War Declared by England & France ADVANCE IN BREADSTUFFS. Wednesday, April 12.

A treaty with England is said to have been negotiated by Mr. Buchanan, securing respec for vessels carrying our flag during the approaching war and afterwards, and securing, also, the formal abandonment by Great Bri tain of the right of search.

The bill for the abolition of slavery in the The blit or the abolition of slavory in the Republic of Venezula has passed the Congress of that country, at the suggestions of the President, Monagas. By this measure some sixteen thousand slaves are set free.

The Boston newspapers favorable to Mr. Websfer, acknowledge that Mr. Everett wrote the Hulsemann letter.

The Acapulco rebellion, in Mexico, is likely to prove a general revolution. Emissaries

prove a general revolution. Emissaries nors of a number of States who are said to be ready to join the revolt.

A shocking accident has occurred on the

Calumbia Railroad, in which one man was killed and several other persons badly injur-

We have no tidings yet of the missing steam ship City of Glasgow, and the feeling of anxiety, on her behalf manifestly increases... All manner of speculations are indulged as to how she may be detained, and not lost.

the may be detained, and not lost.

In Congress, yesterday, in the House, Mr.
Bennett's bill, granting land equally to the
States, to aid in building railroads and the
support of, schools, was postponed for two
weeks. In Committee on the General Appropriation bill, Mr. Cullom, of Tennessee, made The Senate took up the bill allowing credit for duties on the railrond iron imported into the United States. Mr. Seward opposed its consideration on the ground that neither of the Pennsylvania Senators was present, to which Mr. Badger replied that Pennsylvania ought to have her Senators there. Mr. Douglass proposed a substitute, allowing a drawback on all railroad iron imported since July 1et, '68, and suspending entirely the duties on that article until the year 1857. On this an interesting debate occurred, ending in the postponement of the bill until Monday week. forcible speech against the Nebraska bill

ing debate occurred, ending in the postponement of the bill until Monday week.

In the Pennsylvania Legislature, yesterday, the Senate considered and postponed the bill to exempt from taxation charitable institutions in Philadelphia. The bill for the sale of the main line of the Public Works was taken up and postponed, as also the grand junction railroad bill.

The British government has disavowed the allegation that the Anglo French alliance was designed to have any reference to Cuban or Mexican affairs, or any other matter in this hemisphere except La Plate.

Thursday April 13. In the State Senate, yesterday, the bill fo the sale of the main line of the public works again debated. The bill to release the rail road companies from the legal penalty for passing small notes was amended so as to consolidate the penalties into one of 500 dollars, and then passed.

In the State House of Representatives yes terday, the General Appropriation bill was amended, passed in Committee of the Whole, and made the special order for Monday next and every succeeding day until disposed of. The bill to prevent the removal of the market houses from Market street, Philadelphia, excopt by order of the Councils of the Consoli-dated City, was passed finally, after an excited discussion, in which many of the Philadelphia

members participated.

A break has occurred in the North Branch Canal, which it will take some time to repair.

Later advices from Mexico confirm the statement that Santa Anna has gone in personagainst the rebels. It is added that, on his route his received with authorism. route, he is received with enthusiasm by the route, he is received with outhusiasm by the inhabitants, and that several skirmishes have occurred with the troops of Alyarez, in which the latter are said to have been worsted. Prisoners have been already shot. The revolt is evidently more formidable than has been represented, as appears even by these Santanista statements.

Since the above was written, a still later spatch has come to hand, putting an entirely different face on the state of affairs. One story is, that a cessation of hostilities has taplace between Santa Anna and Alvare in consequence of concessions made by the former. Another is, that Alvarez was strongfortified on a hill, and had made prepara tions for a determined resistance. The general opinion was that Santa Anna would be defeated and finally overthrown.

Senator James, of Rhode Island, has author-

ed a contradiction of the statement that he in-

tends to resign.
The Southern Commercial Convention has again commenced its annual session at Charles-ton, S. C. The Hon. W. C. Dawson was ap-pointed chairman. Resolutions respecting the Pacific Railroad and direct trade with Europe were discussed and referred to a committee.

One of our Washington correspondents telegraphs to us a contradiction of the statement

that Mr. Buchanan has entered into a conver tion with England, but at the same time ad mits that successful negotiations have been made by our Ministers in Paris and Landon bject of our neutrality rights in the The American Party of Philadelphia, in con-

n, yesterday, unanimously nominated on, B. T. Coursd for Mayor.

In the U.S. Senate, yesterday, the resigna-tion of Truman Smith as Senator from Con-nection was presented. The Indian appropriation bill was reported back with amendments. In the House. Mr. Lancuster, the delegate from Washington territory, was introduced and qualified.

An indignation meeting in reference to the imprisonment of the German Catholic Trustees of Trinity Church, Philadelphia, was held

last evening, at the Chinese Museum.

The Gadsden treaty was again altered yesterday by the Senate, in Executive session the territorial acquisition being greatly re duced, and the purchase money out down to seven millions of dollars, it being understood that, if this treaty should be ratified, a supplemental one is to be negotiated.

of and classy as Friday, April 14. In the State Senate, yesterday, the bill authorizing the sale of the main line of the pubprice was reduced to ten millions of dollars .-House, two vetoes of local bills were received from the Governor. The House sus supplement to the act incorporating the Susquehanna railroad, with an amendment repealing the tax on local transportation over the road. Also, a bill relative to the North Ponn-Bylvania Raifrond

sylvania itaurona.

In Congress, vesterday, the Senate passed
the House bill establishing a new land district
in the lower peninsula of Michigan. After an In the fower pentinsula of Michigan. After an executive session, the Senate adjourned until Monday. The House ordered the printing of 20,000 additional copies of the report of the survey of the Amazon. Mr Olde, from the Post office Committee, reported a bill raising the rates of postage to five cents on a single letter, for any distance under 8000 miles, and nts for over that distance. It was post poned for four weeks. Mr Stanton, from the Committee on the Judiciary, reported a bil modifying the judicial system of the United States: The land graduation bill was considered in committee, reported to the House, and pending the question on ordering it to be en-grossed for a third reading, the House then

Disastrous freshets have accurred in the British American Province of New Brunswick, sweeping away bridges, mills, barns, fences

and catileacy and a conceded a responsible local government to Newfoundland. It is stated by the N. V. Courrier des Etate Unic, that the Russian officers now in this country have negatiated the purchase of one of the New York Sisamship lines for the Russian acroine.

The City Councils of Philadelphia held a meeting last evening, when an excited discussion occurred on the subscription to the Sungbury and Erie religional, resulting, however, in the approval of the proposed conditions, and the passage of an order directing the Mayor to complete the subscription.

السائد فيفرفنان أذفافك فيحافي وكذار سيستسطي فسينا فالمساورة الوطايرون

In Congress, yestorday, the House passed the bill to reduce and graduate the price of the public lands. A message from the President, communicating documents relative to the Kosta obse, was received and read.

By the steamers Hormann and America, we have later advices from Europe. The English courier has arrived from St. Petersburg without an answer to the summons of the allies, and war has been officially declared by France and England.

A Tarkish Muffil at Constantiants have been

A Turkish Mufti at Constantinople has refused to sanction the equality of the Christians, notwithstanding the Sultan went in person to ask him. Austria is more inclined to wards the allies. A dispatch from Vienna says that, on the 29th of March, the Russland attacked Kalafat and captured three redoubts. The runture between Greece and Turkey is The rupture between Greece and Turkey is complete. The French and English stea complete. The French and English steam frigates have returned to Constantinople without freeing the mouth of the Danube of its obstructions. There were reports that Sir Charles Napler had captured a Russian frigate, and that a Russian ship had been seized at Waterford, and the crew held as prisoners

of war; but these were doubted.

The treaty between Turkey, England and
France binds the two latter to support the
former by force of arms, until the conclusion of a peace which shall secure the independent and integrity of the Sultan's dominions. The Porte engages not to conclude a peace without the consent of the allies, and the latter bind the consent or the silies, and the latter bind themselves to evacuate the Turkish territories after the war. The treaty is to remain open for the adhesion of the other powers of Europe Turkey guaranties to all her subjects, without distinction of creed, perfect examined. quality in law. The Russians have crossed the Danube in force, to strike a decisive blow before the arrival of the Anglo-French force. Above Pulska, Gortschakoff has crossed the river, occupied Tulska, captured several forts, eleven guns, and taken two hundred prisoners. General Luders crossed from Galatz without, much loss, and full 50,000 Russians were on much loss, and full 50,000 Russians were on the right bank of the Danube. In attempting to cross at Oltenitza, however, they encount-ored the Turks, and a desperate battle ensued, in which, after most dreadful carnage, the Russians were repulsed, losing 3000 men in killed. The Turks, also, were so badly out up that they had to retire to their intrenchments. The Russians, nevertheless, effected a passage of the river at three points, on the very day that Omar Pacha had intended to attack their headquarters at Pogana. The English Attorney General has stated in the House of Commons, that Great Britain does not inof Commons, that Great Britain does not in-tend to press the right to search neutral ves-sels for articles contraband of war. Admiral Napier's fleet was under way to seize the Island of Akland. The Russians were making great preparations for the defence of Cronstadt and the Czar in person was superintending the

f marque to American vessels. The New York Legislature has determined The New York Legislature has determined to submit to the people of that State the question of enacting a Prohibitory Liquor Law.

The Pennsylvania Senate has passed the bill for the sale of the majn line of the public works, with the price reduced to \$10,000,000,

and allowing the purchasers to build a rail road from Columbia to the Ohio river. In the House, a joint resolution was read for the State from subscribing or loaning its cred-

be paid instead of twenty.

Monday April 17. The Southern Commercial Convention has

A run upon the Cochituate Bank, Boston, has caused it to suspend specie payments. | make participation. Our duty, our policy, our The recent failure of the President is said to interests, our prosperity, all admonish the port the result of their investigation of its af

The Arctic has arrived at New York bringing later European news. The Russians were advancing rapidly south of the Danube. They the Dandoe on the west and the Black Sea.—
Their successes have changed the entire plan of the campaign. The Turkish General was falling back with his force upon Trajan's Wall, which is well fortified, and where the rive advantage from it. The details of the Russians will have to encounter an army of 60,000 Turks. The Sultan has dismissed the refractory officials who refused to agree to the equality of the Christians. The Czar is said equality of the Caristians. The cuzar is said to have written a letter to the King of Prussia, saying that the allies must obtain for him, from Turkey, a redress of the wrongs of which he complains, if they wish him to make peace The Greek Minister to Turkey has demand his passports, and having received them, was about to leave Constantinople. The Emperor Napoleon is said to have written a note to the peror of Austria, reminding that monarch

of his promise to regard the passage of the Danube by the Russians as a casus belli. The New York Crystal Palace is to commence onew, under Barnum's auspices, on the 4th of May, with a grand fete. The injuncperson sueing.

WASHINGTON, April 18. The much talked of Gadsden Trenty, was rejected yesterday in the United States Senate, by a vote of 26 to 18, at least this is be to be about the actual vote. The injunction of secrecy was not removed, so that nothing definite as to the details of the delib-

was under discussion, that a refusal of the course of conversation said he brought with Senate to ratify would be followed by immediate ear with Mexico, the President thinking day five thousand dollars, and was to receive the himself called upon to selze upon Mesilia was considered an attempt to intimidate Sentation, and those best informed here think the in arresting the mad projects of the temper-President will rather appoint another Commit sioner to negotiate a treaty than take the war all are anxiously waiting the development of his policy.

DOUGLAS'S NEBRASKA BILL .- Many southern newspapers, which, previous to the shelving of this measure in the House of Represenatives, advocated its passage, are now en deavoring to prove that it will make no mate rial difference to the South whether it should in the end be passed or not. Some of these journals are under the impression that the U. S. Supreme Court will declare the Missouri restriction unconstitutional, should a decision ever be had before that tribunal.

THE RIGHTS OF NEUTRALS .- In the coming war in Europe the rights of neutrals is th most important question for the United States. Whatever the European powers may think of it, it is not expected that they can interfere with the inclienable right of the citizens of Philadelphia to buy their spring clothing at Rockhill, & Wil-on's, chesp, and, fashionable clothing store, No. 111 Chestnut st., corner of Branklin Place, Philadelphia,

The Balson ar the West. - A gentleman writing from the West says that at Louisville. on the 20th of March, he saw the peach and from \$25 to \$50 a month; boarding them: plute trees in blossom. At Cincinnatel, on selves at that out of the total the Blat ult, some of the peach trees were in blossom. The weather slove March 20th, has

HERALD AND EXPOSITOR.



WEDNESDAY, APRIL 19, 1854.

THE LARGEST AND CHEAPEST NEWSPAPER IN CUMBERLAND COUNTY ! Two Dollars a year, or One Dollar, an Fifty Cents, if paid punctually in Advance. \$1 75 if paid within the year.

WHIG STATE COMMITTEE.

In pursuance of the directions of the las Whig State Convention, I have selected the following gentlemen to compose the State Control Committee for the present year. Col. And. G. Curtin. of Centre Co., Chairman len. William Larimer, Allegheny Col C. O. Loomis, "Fredrick Lening, Philadelphia.

Joseph B. Myers,
Hon. Wm. B. Reed,
Stephen Miller, Dai phin John Covode, Westmoreland Tho. E. Franklin, Lancaster on. H. M. Fuller, Luzerne H. D. Maxwell, Northampton

L. A. Mackey, Clinton David Taggart, Northumberland Co. WM. F. JOHNSTON Chairman Whig State Conventio

Everything is Rising. The price of almost everything is going up,

long standing accounts must square up, and bills must not hereafter be allowed to hang so long, as too many have been in the habit of allowing them to do, With prompt payments and a strict adherence to our terms, we think we can avoid an increase of prices, which we operations. The French government has an , we can avoid an increase of prices, which we nounced its determination not to grant letters are desirous to do; but we must have more prompt payments, especially from our subscribers scattered through the West; many of whose names will be stricken from our list unless they pay up by the list of June.

THE FOREIGN NEWS. War is at length formally declared. The the removal of the seat of government from Harrisburg to Philadelphia, and resolutions passed second reading, proposing to amend the State constitution so as to limit the State debt to half a million of dollars, and provent the State from subscription and provent. The beginning, therefore, is certain: the end Czar contemptuously refuses to answer the The beginning, therefore, is certain; the end is scarcely a matter of reasonable conjecture The U.S. Senate has determined, as re- With the gigantic preparations made by Rusgards the Gadsden treaty, that there shall be sia, and the vigorous measures pursued by the no five million indemnity for private claims, no commission to adjust them, and no more territory than will secure to us the railroad table. The tripartite treaty binds the latter route, for which seven millions of dollars is to to maintain the integrity of Turkey inviolate; ambitious pride, revenge, the lust of conques and religious fanatacism, all will compel th former not to lay down his arms until he ha adopted a great multitude of resolutions on disintegrated the Ottoman Empire, or suffered inglorious defeat in the attempt. Before thing it did was to refuse to adopt a resolution thing it did was to refuse to adopt a resolution recommending the ratification of the Gadsden treaty, notwithstanding Gen. Gadsden himself addressed the Convention in its favor, in the course of his speker remarking that the treaty was prepared to secure the route to the Pacific, for the South, through Mexico. A resolution to expel the reporter of the New York Tribune was offered, but subsequently withdrawn. prevent such interference as may lead to ultimate participation. Our duty, our policy, our The recent failure of the President is said to chuse the trouble. An injunction has been strictest neutrality, and it is carnestly to be laid upon the bank, which is thus obliged to stop all business until the commissioners repermitted to bring us within the perit of any departure from it. Maintaining our own rights, and respecting those of others, we may regard the contest with painful solicitude, and have taken several important points, and are even give expression in proper form to our masters of the strip of territory bounded by natural sympathies, but we must have neither the Danube on the west and the Black Sea.— lot nor part in it; and thus acting, however. even give expression in proper form to our lot nor part in it; and thus acting, however,

> mary in the preceding columns .- N. America: PHILADELPHIA MAYORALTY.

foreign news will be found in the daily sum-

The primary meetings of the Whigs of the Consolidated City, to nominate a candidate for Mayor, was held on Tuesday night last.-They resulted in the choice of Hon. Robert T. CONRAD. A most excellent selection. The po sition of parties under the consolidation, renders the contest one of doubt as to which side may preponderate; but we hope the Judge may succeed. There are various circumstan ces which will operate in his favor, and w solved, Barnum having paid the claim of the think we may, with some confidence, depen upon his election.

BRIBERY AND CORRUPTION .- It is stated of the authority of Harrisburg letter writers the money is being freely used by those engage in the brewing and liquor business, to defeat the prohibitory liquor law. A brewer of Philnoting dennice as to the details of the delibitery liquor law. A brewer of Phileration can be known. Much speculation exists as to the affect of this rejection.

It was intimated by the President and certain members of the Cabinet, while the treaty the House and another gentleman, and in the two thousand dollars, and was to receive that ance fauntics. The persons he approache proved to be temperance men, who let the on out of the bag. We leave the public to make their own comments, says the Read. Journal.

Hon. Edward Stanly, formerly of North Carolina, was lately fined \$25 in California for an alleged contempt of Court, in intimating before a jury that there was a conspiracy against a client of his . He immediately paid the fine, and subsequently he received a complimentary letter, (containing the amount the fine), from the jury. He neknowledge the compliment, but declined to receive the money, and recomended them to devote it to some charitable purpose. Man Main. was to a

POLLOGE DARSIE. SHYSER AND VICTORY !-The nomination of Mesars. Pollock. Darsie and Smyser are hailed with great satisfaction in every nook and corner of the State, and are every where regarded and spoken of as the harbingers of a glorious Whig triumph next

hear San Francisco, by the last accounts, i rowded with idlers, and the whole State was experiencing the effect of "hard times."-Wages, are remarkably low, men being hired

The late storm extended over a wide been gold wost of the time, with frasty nights, space of country to the Batter and another

Arrait onest the state of the s

The Market State of the State o

LETTERS OF ACCEPTANCE.

The following are the letters of acceptance from the several Whig candidates, nominated by the Whig State Convention, on the 15th of roughly explodes the talsehood charging Judge March last. They breathe the true Whig POLLOCK with having voted, while in Congress

MILTON, March 24, 1854. GENTLEMEN.—Your communication of the 15th lust., informing me officially of my nomination by the Whig Convention, as a candidate for the office of Governor of this Commonwealth; has been received. A nomination unsolicited and unexpected, and conferred un-der circumstances so gratifying to myself, ought not to be declined. In accepting the nomination thus tendezed I yield my own to the wishes of my friends; and assure you that the selection of some other candidate would have given me more pleasure, than to be my

nave given me more pleasure, than to be my-self the nomince.

The resolutions of the Convention, and the principles they embody and sustain, meet my cordial approval. Accept for yourselves, gen-tlemen, the assurance of my highest regard.

Yours, very respectfully, JAS POLLOCK. To John R. Edie, Rob't. T. Potts, James Verner, Esq's, Committee.

SENATE CHAMBER, HARRISBURG, } GENTLEMEN:—Your note, informing me officially of my nomination, by the late Whig State Convention, for the office of Canal Commissioner, was received this morning.

I fully appreciate this mark of the confidence of the Confidence of the Convention, and frankly accept the nom-ination with the assurance that, if elected, I shall endeavor to discharge the duties of the office with fidelity.

With great respect, yours truly,
GEORGE DARSIE.
To Messra. John E. Edie, Rob't T. Potts

and James Vorner. Judge Smyser's letter details the res sons which govern him in accepting the nomination. He thinks that while judicial honors may be aspired to as the fit rewards of well directed ambition, they should not be sought after or obtained through those means which are generally considered legitimate in the pur suit of political preferment.'

PERRY COUNTY.

A RICH CASE .-- We take the following case from the report of Court proceedings in the last Perry Freeman:

Joseph Dewalt's use vs. James Galbraith. Action on a note for \$19, the price of a mare bought by defendant from plaintiff. Defendant alleged defects unknown to him, suppressed by vendor at time of sale.' This was a very amusing case, and convulsed Court, jury and hystanders with laughter. Junkin, for defendant, alleged in the opening, that the mare was worthless, that she could not eat as much food as to give her strength to stamp sufficiently vigorous to keep off the flies; that sufficiently vigorous to keep out the mess; that she was driven to the necessity of moving in a magic circle through a thicker of brushes for that purpose, which she did with singular regularity—and at other times would straddle sprouts and wee saw constantly with the same object; that she had the dyspepsia and was decompade that defendant returned her to plainderanged; that defendant returned her to plaintiff, who suffered her to wander at large; that she finally was taken up by a charitable neigh-bor, who tried her with feed, but she could eat nothing but bran; that after feeding her for sometime on bran, he tried to harrow in three pecks of rye, and she required a day and a half to perform the labor in; that after a hundred days painful illness, she sunk to a peaceful rest; and he begged that the jury that defendant declared at the time of the pur-chase that all he wanted was a frame; that he could do the filling up himself; that if she could not eat, she was minimalined without expense; and that, whether she could eat or not, if she could work without eating, so much the better. Both parties having proved their opening, and after a full hearing on both sides, the jury eame (may we not presume?) to the conclusion that her front teeth had become too long for her back grinders, which prevented her enting—a fault which defendant could kin for defendant.

THE GERMANS AND NEBRASKA. Whig paper of Pittsburgh, and the Pittsburgh lature of Maryland, and in its stead a stringen Courier, the organ of the Democracy, have License law was adopted, which contains, united, and will hereafter occupy Whig ground, among other provisions, the following: and support the Whig ticket. The Nebraska bill has forced them to this act. The editors of the Democratic paper say, in their declaration of principles, that "they have for some time been compelled to differ with the Democratic party, on account of its evident yielding seather saws be for medicinal, artistic, or saws the same be for medicinal artistic artist and truckling to Papacy, and its evident alli-ance with slavery. They say the Whig party possesses more of the elements of true pro gress, more real Democracy, and better guaranties for the continuation of our Republican government than the Democratic party."

These views are becoming of a general character among the German population of the may be insured against "death by accident o Nation, and this movement is but the precursor of others that will have a significance in action, for £3 3s.on the £100 per annum; and citizens have been held in Cincinnati, Columbus, Cleveland, New York, and in the large towns of several of the Western States, at all lose his leg as he is to lose his head, probaof which speeches were made and resolutions bly because he has two legs and only on adopted, strongly denunciatory of the Ne- head. broska bill.

Mr. Fillmore, in his speech at Vicksburg spoke of that portion of the Mississippi valley being the centre of the Republic; "not indeed, the Republic with its present limits, for Canada," said he, with a glow of feeling and a kindling of the eye, "is knocking for admittance, and Mexico should be glad to come in; and, without saying whether it would be right or wrong, we stand with open arms to receive them, for it is the manifest destiny of this government to embrace the whole North American Continent."

A NEW GOLD COIN .- Senator Gwin, of Colifornia has introduced a rather novel but rational idea relative to a large denomination of gold coin. He proposes, by a bill introduced in the United States Senate by him, to authorfize the coinage of \$100, \$50 and \$25 pieces the first to be called the Union, the second a Half Union, and the third a Quarter Union .-His object is to furnish a circulating medium which will supply the wants of the people in living on the "Five Points," in New York, in California, where they have no banks or pa- great penury. Mr. Safford, of Cincinnati, per curency.

THE MASSACHUSETTS LEGISLATURE bas passed a bill to contribute towards the erection of the proposed Independence monument in Phil adelphia. But one more State is required to fill the number requisite to to the commence ment of operations. Delaware will, no doubt, soon act in the proper spirit, and thus ensure the erection of this great national memento

har The fees of the Counsel for the corpor ations of New Orleans and Baltimore, in the McDonough will case, amount to one hundred thousand dollars. This sum was made contin gent upon their success in gaining the suit.

The Lancaster Independent, noticing the opposition to the sale of the public works. says that a Whig representative, who is known to be in favor of the measure, was offered a Such a growth is not equalled even by that of bribe of \$1000 if he would vote against it. | San Francisco.

ela Carrol de ampar la lanca e profit com eta e

POLLOCK AND SOLDIERS PAY. A Falsehood Nailed !

The editor of the Union County Star the agninat increasing the pay of private soldiers The editor of the Star says, we have carefully examined the Congressional Globe and Appen dix, containing the proceedings of the 2nd Session, of the 29th Congress, held during 1845 and '47. On pages 272 and 278, of the Globe, we find the proceedings of the House, on the bill to grant Bounty Land to the army, in which Mr. Pollock took an active part, and offered two additional Sections to the bill, granting bounty lands to the officers and soldiers who served in the war against the Ipdians On motion of Mr. Phelps, a new bill was substituted, in place of the one reported by the select committee, the first section o which is as follows:

"Be it enacted, &c. That, from and after the first day of May last, and until the termination of the war with Mexico, the monthly pay tion of the war with Mexico, the monthly pay of the non-commissioned officers, musicians, and privates, of the army of the United States, and militia and volunteers in the service of the same, shall be increased three dollars per

The bill was agreed to, by a vote of 171 you to 18 nays. Mr. Pollock voting with the yeas Will the Union be honest enough to correct On page 130, of the appendix, we find Mr ollock's speech on Bounty Lands and the Mexican war, from which we make the folowing extracts:

"The bill now under consideration propose a increase of three dollars per month to th pay of the regulars and volunteers. The pay pay of the regular venue to the pay of the regular pays at present received is seven dollors per month. This is but a small compensation for men who leave home and comfort behind, and go to endure the toil and privation of a camp—expose their health and lives in a foreign clime, and encounter the pestilential vapors and noxious exhalations of the swamps and marshes of Mexico, a land where "the pestilence walketh in darkness, and destruction wasteth at noon-day." The proposed increase, under these circumstances, will not be deemed extravagance. At home, but few would be willing to give a month's labor for that pittill sum. I will, therefore, vote to increase their pay, and present received is seven dollars per month

will, therefore, vote to increase their pay, and give to the toilworn soldier, deprived of the ordinary comforts of life, something that may relieve his wants, and cheer him in his onward course of duty and of danger." And again, in concluding his speech h said:

"I hope, sir, the provisions of the bill now under consideration, and the amendments I have proposed, may receive the favorable action of the House; and thus some proof be given that republics are not always ungrate-ful. We owe it to ourselves, and to the priful. We owe it to ourselves, and to the private soldier who fights the battles of our country.

Fame, the highest aspiration of the soltry. Faine, the highest aspiration of the soldier, tells not the story of his daring. It gathers its rich clusters around and encircles the brow of the victorious General. Not so the private soldier. She has reserved no niche in her proud temple for him. His name i found upon the muster roll, and perhaps in the list of the wounded and the dead. He is thrown carelessly into the grave: the earth covers him; and not even a plain marble, sculptured with his name, marks the resting place of the gallant dead. Pass this bill, and let the record of our proceedings be, at once the record of a nation's gratitude, and the soldier's fame.

The speech, from which the above extracts would do justice to her memory by writing such an epitaph on the records of the county as was due to a departed martyr. Plaintiff's counsel, Miller of Perry, opened by alleging that defendant dealards at the time of the arm. We may at some full that defendant dealards at the time of the arm. are taken, is one of the most eloquent and loture time publish it in full. In the meantime, if our locofoco friends have any more false statements to make, in regard to Mr. Pollock's course while in Congress, they can put them out as we are prepared for them.

The attempt to injure Mr. Pollock, by criticising his acts while in Congress will be of no. avail. His whole course was patriotic, manly, and honorable. We want no better proc Note discovered by looking into her mouth.—

Of the honor, integrity and patriotism of other honor, integrity and patriotism of the honor, integrity and honor, integ of the honor, integrity and patriotism of ou Verdict for the \$19. Miller of Perry, and Miller of Carlisle, for plaintiff, Gantt and Junkin for defendant.

Ha. was always found, as the records will prove, defending the integests of his country, and her honest, industridus yeomanry.

The West Pa. Staats Zeitung, the German tory Liquor Law was rejected by the Legis

"No accounts for spirituous or intoxicating

THE CHANCES OF WAR .- The Life Insurance Companies in England have calculated the chances of being killed or wounded in bat tle and fixed the rates of insurance. A party violence from any cause, including death i the future politics of the Union. We notice, if to include a payment in case of loss of limb that recently large meetings of our German of half the sum insured, and payable on death, £3 3s. per cent. extra." It would seem from these terms, that a man is twice as likely to

Wisconsin .- At Racine the charter election last week, resulted in the triumph of all the candidates of the anti-Nebraska caucus ex cept two. The mayor elect is a democrat who went to the anti-Nebraska meeting and pledged himself as opposed to the measures of Mr. Douglass. In Kenosha the charter election resulted in the choice of a ticket which had upon it the names of four Free Soilers and one Whig.

EDUCATION IN VIRGINIA.—The Richmon Whig argues the necessity for adopting a more efficient system of education in that State. . I

Every decade exhibits a rapid and fearful increase of this ignorance. In 1840, the num ber of the unlettered in Virginia amounted to 60,000. In 1850 it exceeded 80,000. At this rate it will not require many centuri inguish all knowledge of letters in the State,'

men_Harman Blennerbasset, son of the u fortunate Blennerhasset who was concerned in in the Aaron Burr expedition, is said to be author of the life of the father, has sent 500 copies to the missionary ladies of the "Old Brewery," to be sold for the benefit of the son.

DED. The Stomach prepares the elements of the bile and the blood; and if it does the work feebly and imperfectly, liver disease is the certain result. As soon therefore, as any affection of the liver is perceived, we may be ore that the digestive organs are out of order The first thing to be done, is to administer a specific which will act directly upon the stom the mainspring of the animal machinery For this purpose we can recomend Horsland's Gorman Bitters, prepared by Dr. C. M. Jack on, Philadelphia. Acting as an alternative and a tonic, it strengthens the digestion and changes the condition of the blood and thereby gives regularity to the bowels.

The Lake Cities are increasing in ar enormous ratio. Cleveland has reached sixty thousand inhabitants, and so has Chicago.

to part in the first

Cown and County Matters

An April Snow.

The deep snow which fell on the 25th of October last, and the two feet of snow on Sunday and Monday last, we may make a note of as the surprising occurrences of the past Sea, son. Such things have sorrcely occurred within the memory of our oldest citizen. The recent snow had it remained on the ground would certainly have made a depth of guite two feet. Yesterday morning, however, the sun appeared in his accustomed splender and the dissolution of the snow was as anidas its very light; only a few hundred bushels offer. An April Snow the dissolution of the snow was as rapid as its fall. Fears are entertained that the storm has been destructive to the prospect of fruit, but we are glad to learn that examinations made in a number of gardens prove that less injury has been experienced than might have

Elegant Penmanshipi We have been shown by Professor MILLAN some truly elegant specimens of his penman. ship in the way of visiting cards. These cards are quite equal in beauty of execution to engraved cards and better for practical use. Prof. Millar is about closing his course of lessons in this place, having as a teacher of writing given acknowledged satisfaction to his

been expected.

Monk's Maps. The Agent for Monk's Map of North America, for Cumberland county, has just received a supply and has commenced delivering to those who first subscribed. So far as we have seen, the maps delivered are equal if not superior to the specimen exhibited when soliciting orders. We advise those who want a good Map, and have not already subscribed, to hand in their orders at once, for it is unquestionably the best map of the United States now in

existence, and is offered at a reasonable price. Mr. Browning has on hand a supply of Pocket Maps, of the most recent date of Illinois and the other Western States, also a Huited States Gazeter, just published, of one thousand pages, giving a description of every State, territory, county and town in the Union, with the population, &c., from the last census.

Important to Tavern Keepers. were not present in Court last week We were not present in Court last week when Judge Graham gave the notice to keepers of public houses in respect to selling liquors on Sunday, and could not, consequently, give his language at length in our last paper. We find, however, in the Perry Freeman a report of a similar notice given by the Court at the April Sessions in that county, which we subjoin, as we presume the Judge's remarks at the Sessions in this county were to the same effect. The Freeman says same effect. The Freeman says-

The Hon. James H. Graham announced from the Bench in open Court at the close of the April session, 1854, (last Friday,) that here-after, if any tavernkeeper in Perry county would sell liquor on the Sabbath day, and the fact became known to the Court, they would revoke his license; that working would see county that the Judges of the Court were unanimous in their determination to execute this
provision of the law, and requested all good
citizens to make the determination of the Court
and profitable. For further information as to known whenever they could, and called upon every law abiding citizen to be vigilant in re-porting to the Court any violation of the laws in that paytoular. Judge Graham declared that, in the judgment of the Court, a man might as well follow his usual employment on the Sabbath day—the merchut sell his goods, and the mechanic work at his trade—as that a landlord should keep his bar open on the Sabbath. All were admonished that the laws in respect to retailing liquors, would be rigidly enforced without exception. This, we think, is very right, and the good people of the county should rejoice in this appouncement, and vigilantly aid and support the Court in carry-ing their praiseworthy determination into ex-

It may not be improper here to add that the

George Alberti, the supposed execu tioner of David Jewell, denies having officiated the Philadelphia papers, together with the affidavits of several persons, proving that he was in Philadelphia at the time of the execu-

BY A small Steamboat is now plying between Sunbury and Northumberland, at the confluence of the north and west hranches of the Susquehanna. It is designed to carry passengers and tow boats from place to place.

The Democratic State Central Committee of New York have passed resolutions condemning the Administration. The State Con vention has been called on the 12th of July.

The wife of Mr. George Bean, residing in Bainbridge, Lancaster county, presented The sixth session of this Institution her husband recently with three hale and healthy responsibilities at one birth.

globe a hundred and fifty thousand years ago.

The steamship City of Glasgow, for Philadelphia, is now on her forty-eighth day calender months, inclusive of Tuition, Board-out from Liverpool. As no tidings have been lug, Washing, &c. do not exceed \$55,00. A Catareceived of her, it is feared that she has been foundered at rea.

Old Sores, Ulcers, and all emptions and diseases arising: from an impure or deprayed state of blood. See the extraordinary cure of Mr. Wm. G. Harwood, a highly respectable of Richmond, Va. by Carter's Spanish Mixture. He had ulcers and sores of the worst description, and finally got so bad, he was unable to walk except got contacts. was unable to walk except on crutches. few bottles of Carter's Spanish Mixture, the great blood purifier, cured him as it has cured bundreds of others who liave suffered with rheumatism, bad effects of mercury, and pains and ulcers of the bones and joints.

*_*See advertisement.

The Generates Discovery of The Aon. - Farmers of the most sense of THE GREATEST DISCOVERY OF THE AGE .- Farmer

The Markets.

BALTIMORE MARKET

od yellow at 75 cents & bushel; no prime sold. Nothing done in Rye or Oats. The inclemency of the weather operated against out door husiness. Seede quiet—Clovetseed \$4.50@4 123. Timothy do \$3@3 25, and Finxseed \$1 33@1 88. \$3 bushel.

MARRIED,

At Silver Spring, on the 18th inst., by the Rev. S. Fry, Mr. Henry Ensminder, of Perry county, to Miss Susanna Jacobs, of the former place.

DIED,

Near New Carlisic, Clurk county, Ohio, on the 3d inst., Mrs. Mary Musselman, wife of Rev. George Musselman, formerly of West Pennsboro' township, Cumberland county, aged 48 years 11 months and 25 days. At the residence of J. M. Woodburn, in Newville, on the 15th inst., MARGARET E. wife of Geo. W. Woodburn, in the 19th year of her

New Advertisaments.

Flower and Garden Seeds. ARDEN and Flower Seeds of the choicest kinds, from three of the most celebrated Seedsmen and Florests of the country, just received and for sale at the cheap store of S. W. HAVERSTICK.

April 12, 1854.

Young Ladies Select School.

CARLISLE, PA.

THE summer term of this school will commerce on Mouday, May 1st. The pationage of the citizens is again respectfully solicited, and parents in the vicinity who contemplate sending their daughters away for education, are invited to make insuring convenience.

SELECT SCHOOL

THE subscriber, at the ardent solicitation of I many of the patrons of his former school, will open a private school, on Monday the 10th April, at his residence, corner of Hanover and fact became known to the Court, they would revoke his liceuse; that nothing would save him, nor would they hear any excuse for the violation of the law; that they wished the fact to be generally made known throughout the county that the Judges of the Court were unanimous in their determination to execute this of all nucleus extended.

terms, &c., apply to W. MILES.
Carlisle, April 5, 1854
P. S.—A few scholars from the country will be taken, and, if required, boarding will be furnished at moderate rates. Young men who intond to devote themselves to teaching will also be received as scholars, to whom Lectures

CUM'D. VALLEY INSTITUTE, (MALE AND FEMALE.)

At Wiechanicsburg, Fa. REV. JOS. S. LOOSE, A. M., Rov. W. H. SUPER, A. M., Principals; assisted by experiennes! Tenchers. This Institution opens preceding notice has been propared and is buildings are new and commodious, the rooms publiched in accordance with a distinct intibuildings are new and commodious, the rooms doing, aid them in placing before the eyes of the people the determination of the Court.

tion, and inquire into its merits, (as rare advantages are afforded,) before sending their sons and daughters elsewhere. Besides the dians are invited to come and see this Instituregular literary and classical course of the Institution, instruction is given on the various musical instruments, such as Piano, Melodeor at that dreadful scene, and publishes a card in &c., as well as on Brass, Stringed and Wind

Instruments. Board Room and Tuition in English branches & vocal music per session. \$55.00 Latin, Greek, French & German each, Music-on Piano or Melodeon, For circular address

JOS. S. LOOSE. Mechanicsburg, Cumberland co., Penn'a. march 29-2m.

Shippensburg Institute, SHIPPENSBURG, PA.

SHIPPENSBURG, PA.

EV. R. R. Wells, A. M. of Belvidere Instith tute, N. J., Prof. of Languages, Natural
Sciences, &c. P. S. Pierce, A. M. Emeritus
Prof. of Languages, D. A. L. LAVERTY, Instructor in English and Mathematics Prof. G.
W. REYNOLDS, instructor in English and Music. Mrs. Ellies, principal instructress in the
Female Department. Miss Ellies, assistant.
The sixth session of this Institution will com-

sence on MONDAY, the 17th of April next. TERMS PER SESSION: Orthography, Reading and Writing, \$5,50 Arithmetic, Grammar, Geography, History and Philosophy, 8,50 Good that the human race existed on the Mathematics, Greek & Latin Languages, 12,50 Mathematics, French and German each, - - - 0,00 Music, - - 10,00 Drawing, - - - 6,00 The whole expenses for a session of five

logue containing particulars may be obtained by addressing the proprietors.

D. A. L. LAVERTY, march 26-4w. G. U. HARN, & Co,

Mardware, Mardware.

HE subscriber wishes to draw the attention of the public to helt own interests, which they may consult to good advantage by examining the degant and complete assort ment of Hardware of every description, which he is now receiving at his old stand on North Hanover street

TO COACHMAKERS. We have a large supply of springs, hubs, bands, laces, curtains, and floor oil cloths and drab cloths, of different qualities, in fact every hing in your line.
TO CABINET-MAKERS

and a street of the principal of the street of the street