishman was haranguing for Romanism and the Pope. The foreigners and Americans were about equal in number in the centre of the Hall, one row of faces being turned northward, and the other, like the faithful Mahommed, to the East. Now the Americans would cheer as some pert American sentiment was uttered, and now the Irish, and most boisterously, as a good joke was told, a Native American hit, or the Pope defended. The zeal on both both sides was at fever heat, and we marvelled and admired to see the multitude compar atively quiet as the tide of passion and feel ing rolled from the vehement speakers. The voices of the two orators intermingled with each other, and so did the shouts and groans of the two parties. The Pope and the church, the bishop and the priesthood, St. Patrick and The whig county convention met on Thurs- St. Peter found a most zealous disciple in day, nominated the following Legislative tick- the man of the east corner, while Washinget: For Senator, William Moran; for Assemblymen, John H. Holmes, E. G. Waterness were as warmly defended on the other house, J. Alexander Simpson, Nicholas Thorn hund. But the whole exhibition presented to Charles Allegood, Geo. H. Moore, A. R. us a sorry sight. The cheers and the groans, An independent whig convention (those of religion, presented a spectacle which it was most painful to contemplate. The cause of rational liberty and true religion we fear. is most deeply injured by such Sabbath-day exhibitions. The only satisfaction they can be said to afford, is a vindication of the right of Free Discussion and a demonstration of the ability of both followers of the Pope and of the Protestant Church to come within arms-length of each other, and while cursing each other in their hearts to refrain from knocking each other down with their fists. Wo confess to much admiration at this latter spi-

rit of self-control. The unfriendly feeling between Protestants and Catholics, painfully visible enough in this city, has been greatly aggravated by the tion everywhere, and with everybody. Every good citizen looks with painful apprehension as to the ultimate consequences. Both sides dressed by the Mayor, who told them believould of the belligerent parties are greatly exasjudgment and sound discretion of the authorities to calm the excited multitude.

A great trotting match came off over the Union Course, Long Island, on Thursday af ternoon. It was contested by "Mac," "Tacony," and "Grey Eddy." The purse \$2,500place of a very general, if not total closing ond best to have a purse of \$600. All the nags/started-Mac, however, was distanced fected by the Mayor, just previous to the ad- Eddy, the celebrated trotter, it seems, came out victor, winning three heats in the following time, viz: 2 minutes, 33 seconds; 2 minutes, 31 seconds; 2 minutes, 34 seconds.

The nomination of Gov. Seymour by the "Soft" democracy at Syracuse does not seem lowest groggeries will be gradually followed by houses of a less exceptionable character, Tammany Hall people. It is generally lookuntil the traffic, with all its melancholy and ed upon as settling one thing, and that is, Railroad case, in the Pennsylvania Supreme Court. has been decided by Chief Justice The doaths in Philadelphia last week were lected. The whigs, in fact, will have an easy victory.

POLLOCK AT PITTSBURG.

From the Pittsburg Journal of Sept. 6. .

THE MEETING LAST NIGHT.—Last evening, long before the hour appointed for the meet. ing, the spacious lot in the rear of the American Hotel was literally jammed by members of all parties, who had assembled to hear the Hon. JAMES POLLOCK, the Whig candidate for Governor, declare his principles:-Such a large meeting we do not recollect to have seen within the same ground, and such enthusiastic cheers and plaudits as were bestowed upon Pollock, and the triumph of principles over partisanship, we never heard before.

The officers of the meeting were-President, Gen. Wm. Larimer, Jr. Vice Presidents-Thos. M. Howe, John Shipton, Robt. Mackey, Col. John Small, Aaron Floyd, Henry M. Swartz and Hezekiah L. Nixon. Secretaries-A. P. Anshutz, Russel Errett and J. P. Penny.

Mr. Darragh introduced Judge Pollock to the audience, which received him with three hearty cheers. The Judge's speech was an eloquent one, and made durable impression upon the minds of his auditory. He avowed himself an uncompromising advocate of the sale of the Public Works, and gave the figures to prove that they have been a losing speculation to the! State ever since their construction. He showed that, out of \$35,000,000, the original cost of the construction of the Public Works, \$15,000,000 had found its way into the pockets of the friends of the Administration. The entire cost to the State for the erection of these Works-their construction, repairs, and other expenses-since they first went into operation, twenty-five years ago, amounts to the round sum of \$37,000,000, and the whole amount of revenue for that time only summed up some \$25,000,000. He said every consideration of morality and patriotism demanded the sale of the Public Works. The Judge referred to the amendment to the Constitution, introduced at the last session of the Legislature, for the purpose of creating a Sinking Fund, and the giving in pledge for payment of interest, the revenue of the Public Works. . He urged that in every Department of the State, economy should be observe l, until we were purged of the public debt.

The Judge next referred to the diffusion of universal education and religious intolerance. He was in favor of increasing the school fund-that rich and poor, high and low, black and white, might all enjoy the privileges of the common schools. He was opposed to the division of the School Fund, no matter who demanded it. If the Protesta its asked a part, the Roman Catholics a spart, and the Methodists a part, and they rec ived it—what would be taught? Naught but bigotry and intolerance. The schools were common now; let them be common forever, free for all. He stood the advocate of civil and religious liberty, now and forever. When a church enters the spolitical arena, and plays the politician, then down with it. The church needs not the aid of the State; it is upheld by a mightier power.

The Judge next referred to the slavery question. "He thanked the men of 1780, that slavery had not now a foothold on this soil; that no slave was sighing in bondage here. Te alluded to the ordinance of 1787, introduced by Mr. Jefferson, which declare I the territories free, indicating that slavery hal attained its utmost area; that there were to be no more slave States; no more slave aggression. He then referred to the admission of Missouri with the Compromise; also to the acquisition of Louisiana and Texas, all of which were dedicated to slavery with the exception of a portion of the Hatter States which is free. After alluding to the Fugi-tive Slave Law, he next referred to the p-peal of the Missouri Compromise, and / the enactment of the Nebraska bill; which received prompt consideration from the distinguished speaker.

The Judge concluded his remarks by refuting the slander circulated against him to the effect that he had opposed in Congress the voting of supplies to our army in Mexico. He pronounced it a base falsehood, and produced an extract from a speech delivered by him on the subject in Congress, which proved that he had not only voted for it, but advocated the passage of the bill.

The distinguished gentleman then sat down, amid the applause of his gratificd auditor

Mr. Morton McMichael, of Philadelphia, followed the Judge in an excellent speech. Col. Andrew Curtin, of Centre county, and Hon. Andrew Stewart, of Fayette county, also delivered short addresses, after which the meeting adjourned with three enthusiastic cheers for Pollock.

GATHERING OF CATHOLICS AT ROME .--The Paris Universitates that a grand council of Roman Catholic Bishops from all parts of the world is to assemble at Rome at the end of next October, to deliberate on the question of the immaculate conception of the most Holy Virgin, and to settle what is the true dogma of the Roman Church on that point. the Univers says that "it is probable that the 8th of December of this year will witness the accomplishment of the universal wish and that Mary will be proclaimed by the infallible voice of the Church, immaculate in her conception. It is known that the saints of centuries now past and general opinion accept this definition; the peace of the world and the triumph of the Church must be the recompense of this Supreme honor decreed to the Queen of virgins."

Talk about the enjoyment of wealthit never was-it never can be enjoyed. An abundance of money is a heap of misery.-A man who ownes a small house, a sm farm, a small wife, a big dog, a good two or three fat pigs, and two children. to be satisfied. If he isn't he never