CARLISLE, PA.

WEDNESDAY, OCTOBER 26, 1858

THE LARGLE. AND CHEAPEST NEWSPAPER IN CUMBERGAND COUNTY!

Terms—Two Dollars a year, or One Dollar and Fifty Cents, if paid punctually in Advance. \$1,75 if paid within the year. CONRAD SMITH, jeweller, of Cincinnati, said to be a native of Carlisle, died suddenly

in Zanesville lalely.

A meeting of editors, nuthors, publishers and practical printers will be held in the county Court House, Philadelphia, on Wednesday evening, the 1st proxime, to adopt measures to creet a suitable monument over the re masns of Benjanin Franklin.

DEATH OF GEN. CHILDS -Brevet Brig. Gen. Thos. Childs, (in the line, Major of the 1st Regt. of Artillery,) one of the bravest and most distinguished officers of the Army of the United States, died at Tampa Bay, Florida, of yellow fever, on the 8th inst.

nen Levi Siliman Ives, late Episcopaliar Bishop of North Carolina, who has seceded and joined the Roman church, was on Friday last formally deposed from the Bishopric, by Bishop Brownell, in presence of the House of Bishops over which the latter presides, and of the General Convention.

Res Agricultural Fairs, of large size, have been numerous at the West this season. The Kentucky Fair has been held at Louisville, the Illinois Fair at Springfield, the Indiana Fair at Indianapolis, the Ohio Fair at Dayton, and the Pennsylvania Fair at Pittsburg. They all have been remarkably well attended, and have exhibited a gratifying degree of progress among the agricultural population of the West. These displays are of great benefit to the farmers, by stimulating a spirit of emulation and diffusing knowledge.

PENNSYLVANIA ELECTION.

Official Returns. The Harrisburg Union (Loco) publishes table of the official vote for State officers from all the counties in the Commonwealth, except Bradford, Elk, Forest, M'Kean, Pike, Potte Sullivan and Venango, which foot up as fol

36,31

112,13

110.74

Judge of Supreme Court.—Knox, D. 147,408 Budd, W. 110,099 Majority for Knox, Canal Commissioner .- Forsyth, D. Pownall, W.

Majority for Forsyth, Auditor General.—Banks, D. M'Clure, W.

Majority for Banks, 87,59 Surveyor General.—Brawley, D. Meyers, W. 104,024 118,49

Majority for Brawley, 86.53 These majorities will hardly be increased by the counties yet to hear from, as the returns from Washington county only includes the Democratic vote. They are sufficient, however, for all useful purposes. The Whigs are badly beaten, but this is not surprising, as only a corporal's guard seem to have attended the polls on election day. The way to win elections by staying at home has not yet been discovered, and until it is, we fear the Whigs must reap the penalty of their inaction.

The Union makes the Senate stand-Demoorats 18; Whigs 14; Native 1;-and the House, Democrats, 70; Whigs, 40; Natives, 4 and claims a majority of 43 over all opposi fions. Next week we shall give the official tables, and list of members of both Houses complete. Until then verbum sap., which ren dered into English means nuff ced.

One thing is apparent from the figures we give above—that this unusual Democratic victory bas not been won by any change of popu lar sentiment or increase of party strengthfor the Democratic vote is forty thousand short of what it was at the State election of 1852, and about sixty thousand behind what it was in the ensuing national election. The Whig vote is about forty one thousand short of what it was in the State election last year.

ELECTION OF PRESIDENT JUDGES .- At the late election in this State, President Judges of the Courts were voted for in four districts, with the following results:

In Allegheny County, Moses Hampton, whig was elected President Judge of the Distric Court.

In the District composed of Wayne, Pike Carbon and Monroe counties, James Madison Porter, dem., was elected President Judge. In the district composed of Centre, Clear field and Clinton counties, James Burnside

demograt, was elected President Judge. In the district composed of Mercer, Venar go, Clarion and Warren counties, John S. Mc Calmont, democrat, was elected Presiden

Our friend Col. M'CLURE, late whigh candidate for Auditor General, takes his defea in a good humored and philosophical manner In his last paper the Col. says "they don't give a defeated candidate time to breathe, these days. 'He cant even imagine himself elected for the polls are hardly closed until the light ning crowds him with horrid election figures. Great country this - but rather rough for thos who don't keep uppermost. We insist that this thing of knocking the breath out of a man by lightning needs reform : and in behalf of all future martyrs to political principles we protest against it." .

So far as he is concerned, he is "willing to consider the election of the Logofoco ticket unanimous!"

The clerks in the Treasury Department at Washington have been forbidden to leave the office in liours of labor for the purpose of "taking a drink." We have heard of no intontion on their part to strike-it is said they only "smiled."

Der There have been about sixty-three millions of dollars nominally subscribed to the Paciso Railway, at New York. Mr. Gray, the Engineer, is organizing his surveying party; and will soon set out for the Rio Grande,

MED. It is stated by the Cincipnati Commer cial that Robert J. Walker received from Government nine thousand dollars as a year's sal for accepting and resigning the mission to China, We must speak hereafter of Walker-

160 The Tavern Keepers in Philadelphia are moving for the repeal by the next Legislature of the Sunday Liquor Law,

REBELLION-IN NEW YORK.

The War of the Hards and Softs. The whole country is in a buzz and political circles in a terrible ferment with the great porope is not yet agitated, but when the intelligence reaches there, the interest of the Russo-

his giant Cabinet. York, and the attempt of that matchless postreaks in a harmonious state of feeling by an

an uncompromising "Hard," and in dispensing the patronage of the custom-house he has cut the 'Softs' altogether. The latter, headed by John Van Buren & Co., complained to the President and asked that either the Collector be ousted himself or that he be made to give a portion of the Government pap to the · Softs." To this demand the Administration acceded, so far as to instruct Mr. GUTHRIE, the Secretary of the Treasury, to write to BRONSON and insist upon a fairer distribution of the spoils. Mr. Guthrie did so, saying in

his letter, among other things-"That all could not obtain office was manifest, and that the distribution could not be exactly equal amongst the different sections of exactly equal amongst the different sections of the party was equally certain. Yet the dis-tribution was qually certain. Yet the dis-tribution was intended to be so made as to give just cause of complaint to no one section, and it is believed that their intention has been car-ried out, not only by the President himself, but by most of his appointees, in respect to the offices under the latter.

It has so happened that your appointments

It has so happened that your appointments It has so happened that your appointments have been very generally made from that portion of the party to which you adhere. This you thought best calculated to secure union and harmony. That desirable object has failed to be obtained, and the other portion of the party feel that they have not been fully recognized by you, and, as things now stand, may not do justice to your motive. I call your attention to this subject, and to the fact that the President and his Cabinet, with entire unanimity, recognize that nort on of the perunanimity, recognize that port on of the par-ty as democrats distinctly avowing and firmly maintaining the principles of the Baltimore platform, and entitled to be recognized by ap-pointment to official stations in your depart-ment. Allow me to express the expectation that you will recognize them in the only way that will carry-conviction with it.

are calling it a blunder in Scoretary Guthric glad the hearts of the people.

to write such a letter But he only did as he was bid, and his letter only shows to what a

But Mr. Bronson was found to have more of the true spirit of a freeman than thus to make himself subservient to the mean and petty party manouvreing of the Administration.

The pestilence that wasketh in darkness and the destruction that wasteth at noon day—whose ravages have sorely affloted the citizens, of surrounding States—have not been permitted to invade our favored Common But Mr. Bronson was found to have more He was the fortunate occupant of a conspicuous and lucrative office, but he has shown that he values independence above lucre. A few days only elapsed after Secretary Guthrie's letter appeared before Mr. Bronson was out with a manly reply, in which he gives the Sec retary notice that he will not obey their pitiful orders, but will be governed by his sense of duty to the government in making his appointtracts from his letter :

ve, the first instance in which a member of the Cabinet has interfered with the discretion of a Collector, Marshal, Postmaster, or any other government officer having patronage to bestow, and laid down a rule for his government, in the selection of his deputies, clerks, or other agents—and it pertainly is the first instance in which a publie officer has been instructed to go into an inquiry about 'sections,' and see that a just distribution of offices is made between them."

He further states that he is aware it is his duty to obey all lawful instructions; but when the Secretary undertakes to direct matters which the law has confided to the discretion of by the Asia, announces that one of the vessels the collector, he will use his own judgment, and, in conclusion, adds:

"So far as relates to the mere dispensation of patronage, without regard to my responsi-bility for the acts of the person appointed, I would gladly transfer the trust to another. I have no taste for such matters-aspiration have none-and my comfort would be greatly promoted if some one else would perform the service for me. But the law and my commission have cast the burden upon me, and I cannot surrender it to another without a derelie-

tion of duty." The "powers that be" would be likely to make no other response to so stinginga rebuke s this than the effectual one of the guillotine, and accordingly the public was not surprised at the official announcement from Washington on Monday last, that Mr. Bronson was removed from his office. On Saturday the Cabinet held a council, the result of which was the appointment of Mr. Redfield, a soft, in place of Mr. Bronson, Mr. Brodhead in place of Mr. Redfield as Naval Officer, Mr. Cieco, Sub Treat Free Soiler and Filibuster, Charge to Portu-

But this is not the end of the war between beginning. We learn from the N. York paevening last, at which James T. Brady, Esq., a prominent politician, made a speech handling the Pierce Administration without gloves. Mr. Brady concludes by saying, as we quote

from his speech-Franklin Pierce and Mr. Guthrie have no unsatisfied claims on this country. (Applause.) The existence or talents of neither is essential to our progress ro prosperity. We coult fill their places to mrrrow with abler and better men; and we here warn them that if they continue to be led by the wily and corrupt Maroy, we will assign them, and all who unite them in their despicable political treachery to the impotency they will so richly deserve.—

(Great naplages.) (Great applause.)

CHANGE OF PARTIES.

The Washington correspondent of the Journal of Commerce says that the Union Demo crats, throughout the country have been in formed that unless they coincide in the policy freight train going down and a passenger train of the Administration in coalescing with the Abelitionists and Secessionists, they are no two men named John Williams and James Dalonger to be considered as belonging to the vis, on the freight train, were killed, and a party. The same writer thinks that there will nother-name unknown-had his foot cut off be some Democrats in the next Congress who will resist this policy, and that we may see an entire new organization of parties in Congress.

A man recently, while in liquor, crawled Case at his residence in Detroit, and surmises in on the top of a boller in a machine shop in that the object was to get the old General to Detroit, and dropping to sleep, was literally take the lead in Congress in opposing the adbaked when he was discovered. miniatration of General Pierce.

Programme and the second of th

THANKSGIVING DAY.

appropriately written Proclamation, recom mending the observance of Thursday, the 24th litical events transpiring in New York. Eu- of November, as a day of Thanksgiving and praise to Almighty God, throughout the Comnonwealth, for the numerous blessings He has Tursish question will undoubtedly be entirely bestowed upon us, as a people, during the lost in the momentous subject, the great State year that is now drawing to a close. This question, which now exercises all the talent annual festival, although appointed by no law, and diplomacy of our illustrious President and has become so much a matter of course, and is so congenial to the religious sentiments of Our readers may not be acquainted with the our citizens, that the Governor would, in all circumstances and we may therefore premise likelihood, be charged with the omission of that the whole trouble springs from the divi-sion and discords of the locofoce party in New nate no day for the celebration of The location nate no day for the celebration of Thanksgiving. The Governors of a number of the litical stage manager, President Franklin States have appointed the same day for the Picice, to Keep the heterogeneous crowd of same purpose, so that the festival will assume abolitionists, disunionists and other political partially a national character. Before many equitable division of "the spoils"—all these we shall be gratified with the sublime spectacle years it will doubtless become wholly so, and factions having united to make him what he of all the States of this great Confederacy is. The N. Y. locofocos are now known by uniting upon one day to acknowledge their intheir distinctive divisions, the Hards and Softs. debtedness to the Sovereign Ruler of the Uni-Mr. Collector Buonson, of New York, is verse for His innumerable bounties and protecting care.

PENNSYLVANIA, 88. In the name and by the authority of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, WILLIAM BIGLER, Governor of the said Commonwealth

A PROCLAMATION. [L. s.] Fellow Citizens: A merciful and encheent Providence has blessed our country

beneficent Providence has blessed our country during the year that has just passed. His exceeding goodness calls for an earnest mani-festation of our gratitude as a people. A firm belief in the existence of a God, and A firm belief in the existence of a crou, and a just conception of the perfections of His nature—of His attributes of wisdom and power—of His boundless munificence and mercy, lie of the foundation of true religion, and constit the foundation of true religion, and o tute the basis of that righteousness that exalteth a nation.

An humble acknowledgment of dependence

on the overruling care of "that God who measureth the ocean in the hollow of His hand," whose will controls the destiny of nations, and who yet condescends to feed the the fowls of the air, and clothe the lilies of the field, is an net of homage eminently becoming a people so peculiarly favored asowe have been.

have been.

The blessings of peace have distinguished the closing year. With the entire family of States our relations are amicable, and give promise of a bright future. Our free institutions of accompany, here here perpendicted. tions of government have been perpetuated, and religious and political liberty vouchsafed to the people. The cause of education, morality, and religion have been steadily on the advance; the arts and sciences have gained additional perfection, and all the great inter-ests of the people, physical and moral, have In our own Commonwealth, the merciful

care and boundless goodness of Providence have been most strikingly manifested. We that you will recognize them in the only way that will carry conviction with it.

This letter the Secretary of the Treasury wrote, as he gives Mr. Bronson to understand, by direction and authority of the President of the United States! What dignified business. to be sure, for that great functionary, to be thus interfering with the petty appointments of clerks, tide-waiters and watchmen in the New York Custom House! Many newspapers are calling it a blunder in Secretary Guthric glad the hearts of the people.

depth of meanness President Pierce has sunk
his Administration.

But Mr. Bronson was found to that the devastations of war, have thus been turned from this people by the strong arm of His power.

wealth. It has pleased a merciful Providence to restrain the hand of the destroyer, and to bestow on Pennsylvania a season of health and unalloyed prosperity.

These manifold blessings are in the gift of God, and to Him our grateful acknowledgment

hould be devoutly made.

Under the solemn convictions of duty, and ments. Listen to his dignified and just rebuke of his would-be masters in the following expoint from his listen to his dignified and just rebuke next, as a day of general thanksgiving and praise throughout the State, and earnestly improve the government of the gov plore the people that, setting aside all worldly thanks to Almighty God for his past goodness and mercy, and beseech him for a continuance

of his blessings.
Given under my hand and the Great Seal of
the State, at Harrisburg, this seventeenth
day of October, in the year of our Lord, one thousand eight hundred and fifty three, are of the Commonwealth the seventy eighth.

BY THE GOVERNOR C. A. BLACK, Sec't'y of the Commonwealth

THE NORTHWEST PASSAGE ACCOMPANIED A LAST. - A brief statement in the foreign news of the British Arctic Expedition had passed through Behring's into Davis' Straits. This fact shows the accomplishment of the long sought Northwest Passage, through the Arctic Sea, and solves a problem which British navigators have for many years been endeavoring to unravel, and the attempt at which has pro bably been the cause of the loss of Sir John Franklin and his daring associates. Captain McClure, who sends the intelligence to the British Admiralty, sailed in December, 1849, in search of Franklin, in the Investigator. This vessel wintered in pack for three winter without sustaining loss of crew or any injury. Inhabitants had been discovered farther north ward than known previously. They were friendly. Large quantities of pure copper were discovered.

MUSICAL FESTIVAL .- A Musical Convention is announced to take place at Harrisburg, during the second week in November next. Sov surer, all softs, and John L. O'Sullivan, a noted eral eminent professors and vocalists from Boston are expected to be present. The ob ject of the Convention seems to be to arouse a more general taste for music among the peo the Hards and Softs. It is rather only the ple of the interior of the State, to disseminate information with regard to the most approved pers that a large meeting of the Young Men's methods of acquiring musical knowledge and National Democratic Club was held on Friday skill, and to direct the attention of our interior population to the improvement of their musical taste. . The Convention will terminate in a grand concert.

RELIGIOUS BOOKS .- 'If. ' said Daniel Webs ter to a friend, "religious books are not widely circulated among the masses in this country, and the people do not become religious, do not know what is to become of us as a nation." There is something in this one sentence for solemn reflection on the part of every patriot and every Cristian. If God and Hi Word are not in our midst, the Devil will be anarchy and misrule, degradation and misery corruption and darkness, will reign withou

FATAL RAILROAD ACCIDENT .- A collisio courred on the railroad at Coatsville, near Lancaster, Pa., on the 21st inst., between the coming up. : Both engines were disabled, and

The Washington correspondent of the Baltimore Patriot says that Mesars, Cameron and Grund, of this State, recently visited Gen

1 ATENT OFFICE REPORTS for 1852

Governor Bigler has issued the following are gratifying indexes of the general invenive industry of the country. Commissioner lodges present one is full of valuable and in resting information. There were 2,689 apeast twice, and sometimes six times, Probably these 1,020 patents have cost 7,000 examinations. This is the largest number ever granted in one year, except during the first year of Geq. Taylor's Administration, when Commissioner Ewbank issued 1,076. Extensive additions have been made to the Patent Office buildings, and there is still a want of

Prof. Renwick's Examiner's Report explains Prof. Renwick's Examiner's Report explains the principle of the celebrated Hobbs, lock. Its "unpickability" depends upon a secondary or false set of tumblers, which prevent the instruments, used in picking from reaching the real ones. Moreover the lock is powder proof, and may be loaded through the keyhole and fired off until the burglar is tired of his fruitless work, or fears that the report of his explosion will bring to view his experiments more in real old-fashioned mid-winter style, until it witnesses than he desires. itnesses than he desires.

Döor and shutters have also been patented that cannot be broken through with either pike or sledge hammer. The burglar's "oc-

pike or sledge hammer. The burglar's "occupation's gone."

The Calorie Ship is described and commended at some length, but the Report admits that "its end is not yet fully attained."

A Harpoon is described which makes the whale kill himself. The more he pulls the line, the deeper goes the Harpoon.

In ice-making machine has been patented, which goes by a steam engine. In an experimental trial, it froze several bottles of sherry and produced blocks of ice of the size of a cu-

and produced blocks of ice of the size of a cu bic foot, when the thermometer was standing at 80 degrees. It is calculated that for every ton of coal put into the furnace, it will make a ton of ice.

From Dr. Gale's Examiner's Report we gather some idea of the value of patents. A man who had made a slight improvement in Straw Cutters took a model of his machine through the Western States, and after a tour of eight months, returned with \$40,000.

Another had a machine to thresh and clean grain, which in fifteen months he sold for \$60,000. A third obtained a patent for a printer's link, refused \$50,000 for it, and finally sold it for \$50,000. These are ordinary cases, while such inventions as the Telegraph, the Planing, Machine, and the India Rubber Patents, are worth millions each.

Twenty-seven Harvesters, fifteen Plows, twenty-six seed planters, eight threshing machines, ten corn-hullers and three borse-rakes have been patented during the year, in addition to those now in use.

Six new saw mills, seven single splitters, and twenty new planing machines have been

patented during the year.

Seven new machines that spin, twenty that weave, and seven that sew, are also described. Examiner Lane's report describes various new electrical inventions. Among these is an intoxicated at the time of the casualty. electric whaling apparatus by which the whale is literally "shocked to death." Another is an Electro Magnetic Alarm, which rings bells and displays signals in case of fire, or burglars. Another is an Electric clock, which wakes you up, tells you what time it is, and lights a lamp for you, at any hour you please.

There is a "sound gatherer," a sort of huge ear trumpet, to be placed in front of a locomotive, bringing to the Engineer's ear all the noises ahead, perfectly distinct, notwithstanding the rattle of the train.

There is an invention that picks up pins from a confused bean turns them all round to the train.

There is an invention that picks up pins from a confused heap, turns them all round with their heads up, and sticks them in papers, in regular rows. Another goes through the whole process of cigar making, taking in tobacco leaves and turning out the perfect ar-

One machine cuts obsere; another scours knives and forks; another rocks the cradle; and seven or eight take in washing and ironing.

There is a parlor chair patented that can-

the passengers in an omnibus and takes their fares. When a very fat man gets in, it counts two, and charges double.

the rat, and then baits itself, and stands in the Howers and plants, and household articles, than fiction.

There is a machine also by which a man in the matter? prints instead of writing, his thoughts. It is played on like a piano. And speaking of pianos, it is estimated that nine thousand are made every year in the United States, giving coastant dred hands, and costing over two milions of dollars! One class of inventions, we are glad to see,

meets with deserved reprodution. Whatever may be said of others, the Examiners of the Patent Office are not likely to exaggerate, either from ignorance or design. This is their official judgment respecting "burning fluid": There is yet much to be accomplished in

gretted that inventors should be so generally satisfied with attempts on their part to render the use of dangerous materials popular, rather than occupy themselves with the search after something that could be used to supply this want, without endangering the safety of all who participate in its consumption.

The desire to render the use of highly com

bustible fluids less dangerous than they can be when burned in lamps of the ordinary con-struction, has given rise to a few improve-ments, for which patents have been granted. Thus far, however, nothing has been presented which can render these compounds entirely safe; while the frequent and dreadful accidents almost daily recorded from their general use should prompt the public to the utmost care, if not to banish them from all dwellings, as movable lights, and especially when burned in lamps of fragile material.

MA portable machine for sawing wood athe other powers will take. Austria, probably, has been invented by two young men of Cin- will choose to join Russia, and take the procinnati. It is constructed on the same princi- vince of Servia as her pay. England and ple of the steam fire engine, which they can France will watch all approach upon Constan wheel about from one part of the city to the tinople, and may join in the contest, if that other, and when they received a job to saw city is threatened. Not much however can be wood, can raise steam in about ten minutes, and done on either side until next spring. in half an hour cut a cord of wood in one or two pieces, as may be desired.

New Orleans has at length been declared, by the local Board of Health, to be free from the epidemic which has been so fearfully desolating its homes, and the Bee announce to absentees that they may now safely return. A sanitary commission has been established, which is laboriously investigating the causes afflicted city.

SINGULAR MORTALITY .- A singular instance of mortality in one family has occurred in Allegheny city. Pa., A few weeks ago a sister young girl of eighteen summers, and the father were followed to the grave by a large number of friends; on Monday, a brother died, and another sister is now lying at the point of death.

The Philadelphia Bulletin donies the report that "Ole Bull's" colony in Potter county has broken up. It says that the best men still remain there, and that "Ole Bull has neither lost money, nor got into a lawsuit respecting his title to the lands.

These elaborate reports from the Patent Om Count and County Hatters,

Plainfield P. O. We notice that Mr. GREASON, P. M., at Piain field, has met with the fate of whr, and that Boations received for patents during the year. Prof. R. K. Bunns has been appointed in his arely disposed of, without being examined at obliging and efficient officer.

Serious Accident.

Mr. Charles Sheaffer, of this borough, as we have heretofore inadvertantly emitted to mention, met with a serious accident on Wednesday last, by the accidental discharge of a gun while on a hunting excursion. The contonts were lodged in his side, and for some days his situation was critical, but we are glad to learn that he is now rapidly recovering.

reached a depth of at least six inches. And this on the 24th of November, while the decaying foliage of the woods was still respleaden with the gorgeous dyes of Autumu, and the stately crysanthemum and kindred glories of the garden, the last floral embellishments of the season, still unfolded their beauties in the genial air. The like has not occurred in my time, was the remark of many an old citizen. But however premature this first snow, to the farmer and manufacturer it was welcome, for the ground was exceedingly dry and

A fatal accident took place in Allen town ship on Thursday evening last, adding anothor to the many victims of the great destroyer-Intemperance. As we are informed, William Fulton, of that township, blacksmith, was accompanying a wagou loaded with coal on its way from Mechanicsburg to his shop. The waggoner had occasion to stop and leave his team a few minutes on the road near Shepherdstown. Fulton, who was walking, over took the wagon and got on the saddle-horse telling the teamster he would drive awhile .-It is supposed he gave the horses a cut with the whip, as they started off briskly, and had not gone far before he was seen to fall between the two horses across the tongue of the wagon. He was taken up insensible and died in a few minutes. Upon examination by the physicians it was found his neck was broken. He was a hard working mechanic of respectable character, but intemperate habits, and was

Agricultural Fairs. Our exchanges from all quarters of the State are filled with details of Agricultural

Exhibitions in their respective localities. We read these accounts with warm interest, and with increasing regret every year that we have no such display in Cumberland County to chronicle. Cumberland County we are confident has the agricultural wealth and means of making a fine display, but if she has not it is time the spirit of her farmers was aroused, and their eyes opened to the rapid advances their neighbors are making, Agricultural Exhibitions are certainly beneficial, because they excite that ambition and emulation in the production of articles which lead to the highest improvement. Our farmers and mechanics cannot know what progress they are making without an annual exhibition of their products. Another great advantage is in the interchange There is a parlor chair patented that cannot be tipped back on two legs, and a railway chair that can be tipped back into any position, without any legs at all.

Another patent is for a machine that counts. Another patent is for a machine that counts. Pair in Combarled County, Value bear and the counts. Fair in Cumberland County. Let us have such a gathering of the products, the farming implements, and stock, as our farmers can bring There are a variety of guns patented that load themselves; a fish line that adjusts its own bait; and a rat trap that throws away forward, and the skill of our mechanics preuseful and ornamental, as will show really how The truths ofthe Patent Office are stranger much taste, skill and enterprise is to be found u our ancient county. Who will move first

Our Representatives and Plohibition. The last Volunteer says, "the Senator and members of Assembly from this county, we have reason to suppose, will support a bill submitting the question [of a prohibitory law] to a vote of the people." This is all the whig candidates would have done had they been elected, and we hope the Volunteer's information will be satisfactory to those whigs who voted for Moser and McKes.

A GREAT WAR.

If war has broken out between Russia and Turkey, it will be an interesting spectacle to see the struggles of a great empire for its last existence. With the character which Russia now bears, the sympathies of this country will be with the Turks.

There will be in the Turkish army ver many Poles, Hungarians, Italians, and other political refugees, animated with an intense hatred of Russia, and prepared to contest stoutly her advance. The first plan of the Turks will be to act on the defensive, and we may therefore, consider Moldavin and Walla chia as lost to the Turkish Empire already unless some great success crown the Ottoms

It can hardly be conjectured what cours

The popular vote of Pennsylvania for election purposes reaches about four hundred thousand; yet in the recent State canvass not more than two hundred and seventy thousand votes were nolled: so that about one hundred and thirty thousand legal voters abstained from the exercise of the elective franchise. ()! course, the majority of these non-voting citizens are Whigs, or opponents of the Demoof the awful visitation, and its inquiries will cratic party. Had any considerable proportion doubtless result in much future good to the of these Whigs taken the trouble to go to the polls, Christian Myers would have been elected Surveyor General by a handsome majority. for it appears by the returns that over ten thousand persons who voted the regular Demo cratic State ticket refused to vote for Mr. Brawdied ; on Sunday last another sister, a sweet loy, the Democratic candidate for that office.

> The operatives of the Harrisburg Cot ton Mill struck for the ten hour system o Tuesday last. They he'd a large meeting i the Market-house, where they were addressed by several speakers. The Directors of the Mill offered eleven hours, and threatened to stop the Mill if these terms of compromis are rejected by the operatives. 44 .

nes. On Thursday a marriage took place in Manchester, N. H., in which the parties were McA. John Stable, Esq., formerly Register of respectively seventy and sixty years of age: York county Pas, fell dead on Tuesday last, at Immediately after the ceremony they started na neighbor's house. The fall ma his slay fon h' bridal tour, the

Another Coalition The locofocos and abolitionists of the Vermont Legislature united their force agaiest the Whigs on Thursday last, electing an abolitionist Speaker and Locofoco Clerk. The same

Evening Journal tells the following story, and

it because he feels conscious that he can do it. has the ring of the true metal of manhood in his composition. the judgment of a magistrate, by whom he was convicted and sentenced as a common drunkthe streams low. ard is one whose appetites are so deprayed that he habitually yields to the common temptations Fatal Casualty.

for the jury. Upon this ruling, the defendant was acquitted. 13. The Cholera was prevailing in Liverdeaths had occurred, most of the victims being passengers belonging to two emigrant ships which had been obliged to return to Liverpoo in consequence of accidents at sea. An alarming fire has been prevailing for some days in the woods and swamps near

Detroit, Mich. 10,000 acres have been completely burnt over, destroying houses, barns, fences, &c. The city of Detroit, at last accounts, was so full of smoke that it was impossible to see across the streen, and the fire was spreading rapidly towards Ann Arbor. NURSING SORE MOUTH .- There are few i any more troublesome and annoying complaints that Mothers are subject to, than Nursing Sore

that Mothers are subject to, than Nursing Sore Mouth, and none probably, that is thought so lightly of by physicians. The patient is allowed to suffer from day to day, and week to week, without any remedy. Myers Extract of Rock Rose is a speedy and certain cure, as the following certificate will abundantly prove. Rev. A. B. L. Myers—Dear Sir—You have asked my opinion of the influences of your Rock Rose Syvup, in any instance of Nursing Sore Mouth which may have come under my notice. A lady in this city, severely afflicted with this painful disease, and much prostration, a few weeks after confinement with twins, commenced using the Rock Rose, under my adcommenced using the Rock Rose, under my advice, and received immediate relief. She had previously suffered much from this disease with her other children, and was generally, for a long time, in a delicate state of health, and suffered greatly from canker. The Rock Rose became an invaluable blessing to her and her babes, who still live, and I trust may b

reared by this remedy.

REV. E. R. WARREN.

New London, April 8, 1852.

DIED.

In this borough on the 19th inst, John Sponnesenger, eldest son of John George and Ana Elizabeth Sponneberger, in the 21st year

The deceased received the injury of which he soon after died, while pursuing his vocation as a journeyman carpenter, in the emplo of an esteemed friend Mr J. Beetem, his apprenticeship having expired but a few weeks before. His fellow carpenters of Car-lisle, and the Lutheran Choir and Sabbath School, to both of which he belonged, met at the Lutheran Church about one o'clock, P. M. whence they proceeded wearing the badge of mourning, to the residence of his father, when joining a large concourse of citizens, anxious to pay their last tribute of respect to his cherished memory, they accompanied his remains to their final resting place, in the Lutheran burial ground, of which church he was a consistent exemplage, member. Conspicuous in the status of Sunnel Dickinson late of Ricksistent, exemplary member. Conspicuous in the estate of Samuel Dickinson, late of Dickthe procession for their sadness was his little class of Sabuath scholars, whose silent grief spoke elequently their appreciation of his pious labor, in their behalf. Though difficient and unassuming in his manner, few deaths have, for years, thrown a gloom over the friends of 30 many of our citizons, as that of this estimable—we might justly say, incomparable young man. Warm-hearted, generous, the same time, a a pattern of filland fraternal affection: and it was this quality more than any other, which joined with a genuine piety, secuted the esteem of his acquaintant.

The account of Jason W. Eby, Esq., executor of Mrs. Hannah, Abrahams, late of the borough of Carlisle, dec'd.

The account of Jason W. Eby, Esq., executor of Mrs. Hannah, Abrahams, late of the borough of Carlisle, dec'd. ces, and the love of those who stood in the more intimate relation of parent, pupil, or adm'r of the estate of Henry Kern, late of the

His relations mourn, but not as those who

German and English Journal. THOSE persons entitled to receive the Jourentatives, are hereby notified that they have been received at this office, and are ready for By order of the Commissioners. WM. TULEY, Clk.

Comm'rs. Office, Oct 26, 1858-4w FALL AND WINTER



G & J. KELLER desire respectfully to in-form their customers and friends that they are now supplied with a great variety of HATS AND CAPS

for Spring and Summer use. In addition to a heautiful spring style of Silk Hats and their extensive assortment of light and coloured Hots just received from, the cities. Their assortment is large and for beauty of style, excelsortment is large and for beauty of style, excel. Farm situated in, said township, one mire lence of finish and lowness of price they can north of Eckard's Mill, and five miles north-not be surpassed. A large assortment of Cays. west of Newville, axclusively for summer wear, constantly on hand. Also a carefully selected assortment of CHILDREN'S HATS. We most respectfully invite the citizens of Carlisle and vicinity to coll and examine our assortment at the old stand, opposite to the Telegraph Office.

HOSE who are building, or about co

To Builders & Houskeepers.

mencing housekeeping will be sure to at all times an assortment to select from. Locks of oil sorts and sizes, with brass, argil-lo, mineral and white knobs, with japanned, or plated furniture, but hinges; cast and wrought, "window glass from 8x10 to 20x28, bolts, screws You who are about to be married and going to housekeeping, we have everything to please, such as fanny walters, and trays, ivery handled knives and forks, in setts or by the dozen, common knives and forks, butter knives with plated and lyery handles frying and bread page smoothing irons, tips, churns, &c. pans, smoothing from, tube, churns, &c. HENRY BAXTON.

Carlielo Miroli 9, 1853.

The Markets.

BALTIMORE MARKET ist Speaker and Locofoco Clerk. The same condition may succeed in electing the Governor and somewhat unsettled. We note a sale of 200 bls. Howard street brands, early in the 200 bls. Howard street brands, early in the and U. S. Senator. Any condition which secures "the spoils" suits Locofocoism. It unites day, at \$6.37½, subsequently 400 bls do. at with abbilitionism in Vermont and Massachusetts, and triumphs with the Disunionists in Georgia!

Don't Give U.E.—The editor of the Albany.

200 bls. Howard street brands, early in the day, at \$6.37½, subsequently 400 bls do. at \$6.25 \ \$0.1, and \$600 bls. do. at the same price. About 1,500 bls. City Mills sold at \$6.25 \ \$0.1, and \$600 bls. Howard street brands, early in the course "the subsequently 400 bls do. at \$6.35 \ \$0.00 bls. Howard street brands, early in the course "the subsequently 400 bls do. at \$60.25 \ \$0.1, and \$600 bls. Howard street brands, early in the course "the subsequently 400 bls do. at \$60.25 \ \$0.1, and \$600 bls. Howard street brands, early in the course "the subsequently 400 bls do. at \$60.25 \ \$0.1, and \$600 bls. Howard street brands, early in the course "the subsequently 400 bls do. at \$60.25 \ \$0.1, and \$600 bls. City Mills sold at \$60.25 \ \$0.1, and \$600 bls. City Mills sold at \$60.25 \ \$0.1, and \$600 bls. City Mills sold at \$60.25 \ \$0.1, and \$600 bls. City Mills sold at \$60.25 \ \$0.1, and \$600 bls. City Mills sold at \$60.25 \ \$0.1, and \$600 bls. City Mills sold at \$60.25 \ \$0.1, and \$600 bls. City Mills sold at \$60.25 \ \$0.1, and \$600 bls. City Mills sold at \$60.25 \ \$0.1, and \$600 bls. City Mills sold at \$60.25 \ \$0.1, and \$600 bls. City Mills sold at \$60.25 \ \$0.1, and \$600 bls. City Mills sold at \$60.25 \ \$0.1, and \$600 bls. City Mills sold at \$60.25 \ \$0.1, and \$600 bls. City Mills sold at \$60.25 \ \$0.1, and \$600 bls. City Mills sold at \$60.25 \ \$0.1, and \$600 bls. City Mills sold at \$60.25 \ \$0.1, and \$600 bls. City Mills sold at \$6

GRAIN .- The supply of Grain on 'change Evening Journal tells the following story, and from the beginning of the week was compara-draws a moral from it which young men should tively small. About 17.000 bushels of Wheat remember: —A little fellow, who put on a pair of skates for the first time, paid the usual to 182@1376. \$\times\$ bushel for white. No prime white for family flour sold. Inferior lots from penalty. Having hurt himself somewhat by 3 to 10 cents 3 bashel below the above figures. Corn is quiet—about 15,000 bushels offered, him to "give it up." "No, I shan't give it up," and partly sold at 63,000 bushels of first thin to "give it up." "No, I shan't give it up," was the reply; "I can learn to skate, and I white; very prime do. 70 cents bushel. No yellow sold: We quote it nominally at 71@ yellow sold: We quote it nominally at 71@ 72c. Maryland and Virginia Ryo 75@77c, will learn." And at it he went, with an energy and determination which hade defiance to apparent impossibilities. In twenty years from this time, that little fellow, if he live, will have made his mark somewhere. A boy who will seem to see the same that not "give up" a difficult job, but who will do thy \$3@8 871, and Flaxseed \$1 18@1 20

PHILADELPHIA MARKET.

Monday Evening, Oct. 24.

FLOUR is rather more inquired for to-day, and sales of about 3500 bls were made for constitutes a common Pleas Court, Judge Bishop presiding, at Worcester, Mass., last week. The case was that of a man who had appealed from steadiness on the part of lolders; the home trade are buying to a limited extent, within trade are buying to a limited extent, within the range of \$6 021@7 25 \$\frac{1}{2}\$ blaccording to brand. Rye flour and Corn meal remain quiet but firm, with a small sale of the latter to notice at \$4 \$\frac{1}{2}\$ bl for Pennsylvania.

have been drunk three times in six months, or even five times in six months, it would not be sufficient to constitute him a common drunkard, but it would be simply a question of fact for the jury. Upon this ruling, the defendant wint of reseals limits the descriptions. The receipts and sales of Wheat are moderate, and the market is nearly stationary; about 5000 bushels, mostly prime Southern reds, sold at 135e, and 7000 bushels white at 141e for good Southern, and 142e for the jury. Upon this ruling, the defendant want of vessels limits the demand Southern and Pennsylvania yellow is offered at 78@80c, but the market closes with a little pool at the sailing of the last steamer. Fifty deaths had occurred, most of the victims being 2000 to 3000 bushels Southern at 45@46c.

New Advertisaments

PUBLIC SALE

On FRIDAY, the 4th of November, 1853. WILL be sold at public sale, at the U.S. Jarrison, Carlisle, at 10 o'clock, A. M., the Garrison, Carlisle, at 10 o'clock, A. M., the following property, together with a great many articles too tedious to mention, via:

IIAY by the ton, Corn by the bushel, Spring Wagon for two horses, a new Cart, two sett of Harness for wagon, Cart Harness, 2 Sleds, Iron by the pound, lot of Blacksmith's Tools, Iron by the pound, lot of Blacksmith's Tools, Carpenter's Tools, 1 pair Platform Scales, Saddler's tools, Desk, Chailes, Forks, Cooking and Wood Stoves, Grindstone, Paint Stone, Spades, Shovels, Stylkes, a large lot of Saddles, Bridles, Halters, Curry Combs, Brushes, Kettles and Iron Pots, Bed Sacks, Bunks, Tables, Saddle Blankets, &c., &c.

Sale to be continued from day to day until all is sold. Terms CASII. Capt. S. G. FRENCH,

Capt. S. U. FILDIOII,
Actiny Quarter Master, U.S.A.
WM. GOULD, Auctioncer.

Prothonotary's Netice,

NOTICE is hereby given, to all persons interested, that the following accounts have been filed in the Prothonotary's Office for examinaion by the accountants therein named and will be presented to the Court of Common Pleas o

to presented to the Court of Common Pleas of Cumberland county for confirmation and allowance, on WEDNESDAY, the 16th day of November, A.D., 1853:

1. Account of George B. Hewett, Assignee of David Meals, of Dickinson township, Cumberland co., under deed of voluntary assignment for the benefit of creditors.

2. Account of George W. Wicker and Meson. Account of George W. Bricker and Moses Bricker, Assignce's of Samuel Bricker, un-der deed of voluntary assignment for the benefit of creditors.

Account of Samuel Woodburn, Sequestra-

trator of the Hanover and Carlisle Turnpike Road company.

GEORGE ZINN, Proth'y. Proth'y's Office, Carlisle, Oct. 19;

REGISTER'S NOTICE. Notice is hereby given to all persons interfiled-in this office by the accountants therein named, for examination, and will be presented to the Orphans' Court of Cumberland County for confirmation and allowance, on Tuesday the 1st day of November, A. D. 1850,

borough of Carlisle, dec'd.

7. The account of Jason W. Eby, Esq.,

borough of Carlisle, deo'd. —

8. The account of David Demuth and Sam'l A FRIEND. | Garber, adm'rs of the estate of Charles Garber, late of Newton township, dec'd. 9. The final account of James M'Cullough, adm'r of the estate of Richard Patten, late of Dickinson township, dee'd.

10. The account of Henry Ewalt, adm'r of the estate of William Montgomery, late of Silver Spring township, dec'd. 11. The account of Peter Mellinger and Christopher Mellinger, executors of Christohip, deo'd.
12. The account of David Goodycar and

Christian Bomberger, adm'rs of the estate of Daniel Kenower, late of Shippensburg townhip, dec'd.
13. The account of John Holtz, executor of

A. SPONSLER,

Register's office, Carlisle, Oct. 5, '53. ADJOURN'D ORPHANS' COURT SALE.

On WEDNESDAY, the 26th of October, 1858: In pursuance of an order of the Orphans' Court of Cumberland County, will be sold at public sale the following property, late the estate of Robert McElwain, of Millio township. in said county, deceased, viz A Valuable Farm situated in said township, one mile

CONTAINING 200 ACRES, more or less, of good Slate Land, about 50 more or iess, or good once hand, about 90 acres of which is thriving wood-land and the remainder in an excellent state of cultivation. There is a running stream through the place by which it is well watered. Also a young Orchard of choice fruit, and a well of good

Orchard of choice fruit, and a well of good water. The improvements are a two Story Dwelling House, double height Barn and other out buildings. Persons wishing to examine the place are requested to call on Daniel M'Coy, residing on the place."

Terms.—Five per cent of the purchase money to be gaid on confirmation of the sale, we one half the balance on the lat of April, 1854, when possession will be given, and the balance. when possession will be given, and the balance when possession will be given, and the balance in three equal annual payments without intrest; to be secured by addingments. Sale to commone at 10 o'clock A. M., on said day when attendance will be given by

ANDREW MCELWAIN,

JA'SS. MCLLWAIN,

P.S. If said farm is not sold it will be rout-

ed on said day at public outery.