WASHINGTON, Feb. 20. Senate-A flood of petitions poured in against the Nebraska bill. Mr. Johnson reported a bill to organize into separate territor os the Chectaw, Cherokee and Creek Indian country. It proposes to give the Indian inhabitants a kind of government which would promote their civilization and ultimately entitle them to the right of self-government-Mr. Pettit, of Indiana, spoke in favor of the Nebraska bill, discussing the question of races, white and negro equality, &c., and contending that the colored race were no where

free. Mr. Sumner then secured the floor. House.-The Speaker laid before the House a letter from the Secretary of the Interior, with reference to the bill proposing to grant bounty land to the soldiers who served in the war of 1812. He says it would require eighty three millions acres of land, and for the issuing of over five hundred thousand warrants, it would employ the whole bounty land clerical force of the government for nine years. Mr. Florence said that before action was had upon the bill, he wanted time to examine the Secretary's letter. In committee of the whole, Mr. Ewing, of Ky. spoke on the Nebraska question. His main object was to show that Mr. Clay never supported the Missouri line, but always repudiated it. He read from the speech of Mr. Clay, of 1850, to show that he was not the author of that line, and that it did not originate in the House of which he was then a member. Senator Thomas of Illinois, was its author. Mr. Clay did not know whether he voted for it not. He was speaker then, It did not, however, accomplish the purpose intended. The very next year the North opposed-the admission of Missouri; in this difficulty Mr. Clay offered the Compromise, which accomplished the admission of Missouri into the Union, and settled the Slavery ques-

WASHINGTON, Feb. 21. Senate:-After some preliminary business the Senate resumed the consideration of the Nebraska bill.

Mr. Sumner, of Mass., took the floor, and Mr. Sumner, of Mass., took the hoor, and made an able and eloquent speech in opposi-tion to the bill. He spoke for three hours, and was listened to with great attention. His exordium, was very beautiful. He regarded the question as momentous. It had not been surpassed by any in grandeur and im-portance since the declaration of independence. It concerned an immense and rich country now guarded against the introduction of slavery by the Missouri Compromise, but which compro-mise it was proposed to set aside for the purpose of extending slavery. Our country stood alone in the community of nations, in assum-ing the championship of slavery. He replied to the argument of Mr. Petit with reference to to the argument of Mr. Pett with reference to the inequality of the white and colored races, and also to the views adduced by Mr. Badger, that a farther distribution of slavery would prove beneficial, both of which positions he ongly controverted.

He then entered into an elaborate argument

to show what the Missouri Compromine was, by whom it was enacted, and the nature of the compact thereby formed between the Northern and the Southern States. It excluded slavery, forever from all territory lying north of 36 deg. 30, except in the territory of Mis-souri. Then, entering into a detailed history of the question, he said there had been at that time great excitement upon the admiss the State of Missouri into the Union. North wanted slavery excluded, while the South was in favor of its extension. Mr. Pickney, of Maryland, had spoken ably upon the question, and had thought there ought to be a compromise. Senator Thomas, of Illi tols, then proposed a compromise line, and which now constitutes the sight section of the Migsouri not. The measure prevailed in the Splate by a vote of 34 to 10, both Senators from six slave States voting for it. The donble measure, restricting slavery north of 36 deg. 30, and admitting the State of Missouri with slavery, passed the Senate by a vote of 84 to 20, every Southern Senator, with the exception of two, and four Northern Senators, voting for it. The measure was supported in the House by Southern votes, and was finally passed by the Committee of Conferences appointed by a Vice President from the South in the Senate, and Henry Clay as speaker in the House, It was approved by President Monroe, and the unanimous opinion of his Cabinet, with Messrs. Adams, Crawford, Thompson, Calhoun, and Wirt, and a majority of Southern men; was that it was in no wise unconsti-

In conclusion, Mr. Sumner appealed to Southern Senators to keep inviolate the com-promise they had made, and to oppose every measure tending to give new life and food to

House.—The Homestead hill was under disoussion, and Mr. Dent, of Georgia, spoke againstit as unfair and unjust. He said he would bestow the public lands upon none except those who fought for them. He was opposed to all grants to rail roads and to those who were too lazy to work. Mr. Grew, of Pa. spoke in favor of the bill. Mr. Smith, of Va. followed against it. Mr. Dawson closed the debate, in favor of the bill. The committee rose and reported the bill to the House. The bill granting bounty land to the soldiers of the war of 1812, was then again taken up, the question pending being a motion to lay the subject on the table. It was on motion referred to the Committee of the whole on the State of the Union.

WASHINGTON, Fob. 22. Neither House of Congress was in session to-day, having adjourned over in honor of the anniversary of the birth of the "Father of his country."

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WASHINGTON, Feb. 23.

Senate .- Mr. Sumner presented the credentials of Mr. Fessenden, the newly elected Senator from Maine, and Mr. F. was qualified and took his seat. A number of remonstratioes were presented by Messrs. Seward, Chase Foot and Broadhead, against the repeal of the Missouri Compromise. A variety of unimport tant business was considered and disposed of. The Senate then again resumed the consideration of the Nebraska territorial bill. Mr. Teombs took the floor, and spoke in exceedingly bitter terms of the Abolition agitators of the North. He styled all who did not agree; with him as white slaves, and declared that those, who were now so anxious to hold, the South to an obsolete compact, had heretofore been ever ready to break it. He denounced, in unmeasured terms of reprobation those who opposed the bill on the grounds of an extension of slavery. He spoke for upwards of an hour and a balf. Mr. Hunter next obtained the floor, and the subject was then postponed. The Senate then, on motion of Mr. Gwin, took up the bill for the construction of six steam frigates for the United States Navy, and appropriating three million dollars for that purpose which was considered and passed.

. House .- Mr. Wheeler asked leave to present the proceedings of the meeting held at the Tabernacle, in New York, on Saturday last, against the passage of the Nebraska territorial bill. Massrs. Clingman and Taylor objectad, and leave was refused. Mr. Disney, from the Committee on Lands, reported a bill making a grant of lands to aid in the construction of railronds in the State of Wisconsin, Considerable discussion ensued upon the bill.

Mr. Disney wanted the bill put at once on , its pussage. Others desired the bill referred to the Committee of the Whole. Several members spoke upon the merits of the bill, and various motions to go into Committee of the Whole were made and failed, no quorum voting. Other motions were made to adjourn, and the bill still pending. The House finally idjourned.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 24. Senate. Mr. Everett presented the Massa chusetts legislative resolutions against the Nebraska bill. Qu motion of Mr. Cooper the Committee appointed to investigate the chares against Gov. Ramsey, of Minesota, were ischarged, and his accounts ordered to be settled by the accounting officers of the Govrnment. The Nebraska bill was then taken up, and Mr. Douglass said that a caucus of bate should be closed by Wednesday next .--Mr. Hunter, of Va. then spoke in favor of the bill. Mr. Butler, of S. C. then secured the

House, -The report in favor of Mr. Gallego's right to a seat in the House as a delegate from New Mexico, was adopted. Mr. Disney from the committee on Public Lands, reported a bill making grants of land to the several states for school purposes with the recommendation that nittee of the whole. Considerable discussion nsued and the bill was finally referred. The Congress, was then announced, and the House adjourned to Monday.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 25. Senate .- Several potitions were presented nd disposed of. Mr. Cass read from Earl Clarendon's speech in the British Parliament. respondence that England and France designed to prevent our acquisition of Cuba. Mr. Harrisburg. Bell--How have we profited by the notice ?-Mr. Mason-By keeping perfectly quiet, as we should. He thought that there was nothing for us to do until the interference actual- gunpowder. The Russian Ministers have rely occurs. What would the Senator from tired from the Courts of Victoria and Louis Michigan do? Mr. Cass read Mr. Church- Napoleon, and on the 7th inst., instructions well's non-intervention resolutions, offered in were sent to General Castlebajar and Sir Geo. the House some weeks ago, and said that he Seymour, the Envoys of France and Great would pass them, and declare our rights in Britain at St. Petersburg, to suspend diplothe family of nations to stand by them in all matic intercourse with the Muscovite governextremitles. The Senate then resumed the ment. This is the "knocking the chip off the ler having the floor, concluded his speech in Nicholas shows the white feature, or has an favor of the bill, and the Senate then adjourn- apoplectic fit. France is busy preparing

The House is not in session to-day. WASHINGTON, Feb. 27. Senate-Great numbers of petitions against road grants of lands passed. The Nebraska din canopy of warlike preparation. The ratbill was then taken up. Mr. Chase moved an tling drum; the roar of artillery; the crash of amendment providing for the election of Gov-neeting legions, the wail of agony and the ernor and other officers. Mr. Cass spoke at grouns of the dying, must be the music of the length, defining his position on the subject people of Europe, while her diplomatists call generally, and announcing he would vote for the bill. Mr. Cooper of Pa. said he would for to our extended extracts from foreign panecessarily be absent for some days, and was pers for later naws in detail. ompelled to avail himself of this late hour to express his views. This was a measure fraught with evil. Its passage would revive all the agitation and excitement before experienced on the slavery question. Its passage might not be followed at the North by violent outbreak or resistance to the laws, but it would nevertheless produce a deeper and more uni versal reprobation than any other act could

The House proceedings were unimportant.

U. S. AGRICULTURAL SOCIETY. Washington, Feb. 23 .- The U. S. Agricul-

ural Society met this morning, at 10 o'clock, were over one hundred members present, repesenting twenty different States. The President then proceeded to deliver the annual address. The address recommends the appoint ment of Commissioners to visit and report upon the exhibitions of the several State Agricultural Societies-the holding of exhibitions by the Society, either alone or in concert with other associations—the appointment of a pernanent editor of the Society's Journal-a application to Congress for an appropriation, and suggests that this Society, through its fficers, members and auxiliaries, might per form the duties now discharged by the Agripultural Department of the Patent Office. He ecommends that committees be appointed to report upon these various recommendations.

The debates which followed on various questions, were animated and interesting.

The California news by the Northern Light is not important. A good deal of exitement had been produced in San Francisco house of Palmer, Cook & Co.,) to bribe one of the State Senators in regard to the Senatorial election. Accounts from the mining districts present no new features of interest. The latest intelligence from Lower California reaches to the 27th ult. At that date the invaders were in camp in Ensenada, waiting for something to turn up. The band had been thinned by the desertion of several of its members, who had arrived at San Diego, with the report that the Fillibusters were short of provisions, nd had begun to obtain supplies by helping hemselves to the provisions of the rancheros. decree of President Walker had annexed onora to the new Republic.

TRUE BILL FOUND AGAINST THE HAMMERS.-On Thursday the Grand Jury of Philadelphia ound a true bill against Graves and Susan Hammer, for an assault and battery on Charles ected that the two first named are the parents hom, and who was brought before Judge lays since on habeas corpus, by which the pa la repeal of the Missouri Compromise. ents desired to get possession of their child who was in the custody of Mrs. Lewis, and to whom the Court again awarded him.

FIRES IN YORK COUNTY .- The dwelling and arpenter shop of Moses Bentzal, in Paradise ownship, York county, Pa., were destroyed by fire on the 4th inat. Loss \$3,000. The dwelling at Manor Furnace, in Chanceford ownship, same county, owned by Mr. John Herr, of York, and occupied by Mr. Wm. Haris, was burned down on the 12th ult.

nen J. M. Cooper, late Editor of the Valley Spirit, has resigned his office in the Custom Rouse at Philadelphia, and Intends to disconot himself from the Pennsylvanian at an early by after which he will return to Clambers- M. E. Church will meet in Baltimore on Wedburg and resume his connection with that pa- needey the first of March.

HEBALD AND EXPOSITOR.



CARLISLE, PA. WEDNESDAY, MARCH 1, 1854.

HE LARGEST AND CHEAPEST NEWSPAPER IN CUMBERLAND COUNTY. Terms Two Dollars a year, or One Dollar and Fifty Cents, if paid punctually in Advance.

New Our thanks are due to Mr. Kuntz, of the friends of the bill had agreed that the de. the U. S. House of Representatives, and to Mesars. Wherry, McKee and Moser, of our State Legislature, for public documents.

\$1 75 if paid within the year.

1853. A correspondent of the Juniata Sentinel recomends Hon. Henry S. Evans, Whig Senator from Chester county, as a suitable caudidate for Governor.

NEW CALIFORNIA PENS .-- We have been presented by the manufacturer with specimens of be passed. Mr. Disney asked that the a new Metallic Pen called the California Penlouse proceed to the immediate consideration which we find to be vastly superior to the t the bill, without its reference to the com- many varieties of steel pens now in use .--They are made of a combination of copper and other metals, are well formed for fine writing leath of Gen. Robert Armstrong, Printer to and are perfectly free from any liability to corrode. Those who use metallic pens are advised to try them. For sale at Mr. Piper's Book Store, Main street.

STATE LEGISLATURE.

We learn from Harrisburg that both branches intimating that the Anglo French alliance ex- of the Legislature have accepted an invitation ends to Western as well as Eastern affairs. — to be present at the grand Consolidation Cel-Mr. Cass said that this clearly means an alli- ebration in Philadelphia on the 10th of March. ance designed to check our national aggran- The House has had the prohibitory liquor bill dizement by the acquisition of Cuba. He under discussion, but little progress has been hoped that the Committee on Foreign Rola- made toward its passage. The indications are tions would be prepared to recommend some that no bill will be passed. The bill for the nction declaratory of our determination not to sale of the Public Works passed in committee permit such an interference. Mr. Mason said of the whole in the Senate yesterday. The that we had notice in the Tripartite treaty cor- House has twice negatived the bill providing permanent sessions of the Supreme Court at

WAR PROSPECTS IN EUROPE.

The news by the Baltic smells strongly of onsideration of the territorial bill. Mr. But- shoulder," and the blow m. . . . . . low unless transports, and England has chartered several steamers to forward men and munificus to the assistance of Turkey. The Baltic is to be occupied by an English fleet, while the Meditterrancan will swarm with allied vessels. We ebraska were presented. A number of rail see no ray of light betokening peace amid the out the figures in the dance of Death! We re-

The Harrisburg Union is "down" on the Canal Commissioners for granting free tickets over the State Railroads to the clergymen. It says that "as a class, the average ab!" ility of clergymen to pay their fare, is equal to other classes of our citizens." But how about the "free tickets" to delegates to Locofoco State Conventions, Members of Legislature, and Locofoco politicians in general? It cofoco politician in the State travels over the public works at the expense of the people .-The difference between them and "clergymen' lies not so much in the ability "to pay," as in n the hall of the Smithsonian Institute. There the ability to control influence for or against

MR. BUCHANAN.-Rumors were rife in Washington that the government had advices from Mr. Buchanan, our Minister to England. nnouncing his intention to return home very shortly, on account of his treatment by English officials in the matter of his recent refusal to go en costume to the House of Lords at the opening of Parliament, if he went at all. The Star, however, considers the rumor premature.

ELLIOTT CRESSON, Esq., died on Monday at his residence in Philadelphia, of erysipelas, after a short illness. He was associated with many of the henevolent projects of the day, and at the period of his death was the President of the Pennsylvania Colonization Society.

Throughout the country, the Germans and all those who are desirous of keeping Nebraska and Kansas open for the immigration of free laborers, are strenously opposed to the bill of Mr. Douglass. They desire a place hy-the alleged attempt of Mr. Palmer, (of the where the cultivation of the soil by freemen will be no disgrace.

> ROY A meeting in favor of Douglass's Ne braska Bill was lately attempted at Louisville, Ky., but the Journal says that not more than fifty persons were present, and of these only about-half a dozen voted in favor of the reso lutions. Such an indication of public sentiment in a slave State seems rather ominous.

WATER AND GAS ST. CKS .-- At a sale in York last week, a number of shares of York Water stock sold at an average of \$28,14, the par value of which is \$25. York gas stock brought \$50 061-its par value is \$50. We predict that Carlisle Water and Gas Stock will be better than this after the completion of the works.

CONNETICUT AGAINST NEBBASKA. The Democratic State Convention met in Hartford on John Graeff, alias Hammer. It will be recol; the 22d inst., and nominated Samuel Ingham for Governor, and a full State ticket. Reso. f the little boy who was so brutally treated by utlons were passed by a nearly unanimous vote sustaining the ordinance of 1787, and the Chompson, in the Court of Common Pleas some Compromises of 1820 and 1850, and opposing

> BEA\_Gen Robert Armstrong, the proprietor and editor of the Daily Union, died at Wash ington on Thursday evening. He had been in feeble health for some time, but was not regarded as in a critical condition.

> The N. Y. Tribune claims the Hon. John . Crittenien, of Kentucky, as an opponent of the Nebraska Bill, and says that he will soon take the field against it.

> The Indiana and Wisconsin Legislature have each ordered Anti-Nebraska resolutions to a third reading by large majorities.

> Bar The Baltimore Annual Conference of the

1.1.4.

A BROKEN PLEDGE.

Senator Douglass and his supporters in the proposed Nebraska outrage, are now performing some wondedful feats of ground and lofty tumbling on the following plank of the Balimore platform, adopted at the Democratic National Convention which nominated Gen. Pierce:

Resolved, "That the Democratic party will re sist all attempts at renewing, in Congress or out of it, the agitation of the slavery question, under whatever bhape or color the attempt may

As if this were not sufficient, Gen. Pierce, in his inaugural address, speaking of the repose given to the country by the compromise of 850, says:-"That this repose is to suffer no shock during ny afficial term, if I have power to evert it, those tho placed me here may be assured."

Such are the professional But the whole ifluence of the administration is now given to he renewal of the agitation, and in the most bnoxious manner—in the repeal of the solmn-compact of the Missouri Compromise!

THE LANCASTER PENSION FRAUDS

The Lancaster Express of Saturday last,

states that Messrs. Ford, Vondersmith and vans, who were recently arrested for frauds n the Pension Bureau at Washington, have It was generally expected that some astound og developements would be made next week in the trial of Vondersmith, Ford and Evans, efore the United States District Court, on the charge of defrauding the Pension Bureau.— There is no doubt that these frauds have rur there is no doubt that these trauds have run through many years, involving thousands of dollars, and it was expected that he testimony in the case would have pointed to other parties whose social positions had a far shielded them from suspicion. But we tover developments might have been made we not now be brought to light, for the very good reason that the government will find itself ready to proceed with the trial next week without hav ing the prinoners to arraign. During the week they have disappeared from Lancaster, and are said to be far on their way to Europe by this time. Vondersmith and Ford were under bail in \$7,000 each, and Ald Evans in \$5,000. It is probable the question will be raised in the District Court next week, whother or Judge Long was justified in interposing the habens corpus in this case, and how far this

of his duty resulted in the escape of the ac-cused. Had the Marshal been permitted to take the parties before the U.S. Commission The Philadelphia Ledger says: The sum total of which the Government, is is alleged, has been defrauded, is said to be upwards of \$70,000, of which Judge Vonder petrate the frauds in the cases which have thus

FRANKLIN COUNTY.

Chambersburg Transcript, [in which was revealed to him-the location of large and rich deposits of gold near Chambersburg. Led by the directions revealed in his dream, although he had never been either in Cumberland or laguerreotype of his mind's picture. He comsenced the search for treasure and found some M. at first thought him insane, but was finally persuaded to accompany bim to the place of hidden treasure. Mr. Miley then purchased five acres of the ground, and digging operations were commenced. An ore was soon obtained which seems to have been more satisfactory than that at first obtained, and which has since been taken to Philadelphia for ana-

time the matter has produced no little sensa tion in the neighborhood. PENN'A, CITIES AND TOWNS.

lysis. The result is not yet known. Mean-

The U. S. Census of 1850 furnishes us the ollowing statement of the population of the oities, towns, and villages in this State, which will be found useful for reference:—

Philadelphia,	408,762	Pittsburg,	85,48
Reading,	15,784	Lancaster,	12,36
Easton.	8,761	Harrisburg,	7,88
Pottsville,	7,515	Beaver, etc.,	6,98
York,	6,863	Norristown,	6,02
Erie,	5,838	Carbondale,	4.94
Carlisle,	4.581	Columbia,	4,14
Pittston,	4,049	Danville,	8,80
Chambersburg	8,825	West Chester.	8,17
Tamaqua,	8,080	Lewistown,	2,78
.Wilkesbarre.	2,723	Phonixville,	2,67
Washington,	2,662	Meadville,	2,57
Bristol,	2,570	Hollidaysburg	, 2,44
Brownsville,	2,869	Union,	2,88
New Castle,	2,404	Honesdald,	2:26
Lebanon,	2,184	Gettysburg,	2,18
Port Carbon,	2,142	Schy'l Haven,	2,07
Marietta,	2,099	St. Clair,	2,01
Lewisburg,	2,012		•

tants or more.

EXTENT OF THE LATE STORM .- The New York papers contain despatches, showing that Middle and New England States were most

ublished: At Pittsburg the snow fell for twenty-four hours, and is very deep. At Cincinnati, no suow for a month, but a hard rain all day. At Louisville, a severe rain storm, but no snov for a week. At St. Louis the weather was very warm, with heavy rain and a gale of wind: At Chicago, the weather was pleasant and spring-like. No snow for ten days. At Cleveland, the snow fell to about three inches, but soon melted. At Columbus there was a triffe of snow which soon disappeared. At Buffalo the day was cool and pleasant, with no

Jeromiah McLaughlin, who was a law student The question was, whether the great Eric Cain the office of Judge Shaler, in Pittsburg some nal should be enlarged. three years ago, was accidently killed at New Lisbon, Olio, on Monday ovening last by haryland Legislature has rec'ec-faling over a stair-case while intoxicated. It had Hon. J. A. Pearco as U. S. Scuntor, for six is said the circumstances attending the death years from the 4th of March, 1856. The vote of Mr McLanghlin created great excitement in stood—Pearce, 58; Judge Constable, 85. the city of New Lisbon. The people have turned out in large numbers, destroying all the How to Duess.—Next to the Turkish ques-

Wolcome the first day of Spring

Cown and County Matters.

Bir. Skiles's Concert, The Concert of the "Carlisle Amateur Chorus Club," last evening under the direction of Mr. WM: Skilles, was fully successful and gave. the highest satisfaction to the large audience assembled on the occasion. Mr. Hill admirably sustained his reputation as a Ballad-Singer and the choruses were sungewith fine effect.

Burough Election. The annual election for boroug officers will take place on Friday, the 17th of March inst. The East Ward will this year elect four members of Council and the West Ward five. The Whigs can therefore if they exert themselves secure a majority in the Council for the coming year. Union Fire Company's Lectures.

The second lecture of the Union Fire Company's course was delivered in Marion Hall, on Thursday evening last, by the Rev. J. B. lonss, on the subject of the Mechanic Arts. Mr. M's lecture was in a high degree interesting, and was listened to by his large and intelligent audience with fixed attention. The origin and progress of the higher Arts was traced from the earliest ages, and their happy beconded from that city. The Express adds: | influence in refining the taste and elevating the character of individuals and nations, was glowingly exhibited by the lecturer. The interest of the occasion was further enlivened by the singing of several appropriate songs by the "Continentals." which elicited rapturous applause. The third lecture will be delivered to-morrow evening by R. M. HENDERSON, Esq. Subject-The Machine Mind.

A New Hotel. The Rev. Mr. Morss, while speaking on the subject of Architecture, in his interesting lecture on Thursday evening last, remarked that he could not avoid making a momentary digression from his subject, in order to speak of the necessity which existed for the erection of a new Hotel in Carlisle. In this matter, he remarked. Carlisle was decidedly behind, the age. Every day gave additional proof that the nterference with the Marshal in the discharge | hotel accommodations of our town are not sufficient for the many, who particularly in the summer season, seek our beautiful and healer, it is not likely that they would have been let off with so light a surety. desire. He carnestly appealed to our citizens to take the matter in hand, and with the otheradmirable enterprises which are now in progress, of supplying Water and Gas, to delay mith is alleged to have been the principal re-civer—his supposed share being full two-birds. The names of the females used to per-Hotel. The remarks of the Rev. gentleman on this point were received with the most deoa this point were received with the most decrease have the most decrease investigated, are: Mrs. Susan Long, Margaret Lytle, Magdalena Russel, Rebecca Hurley, Eva Callaghan, Margaret Hartman, Maria Gray, Juliana Parker, Christiana Watson, and Jane Winnere. On one of the claims that of Mrs. Lytle, over \$10,000 was paid on the case given that of Mrs. Lytle, over \$10,000 was paid on the case given that of Mrs. Lytle, over \$10,000 was paid on the case given that of Mrs. Lytle, over \$10,000 was paid on the case given the case giv public houses now in our place, we may say raudulent pension papers. In the case given that a new Hotel, combining the many modern parties or their relatives, and in several of improvements, elegancies and conveniences, them no trace can be found that they ever exis greatly needed in our borough. That the project would pay, if not extravagantly carried out, there is no reasonable doubt. It has been An old German residing in Lancaster lately, much discussed in private circles, and we dreamed a dream," as we learn from the should rejoice to hear of efficient steps toward consummating the plan.

Decidedly the finest musical entertainments ever offered to our community were those by Franklin counties before, he commenced his the "Continental" troupe of Vocalists, who pilgrimage to the spot, and found it as indi-cated. He solumnly declares that every scene along the route was as familiar to him as if he crowded to overflowing at the last Concert, had been in the habit of traversing it for years, and sincere regret was expressed that these and that the place of deposit was a perfect accomplished and gentlemanly Vocalists could not be induced to remain longer in our town. Their singing delighted all who heard them, "shining stuff," but which did not prove to be while their gentlemanly demeaner made the gold. He then returned to Lancaster, and af- most favorable impression. They promise to ter some time succeeded in interesting Mr. visit us again cos n, and we can assure them Miley, of that place, in his enterprise. Mr. our citizens will greet them with a cordial

Anniversary Address. Our talented and excellent friend, R. P. Mo-CLURE, Esq., of Shippensburg, delivered an address before the Diagnotehan Society of the Shippensburg Academy, on the evening of the 22d ult., on the subject of Patriotism. It afforded great pleasure to a large audience of students and citizens.

Clerical Change. Rev. WM. WAGONER, for several years Pastor of the United Brethren Congregation in York, has been appointed to a similar station in Shiremanstown, in this county.

Cumberland County Ahead. The Shippensburg News says, a few days age a cow belonging to Mr. Jacob H. Coover of Southampton township, gave birth to a calf, 84 which three days after weighed one hundred and five pounds! Where can this be beat?

near A serious reencountre took place at Washington on Tuesday last between Senator Clemens, of Alabama and Mr. Harris, of Mississippi. Mr Clemens was introduced to Mr-Harris, who declined replying. The introduction was unsolicited. Mr. Clemens retorted that he would make Harris responsible. Mr. Harris rejoined angrily, when Mr. C. drew a revolver and struck Harris a heavy blow on the head, cutting it dangerously, felling him The list embraces all the towns and villages to the ground. Clemens then seized a chair, in the State with a population of 2000 inhabi- but was prevented from further attack by his friends who interfered. The difficulty remains unexplained, and a duel is anticipated.

MELANGHOLY FATE .-- Charles Fenno Hoffthe late snow storm did not prevail to any man, the author of a volume of sketches of great extent west of the Alleghenies. The Forest Life, and a book of Poems, which have won him some literary fame, is now an inmate severely visited. The following reports of the of the State Lunntic Asylum, near Harrisburg. weather on Monday, at various places, are a pitiful victim to incurable insanity! He was brought there some weeke since, from one of the Maryland Institutions, The cause of his malady is not publicly known.

MSA. A woman living in the eastern part of Dayton, Ohio, a short time since presented by husband with a boy who weighed just one one pound. His first bed was made on a common sized dinner plate. The event has created a great sensation in the Convention city.

The Canal Question in New York, submitted to the people on We lne day, has been FEARFUL WARNING.—A young man named settled by a large majority of votes in its fayor

turned out in large numbers, destroying all the liquor they could find. It is said that all it is the liquor they could find. It is said that all it is the liquor held by the grocers of the place, that so much trouble as the quostion of how to dress, we may have a war yet upon this subject. To could be bought, was purchased by the people and those who refused to sell had the liquor foreibly taken from them and thrown lute the street.

How to Dagss.—Next to the Turkish question, there is nothing that gives diplomatists on much trouble as the quostion of how to dress, we may have a war yet upon this subject. To origin ministers as well as resident citizens, and those who refused to sell had the liquor of clothing at Rockhill & Wilson's No. 111 Chesnut street; corner of Franklin Place For a very little maney, a may may be rigged out there fit to appear before a queen or an emporor.

LATER FROM EUROPE. GREAT PREPARATIONS OF FRANCE AND ENGLAND FOR WAR!

By the arrival of the Steamer Baltic, at N. and French Ministers to Russia have been ordered to leave St. Petersburg, and the Russian representatives at London and Paris, have also set out for home. The propositions of the Czar have been rejected. Great preparations are making by the British and French Governments for hostilities. Three millions of cannon balls have been ordered by the British Government. Several Cunard Steamers have been taken by the English Government to transport troops to Constantinople. Half of the British Revenue force has been transferred to the Navy. The Emperor of France, at a recent discussion at the Tuilleries expressed recent discussion at the Tuilleries expressed the necessity of vigorous preparations for war. Immense orders for arms and ammunition are being expected. The latest news from the seat of war on the Danube represents that Omer Pacha has effected most important movements, having crossed the Danube with 50,000 men and divided the Russian Army's right

THREE DAYS LATER.

wing, which is at Krajova.

PREPARATIONS FOR WAR GOING ON-NEGOTIATIONS FOR PEACE. The Steamship Europa arrived at New York n Saturday, with three days later advices from Europe. The news is not as important as was anticipated, being of the same general character as that brought by the previous ar rival. The warlike preparations by England and France, however, are still in active progress. The Liverpool grain market had materially declined, owing in a great measure to falling off in the speculative demand, and prices for the week had given way one shilling on flour, two shillings on corn, and three pend

on wheat. England and France continue to make ac tive preparations for the prosecution of the war in the East. The Turkish Cabinet has been dismissed, and one in favor of a compro-mise with Russia formed. A despatch from Vienna, says that Count Orloff left on the 8th for St. Petersburg, taking with him the post tive assurance that Austria and Prussia would tive assurance that Austria and Prussia would remain neutral. Although the Russian Envoy offered to give up the pretension to that with Turkey alone, his new propositions were reacted. The English Ambassador was very positive, in consequence of express instructions from home on the subject.

According to Gen. Schilder's report to the Russian Embassy, the army of occupation is in a pitiable condition, the original corps being \$5.000 men weaker than when it crossed the

35.000 men weaker than when it crossed th

Pruth in July.

A despatch from Vienna, of Wednesday norning says, negotiations for Peace are said

morning says, negonations for the same states of the same says, negonations for the same sold, St. Petersburg despatches of Feb. 1st have been received in Paris. The excitement was very great. The war party was very enthusing and the peace party anxious. Nothing R. R. Office, Chamb'g, Feb 18, 1854. [feb22] very great. The war party was very enthusi-asic, and the peace party anxious. Nothing had transpired in official circles. The Empe-ror was suffering from an attack of bile, ac-

companied by fever.

The London Times understands that three pattallons of the Guards, with six regiments of the line, are under orders to embark for the Mediterranean on the 19th of the present month. Their destination in the first instance will probably be Malta. The Times also states in a leading article,

that the present state of the Eastern question s this: "If the German Powers, and in paricular Austria, adhere to their engagement with the Western States, the chances of peace are small, but war. if it breaks out, would be limited in extent, and short in duration. If on the contrary, it should unhappily turn out that Russia has overpowered the independences and sounder policy of the German States, war is not only inevitable, but it must assume a more general and aggravated character. On his vital point it is absolutely essential that Il uncertainty be removed with the least pos-ible delay."

The Herald reports that the number of troops to be sent by England to Turkey will be 10,000 and more will be held in readiness should they be required. The following will probably sail on the 18th; 8th, 28th and 35th pattalions of the Guards; the 79th regiment of coot, the 2d battalion of tifles, and 4 companies of military. In every department of the public service the most warlike preparations

From France we also learn that warlike reparations continue to be made on the most xtensive scale. The work goes unceasingly y day and night. At the military schools the roops are exercised in operations of atttack, he passage of rivers, &c.
The combined fleets re-entered the Black
Sea on the 28th. Military operations in Asia

suspended. A vast conspiracy to raise an insurrection among the Greeks on the banks of the Danube had been discovered. Four hun-lred insurgents have sworn to die in defence of the Cross and the Greek Church: A san guinary action has taken place near Guirgeon, with great loss on both sides. Three thou-sand Turks crossed the Danube, drove in the Russian advanced posts, attacked the town,

and then retired.

Letters from the Danubian Principalities give, a deplorable picture of the misery which exists among the agricultural population, who are torn by the invaders from their homes in order to transport troops, build barracks, and to perform other forced duties. The distress to perform other forced duties. The distress of a portion of the Wallachian population is so great that they emigrate in masses into the Austrian or Turkish provinces, or take up arms to resist the outrages of which they are

In relation to China and East Indies, there vere advices from Shanghai to December 17th and Amoy to the 24th. Canton and Ningp remained quiet. Matters had resumed the usual course at Amoy. A large portion of Shanghai had been destroyed by fire by the Imperialists.—[A portion of the Rebel-forces had marshed north from Nankin and captured In consequence of the death of the Empere

f Japan, the Court would go into mourning or, two years, during which no Embassies ould be received.

Lange Diamond.—The following paragraph n regard to a remarkable Diamond found in South America, appears in the money column of the London Times;

One of the largest Diamonds known was de-osited yesterday at the Bank of England, ly London house, to whom it was consigned om Rio Janeiro. Its weight is 254 carat. and its estimated value according to the scale £380,000. It is said to be of the finest water and without flaw, and was found by a negro lave, who received his freedom as a reward

DEATH OF THE POISONER.-The negro woma who poisoned the family of the late Colman 24. The account of Thomas A. McKinney, ex'r. Wingfield, at Richmond, Va., and who drank of the coffee in which the arsenic had been dish solved, for the purpose of proving her innocence, has since died of its effects. The family are slowly recovering.

On the 19th ult., by the Rev. A. H. Kr.

On the 16th ult., by the same, Mr. Janed UNEMAKER, to Miss MARGARET PYR. On the same day, by the same, Mr. David Pyr, to Miss Prisonia Nunemaker, all of outh Middleton, this co. n. you have been of releasing a **DIND**, o Has a seeing now of

On Sunday, the 29th ult., MARY BITNER, of thiremenatown, eged about 30 years.
On Sunday the 10th ut. Louisa, K. daugh, or of Mr. Charles W. Weaver, of West Pennsor to washin midd 16 years. oro township, nged 16 years."

The Market.

BALTIMORE MARKET. By the arrival of the Stenmar Baltic, at N.

of K. on Monday of last week, we have highly important news from Europe. The British and French Ministers to Russia have been or algorith 100 km in 150 km 1200 bb. Howelfeld to leave Sir Petersburg, and the Russian

New Advertisaments.

CARD.

Misses Paine return their gratoful acknowledgements to the Firemen and citizens of Car-lisle, for their prompt, active and efficient ser-vices in extinguishing the fire which occurred in their dwelling on the morning of the 21st.

Cumberland Valley Railroad. 

CHANGE OF HOURS. ON and after FRIDAY, February 24, 1854, Passenger Trains will run as follows, (Sundays excepted,) viz:

FOR IMARRISBURG,

1st. Train,

Leave Chambersb'g 5.30 A.M. - 4.20 P.M.

"Shippensb'g 6.04 A.M. - 4.53 P.M.

"Newville 6.38 A.M. - 5.22 P.M.

"Carlisle 7.18 A.M. - 6.01 P.M.

"Mechanicable 7.50 A.M. - 6.33 P.M. Harrisburg 8.15 A.M. -FOR CHAMBERSBURG FOR CHAMBERSBURG

1st Train, 2d Train.b

Leave Harrisburg 8.45 A.M. - 12.30 P.M.

Mechanicsb'g 9.17 - 1.07 ...

Carlisle 9.55 ... - 1.45 ...

Newville 10.30 ... - 2.20 ...

Shippensb'g 11.02 ... - 2.52 ...

At Chambersb'g 11.30 ... - 3.20 ...

Hereafter no train will be run on Sunday. The Morning Train connects at Harrisburg with the Philadelphia and Baltimore Trains-

Passengers by Afternoon Train may proceed to Philadelphia at 7.45 P. M. The Morning Trains from Philadelphia and Baltimore connect with the 12,30 M Train for

Chambersburg.
Passengers going West, same day, must reach Harrisburg by Morning Train:
The Cars of the Dauphin and Susquebanna Rail Rond leave Harrisburg daily, (Sundays excepted) for Auburn-connecting at that point with Trains for Pottsville and Reading.

NOTICE:

CUMB. VALLEY RAIL ROAD.

The SUNDAY TRAINS on this road will be A F SMITH, Sup't. Feb 20, 1854 Register's Notice.

OTICE is hereby given to all persons interested, that the following accounts have been filled in this Office by the account tants therein named, for examination, and will be presented to the Orphaus' Court of Cumber-land courty, for confirmation and allowance, on TUESDAY, the 21st day of March, A. D. 1854. viz: 1. The account of Daniel Shell, adm'r, of the

estate of Thomas C. Reeme, late of Shire-manstown, Cumb. co. dec'd. . The account of Wm. Mateer and Susanna

Waggoner, adm'rs, of the estate of Jacob Waggoner, late of Allen twp. dec'd . The account of Mrs. Eliza Fishburn, execoutrix of John Fishburn, late of West 1. The account of Jacob Goodyear, one of the

ex'rs. of Frederick Goodyear, late of Monroe The guardianship account of Rudolph Martin, guardian of Aaron Neavling, minor con

of Samuel Neavling, late of Dau, hin county, dec'd. . The account of James McCormick, ex'r. of Jane Stewart, late of the borough of Shippensburg, dec'd.

. The account of Hugh B. McCune, ex'r. of Hannah Irvine, late of Hopewell twp. dec'd .

. The second supplemental account of Jacob Bowman, ex'r. of Samuel Bowman, late of West Pennsboro twp. dec'd. D. The account of John Doner and David Do-ner, ex'rs. of Daniel Doner, late of West

Pennsboro twp. dec'd. 10. The account of John Wolf and John Zug, ex'rs. of John Wolf, late of South Middletor twp. dec'd. 11. The account of John Sadler and John C.

Sample, ex'rs. of Daniel Coble, late of Silver Spring twp. dec'd. 12. The account of John Wallace, adm'r. of the estate of James Wallace, late of Frankford twp. dec'd.

13. The account of John B. Coover, Esq. adm'r. of the estate of George Creamer, late of Lower Allen twp. dec'd. 14. The account of Hugh W. McCullough, adm'r. of the estate of James McCullough, late of Dickinson twp. dec'd.

15. The account of Levi Merkel, adm'r. of the estate of Jeremiah J. Smith, late of Lower Allen twp" dec'd. 16. The account of James Kennedy, Esq., adm'r. of the estate of John Sensebaugh,

late of Mifflin twp. dec'd-17. The account of John Murphy, Esq., ex'r. of Rebecca Williamson, late of Monroe twp.

18. The account of David Williams, guardian of Thomas Williams, minor son of Fred'k. Williams, late of North Middleton twp. dec'd. 19. The account of John P. Rhoads, adm'r, of the estate of Elizabeth High, late of Mifflin twp. dco'd. 20. The account of John Wert, adm'r. of

Henry Hartzel, late of South Middleton top. 21. The account of Matthias Bitner, ex'r. of Martin H. Goswiler, late of Hampden twp.

22 The second supplemental account of John llouser, ex'r, of Robert Cook, late of Hamp-den twp. dec'd. 23. The account of Samuel Basehore, ex'r. of

Mary Basehore, late of the borough of Mechanicsburg, dec'd. of Robert Stewart, late of Mifflin twp

25. The account of William S. Runshaw, Esq., adm'r. of the estate of Samuel Duncan, late

olved, for the purpose of proving her innoence, has since died of its effects. The famly are slowly recovering.

The fambow A gentlemen who did not trust to his
no mivried when I get to town."

The famthe estate of Samuel Duncan, into
of Hopewell twp. dec'd.

26. The account of W. M. Leonard, late of the
borough of Carlisle, dec'd.

27. The account of J. W. & J. B. Leidig,
adm'rs, of the estate of Michael Leidig, late
of Silver Spring twp. dec'd.

28. The final account of John Heberlig, ndm'r.
of the estate of Benjamin Heberlig, late of
Mifflin twp. dec'd.

of the estate of Benjamin Heberlig, late of Mifflin twp. dec'd.

29. The account of Jacob Mumma and Andrew Garret, late of Mooree twp, dec'd.

29. The account of Jacob Mumma and Andrew Garret, late of Mooree twp, dec'd.

30. The account of Jacob Mumma, adm'r. of the same day, by the same, Mr. Janed and Miss Mangaret Pra.

Allen twp. dec'd.

31. The account of Jacob Mumma, adm'r. of the estate of Diristiana Emminger, late of Silver Spring twp. dec'd.

32. The final account, of Jacob Waggoner, adm'r. of this estate of Clinistiana Emminger, late of Silver Spring twp. dec'd.

admr. of the estate of Elizabeth Lehu, late of North Middleton twp. deo'd.

88. The account of Christian & Samuel Cleim, ex'fs. of Fredrick Cleim, late of Monroe twp. deo'd.

84. The account of William Cleim, adm'r. of the estate of Robert Graham, late of South Middleton twp. deo'd.

boro to waship, aged 16 years.

At Harrisburg, on the 20th alt., Dr. Luru:

REGISTER'S OFFICE.

A. L. FPONSLER.

CARLISLE, Feb. 22.54

Register.